UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2020

OR

□ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the transition period from

Commission File Number 001-36364

to

Sixth Street Specialty Lending, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

2100 McKinney Avenue, Suite 1500,

Dallas, TX (Address of principal executive offices) 75201

27-3380000 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (469) 621-3001

Not applicable

Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which	registered					
Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share	TSLX	The New York Stock Exchange						
	l reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities ch reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for th		2 months (or for					
5	electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted put the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes \Box No \Box	0	05 of this chapter)					
	lerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller rep maller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule		oany. See the					
Large accelerated filer ⊠ Non-accelerated filer □		Accelerated filer Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company						
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if t standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange	are registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for c e Act. \square	omplying with any new or revised financial a	accounting					
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell com	bany (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes \Box No	\boxtimes						
		0						

The number of shares of the registrant's common stock, \$.01 par value per share, outstanding at November 3, 2020 was 67,628,140.

SIXTH STREET SPECIALTY LENDING, INC.

	INDEX	PAGE NO.
PART I.	FINANCIAL INFORMATION	4
Item 1.	Financial Statements	4
	Consolidated Balance Sheets as of September 30, 2020 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2019	4
	Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited)	5
	Consolidated Schedules of Investments as of September 30, 2020 (Unaudited) and December 31, 2019	6
	Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited)	19
	Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited)	21
	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)	22
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	47
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	69
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	70
PART II.	OTHER INFORMATION	71
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	71
Item 1A.	Risk Factors	71
Item 2.	Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	76
Item 3.	Defaults Upon Senior Securities	76
Item 4.	Mine Safety Disclosures	76
Item 5.	Other Information	76
Item 6.	<u>Exhibits</u>	76
<u>SIGNATURI</u>	<u>ES</u>	77

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about us, our current and prospective portfolio investments, our industry, our beliefs, and our assumptions. Words such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "would," "should," "targets," "projects," and variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and difficult to predict, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements.

In addition to factors previously identified elsewhere in the reports and other documents Sixth Street Specialty Lending, Inc. has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, the following factors, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from forward-looking statements or historical performance:

- an economic downturn, including the current and future economic effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, could impair our portfolio companies' abilities to continue to operate, which could lead to the loss of some or all of our investments in those portfolio companies;
- such an economic downturn could disproportionately impact the companies in which we have invested and others that we intend to target for
 investment, potentially causing us to experience a decrease in investment opportunities and diminished demand for capital from these companies;
- such an economic downturn could also impact availability and pricing of our financing;
- an inability to access the capital markets could impair our ability to raise capital and our investment activities; and
- the risks, uncertainties and other factors we identify in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in this report, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019, filed with the SEC on February 19, 2020, in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ending June 30, 2020, filed with the SEC on August 4, 2020, and elsewhere in our filings with the SEC.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, some of those assumptions are based on the work of third parties and any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate; as a result, forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could prove to be inaccurate. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this report should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this report. We do not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements or any other information contained herein, except as required by applicable law.

The "TSLX" and "TAO" marks are marks of Sixth Street. Sixth Street and TPG are no longer affiliates, and accordingly, TPG is not an affiliate of ours. The products and services referred to herein are managed exclusively by Sixth Street, which is entirely responsible for their nature and performance.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Sixth Street Specialty Lending, Inc.

Consolidated Balance Sheets (Amounts in thousands, except share and per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	S	eptember 30, 2020	December 31, 2019		
Assets					
Investments at fair value					
Non-controlled, non-affiliated investments (amortized cost of \$2,010,422 and \$2,099,781,					
respectively)	\$	2,066,866	\$	2,147,876	
Non-controlled, affiliated investments (amortized cost of \$0 and \$49,445, respectively)				50,136	
Controlled, affiliated investments (amortized cost of \$89,185 and \$88,811, respectively)		33,899		47,916	
Total investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$2,099,607 and \$2,238,037, respectively)		2,100,765		2,245,928	
Cash and cash equivalents (restricted cash of \$11,815 and \$9,315, respectively)		15,660		14,143	
Interest receivable		9,952		13,055	
Prepaid expenses and other assets		10,272		7,805	
Total Assets	\$	2,136,649	\$	2,280,931	
Liabilities			-		
Debt (net of deferred financing costs of \$18,438 and \$18,471, respectively)	\$	929,380	\$	1,094,467	
Management fees payable to affiliate		7,839		8,234	
Incentive fees payable to affiliate		8,719		7,161	
Dividends payable		27,728		25,927	
Other payables to affiliate		3,166		1,948	
Other liabilities		18,597		23,897	
Total Liabilities		995,429		1,161,634	
Commitments and contingencies (Note 8)					
Net Assets					
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding		_		_	
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 400,000,000 shares authorized, 67,924,184 and 66,613,671 shares issued, respectively; and 67,628,140 and 66,524,591 shares					
outstanding, respectively		679		666	
Additional paid-in capital		1,028,532		1,009,270	
Treasury stock at cost; 296,044 and 89,080 shares held, respectively		(4,291)		(1,359)	
Distributable earnings		116,300		110,720	
Total Net Assets		1,141,220		1,119,297	
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	2,136,649	\$	2,280,931	
Net Asset Value Per Share	\$	16.87	\$	16.83	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Operations (Amounts in thousands, except share and per share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Septen	Three Mor 1ber 30, 2020		ed ember 30, 2019	Septe	Nine Mon mber 30, 2020	ths Ended September 30, 2019	
Income								
Investment income from non-controlled, non-affiliated investments:								
Interest from investments	\$	59,786	\$	64,451	\$	181,667	\$	168,606
Dividend income		463				1,339		1
Other income		8,080		2,712		17,306		6,730
Total investment income from non-controlled, non-affiliated investments		68,329		67,163		200,312		175,337
Investment income from non-controlled, affiliated investments:		2.000		1 222		4 551		E 003
Interest from investments Other income		2,069 22		1,332 19		4,551 59		5,093
								<u> </u>
Total investment income from non-controlled, affiliated investments Investment income from controlled, affiliated investments:		2,091		1,351		4,610		5,162
Investment income from controlled, artillated investments:		895		1,535		2.893		4,454
Other income		1		1,555		2,095		4,454
Total investment income from controlled, affiliated investments		896		1,536		2,897	_	4,464
				<i>.</i>		ć		· · · · ·
Total Investment Income		71,316		70,050		207,819		184,963
Expenses		0.200		10 570		21.150		25.004
Interest Management for		8,399		12,570		31,159		35,664
Management fees Incentive fees		7,839 8,719		7,875		23,670		21,870 20,050
Professional fees		1,562		7,794 1,760		24,232 5,186		4,951
Directors' fees		1,502		1,700		611		4,931
Other general and administrative		1,505		1,619		4,717		4,652
Total expenses		28,212		31,757		89,575		87,590
Management and incentive fees waived (Note 3)		20,212				09,373		67,390
		28,212		31,757		89,575		87,590
Net Expenses		<i>.</i>		· · · · ·		<i></i>		<i></i>
Net Investment Income Before Income Taxes		43,104		38,293		118,244		97,373
Income taxes, including excise taxes		2,000		1,550		4,010		2,850
Net Investment Income		41,104		36,743		114,234		94,523
Unrealized and Realized Gains (Losses)								
Net change in unrealized gains (losses): Non-controlled, non-affiliated investments		39,106		(11 500)		8,349		16,478
Non-controlled, affiliated investments		(3,607)		(11,589) 84		(691)		620
Controlled, affiliated investments		331		(4,399)		(14,392)		(12,365)
Translation of other assets and liabilities in foreign currencies		(4,557)		2,962		863		765
Interest rate swaps		(1,498)		1,464		8,200		10,908
Total net change in unrealized gains (losses)		29,775		(11,478)		2,329		16,406
Realized gains (losses):		29,775		(11,470)		2,329		10,400
Non-controlled, non-affiliated investments		(265)		4,868		(190)		5,323
Non-controlled, affiliated investments		11,819		4,000		11,819		3,323
Controlled, affiliated investments		(498)		_		(4,133)		570
Extinguishment of debt		(450)				739		570
Interest rate swaps		_		41		/ 39		41
Foreign currency transactions		(78)		167		(170)		18
Total net realized gains (losses)		10,978		5,076		8,065		5,952
Total Net Unrealized and Realized Gains (Losses)		40,753		(6,402)		10,394		22,358
Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$	81,857	\$	30,341	\$	124,628	\$	116,881
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Earnings per common share—basic and diluted	<u>\$</u>	1.21	\$	0.46	\$	1.86	\$	1.77
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding—basic and diluted		67,584,660		66,235,594		67,068,166		65,940,148

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of September 30, 2020 (Amounts in thousands, except share amounts) (Unaudited)

Company (1)	Investment	Initial Acquisition Date	Reference Rate and Spread	Interest Rate	Amortized Cost (2)(8)	Fair Value (10)	Percentage of Net Assets
Debt Investments							
Business services							
Acceo Solutions, Inc. (3)(4)(5)	First-lien loan (CAD 62,223 par, due 7/2023)	7/6/2018	C + 4.75%	5.75%	\$ 46,814	\$47,048 (CAD 62,845)	4.0%
Alpha Midco, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$64,044 par, due 8/2025)	8/15/2019	L + 6.75%	7.75%	62,659	63,400	5.6%
Exela Receivables 1, LLC ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien revolving loan (\$40,000 par, due 1/2025)	5/11/2020	L + 6.75%	7.75%	40,000	40,800	3.6%
ForeScout Technologies, Inc. ⁽³⁾	First-lien loan (\$4,500 par, due 8/2026)	8/17/2020	L + 9.50%	10.50% PIK	4,377	4,412	0.4%
Integration Appliance, Inc. ⁽³⁾	First-lien loan (\$71,500 par, due 8/2023)	8/13/2018	L + 7.25%	8.25%	70,803	72,215	6.3%
	First-lien revolving loan (\$1,310 par, due 8/2023)	8/13/2018	L + 7.25%	8.25%	1,287	1,336	0.1%
Motus, LLC (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$61,960 par, due 1/2024)	1/17/2018	L + 5.50%	6.50%	60,994	63,044	5.5%
Netwrix Corp. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$27,511 par, due 9/2026)	9/30/2020	L + 6.25%	7.25%	26,452	26,411	2.3%
Nintex Global, Ltd. ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$73,657 par, due 4/2024)	3/30/2018	L + 6.25%	7.25%	72,499	75,314	6.6%
ServiceChannel Holdings, Inc. ⁽⁹⁾	Second-lien loan (\$5,200 par, due 6/2025)	6/3/2020	12.00%	12.00% PIK	4,817	4,823	0.4%
Sprinklr, Inc.	Convertible note (\$3,824 par, due 5/2025)	5/20/2020	9.88%	9.88% PIK	3,758	4,350	0.4%
Tech Data Corp. (3)(11)	ABL FILO term loan (\$12,000 par, due 6/2025)	7/10/2020	L + 5.50%	5.64%	11,046	11,685	1.0%
WideOrbit, Inc. ⁽³⁾	First-lien loan (\$60,093 par, due 7/2025)	7/8/2020	L + 8.50%	9.75%	59,153	60,580	5.3%
Chemicals					464,659	475,418	41.5%
Vertellus Specialties, Inc. (3)	Second-lien loan (\$4,357 par, due 10/2021)	10/31/2016	L + 12.00%	13.00%	4,357	4,379	0.4%
Communications							
IntelePeer Holdings, Inc.	First-lien loan (\$42,992 par, due 12/2024) ⁽³⁾	12/2/2019	L + 8.25%	9.75%	42,882	42,347	3.7%
	Convertible note (\$350 par, due 12/2020)	2/28/2020	8.00%	8.00% PIK	291	227	0.0%
					43,173	42,574	3.7%
Education							
EMS Linq, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$27,500 par, due 9/2025)	9/17/2020	L + 7.75%	8.75%	26,668	26,881	2.4%
Frontline Technologies Group, LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$65,303 par, due 9/2023)	9/18/2017	L + 5.75%	6.75%	64,977	65,630	5.8%
Illuminate Education, Inc.(3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$63,538 par, due 8/2022)	8/25/2017	L + 6.25%	7.25%	62,953	63,220	5.6%
					154,598	155,731	13.8%
Financial services							
AvidXchange, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$10,708 par, due 4/2024)	10/1/2019	L + 9.00%	10.00%	10,583	10,708	0.9%
Bear OpCo, LLC (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$17,325 par, due 10/2024)	10/10/2019	L + 5.00%	6.00%	16,916	17,022	1.5%
BlueSnap, Inc. ⁽³⁾	First-lien loan (\$35,000 par, due 10/2024)	10/25/2019	L + 7.00%	8.00%	34,410	34,912	3.1%

	First-lien revolving loan (\$2,500 par, due 10/2024)	10/25/2019	P + 6.00%	9.25%	2,459	2,494	0.2%
Factor Systems, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$29,850 par, due 1/2025)	1/17/2020	L + 7.00%	8.50%	29,278	29,850	2.6%
G Treasury SS, LLC (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$30,844 par, due 4/2023)	4/9/2018	L + 8.25%	9.25%	30,559	31,307	2.7%
GC Agile Holdings, Ltd. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	First-lien loan (\$39,423 par, due 6/2025)	1/31/2019	L + 7.00%	8.25%	38,886	39,226	3.4%
Kyriba Corp.(3)	First-lien loan (\$13,608 par, due 4/2025)	4/9/2019	L + 9.00%	10.50% (incl. 9.00% PIK)	13,318	14,499	1.3%
	First-lien loan (EUR 8,102 par, due 4/2025)	4/9/2019	E + 9.00%	9.00% PIK	8,883	8,598 (EUR 7,332)	0.7%
	First-lien revolving loan (\$1,411 par, due 4/2025)	4/9/2019	L + 7.25%	8.75%	1,378	1,827	0.2%
	First-lien revolving loan (EUR 336 par, due 4/2025)	4/9/2019	E + 7.25%	7.25%	368	356 (EUR 304)	0.0%
PayLease, LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$63,835 par, due 7/2022)	7/28/2017	L + 7.25%	8.25%	63,273	64,793	5.7%
	First-lien revolving loan (\$3,333 par, due 7/2022)	7/28/2017	L + 7.25%	8.25%	3,309	3,383	0.3%
PrimeRevenue, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$22,007 par, due 12/2023)	12/31/2018	L + 9.50%	11.00%	21,786	22,732	2.1%
Swift Gift, Ltd. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$27,599 par, due 1/2022)	7/31/2017	L + 6.50%	7.50%	27,360	27,806	2.5%
Healthcare				-	302,766	309,513	27.2%
Caris Life Sciences, Ltd.	First-lien loan (\$8,750 par, due 9/2023)	9/21/2018	11.30%	11.30%	8,368	9,447	0.8%
	Convertible note (\$2,602 par, due 9/2023)	9/21/2018	8.00%	8.00%	2,602	4,840	0.4%
Clinicient, Inc. ⁽³⁾	First-lien loan (\$15,000 par, due 5/2024)	5/31/2019	L + 7.00%	8.50%	14,884	15,000	1.3%
	First-lien revolving loan (\$2,400 par, due 5/2024)	5/31/2019	L + 7.00%	8.50%	2,371	2,400	0.2%
Integrated Practice Solutions, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$49,500 par, due 10/2024)	6/30/2017	L + 7.50%	8.50%	47,962	50,243	4.4%
MedeAnalytics, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$38,910 par, due 9/2021)	9/30/2015	L + 7.51%	8.01%	38,717	38,910	3.4%
Quantros, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$17,931 par, due 12/2020)	2/29/2016	L + 8.50%	9.50%	17,902	17,034	1.5%
Valant Medical Solutions, Inc. ⁽³⁾	First-lien loan (\$28,236 par, due 4/2024)	4/8/2019	L + 8.75%	10.25%	27,568	28,389	2.5%
	First-lien revolving loan (\$1,500 par, due 4/2024)	4/8/2019	L + 8.75%	10.25%	1,472	1,510	0.1%
Vita Bidco, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$9,058 par, due 2/2024)	2/11/2019	L + 6.50%	7.50%	8,871	9,194	0.8%
Hotel, gaming, and leisure					170,717	176,967	15.4%
IRGSE Holding Corp. (3)(7)	First-lien loan (\$29,503 par, due 9/2021)	9/29/2015	L + 9.50%	10.00% (incl. 5.00% PIK)	27,836	28,249	2.5%
	First-lien revolving loan (\$5,690 par, due 9/2021)	9/29/2015	L + 9.50%	10.00% (incl. 5.00% PIK)	5,690	5,433	0.5%
				-	33,526	33,682	3.0%
Human resource support services Absorb Software, Inc. (3)(4)(5)	First-lien loan (\$34,575 par, due 5/2024)	7/31/2019	L + 6.50%	7.50%	33,970	34,489	3.0%
		_					

ClearCompany, LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$19,929 par, due 7/2023)	7/23/2018	L + 8.75%	10.25% (incl. 2.50% PIK)	19,770	19,880	1.8%
DaySmart Holdings, LLC ⁽³⁾	First-lien loan (\$30,858 par, due	10/1/2019	L + 7.25%	8.75%	30,176	30,142	2.7%
, <u>,</u>	10/2024)						
	First-lien revolving loan (\$3,000 par, due 10/2024)	10/1/2019	L + 7.25%	8.75%	2,930	2,925	0.3%
PageUp People, Ltd. (3)(4)	First-lien loan (AUD 51,622 par, due 12/2022)	1/11/2018	B + 7.25%	8.50% (incl. 1.25% PIK)	39,610	37,101 (AUD 51,763)	3.1%
PayScale Holdings, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$39,750 par, due 5/2024)	5/3/2019	L + 7.00%	8.00%	38,914	39,750	3.5%
Shaker International, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$22,219 par, due 5/2024)	5/15/2019	L + 7.00%	8.50%	21,788	22,219	1.9%
					187,158	186,506	16.3%
Insurance		0.00.004		0.050/	=0 = 44	= 1 = 0.0	. = 0.
Riskonnect, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$50,961 par, due 10/2023)	6/30/2017	L + 7.00%	8.25%	50,541	51,598	4.5%
Internet services	First lise lase (\$5.525 and the	7/20/2010	12.000/	12.000/	F 4C0	F F20	0 50/
Gainsight, Inc. ⁽⁹⁾	First-lien loan (\$5,525 par, due 7/2025)	7/29/2019	13.00%	13.00% PIK	5,468	5,539	0.5%
Higher Logic, LLC ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$36,290 par, due 1/2022)	6/18/2018	L + 5.50%	6.50%	36,042	36,199	3.2%
Lithium Technologies, LLC ⁽³⁾	First-lien loan (\$54,700 par, due 10/2022)	10/3/2017	L + 8.00%	9.00%	54,126	53,606	4.7%
	First-lien revolving loan (\$660 par, due 10/2022)	10/3/2017	L + 8.00%	9.21%	623	581	0.1%
Lucidworks, Inc. (9)	First-lien loan (\$12,674 par, due 7/2024)	7/31/2019	12.00%	12.00% (incl. 7.00% PIK)	12,556	12,874	1.1%
				, <u> </u>	108,815	108,799	9.6%
Marketing Services				-	<u> </u>		
Acoustic, L.P. (3)	First-lien note (\$33,000 par, due 6/2024)	12/17/2019	L + 7.00%	8.50%	32,339	32,010	2.8%
Office products				/			
USR Parent, Inc. (3)(5)	ABL FILO term loan (\$8,232 par, due 9/2022)	9/12/2017	L + 7.75%	8.75%	8,144	8,273	0.7%
Oil, gas and consumable fuels		C /0 /0000		0.050/	6.064	6.064	0.69/
Energy Alloys, LLC ⁽³⁾	ABL FILO term loan (\$6,964 par, due 8/2024)	6/9/2020	L + 6.25%	8.25%	6,964	6,964	0.6%
MD America Energy, LLC (3)(16)	First-lien loan (\$18,135 par, due 11/2023)	11/14/2018	P + 6.75%	10.00%	17,939	14,463	1.3%
Mississippi Resources, LLC (3)(7)(16)	First-lien loan (\$7,786 par, due 12/2020)	6/29/2018	L + 9.00%	10.00%	7,784	—	0.0%
Verdad Resources Intermediate Holdings, LLC ⁽³⁾	First-lien loan (\$29,060 par, due 10/2024)	4/10/2019	L + 7.50%	9.50%	28,431	29,060	2.6%
				-	61,118	50,487	4.5%
Pharmaceuticals							
Biohaven Pharmaceuticals, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	First-lien loan (\$27,665 par, due 8/2025)	8/7/2020	L + 9.00%	10.00% (incl. 4.00% PIK)	26,419	26,536	2.3%
TherapeuticsMD, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	First-lien loan (\$37,500 par, due 3/2024)	4/24/2019	L + 7.75%	10.45%	35,779	36,562	3.2%
					62,198	63,098	5.5 <mark></mark> %
Real Estate		400000000	T . 0 == 0/	0 == 0 /		20.000	0 = 0 1
ResMan, LLC ⁽³⁾	First-lien loan (\$29,101 par, due 10/2024)	10/3/2019	L + 8.75%	9.75%	28,565	29,009	2.5%
Retail and consumer products							

99 Cents Only Stores LLC (3)	ABL FILO term loan (\$32,500 par, due 12/2021)	9/6/2017	L + 8.50%	9.50%	31,916	33,231	2.9%
American Achievement, Corp. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$23,745 par, due 9/2022)	9/30/2015	L + 8.25%	9.25% (incl. 3.25% PIK)	23,687	21,964	1.9%
Centric Brands, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien revolving loan (\$79,410 par, due 10/2020)	7/16/2020	L + 6.50%	7.50%	78,884	79,410	7.0%
Designer Brands, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	ABL First-lien loan (\$50,000 par, due 8/2025)	8/7/2020	L + 8.50%	9.75%	48,779	49,250	4.3%
J.C. Penney Company, Inc. (11)	ABL DIP term loan (\$12,198 par, due 11/2020) ⁽³⁾	6/8/2020	L + 11.75%	13.00%	12,204	15,369	1.4%
	First-lien loan (\$678 par, due 6/2023) (3)(16)	6/9/2020	L + 4.25%	5.25%	261	209	0.0%
	First-lien loan (\$3,520 par, due 6/2023) ⁽³⁾⁽¹⁶⁾	6/5/2019	L + 4.25%	5.25%	2,949	1,091	0.1%
	First-lien secured note (\$12,717 par, due 7/2023) (16)	6/5/2019	5.88%	5.88%	10,404	3,942	0.4%
Maurices, Inc. (3)(5)	ABL FILO term loan (\$24,444 par, due 5/2024)	5/6/2019	L + 6.50%	7.75%	23,872	24,933	2.2%
Moran Foods, LLC (3)	ABL FILO term loan (\$38,333 par, due 4/2024)	4/1/2020	L + 7.50%	9.00%	37,648	39,004	3.4%
NMG Holding Company, Inc. (3)(11)	First-lien term loan (\$17,004 par, due 9/2025)	9/25/2020	L + 12.00%	13.00%	13,138	17,401	1.5%
					283,742	285,804	25.1%
Total Debt Investments					1,996,416	2,013,848	176.5%
Equity and Other Investments							
Business Services							
Motus, LLC (13)	Class A Units (1,262 units)	1/17/2018			1,262	3,296	0.3%
	Class B Units (517,020 units)	1/17/2018			—	—	0.0%
Nintex Global, Ltd. ⁽¹³⁾	Class A Shares (1,197 shares)	3/30/2018			1,197	2,640	0.2%
	Class B Shares (398,557 shares)	3/30/2018			12	27	0.0%
ServiceChannel Holdings, Inc. (13)(14)	207,991 Warrants	6/3/2020			335	335	0.0%
WideOrbit, Inc. (13)(14)	1,567,807 Warrants	7/8/2020			327 3,133	327 6,625	0.0% 0.5%
Chemicals							
Vertellus Specialties, Inc. (13)(14) Communications	Common Units (6,720,658 units)	10/31/2016			4,575	9,825	0.9%
IntelePeer Holdings, Inc. (13)(14) Financial services	280,000 Warrants	2/28/2020			183	183	0.0%
AvidXchange, Inc. ⁽¹⁴⁾	Common Shares (2,198 shares) ⁽¹³⁾	4/7/2020			108	108	0.0%
	Preferred Shares (293,232 shares)	10/1/2019			15,286	15,171	1.3%
	Series F Preferred Shares (8,791 shares) ⁽¹³⁾	4/7/2020			431	431	0.0%
	75,570 Warrants (13)	10/1/2019			475	1,293	0.1%
Oxford Square Capital Corp. (4)(12)	Common Shares (1,059 shares)	8/5/2015			7	3	0.0%
Swift Gift, Ltd. ⁽¹³⁾	Common Shares (35,000 shares)	7/31/2017			3,500 19,807	10,447 27,453	0.9% 2.3%
Healthcare					,		
Caris Life Sciences, Ltd. (13)	633,376 Warrants	9/21/2018			192	993	0.1%
	569,991 Warrants (14)	4/2/2020			250	911	0.1%
Quantros, Inc. (13)(14)	363 AA Preferred Stock Warrants	10/7/2019			139	139	0.0%
	2,748 A Preferred Stock Warrants	10/7/2019			—	_	0.0%
	4,681,958 Common Stock Warrants	10/7/2019			_	_	0.0%
		9					

Yita Tapeco, Inc. (13)13) Common Shares (1,000 shares) 2/11/2019 1,000 4,070 Hotel, gaming, and leisure IIRGSB Holding Corp. (7/13) Class A Units (33,790,171 units) (14) 12/21/2018 1,000 48 IRGSB Holding Corp. (7/13) Class A Units (33,790,171 units) (14) 12/21/2018 1,000 48 Imman resource support service Imman resource support service 1,000 925 Class A Units (44,944 units) 8/24/2018 2,014 2,885 DaySmart Holdings, LLC (13)(15) Class A Units (14/944 units) 6/30/2017 1,000 995 Riskonneet, Inc. (13) Common Shares Class A (1,020 units) 6/30/2017 100 13 Insurance 1.030 1,242 Common Shares Class B (987,929 6/30/2017 100 13 Instring services 1.030 1,242 Common Shares Class B (987,929 6/30/2017 100 13 Marketing services 1.030 1,242 Common Shares Class A (1,020 units) 6/30/2017 10,200 1,242 Class Ar Member Units (1,900 units) 5/31/2018 3.840 13.056 10,29 1,225 Internet Services	7 0.0%	237	281			4/8/2019	954,478 Warrants	Valant Medical Solutions, Inc. (13)(15)
Hotel, gaming, and leisure 1,962 6,330 Hotel, gaming, and leisure Class A Units (33,790,171 units) (14) 12/21/2018 21.842 169 Class C-1 Units (8,800,000 units) 12/21/2018 21.842 216 Class C-1 Units (8,800,000 units) 12/21/2018 21.842 217 Human resource support services Class A Units (44,944 units) 8/24/2018 2.014 2,865 DaySmart Holdings, LLC (13)(15) Class A Units (125,810 units) 10/1/2019 1.000 995 Insurance 3.014 3.800 1.020 1.245 Internet Services 1.030 1.255 1.030 1.255 Common Shares Class B (987,92) 6/30/2017 1.020 1.245 Internet Services 1.030 1.255 1.030 1.255 Validity, Inc. (13) Series F Preferred Shares (19,054 8/2/2019 800 824 Marketing services 1.010 1.212/2019 6,693 Validity, Inc. (13) Series A Preferred Shares (3.840,000 5/31/2018 3.840 1.3056 <tr< td=""><td>0 0.4%</td><td>4.070</td><td>1,000</td><td></td><td></td><td>2/11/2019</td><td>Common Shares (1.000 shares)</td><td></td></tr<>	0 0.4%	4.070	1,000			2/11/2019	Common Shares (1.000 shares)	
RGSE Holding Corp. (7)(43) Class C-1 Units (33,790,171 units) (44) 1221/2018 21,442 169 Class C-1 Units (8,000,000 units) 1221/2018 100 48 21,942 21,942 217 Human resource support services								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Class C-1 Units (8,800,000 units) 12/21/218 100 48 Human resource support services 21,942 217 Human resource support services 3,041 2,062 DaySmart Holdings, LLC (13/10-005) Class A Units (125,810 units) 8/24/2018 2,014 2,065 DaySmart Holdings, LLC (13/10-005) Class A Units (125,810 units) 6/30/2017 1,020 1,242 Riskonnect, Inc. (13) Common Shares Class A (1,020 units) 6/30/2017 10 113 Interrett Services 1,030 1,255 1,255 1,255 Marketing services 1,200 5/31/2018 3,860 824 Mississipit Resources, ILC (70,13) Series Preferred Shares (3,840,000 5/31/2018 3,864 13,056 Mississipit Resources, ILC (70,13) Class A-0 Member Units (1,360 units) 12/12/2019 6,693 - ILC (70,13) Class A-1 Member Units (1,360 units) 5/3/2017 10,366 - ILC (70,13) Class A-1 Member Units (1,360 units) 5/3/2017 10,366 - TherapeuticsMD, Inc. (13)(14) 71,217 10,366 - - Class A-2 Member Units (1,								Hotel, gaming, and leisure
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	5 0.1%	1,255	1,030					
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Other Investments Carlyle Global Market Strategies (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$1,300 par, due 1/2031) 5/21/2020 L + 2.90% 3.17% 1,126 1,179 CLO Ltd, Series 2018-4A (3)(4)(11) 1/2031) 1/2031) 1/2031) 1,223 Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO Ltd, Series 2018-1A (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$1,550 par, due 4/2031) 8/11/2020 L + 5.75% 6.02% 1,198 1,223 Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO Ltd, Series 2017-4A (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$4,150 par, due 1/2030) 9/3/2020 L + 6.15% 6.43% 3,387 3,368 Madison Park Funding Ltd, Series 2014-14A (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$2,400 par, due 10/2030) 8/11/2020 L + 5.80% 6.06% 1,977 2,089 OZLM Ltd., Series 2018-18A (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$2,000 par, due 4/2031) 5/28/2020 L + 2.85% 3.13% 1,742 1,768 Total Equity and Other Total Equity and Other 103,191 86,917	3 0.6%	6 612	6 612			0/20/2020	Common Sharos (110 210 sharos)	-
Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO Ltd, Series 2018-4A (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$1,300 par, due 1/2031) 5/21/2020 L + 2.90% 3.17% 1,126 1,179 Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO Ltd, Series 2018-1A (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$1,550 par, due 4/2031) 8/11/2020 L + 5.75% 6.02% 1,198 1,223 Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO Ltd, Series 2018-1A (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$4,150 par, due 1/2030) 9/3/2020 L + 6.15% 6.43% 3,387 3,368 CLO Ltd, Series 2017-4A (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$2,400 par, due 10/2030) 9/3/2020 L + 5.80% 6.06% 1,977 2,089 OZLM Ltd, Series 2018-18A (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$2,000 par, due 4/2031) 8/11/2020 L + 2.85% 3.13% 1,742 1,768 OZLM Ltd, Series 2018-18A (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$2,000 par, due 4/2031) 5/28/2020 L + 2.85% 3.13% 1,742 1,768 Total Equity and Other Total Equity and Other 103,191 86,917	5 0.0%	0,015	0,015			9/29/2020	Common Shares (110,210 Shares)	
CLO Ltd, Series 2018-4A 1/2031) Carlyle Global Market Strategies Structured Product (\$1,550 par, due 4/2031) 8/11/2020 L + 5.75% 6.02% 1,198 1,223 CLO Ltd, Series 2018-1A 4/2031) 4/2031) 1,223 1,223 Carlyle Global Market Strategies Structured Product (\$4,150 par, due 1/2030) 9/3/2020 L + 6.15% 6.43% 3,387 3,368 CLO Ltd, Series 2017-4A 1/2030) 1/2030) 9/3/2020 L + 5.80% 6.06% 1,977 2,089 Madison Park Funding Ltd, Series 2014-14A (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$2,000 par, due 10/2030) 8/11/2020 L + 5.80% 6.06% 1,977 2,089 OZLM Ltd., Series Structured Product (\$2,000 par, due 4/2031) 5/28/2020 L + 2.85% 3.13% 1,742 1,768 U18-18A (3)(4)(11) 4/2031) 9,627 9,430 9,627 Total Equity and Other 103,191 86,917								Other Investments
Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO Ltd, Series 2018-1A (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$1,550 par, due 4/2031) 8/11/2020 L + 5.75% 6.02% 1,198 1,223 Carlyle Global Market Strategies (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$4,150 par, due 1/2030) 9/3/2020 L + 6.15% 6.43% 3,387 3,368 CLO Ltd, Series 2017-4A (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$2,400 par, due 10/2030) 9/3/2020 L + 5.80% 6.06% 1,977 2,089 OZLM Ltd., Series 2018-18A (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$2,000 par, due 4/2031) 8/11/2020 L + 2.85% 3.13% 1,742 1,768 Total Equity and Other Total Equity and Other Iong 103,191 86,917	9 0.1%	1,179	1,126	3.17%	L + 2.90%	5/21/2020	· •	CLO Ltd, Series 2018-4A
Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO Ltd, Series 2017-4A Structured Product (\$4,150 par, due 1/2030) 9/3/2020 L + 6.15% 6.43% 3,387 3,368 Madison Park Funding Ltd, (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$2,400 par, due 10/2030) 8/11/2020 L + 5.80% 6.06% 1,977 2,089 OZLM Ltd., Series 2018-18A (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$2,000 par, due 4/2031) 5/28/2020 L + 2.85% 3.13% 1,742 1,768 Total Equity and Other	3 0.1%	1,223	1,198	6.02%	L + 5.75%	8/11/2020	· ·	Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO Ltd, Series 2018-1A
Madison Park Funding Ltd, Series 2014-14A (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$2,400 par, due 10/2030) 8/11/2020 L + 5.80% 6.06% 1,977 2,089 OZLM Ltd., Series 2018-18A (3)(4)(11) Structured Product (\$2,000 par, due 4/2031) 5/28/2020 L + 2.85% 3.13% 1,742 1,768 Total Equity and Other	8 0.3%	3,368	3,387	6.43%	L + 6.15%	9/3/2020	` *	Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO Ltd, Series 2017-4A
OZLM Ltd., Series Structured Product (\$2,000 par, due 5/28/2020 L + 2.85% 3.13% 1,742 1,768 2018-18A (3)(4)(11) 4/2031) 9,430 9,627 Total Equity and Other 103,191 86,917	9 0.2%	2,089	1,977	6.06%	L + 5.80%	8/11/2020	· ·	Madison Park Funding Ltd,
9,430 9,627 Total Equity and Other 103,191 86,917	8 0.2%	1,768	1,742	3.13%	L + 2.85%	5/28/2020	Structured Product (\$2,000 par, due	OZLM Ltd., Series
Total Equity and Other 103,191 86,917	7 0.9%	9,627	9,430					
Investments								Total Equity and Other Investments
Total Investments \$ 2,099,607 \$ 2,100,765	5 184.1 %	\$ 2,100.765	\$ 2,099.607					

		Interest Rate Swaps as of September 30, 2020												
	Company Receives	Company Pays	Maturity Date	Notiona Amount	-		Fair Aarket Value	(P	Upfront ayments) / Receipts	Uı	hange in rrealized is / (Losses)			
Interest rate swap (a)	L	1.47%	7/30/2021	\$ 11	,700	\$	(127)	\$	—	\$	(165)			
Interest rate swap (a)	L	1.36%	7/29/2022	3	,200		(68)		—		(92)			
Interest rate swap (a)	L	0.26%	7/29/2022	2	,150		(2)				(2)			
Interest rate swap (a)	4.50%	L + 2.37%	8/1/2022	115	,000		3,993				2,772			
Interest rate swap (a)	4.50%	L + 1.59%	8/1/2022	50	,000,		2,462		_		929			
Interest rate swap (a)	4.50%	L + 1.60%	8/1/2022	7	,500		368		—		140			
Interest rate swap (a)	L + 2.11%	4.50%	8/1/2022	27	,531		(1,091)		1,252		161			
Interest rate swap (a)	L + 2.11%	4.50%	8/1/2022	2	,160		(86)		96		10			
Interest rate swap (a)	4.50%	L + 1.99%	1/22/2023	150	,000,		7,819		_		4,257			
Interest rate swap (a)	L	0.33%	6/9/2023	5	,000,		(13)		—		(13)			
Interest rate swap (a)(e)	L + 2.28%	3.875%	11/1/2024	2	,500		—		128		128			
Interest rate swap (a)(b)	L	1.97%	6/25/2020		—		—		—		75			
Total				376	,741		13,255		1,476		8,200			
Interest rate swap (a)(c)(d)	3.875%	L + 2.25%	11/1/2024	300	,000,		15,860		—		17,647			
Interest rate swap (a)(c)(d)	3.875%	L + 2.46%	11/1/2024	50	,000,		2,215				2,215			
Total				350	,000		18,075				19,862			
Cash collateral					_		(29,999)				_			
Total derivatives				\$ 726	,741	\$	1,331	\$	1,476	\$	28,062			

t Date Swans as of Sentember 20, 2020

(a) Contains a variable rate structure. Bears interest at a rate determined by three-month LIBOR.

(b) Interest rate swap was terminated or matured during the period.

(c) Instrument is used in a hedge accounting relationship. The associated change in fair value is recorded along with the change in fair value of the hedged item within interest expense.

(d) \$2.5 million in aggregate notional value of these instruments is no longer designated as instruments in a hedge accounting relationship. The associated change in fair value of the de-designated portion is recorded within unrealized gain/(loss).

(e) The fair market value of this instrument is presented net with the \$2.5 million in aggregate notional value of instruments no longer designated as instruments in a hedge accounting relationship.

(1) Certain portfolio company investments are subject to contractual restrictions on sales.

(2) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts and premiums, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.

(3) Investment contains a variable rate structure, subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") (which can include one-, two-, three- or six-month LIBOR), Euro Interbank Offer Rate ("Euribor" or "E") (which can include one-, two-, three- or six-month Euribor), Canadian Dollar Offered Rate ("CDOR" or "C"), Bank Bill Swap Bid Rate ("BBSY" or "B") or an alternate base rate (which can include the Federal Funds Effective Rate or the Prime Rate or "P"), at the borrower's option, which reset periodically based on the terms of the credit agreement. For investments with multiple interest rate contracts, the interest rate shown is the weighted average interest rate in effect at September 30, 2020.

(4) This portfolio company is not a qualifying asset under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). Under the 1940 Act, the Company may not acquire any non-qualifying asset unless, at the time such acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of total assets. Non-qualifying assets represented 13.1% of total assets as of September 30, 2020.

(5) In addition to the interest earned based on the stated interest rate of this investment, which is the amount reflected in this schedule, the Company may be entitled to receive additional interest as a result of an arrangement with other members in the syndicate to the extent an investment has been allocated to "first out" and "last out" tranches, whereby the "first out" tranche will have priority as to the "last out" tranche with respect to payments of principal, interest and any amounts due thereunder and the Company holds the "last out" tranche.

(6) Under the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to be an "Affiliated Person" of, as defined in the 1940 Act, this portfolio company, as the Company owns more than 5% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. Transactions during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 in which the Company was an Affiliated Person of the portfolio company are as follows:

Non-controlled, Affiliated Investments during the nine months ended September 30, 2020

													F	air			
		Fair											Val	ue at			
		Net Change						September									
	De	cember 31,		ross		Gross		Unrealized		Realized				30,	Ot	her	Interest
Company		2019	Additions (a)		Reductions (b)		Gain/(Loss)		Gain/(Losses)		Transfers		20	020	Inc	ome	Income
AFS Technologies, Inc.	\$	50,136	\$	555	\$	(61,819)	\$	(691)	\$	11,819	\$	_	\$		\$	59	\$ 4,551
Total	\$	50,136	\$	555	\$	(61,819)	\$	(691)	\$	11,819	\$	_	\$		\$	59	\$ 4,551

- (a) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new investments, payment-in-kind interest or dividends, the amortization of any unearned income or discounts on debt investments, as applicable.
- (b) Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investment repayments or sales, and the amortization of any premiums on debt investments, as applicable. When an investment is placed on non-accrual status, any cash flows received by the Company may be applied to the outstanding principal balance.
- (7) Under the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to be both an "Affiliated Person" of and "Control," as such terms are defined in the 1940 Act, this portfolio company, as the Company owns more than 25% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities or has the power to exercise control over management or policies of such portfolio company (including through a management agreement). Transactions during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 in which the Company was an Affiliated Person of and was deemed to Control a portfolio company are as follows:

Controlled, Affiliated Investments during the nine months ended September 30, 2020

Company	Fair Value at cember 31, 2019	Gross litions (a)	Gross 1ctions (b)	In	et Change Unrealized ain/(Loss)	Realized n/(Losses)	Tra	unsfers	Fair Value at eptember 30, 2020	her ome	Interest Income
IRGSE Holding Corp.	\$ 34,812	\$ 4,722	\$ —	\$	(1,502)	\$ (4,133)	\$		\$ 33,899	\$ 4	\$ 2,893
Mississippi Resources,											
LLC	13,104	_	(214)		(12,890)				—		—
Total	\$ 47,916	\$ 4,722	\$ (214)	\$	(14,392)	\$ (4,133)	\$	_	\$ 33,899	\$ 4	\$ 2,893

- (a) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new investments, payment-in-kind interest or dividends, the amortization of any unearned income or discounts on debt investments, as applicable.
- (b) Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investment repayments or sales, and the amortization of any premiums on debt investments, as applicable. When an investment is placed on non-accrual status, any cash flows received by the Company may be applied to the outstanding principal balance.
- (8) As of September 30, 2020, the estimated cost basis of investments for U.S. federal tax purposes was \$2,100,832, resulting in estimated gross unrealized gains and losses of \$118,178 and \$100,245, respectively.
- (9) These investments contain a fixed rate structure. The Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement to swap to a floating rate. Refer to Note 5 for further information related to the Company's interest rate swaps on investments.
- (10) In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements* ("ASC Topic 820"), unless otherwise indicated, the fair values of all investments were determined using significant unobservable inputs and are considered Level 3 investments. See Note 6 for further information related to investments at fair value.
- (11) This investment is valued using observable inputs and is considered a Level 2 investment. See Note 6 for further information related to investments at fair value.
- (12) This investment is valued using observable inputs and is considered a Level 1 investment. See Note 6 for further information related to investments at fair value.
- (13) This equity investment is non-income producing.
- (14) All or a portion of this security was acquired in a transaction exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, and may be deemed to be "restricted securities" under the Securities Act. As of September 30, 2020, the aggregate fair value of these securities is \$32,517, or 2.8% of the Company's net assets.
- (15) Ownership of equity investments may occur through a holding company or partnership.
- (16) Investment is on non-accrual status as of September 30, 2020.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of December 31, 2019 (Amounts in thousands, except share amounts)

Company (1)	Investment	Initial Acquisition Date	Reference Rate and Spread	Interest Rate	Amortized Cost (2)(8)	Fair Value (10)	Percentage of Net Assets
Debt Investments							
Beverage, food and tobacco							
AFS Technologies, Inc. (3)(5)(6)	First-lien loan (\$45,559 par, due 10/2023)	10/16/2018	L + 6.25%	8.05%	\$ 45,004	\$ 45,673	4.1%
Business services							
Acceo Solutions, Inc. (3)(4)(5)	First-lien loan (CAD 64,025 par, due 7/2023)	7/6/2018	C + 4.75%	6.83%	48,001	49,497 (CAD 64,185)	4.4%
Alpha Midco, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$45,296 par, due 8/2025)	8/15/2019	L + 6.75%	8.75%	43,921	44,061	3.9%
Dye & Durham Corp. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	First-lien loan (CAD 65,669 par, due 7/2024)	7/11/2019	C + 7.00%	9.03%	49,015	49,628 (CAD 64,355)	4.4%
	First-lien revolving loan (CAD 1,750 par, due 7/2024)	7/11/2019	P + 6.00%	10.00%	1,269	1,296 (CAD 1,680)	0.1%
Integration Appliance, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$71,500 par, due 8/2023)	8/13/2018	L + 7.25%	9.43%	70,619	71,685	6.4%
Motus, LLC (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$59,853 par, due 1/2024)	1/17/2018	L + 5.50%	7.45%	58,764	60,451	5.4%
Netwrix Corp. and Concept Searching, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$20,000 par, due 10/2024)	10/17/2019	L + 5.88%	7.67%	19,541	19,650	1.8%
Nintex Global, Ltd. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$74,223 par, due 4/2024)	3/30/2018	L + 6.25%	8.05%	72,844	75,151	6.7%
					363,974	371,419	33.1%
Chemicals							
Vertellus Specialties, Inc. ⁽³⁾	Second-lien loan (\$4,147 par, due 10/2021)	10/31/2016	L + 12.00%	13.63%	4,147	4,147	0.4%
Communications							
IntelePeer Holdings, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$35,000 par, due 12/2024)	12/2/2019	L + 8.00%	9.91%	35,000	34,711	3.1%
Education							
Curriculum Associates, LLC (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$75,000 par, due 9/2025)	2/28/2018	L + 5.50%	7.30%	72,055	77,438	6.9%
Frontline Technologies Group, LLC ⁽³⁾	First-lien loan (\$65,798 par, due 9/2023)	9/18/2017	L + 5.75%	7.55%	65,395	65,963	5.9%
Illuminate Education, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$64,025 par, due 8/2022)	8/25/2017	L + 7.25%	9.05%	63,227	63,545	5.7%
					200,677	206,946	18.5%
Electronics							
APX Group, Inc. (11)	Secured note (\$1,000 par, due 12/2022)	5/31/2019	7.88%	7.88%	938	1,009	0.1%
Financial services		0/10/53-5					
AppStar Financial, LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$15,855 par, due 8/2020)	8/18/2015	L + 7.50%	9.30%	15,794	15,944	1.4%
AvidXchange, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$10,350 par, due 4/2024)	10/1/2019	L + 9.00%	11.00%	10,195	10,236	0.9%
Bear OpCo, LLC ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$17,456 par, due 10/2024)	10/10/2019	L + 5.00%	6.80%	16,978	17,063	1.5%
BlueSnap, Inc. ⁽³⁾	First-lien loan (\$35,000 par, due 10/2024)	10/25/2019	L + 7.00%	8.80%	34,273	34,531	3.1%
G Treasury SS, LLC (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$30,000 par, due 4/2023)	4/9/2018	L + 8.25%	10.03%	29,643	30,000	2.7%
GC Agile Holdings, Ltd. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	First-lien loan (\$39,724 par, due 6/2025)	1/31/2019	L + 7.00%	8.95%	39,099	39,128	3.5%
Kyriba Corp.(3)	First-lien loan (\$12,717 par, due 4/2025)	4/9/2019	L + 9.00%	10.94% (incl. 9.00% PIK)	12,391	12,866	1.1%

	First-lien loan (EUR 7,571 par, due 4/2025)	4/9/2019	E + 9.00%	9.00% PIK	8,258	7,759 (EUR 6,912)	0.7%
	First-lien revolving loan (\$427 par, due 4/2025)	4/9/2019	L + 7.25%	9.17%	384	536	0.0%
	First-lien revolving loan (EUR 183 par, due 4/2025)	4/9/2019	E + 7.25%	7.25%	197	60 (EUR 54)	0.0%
PayLease, LLC ⁽³⁾	First-lien loan (\$64,327 par, due 7/2022)	7/28/2017	L + 7.25%	9.05%	63,518	65,511	5.9%
PrimeRevenue, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$21,144 par, due 12/2023)	12/31/2018	L + 8.50%	10.30% (incl. 5.50% PIK)	20,877	21,213	1.9%
Swift Gift, Ltd. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$28,146 par, due 1/2022)	7/31/2017	L + 6.50%	8.31%	27,776	28,849	2.6%
TT 1.1					279,383	283,696	25.3%
Healthcare Caris Life Sciences, Ltd.	First-lien loan (\$5,000 par, due	9/21/2018	11.30%	11.30%	4,855	4,956	0.4%
Calls Life Sciences, Liu.	9/2023) Convertible note (\$2,500 par,	9/21/2018	8.00%	8.00%	2,500	2,550	0.4 %
	due 9/2023)	9/21/2010	0.00 %	0.00 %	2,300	2,550	0.270
Clinicient, Inc. ⁽³⁾	First-lien loan (\$15,000 par, due 5/2024)	5/31/2019	L + 7.00%	8.94%	14,829	14,858	1.3%
Integrated Practice Solutions, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$49,875 par, due 10/2024)	6/30/2017	L + 7.50%	9.30%	48,104	49,875	4.5%
MedeAnalytics, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$40,773 par, due 9/2020)	9/30/2015	L + 7.50%	9.30%	40,556	40,875	3.7%
Quantros, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$18,444 par, due 12/2020)	2/29/2016	L + 8.50%	10.41%	18,326	18,444	1.6%
Valant Medical Solutions, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$27,936 par, due 4/2024)	4/8/2019	L + 8.75%	10.55%	27,117	27,372	2.4%
Vita Bidco, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$21,773 par, due 2/2024)	2/11/2019	L + 6.50%	8.30%	21,237	21,773	1.9%
					177,524	180,703	16.0%
Hotel, gaming, and leisure		0/00/001	T . 0 500/			24.047	2.00/
IRGSE Holding Corp. (3)(7)	First-lien loan (\$31,600 par, due 9/2021)	9/29/2015	L + 9.50%	11.44% (incl. 5.00% PIK)	29,746	31,047	2.8%
	First-lien revolving loan (\$3,221 par, due 9/2021)	9/29/2015	L + 9.50%	11.44% (incl. 5.00% PIK)	3,221	3,128	0.3%
					32,967	34,175	3.1%
Human resource support services							
Absorb Software, Inc. (3)(4)(5)	First-lien loan (\$34,837 par, due 5/2024)	7/31/2019	L + 6.50%	8.30%	34,122	34,228	3.1%
ClearCompany, LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$19,192 par, due 7/2023)	7/23/2018	L + 8.50%	10.34% (incl. 2.50% PIK)	18,993	19,140	1.7%
DaySmart Holdings, LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$30,247 par, due 10/2024)	10/1/2019	L + 7.25%	9.05%	29,370	29,456	2.6%
PageUp People, Ltd. (3)(4)	First-lien loan (AUD 51,401 par, due 12/2022)	1/11/2018	B + 7.25%	8.50% (incl. 1.25% PIK)	39,391	36,042 (AUD 51,273)	3.2%
	First-lien revolving loan (AUD 1,000 par, due 12/2022)	1/11/2018	B + 7.25%	8.50%	714	694 (AUD 988)	0.1%
PayScale Holdings, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$39,900 par, due 5/2024)	5/3/2019	L + 7.00%	8.80%	38,914	39,187	3.5%
Shaker International, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$22,388 par, due 5/2024)	5/15/2019	L + 7.00%	8.94%	21,879	21,940	2.0%
					183,383	180,687	16.2%
Insurance Riskonnect, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$49,813 par, due 10/2023)	6/30/2017	L + 7.00%	8.95%	49,346	50,186	4.5%
Internet services							
Gainsight, Inc. (9)	First-lien loan (\$3,322 par, due 7/2025)	7/29/2019	13.00%	13.00% PIK	3,255	3,284	0.3%
		14					

Higher Logic, LLC (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$37,430 par, due 1/2022)	6/18/2018	L + 6.00%	7.80%	37,034	37,243	3.3%
Lithium Technologies, LLC ⁽³⁾	First-lien loan (\$54,700 par, due 10/2022)	10/3/2017	L + 8.00%	10.04%	53,888	53,967	4.8%
Lucidworks, Inc. ⁽⁹⁾	First-lien loan (\$12,018 par, due 7/2024)	7/31/2019	12.00%	12.00% (incl. 7.00% PIK)	11,879	11,941	1.1%
					106,056	106,435	9.5%
Marketing Services				0.000/	22.220		2.004
Acoustic, L.P. (3)	First-lien note (\$33,000 par, due 6/2024)	12/17/2019	L + 7.00%	8.80%	32,230	32,175	2.9%
Office products USR Parent, Inc. (3)(5)	ABL FILO term loan (\$11,500	9/12/2017	L + 7.75%	9.45%	11,338	11,701	1.0%
	par, due 9/2022)	9/12/2017	L + 7.7570	9.4570	11,550	11,701	1.0 /0
Oil, gas and consumable fuels							
Energy Alloys, LLC (3)(5)	ABL FILO term loan (\$22,000 par, due 8/2024)	8/28/2019	L + 6.25%	8.25%	21,171	21,260	1.9%
MD America Energy, LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$19,069 par, due 11/2023)	11/14/2018	L + 7.75%	9.67%	18,836	18,640	1.7%
Mississippi Resources, LLC (3)(7)	First-lien loan (\$8,000 par, due 6/2020)	6/29/2018	L + 9.00%	10.80%	7,998	8,000	0.7%
Verdad Resources Intermediate Holdings, LLC ⁽³⁾	First-lien loan (\$42,222 par, due 10/2023)	4/10/2019	L + 7.50%	9.50%	41,257	41,347	3.7%
					89,262	89,247	8.0%
Pharmaceuticals							
Nektar Therapeutics (4)(5)(9)	Secured note (\$74,950 par, due 10/2020)	10/5/2015	7.75%	7.75%	74,774	76,074	6.8%
TherapeuticsMD, Inc. (3)(4)	First-lien loan (\$30,000 par, due 3/2024)	4/24/2019	L + 7.75%	10.45%	29,333	29,100	2.6%
					104,107	105,174	9.4%
Real Estate ResMan, LLC ⁽³⁾	First-lien loan (\$20,648 par, due 10/2024)	10/3/2019	L + 8.00%	9.94%	20,208	20,303	1.8%
Retail and consumer products							
99 Cents Only Stores LLC (3)	ABL FILO term loan (\$32,500 par, due 4/2021)	9/6/2017	L + 7.75%	9.64%	32,303	32,581	2.9%
American Achievement, Corp. ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$22,619 par, due 9/2022)	9/30/2015	L + 8.25%	9.95%	22,540	22,167	2.0%
Forever 21, Inc. ⁽³⁾	ABL DIP term loan (\$50,000 par, due 7/2020)	10/2/2019	L + 12.00%	13.81%	48,970	48,500	4.3%
J.C. Penney Company, Inc. (4)(11)	First-lien loan (\$6,201 par, due 6/2023) ⁽³⁾	6/5/2019	L + 4.25%	6.16%	5,358	5,451	0.5%
	First-lien secured note (\$11,559 par, due 7/2023)	6/5/2019	5.88%	5.88%	9,761	9,911	0.9%
Maurices, Inc. (3)(5)	ABL FILO term loan (\$27,778 par, due 5/2024)	5/6/2019	L + 6.50%	8.21%	27,014	28,958	2.6%
Moran Foods, LLC ⁽³⁾	ABL FILO term loan (\$39,138 par, due 12/2021)	6/21/2019	L + 6.75%	8.69%	38,750	39,138	3.5%
Neiman Marcus Group Ltd., LLC ⁽³⁾	ABL FILO term loan (\$72,000 par, due 7/2021)	9/11/2019	L + 6.00%	7.89%	71,086	71,100	6.4%
	First-lien loan (\$996 par, due 10/2023) ⁽¹¹⁾	9/12/2019	L + 6.00%	7.71%	799	819	0.1%
Transform SR Holdings, LLC (3)	ABL FILO term loan (\$75,000 par, due 2/2024)	2/11/2019	L + 7.25%	9.18%	74,359	75,750	6.8%
					330,940	334,375	30.0%
Transportation Ferrellgas, L.P. (3)(4)(5)	First-lien loan (\$85,159 par, due	5/4/2018	L + 5.75%	7.45%	83,994	90,053	8.0%
Total Debt Investments	5/2023)				2,150,478	2,182,815	195.0%
Equity and Other Investments							
Beverage, food and tobacco		10/10/2010			A A A A	4.400	0.40/
AFS Technologies, Inc. (6)(13)	Preferred Units (4,441,090 units)	10/16/2018			4,441	4,463	0.4%
		15					

Business Services					
Motus, LLC (13)	Class A Units (1,262 units)	1/17/2018	1,262	2,738	0.2%
Motus, ELC (19)	Class B Units (517,020 units)	1/17/2018	1,202	2,730	0.2 %
Nintex Global, Ltd. (13)	Class A Shares (1,197 shares)	3/30/2018	1,197	1,939	0.0%
Nintex Global, Etc. (19)	Class B Shares (398,557 shares)	3/30/2018	1,157	20	0.2%
	Class D Shares (350,557 shares)	3/30/2010	2,471	4,697	0.4%
Chemicals				4,007	0.470
Vertellus Specialties, Inc. (13)(14)	Common Units (3,386,630 units)	10/31/2016	4,575	3,614	0.3%
vertenus opeciantes, nic. (10)(14)	Common Onits (5,500,050 units)	10/31/2010	4,575	5,014	0.5 /0
Financial services					
AvidXchange, Inc. (14)	Preferred Shares (293,232 shares)	10/1/2019	14,423	14,423	1.3%
Oxford Square Capital Corp. (4)(12)	Common Shares (1,059 shares)	8/5/2015	7	6	0.0%
Swift Gift, Ltd. (13)	Common Shares (35,000 shares)	7/31/2017	3,500	10,255	0.9%
			17,930	24,684	2.2%
Healthcare					
Caris Life Sciences, Ltd. (13)	633,376 Warrants	9/21/2018	192	192	0.0%
Quantros, Inc. (13)(14)	4,685,068 Warrants	10/7/2019	139	139	0.0%
Valant Medical Solutions,	954,478 Warrants	4/8/2019	281	281	0.0%
Inc. (13)(14)(15)	-				
Vita Topco, Inc. (13)(14)(15)	Common Shares (1,000 shares)	2/11/2019	1,000	1,442	0.1%
			1,612	2,054	0.1%
Hotel, gaming, and leisure					
IRGSE Holding Corp. (7)(13)	Class A Units (29,440,171 units) (14)	12/21/2018	21,813	589	0.1%
	Class C-1 Units (8,800,000 units)	12/21/2018	100	48	0.0%
			21,913	637	0.1%
Human resource support services					
ClearCompany, LLC (13)(15)	Class A Units (44,944 units)	8/24/2018	2,014	2,255	0.2%
DaySmart Holdings, LLC (13)(14)(15)	Class A Units (125,810 units)	10/1/2019	1,000	1,000	0.1%
			3,014	3,255	0.3%
Insurance					
Riskonnect, Inc. (13)	Common Shares Class A (1,020 units)	6/30/2017	1,020	1,412	0.1%
	Common Shares Class B (987,929 units)	6/30/2017	10	14	0.0%
			1,030	1,426	0.1%
Internet Services					
Lucidworks, Inc. (13)(14)	Series F Preferred Shares (199,054 shares)	8/2/2019	800	800	0.1%
Marketing services					
Validity, Inc. ⁽¹³⁾	Series A Preferred Shares (3,840,000 shares)	5/31/2018	3,840	12,379	1.1%
Oil, gas and consumable fuels					
Mississippi Resources, LLC (7)(13)	Class A-0 Member Units (1,000 units) (14)	12/12/2019	6,693	5,104	0.5%
	Class A-1 Member Units (1,360 units)	5/3/2017	10,366	_	0.0%
	Class A-2 Member Units (933 units)	6/4/2014	8,874	—	0.0%
			25,933	5,104	0.5%
		16			

Total Equity and Other Investments		87,559	63,113	5.6%
Total Investments		\$2,238,037	\$ 2,245,928	200.6 %
	Interest Rate Swaps as of December 31, 2019			

	Company Receives	Company Pays	Maturity Date	Notional Amount	Fair Market Value	Upfront (Payments) / Receipts	Change in Unrealized Gains / (Losses)
Interest rate swap (a)	L	1.97%	6/25/2020 \$	91,500	\$ (75)	\$ —	\$ (75)
Interest rate swap (a)	L	1.47%	7/30/2021	11,700	38	—	38
Interest rate swap (a)	L	1.36%	7/29/2022	3,200	24	—	24
Interest rate swap (a)	4.50%	L + 2.37%	8/1/2022	115,000	1,221	—	3,098
Interest rate swap (a)	4.50%	L + 1.59%	8/1/2022	50,000	1,533	—	994
Interest rate swap (a)	4.50%	L + 1.60%	8/1/2022	7,500	228	—	150
Interest rate swap (a)	4.50%	L + 1.99%	1/22/2023	150,000	3,562	—	4,100
Interest rate swap (a)(b)	L	1.72%	1/10/2020	_		—	(378)
Interest rate swap (a)(b)	4.50%	L + 2.86%	12/15/2019		—	—	1,285
Interest rate swap (a)(b)	L	2.66%	6/27/2019		—	—	(42)
Total			_	428,900	6,531		9,194
Interest rate swap (a)(c)	3.875%	L + 2.25%	11/1/2024	300,000	(1,787)	—	(1,787)
Total			-	300,000	(1,787)		(1,787)
Cash collateral					(3,737)	_	_
Total derivatives			\$	728,900	\$ 1,007	\$	\$ 7,407

(a) Contains a variable rate structure. Bears interest at a rate determined by three-month LIBOR.

(b) Interest rate swap was terminated or matured in 2019.

- (c) Instrument is used in a hedge accounting relationship. The associated change in fair value is recorded along with the change in fair value of the hedged item within interest expense.
- (1) Certain portfolio company investments are subject to contractual restrictions on sales.
- (2) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts and premiums, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.
- (3) Investment contains a variable rate structure, subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR" or "L") (which can include one-, two-, three- or six-month LIBOR), Euro Interbank Offer Rate ("Euribor" or "E") (which can include one-, two-, three-, or six-month Euribor), Canadian Dollar Offered Rate ("CDOR" or "C"), Bank Bill Swap Bid Rate ("BBSY" or "B") or an alternate base rate (which can include the Federal Funds Effective Rate, the Toronto-Dominion Bank rate, or the Prime Rate or "P"), at the borrower's option, which reset periodically based on the terms of the credit agreement. For investments with multiple interest rate contracts, the interest rate shown is the weighted average interest rate in effect at December 31, 2019.
- (4) This portfolio company is not a qualifying asset under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). Under the 1940 Act, the Company may not acquire any non-qualifying asset unless, at the time such acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of total assets. Non-qualifying assets represented 18.5% of total assets as of December 31, 2019.
- (5) In addition to the interest earned based on the stated interest rate of this investment, which is the amount reflected in this schedule, the Company may be entitled to receive additional interest as a result of an arrangement with other members in the syndicate to the extent an investment has been allocated to "first out" and "last out" tranches, whereby the "first out" tranche will have priority as to the "last out" tranche with respect to payments of principal, interest and any amounts due thereunder and the Company holds the "last out" tranche.
- (6) Under the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to be an "Affiliated Person" of, as defined in the 1940 Act, this portfolio company, as the Company owns more than 5% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities. Transactions during the year ended December 31, 2019 in which the Company was an Affiliated Person of the portfolio company are as follows:

Non-controlled, Affiliated Investments during the year ended December 31, 2019

Company	Fair Value at December 31, 2018	Gross Additions (a)	Gross Reductions (b)	Net Change In Unrealized Gain/(Loss)	Realized Gain/(Losses)	Transfers	Fair Value at December 31, 2019	Other Income	Interest Income
AFS Technologies, Inc.	\$ 45,342	\$ 4,845	\$ (1,175)	\$ 1,124	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 50,136	\$ 76	\$ 5,207
Validity, Inc.	38,590	1,489	(234)	148		(39,993)		12	1,163
Total	\$ 83,932	\$ 6,334	\$ (1,409)	\$ 1,272	\$	\$ (39,993)	\$ 50,136	\$ 88	\$ 6,370

(a) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new investments, payment-in-kind interest or dividends, the amortization of any unearned income or discounts on debt investments, as applicable.

- (b) Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investment repayments or sales, and the amortization of any premiums on debt investments, as applicable. When an investment is placed on non-accrual status, any cash flows received by the Company may be applied to the outstanding principal balance.
- (7) Under the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to be both an "Affiliated Person" of and "Control," as such terms are defined in the 1940 Act, this portfolio company, as the Company owns more than 25% of the portfolio company's outstanding voting securities or has the power to exercise control over management or policies of such portfolio company (including through a management agreement). Transactions during the year ended December 31, 2019 in which the Company was an Affiliated Person of and was deemed to Control a portfolio company are as follows:

Controlled, Affiliated Investments during the year ended December 31, 2019

Company AFS Technologies, Inc.	Fair Value at December 31, 2018		Gross Additions (a)	Red \$	Gross luctions (b) 	In	et Change Unrealized ain/(Loss) 	Realized in/(Losses) 570	<u>Ti</u> \$	ransfers	Fair Value at cember 31, 2019 	 ther come	Interest Income \$ —
IRGSE Holding Corp.	34,522	7	8,279		(1,750)		(6,244)				34,812	11	3,963
Mississippi Resources, LLC	21,978	3	1,427		_		(6,137)	(4,164)		_	13,104		1,995
Total	\$ 56,50	5 5	5 9,706	\$	(1,750)	\$	(12,381)	\$ (3,594)	\$	_	\$ 47,916	\$ 11	\$ 5,958

(a) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new investments, payment-in-kind interest or dividends, the amortization of any unearned income or discounts on debt investments, as applicable.

(b) Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investment repayments or sales, and the amortization of any premiums on debt investments, as applicable. When an investment is placed on non-accrual status, any cash flows received by the Company may be applied to the outstanding principal balance.

- (8) As of December 31, 2019, the estimated cost basis of investments for U.S. federal tax purposes was \$2,230,116, resulting in estimated gross unrealized gains and losses of \$87,386 and \$78,478, respectively.
- (9) These investments contain a fixed rate structure. The Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement to swap to a floating rate. Refer to Note 5 for further information related to the Company's interest rate swaps on investments.
- (10) In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurements* ("Topic ASC 820"), unless otherwise indicated, the fair values of all investments were determined using significant unobservable inputs and are considered Level 3 investments. See Note 6 for further information related to investments at fair value.
- (11) This investment is valued using observable inputs and is considered a Level 2 investment. See Note 6 for further information related to investments at fair value.
- (12) This investment is valued using observable inputs and is considered a Level 1 investment. See Note 6 for further information related to investments at fair value.
- (13) This equity investment is non-income producing.
- (14) All or a portion of this security was acquired in transaction exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933, and may be deemed to be "restricted securities" under the Securities Act. As of December 31, 2019, the aggregate fair value of these securities is \$23,986, or 2.1% of the Company's net assets.
- (15) Ownership of equity investments may occur through a holding company or partnership.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.



Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets (Amounts in thousands, except share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Common	Stock	Treasury	y Stock			
	Shares	Par Amount	Shares	Cost	Paid in Capital in Excess of Par	Distributable Earnings	Total Net Assets
Balance at December 31, 2019	66,524,591	\$ 666	89,080	\$ (1,359)	\$ 1,009,270	\$ 110,720	\$ 1,119,297
Net decrease in net assets resulting from operations:							
Net investment income	_	_		_	_	33,662	33,662
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments and foreign currency translation	_	_	_	_	_	(84,680)	(84,680)
Net realized gains (losses) on investments and foreign currency transactions	_	_	_	_	_	(2,081)	(2,081)
Decrease in Net Assets Resulting from Capital Share Transactions:							
Purchases of Treasury Stock	(206,964)	_	206,964	(2,932)	_	_	(2,932)
Dividends to stockholders:							
Stock issued in connection with dividend reinvestment plan	252,144	3	_	_	4,825	_	4,828
Dividends declared from net investment income	_	_		_	_	(31,358)	(31,358)
Tax reclassification of stockholders' equity in accordance with GAAP (1)	_	_	_	_	(1,016)	1,016	_
Balance at March 31, 2020	66,569,771	\$ 669	296,044	\$ (4,291)	\$ 1,013,079	\$ 27,279	\$ 1,036,736
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations:							
Net investment income	_				_	39,469	39,469
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments and						55,405	55,405
foreign currency translation	_	_	_	_		57,234	57,234
Net realized gains (losses) on investments, foreign						07,201	<i>37,</i> 2 <i>3</i> .
currency transactions, and extinguishment of debt	_	_		_	_	(833)	(833)
Decrease in Net Assets Resulting from Capital Share						(000)	(000)
Transactions:							
Repurchase of convertible notes		_			(910)		(910)
Dividends to stockholders:					. ,		, í
Stock issued in connection with dividend reinvestment plan	772,642	7			11,876		11,883
Dividends declared from net investment income	_	_		_	_	(60,978)	(60,978)
Balance at June 30, 2020	67,342,413	\$ 676	296,044	\$ (4,291)	\$ 1,024,045	\$ 62,171	\$ 1,082,601
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations:				<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Net investment income		_			_	41,104	41,104
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments and						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
foreign currency translation	_	_	_	_	_	29,775	29,775
Net realized gains (losses) on investments and foreign							
currency transactions	_	_	_	_	_	10,978	10,978
Dividends to stockholders:							
Stock issued in connection with dividend reinvestment plan	285,727	3	_	_	4,487	_	4,490
Dividends declared from net investment income						(27,728)	(27,728)
Balance at September 30, 2020	67,628,140	<u>\$679</u>	296,044	<u>\$ (4,291</u>)	\$ 1,028,532	\$ 116,300	<u>\$ 1,141,220</u>

(1) The Company's tax year end is March 31st.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets (Amounts in thousands, except share amounts) (Unaudited)

	Common		Treasur	ry Stock			
	Shares	Par Amount	Shares	Cost	Paid in Capital in Excess of Par	Distributable Earnings	Total Net Assets
Balance at December 31, 2018	65,412,817	\$ 655	89,080	\$ (1,359)	\$ 991,919	\$ 71,987	\$ 1,063,202
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations:							
Net investment income	_			_	—	26,638	26,638
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments and foreign currency translation	_	_	_	_	_	11,460	11,460
Net realized gains (losses) on investments and foreign							
currency transactions	_	—	_	—	—	647	647
Dividends to stockholders:							
Stock issued in connection with dividend reinvestment plan	300,145	3	—	—	5,583	—	5,586
Dividends declared from net investment income	_	_	_	_	_	(33,469)	(33,469)
Tax reclassification of stockholders' equity in accordance with							
GAAP (1)					(304)	304	
Balance at March 31, 2019	65,712,962	<u>\$658</u>	89,080	<u>\$ (1,359</u>)	<u>\$ 997,198</u>	\$ 77,567	<u>\$ 1,074,064</u>
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations:							
Net investment income	_	_	_	—		31,142	31,142
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments and foreign currency translation	_	_	_	_		16,423	16,423
Net realized gains (losses) on investments and foreign currency transactions	_	_	_	_	_	230	230
Dividends to stockholders:							
Stock issued in connection with dividend reinvestment plan	325,328	3		—	6,193	_	6,196
Dividends declared from net investment income						(26,412)	(26,412)
Balance at June 30, 2019	66,038,290	\$ 661	89,080	\$ (1,359)	\$ 1,003,391	\$ 98,950	\$ 1,101,643
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations:							
Net investment income	_	_		_		36,743	36,743
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments and foreign currency translation	_	_	_	_	_	(11,478)	(11,478)
Net realized gains (losses) on investments and foreign currency transactions	_		_	_	_	5,076	5,076
Dividends to stockholders:						· · · · ·	
Stock issued in connection with dividend reinvestment plan	255,083	3	_	_	4,768	_	4,771
Dividends declared from net investment income	·	_	_	_		(28,497)	(28,497)
Balance at September 30, 2019	66,293,373	\$ 664	89,080	<u>\$ (1,359</u>)	\$ 1,008,159	\$ 100,794	\$ 1,108,258

(1) The Company's tax year end is March 31st.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Amounts in thousands) (Unaudited)

		Months Ended mber 30, 2020		Months Ended ember 30, 2019
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$	124,628	\$	116,881
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets resulting from operations				
to net cash provided by (used) in operating activities:				
Net change in unrealized (gains) losses on investments		6,734		(4,733)
Net change in unrealized gains on foreign currency transactions		(863)		(765)
Net change in unrealized gains on interest rate swaps		(8,200)		(10,908)
Net realized gains on investments		(7,496)		(5,893)
Net realized gains on extinguishment of debt		(739)		
Net realized losses on foreign currency transactions		121		18
Net realized gains on interest rate swaps				(41)
Net amortization of discount on investments		(20,675)		(13,011)
Amortization of deferred financing costs		3,813		3,474
Amortization of discount on debt		416		680
Purchases and originations of investments, net		(549,087)		(817,074)
Proceeds from investments, net		21,886		14,221
Repayments on investments		698,809		490,304
Paid-in-kind interest		(6,104)		(5,443)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Interest receivable		3,283		(3,642)
Interest receivable paid-in-kind		(180)		(46)
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(3,930)		1,465
Management fees payable to affiliate		(395)		805
Incentive fees payable to affiliate		1,558		(1,562)
Payable to affiliate		1,218		1,275
Other liabilities		24,225		12,031
Net Cash Provided by (Used) in Operating Activities		289,022		(221,964)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities				
Borrowings on debt		615,250		963,003
Repayments on debt		(766,748)		(668,470)
Repurchases of debt		(31,829)		
Deferred financing costs		(4,182)		(3,555)
Purchases of treasury stock		(2,932)		
Dividends paid to stockholders		(97,064)		(71,479)
Net Cash Provided by (Used) in Financing Activities		(287,505)		219,499
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash		1,517		(2,465)
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of period		14,143		10,575
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash, End of Period	\$	15,660	\$	8,110
	<u>ъ</u>	15,000	ф Д	0,110
Supplemental Information:	*		¢	
Interest paid during the period	\$	27,308	\$	33,393
Excise and other taxes paid during the period	\$	3,955	\$	3,100
Dividends declared during the period	\$	120,064	\$	88,378
Reinvestment of dividends during the period	\$	21,201	\$	16,553

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Sixth Street Specialty Lending, Inc. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) (Amounts in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

Organization

Sixth Street Specialty Lending, Inc. (formerly known as TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.) (the "Company") is a Delaware corporation formed on July 21, 2010. The Company was formed primarily to lend to, and selectively invest in, middle-market companies in the United States. The Company has elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the 1940 Act. In addition, for tax purposes, the Company has elected to be treated as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). The Company is managed by Sixth Street Specialty Lending Advisers, LLC (formerly known as TSL Advisers, LLC) (the "Adviser"). On June 1, 2011, the Company formed a wholly-owned subsidiary, TC Lending, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company. On March 22, 2012, the Company formed a wholly-owned subsidiary, Sixth Street SL SPV, LLC (formerly known as TSL MR, LLC), a Delaware limited liability company. On May 19, 2014, the Company formed a wholly-owned subsidiary, Sixth Street SL Holding, LLC (formerly known as TSL MR, LLC), a Delaware limited liability company.

On March 21, 2014, the Company completed its initial public offering ("IPO") and the Company's shares began trading on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") under the symbol "TSLX."

Effective June 15, 2020, the Company changed its name from TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. to Sixth Street Specialty Lending, Inc.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"), and include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for the fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements for the periods presented have been included. The results of operations for interim periods are not indicative of results to be expected for the full year. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Certain financial information that is normally included in annual financial statements, including certain financial statement footnotes, prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, is not required for interim reporting purposes and has been condensed or omitted herein. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and notes related thereto included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019, which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), on February 19, 2020.

Certain prior period information has been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. These reclassifications have no effect on the Company's financial position or its results of operations as previously reported.

The Company is an investment company and, therefore, applies the specialized accounting and reporting guidance in Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 946, *Financial Services – Investment Companies*.

Fiscal Year End

The Company's fiscal year ends on December 31.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates and such differences could be material.



Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents may consist of demand deposits, highly liquid investments (e.g., money market funds, U.S. Treasury notes, and similar type instruments) with original maturities of three months or less, and restricted cash pledged as collateral. Cash and cash equivalents denominated in U.S. dollars are carried at cost, which approximates fair value. The Company deposits its cash and cash equivalents with highly-rated banking corporations and, at times, cash deposits may exceed the insured limits under applicable law.

Investments at Fair Value

Loan originations are recorded on the date of the binding commitment, which is generally the funding date. Investment transactions purchased through the secondary markets are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds received (excluding prepayment fees, if any) and the amortized cost basis of the investment without regard to unrealized gains or losses previously recognized, and include investments charged off during the period, net of recoveries. The net change in unrealized gains or losses primarily reflects the change in investment values and also includes the reversal of previously recorded unrealized gains or losses with respect to investments realized during the period.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are typically valued at those market quotations. To validate market quotations, the Company utilizes a number of factors to determine if the quotations are representative of fair value, including the source and number of the quotations. Debt and equity securities that are not publicly traded or whose market prices are not readily available, as is the case for substantially all of our investments, are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board"), based on, among other things, the input of the Adviser, the Company's Audit Committee and independent third-party valuation firms engaged at the direction of the Board.

As part of the valuation process, the Board takes into account relevant factors in determining the fair value of its investments, including and in combination of: the estimated enterprise value of a portfolio company (that is, the total value of the portfolio company's net debt and equity), the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments based on its earnings and cash flow, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, a comparison of the portfolio company's securities to any similar publicly traded securities, and overall changes in the interest rate environment and the credit markets that may affect the price at which similar investments may be made in the future. When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, the Board considers whether the pricing indicated by the external event corroborates its valuation.

The Board undertakes a multi-step valuation process, which includes, among other procedures, the following:

- The valuation process begins with each investment being initially valued by the investment professionals responsible for the portfolio investment in conjunction with the portfolio management team.
- The Adviser's management reviews the preliminary valuations with the investment professionals. Agreed upon valuation recommendations are
 presented to the Audit Committee.
- The Audit Committee reviews the valuations presented and recommends values for each investment to the Board.
- The Board reviews the recommended valuations and determines the fair value of each investment; valuations that are not based on readily available market quotations are valued in good faith based on, among other things, the input of the Adviser, Audit Committee and, where applicable, other third parties including independent third-party valuation firms engaged at the direction of the Board.

The Company conducts this valuation process on a quarterly basis.

The Board has engaged independent third-party valuation firms to perform certain limited procedures that the Board has identified and requested them to perform in connection with the valuation process. At September 30, 2020, the independent third-party valuation firms performed their procedures over substantially all of the Company's investments. Upon completion of such limited procedures, the third-party valuation firms concluded that the fair value, as determined by the Board, of those investments subjected to their limited procedures, appeared reasonable.

The Company applies Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurement* ("ASC Topic 820"), as amended, which establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with U.S. GAAP and required disclosures of fair value measurements. ASC Topic 820 determines fair value to be the price that would be received for an investment in a current sale, which assumes an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Market participants are defined as buyers and sellers in the principal or most advantageous market (which may be a hypothetical market) that are independent, knowledgeable, and willing and able to transact. In accordance with ASC Topic 820, the Company considers its principal market to be the market that has the greatest volume and level of activity. ASC Topic 820 specifies a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes and ranks the level of observability of inputs used in determination of fair value. In accordance with ASC Topic 820, these levels are summarized below:

- Level 1—Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2—Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3—Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Transfers between levels, if any, are recognized at the beginning of the quarter in which the transfers occur. In addition to using the above inputs in investment valuations, the Company applies the valuation policy approved by its Board that is consistent with ASC Topic 820. Consistent with the valuation policy, the Company evaluates the source of inputs, including any markets in which its investments are trading (or any markets in which securities with similar attributes are trading), in determining fair value. When a security is valued based on prices provided by reputable dealers or pricing services (that is, broker quotes), the Company subjects those prices to various additional criteria in making the determination as to whether a particular investment would qualify for treatment as a Level 2 or Level 3 investment. For example, the Company reviews pricing provided by dealers or pricing services in order to determine if observable market information is being used, versus unobservable inputs. Some additional factors considered include the number of prices obtained as well as an assessment as to their quality, such as the depth of the relevant market relative to the size of the Company's position.

Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of the Company's investments may fluctuate from period to period. Additionally, the fair value of such investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments and may differ materially from the values that may ultimately be realized. Further, such investments are generally less liquid than publicly traded securities and may be subject to contractual and other restrictions on resale. If the Company were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, it could realize amounts that are different from the amounts presented and such differences could be material.

In addition, changes in the market environment, including the impact of changes in broader market indices and credit spreads, and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the unrealized gains or losses reflected herein.

Financial and Derivative Instruments

The Company recognizes all derivative instruments as assets or liabilities at fair value in its consolidated financial statements, pursuant to ASC Topic 815 *Derivatives and Hedging*, further clarified by the FASB's issuance of the Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2017-12, *Derivatives and Hedging*, which was adopted in 2019 by the Company. For all derivative instruments designated in a hedge accounting relationship, the entire change in the fair value of the hedging instrument shall be recorded in the same line item of the Consolidated Statements of Operations as the hedged item. The Company uses certain interest rate swaps as derivative instruments to hedge the Company's fixed rate debt, and therefore both the periodic payment and the change in fair value for the effective hedge, if applicable, will be recognized as components of interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Operations. For derivative contracts entered into by the Company that are not designated in a hedge accounting relationship the Company presents changes in the fair value through current period earnings.

In the normal course of business, the Company has commitments and risks resulting from its investment transactions, which may include those involving derivative instruments. Derivative instruments are measured in terms of the notional contract amount and derive their value based upon one or more underlying instruments. While the notional amount gives some indication of the Company's derivative activity, it generally is not exchanged, but is only used as the basis on which interest and other payments are exchanged. Derivative instruments are subject to various risks similar to non-derivative instruments including market, credit, liquidity, and operational risks. The Company manages these risks on an aggregate basis as part of its risk management process.

Derivatives, including the Company's interest rate swaps, for which broker quotes are available are typically valued at those broker quotes.

Offsetting Assets and Liabilities

Foreign currency forward contract and interest rate swap receivables or payables pending settlement are offset, and the net amount is included with receivable or payable for foreign currency forward contracts or interest rate swaps in the consolidated balance sheets when, and only when, they are with the same counterparty, the Company has the legal right to offset the recognized amounts, and it intends to either settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Foreign Currency

Foreign currency amounts are translated into U.S. dollars on the following basis:

- cash and cash equivalents, market value of investments, outstanding debt on revolving credit facilities, other assets and liabilities: at the spot exchange rate on the last business day of the period; and
- purchases and sales of investments, borrowings and repayments of such borrowings, income and expenses: at the rates of exchange prevailing on the
 respective dates of such transactions.

Although net assets and fair values are presented based on the applicable foreign exchange rates described above, the Company does not isolate that portion of the results of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in fair values of investments held. Such fluctuations are included with the net realized and unrealized gain or loss from investments. The Company's current approach to hedging the foreign currency exposure in its non-U.S. dollar denominated investments is primarily to borrow the par amount in local currency under the Company's Revolving Credit Facility to fund these investments. Fluctuations arising from the translation of foreign currency borrowings are included with the net change in unrealized gains (losses) on translation of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies on the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Investments denominated in foreign currencies and foreign currency transactions may involve certain considerations and risks not typically associated with those of domestic origin, including unanticipated movements in the value of the foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar.

Equity Offering Expenses

The Company records expenses related to equity offerings as a reduction of capital upon completion of an offering of registered securities. The costs associated with renewals of the Company's shelf registration statement are expensed as incurred.

Debt Issuance Costs

The Company records origination and other expenses related to its debt obligations as deferred financing costs, which are presented as a direct deduction from the carrying value of the related debt liability. These expenses are deferred and amortized using the effective interest method, or straight-line method, over the stated maturity of the debt obligation.

Interest and Dividend Income Recognition

Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis and includes the amortization of discounts and premiums. Discounts and premiums to par value on securities purchased or originated are amortized into interest income over the contractual life of the respective security using the effective interest method. The amortized cost of investments represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts and premiums, if any.

Unless providing services in connection with an investment, such as syndication, structuring or diligence, all or a portion of any loan fees received by the Company will be deferred and amortized over the investment's life using the effective interest method.

Loans are generally placed on non-accrual status when principal or interest payments are past due 30 days or more or when management has reasonable doubt that the borrower will pay principal or interest in full. Accrued and unpaid interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment regarding collectability. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest has been paid and, in management's judgment, the borrower is likely to make principal and interest payments in the future. Management may determine to not place a loan on non-accrual status if, notwithstanding any failure to pay, the loan has sufficient collateral value and is in the process of collection.

Dividend income on preferred equity securities is recorded on an accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are payable by the portfolio company and are expected to be collected. Dividend income on common equity securities is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the exdividend date for publicly-traded portfolio companies.



Other Income

From time to time, the Company may receive fees for services provided to portfolio companies by the Adviser. The services that the Adviser provides vary by investment, but may include syndication, structuring, diligence fees, or other service-based fees, and fees for providing managerial assistance to our portfolio companies and are recognized as revenue when earned.

Reimbursement of Transaction-Related Expenses

The Company may receive reimbursement for certain transaction-related expenses in pursuing investments. Transaction-related expenses, which are expected to be reimbursed by third parties, are typically deferred until the transaction is consummated and are recorded in Prepaid expenses and other assets on the date incurred. The transaction-related costs of pursuing investments not otherwise reimbursed are borne by the Company and for successfully completed investments included as a component of the investment's cost basis.

Cash advances received in respect of transaction-related expenses are recorded as Cash and cash equivalents with an offset to Other liabilities or Payables to affiliates. Other liabilities or Payables to affiliates are relieved as reimbursable expenses are incurred.

Income Taxes, Including Excise Taxes

The Company has elected to be treated as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code, and the Company intends to operate in a manner so as to continue to qualify for the tax treatment applicable to RICs. To qualify as a RIC, the Company must, among other things, distribute to its stockholders in each taxable year generally at least 90% of its investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code, and net tax-exempt income for that taxable year. To maintain its RIC status, the Company, among other things, has made and intends to continue to make the requisite distributions to its stockholders, which generally relieves the Company from corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes.

The Company evaluates tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing its financial statements to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" to be sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the "more-likely-than-not" threshold are reserved and recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. All penalties and interest associated with income taxes are included in income tax expense. Conclusions regarding tax positions are subject to review and may be adjusted at a later date based on factors including, but not limited to, on-going analyses of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof.

Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, the Company can be expected to carry forward taxable income (including net capital gains, if any) in excess of current year dividend distributions from the current tax year into the next tax year and pay a nondeductible 4% U.S. federal excise tax on such taxable income, as required. To the extent that the Company determines that the estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions from such income, the Company accrues excise tax on estimated excess taxable income.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, we recorded a net expense of \$2.0 million and \$4.0 million, respectively, for U.S. federal excise tax and other taxes. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, we recorded a net expense of \$1.6 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, for U.S. federal excise tax and other taxes.

Dividends to Common Stockholders

Dividends to common stockholders are recorded on the record date. The amount to be paid out as a dividend is determined by the Board and is generally based upon the earnings estimated by the Adviser. Net realized long-term capital gains, if any, would generally be distributed at least annually, although the Company may decide to retain such capital gains.

The Company has adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides for reinvestment of any dividends declared in cash on behalf of stockholders, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash. As a result, if the Board authorizes, and it declares, a cash dividend, then the stockholders who have not "opted out" of the dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash dividends automatically reinvested in additional shares of the Company's common stock, rather than receiving the cash dividend. The Company expects to use newly issued shares to satisfy the dividend reinvestment plan.



New Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2018, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update 2018-13 ("ASU 2018-13") "Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosure Framework – Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement." This guidance modifies the disclosure requirements on fair value measurements in ASC Topic 820, by eliminating, amending, and adding certain disclosure requirements. ASU 2018-13 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The Company's adoption of this guidance did not have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations, cash flows or notes to the consolidated financial statements.

In March 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update 2020-04 ("ASU 2020-04") "Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting." This guidance provides optional expedients and exceptions for applying generally accepted accounting principles to contract modifications and hedging relationships, subject to meeting certain criteria, that reference LIBOR or another reference rate expected to be discontinued. ASU 2020-04 is effective for all entities as of March 12, 2020 through December 31, 2022. The Company expects that the adoption of this guidance will not have a material impact on the Company's financial position, result of operations or cash flows.

In August 2020, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update 2020-06 ("ASU 2020-06") "Debt – Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20) and Derivatives and Hedging—Contracts in Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40): Accounting for Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity's Own Equity." This guidance reduces the number of accounting models for convertible instruments and makes targeted improvements to the disclosures for convertible instruments and earnings per share guidance. ASU 2020-06 is effective for public business entities for annual and interim periods in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. The Company is currently evaluating the impact, if any, of adopting this ASU on our financial statements.

3. Agreements and Related Party Transactions

Administration Agreement

On March 15, 2011, the Company entered into the Administration Agreement with the Adviser. Under the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser provides administrative services to the Company. These services include providing office space, equipment and office services, maintaining financial records, preparing reports to stockholders and reports filed with the SEC, and managing the payment of expenses and the oversight of the performance of administrative and professional services rendered by others. Certain of these services are reimbursable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administration Agreement. In addition, the Adviser is permitted to delegate its duties under the Administration Agreement to affiliates or third parties and the Company pays or reimburses the Adviser for certain expenses incurred by any such affiliates or third parties for work done on its behalf.

In February 2017, the Board of Directors of the Company and the Adviser entered into an amended and restated administration agreement (the "Administration Agreement") reflecting certain clarifications to the agreement to provide greater detail regarding the scope of the reimbursable costs and expenses of the Administrator's services.

In November 2020, the Board renewed the Administration Agreement. Unless earlier terminated as described below, the Administration Agreement will remain in effect until November 2021, and may be extended subject to required approvals. The Administration Agreement may be terminated by either party without penalty on 60 days' written notice to the other party.

No person who is an officer, director or employee of the Adviser or its affiliates and who serves as a director of the Company receives any compensation from the Company for his or her services as a director. However, the Company reimburses the Adviser (or its affiliates) for the allocable portion of the costs of compensation, benefits, and related administrative expenses of our officers who provide operational and administrative services to us pursuant to the Administration Agreement, their respective staffs and other professionals who provide services to us (including, in each case, employees of the Adviser or an affiliate). Such reimbursable amounts include the allocable portion of the compensation paid by the Adviser or its affiliates to the Company's Chief Financial Officer, Chief Compliance Officer, and other professionals who provide operational and administrative services to us pursuant to the Administration Agreement, including individuals who provide "back office" or "middle office" financial, operational, legal and/or compliance services to us. The Company reimburses the Adviser (or its affiliates) for the allocable portion of the compensation paid by the Adviser (or its affiliates) to such individuals based on the percentage of time those individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to the business and affairs of the Company and in acting on behalf of the Company. The Company may also reimburse the Adviser or its affiliates for the allocable portion of overhead expenses (including rent, office equipment and utilities) attributable thereto. Directors who are not affiliated with the Adviser receive compensation for their services and reimbursement of expenses incurred to attend meetings.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company incurred expenses of \$1.1 million and \$3.4 million, respectively, for administrative services payable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administration Agreement. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, the Company incurred expenses of \$1.2 million and \$3.3 million, respectively, for administrative services payable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administrative services payable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administrative services payable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administrative services payable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administrative services payable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administration Agreement.

Investment Advisory Agreement

On April 15, 2011, the Company entered into the Investment Advisory Agreement with the Adviser. The Investment Advisory Agreement was subsequently amended on December 12, 2011. Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Adviser provides investment advisory services to the Company. The Adviser's services under the Investment Advisory Agreement are not exclusive, and the Adviser is free to furnish similar or other services to others so long as its services to the Company are not impaired. Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Company will pay the Adviser the Management Fee and may also pay certain Incentive Fees.

The Management Fee is calculated at an annual rate of 1.5% based on the average value of the Company's gross assets calculated using the values at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters, adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the period. The Management Fee is payable quarterly in arrears.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, Management Fees were \$7.8 million and \$23.7 million, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, Management Fees were \$7.9 million and \$21.9 million, respectively.

The Adviser intends to waive a portion of the Management Fee payable under the Investment Advisory Agreement by reducing the Management Fee on assets financed using leverage over 200% asset coverage (in other words, over 1.0x debt to equity) (the "Leverage Waiver"). Pursuant to the Leverage Waiver, the Adviser intends to waive the portion of the Management Fee in excess of an annual rate of 1.0% (0.250% per quarter) on the average value of the Company's gross assets as of the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters that exceeds the product of (i) 200% and (ii) the average value of our net asset value at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters. Any waived Management Fees are not subject to recoupment by the Adviser. As of September 30, 2020, no Management Fees have been waived pursuant to the Leverage Waiver.

The Incentive Fee consists of two parts, as follows:

(i) The first component, payable at the end of each quarter in arrears, equals 100% of the pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of a 1.5% quarterly "hurdle rate," the calculation of which is further explained below, until the Adviser has received 17.5% of the total pre-Incentive Fee net investment income for that quarter and, for pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of 1.82% quarterly, 17.5% of all remaining pre-Incentive Fee net investment income for that quarter. The 100% "catch-up" provision for pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of the 1.5% "hurdle rate" is intended to provide the Adviser with an Incentive Fee of 17.5% on all pre-Incentive Fee net investment income when that amount equals 1.82% in a quarter (7.28% annualized), which is the rate at which catch-up is achieved. Once the "hurdle rate" is reached and catch-up is achieved, 17.5% of any pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of 1.82% in any quarter is payable to the Adviser.

Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income means dividends, interest and fee income accrued by the Company during the calendar quarter, minus the Company's operating expenses for the quarter (including the Management Fee, expenses payable under the Administration Agreement to the Administrator, and any interest expense and dividends paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock, but excluding the Incentive Fee). Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as original issue discount, debt instruments with pay-in-kind interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that the Company may not have received in cash. Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital gains or losses.

(ii) The second component, payable at the end of each fiscal year in arrears, equaled 15% through March 31, 2014 and, beginning April 1, 2014, equals a weighted percentage of cumulative realized capital gains from the Company's inception to the end of that fiscal year, less cumulative realized capital losses and unrealized capital losses. This component of the Incentive Fee is referred to as the Capital Gains Fee. Each year, the fee paid for this component of the Incentive Fee is net of the aggregate amount of any previously paid Capital Gains Fee for prior periods. For capital gains that accrue following March 31, 2014, the Incentive Fee rate is 17.5%. The Company accrues, but does not pay, a capital gains Incentive Fee with respect to unrealized capital gains. The weighted percentage was intended to ensure that for each fiscal year following the completion of the IPO, the portion of the Company's realized capital gains that accrued prior to March 31, 2014, was subject to an Incentive Fee rate of 15% and the portion of the Company's realized capital gains that accrued beginning April 1, 2014, and as a result, the Incentive Fee rate of 17.5% is applicable to any future realized capital gains.



For purposes of determining whether pre-Incentive Fee net investment income exceeds the hurdle rate, pre-Incentive Fee net investment income is expressed as a rate of return on the value of the Company's net assets at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter.

Section 205(b)(3) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended, or the Advisers Act, prohibits the Adviser from receiving the payment of fees on unrealized gains until those gains are realized, if ever. There can be no assurance that such unrealized gains will be realized in the future.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, Incentive Fees were \$8.7 million and \$24.2 million, respectively, all of which were realized and payable to the Adviser. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, Incentive Fees were \$7.8 million and \$20.1 million, respectively, all of which were realized and payable to the Adviser.

Since the Company's IPO, with the exception of its waiver of Management Fees and certain Incentive Fees attributable to the Company's ownership of certain investments and the Leverage Waiver, the Adviser has not waived its right to receive any Management Fees or Incentive Fees payable pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement.

In November 2020, the Board renewed the Investment Advisory Agreement. Unless earlier terminated as described below, the Investment Advisory Agreement will remain in effect until November 2021, and may be extended subject to required approvals. The Investment Advisory Agreement will automatically terminate in the event of an assignment and may be terminated by either party without penalty upon 60 days' written notice to the other party.

From time to time, the Adviser may pay amounts owed by the Company to third-party providers of goods or services, including the Board, and the Company will subsequently reimburse the Adviser for such amounts paid on its behalf. Amounts payable to the Adviser are settled in the normal course of business without formal payment terms.

4. Investments at Fair Value

Under the 1940 Act, the Company is required to separately identify non-controlled investments where it owns 5% or more of a portfolio company's outstanding voting securities as investments in "affiliated" companies. In addition, under the 1940 Act, the Company is required to separately identify investments where it owns more than 25% of a portfolio company's outstanding voting securities and/or had the power to exercise control over the management or policies of such portfolio company as investments in "controlled" companies. Detailed information with respect to the Company's non-controlled, non-affiliated; and controlled, affiliated investments is contained in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, including the consolidated schedules of investments. The information in the tables below is presented on an aggregate portfolio basis, without regard to whether they are non-controlled, non-affiliated; non-controlled, affiliated; non-controlled; no

Investments at fair value consisted of the following at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

			Septe	mber 30, 2020		
	Amo	ortized Cost (1)		Fair Value	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss)	
First-lien debt investments	\$	1,980,592	\$	1,995,230	\$	14,638
Second-lien debt investments		9,172		9,201		29
Mezzanine debt investments		6,652		9,417		2,765
Equity and other investments		103,191		86,917		(16,274)
Total Investments	\$	2,099,607	\$	2,100,765	\$	1,158
Total Investments	Ψ	_,,		_,,		_,
Total Investments	φ	_,,	_	_,,	-	_,
10tal Investments	Ψ		Dece	mber 31, 2019	-	_,
						Unrealized ain (Loss)
First-lien debt investments	<u>Ame</u>			mber 31, 2019		: Unrealized
		ortized Cost (1)		mber 31, 2019 Fair Value	G	: Unrealized ain (Loss)
First-lien debt investments		ortized Cost (1) 2,143,831		mber 31, 2019 Fair Value 2,176,118	G	: Unrealized ain (Loss)
First-lien debt investments Second-lien debt investments		ortized Cost (1) 2,143,831 4,147		mber 31, 2019 Fair Value 2,176,118 4,147	G	Unrealized ain (Loss) 32,287 —

(1) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts or premiums, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.



The industry composition of investments at fair value at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 is as follows:

	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Beverage, food and tobacco		2.2%
Business services	22.9%	16.8%
Chemicals	0.7%	0.3%
Communications	2.0%	1.5%
Education	7.4%	9.2%
Electronics	—	0.1%
Financial services	16.0%	13.7%
Healthcare	8.7%	8.1%
Hotel, gaming and leisure	1.6%	1.6%
Human resource support services	9.1%	8.2%
Insurance	2.5%	2.3%
Internet services	5.2%	4.8%
Marketing services	2.2%	2.0%
Office products	0.4%	0.5%
Oil, gas and consumable fuels	2.4%	4.2%
Other	0.5%	
Pharmaceuticals	3.1%	4.7%
Real Estate	1.4%	0.9%
Retail and consumer products	13.9%	14.9%
Transportation		4.0%
Total	100.0%	100.0%

The geographic composition of investments at fair value at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 is as follows:

	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
United States		
Midwest	12.9%	16.9%
Northeast	18.8%	15.8%
South	21.5%	19.2%
West	39.2%	38.8%
Australia	1.8%	1.6%
Bermuda	1.9%	1.7%
Canada	3.9%	6.0%
Total	100.0%	100.0%

5. Derivatives

Interest Rate Swaps

In February 2017, in connection with the issuance of the 2022 Convertible Notes, the Company entered into an interest rate swap transaction with a \$115.0 million notional amount. The Company receives fixed rate interest at 4.50% and pays variable rate interest based on three-month LIBOR plus 2.37%. The swap transaction matures on August 1, 2022, matching the maturity date of the 2022 Convertible Notes.

In January 2018, in connection with the issuance of the 2023 Notes, the Company entered into an interest rate swap transaction with a \$150.0 million notional amount. The Company receives fixed rate interest at 4.50% and pays variable rate interest based on three-month LIBOR plus 1.99%. The swap transaction matures on January 22, 2023, matching the maturity date of the 2023 Notes.

In June 2018, in connection with the reopening and issuance of additional 2022 Convertible Notes, the Company entered into two interest rate swap transactions with notional amounts of \$50.0 million and \$7.5 million, respectively. The Company receives fixed rate interest on each swap at 4.50%, and pays variable rate interest based on three-month LIBOR plus 1.59%, and 1.60%, respectively. The swap transactions mature on August 1, 2022, matching the maturity date of the 2022 Convertible Notes.



In June 2019, upon maturity of the original swap transaction on an existing fixed rate investment, the Company entered into an interest rate swap transaction with a \$91.5 million notional amount. The Company received three-month LIBOR and paid fixed rate interest at 1.97%. In April 2020, in connection with the repayment of the underlying investment, the Company terminated this interest rate swap.

In August 2019, in connection with two fixed rate investments, the Company entered into two interest rate swap transactions with notional amounts of \$11.7 million and \$3.2 million, respectively. The Company receives three-month LIBOR and pays fixed rate interest at 1.47% and 1.36%, respectively. The swap transactions mature on July 30, 2021 and July 29, 2022, respectively, matching the expected repayment dates of each investment.

In November 2019, in connection with the issuance of the 2024 Notes, the Company entered into an interest rate swap transaction with a \$300.0 million notional amount. The Company receives fixed rate interest at 3.875% and pays variable rate interest based on three-month LIBOR plus 2.25%. The swap transaction matures on November 1, 2024, matching the maturity date of the 2024 Notes. The Company designated this interest rate swap as the hedging instrument in a hedge accounting relationship with the 2024 Notes.

In February 2020, in connection with the reopening and issuance of additional 2024 Notes, the Company entered into an interest rate swap transaction with a \$50.0 million notional amount. The Company receives fixed rate interest at 3.875% and pays variable rate interest based on three-month LIBOR plus 2.46%. The swap transaction matures on November 1, 2024, matching the maturity date of the additional 2024 Notes. The Company designated this interest rate swap as the hedging instrument in a hedge accounting relationship with the additional 2024 Notes.

In May 2020, in connection with the repurchase of \$29.7 million of the 2022 Convertible Notes, the Company entered into two interest rate swap transactions with \$27.5 million and \$2.2 million notional amounts. The Company pays fixed rate interest at 4.5% and receives variable rate interest based on three-month LIBOR plus 2.11%. The swap transactions mature on August 1, 2022, matching the maturity date of the 2022 Convertible Notes.

In May 2020, in connection with the repurchase of \$2.5 million of the 2024 Notes, the Company entered into an interest rate swap transaction with \$2.5 million notional amount. The Company pays fixed rate interest at 3.875% and receives variable rate interest based on three-month LIBOR plus 2.28%. The swap transaction matures on November 1, 2024, matching the maturity date of the 2024 Notes. At the same time, the Company de-designated \$2.5 million notional amount of the existing interest rate swaps related to the 2024 Notes as hedging instruments in a hedge accounting relationship with the 2024 Notes.

In June 2020, in connection with two fixed rate investments, the Company entered into two interest rate swap transactions with notional amounts of \$5.0 million and \$2.2 million. The Company receives three-month LIBOR and pays fixed rate interest at 0.33% and 0.26%, respectively. The swap transactions mature on June 9, 2023 and July 29, 2022, respectively, matching the expected repayment dates of each investment.

The following tables present the amounts paid and received on the Company's interest rate swap transactions, excluding upfront fees, for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

			For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2020			For the Nine M	Aonths Ended Sept	ember 30, 2020
	Maturity Date	Notional Amount	Paid	Received	Net	Paid	Received	Net
Interest rate swap (1)(2)	6/25/2020	\$ 91,500	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (456)	\$ 440	\$ (16)
Interest rate swap (1)	7/30/2021	11,700	(44)	9	(35)	(131)	102	(29)
Interest rate swap (1)	7/29/2022	3,200	(11)	3	(8)	(33)	29	(4)
Interest rate swap (1)	7/29/2022	2,150	(1)	1	(0)	(2)	2	(0)
Interest rate swap	8/1/2022	115,000	(787)	1,294	507	(3,135)	3,881	746
Interest rate swap	8/1/2022	50,000	(243)	563	320	(1,067)	1,688	621
Interest rate swap	8/1/2022	7,500	(37)	84	47	(160)	253	93
Interest rate swap	8/1/2022	27,531	(306)	168	(138)	(623)	411	(212)
Interest rate swap	8/1/2022	2,160	(24)	13	(11)	(49)	32	(17)
Interest rate swap	1/22/2023	150,000	(882)	1,688	806	(3,658)	5,062	1,404
Interest rate swap (1)	6/9/2023	5,000	(4)	4	(0)	(5)	4	(1)
Interest rate swap	11/1/2024	300,000	(1,954)	2,906	952	(7,763)	8,719	956
Interest rate swap	11/1/2024	50,000	(352)	484	132	(1,105)	1,238	133
Interest rate swap	11/1/2024	2,500	(24)	16	(8)	(49)	39	(10)
Total		\$ 818,241	\$ (4,669)	\$ 7,233	\$ 2,564	\$ (18,236)	\$ 21,900	\$ 3,664

			For t	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2019			For	the Nine N	/Ionths	s Ended Septe	mber	30, 2019	
	Maturity Date	Notional Amount	Pa	aid	Received		Net	Pa	aid	F	Received		Net
Interest rate swap (1)(3)	6/27/2019	\$ 91,500	\$		\$ -	- 9	\$ —	\$	(1,233)	\$	1,256	\$	23
Interest rate swap	12/15/2019	115,000	((1,532)	1,2	94	(238)		(4,762)		3,881		(881)
Interest rate swap (1)(3)	1/10/2020	33,333		(698)	7	64	66		(2,094)		2,340		246
Interest rate swap	6/25/2020	91,500		(451)	5.	<u>29</u>	78		(451)		529		78
Interest rate swap (1)	7/30/2021	11,700		(13)		9	6		(13)		19		6
Interest rate swap (1)	7/29/2020	3,200		(4)		6	2		(4)		6		2
Interest rate swap	8/1/2022	115,000	((1,412)	1,2	94	(118)		(4,312)		3,881		(431)
Interest rate swap	8/1/2022	50,000		(512)	5	52	50		(1,580)		1,688		108
Interest rate swap	8/1/2022	7,500		(77)	;	34	7		(237)		253		16
Interest rate swap	1/22/2023	150,000	((1,694)	1,6	38	(6)		(5,195)		5,063		(132)
Total		\$ 668,733	\$ ((6,393)	\$ 6,2	10 5	\$ (153)	\$ ((19,881)	\$	18,916	\$	(965)

(1) The notional amount of certain interest rate swaps may be more or less than the Company's investment in individual portfolio companies as a result of arrangements with other lenders in the syndicate, amortization, or interest income paid-in-kind.

- (2) In April 2020, this interest rate swap was terminated due to repayment of the underlying investment.
- (3) As of September 30, 2019, the notional amount of these interest rate swaps was zero.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company recognized \$1.5 million in net change in unrealized losses and \$8.2 million in net change in unrealized gains, respectively, on interest rate swaps not designated as hedging instruments in the consolidated statement of operations related to the swap transactions. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company recognized \$1.2 million in net change in unrealized losses and \$19.9 million in net change in unrealized gains, respectively, on interest rate swaps designated as hedging instruments as a component of interest expense in the consolidated statement of operations. This amount is offset by a decrease of \$1.2 million and increase of \$19.9 million, respectively, for a change in the carrying value of the 2024 Notes. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, the Company recognized \$1.5 million and \$10.9 million, respectively, in net change in unrealized gains on interest rate swaps in the consolidated statement of operations.

As of September 30, 2020, the swap transactions had a fair value of \$31.3 million which is netted against cash collateral received on the Company's consolidated balance sheet. As of December 31, 2019, the swap transactions had a fair value of \$4.7 million which is netted against cash collateral received on the Company's consolidated balance sheet.

The Company is required under the terms of its derivatives agreements to pledge assets as collateral to secure its obligations under the derivatives. The amount of collateral required varies over time based on the mark-to-market value, notional amount and remaining term of the derivatives, and may exceed the amount owed by the Company on a mark-to-market basis. Any failure by the Company to fulfill any collateral requirement (e.g., a so-called "margin call") may result in a default. In the event of a default by a counterparty, the Company would be an unsecured creditor to the extent of any such overcollateralization.

As of September 30, 2020, \$11.8 million of cash is pledged as collateral under the Company's derivative instruments and is included in restricted cash as a component of cash and cash equivalents on the Company's consolidated balance sheet. As of December 31, 2019, \$9.3 million of cash is pledged as collateral under the Company's derivative instruments and is included in restricted cash as a component of cash and cash equivalents on the Company's consolidated balance sheet.

6. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Investments

The following tables present fair value measurements of investments as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

	Fair Value Hierarchy at September 30, 2020									
	Level 1			Level 2		Level 3		Total		
First-lien debt investments	\$	_	\$	49,697	\$	1,945,533	\$	1,995,230		
Second-lien debt investments		_		_		9,201		9,201		
Mezzanine debt investments						9,417		9,417		
Equity and other investments		3		9,628		77,286		86,917		
Total investments at fair value	\$	3	\$	59,325	\$	2,041,437	\$	2,100,765		
Interest rate swaps		—		31,330				31,330		
Total	\$	3	\$	90,655	\$	2,041,437	\$	2,132,095		

		Fair Value Hierarchy at December 31, 2019								
	Lev	Level 1 Level 2			Level 3		Total			
First-lien debt investments	\$	_	\$	17,191	\$	2,158,927	\$	2,176,118		
Second-lien debt investments		_		_		4,147		4,147		
Mezzanine debt investments				_		2,550		2,550		
Equity and other investments		6		—		63,107		63,113		
Total investments at fair value	\$	6	\$	17,191	\$	2,228,731	\$	2,245,928		
Interest rate swaps		—		4,744				4,744		
Total	\$	6	\$	21,935	\$	2,228,731	\$	2,250,672		
Total	\$	6	\$	21,935	\$	2,228,731	\$	2,250,67		

Transfers between levels, if any, are recognized at the beginning of the quarter in which the transfers occur.

The following tables present the changes in the fair value of investments for which Level 3 inputs were used to determine the fair value as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020:

	As of and for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2020									
		irst-lien debt vestments		cond-lien debt vestments	_	ezzanine debt /estments	a	Equity and other vestments		Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 1	1,870,445	\$	8,939	\$	7,485	\$	66,003	\$	1,952,872
Purchases or originations		289,113		35		9		8,431		297,588
Repayments / redemptions		(240,448)		—				(16,260)		(256,708)
Paid-in-kind interest		1,978		155		74				2,207
Net change in unrealized gains		19,768		58		1,787		7,290		28,903
Net realized gains (losses)		(1,798)		—		—		11,819		10,021
Net amortization of discount on securities		6,478		14		62				6,554
Transfers within Level 3		(3)		_		_		3		_
Transfers into (out of) Level 3		—		_		_				
Balance, End of Period	\$ 1	1,945,533	\$	9,201	\$	9,417	\$	77,286	\$	2,041,437

		As of and for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020								
	First-lien debt investments	Second-lien debt investments	Mezzanine debt investments	Equity and other investments	Total					
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 2,158,927	\$ 4,147	\$ 2,550	\$ 63,107	\$ 2,228,731					
Purchases or originations	467,859	4,809	3,847	10,614	487,129					
Repayments / redemptions	(683,500)	—	—	(16,260)	(699,760)					
Paid-in-kind interest	5,728	200	176	—	6,104					
Net change in unrealized gains (losses)	(17,008)	27	2,716	7,977	(6,288)					
Net realized gains (losses)	(5,230)	_	_	11,819	6,589					
Net amortization of discount on securities	18,786	18	128	—	18,932					
Transfers within Level 3	(29)	_	_	29	_					
Transfers into (out of) Level 3	_			_						
Balance, End of Period	\$ 1,945,533	\$ 9,201	\$ 9,417	\$ 77,286	\$ 2,041,437					

The following tables present the changes in the fair value of investments for which Level 3 inputs were used to determine the fair value as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019:

		As of and for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2019								
	First-lien debt investments	Second-lien debt investments	Mezzanine debt investments	Equity and other investments	Total					
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 2,001,181	\$ 3,333	\$ 2,544	\$ 46,096	\$ 2,053,154					
Purchases or originations	298,065	806		1,494	300,365					
Repayments / redemptions	(313,603)		_	(8,603)	(322,206)					
Paid-in-kind interest	2,217	_	_	_	2,217					
Net change in unrealized gains (losses)	(14,270)	8	(25)	(1,941)	(16,228)					
Net realized gains (losses)	(8)	_	_	4,757	4,749					
Net amortization of discount on securities	5,607	_			5,607					
Transfers within Level 3	—	_		_	_					
Transfers into (out of) Level 3	_	_	_	_						
Balance, End of Period	\$ 1,979,189	\$ 4,147	\$ 2,519	\$ 41,803	\$ 2,027,658					

	As of and for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019									
		First-lien debt vestments		econd-lien debt vestments		lezzanine debt vestments		Equity and other evestments		Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$	1,628,037	\$	4,137	\$	2,481	\$	43,234	\$	1,677,889
Purchases or originations		792,970		806		_		3,052		796,828
Repayments / redemptions		(464,099)		(796)		—		(10,238)		(475,133)
Paid-in-kind interest		5,443		—		—		—		5,443
Net change in unrealized gains (losses)		4,256		(8)		38		1,363		5,649
Net realized gains (losses)		(80)				—		4,392		4,312
Net amortization of discount on securities		12,662		8		—		_		12,670
Transfers within Level 3										
Transfers into (out of) Level 3		_		—		—		_		
Balance, End of Period	\$	1,979,189	\$	4,147	\$	2,519	\$	41,803	\$	2,027,658



The following tables present information with respect to the net change in unrealized gains or losses on investments for which Level 3 inputs were used in determining fair value that are still held by the Company at September 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Gain for the Th Septem Invest	nge in Unrealized is or (Losses) ree Months Ended iber 30, 2020 on iments Held at mber 30, 2020	Net Change in Unrealized Gains or (Losses) for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2019 on Investments Held at September 30, 2019
First-lien debt investments	\$	18,864	\$ (4,195)
Second-lien debt investments		58	8
Mezzanine debt investments		1,787	(25)
Equity and other investments		10,187	1,693
Total	\$	30,896	\$ (2,519)
	Gai for the N Septer Inves	ange in Unrealized ins or (Losses) iine Months Ended nber 30, 2020 on stments Held at ember 30, 2020	Net Change in Unrealized Gains or (Losses) for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019 on Investments Held at September 30, 2019
First-lien debt investments	\$	(1,436)	\$ 8,892
Second-lien debt investments		27	(8)
Mezzanine debt investments		2,716	38
Equity and other investments		7,999	4,074
Total	\$	9,306	\$ 12,996

The following tables present the fair value of Level 3 Investments at fair value and the significant unobservable inputs used in the valuations as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. The tables are not intended to be all-inclusive, but instead capture the significant unobservable inputs relevant to the Company's determination of fair values.

			September 30, 2020										
	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted Average)	Impact to Valuation from an Increase to Input								
First-lien debt investments	\$ 1,945,533	Income approach (1)	Discount rate	6.0% — 22.5% (9.4%)	Decrease								
Second-lien debt investments	9,201	Income approach	Discount rate	12.1% — 12.7% (12.4%)	Decrease								
Mezzanine debt investments	9,417	Income approach (2)	Discount rate	10.6% — 10.6% (10.6%)	Decrease								
Equity and other investments	77,286	Market Multiple (3)	Comparable multiple	3.5x — 14.4x (7.9x)	Increase								
Total	\$ 2,041,437												

(1) Includes \$14.5 million of debt investments which were valued using an asset valuation waterfall.

- (2) Includes \$0.2 million of debt investments which, due to the proximity of the transactions relative to the measurement date, were valued using the cost of the investments and \$4.3 million valued using a comparable multiple.
- (3) Includes \$0.2 million of equity investments which were valued using a weighted valuation approach, \$3.2 million of equity investments using a Black-Scholes model, \$15.2 million of equity investments using a discounted cash flow approach and \$2.6 million of equity investments which, due to the proximity of the transactions relative to the measurement date, were valued using the cost of the investments.

	December 31, 2019				
	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted Average)	Impact to Valuation from an Increase to Input
First-lien debt investments	\$ 2,158,927	Income approach (1)	Discount rate	5.5% — 17.9% (10.0%)	Decrease
Second-lien debt investments	4,147	Income approach	Discount rate	14.9% — 14.9% (14.9%)	Decrease
Mezzanine debt investments	2,550	Income approach	Discount rate	16.4% — 16.4% (16.4%)	Decrease
Equity and other investments	63,107	Market Multiple (2)	Comparable multiple	3.0x — 14.5x (11.3x)	Increase
Total	\$ 2,228,731				

December 21 2010

(1) Includes \$32.2 million of first-lien debt investments which, due to the proximity of the transactions relative to the measurement date, were valued using the cost of the investments.

(2) Includes \$5.7 million of equity investments which were valued using a weighted valuation approach and \$16.6 million of equity investments which, due to the proximity of the transactions relative to the measurement date, were valued using the cost of the investments.

The Company typically determines the fair value of its performing Level 3 debt investments utilizing a yield analysis. In a yield analysis, a price is ascribed for each investment based upon an assessment of current and expected market yields for similar investments and risk profiles. Additional consideration is given to the expected life, portfolio company performance since close, and other terms and risks associated with an investment. Among other factors, a determinant of risk is the amount of leverage used by the portfolio company relative to the total enterprise value of the company, and the rights and remedies of our investment within each portfolio company's capital structure.

Significant unobservable quantitative inputs typically considered in the fair value measurement of the Company's Level 3 debt investments primarily include current market yields, including relevant market indices, but may also include quotes from brokers, dealers, and pricing services as indicated by comparable investments. If debt investments are credit impaired, an enterprise value analysis may be used to value such debt investments; however, in addition to the methods outlined above, other methods such as a liquidation or wind-down analysis may be utilized to estimate enterprise value. For the Company's Level 3 equity investments, multiples of similar companies' revenues, earnings before income taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") or some combination thereof and comparable market transactions are typically used.

Financial Instruments Not Carried at Fair Value

Debt

The fair value of the Company's Revolving Credit Facility, which is categorized as Level 3 within the fair value hierarchy, as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, approximates its carrying value as the outstanding balance is callable at carrying value.

The fair value of the Company's 2022 Convertible Notes, 2023 Notes and 2024 Notes, which are categorized as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy, as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, was \$654.9 million and \$640.1 million, respectively, based on broker quotes received by the Company. The aggregate principal amount of the Company's 2022 Convertible Notes, 2023 Notes and 2024 Notes, as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, was \$640.3 million and \$640.3 million and \$622.5 million, respectively.

Other Financial Assets and Liabilities

The carrying amounts of the Company's assets and liabilities, other than investments at fair value and the 2022 Convertible Notes, 2023 Notes and 2024 Notes, approximate fair value due to their short maturities or their close proximity of the originations to the measurement date. Under the fair value hierarchy, cash and cash equivalents are classified as Level 1 while the Company's other assets and liabilities, other than investments at fair value and Revolving Credit Facility, are classified as Level 2.

7. Debt

In accordance with the 1940 Act, with certain limitations, the Company is allowed to borrow amounts such that its asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, is at least 150% after such borrowing. As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company's asset coverage was 222.7% and 200.4%, respectively.



Debt obligations consisted of the following as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

		Septemb	er 30,	2020	
	Aggregate Principal Amount Committed	utstanding Principal	1	Amount Available (1)	Carrying /alue (2)(3)
Revolving Credit Facility	\$ 1,315,000	\$ 291,315	\$	1,023,685	\$ 279,948
2022 Convertible Notes	142,809	142,809			141,059
2023 Notes	150,000	150,000			148,488
2024 Notes	347,500	347,500			359,885
Total Debt	\$ 1,955,309	\$ 931,624	\$	1,023,685	\$ 929,380

(1) The amount available may be subject to limitations related to the borrowing base under the Revolving Credit Facility and asset coverage requirements.

(2) The carrying values of the Revolving Credit Facility, 2022 Convertible Notes, 2023 Notes and 2024 Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs and original issue discounts of \$11.4 million, \$1.7 million, \$1.5 million and \$5.7 million, respectively.

(3) The carrying value of the 2024 Notes is presented inclusive of an incremental \$18.1 million, which represents an adjustment in the carrying value of the 2024 Notes resulting from a hedge accounting relationship.

		December 31, 2019									
	Aggregate Principal Amount Committed			Outstanding Principal	Amount Available (1)			Carrying Value (2)(3)			
Revolving Credit Facility	\$	1,245,000	\$	495,689	\$	749,311	\$	485,711			
2022 Convertible Notes		172,500		172,500				169,420			
2023 Notes		150,000		150,000				147,998			
2024 Notes		300,000		300,000		_		291,338			
Total Debt	\$	1,867,500	\$	1,118,189	\$	749,311	\$	1,094,467			

(1) The amount available may be subject to limitations related to the borrowing base under the Revolving Credit Facility and asset coverage requirements.

(2) The carrying values of the Revolving Credit Facility, 2022 Convertible Notes, 2023 Notes and 2024 Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs and original issue discounts of \$10.0 million, \$3.1 million, \$2.0 million and \$6.9 million, respectively.

(3) The carrying value of the 2024 Notes is presented net of \$1.8 million, which represents an adjustment in the carrying value of the 2024 Notes resulting from a hedge accounting relationship.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the components of interest expense were as follows:

	Three Mon	ded	Nine Months Ended				
Sep	September 30, 2020		otember 30, 2019	September 30, 2020		Sej	otember 30, 2019
\$	8,680	\$	10,122	\$	27,909	\$	28,063
	923		707		2,735		2,126
	1,274		1,206		3,813		3,474
	129		230		416		680
	(2,607)		305		(3,714)		1,321
\$	8,399	\$	12,570	\$	31,159	\$	35,664
\$	1,006.9	\$	946.0	\$	1,006.2	\$	858.1
	2.4%		4.4%		3.2%		4.6%
	0.2%		2.2%		0.6%		2.4%
	\$ 	September 30, 2020 \$ 8,680 923 1,274 129 (2,607) \$ 8,399 \$ 1,006.9 2.4%	September 30, 2020 September 30, 2020 September 30, 923 \$ 8,680 \$ 923 1,274 129 (2,607) \$ 8,399 \$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	September 30, 2020 September 30, 2019 Septemb	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$

Revolving Credit Facility

On August 23, 2012, the Company entered into a senior secured revolving credit agreement with Truist Bank (as a successor by merger to SunTrust Bank), as administrative agent, and J.P. Morgan Chase Bank, N.A., as syndication agent, and certain other lenders (as amended and restated, the "Revolving Credit Facility").

As of December 31, 2019, aggregate commitments under the facility were \$1.245 billion. Pursuant to an amendment to the Revolving Credit Facility dated as of January 31, 2020 (the "Ninth Amendment"), the aggregate commitments under the facility were increased to \$1.315 billion. The facility includes an uncommitted accordion feature that allows the Company, under certain circumstances, to increase the size of the facility to up to \$1.750 billion.

Pursuant to the Ninth Amendment, the revolving period, during which period the Company, subject to certain conditions, may make borrowings under the facility, was extended from February 14, 2023 to January 31, 2024 and the stated maturity date was extended from February 14, 2024 to January 31, 2025.

The Company may borrow amounts in U.S. dollars or certain other permitted currencies. As of September 30, 2020, the Company had outstanding debt denominated in Australian dollars (AUD) of 51.6 million, Canadian dollars (CAD) of 62.2 million, and Euro (EUR) of 8.3 million on its Revolving Credit Facility, included in the Outstanding Principal amount in the table above.

The Revolving Credit Facility also provides for the issuance of letters of credit up to an aggregate amount of \$75 million. As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company had no outstanding letters of credit issued through the Revolving Credit Facility. The amount available for borrowing under the Revolving Credit Facility is reduced by any letters of credit issued through the Revolving Credit Facility.

Amounts drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility, including amounts drawn in respect of letters of credit, bear interest at either LIBOR plus a margin of either 1.75% or 1.875%, or the base rate plus a margin of either 0.75% or 0.875%, in each case, based on the total amount of the borrowing base relative to the sum of the total commitments (or, if greater, the total exposure) under the Revolving Credit Facility plus certain other designated secured debt. The Company may elect either the LIBOR or base rate at the time of drawdown, and loans may be converted from one rate to another at any time, subject to certain conditions. The Company also pays a fee of 0.375% on undrawn amounts and, in respect of each undrawn letter of credit, a fee and interest rate equal to the then applicable margin while the letter of credit is outstanding.

The Revolving Credit Facility is guaranteed by Sixth Street SL SPV, LLC, TC Lending, LLC and Sixth Street SL Holding, LLC. The Revolving Credit Facility is secured by a perfected first-priority security interest in substantially all the portfolio investments held by the Company and each guarantor. Proceeds from borrowings may be used for general corporate purposes, including the funding of portfolio investments.

The Revolving Credit Facility includes customary events of default, as well as customary covenants, including restrictions on certain distributions and financial covenants. The financial covenants require:

- an asset coverage ratio of no less than 1.5 to 1 on the last day of any fiscal quarter;
- a liquidity test under which the Company must not maintain cash and liquid investments of less than 10% of the covered debt amount for more than 30 consecutive business days under circumstances where the Company's adjusted covered debt balance is greater than 90% of the Company's adjusted borrowing base under the facility;
- stockholders' equity of at least \$500 million plus 25% of the net proceeds of the sale of equity interests after January 31, 2020;
- a minimum asset coverage ratio of no less than 2 to 1 with respect to (i) the consolidated assets of the Company and the subsidiary guarantors (including certain limitations on the contribution of equity in financing subsidiaries) to (ii) the secured debt of the Company and its subsidiary guarantors plus unsecured senior securities of the Company and its subsidiary guarantors that mature within 90 days of the date of determination (the "Obligor Asset Coverage Ratio"); and
- minimum consolidated assets of the Company and the subsidiary guarantors (including certain limitations on the contribution of equity in financing subsidiaries), less total secured debt of the Company and the subsidiary guarantors, of at least \$350 million at the last day of any fiscal quarter.

The Revolving Credit Facility also contains certain additional concentration limits in connection with the calculation of the borrowing base, based on the Obligor Asset Coverage Ratio.

Net proceeds received from the issuance of the 2022 Convertible Notes, 2023 Notes and 2024 Notes were used to pay down borrowings on the Revolving Credit Facility.

As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company was in compliance with the terms of the Revolving Credit Facility.



2019 Convertible Notes

In June 2014, the Company issued in a private offering \$115 million aggregate principal amount convertible notes due December 2019 (the "2019 Convertible Notes"). The 2019 Convertible Notes were issued in a private placement only to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act. The 2019 Convertible Notes were unsecured, and bore interest at a rate of 4.50% per year, payable semiannually. The 2019 Convertible Notes also matured on December 15, 2019 and were fully repaid in cash. The swap transaction associated with the issuance of the 2019 Convertible Notes also matured on December 15, 2019.

2022 Convertible Notes

In February 2017, the Company issued in a private offering \$115 million aggregate principal amount convertible notes due August 2022 (the "2022 Convertible Notes" and, together with the 2019 Convertible Notes, the "Convertible Notes"). The 2022 Convertible Notes were issued in a private placement only to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act. The 2022 Convertible Notes are unsecured, and bear interest at a rate of 4.50% per year, payable semiannually. The 2022 Convertible Notes will mature on August 1, 2022. In certain circumstances, the 2022 Convertible Notes will be convertible into cash, shares of the Company's common stock or a combination of cash and shares of the Company's common stock, at the Company's election, at an initial conversion rate of 46.8516 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of 2022 Convertible Notes, which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$21.34 per share of the Company's common stock, subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments. As of September 30, 2020, the estimated adjusted conversion price was approximately \$19.91 per share of common stock. The sale of the 2022 Convertible Notes generated net proceeds of approximately \$111.2 million. The Company used the net proceeds of the offering to pay down debt under the Revolving Credit Facility. In connection with the offering of 2022 Convertible Notes, the Company has entered into an interest rate swap to continue to align the interest rate on the original issuance of 2022 Convertible Notes is three-month LIBOR plus 2.37%. See Note 5 for further information related to the Company's interest rate swaps.

In June 2018, the Company issued an additional \$57.5 million aggregate principal amount of 2022 Convertible Notes. The additional 2022 Convertible Notes were issued with identical terms, and are fungible with and are part of a single series with the previously outstanding \$115 million aggregate principal amount of the Company's existing 2022 Convertible Notes issued in February 2017. In connection with the reopening of the 2022 Convertible Notes, the Company entered into interest rate swaps to continue to align the interest rates of its liabilities with its investment portfolio, which consists of predominately floating rate loans. As a result of the additional swaps, the Company's effective interest rate on the additional 2022 Convertible Notes is approximately three-month LIBOR plus 1.60%. See Note 5 for further information related to the Company's interest rate swaps.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company repurchased on the open market and extinguished \$29.7 million in aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Convertible Notes for \$29.5 million. These repurchases resulted in a gain on extinguishment of debt of less than \$0.7 million. This gain is included in the extinguishment of debt in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. In connection with the repurchases of the 2022 Convertible Notes, the Company entered into floating-to-fixed interest rate swaps with an aggregate notional amount equal to the amount of 2022 Convertible Notes repurchased, which has the effect of reducing the notional exposure of the fixed-to-floating interest rate swaps, which were entered into in connection with the issuance of the 2022 Convertible Notes, to match the current principal amount of the 2022 Convertible Notes outstanding. As a result of the swaps, the Company's effective interest rate on the outstanding 2022 Convertible Notes is three-month LIBOR plus 2.11% (on a weighted-average basis).

Holders may convert their 2022 Convertible Notes at their option at any time prior to February 1, 2022 only under the following circumstances: (1) during any calendar quarter commencing after the calendar quarter ending on June 30, 2017 (and only during such calendar quarter), if the last reported sale price of the common stock for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during a period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding calendar quarter is greater than or equal to 130% of the conversion price on each applicable trading day; (2) during the five business day period after any five consecutive trading day period (the "measurement period") in which the trading price (as defined in the indenture governing the 2022 Convertible Notes) per \$1,000 principal amount of notes for each trading day of the measurement period was less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of the Company's common stock and the conversion rate on each such trading day; or (3) upon the occurrence of specified corporate events. On or after February 1, 2022 until the close of business on the scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date, holders may convert their notes at any time, regardless of the occurrence or nonoccurrence of any of the foregoing circumstances.

The 2022 Convertible Notes are the Company's unsecured obligations and rank senior in right of payment to the Company's future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the 2022 Convertible Notes; equal in right of payment to the Company's existing and future indebtedness that is not so subordinated; effectively junior in right of payment to any of the

Company's secured indebtedness (including unsecured indebtedness that the Company later secures) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness; and structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by the Company's subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the components of interest expense related to the Convertible Notes were as follows:

		Three Mor	nths Ei	ıded	Nine Months			is Ended	
	September 30, 2020		September 30, 2019		September 30, 2020		September 30, 2019		
Interest expense	\$	1,596	\$	3,234	\$	5,252	\$	9,703	
Accretion of original issue discount		41		228		173		673	
Amortization of deferred financing costs		195		435		670		1,290	
Total Interest Expense	\$	1,832	\$	3,897	\$	6,095	\$	11,666	

Total interest expense in the table above does not include the effect of the interest rate swaps. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company received \$2.1 million and \$6.3 million, respectively, and paid \$1.4 million and \$5.0 million, respectively, related to the settlements of its interest rate swaps, excluding upfront fees, related to the 2022 Convertible Notes. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, the Company received \$3.2 million and \$9.7 million, respectively, and paid \$3.5 million and \$10.9 million, respectively, related to the settlements of its interest rate swaps, excluding upfront fees, related to the Convertible Notes These net amounts are reflected in interest expense in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. Please see Note 5 for further information about the Company's interest rate swaps.

As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the components of the carrying value of the 2022 Convertible Notes and the stated interest rate were as follows:

	September 30, 2020			ıber 31, 2019
Principal amount of debt	\$	142,809	\$	172,500
Original issue discount, net of accretion/amortization		(327)		(617)
Deferred financing costs		(1,423)		(2,463)
Carrying value of debt	\$	141,059	\$	169,420
Stated interest rate		4.50%		4.50%

The stated interest rate in the table above does not include the effect of the interest rate swaps. The Company's swap-adjusted interest rate was three month LIBOR plus 2.11% (on a weighted average basis) for the 2022 Convertible Notes. Please see Note 5 for further information about the Company's interest rate swaps.

The indenture governing the 2022 Convertible Notes contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring the Company to comply with the applicable asset coverage ratio requirement under the 1940 Act and to provide financial information to the holders of the 2022 Convertible Notes under certain circumstances. These covenants are subject to important limitations and exceptions that are described in the indenture governing the 2022 Convertible Notes. As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company was in compliance with the terms of the indenture governing the 2022 Convertible Notes.

The 2022 Convertible Notes are accounted for in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 470-20. Upon conversion of any of the 2022 Convertible Notes, the Company intends to pay the outstanding principal amount in cash and, to the extent that the conversion value exceeds the principal amount, the Company has the option to pay in cash or shares of the Company's common stock (or a combination of cash and shares) in respect of the excess amount, subject to the requirements of the indenture governing the 2022 Convertible Notes. The Company has determined that the embedded conversion options in the 2022 Convertible Notes are not required to be separately accounted for as a derivative under U.S. GAAP. In accounting for the 2022 Convertible Notes, the Company estimated at the time of issuance separate debt and equity components of the 2022 Convertible Notes. An original issue discount equal to the equity components of the 2022 Convertible Notes was recorded in "additional paid-in capital" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. Additionally, the issuance costs associated with the 2022 Convertible Notes were allocated to the debt and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the proceeds and accounted for as deferred financing costs and equity issuance costs, respectively.

As of September 30, 2020 and 2019, the principal amount of the Convertible Notes exceeded the value of the underlying shares multiplied by the per share closing price of the Company's common stock.

2023 Notes

In January 2018, the Company issued \$150.0 million aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on January 22, 2023 (the "2023 Notes"). The principal amount of the 2023 Notes is payable at maturity. The 2023 Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.50% per year, payable semi-annually commencing on July 22, 2018, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at the Company's option at any time at par plus a "make whole" premium. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2023 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$146.9 million. The Company used the net proceeds of the 2023 Notes to repay outstanding indebtedness under the Revolving Credit Facility.

In connection with the 2023 Notes offering, the Company entered into an interest rate swap to continue to align the interest rates of its liabilities with the Company's investment portfolio, which consists of predominately floating rate loans. As a result of the swap, the Company's effective interest rate on the 2023 Notes is three-month LIBOR plus 1.99%. Please see Note 5 for further information about the Company's interest rate swaps.

2024 Notes

In November 2019, the Company issued \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on November 1, 2024 (the "2024 Notes"). The principal amount of the 2024 Notes is payable at maturity. The 2024 Notes bear interest at a rate of 3.875% per year, payable semi-annually commencing on May 1, 2020, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at our option at any time at par plus a "make whole" premium. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2024 Notes, net of underwriting discounts, offering costs and original issue discount were \$292.9 million. The Company used the net proceeds of the 2024 Notes to repay outstanding indebtedness under the Revolving Credit Facility.

On February 5, 2020, the Company issued an additional \$50.0 million aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on November 1, 2024. The additional 2024 Notes are a further issuance of, fungible with, rank equally in right of payment with and have the same terms (other than the issue date and the public offering price) as the initial issuance of 2024 Notes. Total proceeds from the issuance of the additional 2024 Notes, net of underwriting discounts, offering costs and original issue premium were \$50.1 million. The Company used the net proceeds of the 2024 Notes to repay outstanding indebtedness under the Revolving Credit Facility.

In connection with the 2024 Notes offering and the reopening of the 2024 Notes, the Company entered into interest rate swaps to continue to align the interest rates of its liabilities with the Company's investment portfolio, which consists of predominately floating rate loans. As a result of the swaps, the Company's effective interest rate on the 2024 Notes is three-month LIBOR plus 2.28% (on a weighted average basis). The interest expense related to the 2024 Notes is offset by proceeds received from the interest rate swaps designated as a hedge. The swap adjusted interest expense is included as a component of interest expense on the Company's Consolidated Statement of Operations. As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 the effective hedge interest rate swaps had a fair value of \$18.1 million and (\$1.8) million, respectively, which is offset within interest expense by an equal, but opposite, fair value change for the hedged risk on the 2024 Notes.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company repurchased on the open market and extinguished \$2.5 million in aggregate principal amount of the 2024 Notes for \$2.4 million. These repurchases resulted in a gain on extinguishment of debt of less than \$0.1 million. This gain is included in the extinguishment of debt in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. In connection with the repurchase of the 2024 Notes, the Company entered into a floating-to-fixed interest rate swap with a notional amount equal to the amount of 2024 Notes repurchased, which has the effect of reducing the notional exposure of the fixed-to-floating interest rate swaps, which were entered into in connection with the issuance of the 2024 Notes, to match the current principal amount of the 2024 Notes outstanding. As a result of the swap, the Company's effective interest rate on the outstanding 2024 Notes is three-month LIBOR plus 2.28% (on a weighted average basis).

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the components of interest expense related to the 2023 Notes and 2024 Notes were as follows:

	Three Months Ended				Nine Months Ended			
	September 30, 2020		September 30, 2019		September 30, 2020		September 30, 2019	
Interest expense	\$	5,016	\$	1,688	\$	14,975	\$	5,063
Accretion of original issue discount		87		2		243		7
Amortization of deferred financing costs		419		162		1,232		481
Total Interest Expense	\$	5,522	\$	1,852	\$	16,450	\$	5,551



Total interest expense in the table above does not include the effect of the interest rate swaps related to the 2023 Notes and 2024 Notes. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company received \$5.1 million and \$15.1 million, respectively, and paid \$3.2 million and \$12.6 million, respectively, related to the settlements of its interest rate swaps, excluding upfront fees, related to the 2023 and 2024 Notes. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, the Company received \$1.7 million and \$5.1 million, respectively, and paid \$1.7 million and \$5.2 million, respectively, related to the settlements of its interest rate swaps, excluding upfront fees, related to the 2023 and 2024 Notes. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, the Company received \$1.7 million and \$5.1 million, respectively, and paid \$1.7 million and \$5.2 million, respectively, related to the settlements of its interest rate swaps, excluding upfront fees, related to the 2023 and 2024 Notes. These net amounts are reflected in interest expense in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. Please see Note 5 for further information about the Company's interest rate swaps.

As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 the components of the carrying value of the 2023 Notes and 2024 Notes and the stated interest rate were as follows:

		September	: 30, 2	2020	December 3			019
	2023 Notes			2024 Notes 2023 Notes		023 Notes	2	024 Notes
Principal amount of debt	\$	150,000	\$	347,500	\$	150,000	\$	300,000
Original issue discount, net of accretion		(23)		(1,531)		(29)		(2,818)
Deferred financing costs		(1,489)		(4,159)		(1,973)		(4,057)
Fair value of an effective hedge		_		18,075		_		(1,787)
Carrying value of debt	\$	148,488	\$	359,885	\$	147,998	\$	291,338
Stated interest rate		4.50%		3.875%		4.50%		3.875%

The stated interest rate in the table above does not include the effect of the interest rate swaps. As of September 30, 2020 the Company's swap-adjusted interest rate on the 2023 Notes and 2024 Notes is three month LIBOR plus 1.99% and 2.28% (on a weighted average basis), respectively. As of December 31, 2019 the Company's swap-adjusted interest rate on the 2023 Notes and 2024 Notes is three month LIBOR plus 1.99% and 2.25%, respectively.

As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company was in compliance with the terms of the indentures governing the 2023 Notes and 2024 Notes.

8. Commitments and Contingencies

Portfolio Company Commitments

From time to time, the Company may enter into commitments to fund investments; such commitments are incorporated into the Company's assessment of its liquidity position. The Company's senior secured revolving loan commitments are generally available on a borrower's demand and may remain outstanding until the maturity date of the applicable loan. The Company's senior secured term loan commitments are generally available on a borrower's demand and, once drawn, generally have the same remaining term as the associated loan agreement. Undrawn senior secured term loan commitments generally have a shorter availability period than the term of the associated loan agreement. As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company had the following commitments to fund investments in current portfolio companies:

	Septemb	er 30, 2020	Decemb	er 31, 2019
Alpha Midco, Inc Delayed Draw	\$	434	\$	19,598
AppStar Financial, LLC - Revolver				2,000
AvidXchange, Inc Delayed Draw		4,749		5,108
Biohaven Pharmaceuticals, Inc Delayed Draw		22,500		
BlueSnap, Inc Revolver		_		2,500
Centric Brands, Inc Revolver		45,590		—
ClearCompany, LLC - Delayed Draw		_		1,400
Clinicient, Inc Revolver		1,600		4,000
DaySmart Holdings, LLC - Delayed Draw		16,892		17,503
DaySmart Holdings, LLC - Revolver		2,000		5,000
Dye & Durham Corp Revolver				1,349
Energy Alloys, LLC - Delayed Draw				15,000
Energy Alloys, LLC - Revolver		2,000		_
Exela Receivables 1, LLC - Revolver		40,000		
Factor Systems, Inc Delayed Draw		13,333		
Ferrellgas, L.P Revolver				30,000
ForeScout Technologies, Inc.		500		
G Treasury SS, LLC - Delayed Draw		2,906		3,750
Gainsight, Inc Delayed Draw				1,785
Integration Appliance, Inc Revolver		1,309		2,619
IntelePeer Holdings, Inc Convertible Note		1,400		
IntelePeer Holdings, Inc Delayed Draw		3,208		3,500
IRGSE Holding Corp Revolver		360		2,079
Kyriba Corp Delayed Draw		4,506		8,323
Kyriba Corp Revolver		28		1,202
Lithium Technologies, LLC - Revolver		3,299		3,959
Lucidworks, Inc Revolver		3,333		3,333
Netwrix Corp Delayed Draw		24,738		
Netwrix Corp Revolver		2,751		
PageUp People, Ltd Revolver		3,584		2,812
PayLease, LLC - Revolver				3,333
PayScale Holdings, Inc Delayed Draw		7,667		7,667
PrimeRevenue, Inc Delayed Draw		750		
PrimeRevenue, Inc Revolver		6,250		6,250
ResMan, LLC - Delayed Draw		5,499		3,602
ResMan, LLC - Revolver		2,000		2,000
Sprinklr - Delayed Draw Convertible Note		3,750		
TherapeuticsMD, Inc Delayed Draw A1				7,500
TherapeuticsMD, Inc Delayed Draw A2		_		7,500
Valant Medical Solutions, Inc Delayed Draw		2,264		2,564
Valant Medical Solutions, Inc Revolver		500		2,000
Verdad Resources Intermediate Holdings, LLC - Delayed Draw		15,556		7,778
WideOrbit, Inc Revolver		4,756		
	\$	250,012	\$	187,014

(1) Represents the full amount of the Company's commitments to fund investments on such date. Commitments may be subject to limitations on borrowings set forth in the agreements between the Company and the applicable portfolio company. As a result, portfolio companies may not be eligible to borrow the full commitment amount on such date.

Other Commitments and Contingencies

As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Company did not have any unfunded commitments to fund investments to new borrowers that were not current portfolio companies as of such date.

From time to time, the Company may become a party to certain legal proceedings incidental to the normal course of its business. As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, management is not aware of any material pending or threatened litigation that would require accounting recognition or financial statement disclosure.

9. Net Assets

The Company has a dividend reinvestment plan, whereby the Company may buy shares of its common stock in the open market or issue new shares in order to satisfy dividend reinvestment requests. The number of shares to be issued to a stockholder is determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the cash dividend or distribution payable to a stockholder by the market price per share of the Company's common stock at the close of regular trading on the NYSE on the payment date of a distribution, or if no sale is reported for such day, the average of the reported bid and ask prices. However, if the market price per share on the payment date of a cash dividend or distribution exceeds the most recently computed net asset value per share, the Company will issue shares at the greater of (i) the most recently computed net asset value per share and (ii) 95% of the current market price per share (or such lesser discount to the current market price per share that still exceeded the most recently computed net asset value per share). Shares purchased in open market transactions by the plan administrator will be allocated to a stockholder based on the average purchase price, excluding any brokerage charges or other charges, of all shares of common stock purchased in the open market.

Pursuant to the Company's dividend reinvestment plan, the following tables summarize the shares issued to stockholders who have not opted out of the Company's dividend reinvestment plan during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019. All shares issued to stockholders in the tables below are newly issued shares.

		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020									
Date Declared	Dividend (1)	Record Date	Date Shares Issued	Shares Issued							
November 5, 2019	Base	December 13, 2019	January 15, 2020	194,470							
February 19, 2020	Supplemental	February 28, 2020	March 31, 2020	57,674							
February 19, 2020	Base	March 13, 2020	April 15, 2020	299,058							
February 19, 2020	Special	April 15, 2020	April 30, 2020	193,723							
February 19, 2020	Special	June 15, 2020	June 30, 2020	279,861							
May 5, 2020	Base	June 15, 2020	July 15, 2020	285,727							
Total Shares Issued				1,310,513							

		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019									
Date Declared	Dividend (1)	Record Date	Date Shares Issued	Shares Issued							
November 6, 2018	Base	December 14, 2018	January 15, 2019	212,818							
February 20, 2019	Supplemental	February 28, 2019	March 29, 2019	87,327							
February 20, 2019	Base	March 15, 2019	April 15, 2019	318,114							
May 2, 2019	Supplemental	May 31, 2019	June 28, 2019	7,214							
May 2, 2019	Base	June 14, 2019	July 15, 2019	232,427							
July 31, 2019	Supplemental	August 30, 2019	September 30, 2019	22,656							
Total Shares Issued				880,556							

(1) See Note 11 for further information on base, supplemental, and special dividends.

On August 4, 2015, the Company's Board authorized the Company to acquire up to \$50 million in aggregate of the Company's common stock from time to time over an initial six month period, and has continued to authorize the refreshment of the \$50 million amount authorized under and extension of the stock repurchase program prior to its expiration since that time, most recently as of November 4, 2020. The amount and timing of stock repurchases under the program may vary depending on market conditions, and no assurance can be given that any particular amount of common stock will be repurchased.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company repurchased 206,964 shares at a weighted average price per share of \$14.17 inclusive of commissions, for a total cost of \$2.9 million. No shares were repurchased during the three months ended September 30, 2020, or during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019.

10. Earnings per share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share:

		Three Mo	iths 1	Ended		Nine Mon	Months Ended			
	S	eptember 30, 2020	S	September 30, 2019		eptember 30, 2020	S	eptember 30, 2019		
Increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$	81,857	\$	30,341	\$	124,628	\$	116,881		
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding —basic and diluted		67,584,660		66,235,594		67,068,166		65,940,148		
Earnings per common share —basic and diluted	\$	1.21	\$	0.46	\$	1.86	\$	1.77		

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per common share, the average daily closing price of the Company's common stock for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 was less than the estimated adjusted conversion price for the 2022 Convertible Notes outstanding as of September 30, 2020. Therefore, for all periods presented in the consolidated financial statements, the underlying shares for the intrinsic value of the embedded options in the 2022 Convertible Notes have no impact on the computation of diluted earnings per common share.

11. Dividends

The Company has historically paid a dividend to stockholders on a quarterly basis. The Company has a dividend framework that provides for a quarterly base dividend and a variable supplemental dividend, subject to satisfaction of certain measurement tests and the approval of the Board.

The following tables summarize dividends declared during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

	_	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020									
Date Declared	Dividend	Record Date	Payment Date	Dividend per	Share						
February 19, 2020	Supplemental	February 28, 2020	March 31, 2020	\$	0.06						
February 19, 2020	Base	March 13, 2020	April 15, 2020		0.41						
February 19, 2020	Special	April 15, 2020	April 30, 2020		0.25						
February 19, 2020	Special	June 15, 2020	June 30, 2020		0.25						
May 5, 2020	Base	June 15, 2020	July 15, 2020		0.41						
August 4, 2020	Base	September 15, 2020	October 15, 2020		0.41						
Total Dividends Declared				\$	1.79						

		Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019 Dividend Record Date Payment Date Dividend per S									
Date Declared	Dividend	Dividend Record Date Payment Date									
February 20, 2019	Supplemental	February 28, 2019	March 29, 2019	\$ 0.12							
February 20, 2019	Base	March 15, 2019	April 15, 2019	0.39							
May 2, 2019	Supplemental	May 31, 2019	June 28, 2019	0.01							
May 2, 2019	Base	June 14, 2019	July 15, 2019	0.39							
July 31, 2019	Supplemental	August 30, 2019	September 30, 2019	0.04							
July 31, 2019	Base	September 13, 2019	October 15, 2019	0.39							
Total Dividends Declared				\$ 1.34							

The dividends declared during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 were derived from net investment income, determined on a tax basis.



12. Financial Highlights

The following per share data and ratios have been derived from information provided in the consolidated financial statements. The following are the financial highlights for one share of common stock outstanding during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019.

	onths Ended ber 30, 2020	e Months Ended tember 30, 2019
Per Share Data (6)	 <u> </u>	 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 16.83	\$ 16.25
Net investment income (1)	1.70	1.43
Net realized and unrealized gain (1)	0.15	 0.34
Total from operations	1.86	1.77
Issuance of common stock, net of		
offering costs (2)	0.01	0.03
Repurchase of common stock (2)	0.01	—
Repurchase of debt ⁽²⁾	(0.01)	—
Dividends declared from net		
investment income (2)	 (1.79)	 (1.34)
Total increase in net		
assets	 0.04	 0.46
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$ 16.87	\$ 16.72
Per share market value at end of		
period	\$ 17.21	\$ 20.98
Total return based on market value (3)	(11.50)%	23.38%
Total return based on net asset		
value (4)	10.87%	11.14%
Shares Outstanding, End of Period	67,628,140	66,293,373
Ratios / Supplemental Data (5)		
Ratio of net expenses to average		
net assets	11.40%	11.10%
Ratio of net investment income		
to average net assets	13.91%	11.60%
Portfolio turnover	28.67%	34.44%
Net assets, end of period	\$ 1,141,220	\$ 1,108,258

(1) The per share data was derived by using the weighted average shares outstanding during the period.

(2) The per share data was derived by using the actual shares outstanding at the date of the relevant transactions.

(3) Total return based on market value is calculated as the change in market value per share during the period plus declared dividends per share, divided by the beginning market value per share.

(4) Total return based on net asset value is calculated as the change in net asset value per share during the period plus declared dividends per share, divided by the beginning net asset value per share.

(5) The ratios reflect an annualized amount.

(6) Table may not sum due to rounding.

13. Subsequent Events

The Company's management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of issuance of the consolidated financial statements included herein. There have been no subsequent events that occurred during such period that would require disclosure in this Form 10-Q or would be required to be recognized in the consolidated financial statements as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this report. This discussion also should be read in conjunction with the "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward Looking Statements" set forth on page 3 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Overview

Sixth Street Specialty Lending, Inc. (formerly known as TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.) is a Delaware corporation formed on July 21, 2010. Effective June 15, 2020, we changed our name from TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. to Sixth Street Specialty Lending, Inc. The Adviser is our external manager. We have three wholly owned subsidiaries, TC Lending, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, which holds a California finance lender and broker license, Sixth Street SL SPV, LLC (formerly known as TPG SL SPV, LLC), a Delaware limited liability company, in which we hold assets that were previously used to support our asset-backed credit facility, and Sixth Street SL Holding, LLC (formerly known as TSL MR, LLC), a Delaware limited liability company, in which we hold certain investments.

We have elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and as a RIC under the Code. We made our BDC election on April 15, 2011. As a result, we are required to comply with various statutory and regulatory requirements, such as:

- the requirement to invest at least 70% of our assets in "qualifying assets";
- source of income limitations;
- asset diversification requirements; and
- the requirement to distribute (or be treated as distributing) in each taxable year at least 90% of our investment company taxable income and taxexempt interest for that taxable year.

Our shares are currently listed on the NYSE under the symbol "TSLX."

Our Investment Framework

We are a specialty finance company focused on lending to middle-market companies. Since we began our investment activities in July 2011, through September 30, 2020, we have originated more than \$14.6 billion aggregate principal amount of investments and retained approximately \$6.8 billion aggregate principal amount of these investments on our balance sheet prior to any subsequent exits and repayments. We seek to generate current income primarily in U.S.-domiciled middle-market companies through direct originations of senior secured loans and, to a lesser extent, originations of mezzanine and unsecured loans and investments in corporate bonds and equity securities.

By "middle-market companies," we mean companies that have annual EBITDA, which we believe is a useful proxy for cash flow, of \$10 million to \$250 million, although we may invest in larger or smaller companies on occasion. As of September 30, 2020, our core portfolio companies, which exclude certain investments that fall outside of our typical borrower profile and represent 82.5% of our total investments based on fair value, had weighted average annual revenue of \$116.8 million and weighted average annual EBITDA of \$36.0 million.

We invest in first-lien debt, second-lien debt, mezzanine and unsecured debt and equity and other investments. Our first-lien debt may include standalone first-lien loans; "last out" first-lien loans, which are loans that have a secondary priority behind super-senior "first out" first-lien loans; "unitranche" loans, which are loans that combine features of first-lien, second-lien and mezzanine debt, generally in a first-lien position; and secured corporate bonds with similar features to these categories of first-lien loans. Our second-lien debt may include secured loans, and, to a lesser extent, secured corporate bonds, with a secondary priority behind first-lien debt.

The debt in which we invest typically is not rated by any rating agency, but if these instruments were rated, they would likely receive a rating of below investment grade (that is, below BBB- or Baa3 as defined by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Services, respectively), which is often referred to as "junk."

The companies in which we invest use our capital to support organic growth, acquisitions, market or product expansion and recapitalizations (including restructurings). As of September 30, 2020, the largest single investment based on fair value represented 3.8% of our total investment portfolio.

As of September 30, 2020, the average investment size in each of our portfolio companies was approximately \$30.0 million based on fair value.



Through our Adviser, we consider potential investments utilizing a four-tiered investment framework and against our existing portfolio as a whole:

Business and sector selection. We focus on companies with enterprise value between \$50 million and \$1 billion. When reviewing potential investments, we seek to invest in businesses with high marginal cash flow, recurring revenue streams and where we believe credit quality will improve over time. We look for portfolio companies that we think have a sustainable competitive advantage in growing industries or distressed situations. We also seek companies where our investment will have a low loan-to-value ratio.

We currently do not limit our focus to any specific industry and we may invest in larger or smaller companies on occasion. We classify the industries of our portfolio companies by end-market (such as healthcare, and business services) and not by the products or services (such as software) directed to those end-markets.

As of September 30, 2020, the largest industry represented 22.9% of our total investment portfolio based on fair value.

Investment Structuring. We focus on investing at the top of the capital structure and protecting that position. As of September 30, 2020, approximately 95.4% of our portfolio was invested in secured debt, including 95.0% in first-lien debt investments. We carefully perform diligence and structure investments to include strong investor covenants. As a result, we structure investments with a view to creating opportunities for early intervention in the event of non-performance or stress. In addition, we seek to retain effective voting control in investments over the loans or particular class of securities in which we invest through maintaining affirmative voting positions or negotiating consent rights that allow us to retain a blocking position. We also aim for our loans to mature on a medium term, between two to six years after origination. For the three months ended September 30, 2020, the weighted average term on new investment commitments in new portfolio companies was 3.8 years.

Deal Dynamics. We focus on, among other deal dynamics, direct origination of investments, where we identify and lead the investment transaction. A substantial majority of our portfolio investments are sourced through our direct or proprietary relationships.

Risk Mitigation. We seek to mitigate non-credit-related risk on our returns in several ways, including call protection provisions to protect future interest income. As of September 30, 2020, we had call protection on 67.6% of our debt investments based on fair value, with weighted average call prices of 106.5% for the first year, 104.0% for the second year and 101.3% for the third year, in each case from the date of the initial investment. As of September 30, 2020, 98.9% of our debt investments based on fair value bore interest at floating rates (when including investment specific hedges), with 98.8% of these subject to interest rate floors, which we believe helps act as a portfolio-wide hedge against inflation.

Relationship with our Adviser and Sixth Street

Our Adviser is a Delaware limited liability company. Our Adviser acts as our investment adviser and administrator and is a registered investment adviser with the SEC under the Advisers Act. Our Adviser sources and manages our portfolio through a dedicated team of investment professionals predominately focused on us. Our Investment Team is led by our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and our Adviser's Co-Chief Investment Officer Joshua Easterly and our Adviser's Co-Chief Investment Officer Alan Waxman, both of whom have substantial experience in credit origination, underwriting and asset management. Our investment decisions are made by our Investment Review Committee, which includes senior personnel of our Adviser and Sixth Street Partners, LLC, or "Sixth Street".

Sixth Street is a global investment business with approximately \$48 billion of assets under management as of October 31, 2020. Sixth Street's core platforms include Sixth Street Specialty Lending, Sixth Street Specialty Lending Europe, which is aimed at European middle-market loan originations, Sixth Street TAO, which has the flexibility to invest across all of Sixth Street's private credit market investments, Sixth Street Opportunities, which focuses on actively managed opportunistic investments across the credit cycle, Sixth Street Credit Market Strategies, which is the firm's "public-side" credit investment platform focused on investment opportunities in broadly syndicated leveraged loan markets, Sixth Street Growth, which provides financing solutions to growing companies, Sixth Street Fundamental Strategies, which primarily invests in secondary credit, and Sixth Street Agriculture, which invests in niche agricultural opportunities. Sixth Street has a long-term oriented, highly flexible capital base that allows it to invest across industries, geographies, capital structures and asset classes. Sixth Street has extensive experience with highly complex, global public and private investments executed through primary originations, secondary market purchases and restructurings, and has a team of over 315 investment and operating professionals. As of September 30, 2020, thirty-two (32) of these personnel are dedicated to our business, including twenty-four (24) investment professionals.

Sixth Street was in a strategic relationship with TPG Global, LLC, or TPG from 2009 to 2020. On May 1, 2020, Sixth Street and TPG agreed to evolve their relationship and become independent, unaffiliated businesses.



Our Adviser consults with Sixth Street in connection with a substantial number of our investments. The Sixth Street platform provides us with a breadth of large and scalable investment resources. We believe we benefit from Sixth Street's market expertise, insights into industry, sector and macroeconomic trends and intensive due diligence capabilities, which help us discern market conditions that vary across industries and credit cycles, identify favorable investment opportunities and manage our portfolio of investments. Sixth Street and its affiliates will refer all middle-market loan origination activities for companies domiciled in the United States to us and conduct those activities through us. The Adviser will determine whether it would be permissible, advisable or otherwise appropriate for us to pursue a particular investment opportunity allocated to us.

On December 16, 2014, we were granted an exemptive order from the SEC that allows us to co-invest, subject to certain conditions and to the extent the size of an investment opportunity exceeds the amount our Adviser has independently determined is appropriate to invest, with certain of our affiliates (including affiliates of Sixth Street) in middle-market loan origination activities for companies domiciled in the United States and certain "follow-on" investments in companies in which we have already co-invested pursuant to the order and remain invested. On January 16, 2020, we filed a further application for co-investment exemptive relief with the SEC to better align our existing co-investment relief with more recent SEC exemptive orders. There can be no assurance when or if the SEC will grant a further order in response to our application. Until such time a new order is granted, we will continue to operate under the terms of our current exemptive order.

We believe our ability to co-invest with Sixth Street affiliates is particularly useful where we identify larger capital commitments than otherwise would be appropriate for us. We expect that with the ability to co-invest with Sixth Street affiliates we will continue to be able to provide "one-stop" financing to a potential portfolio company in these circumstances, which may allow us to capture opportunities where we alone could not commit the full amount of required capital or would have to spend additional time to locate unaffiliated co-investors.

Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement and Administration Agreement, the Adviser's services are not exclusive, and the Adviser is free to furnish similar or other services to others, so long as its services to us are not impaired. Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, we will pay the Adviser the base management fee, or the Management Fee, and may also pay certain incentive fees, or the Incentive Fees.

Under the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser also provides administrative services to us. These services include providing office space, equipment and office services, maintaining financial records, preparing reports to stockholders and reports filed with the SEC, and managing the payment of expenses and the oversight of the performance of administrative and professional services rendered by others. Certain of these services are reimbursable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administration Agreement.

Key Components of Our Results of Operations

Investments

We focus primarily on the direct origination of loans to middle-market companies domiciled in the United States.

Our level of investment activity (both the number of investments and the size of each investment) can and does vary substantially from period to period depending on many factors, including the amount of debt and equity capital generally available to middle-market companies, the level of merger and acquisition activity for such companies, the general economic environment and the competitive environment for the types of investments we make.

In addition, as part of our risk strategy on investments, we may reduce certain levels of investments through partial sales or syndication to additional investors.

Revenues

We generate revenues primarily in the form of interest income from the investments we hold. In addition, we may generate income from dividends on direct equity investments, capital gains on the sale of investments and various loan origination and other fees. Our debt investments typically have a term of two to six years, and, as of September 30, 2020, 98.9% of these investments based on fair value bore interest at a floating rate (when including investment specific hedges), with 98.8% of these subject to interest rate floors. Interest on debt investments is generally payable quarterly or semiannually. Some of our debt investments provide for deferred interest payments or PIK interest. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, 3.2% and 3.0%, respectively, of our total investment income was comprised of PIK interest.



Changes in our net investment income are primarily driven by the spread between the payments we receive from our investments in our portfolio companies against our cost of funding, rather than by changes in interest rates. Our investment portfolio primarily consists of floating rate loans, and our credit facilities, 2022 Convertible Notes, 2023 Notes and 2024 Notes, after taking into account the effect of the interest rate swaps we have entered into in connection with these securities, all bear interest at floating rates. Macro trends in base interest rates like LIBOR or other alternate reference rates may affect our net investment income over the long term. However, because we generally originate loans to a small number of portfolio companies each quarter, and those investments also vary in size, our results in any given period—including the interest rate on investments that were sold or repaid in a period compared to the interest rate of new investments made during that period—often are idiosyncratic, and reflect the characteristics of the particular portfolio companies that we invested in or exited during the period and not necessarily any trends in our business.

In addition to interest income, our net investment income is also driven by prepayment and other fees, which also can vary significantly from quarter to quarter. The level of prepayment fees is generally correlated to the movement in credit spreads and risk premiums, but also will vary based on corporate events that may take place at an individual portfolio company in a given period—e.g., merger and acquisition activity, initial public offerings and restructurings. As noted above, generally a small but varied number of portfolio companies may make prepayments in any quarter, meaning that changes in the amount of prepayment fees received can vary significantly between periods and can vary without regard to underlying credit trends.

Loan origination fees, original issue discount and market discount or premium are capitalized, and we accrete or amortize such amounts as interest income using the effective interest method for term instruments and the straight-line method for revolving or delayed draw instruments. Repayments of our debt investments can reduce interest income from period to period. We record prepayment premiums on loans as interest income when earned. We also may generate revenue in the form of commitment, amendment, structuring, syndication or due diligence fees, fees for providing managerial assistance and consulting fees. The frequency or volume of these repayments may fluctuate significantly.

Dividend income on common equity investments is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly traded portfolio companies.

Our portfolio activity also reflects the proceeds of sales of investments. We recognize realized gains or losses on investments based on the difference between the net proceeds from the disposition and the amortized cost basis of the investment without regard to unrealized gains or losses previously recognized. We record current period changes in fair value of investments that are measured at fair value as a component of the net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments in the consolidated statements of operations.

Expenses

Our primary operating expenses include the payment of fees to our Adviser under the Investment Advisory Agreement, expenses reimbursable under the Administration Agreement and other operating costs described below. Additionally, we pay interest expense on our outstanding debt. We bear all other costs and expenses of our operations, administration and transactions, including those relating to:

- calculating individual asset values and our net asset value (including the cost and expenses of any independent valuation firms);
- expenses, including travel expenses, incurred by the Adviser, or members of our Investment Team, or payable to third parties, in respect of due diligence on prospective portfolio companies and, if necessary, in respect of enforcing our rights with respect to investments in existing portfolio companies;
- the costs of any public offerings of our common stock and other securities, including registration and listing fees;
- the Management Fee and any Incentive Fee;
- certain costs and expenses relating to distributions paid on our shares;
- administration fees payable under our Administration Agreement;
- costs of preparing financial statements and maintaining books and records and filing reports or other documents with the SEC (or other regulatory bodies) and other reporting and compliance costs, and the compensation of professionals responsible for the preparation of the foregoing, including the allocable portion of the compensation of our Chief Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer and other professionals who provide operational and administrative services to us pursuant to the Administration Agreement (based on the percentage of time those individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to our business and affairs);
- · debt service and other costs of borrowings or other financing arrangements;

- the Adviser's allocable share of costs incurred in providing significant managerial assistance to those portfolio companies that request it;
- · amounts payable to third parties relating to, or associated with, making or holding investments;
- transfer agent and custodial fees;
- costs of hedging;
- commissions and other compensation payable to brokers or dealers;
- taxes;
- · Independent Director fees and expenses;
- the costs of any reports, proxy statements or other notices to our stockholders (including printing and mailing costs), the costs of any stockholders' meetings and the compensation of investor relations personnel responsible for the preparation of the foregoing and related matters;
- our fidelity bond;
- directors and officers/errors and omissions liability insurance, and any other insurance premiums;
- indemnification payments;
- · direct costs and expenses of administration, including audit, accounting, consulting and legal costs; and
- all other expenses reasonably incurred by us in connection with making investments and administering our business.

We expect that during periods of asset growth, our general and administrative expenses will be relatively stable or will decline as a percentage of total assets, and will increase as a percentage of total assets during periods of asset declines.

Leverage

While as a BDC the amount of leverage that we are permitted to use is limited in significant respects, we use leverage to increase our ability to make investments. The amount of leverage we use in any period depends on a variety of factors, including cash available for investing, the cost of financing and general economic and market conditions, however, under the 1940 Act, our total borrowings are limited so that our asset coverage ratio cannot fall below 150% immediately after any borrowing, as defined in the 1940 Act. In any period, our interest expense will depend largely on the extent of our borrowing and we expect interest expense will increase as we increase leverage over time within the limits of the 1940 Act. In addition, we may dedicate assets as collateral to financing facilities from time to time.

On October 8, 2018, our stockholders approved the application of the minimum asset coverage ratio of 150% to us, as set forth in Section 61(a)(2) of the 1940 Act, as amended by the Small Business Credit Availability Act (SBCAA). As a result and subject to certain additional disclosure requirements, as of October 9, 2018, our minimum asset coverage ratio was reduced from 200% to 150%. In other words, pursuant to Section 61(a) of the 1940 Act, as amended by the SBCAA, we are permitted to potentially increase our maximum debt-to-equity ratio from an effective level of one-to-one to two-to-one.

Market Trends

We believe trends in the middle-market lending environment, including the limited availability of capital, strong demand for debt capital and specialized lending requirements, are likely to continue to create favorable opportunities for us to invest at attractive risk-adjusted rates.

The limited number of dedicated providers of capital to middle-market companies, combined with increases in required capital levels for regulated financial institutions, reduces the capacity of traditional lenders to serve middle-market companies. We believe that the limited availability of capital creates a significant opportunity for us to directly originate investments. We also believe that the large amount of uninvested capital held by private equity firms will continue to drive deal activity, which may in turn create additional demand for debt capital.

The limited number of dedicated providers is further exacerbated by the specialized due diligence and underwriting capabilities, as well as extensive ongoing monitoring, required for middle-market lending. We believe middle-market lending is generally more labor-intensive than lending to larger companies due to smaller investment sizes and the lack of publicly available information on these companies.



An imbalance between the supply of, and demand for, middle-market debt capital creates attractive pricing dynamics for investors such as BDCs. The negotiated nature of middle-market financings also generally provides for more favorable terms to the lenders, including stronger covenant and reporting packages, better call protection and lender-protective change of control provisions. We believe that BDCs have flexibility to develop loans that reflect each borrower's distinct situation, provide long-term relationships and a potential source for future capital, which renders BDCs, including us, attractive lenders.

In late 2019 and early 2020, the novel coronavirus SARS-CoV-2 and related respiratory disease COVID-19 emerged in China and spread rapidly across the world, including to the United States. This outbreak has led to, and for an unknown and potentially significant period of time will continue to lead to, disruptions in local, regional, national and global markets and economies affected thereby. To date, cross border commercial activity and market sentiment have been negatively impacted by the outbreak and government and other measures seeking to contain its spread. The federal government and the Federal Reserve, as well as foreign governments and central banks, have implemented significant fiscal and monetary policies in response to these disruptions, and additional government and regulatory responses may be possible. It is currently impossible to determine the scope of this or any future outbreak, how long any such outbreak and market disruption, volatility or uncertainty may last, the effect any governmental actions and changes in base interest rates will have or the full potential impact on us, our industry and our portfolio companies.

Portfolio and Investment Activity

As of September 30, 2020, our portfolio based on fair value consisted of 95.0% first-lien debt investments, 0.4% second-lien debt investments, 0.5% mezzanine debt investments, and 4.1% equity and other investments. As of December 31, 2019, our portfolio based on fair value consisted of 96.5% first-lien debt investments, 0.6% second-lien debt investments, 0.1% mezzanine debt investments, and 2.8% equity and other investments.

As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, our weighted average total yield of debt and income-producing securities at fair value (which includes interest income and amortization of fees and discounts) was 10.1% and 10.5%, respectively, and our weighted average total yield of debt and income-producing securities at amortized cost (which includes interest income and amortization of fees and discounts) was 10.7%, respectively.

As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, we had investments in 70 and 63 portfolio companies, respectively, with an aggregate fair value of \$2,100.8 million and \$2,245.9 million, respectively.

For the three months ended September 30, 2020, the principal amount of new investments funded was \$332.3 million in twelve new portfolio companies and four existing portfolio companies. For this period, we had \$253.1 million aggregate principal amount in exits and repayments.

For the three months ended September 30, 2019, the principal amount of new investments funded was \$309.1 million in seven new portfolio companies and four existing portfolio companies. For this period, we had \$309.9 million aggregate principal amount in exits and repayments.

Our investment activity for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 is presented below (information presented herein is at par value unless otherwise indicated).

		Three Months Ended							
(\$ in millions)	Sep	tember 30, 2020	Sept	tember 30, 2019					
New investment commitments:		2020		2015					
Gross originations	\$	1,385.3	\$	616.5					
Less: Syndications/sell downs		949.8		260.9					
Total new investment commitments	\$	435.5	\$	355.6					
Principal amount of investments funded:									
First-lien	\$	324.2	\$	298.9					
Second-lien		—		8.7					
Mezzanine		—		—					
Equity and other		8.1		1.5					
Total	\$	332.3	\$	309.1					
Principal amount of investments sold or repaid:									
First-lien	\$	247.6	\$	305.8					
Second-lien		—		_					
Mezzanine		—							
Equity and other		5.5		4.1					
Total	\$	253.1	\$	309.9					
Number of new investment commitments in									
new portfolio companies		12		7					
Average new investment commitment amount in new portfolio companies	\$	34.8	\$	43.6					
Weighted average term for new investment									
commitments in new portfolio companies									
(in years)		3.8		4.5					
Percentage of new debt investment commitments at floating rates ⁽¹⁾		100.0%)	100.09					
Percentage of new debt investment commitments at fixed rates		0.0%)	0.0					
Weighted average interest rate of new investment commitments		10.3%)	9.5					
Weighted average spread over LIBOR of new floating rate investment commitments (1)		10.1%)	7.6					
Weighted average interest rate on investments fully sold or paid down		9.6%)	12.29					

(1) Includes two fixed rate investments for the three months ended September 30, 2019, for which we entered into interest rate swap agreements to swap to floating rates.

As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, our investments consisted of the following:

	September 30, 2020					December 31, 2019			
(\$ in millions)		Fair Value Amortized Cost				Fair Value	A	Amortized Cost	
First-lien debt investments	\$	1,995.3	\$	1,980.6	\$	2,166.2	\$	2,134.1	
Second-lien debt investments		9.2		9.2		14.1		13.9	
Mezzanine debt investments		9.4		6.6		2.5		2.5	
Equity and other investments		86.9		103.2		63.1		87.5	
Total	\$	2,100.8	\$	2,099.6	\$	2,245.9	\$	2,238.0	

The following tables show the fair value and amortized cost of our performing and non-accrual investments as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

		September	30, 2020		December	oer 31, 2019	
(\$ in millions)	F	air Value	Percentage	F	air Value	Percentage	
Performing	\$	2,081.1	99.1%	\$	2,245.9	100.0%	
Non-accrual (1)		19.7	0.9		—	—	
Total	\$	2,100.8	100.0%	\$	2,245.9	100.0%	
Total						31, 2019	
Total		September	30, 2020		December	31, 2019	
(\$ in millions)	Amo	September 3	30, 2020 Percentage	Ame	December : ortized Cost	31, 2019 Percentage	
	Amo \$		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Amo \$,	
(\$ in millions)	<u>Amo</u> \$	ortized Cost	Percentage		ortized Cost	Percentage	

(1) Loans are generally placed on non-accrual status when principal or interest payments are past due 30 days or more or when management has reasonable doubt that the borrower will pay principal or interest in full. Accrued and unpaid interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest has been paid and, in management's judgment, the borrower is likely to make principal and interest payments in the future. Management may determine to not place a loan on non-accrual status if, notwithstanding any failure to pay, the loan has sufficient collateral value and is in the process of collection.

The weighted average yields and interest rates of our performing debt investments at fair value as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 were as follows:

	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Weighted average total yield of debt and income		
producing securities (1)	10.1%	10.5%
Weighted average interest rate of debt and income		
producing securities	9.5%	9.9%
Weighted average spread over LIBOR of all floating		
rate investments (2)	9.3%	8.0%

(1) Weighted average total portfolio yield at fair value was 9.7% at September 30, 2020 and 10.3% at December 31, 2019.

(2) Includes fixed rate investments for which we entered into interest rate swap agreements to swap to floating rates.

The Adviser monitors our portfolio companies on an ongoing basis. The Adviser monitors the financial trends of each portfolio company to determine if it is meeting its business plans and to assess the appropriate course of action for each company. The Adviser has a number of methods of evaluating and monitoring the performance and fair value of our investments, which may include the following:

- assessment of success of the portfolio company in adhering to its business plan and compliance with covenants;
- periodic and regular contact with portfolio company management and, if appropriate, the financial or strategic sponsor, to discuss financial position, requirements and accomplishments;
- · comparisons to other companies in the industry;
- attendance at, and participation in, board meetings; and
- review of monthly and quarterly financial statements and financial projections for portfolio companies.

As part of the monitoring process, the Adviser regularly assesses the risk profile of each of our investments and, on a quarterly basis, grades each investment on a risk scale of 1 to 5. Risk assessment is not standardized in our industry and our risk assessment may not be comparable to ones used by our competitors. Our assessment is based on the following categories:

• An investment is rated 1 if, in the opinion of the Adviser, it is performing as agreed and there are no concerns about the portfolio company's performance or ability to meet covenant requirements. For these investments, the Adviser generally prepares monthly reports on investment performance and intensive quarterly asset reviews.



- An investment is rated 2 if it is performing as agreed, but, in the opinion of the Adviser, there may be concerns about the company's operating performance or trends in the industry. For these investments, in addition to monthly reports and quarterly asset reviews, the Adviser also researches any areas of concern with the objective of early intervention with the portfolio company.
- An investment will be assigned a rating of 3 if it is paying its obligations to us as agreed but a material covenant violation is expected. For these investments, in addition to monthly reports and quarterly asset reviews, the Adviser also adds the investment to its "watch list" and researches any areas of concern with the objective of early intervention with the portfolio company.
- An investment will be assigned a rating of 4 if a material covenant has been violated, but the company is making its scheduled payments on its obligations to us. For these investments, the Adviser generally prepares a bi-monthly asset review email and generally has monthly meetings with the portfolio company's senior management. For investments where there have been material defaults, including bankruptcy filings, failures to achieve financial performance requirements or failure to maintain liquidity or loan-to-value requirements, the Adviser often will take immediate action to protect its position. These remedies may include negotiating for additional collateral, modifying investment terms or structure, or payment of amendment and waiver fees.
- A rating of 5 indicates an investment is in default on its interest and/or principal payments. For these investments, our Adviser reviews the investments on a bi-monthly basis and, where possible, pursues workouts that achieve an early resolution to avoid further deterioration of our investment. The Adviser retains legal counsel and takes actions to preserve our rights, which may include working with the portfolio company to have the default cured, to have the investment restructured or to have the investment repaid through a consensual workout.

The following table shows the distribution of our investments on the 1 to 5 investment performance rating scale at fair value as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019. Investment performance ratings are accurate only as of those dates and may change due to subsequent developments relating to a portfolio company's business or financial condition, market conditions or developments, and other factors.

	 September 30, 2020			December	r 31, 2019	
Investment Performance Rating	Investments at Fair Value (\$ in millions)	Percentage of Total Portfolio		Investments at Fair Value (\$ in millions)	Percentage of Total Portfolio	
1	\$ 1,779.7	84.7%	\$	1,968.0		87.6%
2	245.5	11.7		230.0		10.3
3	55.9	2.7		47.9		2.1
4	—	—		—		_
5	19.7 (1)	0.9		_		
Total	\$ 2,100.8	100.0%	\$	2,245.9		100.0%

(1) Includes investments with an amortized cost of \$33.7 million for which the fair value as of September 30, 2020 was \$0.

Results of Operations

Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

	Three Mor	nths Ende	d	Nine Months Ended					
(\$ in millions)	ember 30, 2020		ember 30, 2019	September 30, 2020				September 30, 2019	
Total investment income	\$ 71.3	\$	70.1	\$	207.8	\$	185.0		
Less: Net expenses	28.2		31.8		89.6		87.6		
Net investment income before income taxes	 43.1		38.3		118.2		97.4		
Less: Income taxes, including excise taxes	2.0		1.6		4.0		2.9		
Net investment income	 41.1		36.7		114.2		94.5		
Net realized gains (1)	11.0		5.1		8.1		6.0		
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) ⁽¹⁾	29.8		(11.5)		2.3		16.4		
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 81.9	\$	30.3	\$	124.6	\$	116.9		

(1) Includes foreign exchange hedging activity.



Investment Income

		Three Mo	nths Ende		Nine Months Ended				
(\$ in millions)	September 30, 2020 September 30, 2019			Sept	tember 30, 2020	September 30, 2019			
Interest from investments	\$	62.8	\$	67.4	\$	189.1	\$	178.2	
Dividend income		0.4		0.0		1.3		0.0	
Other income		8.1		2.7		17.4		6.8	
Total investment income	\$	71.3	\$	70.1	\$	207.8	\$	185.0	

Interest from investments, which includes amortization of upfront fees and prepayment fees, decreased from \$67.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019 to \$62.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020. The decrease in interest from investments was primarily a result of a decline in effective LIBOR, taking into account the existence of LIBOR floors, and a decrease in prepayment fees. Accelerated amortization of upfront fees, which were primarily from unscheduled paydowns, increased from \$3.3 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019 to \$3.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020. Prepayment fees decreased from \$8.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019 to \$5.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020. The accelerated amortization of upfront fees and prepayment fees primarily resulted from full paydowns on seven portfolio investments and earning prepayment fees on five portfolio investments during the three months ended September 30, 2019. The accelerated amortization of upfront full paydowns on five portfolio investments, and earning prepayment fees primarily resulted from full paydowns on three portfolio investments, and earning prepayment fees on seven portfolio investments during the three months ended September 30, 2020. Other income increased from \$2.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019 to \$3.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020, primarily due to higher amendment and other fees during the three months ended September 30, 2020, primarily due to higher

Interest from investments, which includes amortization of upfront fees and prepayment fees, increased from \$178.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The increase in interest from investments was primarily a result of an increase in accelerated amortization of upfront fees and prepayment fees. Accelerated amortization of upfront fees, which were primarily from unscheduled paydowns, increased from \$6.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to \$11.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to \$11.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. Prepayment fees increased from \$11.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to \$19.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The accelerated amortization of upfront fees and prepayment fees primarily resulted from full paydowns on twelve portfolio investments, one partial paydown, and earning prepayment fees on eight portfolio investments during the nine months ended September 30, 2020. Other income increased from \$6.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. Other income increased from \$6.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. Other income increased from \$6.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. Other income increased from \$6.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. Other income increased from \$6.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. Other income increased from \$6.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, primarily due to higher amendment, commitment, and other fees earned during the nine months ended September 30, 2020, primarily due to higher amendment, commitment, and other fees earned during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019.

Expenses

Operating expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

	Three Mor	ths End	led	Nine Months Ended				
(\$ in millions)	mber 30, 2020		September 30, 2019 September 30, 2020			September 30, 2019		
Interest	\$ 8.4	\$	12.6	\$	31.2	\$	35.7	
Management fees (net of waivers)	7.8		7.9		23.7		21.9	
Incentive fees related to pre-incentive fee net investment								
income (net of waivers)	8.7		7.8		24.2		20.1	
Incentive fees related to realized/unrealized capital gains	_		—		_		—	
Professional fees	1.6		1.8		5.2		4.9	
Directors fees	0.2		0.1		0.6		0.4	
Other general and administrative	1.5		1.6		4.7		4.6	
Net Expenses	\$ 28.2	\$	31.8	\$	89.6	\$	87.6	



Interest

Interest expense, including other debt financing expenses, decreased from \$12.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019 to \$8.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020. This decrease was primarily due to a decrease in the average interest rate on our debt outstanding from the three months ended September 30, 2019 to the three months ended September 30, 2020. The average interest rate on our debt outstanding decreased from 4.4% for three months ended September 30, 2019 to 2.4% for the three months ended September 30, 2020 primarily due to changes in LIBOR rates. The average debt outstanding increased from \$946.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019 to \$1,006.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020.

Interest expense, including other debt financing expenses, decreased from \$35.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to \$31.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. This decrease was primarily due to a decrease in the average interest rate on our debt outstanding from 4.6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to 3.2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

Management Fees

Management Fees decreased from \$7.9 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019 to \$7.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020 due to a decrease in average assets for the three months ended September 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019. The Adviser did not waive any Management Fees for the three months ended September 30, 2020 or 2019.

Management Fees increased from \$21.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to \$23.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 due to an increase in average assets for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 compared to the same period in 2019. The Adviser did not waive any Management Fees for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 or 2019.

Incentive Fees

Incentive Fees related to pre-Incentive Fee net investment income increased from \$7.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020. This increase resulted from an increase in other income partially offset by a decrease in interest from investments for the three months ended September 30, 2020. The Adviser did not waive any Incentive Fees related to pre-Incentive Fee net investment income for the three months ended September 30, 2020 or 2019. There were no Incentive Fees related to capital gains for each of the three months ended September 30, 2020 or 2019. There were no Incentive Fees related to capital gains for each of the three months ended September 30, 2020 or 2019. There were no Incentive Fees related to capital gains for each of the three months ended September 30, 2020 or 2019. There were no Incentive Fees related to capital gains for each of the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 due to cumulative realized losses on our investments.

Incentive Fees related to pre-Incentive Fee net investment income increased from \$20.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to \$24.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. This increase resulted from an increase in investment income resulting from higher interest and other income for the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The Adviser did not waive any Incentive Fees related to pre-Incentive Fee net investment income for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 or 2019. There were no Incentive Fees related to capital gains for each of the nine months ended September 30, 2020 or 2019. There were no Incentive Fees related to capital gains for each of the nine months ended September 30, 2020 or 2019. There were no Incentive Fees related to capital gains for each of the nine months ended September 30, 2020 or 2019. There were no Incentive Fees related to capital gains for each of the nine months ended September 30, 2020 or 2019. There were no Incentive Fees related to capital gains for each of the nine months ended September 30, 2020 or 2019.

Professional Fees and Other General and Administrative Expenses

Professional fees decreased from \$1.8 million the three months ended September 30, 2019 to \$1.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020 primarily due to lower legal fees. Other general and administrative fees decreased from \$1.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019 to \$1.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2020.

Professional fees increased from \$4.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to \$5.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 primarily due to higher legal fees, independent third-party valuation firm and sub-agent administration costs given a larger portfolio. Other general and administrative fees increased from \$4.6 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 to \$4.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2020.

Income Taxes, Including Excise Taxes

We have elected to be treated as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code, and we intend to operate in a manner so as to continue to qualify for the tax treatment applicable to RICs. To qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, distribute to our stockholders in each taxable year generally at least 90% of our investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code, and net tax-exempt income for that taxable year. To maintain our RIC status, we, among other things, have made and intend to continue to make the requisite distributions to our stockholders, which generally relieve us from corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes.

Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, we can be expected to carry forward taxable income (including net capital gains, if any) in excess of current year dividend distributions from the current tax year into the next tax year and pay a nondeductible 4% U.S. federal excise tax on such taxable income, as required. To the extent that we determine that our estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions from such income, we accrue excise tax on estimated excess taxable income.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, we recorded a net expense of \$2.0 million and \$4.0 million, respectively, for U.S. federal excise tax and other taxes. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, we recorded a net expense of \$1.6 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, for U.S. federal excise tax and other taxes.

Net Realized and Unrealized Gains and Losses

The following table summarizes our net realized and unrealized gains (losses) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

		Three Mon	ths H	Ended	Nine Months Ended			
(\$ in millions)	Sep	tember 30, 2020	Se	ptember 30, 2019	September 30, 2020		September 30, 2019	
Net realized gains on investments	\$	11.1	\$	4.9	\$	7.5	\$	6.0
Net realized gains on extinguishment of debt						0.7		
Net realized gains (losses) on foreign currency transactions		0.0		0.2		(0.0)		0.0
Net realized losses on foreign currency investments		(1.3)		(0.0)		(1.1)		(0.1)
Net realized gains on foreign currency borrowings		1.2		0.0		1.0		0.1
Net realized gains on interest rate swaps				0.0				0.0
Net Realized Gains (Losses)	\$	11.0	\$	5.1	\$	8.1	\$	6.0
Change in unrealized gains on investments	\$	44.5	\$	9.3	\$	41.1	\$	33.4
Change in unrealized losses on investments		(8.7)		(25.2)		(47.8)		(28.7)
Net Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses) on								
Investments	\$	35.8	\$	(15.9)	\$	(6.7)	\$	4.7
Unrealized gains (losses) on foreign currency borrowings		(4.5)		2.9		0.8		0.8
Unrealized gains (losses) on foreign currency cash		(0.0)		(0.0)		0.0		0.0
Unrealized gains (losses) on interest rate swaps		(1.5)		1.5		8.2		10.9
Net Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Foreign								
Currency Transactions and Interest Rate Swaps	\$	(6.0)	\$	4.4	\$	9.0	\$	11.7
Net Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses)	\$	29.8	\$	(11.5)	\$	2.3	\$	16.4

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, we had net realized gains on investments of \$11.1 million and \$7.5 million, respectively, primarily driven by one investment. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, we had net realized gains of \$0.0 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, on extinguishment of debt, as a result of our repurchases of our debt securities. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, we had net realized gains of less than \$0.1 million on foreign currency transactions and unrealized losses of less than \$0.1 million on foreign currency related to our non-USD denominated investments. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, we had net realized losses of \$1.3 million and \$1.1 million, respectively, on foreign currency investments. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, we had net realized gains of \$1.2 million and \$1.0 million, respectively, on foreign currency borrowings. The net realized losses on foreign currency borrowings were a result of payments on our revolving credit facility.

For the three months ended September 30, 2020 we had \$44.5 million in unrealized gains on 58 portfolio company investments, which was offset by \$8.7 million in unrealized losses on 13 portfolio company investments. Unrealized gains resulted from an increase in fair value, primarily due to tightening of credit spreads and positive portfolio company specific adjustments. Unrealized losses primarily resulted from the unwind of prior period unrealized gains on 48 portfolio company investments, which was offset by \$47.8 million in unrealized losses on 34 portfolio company investments. Unrealized gains resulted from an increase in fair value, primarily due to positive investment-related adjustments. Unrealized losses on 34 portfolio company investments. Unrealized gains resulted from an increase in fair value, primarily due to positive investment-related adjustments. Unrealized losses primarily resulted from a widening spread environment.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 we had unrealized losses on foreign currency borrowings of \$4.5 million and unrealized gains on foreign currency borrowings of \$0.8 million, respectively, as a result of fluctuations in the AUD, CAD and EUR exchange rates. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, we had unrealized losses on foreign currency cash of less than \$0.1 and unrealized gains of less than \$0.0 million, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, we had unrealized losses on interest rate swaps of \$1.5 million and unrealized gains on interest rate swaps of \$8.2 million, respectively, due to fluctuations in interest rates and the periodic settlement of interest rate swaps.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 we had net realized gains on investments of \$4.9 million and \$6.0 million, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 we had net realized gains of \$0.2 million and less than \$0.1 million, respectively, on foreign currency transactions, primarily as a result of translating foreign currency related to our non-USD denominated investments. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 we had net realized gains of less than \$0.1 million, respectively, on foreign currency investments. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 we had net realized gains of less than \$0.1 million and \$0.1 million, respectively, on foreign currency borrowings. The net realized gains on foreign currency borrowings were a result of payments on our revolving credit facility. For both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 we had net realized gains of less than \$0.1 million on interest rate swaps.

For the three months ended September 30, 2019 we had \$9.3 million in unrealized gains on 26 portfolio company investments, which was offset by \$25.2 million in unrealized losses on 36 portfolio company investments. Unrealized gains resulted from an increase in fair value, primarily due to positive credit-related adjustments. Unrealized losses primarily resulted from reversal of prior period unrealized gains and in some instances negative credit-related adjustments. For the nine months ended September 30, 2019 we had \$33.4 million in unrealized gains on 37 portfolio company investments, which was offset by \$28.7 million in unrealized losses on 30 portfolio company investments. Unrealized gains resulted from an increase in fair value, primarily due to a tightening spread environment and positive investment-related adjustments. Unrealized losses primarily resulted from reversal of prior period unrealized losses primarily resulted adjustments.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, we had unrealized gains on foreign currency borrowings of \$2.9 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, as a result of fluctuations in the AUD, CAD and EUR exchange rates. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 we had unrealized losses on foreign currency cash and forward contracts of less than \$0.1 million and unrealized gains on foreign currency cash and forward contracts of less than \$0.1 million and unrealized gains on foreign currency cash and forward contracts of less than \$0.1 million, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019 we had unrealized gains on interest rate swaps of \$1.5 million and \$10.9 million, respectively, on interest rate swaps due to fluctuations in interest rates and the periodic settlement of interest rate swaps.

Realized Gross Internal Rate of Return

Since we began investing in 2011 through September 30, 2020, weighted by capital invested, our exited investments have generated an average realized gross internal rate of return to us of 18.7% (based on total capital invested of \$4.6 billion and total proceeds from these exited investments of \$5.8 billion). Ninety-seven percent of these exited investments resulted in a realized gross internal rate of return to us of 10% or greater.

Gross IRR, with respect to an investment, is calculated based on the dates that we invested capital and dates we received distributions, regardless of when we made distributions to our stockholders. Initial investments are assumed to occur at time zero, and all cash flows are deemed to occur on the fifteenth of each month in which they occur.

Gross IRR reflects historical results relating to our past performance and is not necessarily indicative of our future results. In addition, gross IRR does not reflect the effect of Management Fees, expenses, Incentive Fees or taxes borne, or to be borne, by us or our stockholders, and would be lower if it did.

Average gross IRR is the average of the gross IRR for each of our exited investments (each calculated as described above), weighted by the total capital invested for each of those investments.

Average gross IRR on our exited investments reflects only invested and realized cash amounts as described above, and does not reflect any unrealized gains or losses in our portfolio.

Internal rate of return, or IRR, is a measure of our discounted cash flows (inflows and outflows). Specifically, IRR is the discount rate at which the net present value of all cash flows is equal to zero. That is, IRR is the discount rate at which the present value of total capital invested in each of our investments is equal to the present value of all realized returns from that investment. Our IRR calculations are unaudited.

Capital invested, with respect to an investment, represents the aggregate cost basis allocable to the realized or unrealized portion of the investment, net of any upfront fees paid at closing for the term loan portion of the investment. Capital invested also includes realized losses on hedging activity, with respect to an investment, which represents any inception-to-date realized losses on foreign currency forward contracts allocable to the investment, if any.

Realized returns, with respect to an investment, represents the total cash received with respect to each investment, including all amortization payments, interest, dividends, prepayment fees, upfront fees (except upfront fees paid at closing for the term loan portion of an investment), administrative fees, agent fees, amendment fees, accrued interest, and other fees and proceeds. Realized returns also include realized gains on hedging activity, with respect to an investment, which represents any inception-to-date realized gains on foreign currency forward contracts allocable to the investment, if any.

Hedging

We use interest rate swaps to hedge our fixed rate debt and certain fixed rate investments. We have designated certain interest rate swaps to be in a hedge accounting relationship. See Note 2 for additional disclosure regarding our accounting for derivative instruments designated in a hedge accounting relationship. See Note 5 for additional disclosure regarding these derivative instruments and the interest payments paid and received. See Note 7 for additional disclosure regarding the carrying value of our debt. Our current approach to hedging the foreign currency exposure in our non-U.S. dollar denominated investments is primarily to borrow the par amount in local currency under our Revolving Credit Facility to fund these investments. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, we incurred \$4.5 million of unrealized losses and \$0.8 million of unrealized gains, respectively, on the translation of our non-U.S. dollar denominated investments into U.S. dollars; such amounts approximate the corresponding unrealized gains and losses on the translation of our non-U.S. dollar denominated investments into U.S. dollars for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019, we incurred \$2.9 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, of unrealized gains on the translation of our non-U.S. dollar denominated debt into U.S. dollars; such amounts approximate the corresponding unrealized gains and losses on the translation of our non-U.S. dollar denominated investments into U.S. dollars for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2019.

See Note 2 for additional disclosure regarding our accounting for foreign currency. See Note 7 for additional disclosure regarding the amounts of outstanding debt denominated in each foreign currency at September 30, 2020. See our consolidated schedule of investments for additional disclosure regarding the foreign currency amounts (in both par and fair value) of our non-U.S. dollar denominated investments.

Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our liquidity and capital resources are derived primarily from proceeds from equity issuances, advances from our credit facilities, and cash flows from operations. The primary uses of our cash and cash equivalents are:

- investments in portfolio companies and other investments and to comply with certain portfolio diversification requirements;
- the cost of operations (including paying our Adviser);
- · debt service, repayment, and other financing costs; and
- cash dividends to the holders of our shares.

We intend to continue to generate cash primarily from cash flows from operations, future borrowings and future offerings of securities. We may from time to time enter into additional debt facilities, increase the size of existing facilities or issue debt securities. Any such incurrence or issuance would be subject to prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual and regulatory restrictions and other factors. In accordance with the 1940 Act, with certain limited exceptions, we are only allowed to incur borrowings, issue debt securities or issue preferred stock if immediately after the borrowing or issuance the ratio of total assets (less total liabilities other than indebtedness) to total indebtedness plus preferred stock, is at least 150%. For more information, see "Key Components of Our Results of Operations — Leverage" above. As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, our asset coverage ratio was 222.7% and 200.4%, respectively. We carefully consider our unfunded commitments for the purpose of planning our capital resources and ongoing liquidity, including our financial leverage. Further, we maintain sufficient borrowing capacity within the 150% asset coverage limitation under the 1940 Act and the asset coverage limitation under our credit facilities to cover any outstanding unfunded commitments we are required to fund.

Cash and cash equivalents as of September 30, 2020, taken together with cash available under our credit facilities, is expected to be sufficient for our investing activities and to conduct our operations in the near term. As of September 30, 2020, we had approximately \$1.0 billion of availability on our Revolving Credit Facility, subject to asset coverage limitations.

As of September 30, 2020, we had \$15.7 million in cash and cash equivalents, including \$11.8 million of restricted cash, an increase of \$1.6 million from December 31, 2019. During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, we provided \$289.0 million in cash from operating activities as a result of repayments and proceeds from investments of \$720.7 million and an increase in net assets resulting from operations of \$124.6 million, which was partially offset by funding portfolio investments of \$549.1 million, and other operating activity of \$7.2 million. Lastly, cash used in financing activities was \$287.5 million during the period due to paydowns on our Revolving Credit Facility of \$766.7 million, dividends paid of \$97.1 million, repurchases of debt of \$31.8 million, repurchases of common stock of \$2.9 million, and deferred financing costs of \$4.2 million, which was partially offset by borrowings of \$615.2 million.

As of September 30, 2020, we had \$11.8 million of restricted cash pledged as collateral under our interest rate swap agreements, an increase of \$2.5 million from December 31, 2019 primarily due to increases in the notional amount and fair value of our swaps.

Equity

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, we also issued 1,310,513 and 880,556 shares of our common stock, respectively, to investors who have not opted out of our dividend reinvestment plan for proceeds of \$21.2 million and \$16.5 million, respectively.

On August 4, 2015, our Board authorized us to acquire up to \$50 million in aggregate of our common stock from time to time over an initial six month period, and has continued to authorize the refreshment of the \$50 million amount authorized under and extension of the stock repurchase program prior to its expiration since that time, most recently as of November 4, 2020. The amount and timing of stock repurchases under the program may vary depending on market conditions, and no assurance can be given that any particular amount of common stock will be repurchased.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, we repurchased 206,964 shares at a weighted average price per share of \$14.17 inclusive of commissions, for a total cost of \$2.9 million. No shares were repurchased during the three months ended September 30, 2020, or during three and nine months ended September 30, 2019.

Debt

Debt obligations consisted of the following as of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019:

		September 30, 2020									
	Aggre	Aggregate Principal		Outstanding		Amount		Carrying			
(\$ in millions)	Amou	Amount Committed		Principal		Available (1)		Value (2)(3)			
Revolving Credit Facility	\$	1,315.0	\$	291.3	\$	1,023.7	\$	279.9			
2022 Convertible Notes		142.8		142.8		—		141.1			
2023 Notes		150.0		150.0				148.5			
2024 Notes		347.5		347.5		—		359.9			
Total Debt	\$	1,955.3	\$	931.6	\$	1,023.7	\$	929.4			

(1) The amount available may be subject to limitations related to the borrowing base under the Revolving Credit Facility and asset coverage requirements.

(2) The carrying values of the Revolving Credit Facility, 2022 Convertible Notes, 2023 Notes, and 2024 Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs and original issue discounts of \$11.4 million, \$1.7 million, \$1.5 million and \$5.7 million, respectively.

(3) The carrying value of the 2024 Notes is presented inclusive of an incremental \$18.1 million, which represents an adjustment in the carrying value of the 2024 Notes resulting from a hedge accounting relationship.



	December 51, 2015										
	Aggre	Aggregate Principal		Outstanding	Amount			Carrying			
(\$ in millions)	Amou	Amount Committed		Principal		Available (1)		Value (2)(3)			
Revolving Credit Facility	\$	1,245.0	\$	495.7	\$	749.3	\$	485.8			
2022 Convertible Notes		172.5		172.5		—		169.4			
2023 Notes		150.0		150.0		—		148.0			
2024 Notes		300.0		300.0		—		291.3			
Total Debt	\$	1,867.5	\$	1,118.2	\$	749.3	\$	1,094.5			

December 31 2019

- The amount available may be subject to limitations related to the borrowing base under the Revolving Credit Facility and asset coverage requirements.
- (2) The carrying values of the Revolving Credit Facility, 2022 Convertible Notes, 2023 Notes, and 2024 Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs and original issue discounts of \$10.0 million, \$3.1 million, \$2.0 million and \$6.9 million, respectively.
- (3) The carrying value of the 2024 Notes is presented net of \$1.8 million, which represents an adjustment in the carrying value of the 2024 Notes resulting from a hedge accounting relationship.

As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, we were in compliance with the terms of our debt arrangements. We intend to continue to utilize our credit facilities to fund investments and for other general corporate purposes.

Revolving Credit Facility

On August 23, 2012, we entered into a senior secured revolving credit agreement with Truist Bank (as successor by merger to SunTrust Bank), as administrative agent, and J.P. Morgan Chase Bank, N.A., as syndication agent, and certain other lenders (as amended and restated, the "Revolving Credit Facility").

As of December 31, 2019, aggregate commitments under the facility were \$1.245 billion. Pursuant to an amendment to the Revolving Credit Facility dated as of January 31, 2020 (the "Ninth Amendment"), the aggregate commitments under the facility were increased to \$1.315 billion. The facility includes an uncommitted accordion feature that allows the Company, under certain circumstances, to increase the size of the facility to up to \$1.750 billion.

Pursuant to the Ninth Amendment, the revolving period, during which period we, subject to certain conditions, may make borrowings under the facility, was extended from February 14, 2023 to January 31, 2024 and the stated maturity date was extended from February 14, 2024 to January 31, 2025.

We may borrow amounts in U.S. dollars or certain other permitted currencies. As of September 30, 2020, we had outstanding debt denominated in Australian Dollars (AUD) of 51.6 million, Canadian Dollars (CAD) of 62.2 million, and Euro (EUR) of 8.3 million on our Revolving Credit Facility, included in the Outstanding Principal amount in the table above.

The Revolving Credit Facility also provides for the issuance of letters of credit up to an aggregate amount of \$75 million. As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, we had no outstanding letters of credit issued through the Revolving Credit Facility. The amount available for borrowing under the Revolving Credit Facility is reduced by any letters of credit issued through the Revolving Credit Facility.

Amounts drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility, including amounts drawn in respect of letters of credit, bear interest at either LIBOR plus a margin of either 1.75% or 1.875%, or the base rate plus a margin of either 0.75% or 0.875%, in each case, based on the total amount of the borrowing base relative to the sum of the total commitments (or, if greater, the total exposure) under the Revolving Credit Facility plus certain other designated secured debt. We may elect either the LIBOR or base rate at the time of drawdown, and loans may be converted from one rate to another at any time, subject to certain conditions. We also pay a fee of 0.375% on undrawn amounts and, in respect of each undrawn letter of credit, a fee and interest rate equal to the then applicable margin while the letter of credit is outstanding.

The Revolving Credit Facility is guaranteed by Sixth Street SL SPV, LLC, TC Lending, LLC and Sixth Street SL Holding, LLC. The Revolving Credit Facility is secured by a perfected first-priority security interest in substantially all the portfolio investments held by us and each guarantor. Proceeds from borrowings may be used for general corporate purposes, including the funding of portfolio investments.



The Revolving Credit Facility includes customary events of default, as well as customary covenants, including restrictions on certain distributions and financial covenants. The financial covenants require:

- an asset coverage ratio of no less than 1.5 to 1 on the last day of any fiscal quarter;
- a liquidity test under which we must not maintain cash and liquid investments of less than 10% of the covered debt amount for more than 30 consecutive business days under circumstances where our adjusted covered debt balance is greater than 90% of our adjusted borrowing base under the facility;
- stockholders' equity of at least \$500 million plus 25% of the net proceeds of the sale of equity interests after January 31, 2020;
- minimum asset coverage ratio of no less than 2 to 1 with respect to (i) the consolidated assets of the Company and the subsidiary guarantors (including certain limitations on the contribution of equity in financing subsidiaries) to (ii) the secured debt of the Company and its subsidiary guarantors plus unsecured senior securities of the Company and its subsidiary guarantors that mature within 90 days of the date of determination (the "Obligor Asset Coverage Ratio"); and
- minimum consolidated assets of the Company and the subsidiary guarantors (including certain limitations on the contribution of equity in financing subsidiaries), less total secured debt of the Company and the subsidiary guarantors, of at least \$350 million at the last day of any fiscal quarter.

The Revolving Credit Facility also contains certain additional concentration limits in connection with the calculation of the borrowing base, based on the Obligor Asset Coverage Ratio.

Net proceeds received from the issuance of the 2022 Convertible Notes, 2023 Notes and 2024 Notes were used to pay down borrowings on the Revolving Credit Facility.

2022 Convertible Notes

In February 2017, we issued in a private offering \$115 million aggregate principal amount convertible notes due August 2022 (the "2022 Convertible Notes"). The 2022 Convertible Notes were issued in a private placement only to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act. The 2022 Convertible Notes are unsecured, and bear interest at a rate of 4.50% per year, payable semiannually. The 2022 Convertible Notes will mature on August 1, 2022. In certain circumstances, the 2022 Convertible Notes will be convertible into cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock, at our election, at an initial conversion rate of 46.8516 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of 2022 Convertible Notes, which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$21.34 per share of our common stock, subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments. As of September 30, 2020, the estimated adjusted conversion price was approximately \$19.91 per share of common stock. The sale of the 2022 Convertible Notes generated net proceeds of approximately \$111.2 million. We used the net proceeds of the offering to pay down debt under the Revolving Credit Facility. In connection with the offering of 2022 Convertible Notes, we have entered into an interest rate swap to continue to align the interest rates of our liabilities with our investment portfolio, which consists of predominately floating rate loans. As a result of the swaps, our effective interest rate on the original issuance of 2022 Convertible Notes is three-month LIBOR plus 2.37%.

In June 2018, we issued an additional \$57.5 million aggregate principal amount of 2022 Convertible Notes. The additional 2022 Convertible Notes were issued with identical terms, and are fungible with and are part of a single series with the previously outstanding \$115 million aggregate principal amount of our 2022 Convertible Notes issued in February 2017. In connection with the reopening of the 2022 Convertible Notes, we entered into interest rate swaps to continue to align the interest rates of its liabilities with its investment portfolio, which consists of predominately floating rate loans. As a result of the additional swaps, our effective interest rate on the additional 2022 Convertible Notes is approximately three-month LIBOR plus 1.60%.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, we repurchased on the open market and extinguished \$29.7 million in aggregate principal amount of the 2022 Convertible Notes for \$29.5 million. These repurchases resulted in a gain on extinguishment of debt of less than \$0.7 million. This gain is included in the extinguishment of debt in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. In connection with the repurchases of the 2022 Convertible Notes, we entered into floating-to-fixed interest rate swaps with an aggregate notional amount equal to the amount of 2022 Convertible Notes repurchased, which has the effect of reducing the notional exposure of the fixed-to-floating interest rate swaps, which were entered into in connection with the issuance of the 2022 Convertible Notes, to match the current principal amount of the 2022 Convertible Notes outstanding. As a result of the swaps, our effective interest rate on the outstanding 2022 Convertible Notes is three-month LIBOR plus 2.11% (on a weighted-average basis).

Holders may convert their 2022 Convertible Notes at their option at any time prior to February 1, 2022 only under the following circumstances: (1) during any calendar quarter commencing after the calendar quarter ending on June 30, 2017 (and only during such calendar quarter), if the last reported sale price of the common stock for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during a period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding calendar quarter is greater than or equal to 130% of the conversion price on each applicable trading day; (2) during the five business day period after any five consecutive trading day period (the "measurement period") in which the trading price (as defined in the indenture governing the 2022 Convertible Notes) per \$1,000 principal amount of notes for each trading day of the measurement period was less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of our common stock and the conversion rate on each such trading day; or (3) upon the occurrence of specified corporate events. On or after February 1, 2022 until the close of business on the scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date, holders may convert their notes at any time, regardless of the occurrence or nonoccurrence of any of the foregoing circumstances.

The 2022 Convertible Notes are our unsecured obligations and rank senior in right of payment to our future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the 2022 Convertible Notes; equal in right of payment to our existing and future indebtedness that is not so subordinated; effectively junior in right of payment to any of our secured indebtedness (including unsecured indebtedness that we later secure) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness; and structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by our subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities.

The indenture governing the 2022 Convertible Notes contains certain covenants, including covenants requiring us to comply with the applicable asset coverage ratio requirement under the 1940 Act and to provide financial information to the holders of the 2022 Convertible Notes under certain circumstances. These covenants are subject to important limitations and exceptions that are described in the indenture governing the 2022 Convertible Notes. As of September 30, 2020, we were in compliance with the terms of the indenture governing the 2022 Convertible Notes.

The 2022 Convertible Notes are accounted for in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 470-20. Upon conversion of any of the 2022 Convertible Notes, we intend to pay the outstanding principal amount in cash and, to the extent that the conversion value exceeds the principal amount, we have the option to pay in cash or shares of our common stock (or a combination of cash and shares) in respect of the excess amount, subject to the requirements of the indenture governing the 2022 Convertible Notes. We have determined that the embedded conversion options in the 2022 Convertible Notes are not required to be separately accounted for as a derivative under U.S. GAAP. In accounting for the 2022 Convertible Notes, we estimated at the time of issuance separate debt and equity components of the 2022 Convertible Notes. An original issue discount equal to the equity components of the 2022 Convertible Notes was recorded in "additional paid-in capital" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. Additionally, the issuance costs associated with the 2022 Convertible Notes were allocated to the debt and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the proceeds and accounted for as deferred financing costs and equity issuance costs, respectively.

As of September 30, 2020, the principal amount of the 2022 Convertible Notes exceeded the value of the underlying shares multiplied by the per share closing price of our common stock.

2023 Notes

In January 2018, we issued \$150.0 million aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on January 22, 2023 (the "2023 Notes"). The principal amount of the 2023 Notes is payable at maturity. The 2023 Notes bear interest at a rate of 4.50% per year, payable semi-annually commencing on July 22, 2018, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at our option at any time at par plus a "make whole" premium. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2023 Notes, net of underwriting discounts and offering costs, were \$146.9 million. We used the net proceeds of the 2023 Notes to repay outstanding indebtedness under the Revolving Credit Facility.

In connection with the 2023 Notes offering, we entered into an interest rate swap to continue to align the interest rates of our liabilities with our investment portfolio, which consists of predominately floating rate loans. As a result of the swap, our effective interest rate on the 2023 Notes is three-month LIBOR plus 1.99%.

2024 Notes

In November 2019, we issued \$300.0 million aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on November 1, 2024 (the "2024 Notes"). The principal amount of the 2024 Notes is payable at maturity. The 2024 Notes bear interest at a rate of 3.875% per year, payable semi-annually commencing on May 1, 2020, and may be redeemed in whole or in part at our option at any time at par plus a "make whole" premium. Total proceeds from the issuance of the 2024 Notes, net of underwriting discounts, offering costs and original issue discount were \$292.9 million. We used the net proceeds of the 2024 Notes to repay outstanding indebtedness under the Revolving Credit Facility.



On February 5, 2020, we issued an additional \$50.0 million aggregate principal amount of unsecured notes that mature on November 1, 2024. The additional 2024 Notes are a further issuance of, fungible with, rank equally in right of payment with and have the same terms (other than the issue date and the public offering price) as the initial issuance of 2024 Notes. Total proceeds from the issuance of the additional 2024 Notes, net of underwriting discounts, offering costs and original issue premium were \$50.1 million. We used the net proceeds of the 2024 Notes to repay outstanding indebtedness under the Revolving Credit Facility.

In connection with the 2024 Notes offering and reopening of the 2024 Notes, we entered into interest rate swaps to continue to align the interest rates of our liabilities with our investment portfolio, which consists of predominately floating rate loans. As a result of the swaps, our effective interest rate on the 2024 Notes is three-month LIBOR plus 2.28% (on a weighted average basis).

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020, we repurchased on the open market and extinguished \$2.5 million in aggregate principal amount of the 2024 Notes for \$2.4 million. These repurchases resulted in a gain on extinguishment of debt of less than \$0.1 million. This gain is included in the extinguishment of debt in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. In connection with the repurchase of the 2024 Notes, we entered into a floating-to-fixed interest rate swap with a notional amount equal to the amount of 2024 Notes repurchased, which has the effect of reducing the notional exposure of the fixed-to-floating interest rate swaps, which were entered into in connection with the issuance of the 2024 Notes, to match the current principal amount of the 2024 Notes outstanding. As a result of the swap, our effective interest rate on the outstanding 2024 Notes is three-month LIBOR plus 2.28% (on a weighted average basis).

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Portfolio Company Commitments

From time to time, we may enter into commitments to fund investments. We incorporate these commitments into our assessment of our liquidity position. Our senior secured revolving loan commitments are generally available on a borrower's demand and may remain outstanding until the maturity date of the applicable loan. Our senior secured term loan commitments are generally available on a borrower's demand and, once drawn, generally have the same remaining term as the associated loan agreement. Undrawn senior secured term loan commitments generally have a shorter availability period than the term of the associated loan agreement. As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, we had the following commitments to fund investments in current portfolio companies:

(\$ in millions)	September 30, 2020 I		December 31, 2019
Alpha Midco, Inc Delayed Draw	\$	0.4	\$ 19.6
AppStar Financial, LLC - Revolver		_	2.0
AvidXchange, Inc Delayed Draw		4.7	5.1
Biohaven Pharmaceuticals, Inc Delayed Draw		22.5	_
BlueSnap, Inc Revolver		_	2.5
Centric Brands, Inc Revolver		45.6	—
ClearCompany, LLC - Delayed Draw		—	1.4
Clinicient, Inc Revolver		1.6	4.0
DaySmart Holdings, LLC - Delayed Draw		16.9	17.5
DaySmart Holdings, LLC - Revolver		2.0	5.0
Dye & Durham Corp Revolver			1.3
Energy Alloys, LLC - Delayed Draw		_	15.0
Energy Alloys, LLC - Revolver		2.0	_
Exela Receivables 1, LLC - Revolver		40.0	_
Factor Systems, Inc Delayed Draw		13.3	_
Ferrellgas, L.P Revolver		_	30.0
ForeScout Technologies, Inc.		0.5	—
G Treasury SS, LLC - Delayed Draw		2.9	3.8
Gainsight, Inc Delayed Draw		_	1.8
Integration Appliance, Inc Revolver		1.3	2.6
IntelePeer Holdings, Inc Convertible Note		1.4	_
IntelePeer Holdings, Inc Delayed Draw		3.2	3.5
IRGSE Holding Corp Revolver		0.4	2.1
Kyriba Corp Delayed Draw		4.5	8.3
Kyriba Corp Revolver		0.0	1.2
Lithium Technologies, LLC - Revolver		3.3	4.0
Lucidworks, Inc Revolver		3.3	3.3
Netwrix Corp Delayed Draw		24.7	_
Netwrix Corp Revolver		2.7	_
PageUp People, Ltd Revolver		3.6	2.8
PayLease, LLC - Revolver		_	3.3
PayScale Holdings, Inc Delayed Draw		7.7	7.7
PrimeRevenue, Inc Delayed Draw		0.8	—
PrimeRevenue, Inc Revolver		6.3	6.3
ResMan, LLC - Delayed Draw		5.5	3.6
ResMan, LLC - Revolver		2.0	2.0
Sprinklr - Delayed Draw Convertible Note		3.8	_
TherapeuticsMD, Inc Delayed Draw A1		_	7.5
TherapeuticsMD, Inc Delayed Draw A2		_	7.5
Valant Medical Solutions, Inc Delayed Draw		2.3	2.6
Valant Medical Solutions, Inc Revolver		0.5	2.0
Verdad Resources Intermediate Holdings, LLC - Delayed Draw		15.5	7.8
WideOrbit, Inc Revolver		4.8	_
Total Portfolio Company Commitments (1)	\$	250.0	\$ 187.1

(1) Represents the full amount of our commitments to fund investments on such date. Commitments may be subject to limitations on borrowings set forth in the agreements between us and the applicable portfolio company. As a result, portfolio companies may not be eligible to borrow the full commitment amount on such date.

Other Commitments and Contingencies

As of September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, we did not have any unfunded commitments to fund new investments to new borrowers that were not current portfolio companies as of such date.

We have certain contracts under which we have material future commitments. Under the Investment Advisory Agreement, our Adviser provides us with investment advisory and management services. For these services, we pay the Management Fee and the Incentive Fee.

Under the Administration Agreement, our Adviser furnishes us with office facilities and equipment, provides us clerical, bookkeeping and record keeping services at such facilities and provides us with other administrative services necessary to conduct our day-to-day operations. We reimburse our Adviser or its affiliates for the allocable portion (subject to the review and approval of our Board) of expenses incurred by it in performing its obligations under the Administration Agreement, and the fees and expenses associated with performing compliance functions. Such reimbursable amounts include the allocable portion of the compensation of our Chief Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer and other professionals who provide operational and administrative services to us pursuant to the Administration Agreement. We reimburse the Adviser (or its affiliates) for the allocable portion of the compensation paid by the Adviser (or its affiliates) to such individuals based on a percentage of time those individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to our business and affairs. We may also reimburse the Adviser or its affiliates for the allocable portion of overhead expenses (including rent, office equipment and utilities) attributable thereto. Our Adviser also offers on our behalf significant managerial assistance to those portfolio companies to which we are required to offer to provide such assistance.

Contractual Obligations

A summary of our contractual payment obligations as of September 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Payments Due by Period									
	Less than									
(\$ in millions)		Total		1 year		1-3 years		3-5 years	Aft	er 5 years
Revolving Credit Facility	\$	291.3	\$	—	\$		\$	291.3	\$	—
2022 Convertible Notes		142.8		—		142.8				
2023 Notes		150.0		—		150.0		_		—
2024 Notes		347.5						347.5		—
Total Contractual Obligations	\$	931.6	\$		\$	292.8	\$	638.8	\$	

In addition to the contractual payment obligations in the tables above, we also have commitments to fund investments and to pledge assets as collateral under the terms of our derivatives agreements.

Distributions

We have elected and qualified to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a RIC under subchapter M of the Code. To maintain our RIC status, we must distribute (or be treated as distributing) in each taxable year dividends for tax purposes equal to at least 90 percent of the sum of our:

- investment company taxable income (which is generally our ordinary income plus the excess of realized net short-term capital gains over realized net long-term capital losses), determined without regard to the deduction for dividends paid, for such taxable year; and
- net tax-exempt interest income (which is the excess of our gross tax-exempt interest income over certain disallowed deductions) for such taxable year.

As a RIC, we (but not our stockholders) generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on investment company taxable income and net capital gains that we distribute to our stockholders.

We intend to distribute annually all or substantially all of such income. To the extent that we retain our net capital gains or any investment company taxable income, we generally will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax. We may choose to retain our net capital gains or any investment company taxable income, and pay the U.S. federal excise tax described below.



Amounts not distributed on a timely basis in accordance with a calendar year distribution requirement are subject to a nondeductible 4% U.S. federal excise tax payable by us. To avoid this tax, we must distribute (or be treated as distributing) during each calendar year an amount at least equal to the sum of:

- 98% of our net ordinary income excluding certain ordinary gains or losses for that calendar year;
- 98.2% of our capital gain net income, adjusted for certain ordinary gains and losses, recognized for the twelve-month period ending on October 31 of that calendar year; and
- 100% of any income or gains recognized, but not distributed, in preceding years.

While we intend to distribute any income and capital gains in the manner necessary to minimize imposition of the 4% U.S. federal excise tax, sufficient amounts of our taxable income and capital gains may not be distributed to avoid entirely the imposition of this tax. In that event, we will be liable for this tax only on the amount by which we do not meet the foregoing distribution requirement.

We intend to pay quarterly dividends to our stockholders out of assets legally available for distribution. All dividends will be paid at the discretion of our Board and will depend on our earnings, financial condition, maintenance of our RIC status, compliance with applicable BDC regulations and such other factors as our Board may deem relevant from time to time.

To the extent our current taxable earnings for a year fall below the total amount of our distributions for that year, a portion of those distributions may be deemed a return of capital to our stockholders for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Thus, the source of a distribution to our stockholders may be the original capital invested by the stockholder rather than our income or gains. Stockholders should read any written disclosure carefully and should not assume that the source of any distribution is our ordinary income or gains.

We have adopted an "opt out" dividend reinvestment plan for our common stockholders. As a result, if we declare a cash dividend or other distribution, each stockholder that has not "opted out" of our dividend reinvestment plan will have their dividends or distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock rather than receiving cash dividends. Stockholders who receive distributions in the form of shares of common stock will be subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as if they received cash distributions.

Related-Party Transactions

We have entered into a number of business relationships with affiliated or related parties, including the following:

- the Investment Advisory Agreement;
- the Administration Agreement; and
- a license agreement with an affiliate of TPG to use the TPG name and logo, royalty free, for an agreed upon period of time. Other than with respect to this limited license, we have no legal right to use the TPG name as a trademark.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of our consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets, and any other parameters used in determining such estimates could cause actual results to differ. Our critical accounting policies, including those relating to the valuation of our investment portfolio, are described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019, filed with the SEC on February 19, 2020, and elsewhere in our filings with the SEC.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are subject to financial market risks, including valuation risk, interest rate risk and currency risk.

Valuation Risk

We have invested, and plan to continue to invest, primarily in illiquid debt and equity securities of private companies. Most of our investments will not have a readily available market price, and we value these investments at fair value as determined in good faith by our Board in accordance with our valuation policy. There is no single standard for determining fair value. As a result, determining fair value requires that judgment be applied to the specific facts and circumstances of each portfolio investment while employing a consistently applied valuation process for the types of investments we make. If we were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, we may realize amounts that are different from the amounts presented and such differences could be material.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate sensitivity refers to the change in earnings that may result from changes in the level of interest rates. We also fund portions of our investments with borrowings. Our net investment income is affected by the difference between the rate at which we invest and the rate at which we borrow. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income.

We regularly measure our exposure to interest rate risk. We assess interest rate risk and manage our interest rate exposure on an ongoing basis by comparing our interest rate-sensitive assets to our interest rate-sensitive liabilities. Based on that review, we determine whether or not any hedging transactions are necessary to mitigate exposure to changes in interest rates.

As of September 30, 2020, 98.9% of our debt investments based on fair value in our portfolio bore interest at floating rates (when including investment specific hedges), with 98.8% of these subject to interest rate floors. Our credit facilities also bear interest at floating rates, and in connection with our 2022 Convertible Notes, 2023 Notes and 2024 Notes, which bear interest at fixed rates, we entered into fixed-to-floating interest rate swaps in order to continue to align the interest rates of our liabilities with our investment portfolio.

Assuming that our consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2020 were to remain constant and that we took no actions to alter our existing interest rate sensitivity, the following table shows the annualized impact of hypothetical base rate changes in interest rates (considering interest rate floors for floating rate instruments):

(\$ in millions)						
Basis Point Change	Interest Income		Inte	rest Expense	_	Net Interest Income
Up 300 basis points	\$	42.0	\$	27.9	\$	14.1
Up 200 basis points	\$	22.3	\$	18.6	\$	3.7
Up 100 basis points	\$	4.0	\$	9.3	\$	(5.3)
Down 25 basis points	\$	(0.1)	\$	(2.1)	\$	2.0
Down 50 basis points	\$	(0.2)	\$	(3.9)	\$	3.7

Although we believe that this analysis is indicative of our existing sensitivity to interest rate changes, it does not adjust for changes in the credit market, credit quality, the size and composition of the assets in our portfolio and other business developments that could affect our net income. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that actual results would not differ materially from the analysis above.

We may in the future hedge against interest rate fluctuations by using hedging instruments such as additional interest rate swaps, futures, options and forward contracts. While hedging activities may mitigate our exposure to adverse fluctuations in interest rates, certain hedging transactions that we may enter into in the future, such as interest rate swap agreements, may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of changes in interest rates with respect to our portfolio investments.

Currency Risk

From time to time, we may make investments that are denominated in a foreign currency. These investments are translated into U.S. dollars at each balance sheet date, exposing us to movements in foreign exchange rates. We may employ hedging techniques to minimize these risks, but we cannot assure you that such strategies will be effective or without risk to us. We may seek to utilize instruments such as, but not limited to, forward contracts to seek to hedge against fluctuations in the relative values of our portfolio positions from changes in currency exchange rates. We also have the ability to borrow in certain foreign currencies under our Revolving Credit Facility. Instead of entering into a foreign exchange forward contract in connection with loans or other investments we have made that are denominated in a foreign currency, we may borrow in that currency to establish a natural hedge against our loan or investment. To the extent the loan or investment is based on a floating rate other than a rate under which we can borrow under our Revolving Credit Facility, we may seek to utilize interest rate derivatives to hedge our exposure to changes in the associated rate.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. As of the end of the period covered by this report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15 under the Exchange Act). Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our current disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information relating to us that is required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting. There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our most recently completed fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we may be a party to certain legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business, including proceedings relating to the enforcement of our rights under loans to or other contracts with our portfolio companies. We are not currently subject to any material legal proceedings, nor, to our knowledge, is any material legal proceeding threatened against us.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the risk factors discussed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 and the risk factors set forth below, which could materially affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results. These risks are not the only risks facing our Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

The COVID-19 pandemic has materially and adversely affected, and is likely to continue to materially and adversely affect, our portfolio companies and the results of our operations, including our financial results.

In late 2019 and early 2020, the novel coronavirus SARS-CoV-2 and related respiratory disease COVID-19 emerged in China and spread rapidly across the world, including to the United States. This outbreak has led to, and for an unknown and potentially significant period of time will continue to lead to, disruptions in local, regional, national and global markets and economies affected thereby. To date, cross border commercial activity and market sentiment have been negatively impacted by the outbreak and government and other measures seeking to contain its spread. With respect to the U.S. credit markets, and middle market loans and the businesses of our portfolio companies in particular, this outbreak has resulted in, and is likely to continue to result in, among other things, government imposition of various forms of "stay at home" orders and the closing of "non-essential" businesses, resulting in significant disruption to the businesses of many middle-market loan borrowers including supply chains, demand and practical aspects of their operations, as well as in lay-offs of employees; rapidly evolving proposals and/or actions by state and federal governments to address problems being experienced by the markets and by businesses and the economy in general which will not necessarily adequately address the problems facing the loan market and middle market businesses; and liquidity issues. While these effects are hoped to be temporary, some effects could be persistent or even permanent. We cannot predict when, or if, the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic may lessen. As a result, these conditions could result in (i) increased draws by some eligible borrowers on revolving lines of credit and/or (ii) increased requests by some borrowers for amendments and waivers of their credit agreements to avoid default, increased defaults by such borrowers and/or increased difficulty in obtaining refinancing at the maturity dates of their loans. Further, volatility and disruption of these markets has led to greater volatility in pricing and spreads, and may lead to difficulty in valuing loans during these periods. This outbreak and its effects are having, and the effects of any future outbreaks could have, an adverse impact on our portfolio companies and us and on the markets and the economy in general, and that impact could be material.

From an operational perspective, the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic could materially and adversely disrupt our business operations and the operations of the Adviser, including the guidelines and restrictions put in place by federal, state and local governments that may cause a potentially significant duration of remote working.

Moreover, the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic may heighten the other risks described in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K and any subsequent report filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. It is currently impossible to determine the scope of this or any future outbreak, how long any such outbreak, market disruption, volatility or uncertainty may last, the effect any governmental actions will have or the full potential impact on us, the Adviser and our portfolio companies.

We are currently operating in a period of disruption, volatility and uncertainty in the capital markets and in the economy generally.

The U.S. capital markets have experienced extreme volatility and disruption following the spread of COVID-19 in the United States and globally. Some economists and major investment banks have expressed concern that the continued spread of the virus could lead to a world-wide economic downturn. Disruptions in the capital markets have increased the spread between the yields realized on risk-free and higher risk securities, resulting in illiquidity in parts of the capital markets. The federal government and the Federal Reserve, as well as foreign governments and central banks, have implemented significant fiscal and monetary policies in response to these disruptions, and additional government and regulatory responses may be possible. These actions, future market disruptions and illiquidity could have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows. Unfavorable economic conditions also could increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. These events could limit our investment originations and our ability to grow, and could have a material negative impact on our operating results and the fair values of our debt and equity investments.

We believe that attractive investment opportunities may present themselves during this volatile period as in other periods of market volatility, and we may have opportunities to make investments at compelling values. However, periods of market disruption and instability, like the one we are experiencing currently, may adversely affect our access to sufficient debt and equity capital in order to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities that are created during these periods. In addition, the debt capital that will be available in the future, if any, may be at a higher cost and on less favorable terms and conditions.

In addition, pursuant to Section 61(a)(2)(C)(ii) of the 1940 Act, the principal risk factors associated with our senior securities are set forth below. However, since we already use leverage in optimizing our investment portfolio, the principal risk factors associated with our senior securities do not represent material changes to the risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019.

Legislation allows us to incur additional leverage.

Under the 1940 Act, a BDC generally is not permitted to incur borrowings, issue debt securities or issue preferred stock unless immediately after the borrowing or issuance the ratio of total assets (less total liabilities other than indebtedness) to total indebtedness plus preferred stock is at least 200%. However, under the SBCAA, which became law in March 2018, BDCs have the ability to elect to become subject to a lower asset coverage requirement of 150%, subject to the receipt of the requisite board or stockholder approvals under the SBCAA and satisfaction of certain other conditions.

On October 8, 2018, our stockholders approved the application of the minimum asset coverage ratio of 150% to us, as set forth in Section 61(a)(2) of the 1940 Act, as amended by the SBCAA. As a result and subject to certain additional disclosure requirements, as of October 9, 2018, our minimum asset coverage ratio was reduced from 200% to 150%. In other words, pursuant to Section 61(a) of the 1940 Act, as amended by the SBCAA, we are permitted to potentially increase our maximum debt-to-equity ratio from an effective level of one-to-one to two-to-one.

As a result, you may face increased investment risk. We may not be able to implement our strategy to utilize additional leverage successfully. Any impact on returns or equity or our business associated with additional leverage may not outweigh the additional risk.

Regulations governing our operation as a BDC affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital.

The 1940 Act imposes numerous constraints on the operations of BDCs. For example, BDCs are required to invest at least 70% of their total assets in securities of nonpublic or thinly traded U.S. companies, cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality debt investments that mature in one year or less. These constraints may hinder the Adviser's ability to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities and to achieve our investment objective.

We may need to periodically access the debt and equity capital markets to raise cash to fund new investments in excess of our repayments, and we may also need to access the capital markets to refinance existing debt obligations to the extent such maturing obligations are not repaid with availability under our revolving credit facilities or cash flows from operations.

Regulations governing our operation as a BDC affect our ability to raise additional capital, and the ways in which we can do so. Raising additional capital may expose us to risks, including the typical risks associated with leverage, and may result in dilution to our current stockholders. The 1940 Act limits our ability to incur borrowings and issue debt securities and preferred stock, which we refer to as senior securities, requiring that after any borrowing or issuance the ratio of total assets (less total liabilities other than indebtedness) to total indebtedness plus preferred stock, is at least 150%.



We may need to continue to borrow from financial institutions and issue additional securities to fund our growth. Unfavorable economic or capital market conditions may increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or could result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. An inability to successfully access the capital markets may limit our ability to refinance our existing debt obligations as they come due and/or to fully execute our business strategy and could limit our ability to grow or cause us to have to shrink the size of our business, which could decrease our earnings, if any. Consequently, if the value of our assets declines or we are unable to access the capital markets we may be required to sell a portion of our investments and, depending on the nature of our leverage, repay a portion of our indebtedness at a time when this may be disadvantageous. Also, any amounts that we use to service our indebtedness would not be available for distributions to our common stockholders. If we borrow money or issue senior securities, we will be exposed to typical risks associated with leverage, including an increased risk of loss.

If we issue preferred stock, the preferred stock would rank senior to common stock in our capital structure. Preferred stockholders would have separate voting rights on certain matters and may have other rights, preferences or privileges more favorable than those of our common stockholders. The issuance of preferred stock could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a transaction or a change of control that might involve a premium price for holders of our common stock or otherwise be in your best interest. Holders of our common stock will directly or indirectly bear all of the costs associated with offering and servicing any preferred stock that we issue. In addition, any interests of preferred stockholders may not necessarily align with the interests of holders of our common stock and the rights of holders of shares of preferred stock to receive dividends would be senior to those of holders of shares of our common stock.

Our Board may decide to issue additional common stock to finance our operations rather than issuing debt or other senior securities. However, we generally are not able to issue and sell our common stock at a price below net asset value per share. We may, however, elect to issue and sell our common stock, or warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock, at a price below the then-current net asset value of our common stock if our Board determines that the sale is in our best interests and the best interests of our stockholders, and our stockholders have approved our policy and practice of making these sales within the preceding 12 months. Pursuant to approval granted at a special meeting of stockholders held on May 28, 2020, we are currently permitted to sell or otherwise issue shares of our common stock at a price below our then-current net asset value per share, subject to the approval of our Board and certain other conditions. Such stockholder approval expires on May 28, 2021. In any such case, the price at which our securities are to be issued and sold may not be less than a price that, in the determination of our Board, closely approximates the market value of those securities (less any distribution commission or discount). In the event we sell shares of our common stock at a price below net asset value per share, existing stockholders will experience net asset value dilution. This dilution would occur as a result of the sale of shares at a price below the then current net asset value per share of our common stock and would cause a proportionately greater decrease in the stockholders' interest in our earnings and assets and their voting interest in us than the increase in our assets resulting from such issuance. As a result of any such dilution, our market price per share may decline. Because the number of shares of common stock that could be so issued and the timing of any issuance is not currently known, the actual dilutive effect cannot be predicted.

In addition to issuing securities to raise capital as described above, we could securitize our investments to generate cash for funding new investments. To securitize our investments, we likely would create a wholly owned subsidiary, contribute a pool of loans to the subsidiary and have the subsidiary issue primarily investment grade debt securities to purchasers who we would expect would be willing to accept a substantially lower interest rate than the loans earn. We would retain all or a portion of the equity in the securitized pool of loans. Our retained equity would be exposed to any losses on the portfolio of investments before any of the debt securities would be exposed to the losses. An inability to successfully securitize our investment portfolio could limit our ability to grow or fully execute our business and could adversely affect our earnings, if any. The successful securitization of our investment could expose us to losses because the portions of the securitized investments that we would typically retain tend to be those that are riskier and more apt to generate losses. The 1940 Act also may impose restrictions on the structure of any securitization. In connection with financing of our investments in the past.

We borrow money, which magnifies the potential for gain or loss and increases the risk of investing in us.

As part of our business strategy, we borrow from and may in the future issue additional senior debt securities to banks, insurance companies and other lenders. Holders of these loans or senior securities would have fixed-dollar claims on our assets that have priority over the claims of our stockholders. If the value of our assets decreases, leverage will cause our net asset value to decline more sharply than it otherwise would have without leverage. Similarly, any decrease in our income would cause our net income to decline more sharply than it would have if we had not borrowed. This decline could negatively affect our ability to make dividend payments on our common stock. Our ability to service our borrowings depends largely on our financial performance and is subject to prevailing economic conditions and competitive pressures. In addition, the Management Fee is payable based on our gross assets, including cash and assets acquired through the use of leverage, which may give our Adviser an incentive to use leverage to make additional investments. The amount of leverage that we employ will depend on our Adviser's and our Board's assessment of market and other factors at the time of any proposed borrowing. We cannot assure you that we will be able to obtain credit at all or on terms acceptable to us.

Our credit facilities and indentures governing our indebtedness also impose financial and operating covenants that restrict our business activities, remedies on default and similar matters. As of September 30, 2020, we are in compliance with the covenants of our credit facilities and indentures. However, our continued compliance with these covenants depends on many factors, some of which are beyond our control. Accordingly, although we believe we will continue to be in compliance, we cannot assure you that we will continue to comply with the covenants in our credit facilities and indentures. Failure to comply with these covenants could result in a default. If we were unable to obtain a waiver of a default from the lenders or holders of that indebtedness, as applicable, those lenders or holders could accelerate repayment under that indebtedness. An acceleration could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Lastly, we may be unable to obtain additional leverage, which would, in turn, affect our return on capital.

As of September 30, 2020, we had \$931.6 million of outstanding indebtedness, which had an annualized interest cost of 2.41% under the terms of our debt, excluding fees (such as fees on undrawn amounts and amortization of upfront fees) and giving effect to the swap-adjusted interest rates on our 2022 Convertible Notes, 2023 Notes and 2024 Notes. As of September 30, 2020, as adjusted to give effect to the interest rate swaps, the interest rate on the 2022 Convertible Notes was three-month LIBOR plus 2.11% (on a weighted-average basis) and the interest rate on the 2023 Notes was three-month LIBOR plus 1.99%, and the interest rate on the 2024 Notes was three-month LIBOR plus 2.28% (on a weighted-average basis).

For us to cover these annualized interest payments on indebtedness, we must achieve annual returns on our investments of at least 1.1%. Since we generally pay interest at a floating rate on our debt, an increase in interest rates will generally increase our borrowing costs. We expect that our annualized interest cost and returns required to cover interest will increase if we issue additional debt securities.

In order to assist investors in understanding the effects of leverage, the following table illustrates the effect of leverage on returns from an investment in our common stock assuming various annual returns, net of expenses. Leverage generally magnifies the return of stockholders when the portfolio return is positive and magnifies their losses when the portfolio return is negative. Actual returns may be greater or less than those appearing in the table. The calculations in the table below are hypothetical and actual returns may be higher or lower than those appearing below.

Effects of Leverage Based on Actual Amount of Borrowings Incurred by us as of September 30, 2020

	Assumed Return on Our Portfolio (net of expenses) (1)								
	-10%	-5%	0%	5%	10%				
Corresponding return to stockholder ⁽²⁾	-19.7%	-10.8%	-2.0%	6.9%	15.7%				

(1) The assumed portfolio return is required by SEC regulations and is not a prediction of, and does not represent, our projected or actual performance. Actual returns may be greater or less than those appearing in the table. Pursuant to SEC regulations, this table is calculated as of September 30, 2020. As a result, it has not been updated to take into account any changes in assets or leverage since September 30, 2020. (2) In order to compute the "Corresponding return to stockholder," the "Assumed Return on Our Portfolio" is multiplied by the total value of our assets at September 30, 2020 to obtain an assumed return to us. From this amount, the interest expense (calculated by multiplying the weighted average stated interest rate of 2.4% by the approximately \$931.6 million of principal debt outstanding) is subtracted to determine the return available to stockholders. The return available to stockholders is then divided by the total value of our net assets at September 30, 2020 to determine the "Corresponding return to stockholder."

Our indebtedness could adversely affect our business, financial conditions or results of operations.

We cannot assure you that our business will generate sufficient cash flow from operations or that future borrowings will be available to us under our credit facilities or otherwise in an amount sufficient to enable us to pay our indebtedness or to fund our other liquidity needs. We may need to refinance all or a portion of our indebtedness on or before it matures. We cannot assure you that we will be able to refinance any of our indebtedness on commercially reasonable terms or at all. If we cannot service our indebtedness, we may have to take actions such as selling assets or seeking additional equity. We cannot assure you that any such actions, if necessary, could be effected on commercially reasonable terms or at all, or on terms that would not be disadvantageous to our stockholders or on terms that would not require us to breach the terms and conditions of our existing or future debt agreements.

Even in the event the value of your investment declines, the Management Fee and, in certain circumstances, the Incentive Fee will still be payable to the Adviser.

Even in the event the value of your investment declines, the Management Fee and, in certain circumstances, the Incentive Fee will still be payable to the Adviser. The Management Fee is calculated as a percentage of the value of our gross assets at a specific time, which would include any borrowings for investment purposes, and may give our Adviser an incentive to use leverage to make additional investments. In addition, the Management Fee is payable regardless of whether the value of our gross assets or your investment have decreased. The use of increased leverage may increase the likelihood of default, which would disfavor holders of our common stock. Given the subjective nature of the investment decisions that our Adviser will make on our behalf, we may not be able to monitor this potential conflict of interest.

The Incentive Fee is calculated as a percentage of pre-Incentive Fee net investment income. Since pre-Incentive Fee net investment income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital gains or losses, it is possible that we may pay an Incentive Fee in a quarter in which we incur a loss. For example, if we receive pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of the quarterly minimum hurdle rate, we will pay the applicable Incentive Fee even if we have incurred a loss in that quarter due to realized and unrealized capital losses. In addition, because the quarterly minimum hurdle rate is calculated based on our net assets, decreases in our net assets due to realized or unrealized capital losses in any given quarter may increase the likelihood that the hurdle rate is reached in that quarter and, as a result, that an Incentive Fee is paid for that quarter. Our net investment income used to calculate this component of the Incentive Fee is also included in the amount of our gross assets used to calculate the Management Fee.

Also, one component of the Incentive Fee is calculated annually based upon our realized capital gains, computed net of realized capital losses and unrealized capital losses on a cumulative basis. As a result, we may owe the Adviser an Incentive Fee during one year as a result of realized capital gains on certain investments, and then incur significant realized capital losses and unrealized capital losses on the remaining investments in our portfolio during subsequent years. Incentive Fees earned in prior years cannot be clawed back even if we later incur losses.

In addition, the Incentive Fee payable by us to the Adviser may create an incentive for the Adviser to make investments on our behalf that are risky or more speculative than would be the case in the absence of such a compensation arrangement. The Adviser receives the Incentive Fee based, in part, upon capital gains realized on our investments. Unlike the portion of the Incentive Fee that is based on income, there is no hurdle rate applicable to the portion of the Incentive Fee based on capital gains. As a result, the Adviser may have an incentive to invest more in companies whose securities are likely to yield capital gains, as compared to income-producing investments. Such a practice could result in our making more speculative investments than would otherwise be the case, which could result in higher investment losses, particularly during cyclical economic downturns.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

Not applicable.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits.

- (a) Exhibits.
- 31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32 Certification of CEO and CFO Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: November 4, 2020

Date: November 4, 2020

SIXTH STREET SPECIALTY LENDING, INC.

By: /s/ Joshua Easterly

Joshua Easterly Chief Executive Officer

By: <u>/s/ Ian Simmon</u>ds

Ian Simmonds Chief Financial Officer

CEO CERTIFICATION

I, Joshua Easterly, certify that:

- (1) I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Sixth Street Specialty Lending, Inc.;
- (2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- (3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- (4) The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- (5) The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 4, 2020

By: /s/ Joshua Easterly

Joshua Easterly Chief Executive Officer

CFO CERTIFICATION

I, Ian Simmonds, certify that:

- (1) I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Sixth Street Specialty Lending, Inc.;
- (2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- (3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- (4) The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- (5) The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 4, 2020

By: /s/ Ian Simmonds

Ian Simmonds Chief Financial Officer

Certification of CEO and CFO Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Sixth Street Specialty Lending, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2020, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Joshua Easterly as Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Ian Simmonds, as Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to such officer's knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Joshua Easterly

Name:Joshua EasterlyTitle:Chief Executive OfficerDate:November 4, 2020

/s/ Ian Simmonds

Name:Ian SimmondsTitle:Chief Financial OfficerDate:November 4, 2020

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document.