
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 814-00854

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

27-3380000
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

301 Commerce Street, Suite 3300,
Fort Worth, TX
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

76102
(Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code: (817) 871-4000

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

None

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share

(Title of class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. YES NO

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES NO

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). YES NO

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of the registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer: Accelerated filer:

Non-accelerated filer: (Do not check if a smaller reporting company) Smaller reporting company:

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). YES NO

As of December 31, 2013, there was no established public market for the registrant's common stock.

The number of shares of the registrant's common stock, \$.01 par value per share, outstanding at March 4, 2014 was 41,762,724.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Portions of the Registrant's proxy statement for the 2014 annual meeting of stockholders are incorporated by reference in Part III.

Table of Contents

TPG SPECIALTY LENDING, INC.
Index to Annual Report on Form 10-K for
Year Ended December 31, 2013

	<u>PAGE</u>
<u>PART I</u>	
ITEM 1. Business	2
ITEM 1A. Risk Factors	31
ITEM 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments	53
ITEM 2. Properties	53
ITEM 3. Legal Proceedings	53
ITEM 4. Mine Safety Disclosures	53
<u>PART II</u>	
ITEM 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities	54
ITEM 6. Selected Financial Data	55
ITEM 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	57
ITEM 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	82
ITEM 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data	83
ITEM 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure	83
ITEM 9A. Controls and Procedures	83
ITEM 9B. Other Information	84
<u>PART III</u>	
ITEM 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance	84
ITEM 11. Executive Compensation	84
ITEM 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters	84
ITEM 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence	84
ITEM 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services	84
<u>PART IV</u>	
ITEM 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules	85

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about us, our current or prospective portfolio investments, our industry, our beliefs, and our assumptions. Words such as “anticipates,” “expects,” “intends,” “plans,” “believes,” “seeks,” “estimates,” “would,” “should,” “targets,” “projects,” and variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and are difficult to predict, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements.

In addition to factors previously identified elsewhere in the reports and other documents TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, the following factors, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from forward-looking statements or historical performance:

- an economic downturn could impair our portfolio companies’ abilities to continue to operate, which could lead to the loss of some or all of our investments in those portfolio companies;
- such an economic downturn could disproportionately impact the companies in which we have invested and others that we intend to target for investment, potentially causing us to experience a decrease in investment opportunities and diminished demand for capital from these companies;
- such an economic downturn could also impact availability and pricing of our financing;
- an inability to access the capital markets could impair our ability to raise capital and our investment activities; and
- the risks, uncertainties and other factors we identify in the section entitled “Risk Factors” in this report and elsewhere in our filings with the SEC.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, some of those assumptions are based on the work of third parties and any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate; as a result, forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could prove to be inaccurate. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this report should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this report. We do not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements or any other information contained herein, except as required by applicable law. The safe harbor provisions of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the 1934 Act, which preclude civil liability for certain forward-looking statements, do not apply to the forward-looking statements in this report because we are an investment company.

PART I

In this Annual Report, except where the context suggests otherwise, the terms “TSL,” “we,” “us,” “our,” and “the Company” refer to TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. The term “Adviser” refers to TSL Advisers, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company. The term “TSSP” refers to TPG Special Situations Partners. The term “TPG” refers to TPG Global, LLC and its affiliates.

ITEM 1. BUSINESS

General

Our Company

We are a specialty finance company focused on lending to middle-market companies. Since we began our investment activities in July 2011, we have originated more than \$2.2 billion aggregate principal amount of investments and retained approximately \$1.5 billion aggregate principal amount of these investments on our balance sheet prior to any subsequent exits and repayments. We seek to generate current income primarily in U.S.-domiciled middle-market companies through direct originations of senior secured loans and, to a lesser extent, originations of mezzanine loans and investments in corporate bonds and equity securities. By “middle-market companies,” we mean companies that have annual earnings before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization, or EBITDA, which we believe is a useful proxy for cash flow, of \$10 million to \$250 million, although we may invest in larger or smaller companies on occasion.

We generate revenues primarily in the form of interest income from the investments we hold. In addition, we generate income from dividends on direct equity investments, capital gains on the sales of loans and debt and equity securities and various loan origination and other fees. In conducting our investment activities, we believe that we benefit from the significant scale and resources of our Adviser and its affiliates.

The companies in which we invest use our capital to support organic growth, acquisitions, market or product expansion and recapitalizations. We invest in first-lien debt, second-lien debt, mezzanine debt and equity investments. Our first-lien debt may include stand-alone first-lien loans; “last out” first-lien loans, which are loans that have a secondary priority behind super-senior “first out” first-lien loans; “unitranche” loans, which are loans that combine features of first-lien, second-lien and mezzanine debt, generally in a first-lien position; and secured corporate bonds with similar features to these categories of first-lien loans. Our second-lien debt may include secured loans, and, to a lesser extent, secured corporate bonds, with a secondary priority behind first-lien debt. Based on fair value as of December 31, 2013, our portfolio consisted of 86.3% first-lien debt investments, 13.5% second-lien debt investments, and 0.2% equity investments. Approximately 98.8% of our investments based on fair value as of December 31, 2013 are floating rate in nature, subject to interest rate floors, which we believe helps act as a portfolio-wide hedge against inflation. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, we had debt and equity investments in 27 and 21 portfolio companies, respectively. As of December 31, 2013, our average investment in each of our portfolio companies was \$37.6 million.

As of December 31, 2013, our portfolio was invested across 17 different industries. The largest industries in our portfolio, based on fair value as of December 31, 2013, were business services, financial services, and healthcare and pharmaceuticals, which represented, as a percentage of our portfolio, 16.5%, 11.6%, and 10.8%, respectively. We expect that no single investment will represent more than 15% of our total investment portfolio, based on fair value.

We are an externally managed, closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a business development company, or BDC, under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, or the 1940 Act. In addition, for U.S. income tax purposes, we have elected to be treated as a regulated investment company, or RIC, under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, which we refer to as the Code. Because we elected to be a BDC and have elected to be treated as a RIC for U.S. tax purposes, our portfolio is and will continue to be subject to diversification and other requirements to maintain such status elections.

[Table of Contents](#)

We borrow money from time to time within the levels permitted by the 1940 Act to fund investments and for general corporate purposes. Under the 1940 Act, we can incur borrowings, issue debt securities or issue preferred stock if immediately after the borrowing or issuance the ratio of total assets (less total liabilities other than indebtedness) to total indebtedness plus preferred stock, is at least 200%. In determining whether to borrow money, we analyze the maturity, covenant package and rate structure of the proposed borrowings, as well as the risks of those borrowings compared to our investment outlook. Currently, we employ a variety of credit facilities. We may, in the future, enter into other credit facilities. The use of borrowed funds or the proceeds of preferred stock offerings to make investments has its own specific set of benefits and risks, and all of the costs of borrowing funds or issuing preferred stock are borne by us, and ultimately the holders of our common stock. See “Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business and Structure—We borrow money, which magnifies the potential for gain or loss and increases the risk of investing in us.”

To date, we have conducted private offerings of our common stock to investors in reliance on exemptions from the registration requirements of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Securities Act, and other applicable securities laws. At the closing of each private offering, investors made capital commitments to purchase our common stock from time to time at net asset value. We have raised a total of \$1.5 billion in committed capital in private offerings, which does not include equity issued through our dividend reinvestment plan. As of December 31, 2013, we have drawn \$517.5 million of these capital commitments, and issued \$35.6 million of equity through our dividend reinvestment plan.

Our operations comprise only a single reportable segment.

Our Investment Adviser and Investments

Investment Adviser

TSL Advisers, LLC is our external manager. Our Adviser is a Delaware limited liability company and acts as our investment adviser and administrator. Our Adviser is also a registered investment adviser with the SEC under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended, or the Advisers Act.

Our Adviser sources and manages our portfolio through our Investment Team, a dedicated team of investment professionals predominately focused on us. Our Investment Team is led by our Co-Chief Executive Officer and our Adviser’s Co-Chief Investment Officer Joshua Easterly, our Co-Chief Executive Officer Michael Fishman and our Adviser’s Co-Chief Investment Officer Alan Waxman, all of whom have substantial experience in credit origination, underwriting and asset management. Our investment decisions are made by our Investment Review Committee, which includes senior personnel of TSSP and TPG.

TSSP, which encompasses TPG Specialty Lending, TPG Opportunities Partners and TPG Institutional Credit Partners, is TPG’s special situations and credit platform. TSSP had over \$8.5 billion of assets under management as of December 31, 2013, as adjusted for commitments accepted on January 2, 2014. TSSP has extensive experience with highly complex, global public and private investments executed through primary originations, secondary market purchases and restructurings, and has a team of over 80 investment and operating professionals. Twenty of these personnel are dedicated to our business, including 16 investment professionals. The TSSP members of the Investment Review Committee are Joshua Easterly, Michael Fishman, Alan Waxman and David Stiepleman.

TPG is a leading global private investment firm founded in 1992 with over \$59 billion of assets under management as of December 31, 2013, as adjusted for commitments accepted on January 2, 2014, and offices in San Francisco, Fort Worth, Austin, New York and throughout the world. In addition to TSSP, TPG’s investment business includes discrete investment platforms focused on a range of alternative investment products, including TPG Capital, which is TPG’s flagship large capitalization private equity business and focuses on global investments across all major industry sectors; TPG Growth, which invests in small- and middle-market growth

[Table of Contents](#)

equity and corporate opportunities in all major industry sectors in North America and in other developed and emerging markets; TPG Biotechnology Partners, which invests in early- and late-stage venture capital opportunities in the biotechnology and related life sciences industries; and TPG Real Estate, which is the real estate platform of TPG. TPG has extensive experience with global public and private investments executed through leveraged buyouts, recapitalizations, spinouts, growth investments, joint ventures and restructurings, and has a team of over 250 professionals. The TPG members of the Investment Review Committee are TPG co-founders, David Bonderman and James Coulter, and TPG Senior Partners, Jonathan Coslet and James Gates.

Our Adviser consults with TSSP and TPG in connection with a substantial number of our investments. The TSSP and TPG platforms provide us with a breadth of large and scalable investment resources. We believe we benefit from their market expertise, insights into sector and macroeconomic trends and intensive due diligence capabilities, which help us discern market conditions that vary across industries and credit cycles, identify favorable investment opportunities and manage our portfolio of investments.

Management of the Adviser consists primarily of senior executives of TSSP and TPG. TSSP and TPG executives, including members of our Investment Review Committee and certain of our other senior personnel, own a significant stake in the Adviser. As of December 31, 2013, our Adviser owned 6.3% of our common stock and had committed \$100 million in equity capital under a subscription agreement like those entered into with our existing investors.

The Adviser is responsible for managing our day-to-day business affairs, including implementing investment policies and strategic initiatives set by our Investment Team and managing our portfolio under the general oversight of our Investment Review Committee.

On April 15, 2011, we entered into the Investment Advisory Agreement with our Adviser. The Investment Advisory Agreement was subsequently amended on December 12, 2011. Under the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Adviser provides investment advisory services to us.

The Adviser's services under the Investment Advisory Agreement are not exclusive, and the Adviser is free to furnish similar or other services to others so long as its services to us are not impaired. Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, we pay the Adviser the Management Fee and the Incentive Fee. For a discussion of the Management Fee and Incentive Fee payable by us to the Adviser, see "Management and Other Agreements—Investment Advisory Agreement; Administration Agreement; License Agreement." Our Board monitors the mix and performance of our investments over time and seeks to satisfy itself that the Adviser is acting in our interests and that our fee structure appropriately incentivizes the Adviser to do so.

On November 5, 2013, our Board renewed the Investment Advisory Agreement. Unless earlier terminated, the Investment Advisory Agreement will remain in effect until November 5, 2014, and may be extended subject to required approvals.

Investment Criteria/Guidelines

Investment Decision Process

Our investment approach involves, among other things:

- an assessment of the markets, overall macroeconomic environment and how the assessment may impact industry and investment selection;
- substantial company-specific research and analysis; and
- with respect to each individual company, an emphasis on capital preservation, low volatility and management of downside risk.

[Table of Contents](#)

The foundation of our investment philosophy incorporates intensive analysis, a management discipline based on both market technicals and fundamental value-oriented research, and consideration of diversification within our portfolio. We follow a rigorous investment process based on:

- a comprehensive analysis of issuer creditworthiness, including a quantitative and qualitative assessment of the issuer’s business;
- an evaluation of management and its economic incentives;
- an analysis of business strategy and industry trends; and
- an in-depth examination of a prospective portfolio company’s capital structure, financial results and projections.

We seek to identify those companies exhibiting superior fundamental risk-reward profiles and strong defensible business franchises, while focusing on the absolute and relative value of the investment.

Investment Process Overview

Origination and Sourcing

The substantial majority of our investments are not intermediated and are originated without the assistance of investment banks or other traditional Wall Street sources. In addition to executing direct calling campaigns on companies based on the Adviser’s sector and macroeconomic views, our Investment Team also maintains direct contact with financial sponsors, banks, corporate advisory firms, industry consultants, attorneys, investment banks, “club” investors and other potential sources of lending opportunities. The substantial majority of our deals are informed by our current sector views and are sourced directly by our Adviser through our network contacts. We also identify opportunities through our Adviser’s relationships with TSSP and TPG.

Due Diligence Process

The process through which an investment decision is made involves extensive research into the company, its industry, its growth prospects and its ability to withstand adverse conditions. If the management group responsible for the transaction determines that an investment opportunity should be pursued, we will engage in an intensive due diligence process. Though each transaction will involve a somewhat different approach, our diligence of each opportunity may include:

- understanding the purpose of the loan, the key personnel and variables, as well as the sources and uses of the proceeds;
- meeting the company’s management, including top and middle-level executives, to get an insider’s view of the business, and to probe for potential weaknesses in business prospects;
- checking management’s backgrounds and references;
- performing a detailed review of historical financial performance, including performance through various economic cycles, and the quality of earnings;
- contacting customers and vendors to assess both business prospects and standard practices;
- conducting a competitive analysis, and comparing the company to its main competitors on an operating, financial, market share and valuation basis;
- researching the industry for historic growth trends and future prospects as well as to identify future exit alternatives;
- assessing asset value and the ability of physical infrastructure and information systems to handle anticipated growth;

Table of Contents

- leveraging TSSP and TPG internal resources with institutional knowledge of the company's business; and
- investigating legal and regulatory risks and financial and accounting systems and practices.

Selective Investment Process

After an investment has been identified and preliminary diligence has been completed, a credit research and analysis report is prepared. This report is reviewed by the senior investment professional in charge of the potential investment. If these senior and other investment professionals are in favor of the potential investment, then a more extensive due diligence process is employed. Additional due diligence with respect to any investment may be conducted on our behalf by attorneys, independent accountants, and other third-party consultants and research firms prior to the closing of the investment, as appropriate on a case-by-case basis.

Issuance of Formal Commitment

Approval of an origination requires the approval of the Investment Review Committee or, depending on the size of the investment, a portion thereof. Once we have determined that a prospective portfolio company is suitable for investment, we work with the management or sponsor of that company and its other capital providers, including senior, junior and equity capital providers, if any, to finalize the structure and terms of the investment.

Portfolio Monitoring

The Adviser monitors our portfolio companies on an ongoing basis. The Adviser monitors the financial trends of each portfolio company to determine if it is meeting its business plans and to assess the appropriate course of action for each company.

The Adviser has a number of methods of evaluating and monitoring the performance and fair value of our investments, which may include the following:

- assessment of success of the portfolio company in adhering to its business plan and compliance with covenants;
- periodic and regular contact with portfolio company management and, if appropriate, the financial or strategic sponsor, to discuss financial position, requirements and accomplishments;
- comparisons to other companies in the industry;
- attendance at, and participation in, board meetings; and
- review of monthly and quarterly financial statements and financial projections for portfolio companies.

As part of the monitoring process, the Adviser regularly assesses the risk profile of each of our investments and, on a quarterly basis, grades each investment on a risk scale of 1 to 5. Risk assessment is not standardized in our industry and our risk assessment may not be comparable to ones used by our competitors. Our assessment is based on the following categories:

- An investment is rated 1 if, in the opinion of the Adviser, it is performing as agreed and there are no concerns about the portfolio company's performance or ability to meet covenant requirements. For these investments, the Adviser generally prepares monthly reports on loan performance and intensive quarterly asset reviews.
- An investment is rated 2 if it is performing as agreed, but, in the opinion of the Adviser, there may be concerns about the company's operating performance or trends in the industry. For these investments, in addition to monthly reports and quarterly asset reviews, the Adviser also researches any areas of concern with the objective of early intervention with the borrower.

Table of Contents

- An investment will be assigned a rating of 3 if it is paying as agreed but a covenant violation is expected. For these investments, in addition to monthly reports and quarterly asset reviews, the Adviser also adds the company to its “watch list” and researches any areas of concern with the objective of early intervention with the borrower.
- An investment will be assigned a rating of 4 if a material covenant has been violated, but the company is making its scheduled payments. For these investments, the Adviser prepares a bi-monthly asset review email and generally has monthly meetings with senior management. For investments where there have been material defaults, including bankruptcy filings, failures to achieve financial performance requirements or failure to maintain liquidity or loan-to-value requirements, the Adviser often will take immediate action to protect its position. These remedies may include negotiating for additional collateral, modifying loan terms or structure, or payment of amendment and waiver fees.
- A rating of 5 indicates an investment is in default on its interest or principal payments. For these investments, our Adviser reviews the loans on a bi-monthly basis and, where possible, pursues workouts that achieve an early resolution to avoid further deterioration. The Adviser retains legal counsel and takes actions to preserve our rights, which may include working with the borrower to have the default cured, to have the loan restructured or to have the loan repaid through a consensual workout.

The following table shows the distribution of our investments on the 1 to 5 investment performance rating scale at fair value as of December 31, 2013:

<u>Investment Performance Rating</u>	<u>Investments at Fair Value (\$ in millions)</u>	<u>Percentage of Total Portfolio</u>
1	\$ 859.4	84.6%
2	116.4	11.4%
3	40.7	4.0%
4	—	—
5	—	—
Total	<u>\$ 1,016.5</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

Investment Review Committee

The Adviser manages our portfolio under the general oversight of the Investment Review Committee. The Investment Review Committee includes certain individuals who are senior personnel of the Adviser, TSSP and TPG, as well as certain other persons appointed by the Adviser from time to time. Our Investment Team and the Investment Review Committee are supported by and have access to the investment professionals, analytical capabilities and support personnel of TPG. Some of the officers and employees of the Adviser, including some of its senior officers, are also employees of TPG. See “Management” and “Related-Party Transactions and Certain Relationships.”

Structure of Investments

Since beginning our investment activities in July 2011, we have sought to generate current income primarily in U.S.-domiciled middle market companies through direct originations of senior secured loans and, to a lesser extent, originations of mezzanine loans and investments in corporate bonds and equity securities.

Debt Investments

The terms of our debt investments are tailored to the facts and circumstances of each transaction and prospective portfolio company. We negotiate the structure of each investment to protect our rights and manage

[Table of Contents](#)

our risk while providing funding to help the portfolio company achieve its business plan. We invest in the following types of debt:

- **First-lien debt.** First-lien debt is typically senior on a lien basis to other liabilities in the issuer’s capital structure and has the benefit of a first-priority security interest in assets of the issuer. The security interest ranks above the security interest of any second-lien lenders in those assets. Our first-lien debt may include stand-alone first-lien loans, “last out” first-lien loans, “unitranche” loans and secured corporate bonds with similar features to these categories of first-lien loans.
 - **Stand-alone first-lien loans.** Stand-alone first-lien loans are traditional first-lien loans. All lenders in the facility have equal rights to the collateral that is subject to the first-priority security interest.
 - **“Last out” first-lien loans.** “Last out” first-lien loans have a secondary priority behind super-senior “first out” first-lien loans in the collateral securing the loans in certain circumstances. The arrangements for a “last out” first-lien loan are set forth in an “agreement among lenders,” which provides lenders with “first out” and “last out” payment streams based on a single lien on the collateral. Since the “first out” lenders generally have priority over the “last out” lenders for receiving payment under certain specified events of default, or upon the occurrence of other triggering events under intercreditor agreements or agreements among lenders, the “last out” lenders bear a greater risk and, in exchange, receive a higher effective interest rate, through arrangements among the lenders, than the “first out” lenders or lenders in stand-alone first-lien loans. Agreements among lenders also typically provide greater voting rights to the “last out” lenders than the intercreditor agreements to which second-lien lenders often are subject.
 - **“Unitranche” loans.** Unitranche loans combine features of first-lien, second-lien and mezzanine debt, generally in a first-lien position. In many cases, we may provide the borrower most, if not all, of the capital structure above the equity. The primary advantages to the borrower are the ability to negotiate the entire debt financing with one lender and the elimination of intercreditor issues.
- **Second-lien debt.** Our second-lien debt may include secured loans, and, to a lesser extent, secured corporate bonds, with a secondary priority behind first-lien debt. Second-lien debt typically is senior on a lien basis to other liabilities in the issuer’s capital structure and has the benefit of a security interest over assets of the issuer, though ranking junior to first-lien debt secured by those assets. First-lien lenders and second-lien lenders typically have separate liens on the collateral, and an intercreditor agreement provides the first-lien lenders with priority over the second-lien lenders’ liens on the collateral.
- **“Mezzanine” debt.** Structurally, mezzanine debt usually ranks subordinate in priority of payment to first-lien and second-lien debt, is often unsecured and may not have the benefit of financial covenants common in first-lien and second-lien debt. However, mezzanine debt ranks senior to common and preferred equity in an issuer’s capital structure. Mezzanine debt investments generally offer lenders fixed returns in the form of interest payments and will often provide lenders an opportunity to participate in the capital appreciation, if any, of an issuer through an equity interest. This equity interest typically takes the form of an equity co-investment or warrants. Due to its higher risk profile and often less restrictive covenants compared to senior secured loans, mezzanine debt generally bears a higher stated interest rate than first-lien and second-lien debt.

Our debt investments are typically structured with the maximum seniority and collateral that we can reasonably obtain while seeking to achieve our total return target. We seek to limit the downside potential of our investments by:

- requiring a total return on our investments (including both interest and potential equity appreciation) that compensates us for credit risk; and

[Table of Contents](#)

- negotiating covenants in connection with our investments that afford our portfolio companies as much flexibility in managing their businesses as possible, consistent with preservation of our capital. Such restrictions may include affirmative covenants (including reporting requirements), negative covenants (including financial covenants), lien protection, change of control provisions and board rights, including either observation or rights to a seat on the board under some circumstances.

Among the types of first-lien debt in which we invest, we generally are able to obtain higher effective interest rates on our “last out” first-lien loans than on other types of first-lien loans, since our “last-out” first-lien loans generally are more junior in the capital structure. Within our portfolio, we aim to maintain the appropriate proportion among the various types of first-lien loans, as well as second-lien debt and mezzanine debt, which allows us to achieve our target returns while maintaining our targeted amount of credit risk.

Equity Investments

Our loans may include an equity interest in the issuer, such as a warrant or profit participation right. In certain instances, we also will make direct equity investments, although those situations are generally limited to those cases where we are making an investment in a more senior part of the capital structure of the issuer.

Investments

As of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, we had made investments with an aggregate fair value of \$1,016.5 million and \$653.9 million, respectively, in 27 and 21 portfolio companies, respectively.

Investments consisted of the following at December 31, 2013 and 2012:

(\$ in millions)	December 31, 2013		
	Amortized Cost (1)	Fair Value	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss)
First-lien debt investments	\$ 863.4	\$ 877.2	\$ 13.8
Second-lien debt investments	131.1	137.5	6.4
Mezzanine debt investments	—	—	—
Equity investments	2.8	1.8	(1.0)
Total Investments	\$ 997.3	\$1,016.5	\$ 19.2

(\$ in millions)	December 31, 2012		
	Amortized Cost (1)	Fair Value	Net Unrealized Gains
First-lien debt investments	\$ 575.1	\$ 582.3	\$ 7.2
Second-lien debt investments	67.3	69.6	2.3
Mezzanine debt investments	—	—	—
Equity investments	2.0	2.0	—
Total Investments	\$ 644.4	\$ 653.9	\$ 9.5

- (1) Amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts or premiums, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.

[Table of Contents](#)

The industry composition of investments at fair value at December 31, 2013 and 2012 was as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2013</u>	<u>December 31, 2012</u>
Aerospace and defense	5.3%	8.6%
Automotive	6.1%	8.9%
Beverage, food, and tobacco	4.5%	8.6%
Business services	16.5%	4.7%
Capital equipment	—	11.0%
Construction and building	5.1%	8.1%
Containers and packaging	4.6%	—
Education	2.9%	—
Environmental industries	—	0.7%
Financial services	11.6%	15.0%
Healthcare and pharmaceuticals	10.8%	17.2%
Hotel, gaming, and leisure	7.2%	4.4%
Human resource support services	5.2%	2.3%
Insurance	3.2%	4.6%
Manufacturing	2.7%	—
Metals and mining	3.3%	—
Office products	2.0%	3.3%
Oil, gas and consumable fuels	3.9%	—
Transportation	5.1%	2.6%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

We classify the industries of our portfolio companies by end-market (such as healthcare and pharmaceuticals, and business services) and not by the product or services (such as software) directed to those end-markets.

The geographic composition of investments at fair value at December 31, 2013 and 2012 was as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2013</u>	<u>December 31, 2012</u>
United States		
Midwest	14.2%	18.8%
Northeast	21.7%	17.8%
South	19.7%	25.7%
West	35.5%	37.7%
Europe	8.9%	—
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

Loan Commitments

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, we had the following commitments to fund investments:

(\$ in millions)	<u>December 31, 2013</u>	<u>December 31, 2012</u>
Senior secured revolving loan commitments	\$ 18.4	\$ 17.5
Senior secured term loan commitments	36.6	14.5
Total Portfolio Company Commitments	<u>\$ 55.0</u>	<u>\$ 32.0</u>

[Table of Contents](#)

Capital Commitments

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, we had \$1.5 billion and \$1.4 billion, respectively, in total capital commitments from investors (\$1.0 billion and \$0.9 billion unfunded, respectively), of which \$117.1 million and \$114.1 million, respectively, is from the Adviser and its affiliates (\$76.7 million and \$76.6 million unfunded, respectively).

Competition

We compete for investments with a number of BDCs and other investment funds (including private equity funds and venture capital funds), special purpose acquisition company sponsors, or SPACs, investment banks with underwriting activities, hedge funds that invest in private investments in public equities, or PIPEs, traditional financial services companies such as commercial banks, and other sources of financing. Many of these entities have greater financial and managerial resources than we do. In addition, many of our competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a BDC. For additional information concerning the competitive risks we expect to face, see “*ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS—Risks Related to Our Business and Structure—We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities.*”

Capital Resources and Borrowings

We anticipate generating cash in the future from issuances of common stock and cash flows from operations, including interest received on our cash and cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality debt investments that mature in one year or less. See “*Capital Commitments*” above for our total capital available from investors.

Additionally, we are permitted, under specified conditions, to issue multiple classes of indebtedness and one class of shares senior to our common stock if our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, is at least equal to 200% immediately after each such issuance. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, our asset coverage was 232.9% and 244.6%, respectively. See “*Regulation as a Business Development Company—Senior Securities*” below.

Furthermore, while any indebtedness and senior securities remain outstanding, we must make provisions to prohibit any distribution to our stockholders (which may cause the Company to fail to distribute amounts necessary to avoid entity-level taxation under the Code), or the repurchase of such securities or shares unless we meet the applicable asset coverage ratios at the time of the distribution or repurchase. In connection with our borrowings, among other requirements, our lenders have required us to pledge investor commitments to fund capital calls and the proceeds of those capital calls. In addition, we must also comply with positive and negative covenants customary for these types of facilities.

Debt Obligations. Our debt obligations consisted of the following as of December 31, 2013 and 2012:

(\$ in millions)	December 31, 2013		
	Total Facility	Borrowings Outstanding	Amount Available ⁽¹⁾
Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA)	\$ 100.0	\$ 32.0	\$ 68.0
Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis)	100.0	77.8	—
Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust)	400.0	322.5	77.5
Total Debt Obligations	\$ 600.0	\$ 432.3	\$ 145.5

(\$ in millions)	December 31, 2012		
	Total Facility	Borrowings Outstanding	Amount Available ⁽¹⁾
Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA)	\$ 250.0	\$ 165.0	\$ 85.0
Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis)	100.0	66.8	4.8
Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust)	200.0	100.0	100.0
Total Debt Obligations	\$ 550.0	\$ 331.8	\$ 189.8

(1) The amount available considers any limitations related to the respective debt facilities' borrowing bases.

For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, the components of interest expense were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	Year Ended	Year Ended	Year Ended
	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
Interest expense	\$ 7.2	\$ 3.3	\$ 0.4
Commitment fees	1.4	1.2	0.2
Amortization of debt issuance costs	1.9	1.5	0.2
Total Interest Expense	\$ 10.5	\$ 6.0	\$ 0.8

For more information on our debt, see "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources."

Dividend Policy

To maintain our status as a RIC, we must distribute (or be treated as distributing) in each taxable year dividends of an amount equal to at least 90% of our investment company taxable income (which includes, among other items, dividends, interest, the excess of any net short-term capital gains over net long-term capital losses, as well as other taxable income, excluding any net capital gains reduced by deductible expenses) and 90% of our net tax-exempt income for that taxable year. As a RIC, we generally will not be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on our investment company taxable income and net capital gains that we distribute to stockholders. In addition, to avoid the imposition of a nondeductible 4% U.S. federal excise tax, we must distribute (or be treated as distributing) in each calendar year an amount at least equal to the sum of:

- 98% of our net ordinary income, excluding certain ordinary gains and losses, recognized during a calendar year;
- 98.2% of our capital gain net income, adjusted for certain ordinary gains and losses, recognized for the twelve-month period ending on October 31 of such calendar year; and
- 100% of any income or gains recognized, but not distributed, in preceding years.

[Table of Contents](#)

We have previously incurred, and can be expected to incur in the future, such excise tax on a portion of our income and gains. While we intend to distribute income and capital gains to minimize exposure to the 4% excise tax, we may not be able to, or may choose not to, distribute amounts sufficient to avoid the imposition of the tax entirely. In that event, we will be liable for the tax only on the amount by which we do not meet the foregoing distribution requirement. See “ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS—Risks related to Our Business and Structure—We will be subject to corporate-level income tax if we are unable to maintain our qualification as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code.”

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan, pursuant to which the Company will reinvest all cash dividends declared by the Board on behalf of investors who do not elect to receive their dividends in cash as provided below. As a result, if the Board authorizes, and we declare, a cash dividend or other distribution, then our stockholders who have not opted out of our dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash dividends automatically reinvested in additional common stock as described below.

The number of shares to be issued to a stockholder under the dividend reinvestment plan will be determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to such stockholder by (i) prior to an initial public offering of our common stock, or IPO, the net asset value per share of our common stock as of the last day of our fiscal quarter immediately preceding the date such dividend was declared, or the Reference NAV; provided that in the event a dividend is declared on the last day of a fiscal quarter, the Reference NAV shall be deemed to be the net asset value per share of our common stock as of such day; or, (ii) following an IPO, the market price of our common stock, subject to certain adjustments. The number of shares to be issued to the stockholder pursuant to the foregoing shall be rounded downward to the nearest whole share to avoid the issuance of fractional shares, with any fractional shares being paid in cash. We intend to use primarily newly issued shares to implement the plan.

No action will be required on the part of a registered stockholder to have its cash dividend or other distribution reinvested in our common stock. A registered stockholder will be able to elect to receive an entire cash dividend in cash by notifying the Adviser in writing, so that such notice is received by the Adviser no later than 10 days prior to the record date for dividends to the stockholders.

There are no brokerage charges or other charges to stockholders who participate in the plan. The plan is terminable by us upon notice in writing mailed to each stockholder of record at least 30 days prior to any record date for the payment of any distribution by us.

Administration

Each of our executive officers is an employee of our Adviser or its affiliates. We do not currently have any employees and do not expect to have any employees. Individuals who are employees of our Adviser or its affiliates provide services necessary for our business under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement and the Administration Agreement. Our day-to-day investment operations are managed by our Adviser and the services necessary for the origination and administration of our investment portfolio are provided by investment professionals employed by our Adviser or its affiliates. Our Investment Team focuses on origination and transaction development and the ongoing monitoring of our investments. In addition, we reimburse the Adviser for the allocable portion of the compensation paid by the Adviser (or its affiliates) to our Chief Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and other professionals who spend time on those related activities (based on the percentage of time those individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to our business and affairs). See “*Investment Advisory Agreement; Administration Agreement; License Agreement*” below.

Management Agreements

Investment Advisory Agreement; Administration Agreement; License Agreement

On April 15, 2011, we entered into the Investment Advisory Agreement with our Adviser. The Investment Advisory Agreement was amended on December 12, 2011.

Under the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Adviser:

- determines the composition of our portfolio, the nature and timing of the changes to our portfolio and the manner of implementing those changes;
- identifies, evaluates and negotiates the structure of the investments we make (including performing due diligence on our prospective portfolio companies);
- determines the assets we will originate, purchase, retain or sell;
- closes, monitors and administers the investments we make, including the exercise of any rights in our capacity as a lender or equity holder; and
- provides us other investment advisory, research and related services as we may, from time to time, reasonably require for the investment of our funds, including providing operating and managerial assistance to us and our portfolio companies, as required.

The Adviser's services under the Investment Advisory Agreement are not exclusive, and the Adviser is free to furnish similar or other services to others so long as its services to us are not impaired.

Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, we pay the Adviser the Management Fee and may also pay certain Incentive Fees.

For the quarterly periods ended September 30, 2011 and June 30, 2011, the Management Fee was calculated at an annual rate of 1.5% based on the value of our gross assets, which equals total assets before deduction of any liabilities, at the end of that calendar quarter, adjusted for share issuances and repurchases during that period. Beginning October 1, 2011, the Management Fee has been calculated at an annual rate of 1.5% based on the average value of our gross assets calculated using the values at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters, adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the period. The Management Fee is payable quarterly in arrears and is prorated for any partial month or quarter.

Until such time that we complete an IPO, the Adviser has waived its right to receive the Management Fee in excess of the sum of (i) 0.25% of aggregate committed but undrawn capital and, (ii) 0.75% of aggregate drawn capital (including capital drawn to pay our expenses) as determined as of the end of any calendar quarter. Any waived Management Fees are not subject to recoupment by the Adviser.

The Incentive Fee consists of two parts, as follows:

- (i) The first component, payable at the end of each quarter in arrears, equals 100% of the pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of a 1.5% quarterly "hurdle rate" the calculation of which is further explained below, until the Adviser has received 15% of the total pre-Incentive Fee net investment income for that quarter (17.5% subsequent to an IPO) and, for pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of 1.82% quarterly, 15% of all remaining pre-Incentive Fee net investment income for that quarter (17.5% subsequent to an IPO). The 100% "catch-up" provision for pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of the 1.5% "hurdle rate" is intended to provide the Adviser with an incentive fee of 15% on all pre-Incentive Fee net investment income when that amount equals 1.82% in a quarter (7.28% annualized), which is the rate at which catch-up is achieved. Once the "hurdle rate" is reached and catch-up is achieved, 15% of any pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of 1.82% in any quarter is payable to the Adviser.

[Table of Contents](#)

Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income means dividends (including reinvested dividends), interest and fee income accrued by us during the calendar quarter, minus our operating expenses for the quarter (including the Management Fee, expenses payable under the Administration Agreement to the Administrator, and any interest expense and dividends paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock, but excluding the Incentive Fee). Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as original issue discount, debt instruments with pay-in-kind interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that we may not have received in cash. Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation.

- (ii) The second component, payable at the end of each fiscal year in arrears, prior to the end of the quarter in which an IPO is completed, equals 15%, and following the completion of an IPO, will equal a weighted percentage of cumulative realized capital gains from our inception to the end of that fiscal year, less cumulative realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation. We refer to this component of the Incentive Fee as the Capital Gains Fee. Each year, the fee paid for this component of the Incentive Fee is net of the aggregate amount of any previously paid Capital Gains Fee for prior periods. For capital gains that accrue following the end of the quarter in which an IPO is completed, the Incentive Fee rate will be 17.5%. We accrue, but do not pay, a Capital Gains Incentive Fee with respect to unrealized appreciation because a Capital Gains Incentive Fee would be owed to the Adviser if we were to sell the relevant investment and realize a capital gain. The weighted percentage is intended to ensure that for each fiscal year following the completion of an IPO, the portion of the Company's realized capital gains that accrued prior to an IPO will be subject to an incentive fee rate of 15% and the portion of the Company's realized capital gains that accrued following the end of the quarter in which an IPO is completed will be subject to an incentive fee rate of 17.5%.

To determine whether pre-Incentive Fee net investment income exceeds the hurdle rate, prior to an IPO, the pre-Incentive Fee net investment income is expressed as a rate of return on an average daily hurdle calculation value. The average daily hurdle calculation value, on any given day, equals:

- our net assets as of the end of the calendar quarter immediately preceding the day; plus
- the aggregate amount of capital drawn from investors (or reinvested pursuant to our dividend reinvestment plan) from the beginning of the current quarter to the day; minus
- the aggregate amount of distributions (including share repurchases) made by us from the beginning of the current quarter to the day (but only to the extent the distributions were not declared and accounted for on our books and records in a previous quarter).

Following an IPO, for purposes of determining whether pre-Incentive Fee net investment income exceeds the hurdle rate, pre-Incentive Fee net investment income will be expressed as a rate of return on the value of our net assets at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter.

Prior to the completion of an IPO, if cumulative net realized losses from our inception exceeded the aggregate dollar amount of dividends paid by us through that date, the Adviser would forgo the right to receive its quarterly Incentive Fee payments with respect to pre-Incentive Fee net investment income until the time that cumulative net realized losses were less than or equal to the aggregate amount of dividend payments. To date, cumulative net realized losses from our inception have not exceeded the aggregate dollar amount of dividends paid by us.

Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation. Because of the structure of the Incentive Fee, it is possible that we may pay an Incentive Fee in a quarter where we incur a loss. For example, if we receive pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of the quarterly minimum hurdle rate, we will pay the applicable Incentive Fee even if we have incurred a loss in that quarter due to realized and unrealized capital losses. In addition, because the quarterly minimum hurdle rate is calculated based on our net assets, decreases in our net assets due to realized or

[Table of Contents](#)

unrealized capital losses in any given quarter may increase the likelihood that the hurdle rate is reached and therefore the likelihood of us paying an Incentive Fee for that quarter. Our net investment income used to calculate this component of the Incentive Fee is also included in the amount of our gross assets used to calculate the Management Fee because gross assets are total assets (including cash received) before deducting liabilities (such as declared dividend payments).

We accrue the Incentive Fee taking into account unrealized gains and losses; however, Section 205(b)(3) of the Advisers Act, as amended, prohibits the Adviser from receiving the payment of fees until those gains are realized, if ever.

On November 5, 2013, the Board renewed the Investment Advisory Agreement. Unless earlier terminated as described below, the Investment Advisory Agreement will remain in effect until November 5, 2014, and may be extended subject to required approvals. The Investment Advisory Agreement will automatically terminate in the event of an assignment and may be terminated by either party without penalty upon at least 60 days' written notice to the other party.

The December 12, 2011 amendment to the Investment Advisory Agreement revised the base against which the 1.5% hurdle rate is measured when calculating the Adviser's entitlement to receive a portion of our pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in any given calendar quarter. The amendment applied retroactively to October 1, 2011, but will not apply following an IPO.

Our Board monitors the mix and performance of our investments over time and seeks to satisfy itself that the Adviser is acting in our interests and that our fee structure appropriately incentivizes the Adviser to do so. The Board also takes into consideration the reimbursement of expenses incurred by the Adviser on our behalf, which expenses include travel expenses, when determining whether to approve renewal of the Investment Advisory Agreement and the Administration Agreement.

On March 15, 2011, we entered into the Administration Agreement with our Adviser. Under the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser provides administrative services to us. These services include providing office space, equipment and office services, maintaining financial records, preparing reports to stockholders and reports filed with the SEC, and managing the payment of expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered by others. Certain of these services are reimbursable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administration Agreement. See "*—Payment of Our Expenses*" below. In addition, the Adviser is permitted to delegate its duties under the Administration Agreement to affiliates or third parties and we pay or reimburse the Adviser expenses incurred by any such affiliates or third parties for work done on our behalf.

On November 5, 2013, the Board renewed the Administration Agreement. Unless earlier terminated as described below, the Administration Agreement will remain in effect until November 5, 2014, and may be extended subject to required approvals. The Administration Agreement may be terminated by either party without penalty upon at least 60 days' written notice to the other party.

No person who is an officer, director or employee of the Adviser or its affiliates and who serves as our director receives any compensation from us for his or her services as a director. However, we reimburse the Adviser or its affiliates for an allocable portion of the compensation paid by the Adviser or its affiliates to our Chief Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and other professionals who spend time on such related activities (based on the percentage of time those individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to our business and affairs). Directors who are not affiliated with the Adviser receive compensation for their services and reimbursement of expenses incurred to attend meetings. See "*Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business and Structure—We are dependent upon management personnel of the Adviser for our future success.*"

The Adviser does not assume any responsibility to us other than to render the services described in, and on the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement and the Administration Agreement, and is not responsible for any action of our Board in declining to follow the advice or recommendations of the Adviser. Under the terms of

[Table of Contents](#)

the Investment Advisory Agreement and the Administration Agreement, the Adviser (and its members, managers, officers, employees, agents, controlling persons and any other person or entity affiliated with it) shall not be liable to us for any action taken or omitted to be taken by the Adviser in connection with the performance of any of its duties or obligations under the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Administration Agreement or otherwise as an investment adviser of ours (except to the extent specified in Section 36(b) of the 1940 Act concerning loss resulting from a breach of fiduciary duty (as the same is finally determined by judicial proceedings) with respect to the receipt of compensation for services). We shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, provide indemnification and the right to the advancement of expenses, to each person who was or is made a party or is threatened to be made a party to or is involved (including, without limitation, as a witness) in any actual or threatened action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, by reason of the fact that he or she is or was a member, manager, officer, employee, agent, controlling person of the Adviser or any other person or entity affiliated with the Adviser or is or was a member of the Adviser’s Investment Review Committee, on the same general terms set forth in Article VIII of our certificate of incorporation.

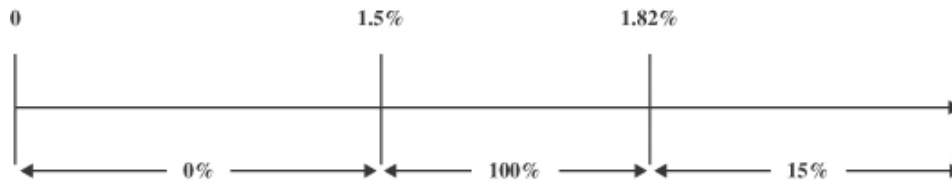
United States federal and state securities laws may impose liability under certain circumstances on persons who act in good faith. Nothing in the Investment Advisory Agreement will constitute a waiver or limitation of any rights that we may have under any applicable federal or state securities laws.

We also have a license agreement with an affiliate of TPG, pursuant to which we have been granted a non-exclusive license to use the TPG name and logo, for a nominal fee, for so long as the Adviser or one of its affiliates remains our investment adviser. Other than with respect to this limited license, we have no legal right to the “TPG” name or logo.

The following is a graphical representation of the calculation of the income-related portion of the Incentive Fee:

Quarterly Incentive Fee Based on Net Investment Income

Pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income (expressed as a percentage of the value of net assets)



Percentage of pre-Incentive Fee net investment income allocated to income-related portion of Incentive Fee

[Table of Contents](#)

Examples of Quarterly Incentive Fee Calculation:

Example 1: Income Related Portion of Incentive Fee (*) (**):

Alternative 1

Assumptions

Investment income (including interest, dividends, fees, etc.) = 2%
Hurdle rate (1) = 1.5%
Management fee (2) = 0.375%
Other expenses (legal, accounting, custodian, transfer agent, etc.) (3) = 0.20%
Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income
(investment income – (management fee + other expenses)) = 1.425%

Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income does not exceed hurdle rate, therefore there is no Incentive Fee.

Alternative 2

Assumptions

Investment income (including interest, dividends, fees, etc.) = 2.375%
Hurdle rate (1) = 1.5%
Management fee (2) = 0.375%
Other expenses (legal, accounting, custodian, transfer agent, etc.) (3) = 0.20%
Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income
(investment income – (management fee + other expenses)) = 1.8%
Incentive Fee = 100% × pre-Incentive Fee net investment income, subject to the “catch-up” (4)
= 100% × (1.8% – 1.5%)
= 0.3%

Alternative 3

Assumptions

Investment income (including interest, dividends, fees, etc.) = 3.5%
Hurdle rate (1) = 1.5%
Management fee (2) = 0.375%
Other expenses (legal, accounting, custodian, transfer agent, etc.) (3) = 0.20%
Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income
(investment income – (management fee + other expenses)) = 2.925%
Incentive Fee = 15% × pre-Incentive Fee net investment income, subject to “catch-up” (4)
Incentive Fee = 100% × “catch-up” + (15% × (pre-Incentive Fee net investment income – 1.76%))
Catch-up = 1.76% – 1.5% = 0.26%
Incentive Fee = (100% × 0.26%) + (15% × (2.925% – 1.76%))
= 0.26% + (15% × 1.165%)
= 0.26% + 0.175%
= 0.435%

- (1) Represents 6.0% annualized hurdle rate.
- (2) Represents 1.5% annualized management fee.
- (3) Excludes organizational and offering expenses.
- (4) The “catch-up” provision is intended to provide the Adviser with an Incentive Fee of 15% on all of our pre-Incentive Fee net investment income as if a hurdle rate did not apply when our net investment income exceeds 15% in any calendar quarter and is not applied once the Adviser has received 15% of investment income in a quarter. The “catch-up” portion of our pre-Incentive Fee Net Investment Income is the portion that exceeds the 1.5% hurdle rate but is less than or equal to approximately 1.76% (that is, 1.5% divided by (1 – 0.15)) in any fiscal quarter.

[Table of Contents](#)

(*) This example assumes that this IPO of our common stock has occurred.

(**) The hypothetical amount of pre-Incentive Fee net investment income shown is based on a percentage of total net assets.

Example 2: Capital Gains Portion of Incentive Fee:

Assumptions

- Year 1: \$10 million investment made in Company A (“Investment A”), \$10 million investment made in Company B (“Investment B”), \$10 million investment made in Company C (“Investment C”), \$10 million investment made in Company D (“Investment D”) and \$10 million investment made in Company E (“Investment E”).
- Year 2: Investment A sold for \$20 million, fair market value (“FMV”) of Investment B determined to be \$8 million, FMV of Investment C determined to be \$12 million, and FMV of Investments D and E each determined to be \$10 million.
- Year 3: IPO of the Company occurs. At IPO, FMV of Investment of B determined to be \$8 million, FMV of Investment C determined to be \$14 million, FMV of Investment D determined to be \$14 million and FMV of Investment E determined to be \$16 million.
- Year 4: \$10 million investment made in Company F (“Investment F”), Investment D sold for \$12 million, FMV of Investment B determined to be \$10 million, FMV of Investment C determined to be \$16 million and FMV of Investment E determined to be \$14 million.
- Year 5: Investment C sold for \$20 million, FMV of Investment B determined to be \$14 million, FMV of Investment E determined to be \$10 million and FMV of Investment F determined to be \$12 million.
- Year 6: Investment B sold for \$16 million, FMV of Investment E determined to be \$8 million and FMV of Investment F determined to be \$15 million.
- Year 7: Investment E sold for \$8 million and FMV of Investment F determined to be \$17 million.
- Year 8: Investment F sold for \$18 million.

Table of Contents

These assumptions are summarized in the following chart:

	<u>Investment A</u>	<u>Investment B</u>	<u>Investment C</u>	<u>Investment D</u>	<u>Investment E</u>	<u>Investment F</u>	<u>Cumulative Unrealized Capital Depreciation</u>	<u>Cumulative Realized Capital Losses</u>	<u>Cumulative Realized Capital Gains</u>
Year 1	\$10 million (cost basis)	\$10 million (cost basis)	\$10 million (cost basis)	\$10 million (cost basis)	\$10 million (cost basis)	—	—	—	—
Year 2	\$20 million (sale price)	\$8 million FMV	\$12 million FMV	\$10 million FMV	\$10 million FMV	—	\$2 million	—	\$10 million
Year 3 (IPO)	—	\$8 million FMV at IPO	\$14 million FMV at IPO	\$14 million FMV at IPO	\$16 million FMV at IPO	—	\$2 million	—	\$10 million
Year 4	—	\$10 million FMV	\$16 million FMV	\$12 million (sale price)	\$14 million FMV	\$10 million (cost basis)	—	—	\$12 million
Year 5	—	\$14 million FMV	\$20 million (sale price)	—	\$10 million FMV	\$12 million FMV	—	—	\$22 million
Year 6	—	\$16 million (sale price)	—	—	\$8 million FMV	\$15 million FMV	\$2 million	—	\$28 million
Year 7	—	—	—	—	\$8 million (sale price)	\$17 million FMV	—	\$2 million	\$28 million
Year 8	—	—	—	—	—	\$18 million (sale price)	—	\$2 million	\$36 million

The capital gains portion of the Incentive Fee would be:

- Year 1: None
- Year 2:

Capital Gains Fee = 15% multiplied by (\$10 million realized capital gains on sale of Investment A less \$2 million cumulative capital depreciation) = **\$1.2 million**

- Year 3:

Capital Gains Fee = (Weighted Percentage multiplied by (\$10 million cumulative realized capital gains less \$2 million cumulative capital depreciation)) less \$1.2 million cumulative Capital Gains Fee previously paid = \$1.2 million less \$1.2 million = **\$0.00**

Weighted Percentage = (15% multiplied by (\$10 million Pre-IPO Gain Amount divided by \$10 million Total Gain Amount)) plus (17.5% multiplied by (\$0 Post-IPO Gain Amount divided by \$10 million Total Gain Amount)) = **15%**

Table of Contents

- Year 4:
Capital Gains Fee = (Weighted Percentage multiplied by (\$12 million cumulative realized capital gains)) less \$1.2 million cumulative Capital Gains Fee previously paid = \$1.8 million less \$1.2 million = **\$0.6 million**
Weighted Percentage = (15% multiplied by (\$12 million Pre-IPO Gain Amount divided by \$12 million Total Gain Amount)) plus (17.5% multiplied by (\$0 Post-IPO Gain Amount divided by \$10 million Total Gain Amount)) = **15%**
- Year 5:
Capital Gains Fee = (Weighted Percentage multiplied by (\$22 million cumulative realized capital gains)) less \$1.8 million cumulative Capital Gains Fee previously paid = \$3.45 million less \$1.8 million = **\$1.65 million**
Weighted Percentage = (15% multiplied by (\$16 million Pre-IPO Gain Amount divided by \$22 million Total Gain Amount)) plus (17.5% multiplied by (\$6 million Post-IPO Gain Amount divided by \$22 million Total Gain Amount)) = **15.68%**
- Year 6:
Capital Gains Fee = (Weighted Percentage multiplied by (\$28 million cumulative realized capital gains less \$2 million cumulative capital depreciation)) less \$3.45 million cumulative Capital Gains Fee previously paid = \$4.18 million less \$3.45 million = **\$0.73 million**
Weighted Percentage = (15% multiplied by (\$16 million Pre-IPO Gain Amount divided by \$28 million Total Gain Amount)) plus (17.5% multiplied by (\$12 million Post-IPO Gain Amount divided by \$28 million Total Gain Amount)) = **16.07%**
- Year 7:
Capital Gains Fee = (Weighted Percentage multiplied by (\$28 million cumulative realized capital gains less \$2 million cumulative realized capital losses)) less \$4.18 million cumulative Capital Gains Fee previously paid = \$4.18 million less \$4.18 million = **\$0.00**
Weighted Percentage = (15% multiplied by (\$16 million Pre-IPO Gain Amount divided by \$28 million Total Gain Amount)) plus (17.5% multiplied by (\$12 million Post-IPO Gain Amount divided by \$28 million Total Gain Amount)) = **16.07%**
- Year 8:
Capital Gains Fee = (Weighted Percentage multiplied by (\$36 million cumulative realized capital gains less \$2 million cumulative realized capital losses)) less \$4.18 million cumulative Capital Gains Fee previously paid = \$5.57 million less \$4.18 million = **\$1.39 million**
Weighted Percentage = (15% multiplied by (\$16 million Pre-IPO Gain Amount divided by \$36 million Total Gain Amount)) plus (17.5% multiplied by (\$18 million Post-IPO Gain Amount divided by \$36 million Total Gain Amount)) = **16.39%**

Payment of Our Expenses

The costs associated with our Investment Team and staff of the Adviser, when and to the extent engaged in providing us investment advisory and management services are paid for by the Adviser. We bear all other costs and expenses of our operations, administration and transactions. For more information on costs and expenses, see “*Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Key Components of Our Results of Operations.*”

In addition, from time to time, the Adviser pays amounts owed by us to third-party providers of goods or services. We subsequently reimburse the Adviser for those amounts paid on our behalf. We also reimburse the

[Table of Contents](#)

Adviser for the allocable portion of the compensation paid by the Adviser or its affiliates to our Chief Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and other professionals who spend time on those related activities (based on the percentage of time those individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to our business and affairs).

All of our expenses are ultimately borne by our stockholders.

Duration and Termination

Unless earlier terminated as described below, both the Investment Advisory Agreement and the Administration Agreement will remain in effect until November 5, 2014, and each may be extended subject to required approvals. Each agreement will remain in effect from year to year thereafter if approved annually by our Board or by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities, and, in either case, if also approved by a majority of the directors of the Board who are not “interested persons” of us, the Adviser or any of our or its respective affiliates, as defined in the 1940 Act (known as Independent Directors). The Investment Advisory Agreement automatically terminates in the event of its assignment, as defined in the 1940 Act, by the Adviser. Each agreement may be terminated by either party without penalty upon at least 60 days’ written notice to the other party. The holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities may also terminate each agreement without penalty upon not less than 60 days’ written notice.

Indemnification

The Investment Advisory Agreement and the Administration Agreement provide that the Adviser and its members, managers, officers, employees, agents, controlling persons and any other person or entity affiliated with it shall not be liable to us for any action taken or omitted to be taken by the Adviser in connection with the performance of any of its duties or obligations under this Agreement or otherwise as an investment adviser of ours (except to the extent specified in Section 36(b) of the 1940 Act concerning loss resulting from a breach of fiduciary duty (as the same is finally determined by judicial proceedings) with respect to the receipt of compensation for services). We will, to the fullest extent permitted by law, provide indemnification and the right to the advancement of expenses, to each person who was or is made a party or is threatened to be made a party to or is involved (including, without limitation, as a witness) in any actual or threatened action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, by reason of the fact that he or she is or was a member, manager, officer, employee, agent, controlling person or any other person or entity affiliated with the Adviser, including without limitation the Administrator, or is or was a member of the Adviser’s Investment Review Committee, on the same general terms set forth in our certificate of incorporation. See “Description of our Capital Stock.” Our obligation to provide indemnification and advancement of expenses is subject to the requirements of the 1940 Act and Investment Company Act Release No. 11330, which, among other things, preclude indemnification for any liability (whether or not there is an adjudication of liability or the matter has been settled) arising by reason of willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence, or reckless disregard of duties, and require reasonable and fair means for determining whether indemnification will be made.

Board Approval of the Investment Advisory Agreement

Our Board, including our Independent Directors, and holders of a majority of our outstanding securities, approved our Investment Advisory Agreement in December 2011. Our Board, including a majority of the Independent Directors, renewed it in November 2013. In its consideration of the Investment Advisory Agreement at the time of approval and renewal, the Board focused on information it had received relating to, among other things:

- the nature, quality and extent of the advisory and other services to be provided to us by the Adviser;
- our investment performance and the performance of the Adviser;
- the extent to which economies of scale would be realized as we grow, and whether the fees payable under the Investment Advisory Agreement reflect these economies of scale for the benefit of our stockholders;

[Table of Contents](#)

- comparative data with respect to advisory fees or similar expenses paid by other BDCs with similar investment objectives;
- our projected operating expenses and expense ratio compared to BDCs with similar investment objectives;
- any existing and potential sources of indirect income to the Adviser from its relationships with us and the profitability of those income sources;
- information about the services to be performed and the personnel performing those services under the Investment Advisory Agreement;
- the organizational capability and financial condition of the Adviser and its respective affiliates; and
- the possibility of obtaining similar services from other third-party service providers or through an internally managed structure.

Based on the information reviewed and the discussion thereof, the Board, including a majority of the Independent Directors, concluded that the investment advisory fee rates are reasonable in relation to the services to be provided.

Regulation as a Business Development Company

We are regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. A BDC must be organized in the United States for the purpose of investing in or lending to primarily private companies and making significant managerial assistance available to them. A BDC may use capital provided by public stockholders and from other sources to make long-term, private investments in businesses.

As with other companies regulated by the 1940 Act, a BDC must adhere to certain substantive regulatory requirements. A majority of our directors must be persons who are not “interested persons,” as that term is defined in the 1940 Act. Additionally, we are required to provide and maintain a bond issued by a reputable fidelity insurance company to protect us against larceny and embezzlement. In addition, as a BDC, we are prohibited from protecting any director or officer against any liability to us or our stockholders arising from willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of such person’s office.

As a BDC, we are permitted, under specified conditions, to issue multiple classes of indebtedness and one class of shares senior to our common stock if our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, is at least equal to 200% immediately after any borrowing or issuance. In addition, while any preferred stock or publicly traded debt securities are outstanding, we may be prohibited from making distributions to our stockholders or repurchasing securities or shares unless we meet the applicable asset coverage ratio at the time of the distribution or repurchase. We may also borrow amounts up to 5% of the value of our total assets for temporary or emergency purposes without regard to asset coverage. For a discussion of the risks associated with leverage, see “Risk Factors—Risks Related to Our Business and Structure—We borrow money, which magnifies the potential for gain or loss and increases the risk of investing in us.” As of December 31, 2013 and 2012 our asset coverage was 232.9% and 244.6%, respectively.

We may not change the nature of our business so as to cease to be, or withdraw our election as, a BDC unless authorized by vote of a majority of the outstanding voting securities, as required by the 1940 Act. A majority of the outstanding voting securities of a company is defined under the 1940 Act as the lesser of: (a) 67% or more of such company’s voting securities present at a meeting if more than 50% of the outstanding voting securities of such company are present or represented by proxy, or (b) more than 50% of the outstanding voting securities of such company. We do not anticipate any substantial change in the nature of our business.

[Table of Contents](#)

We do not intend to acquire securities issued by any investment company that exceed the limits imposed by the 1940 Act. Under these limits, except for registered money market funds, the Company generally cannot acquire more than 3% of the voting stock of any investment company, invest more than 5% of the value of our total assets in the securities of one investment company or invest more than 10% of the value of our total assets in the securities of investment companies in the aggregate. The portion of our portfolio invested in securities issued by investment companies ordinarily will subject our stockholders to additional expenses. Our investment portfolio is also subject to diversification requirements by virtue of our status as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes. See “*Regulated Investment Company Classification*” for more information.

In addition, investment companies registered under the 1940 Act and private funds that are excluded from the definition of “investment company” pursuant to either Section 3(c)(1) or 3(c)(7) of the 1940 Act may not acquire directly or through a controlled entity more than 3% of our total outstanding voting stock (measured at the time of the acquisition), unless the funds comply with an exemption under the 1940 Act. As a result, certain of our investors may hold a smaller position in our shares than if they were not subject to these restrictions.

We are generally not able to issue and sell our common stock at a price below net asset value per share. See “*ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS—Risks Related to Our Business and Structure—Regulations governing our operation as a BDC affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital.*” We currently do not intend to issue and sell our common stock, or warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock, at a price below the then current net asset value of our common stock but we may elect to do so if our Board determines that such sale is in our best interests and the best interests of our stockholders, and our stockholders have approved our policy and practice of making such sales within the preceding 12 months. In any such case, the price at which our securities are to be issued and sold may not be less than a price that, in the determination of our Board, closely approximates the market value of such securities. In addition, we may generally issue new common stock at a price below net asset value in rights offerings to existing stockholders, in payment of dividends and in certain other limited circumstances.

We may also be prohibited under the 1940 Act from knowingly participating in certain transactions with our affiliates, including our officers, directors, investment adviser, and principal underwriters, and certain of their affiliates, without the prior approval of the members of our Board who are not interested persons and, in some cases, prior approval by the SEC through an exemptive order (other than in certain limited situations pursuant to current regulatory guidance).

We have applied for an exemptive order from the SEC that, if granted, would allow us to co-invest in middle-market loan origination activities for companies domiciled in the United States and certain “follow-on” investments in companies in which we have already invested with affiliates of TSSP and TPG if certain conditions are met. These conditions include, among others, prior approval by a majority of our Independent Directors. The terms and conditions of the investment applicable to any affiliates of TSSP and TPG also must be the same as those applicable to us.

If the SEC grants our exemptive relief request, to the extent the size of the opportunity exceeds the amount our Adviser independently determines is appropriate for us to invest, our affiliates may be able to co-invest with us. We believe our ability to co-invest with TSSP and TPG affiliates would be particularly useful where we identify larger capital commitments than otherwise would be appropriate for us. We would be able to provide “one-stop” financing to a potential portfolio company in these circumstances, which could allow us to capture opportunities where we alone could not commit the full amount of required capital or would have to spend additional time to locate unaffiliated co-investors.

[Table of Contents](#)

If we are granted exemptive relief, we would undertake that, in connection with any commitment to a co-investment, a “required majority” (as defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) of Independent Directors would make certain conclusions, including that:

- the terms of the proposed transaction are reasonable and fair to us and our stockholders and do not involve overreaching of us or our stockholders on the part of any person concerned; and
- the transaction is consistent with the interests of our stockholders and is consistent with our investment strategies and policies.

We cannot assure you, however, when or whether the SEC will grant our exemptive relief request, or that, if granted, it will be on the terms set forth above. See “*ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE.*”

We are subject to periodic examination by the SEC for compliance with the 1940 Act.

As a BDC, we are subject to certain risks and uncertainties. See “*ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS—Risks Related to Our Business and Structure.*”

Qualifying Assets

Under the 1940 Act, a BDC may not acquire any assets other than assets of the type listed in Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act, which are referred to as qualifying assets, unless, at the time the acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of the company’s total assets. The principal categories of qualifying assets relevant to our business are the following:

- Securities purchased in transactions not involving any public offering from the issuer of such securities, which issuer (subject to certain limited exceptions) is an eligible portfolio company, or from any person who is, or has been during the preceding 13 months, an affiliated person of an eligible portfolio company, or from any other person, subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the SEC. An eligible portfolio company is defined in the 1940 Act as any issuer which:
 - is organized under the laws of, and has its principal place of business in, the United States;
 - is not an investment company (other than a small business investment company wholly-owned by the Company) or a company that would be an investment company but for certain exclusions under the 1940 Act; and
 - satisfies any of the following:
 - has an equity market capitalization of less than \$250 million or does not have any class of securities listed on a national securities exchange;
 - is controlled by a BDC or a group of companies including a BDC, the BDC actually exercises a controlling influence over the management or policies of the eligible portfolio company, and, as a result thereof, the BDC has an affiliated person who is a director of the eligible portfolio company; or
 - is a small and solvent company having total assets of not more than \$4 million and capital and surplus of not less than \$2 million.
- Securities of any eligible portfolio company that we control.
- Securities purchased in a private transaction from a U.S. issuer that is not an investment company or from an affiliated person of the issuer, or in transactions incident thereto, if the issuer is in bankruptcy and subject to reorganization or if the issuer, immediately prior to the purchase of its securities was unable to meet its obligations as they came due without material assistance other than conventional lending or financing arrangements.

Table of Contents

- Securities of an eligible portfolio company purchased from any person in a private transaction if there is no ready market for such securities and we already own 60% of the outstanding equity of the eligible portfolio company.
- Securities received in exchange for or distributed on or with respect to securities described above, or pursuant to the exercise of warrants or rights relating to such securities.
- Cash, cash equivalents, U.S. Government securities or high-quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment.

Pending investment in other types of “qualifying assets,” as described above, our investments may consist of cash, cash equivalents, U.S. Government securities or high-quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment, which we refer to, collectively, as temporary investments, such that at least 70% of our assets are qualifying assets. Our Adviser will monitor the creditworthiness of the counterparties with which we enter into repurchase agreement transactions.

Managerial Assistance to Portfolio Companies

A BDC must be operated for the purpose of making investments in the types of securities described under “Qualifying Assets” above. However, to count portfolio securities as qualifying assets for the purpose of the 70% test, the BDC must offer to make available to the issuer of the securities (other than small and solvent companies described above) significant managerial assistance; except that, where the BDC purchases such securities in conjunction with one or more other persons acting together, the BDC will satisfy this test if one of the other persons in the group makes available such managerial assistance. Making available managerial assistance means, among other things, either controlling the issuer of the securities or any arrangement whereby the BDC, through its directors, officers or employees, offers to provide, and, if accepted, does in fact provide, significant guidance and counsel concerning the management, operations or business objectives and policies of a portfolio company.

Senior Securities

As a BDC, the Company generally must have 200% asset coverage for its debt after incurring any new indebtedness, meaning that the total value of the Company’s assets must be at least twice the amount of the debt (i.e., 50% leverage). As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, our asset coverage was 232.9% and 244.6%, respectively.

We are permitted, under specified conditions, to issue multiple classes of indebtedness and one class of shares senior to our common stock if our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, is at least equal to 200% immediately after each such issuance. In addition, while any preferred stock or publicly-traded debt securities are outstanding, we may be prohibited from making distributions to our stockholders or the repurchasing of such securities or shares unless we meet the applicable asset coverage ratios at the time of the distribution or repurchase. We may also borrow amounts up to 5% of the value of our total assets for temporary or emergency purposes without regard to asset coverage.

The 1940 Act imposes limitations on a BDC’s issuance of preferred stock, which is considered “senior securities” and thus is subject to the 200% asset coverage requirement described above.

Code of Ethics

We have adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics which applies to, among others, our executive officers, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as well as every officer, director and employee of the Company. There have been no material changes to our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics or material waivers of the code that apply to our Co-Chief Executive Officers or Chief Financial Officer.

[Table of Contents](#)

We hereby undertake to provide a copy of this code to any person, without charge, upon request. Requests for a copy of this code may be made in writing addressed to the Secretary of the Company, Jennifer Mello, TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. 345 California Street, Suite 3300, San Francisco, CA 94104.

Compliance Policies and Procedures

We and our Adviser have adopted and implemented written policies and procedures reasonably designed to detect and prevent violation of the federal securities laws and we are required to review these compliance policies and procedures annually for their adequacy and the effectiveness of their implementation and designate a Chief Compliance Officer to be responsible for administering the policies and procedures.

Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 imposes a wide variety of regulatory requirements on certain publicly held companies and their insiders. Assuming certain requirements are met, many of these requirements affect us. For example:

- pursuant to Rule 13a-14 of the Exchange Act, our Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer certify the accuracy of the financial statements contained in our periodic reports;
- pursuant to Item 307 of Regulation S-K, our periodic reports disclose our conclusions about the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures;
- pursuant to Rule 13a-15 of the Exchange Act, subject to certain assumptions, our management is required to prepare an annual report regarding its assessment of our internal control over financial reporting and, depending on our accelerated filer status, this report may be required to be audited by our independent registered public accounting firm; and,
- pursuant to Item 308 of Regulation S-K and Rule 13a-15 of the 1934 Act, our periodic reports disclose whether there were significant changes in our internal controls over financial reporting or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act requires us to review our policies and procedures to determine whether we comply with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and the regulations promulgated thereunder. We continue to monitor our compliance with all regulations that are adopted under the Sarbanes-Oxley Act and take actions necessary to ensure that we are in compliance therewith.

Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures

We delegate our proxy voting responsibility to our Adviser. The Proxy Voting Policies and Procedures of our Adviser are set forth below. The guidelines are reviewed periodically by the Adviser and our Independent Directors, and, accordingly, are subject to change.

An investment adviser registered under the Advisers Act has a fiduciary duty to act solely in the best interests of its clients. As part of this duty, the Adviser recognizes that it must vote client securities in a timely manner free of conflicts of interest and in the best interests of its clients. These policies and procedures for voting proxies for the Adviser's investment advisory clients are intended to comply with Section 206 of, and Rule 206(4)-6 under, the Advisers Act.

The Adviser will vote all proxies based upon the guiding principle of seeking the maximization of the ultimate long term economic value of our stockholders' holdings, and ultimately all votes are cast on a case-by-case basis, taking into consideration the contractual obligations under the relevant advisory agreements or comparable documents, and all other relevant facts and circumstances at the time of the vote. All proxy voting

Table of Contents

decisions will require a mandatory conflicts of interest review by the Company's Chief Compliance Officer in accordance with these policies and procedures, which will include consideration of whether the Adviser or any investment professional or other person recommending how to vote the proxy has an interest in how the proxy is voted that may present a conflict of interest. It is the Adviser's general policy to vote or give consent on all matters presented to security holders in any proxy, and these policies and procedures have been designed with that in mind. However, the Adviser reserves the right to abstain on any particular vote or otherwise withhold its vote or consent on any matter if, in the judgment of the Company's Chief Compliance Officer or the relevant investment professional(s), the costs associated with voting such proxy outweigh the benefits to our stockholders or if the circumstances make such an abstention or withholding otherwise advisable and in the best interest of the relevant stockholder(s).

Privacy Principles

We are committed to maintaining the confidentiality, integrity and security of nonpublic personal information relating to investors. The following information is provided to help investors understand what personal information we collect, how we protect that information and why, in certain cases, we may share information with select other parties.

We may collect nonpublic personal information regarding investors from sources such as subscription agreements, investor questionnaires and other forms; individual investors' account histories; and correspondence between us and individual investors. We may share information that we collect regarding an investor with our affiliates and the employees of such affiliates for legitimate business purposes, for example, in order to service the investor's accounts or provide the investor with information about other products and services offered by us or our affiliates that may be of interest to the investor. In addition, we may disclose information that we collect regarding investors to third parties who are not affiliated with us (i) as authorized by our investors in investor subscription agreements or our organizational documents; (ii) as required by law or in connection with regulatory or law enforcement inquiries; or, (iii) as otherwise permitted by law to the extent necessary to effect, administer or enforce investor or Company transactions.

Any party that receives nonpublic personal information relating to investors from the Company is permitted to use the information only for legitimate business purposes or as otherwise required or permitted by applicable law or regulation. In this regard, for officers, employees and agents of the Company and its affiliates, access to such information is restricted to those who need such access in order to provide services to the Company and investors. The Company maintains physical, electronic and procedural safeguards to seek to guard investor nonpublic personal information.

Reporting Obligations

We will furnish our stockholders with annual reports containing audited financial statements, quarterly reports, and such other periodic reports as we determine to be appropriate or as may be required by law. We are required to comply with all periodic reporting, proxy solicitation and other applicable requirements under the 1934 Act.

We make available on our website (www.tpgspecialtylending.com) our proxy statements, our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q and our current reports on Form 8-K. We also provide electronic or paper copies of our filings free of charge upon request. Requests may be made in writing addressed to us at 345 California Street, Suite 3300, San Francisco, CA 94104, Attention: TSL Investor Relations, or by emailing us at IRTSL@tpg.com.

Stockholders and the public may also read and copy any materials we file with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, Room 1580 Washington, DC 20549. The public may also obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330. The SEC also maintains a website (www.sec.gov) that contains this information.

Regulated Investment Company Classification

As a BDC, we have elected to be treated as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Our status as a RIC enables us to deduct qualifying distributions to our stockholders, so that we will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income taxation only in respect of income and gains that we retain and do not distribute. In addition, certain distributions that we make to certain non-U.S. stockholders with respect to our taxable years commencing after December 31, 2013 may be eligible for look-through tax treatment if Congress extends certain rules to apply to such taxable years.

To maintain our status as a RIC, we must, among other things:

- maintain our election under the 1940 Act to be treated as a BDC;
- derive in each taxable year at least 90% of our gross income from dividends, interest, gains from the sale or other disposition of stock or securities and other specified categories of investment income; and
- maintain diversified holdings so that, subject to certain exceptions and cure periods, at the end of each quarter of our taxable year:
 - at least 50% of the value of our total gross assets is represented by cash and cash items, U.S. government securities, the securities of other RICs and “other securities,” provided that such “other securities” shall not include any amount of any one issuer, if our holdings of such issuer are greater in value than 5% of our total assets or greater than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of such issuer, and
 - no more than 25% of the value of our assets may be invested in securities of any one issuer, the securities of any two or more issuers that are controlled by us and are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses (excluding U.S. government securities and securities of other RICs), or the securities of one or more “qualified publicly traded partnerships.”

To maintain our status as a RIC, we must distribute (or be treated as distributing) in each taxable year dividends for tax purposes of an amount equal to at least 90% of our investment company taxable income (which includes, among other items, dividends, interest, the excess of any net short-term capital gains over net long-term capital losses, as well as other taxable income, excluding any net capital gains reduced by deductible expenses) and 90% of our net tax-exempt income for that taxable year. As a RIC, we generally will not be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax on our investment company taxable income and net capital gains that we distribute to stockholders. In addition, to avoid the imposition of a nondeductible 4% U.S. federal excise tax, we must distribute (or be treated as distributing) in each calendar year an amount at least equal to the sum of:

- 98% of our net ordinary income, excluding certain ordinary gains and losses, recognized during a calendar year;
- 98.2% of our capital gain net income, adjusted for certain ordinary gains and losses, recognized for the twelve-month period ending on October 31 of such calendar year; and
- 100% of any income or gains recognized, but not distributed, in preceding years.

We have previously incurred, and can be expected to incur in the future, such excise tax on a portion of our income and gains. While we intend to distribute income and capital gains to minimize exposure to the 4% excise tax, we may not be able to, or may choose not to, distribute amounts sufficient to avoid the imposition of the tax entirely. In that event, we will be liable for the tax only on the amount by which we do not meet the foregoing distribution requirement.

[Table of Contents](#)

We generally expect to distribute substantially all of our earnings on a quarterly basis, but will reinvest dividends on behalf of those investors that do not elect to receive their dividends in cash. See “*Dividend Policy*” and “*Dividend Reinvestment Plan*” for a description of our dividend policy and obligations. One or more of the considerations described below, however, could result in the deferral of dividend distributions until the end of the fiscal year:

- We may make investments that are subject to tax rules that require us to include amounts in our income before we receive cash corresponding to that income or that defer or limit our ability to claim the benefit of deductions or losses. For example, if we hold securities issued with original issue discount, that original issue discount may be accrued in income before we receive any corresponding cash payments.
- In cases where our taxable income exceeds our available cash flow, we will need to fund distributions with the proceeds of sale of securities or with borrowed money, and may raise funds for this purpose opportunistically over the course of the year.
- The withholding tax treatment of certain dividends payable to certain non-U.S. stockholders depends on whether and when Congress extends the look-through rules applicable to “interest-related dividends” and “short-term capital gain dividends.” The look-through rules expired for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2013.

In certain circumstances (e.g., where we are required to recognize income before or without receiving cash representing such income), we may have difficulty making distributions in the amounts necessary to satisfy the requirements for maintaining RIC status and for avoiding U.S. federal income and excise taxes. Accordingly, we may have to sell investments at times we would not otherwise consider advantageous, raise additional debt or equity capital or reduce new investment originations to meet these distribution requirements. If we are not able to obtain cash from other sources, we may fail to qualify as a RIC and thereby be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax.

If in any particular taxable year, we do not qualify as a RIC, all of our taxable income (including our net capital gains) will be subject to tax at regular corporate rates without any deduction for distributions to stockholders, and distributions will be taxable to our stockholders as ordinary dividends to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits, and distributions would not be required. Distributions in excess of our current and accumulated earnings and profits would be treated first as a return of capital to the extent of the stockholder’s tax basis, and any remaining distributions would be treated as capital gain. If we fail to qualify as a RIC for a period greater than two consecutive taxable years, to qualify as a RIC in a subsequent year we may be subject to regular corporate tax on any net built-in gains with respect to certain of our assets (that is, the excess of the aggregate gains, including items of income, over aggregate losses that would have been realized with respect to such assets if we had sold the property at fair market value at the end of the taxable year) that we elect to recognize on requalification or when recognized over the next ten years.

In the event we invest in foreign securities, we may be subject to withholding and other foreign taxes with respect to those securities. We do not expect to satisfy the conditions necessary to pass through to our stockholders their share of the foreign taxes paid by us.

Recent Developments

On February 18, 2014, we filed a registration statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-193986) with the SEC related to an initial public offering of our common stock. We expect to use the net proceeds from the initial public offering to repay certain of our indebtedness. The timing of our initial public offering is uncertain. The SEC has not declared this registration statement effective and securities may not be sold, nor may offers to buy the securities be accepted, prior to the time this registration statement becomes effective.

[Table of Contents](#)

On February 24, 2014, we filed a definitive proxy statement with the SEC to solicit consents from our stockholders to effect the following amendments to our certificate of incorporation:

- an increase in the number of authorized shares of common stock to 400,000,000 shares; and
- elimination of the ability of stockholders to act by written consent outside of an annual or special meeting of stockholders.

If we receive the requisite consents for one or both of these proposed amendments, we will file a certificate of amendment to our certificate of incorporation effecting the approved amendments.

On December 31, 2013, we delivered a capital drawdown notice to our investors relating to the sale of 4,234,501 shares of our common stock for an aggregate offering price of \$65.0 million. The sale closed on January 15, 2014. On February 13, 2014, we issued 502,200 shares of our common stock through our dividend reinvestment plan for \$7.8 million. Neither of these issuances of our common stock are reflected in the number of shares issued for the year ended December 31, 2013 as disclosed in this Form 10-K or the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013.

On January 21, 2014, we amended the Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis) to, among other things, increase the size of the facility to \$175 million. We also modified pricing under the Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis) to allow TPG SL SPV, at its option, to borrow at an interest rate equal to the lenders' cost of funds plus a margin, thereby lowering the interest rate currently applicable on our borrowings under the facility. On February 27, 2014, we amended the Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust) to, among other things, increase the size of the facility to \$581.3 million. On February 27, 2014, we terminated the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA), effective March 4, 2014. The outstanding balance under the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) was paid down prior to terminating the facility. For more information, see "ITEM 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources."

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Investing in our common stock involves a number of significant risks. Before you invest in our common stock, you should be aware of various risks associated with the investment, including those described below. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or not presently deemed material by us may also impair our operations and performance. If any of the following events occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected. In such case, our net asset value and the trading price of our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

Risks Related to Our Business and Structure

We are a recently formed company with relatively little operating history.

We began our investing activities on July 8, 2011. As a result, we have relatively limited financial information on which you can evaluate an investment in our company or our prior performance. We are subject to all of the business risks and uncertainties associated with any new business, including the risk that we will not achieve our investment objective and that the value of your investment could decline substantially or your investment could become worthless.

We are dependent upon management personnel of the Adviser, TSSP, TPG and their affiliates for our future success.

We depend on the experience, diligence, skill and network of business contacts of senior members of our Investment Team. Our Investment Team, together with other professionals at TSSP and TPG and their affiliates, identifies, evaluates, negotiates, structures, closes, monitors and manages our investments. Our success will depend to a significant extent on the continued service and coordination of the senior members of our Investment

[Table of Contents](#)

Team. The senior members of our Investment Team are not contractually restricted from leaving the Adviser. The departure of any of these key personnel, including members of our Adviser's Investment Review Committee, could have a material adverse effect on us.

In addition, we cannot assure you that the Adviser will remain our investment adviser or that we will continue to have access to TSSP, TPG or their investment professionals. The Investment Advisory Agreement may be terminated by either party without penalty upon at least 60 days' written notice to the other party. The holders of a majority of our outstanding voting securities may also terminate the Investment Advisory Agreement without penalty upon not less than 60 days' written notice.

Regulations governing our operation as a BDC affect our ability to, and the way in which we, raise additional capital.

The 1940 Act imposes numerous constraints on the operations of business development companies. See "*Regulation as a Business Development Company*" for a discussion of business development company limitations. For example, business development companies are required to invest at least 70% of their total assets in securities of nonpublic or thinly traded U.S. companies, cash, cash equivalents, U.S. government securities and other high-quality debt investments that mature in one year or less. These constraints may hinder the Adviser's ability to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities and to achieve our investment objective.

Regulations governing our operation as a business development company affect our ability to raise additional capital, and the ways in which we can do so. Raising additional capital may expose us to risks, including the typical risks associated with leverage, and may result in dilution to our current stockholders. The 1940 Act limits our ability to incur borrowings and issue debt securities and preferred stock, which we refer to as senior securities, requiring that after any borrowing or issuance the ratio of total assets (less total liabilities other than indebtedness) to total indebtedness plus preferred stock, is at least 200%. Consequently, if the value of our assets declines, we may be required to sell a portion of our investments and, depending on the nature of our leverage, repay a portion of our indebtedness at a time when this may be disadvantageous. Also, any amounts that we use to service our indebtedness would not be available for distributions to our common stockholders. If we borrow money or issue senior securities, we will be exposed to typical risks associated with leverage, including an increased risk of loss.

Although we currently have no plans to issue preferred stock, if we issue preferred stock, it would rank senior to common stock in our capital structure. Preferred stockholders would have separate voting rights on certain matters and may have other rights, preferences or privileges more favorable than those of our common stockholders. The issuance of preferred stock could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a transaction or a change of control that might involve a premium price for holders of our common stock or otherwise be in your best interest. Holders of our common stock will directly or indirectly bear all of the costs associated with offering and servicing any preferred stock that we issue. In addition, any interests of preferred stockholders may not necessarily align with the interests of holders of our common stock and the rights of holders of shares of preferred stock to receive dividends would be senior to those of holders of shares of our common stock.

Our Board may decide to issue additional common stock to finance our operations rather than issuing debt or other senior securities. However, we generally are not able to issue and sell our common stock at a price below net asset value per share. We currently do not intend to sell our common stock, or warrants, options or rights to acquire our common stock at a price below the then-current net asset value per share of our common stock but we may elect to do so if our Board determines that a sale is in the best interests of us and our stockholders and our stockholders approve it. In any such case, the price at which our securities are to be issued and sold may not be less than a price that, in the determination of our Board, closely approximates the market value of those securities (less any distribution commission or discount). In the event we sell shares of our common stock at a

price below net asset value per share, existing stockholders will experience net asset value dilution and the investors who acquire shares in the offering may thereafter experience the same type of dilution from subsequent offerings at a discount.

In addition to issuing securities to raise capital as described above, we could securitize our investments to generate cash for funding new investments. To securitize our investments, we likely would create a wholly owned subsidiary, contribute a pool of loans to the subsidiary and have the subsidiary issue primarily investment grade debt securities to purchasers who we would expect would be willing to accept a substantially lower interest rate than the loans earn. We would retain all or a portion of the equity in the securitized pool of loans. Our retained equity would be exposed to any losses on the portfolio of investments before any of the debt securities would be exposed to the losses. An inability to successfully securitize our investment portfolio could limit our ability to grow or fully execute our business and could adversely affect our earnings, if any. The successful securitization of our investment could expose us to losses because the portions of the securitized investments that we would typically retain tend to be those that are riskier and more apt to generate losses. The 1940 Act also may impose restrictions on the structure of any securitization. In connection with any future securitization of investments, we may incur greater set-up and administration fees relating to such vehicles than we have in connection with financing of our investments in the past. See “—We may securitize certain of our investments, which may subject us to certain structured financing risks.”

We borrow money, which magnifies the potential for gain or loss and increases the risk of investing in us.

As part of our business strategy, we borrow from and may in the future issue senior debt securities to banks, insurance companies and other lenders. Holders of these loans or senior securities would have fixed-dollar claims on our assets that are superior to the claims of our stockholders. If the value of our assets decreases, leverage will cause our net asset value to decline more sharply than it otherwise would have without leverage. Similarly, any decrease in our income would cause our net income to decline more sharply than it would have if we had not borrowed. This decline could negatively affect our ability to make dividend payments on our common stock. Our ability to service our borrowings depends largely on our financial performance and is subject to prevailing economic conditions and competitive pressures. In addition, the Management Fee is payable based on our gross assets, including cash and assets acquired through the use of leverage, which may give our Adviser an incentive to use leverage to make additional investments. See “—Even in the event the value of your investment declines, the Management Fee and, in certain circumstances, the Incentive Fee will still be payable to the Adviser.” The amount of leverage that we employ will depend on our Adviser’s and our Board’s assessment of market and other factors at the time of any proposed borrowing. We cannot assure you that we will be able to obtain credit at all or on terms acceptable to us.

Our credit facilities also impose financial and operating covenants that restrict our business activities, remedies on default and similar matters. As of the date of this Annual Report, we are in compliance with the covenants of our credit facilities. However, our continued compliance with these covenants depends on many factors, some of which are beyond our control. Accordingly, although we believe we will continue to be in compliance, we cannot assure you that we will continue to comply with the covenants in our credit facilities. Failure to comply with these covenants could result in a default. If we were unable to obtain a waiver of a default from the lenders or holders of that indebtedness, as applicable, those lenders or holders could accelerate repayment under that indebtedness. An acceleration could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Lastly, we may be unable to obtain additional leverage, which would, in turn, affect our return on capital.

As of December 31, 2013, we had \$432.3 million of outstanding indebtedness, which would have an annualized interest cost of 2.5% under the terms of our credit facilities, excluding fees (such as fees on undrawn amounts and amortization of upfront fees), to the extent the amount remains outstanding. For us to cover these annualized interest payments on indebtedness, we must achieve annual returns on our investments of at least 1.0%. Since we generally pay interest at a floating rate on our credit facilities, an increase in interest rates will generally increase our borrowing costs.

Our indebtedness could adversely affect our business, financial conditions or results of operations.

We cannot assure you that our business will generate sufficient cash flow from operations or that future borrowings will be available to us under our credit facilities or otherwise in an amount sufficient to enable us to pay our indebtedness or to fund our other liquidity needs. We may need to refinance all or a portion of our indebtedness on or before it matures. We cannot assure you that we will be able to refinance any of our indebtedness on commercially reasonable terms or at all. If we cannot service our indebtedness, we may have to take actions such as selling assets or seeking additional equity. We cannot assure you that any such actions, if necessary, could be effected on commercially reasonable terms or at all, or on terms that would not be disadvantageous to our stockholders or on terms that would not require us to breach the terms and conditions of our existing or future debt agreements.

Pending legislation may allow us to incur additional leverage.

As a BDC, under the 1940 Act we generally are not permitted to incur borrowings, issue debt securities or issue preferred stock unless immediately after the borrowing or issuance the ratio of total assets (less total liabilities other than indebtedness) to total indebtedness plus preferred stock, is at least 200%. Recent legislation introduced in the U.S. House of Representatives, if passed, would modify this section of the 1940 Act and increase the amount of debt that BDCs may incur by modifying the asset coverage percentage from 200% to 150%. As a result, we may be able to incur additional indebtedness in the future and you may face increased investment risk. In addition, since our Management Fee is calculated as a percentage of the value of our gross assets, which includes cash, cash equivalents and any borrowings for investment purposes, our Management Fee expenses will increase if we incur additional indebtedness.

We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities.

Other public and private entities, including commercial banks, commercial financing companies, other BDCs and insurance companies compete with us to make the types of investments that we make in middle-market companies. Certain of these competitors may be substantially larger, have considerably greater financial, technical and marketing resources than we have and offer a wider array of financial services. For example, some competitors may have a lower cost of funds and access to funding sources that are not available to us. In addition, some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments, which could allow them to consider a wider variety of investments and establish more relationships. We may lose investment opportunities if we do not match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure. If we match our competitors' pricing, terms and structure, however, we may experience decreased net interest income and increased risk of credit loss.

In addition, many competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a BDC or the restrictions that the Code imposes on us as a RIC. As a result, we face additional constraints on our operations, which may put us at a competitive disadvantage. As a result of this existing and potentially increasing competition, we may not be able to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities and we cannot assure you that we will be able to identify and make investments that are consistent with our investment objective. The competitive pressures we face could have a material adverse effect on our ability to achieve our investment objective.

If we are unable to source investments, access financing or manage future growth effectively, we may be unable to achieve our investment objective.

Our ability to achieve our investment objective depends on our Investment Team's ability to identify, evaluate, finance and invest in suitable companies that meet our investment criteria. Accomplishing this result on a cost-effective basis is largely a function of our marketing capabilities, our management of the investment process, our ability to provide efficient services and our access to financing sources on acceptable terms, including equity financing. Moreover, our ability to structure investments may also depend upon the participation of other prospective investors. For example, our ability to offer loans above a certain size and to structure loans

[Table of Contents](#)

in a certain way may depend on our ability to partner with other investors. As a result, we could fail to capture some investment opportunities if we cannot provide “one-stop” financing to a potential portfolio company either alone or with other investment partners.

In addition to monitoring the performance of our existing investments, members of our Investment Team may also be called upon to provide managerial assistance to our portfolio companies. These demands on their time may distract them or slow the rate of investment. To grow, our Adviser may need to hire, train, supervise and manage new employees. Failure to manage our future growth effectively could have a material adverse effect on our growth prospects and ability to achieve our investment objective.

Even in the event the value of your investment declines, the Management Fee and, in certain circumstances, the Incentive Fee will still be payable to the Adviser.

Even in the event the value of your investment declines, the Management Fee and, in certain circumstances, the Incentive Fee will still be payable to the Adviser. The Management Fee is calculated as a percentage of the value of our gross assets at a specific time, which would include any borrowings for investment purposes, and may give our Adviser an incentive to use leverage to make additional investments. In addition, the Management Fee is payable regardless of whether the value of our gross assets or your investment have decreased. The use of increased leverage may increase the likelihood of default, which would disfavor holders of our common stock, including investors in offerings of common stock pursuant to this prospectus. Given the subjective nature of the investment decisions that our Adviser will make on our behalf, we may not be able to monitor this potential conflict of interest.

The Incentive Fee is calculated as a percentage of pre-Incentive Fee net investment income. Since pre-Incentive Fee net investment income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation, it is possible that we may pay an Incentive Fee in a quarter where we incur a loss. For example, if we receive pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of the quarterly minimum hurdle rate, we will pay the applicable Incentive Fee even if we have incurred a loss in that quarter due to realized and unrealized capital losses. In addition, because the quarterly minimum hurdle rate is calculated based on our net assets, decreases in our net assets due to realized or unrealized capital losses in any given quarter may increase the likelihood that the hurdle rate is reached in that quarter and, as a result, that an Incentive Fee is paid for that quarter. Our net investment income used to calculate this component of the Incentive Fee is also included in the amount of our gross assets used to calculate the Management Fee.

Also, one component of the Incentive Fee is calculated annually based upon our realized capital gains, computed net of realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation on a cumulative basis. As a result, we may owe the Adviser an Incentive Fee during one year as a result of realized capital gains on certain investments, and then later incur significant realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation on the remaining investments in our portfolio during subsequent years. Incentive Fees earned in prior years cannot be clawed back even if we later incur losses.

In addition, the Incentive Fee payable by us to the Adviser may create an incentive for the Adviser to make investments on our behalf that are risky or more speculative than would be the case in the absence of such a compensation arrangement. The Adviser receives the Incentive Fee based, in part, upon capital gains realized on our investments. Unlike the portion of the Incentive Fee that is based on income, there is no hurdle rate applicable to the portion of the Incentive Fee based on capital gains. As a result, the Adviser may have an incentive to invest more in companies whose securities are likely to yield capital gains, as compared to income-producing investments. Such a practice could result in our making more speculative investments than would otherwise be the case, which could result in higher investment losses, particularly during cyclical economic downturns.

To the extent that we do not realize income or choose not to retain after-tax realized net capital gains, we will have a greater need for additional capital to fund our investments and operating expenses.

To maintain our status as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we must distribute (or be treated as distributing) in each taxable year dividends for tax purposes equal to at least 90% of our investment company taxable income and net tax-exempt income for that taxable year, and may either distribute or retain our realized net capital gains from investments. Unless investors elect to reinvest dividends, earnings that we are required to distribute to stockholders will not be available to fund future investments. Accordingly, we may have insufficient funds to make new and follow-on investments, which could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition and results of operations. Because of the structure and objectives of our business, we may experience operating losses and expect to rely on proceeds from sales of investments, rather than on interest and dividend income, to pay our operating expenses. We cannot assure you that we will be able to sell our investments and thereby fund our operating expenses.

We will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax if we are unable to maintain our qualification as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code, including as a result of our failure to satisfy the RIC distribution requirements.

We will incur corporate-level U.S. federal income tax costs if we are unable to maintain our qualification as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, including as a result of our failure to satisfy the RIC distribution requirements. Although we have elected to be treated as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we cannot assure you that we will be able to continue to qualify for and maintain RIC status. To maintain RIC status under the Code and to avoid corporate-level U.S. federal income tax, we must meet the following annual distribution, income source and asset diversification requirements:

- We must distribute (or be treated as distributing) dividends for tax purposes in each taxable year equal to at least 90% of each of:
 - the sum of our net ordinary income and realized net short-term capital gains in excess of realized net long-term capital losses or, investment company taxable income, if any, for that taxable year; and
 - our net tax-exempt income for that taxable year.

The asset coverage ratio requirements under the 1940 Act and financial covenants under our loan and credit agreements could, under certain circumstances, restrict us from making distributions necessary to satisfy the distribution requirement. In addition, as discussed in more detail below, our income for tax purposes may exceed our available cash flow. If we are unable to obtain cash from other sources, we could fail to satisfy the distribution requirements that apply to a RIC. As a result, we could lose our RIC status and become subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax.

- We must derive at least 90% of our gross income for each taxable year from dividends, interest, gains from the sale of or other disposition of stock or securities or similar sources.
- We must meet specified asset diversification requirements at the end of each quarter of our taxable year. The need to satisfy these requirements to prevent the loss of RIC status may result in our having to dispose of certain investments quickly on unfavorable terms. Because most of our investments will be relatively illiquid, any such dispositions could be made at disadvantageous prices and could result in substantial losses.

If we fail to maintain our qualification for tax treatment as a RIC for any reason, the resulting U.S. federal income tax liability could substantially reduce our net assets, the amount of income available for distribution, and the amount of our distributions.

[Table of Contents](#)

We can be expected to retain some income and capital gains in excess of what is permissible for excise tax purposes and such amounts will be subject to 4% U.S. federal excise tax.

For the calendar years ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, we retained \$3.0 million and \$2.8 million of income and capital gains, respectively, in order to provide us with additional liquidity and we recorded a net expense of \$0.2 million and \$0.1 million, respectively, for U.S. federal excise tax as a result. We can be expected to retain some income and capital gains in the future, including for purposes of providing us with additional liquidity, which amounts would similarly be subject to the 4% U.S. federal excise tax. In that event, we will be liable for the tax on the amount by which we do not meet the foregoing distribution requirement. See “*ITEM 1. BUSINESS—Regulation as a Business Development Company—Regulated Investment Company Classification* for more information.”

Our Adviser and its affiliates, officers and employees may face certain conflicts of interest.

TSSP and TPG will refer all middle-market loan origination activities for companies domiciled in the United States to us and conduct those activities through us. The Adviser will determine whether it would be permissible, advisable or otherwise appropriate for us to pursue a particular investment opportunity allocated to us by TSSP and TPG. However, the Adviser, its officers and employees and members of its Investment Review Committee serve or may serve as investment advisers, officers, directors or principals of entities or investment funds that operate in the same or a related line of business as us or of investment funds managed by our affiliates. Accordingly, these individuals may have obligations to investors in those entities or funds, the fulfillment of which might not be in our best interests or the best interests of our stockholders.

In addition, any affiliated investment vehicle currently formed or formed in the future and managed by the Adviser or its affiliates, particularly in connection with any future growth of their respective businesses, may have overlapping investment objectives with our own and, accordingly, may invest in asset classes similar to those targeted by us. For example, TSSP or TPG may in the future organize a separate investment vehicle aimed specifically at non-U.S. middle-market loan originations or other loan origination opportunities outside our primary focus. Our ability to pursue investment opportunities other than middle-market loan originations for companies domiciled in the United States is subject to the contractual and other requirements of these other funds and allocation decisions by TSSP or TPG senior professionals. As a result, the Adviser and its affiliates may face conflicts in allocating investment opportunities between us and those other entities. It is possible that we may not be given the opportunity to participate in certain investments made by other TSSP or TPG vehicles that would otherwise be suitable for us.

If TPG and the Adviser were to determine that an investment is appropriate both for us and for one or more other TSSP or TPG vehicles, we would only be able to make the investment in conjunction with another vehicle if we receive an order from the SEC permitting us to do so or the investment is otherwise permitted under relevant SEC guidance. We have applied for an order permitting certain co-investment transactions relating to middle-market loan originations for companies domiciled in the United States and certain follow-on investments in companies in which we have already invested, but we cannot assure you when or whether the order will be obtained. See “*Related-Party Transactions and Certain Relationships.*”

Our Adviser can resign on 60 days’ notice. We may not be able to find a suitable replacement within that time, resulting in a disruption in our operations and a loss of the benefits from our relationship with TSSP and TPG.

The Adviser has the right, under the Investment Advisory Agreement and the Administration Agreement, to resign at any time upon not less than 60 days’ written notice, regardless of whether we have found a replacement. In addition, our Board has the authority to remove the Adviser for any reason or for no reason, or may choose not to renew the Investment Advisory Agreement and the Administration Agreement. If the Adviser resigns or is terminated, we may not be able to find a new investment adviser or hire internal management with similar expertise and ability to provide the same or equivalent services on acceptable terms within 60 days, or at all. If

[Table of Contents](#)

we are unable to do so quickly, our operations are likely to experience a disruption and costs under any new agreements that we enter into could increase. Our financial condition, business and results of operations, as well as our ability to pay distributions, are likely to be adversely affected, and the value of our common stock may decline.

Any new Investment Advisory Agreement also would be subject to approval by our stockholders. Even if we are able to enter into comparable management or administrative arrangements, the integration of a new adviser or administrator and their lack of familiarity with our investment objective may result in additional costs and time delays that may adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

In addition, if the Adviser resigns or is terminated, we would lose the benefits of our relationship with TSSP and TPG, including insights into our existing portfolio, market expertise, sector and macroeconomic views and due diligence capabilities, as well as any investment opportunities referred to us by TSSP and TPG. We also would no longer be able to use TPG's name and logo because our license agreement would terminate upon the termination of the Investment Advisory Agreement.

The Adviser's liability is limited under the Investment Advisory Agreement, and we are required to indemnify the Adviser against certain liabilities, which may lead the Adviser to act in a riskier manner on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account.

The Adviser has not assumed any responsibility to us other than to render the services described in the Investment Advisory Agreement, and it will not be responsible for any action of our Board in declining to follow the Adviser's advice or recommendations. Pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Adviser and its members, managers, officers, employees, agents, controlling persons and any other person or entity affiliated with it will not be liable to us for any action taken or omitted to be taken by the Adviser in connection with the performance of any of its duties or obligations under the Investment Advisory Agreement or otherwise as our investment adviser (except to the extent specified in Section 36(b) of the 1940 Act concerning loss resulting from a breach of fiduciary duty (as the same is finally determined by judicial proceedings) with respect to the receipt of compensation for services).

We have agreed to the fullest extent permitted by law, to provide indemnification and the right to the advancement of expenses, to each person who was or is made a party or is threatened to be made a party to or is involved (including as a witness) in any actual or threatened action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, because he or she is or was a member, manager, officer, employee, agent, controlling person or any other person or entity affiliated with the Adviser with respect to all damages, liabilities, costs and expenses resulting from acts of the Adviser in the performance of the person's duties under the Investment Advisory Agreement. Our obligation to provide indemnification and advancement of expenses is subject to the requirements of the 1940 Act and Investment Company Act Release No. 11330, which, among other things, preclude indemnification for any liability (whether or not there is an adjudication of liability or the matter has been settled) arising by reason of willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence, or reckless disregard of duties, and require reasonable and fair means for determining whether indemnification will be made. Despite these limitations, the rights to indemnification and advancement of expenses may lead the Adviser and its members, managers, officers, employees, agents, controlling persons and other persons and entities affiliated with the Adviser to act in a riskier manner than they would when acting for their own account.

Prior to our incorporation, the Adviser and its management had no prior experience managing a BDC or a RIC.

Prior to our incorporation, the senior members of our Investment Team had no experience managing a BDC or a RIC, and the investment philosophy and techniques used by the Adviser to manage us may differ from the investment philosophy and techniques previously employed by the senior members of our Investment Team in identifying and managing past investments. Accordingly, our performance may differ from the performance of other businesses or companies with which the senior members of our Investment Team have been affiliated.

[Table of Contents](#)

Any failure to maintain our status as a BDC would reduce our operating flexibility.

If we do not remain a BDC, we might be regulated as a closed-end investment company under the 1940 Act, which would subject us to substantially more regulatory restrictions under the 1940 Act and correspondingly decrease our operating flexibility. In addition, failure to comply with the requirements imposed on BDCs by the 1940 Act could cause the SEC to bring an enforcement action against us.

We may experience fluctuations in our quarterly results.

We may experience fluctuations in our quarterly operating results as a result of a number of factors, including the pace at which investments are made, rates of repayment, interest rates payable on investments, changes in realized and unrealized gains and losses, amendment and syndication fees, the level of our expenses and default rates on our investments. As a result of these and other possible factors, results for any period should not be relied upon as being indicative of performance in future periods.

We are highly dependent on information systems and systems failures could significantly disrupt our business, which may, in turn, negatively affect the market price of our common stock and our ability to pay dividends.

Our business is highly dependent on the communications and information systems of the Adviser, its affiliates and third parties. Any failure or interruption of those systems, including as a result of the termination of an agreement with any third-party service providers, could cause delays or other problems in our activities. Our financial, accounting, data processing, backup or other operating systems and facilities may fail to operate properly or become disabled or damaged as a result of a number of factors including events that are wholly or partially beyond our control and adversely affect our business. There could be:

- sudden electrical or telecommunications outages;
- natural disasters such as earthquakes, tornadoes and hurricanes;
- disease pandemics;
- events arising from local or larger scale political or social matters, including terrorist acts; and
- cyber-attacks.

These events, in turn, could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and negatively affect the market price of our common stock and our ability to pay dividends to our stockholders.

Our Board may change our investment objective, operating policies and strategies without prior notice or stockholder approval.

Our Board has the authority to change our investment objective and modify or waive certain of our operating policies and strategies without prior notice (except as required by the 1940 Act) and without stockholder approval. However, absent stockholder approval, we may not change the nature of our business so as to cease to be a BDC and we may not withdraw our election as a BDC. We cannot predict the effect any changes to our current operating policies or strategies would have on our business, operating results and value of our common stock. Nevertheless, the effects may adversely affect our business and impact our ability to make distributions.

Changes in laws or regulations governing our operations may adversely affect our business.

We and our portfolio companies are subject to regulation by laws and regulations at the local, state, federal and, in some cases, foreign levels. These laws and regulations, as well as their interpretation, may be changed from time to time, and new laws and regulations may be enacted. Accordingly, any change in these laws or regulations, changes in their interpretation, or newly enacted laws or regulations and any failure by us or our portfolio companies to comply with these laws or regulations, could require changes to certain business practices

[Table of Contents](#)

of us or our portfolio companies, negatively impact the operations, cash flows or financial condition of us or our portfolio companies, impose additional costs on us or our portfolio companies or otherwise adversely affect our business or the business of our portfolio companies. In particular, changes to the laws and regulations governing BDCs or the interpretation of these laws and regulations by the staff of the SEC could disrupt our business model. Any changes to the laws and regulations governing our operations may cause us to alter our investment strategy to avail ourselves of new or different opportunities. For more information on tax regulatory risks, see “—Unless Congress renews certain exemptions that expired for taxable years commencing after December 31, 2013, certain dividend distributions we make to certain non-U.S. stockholders will be subject to U.S. withholding tax.”

On July 21, 2010, the Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act, or Dodd-Frank Act, was signed into law. Although passage of the Dodd-Frank Act has resulted in extensive rulemaking and regulatory changes that affect us and the financial industry as a whole, many of its provisions remain subject to extended implementation periods and delayed effective dates and will require extensive rulemaking by regulatory authorities. While the full impact of the Dodd-Frank Act on us and our portfolio companies may not be known for an extended period of time, the Dodd-Frank Act, including future rules implementing its provisions and the interpretation of those rules, along with other legislative and regulatory proposals directed at the financial services industry or affecting taxation that are proposed or pending in the U.S. Congress, may negatively impact the operations, cash flows or financial condition of us or our portfolio companies, impose additional costs on us or our portfolio companies, intensify the regulatory supervision of us or our portfolio companies or otherwise adversely affect our business or the business of our portfolio companies.

Over the last several years, there has been an increase in regulatory attention to the extension of credit outside of the traditional banking sector, raising the possibility that some portion of the non-bank financial sector will be subject to new regulation. While it cannot be known at this time whether these regulations will be implemented or what form they will take, increased regulation of non-bank credit extension could negatively impact our operations, cash flows or financial condition, impose additional costs on us, intensify the regulatory supervision of us or otherwise adversely affect our business.

Risks Related to Economic Conditions

The current state of the economy and financial markets increases the likelihood of adverse effects on our financial position and results of operations.

The U.S. capital markets experienced extreme volatility and disruption in recent years, leading to recessionary conditions and depressed levels of consumer and commercial spending. Disruptions in the capital markets increased the spread between the yields realized on risk-free and higher risk securities, resulting in illiquidity in parts of the capital markets. Although recent indicators suggest improvement in the capital markets, we cannot assure you that these conditions will not worsen. If conditions worsen, a prolonged period of market illiquidity could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Unfavorable economic conditions also could increase our funding costs, limit our access to the capital markets or result in a decision by lenders not to extend credit to us. These events could limit our investment originations, limit our ability to grow and negatively impact our operating results.

In addition, to the extent that recessionary conditions return, the financial results of small to mid-sized companies, like those in which we invest, will likely experience deterioration, which could ultimately lead to difficulty in meeting debt service requirements and an increase in defaults. Additionally, the end markets for certain of our portfolio companies' products and services have experienced, and continue to experience, negative economic trends. The performances of certain of our portfolio companies have been, and may continue to be, negatively impacted by these economic or other conditions, which may ultimately result in:

- our receipt of a reduced level of interest income from our portfolio companies;

[Table of Contents](#)

- decreases in the value of collateral securing some of our loans and the value of our equity investments; and
- ultimately, losses or charge-offs related to our investments.

Uncertainty about financial stability could have a significant adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Due to federal budget deficit concerns, S&P downgraded the federal government's credit rating from AAA to AA+ for the first time in history on August 5, 2011. Further, Moody's and Fitch warned that they may downgrade the federal government's credit rating. Further downgrades or warnings by S&P or other rating agencies, and the government's credit and deficit concerns in general, could cause interest rates and borrowing costs to rise, which may negatively impact both the perception of credit risk associated with our debt portfolio and our ability to access the debt markets on favorable terms. In addition, a decreased credit rating could create broader financial turmoil and uncertainty, which may weigh heavily on our financial performance and the value of our common stock. Also, to the extent uncertainty regarding any economic recovery in Europe continues to negatively impact consumer confidence and consumer credit factors, our business and results of operations could be significantly and adversely affected.

On December 18, 2013, the U.S. Federal Reserve announced that it would scale back its bond-buying program, or quantitative easing, which is designed to stimulate the economy and expand the Federal Reserve's holdings of long-term securities until key economic indicators, such as the unemployment rate, show signs of improvement. The Federal Reserve signaled it would reduce its purchases of long-term Treasury bonds and would scale back on its purchases of mortgage-backed securities.

It is unclear what effect, if any, the incremental reduction in the rate of the U.S. Federal Reserve's monthly purchases will have on the value of our investments. However, it is possible that absent continued quantitative easing by the Federal Reserve, these developments could cause interest rates and borrowing costs to rise, which may negatively impact our ability to access the debt markets on favorable terms.

A failure or the perceived risk of a failure to raise the statutory debt limit of the United States, or a shutdown of the United States federal government, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

As widely reported, the federal government may not be able to meet its debt payments in the relatively near future unless the federal debt ceiling is raised. If legislation increasing the debt ceiling is not enacted and the debt ceiling is reached, the federal government may stop or delay making payments on its obligations. A failure by Congress to raise the debt limit would increase the risk of default by the United States on its obligations, as well as the risk of other economic dislocations.

If the U.S. government fails to complete its budget process or to provide for a continuing resolution before the expiration of the current continuing resolution, a federal government shutdown may result. Such a failure or the perceived risk of such a failure consequently could have a material adverse effect on the financial markets and economic conditions in the United States and throughout the world. It could also limit our ability and the ability of our portfolio companies to obtain financing, and it could have a material adverse effect on the valuation of our portfolio companies. Consequently, the continued uncertainty in the general economic environment, including the recent government shutdown and potential debt ceiling implications, as well in specific economies of several individual geographic markets in which our portfolio companies operate, could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Risks Related to our Common Stock

There is a risk that you may not receive dividends or that our dividends may not grow over time.

We intend to continue making distributions on a quarterly basis to our stockholders out of assets legally available for distribution. We cannot assure you that we will achieve investment results or maintain a tax status that will allow or require any specified level of cash distributions or year-to-year increases in cash distributions. Our ability to pay distributions might be adversely affected by the impact of one or more of the risk factors described in this annual report. Due to the asset coverage test applicable to us under the 1940 Act as a BDC or restrictions under our credit facilities, we may be limited in our ability to make distributions. Although a portion of our expected earnings and dividend distributions will be attributable to net interest income, we do not expect to generate capital gains from the sale of our portfolio investments on a level or uniform basis from quarter to quarter. This may result in substantial fluctuations in our quarterly dividend payments.

In some cases where we receive certain upfront fees in connection with loans we originate, we treat the loan as having OID under applicable accounting and tax regulations, even though we have received the corresponding cash. In other cases, however, we may recognize income before or without receiving the corresponding cash, including in connection with the accretion of OID. For other risks associated with debt obligations treated as having OID, see “—There are certain risks associated with holding debt obligations that have original issue discount or PIK.”

Therefore, we may be required to make a distribution to our shareholders in order to satisfy the annual distribution requirement necessary to qualify for and maintain RIC tax treatment under Subchapter M of the Code, even though we may not have received the corresponding cash amount. Accordingly, we may have to sell investments at times we would not otherwise consider advantageous, raise additional debt or equity capital or reduce new investment originations to meet these distribution requirements for this purpose. If we are not able to obtain cash from other sources, we may fail to qualify as a RIC and thereby be subject to corporate-level income tax. In addition, the withholding tax treatment of our distributions to certain of our non-U.S. stockholders depends on whether and when Congress enacts legislation extending the pass-through treatment of “interest-related dividends.” This treatment expired for taxable years commencing after December 31, 2013. See “*Regulated Investment Company Classification.*”

To the extent that the amounts distributed by us exceed our current and accumulated earnings and profits, these excess distributions will be treated first as a return of capital to the extent of a stockholder’s tax basis in his or her shares and then as capital gain. Reducing a stockholder’s tax basis will have the effect of increasing his or her gain (or reducing loss) on a subsequent sale of shares.

That part of the Incentive Fee payable by us that relates to our net investment income is computed and paid on income that may include interest that has been accrued but not yet received in cash. If a portfolio company defaults on a loan, it is possible that accrued interest previously used in the calculation of the Incentive Fee will become uncollectible. Consequently, while we may make Incentive Fee payments on income accruals that we may not collect in the future and with respect to which we do not have a clawback right against our investment adviser, the amount of accrued income written off in any period will reduce the income in the period in which the write-off is taken and thereby reduce that period’s Incentive Fee payment, if any.

In addition, the middle-market companies in which we intend to invest may be more susceptible to economic downturns than larger operating companies, and therefore may be more likely to default on their payment obligations to us during recessionary periods. Any such defaults could substantially reduce our net investment income available for distribution in the form of dividends to our stockholders.

You may be subject to filing requirements under the 1934 Act as a result of your investment in the Company.

Because our common stock is registered under the 1934 Act, ownership information for any person who beneficially owns 5% or more of our common stock will have to be disclosed in a Schedule 13G or other filings

[Table of Contents](#)

with the SEC. Beneficial ownership for these purposes is determined in accordance with the rules of the SEC, and includes having voting or investment power over the securities. In some circumstances, investors who choose to reinvest their dividends may see their percentage stake in the Company increased to more than 5%, thus triggering this filing requirement. Although we will provide in our quarterly statements the amount of outstanding shares and the amount of the investor's shares, the responsibility for determining the filing obligation and preparing the filing remains with the investor.

Our stockholders will experience dilution in their ownership percentage if they opt out of our dividend reinvestment plan.

We have adopted a dividend reinvestment plan, pursuant to which the Company will reinvest all cash dividends declared by the Board on behalf of investors who do not elect to receive their dividends in cash. As a result, if the Board authorizes, and we declare, a cash dividend or other distribution, then our stockholders who have not opted out of our dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash distributions automatically reinvested in additional common stock, rather than receiving the cash dividend or other distribution. See "ITEM 1. Our Business—Dividend Policy" and "ITEM 1. Our Business—Dividend Reinvestment Plan" for a description of our dividend policy and obligations. Stockholders that opt out of our dividend reinvestment plan will experience dilution in their ownership percentage of our common stock over time.

Risks Related to Our Portfolio Company Investments

Our investments are very risky and highly speculative.

We primarily invest in first-lien debt, second-lien debt, mezzanine debt or equity securities issued by middle-market companies. The companies in which we intend to invest are typically highly leveraged, and, in most cases, our investments in these companies are not rated by any rating agency. If these instruments were rated, we believe that they would likely receive a rating of below investment grade (that is, below BBB- or Baa3). Exposure to below investment grade instruments involves certain risks, including speculation with respect to the borrower's capacity to pay interest and repay principal.

First-Lien Debt. When we make a first-lien loan, we generally take a security interest in the available assets of the portfolio company, including the equity interests of its subsidiaries, which we expect to help mitigate the risk that we will not be repaid. However, there is a risk that the collateral securing our loans may decrease in value over time, may be difficult to sell in a timely manner, may be difficult to appraise, and may fluctuate in value based upon the success of the business and market conditions, including as a result of the inability of the portfolio company to raise additional capital. In some circumstances, our lien is, or could become, subordinated to claims of other creditors. Consequently, the fact that a loan is secured does not guarantee that we will receive principal and interest payments according to the loan's terms, or at all, or that we will be able to collect on the loan should we need to enforce our remedies. In addition, in connection with our "last out" first-lien loans, we enter into agreements among lenders. Under these agreements, our interest in the collateral of the first-lien loans may rank junior to those of other lenders in the loan under certain circumstances. This may result in greater risk and loss of principal on these loans.

Second-Lien and Mezzanine Debt. Our investments in second-lien and mezzanine debt generally are subordinated to senior loans and will either have junior security interests or be unsecured. As such, other creditors may rank senior to us in the event of insolvency. This may result in greater risk and loss of principal.

Equity Investments. When we invest in first-lien debt, second-lien debt or mezzanine debt, we may acquire equity securities, such as warrants, options and convertible instruments, as well. In addition, we may invest directly in the equity securities of portfolio companies. We seek to dispose of these equity interests and realize gains upon our disposition of these interests. However, the equity interests we receive may not appreciate in value and, in fact, may decline in value. Accordingly, we may not be able to realize gains from our equity interests, and any gains that we do realize on the disposition of any equity interests may not be sufficient to offset any other losses we experience.

Table of Contents

Preferred Stock. To the extent we invest in preferred securities, we may incur particular risks, including:

- preferred securities may include provisions that permit the issuer, at its discretion, to defer distributions for a stated period without any adverse consequences to the issuer. If we own a preferred security that is deferring its distributions, we may be required to report income for U.S. federal income tax purposes before we receive such distributions;
- preferred securities are subordinated to bonds and other debt instruments in a company's capital structure in terms of priority to corporate income and liquidation payments, and therefore are subject to greater credit risk than more senior debt instruments; and
- generally, preferred security holders have no voting rights with respect to the issuing company unless preferred dividends have been in arrears for a specified number of periods, at which time the preferred security holders may elect a number of directors to the issuer's board; generally, once all the arrearages have been paid, the preferred security holders no longer have voting rights.

In addition, our investments generally involve a number of significant risks, including:

- the companies in which we invest may have limited financial resources and may be unable to meet their obligations under their debt securities that we hold, which may be accompanied by a deterioration in the value of any collateral and a reduction in the likelihood of us realizing any guarantees we may have obtained in connection with our investment;
- the companies in which we invest typically have shorter operating histories, narrower product lines and smaller market shares than larger businesses, which tend to render them more vulnerable to competitors' actions and market conditions, as well as general economic downturns;
- the companies in which we invest are more likely to depend on the management talents and efforts of a small group of persons; therefore, the death, disability, resignation or termination of one or more of these persons could have a material adverse impact on our portfolio company and, in turn, on us;
- the companies in which we invest generally have less predictable operating results, may be engaged in rapidly changing businesses with products subject to a substantial risk of obsolescence, and may require substantial additional capital to support their operations, finance expansion or maintain their competitive position;
- our executive officers, directors and Adviser may, in the ordinary course of business, be named as defendants in litigation arising from our investments in the portfolio companies;
- the companies in which we invest generally have less publicly available information about their businesses, operations and financial condition and, if we are unable to uncover all material information about these companies, we may not make a fully informed investment decision; and
- the companies in which we invest may have difficulty accessing the capital markets to meet future capital needs, which may limit their ability to grow or to repay their outstanding indebtedness upon maturity.

The value of most of our portfolio securities will not have a readily available market price and we value these securities at fair value as determined in good faith by our Board, which valuation is inherently subjective, may not reflect what we may actually realize for the sale of the investment and could result in a conflict of interest with the Adviser.

Investments are valued at the end of each fiscal quarter. The majority of our investments are expected to be in loans that do not have readily ascertainable market prices. The fair value of investments that are not publicly traded or whose market prices are not readily available are determined in good faith by the Board, which is supported by the valuation committee of our Adviser and by the audit committee of our Board. The Board has retained independent third-party valuation firms to perform certain limited third-party valuation services that the

[Table of Contents](#)

Board identified and requested them to perform. In accordance with our valuation policy, our Investment Team prepares portfolio company valuations using sources or proprietary models depending on the availability of information on our investments and the type of asset being valued. The participation of the Adviser in our valuation process could result in a conflict of interest, since the Management Fee is based in part on our gross assets.

Factors that we may consider in determining the fair value of our investments include the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's earnings and its ability to make payments on its indebtedness, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, comparison to similar publicly traded companies, discounted cash flow and other relevant factors. Because fair valuations, and particularly fair valuations of private securities and private companies, are inherently uncertain, may fluctuate over short periods of time and are often based to a large extent on estimates, comparisons and qualitative evaluations of private information, our determinations of fair value may differ materially from the values that would have been determined if a ready market for these securities existed. This could make it more difficult for investors to value accurately our portfolio investments and could lead to undervaluation or overvaluation of our common stock. In addition, the valuation of these types of securities may result in substantial write-downs and earnings volatility.

Decreases in the market values or fair values of our investments are recorded as unrealized depreciation. The effect of all of these factors on our portfolio can reduce our net asset value by increasing net unrealized depreciation in our portfolio. Depending on market conditions, we could incur substantial realized losses and may suffer unrealized losses, which could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business.

We generally make loans to private companies. There may not be a ready market for our loans and certain loans may contain transfer restrictions, which may also limit liquidity. The illiquidity of these investments may make it difficult for us to sell positions if the need arises. In addition, if we are required to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we had previously recorded these investments. In addition, we may face other restrictions on our ability to liquidate an investment in a portfolio company to the extent that we hold a significant portion of a company's equity or if we have material non-public information regarding that company.

Our portfolio may be focused on a limited number of portfolio companies or industries, which will subject us to a risk of significant loss if any of these companies defaults on its obligations under any of its debt instruments or if there is a downturn in a particular industry.

Our portfolio is currently invested in a limited number of portfolio companies and industries and may continue to be in the near future. Beyond the asset diversification requirements associated with our qualification as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, we do not have fixed guidelines for diversification. While we expect that no single investment will represent more than 15% of our investment portfolio, based on fair value, and are not targeting any specific industries, our investments may be focused on relatively few industries. For example, although we classify the industries of our portfolio companies by end-market (such as healthcare and pharmaceuticals, and business services) and not by the products or services (such as software) directed to those end-markets, many of our portfolio companies principally provide software products or services, which exposes us to downturns in that sector. As a result, the aggregate returns we realize may be significantly adversely affected if a small number of investments perform poorly or if we need to write down the value of any one investment. Additionally, a downturn in any particular industry in which we are invested could significantly affect our aggregate returns.

We may securitize certain of our investments, which may subject us to certain structured financing risks.

Although we have not done so to date, we may securitize certain of our investments in the future, including through the formation of one or more collateralized loan obligations, or CLOs, while retaining all or most of the exposure to the performance of these investments. This would involve contributing a pool of assets to a special purpose entity, and selling debt interests in that entity on a non-recourse or limited-recourse basis to purchasers. For example, we could use our wholly owned subsidiary, TPG SL SPV, LLC, which holds the assets that support our asset-backed credit facility, the Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Security Agreement between our wholly owned subsidiary, TPG SL SPV, LLC, and Natixis, New York Branch, which we refer to as the Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis), to form a CLO or other securitization vehicle in the future.

If we were to create a CLO or other securitization vehicle, we would depend on distributions from the vehicle to make distributions to our stockholders. The ability of a CLO or other securitization vehicle to make distributions will be subject to various limitations, including the terms and covenants of the debt it issues. For example, tests (based on interest coverage or other financial ratios or other criteria) may restrict our ability, as holder of a CLO or other securitization vehicle equity interest, to receive cash flow from these investments. We cannot assure you that any such performance tests would be satisfied. Also, a CLO or other securitization vehicle may take actions that delay distributions to preserve ratings and to keep the cost of present and future financings lower or the financing vehicle may be obligated to retain cash or other assets to satisfy over-collateralization requirements commonly provided for holders of its debt. As a result, there may be a lag, which could be significant, between the repayment or other realization on a loan or other assets in, and the distribution of cash out of, a CLO or other securitization vehicle, or cash flow may be completely restricted for the life of the CLO or other securitization vehicle.

In addition, a decline in the credit quality of loans in a CLO or other securitization vehicle due to poor operating results of the relevant borrower, declines in the value of loan collateral or increases in defaults, among other things, may force the sale of certain assets at a loss, reducing their earnings and, in turn, cash potentially available for distribution to us for distribution to our stockholders. If we were to form a CLO or other securitization vehicle, to the extent that any losses were incurred by the financing vehicle in respect of any collateral, these losses would be borne first by us as owners of its equity interests. Any equity interests that we were to retain in a CLO or other securitization vehicle would not be secured by its assets and we would rank behind all of its creditors.

We may be exposed to many of the same risks as described above with respect to our wholly owned subsidiary that supports our Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis). However, in the event we formed a CLO or other securitization vehicle, many of the risks described above would be heightened because we may incur a higher degree of leverage under a CLO or other securitization vehicle than we are permitted to incur under our Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis).

Nonetheless, a CLO or other securitization vehicle, if created, also would likely be consolidated in our financial statements and consequently affect our asset coverage ratio, which may limit our ability to incur additional leverage. See “Regulation.”

Because we currently do not hold, and likely will not hold, controlling interests in our portfolio companies, we may not be in a position to exercise control over those portfolio companies or prevent decisions by management of those portfolio companies that could decrease the value of our investments.

We are a lender, and loans (and any equity investments we make) will be non-controlling investments, meaning we will not be in a position to control the management, operation and strategic decision-making of the companies we invest in (outside of, potentially, the context of a restructuring, insolvency or similar event). As a result, we will be subject to the risk that a portfolio company we do not control, or in which we do not have a majority ownership position, may make business decisions with which we disagree, and the equity holders and

[Table of Contents](#)

management of such a portfolio company may take risks or otherwise act in ways that are adverse to our interests. We may not be able to dispose of our investments in the event that we disagree with the actions of a portfolio company, and may therefore suffer a decrease in the value of our investments.

We are exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates.

The majority of our debt investments are based on floating rates, such as LIBOR, EURIBOR, the Federal Funds Rate or the Prime Rate. General interest rate fluctuations may have a substantial negative impact on our investments, the value of our common stock and our rate of return on invested capital. On one hand, a reduction in the interest rates on new investments relative to interest rates on current investments could have an adverse impact on our net interest income, which also could be negatively impacted by our borrowers making prepayments on their loans. On the other hand, an increase in interest rates could increase the interest repayment obligations of our borrowers and result in challenges to their financial performance and ability to repay their obligations.

An increase in interest rates could also decrease the value of any investments we hold that earn fixed interest rates, including subordinated loans, senior and junior secured and unsecured debt securities and loans and high yield bonds, and also could increase our interest expense, thereby decreasing our net income. Moreover, an increase in interest rates available to investors could make investment in our common stock less attractive if we are not able to increase our dividend rate, which could reduce the value of our common stock.

A rise in the general level of interest rates typically leads to higher interest rates applicable to our debt investments. Accordingly, an increase in interest rates may result in an increase in the amount of the Incentive Fee payable to the Adviser.

We may use interest rate risk management techniques in an effort to limit our exposure to interest rate fluctuations. These techniques may include various interest rate hedging activities to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act. See “—We expose ourselves to risks when we engage in hedging transactions.”

We may not be able to realize expected returns on our invested capital.

We may not realize expected returns on our investment in a portfolio company due to changes in the portfolio company’s financial position or due to an acquisition of the portfolio company. If a portfolio company repays our loans prior to their maturity, we may not receive our expected returns on our invested capital. Many of our investments are structured to provide a disincentive for the borrower to pre-pay or call the security, but this call protection may not cover the full expected value of an investment if that investment is repaid prior to maturity.

Middle-market companies operate in a highly acquisitive market with frequent mergers and buyouts. If a portfolio company is acquired or merged with another company prior to drawing on our commitment, we would not realize our expected return. Similarly, in many cases companies will seek to restructure or repay their debt investments or buy our other equity ownership positions as part of an acquisition or merger transaction, which may result in a repayment of debt or other reduction of our investment.

By originating loans to companies that are experiencing significant financial or business difficulties, we may be exposed to distressed lending risks.

As part of our lending activities, we may originate loans to companies that are experiencing significant financial or business difficulties, including companies involved in bankruptcy or other reorganization and liquidation proceedings. Although the terms of such financing may result in significant financial returns to us, they involve a substantial degree of risk. The level of analytical sophistication, both financial and legal, necessary for successful financing to companies experiencing significant business and financial difficulties is

[Table of Contents](#)

unusually high. We cannot assure you that we will correctly evaluate the value of the assets collateralizing our loans or the prospects for a successful reorganization or similar action. In any reorganization or liquidation proceeding relating to a company that we fund, we may lose all or part of the amounts advanced to the borrower or may be required to accept collateral with a value less than the amount of the loan advanced by us to the borrower.

Our portfolio companies in some cases may incur debt or issue equity securities that rank equally with, or senior to, our investments in those companies.

Our portfolio companies may have, or may be permitted to incur, other debt, or issue other equity securities that rank equally with, or senior to, our investments. By their terms, those instruments may provide that the holders are entitled to receive payment of dividends, interest or principal on or before the dates on which we are entitled to receive payments in respect of our investments. These debt instruments would usually prohibit the portfolio companies from paying interest on or repaying our investments in the event and during the continuance of a default under the debt. Also, in the event of insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of a portfolio company, holders of securities ranking senior to our investment in that portfolio company typically would be entitled to receive payment in full before we receive any distribution in respect of our investment. After repaying those holders, the portfolio company may not have any remaining assets to use for repaying its obligation to us. In the case of securities ranking equally with our investments, we would have to share on an equal basis any distributions with other security holders in the event of an insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of the relevant portfolio company.

The rights we may have with respect to the collateral securing certain loans we make to our portfolio companies may also be limited pursuant to the terms of one or more intercreditor agreements or agreements among lenders. Under these agreements, we may forfeit certain rights with respect to the collateral to holders with prior claims. These rights may include the right to commence enforcement proceedings against the collateral, the right to control the conduct of those enforcement proceedings, the right to approve amendments to collateral documents, the right to release liens on the collateral and the right to waive past defaults under collateral documents. We may not have the ability to control or direct such actions, even if as a result our rights as lenders are adversely affected.

We may be exposed to special risks associated with bankruptcy cases.

One or more of our portfolio companies may be involved in bankruptcy or other reorganization or liquidation proceedings. Many of the events within a bankruptcy case are adversarial and often beyond the control of the creditors. While creditors generally are afforded an opportunity to object to significant actions, we cannot assure you that a bankruptcy court would not approve actions that may be contrary to our interests. There also are instances where creditors can lose their ranking and priority if they are considered to have taken over management of a borrower.

The reorganization of a company can involve substantial legal, professional and administrative costs to a lender and the borrower; it is subject to unpredictable and lengthy delays; and during the process a company's competitive position may erode, key management may depart and a company may not be able to invest adequately. In some cases, the debtor company may not be able to reorganize and may be required to liquidate assets. The debt of companies in financial reorganization will, in most cases, not pay current interest, may not accrue interest during reorganization and may be adversely affected by an erosion of the issuer's fundamental value.

In addition, lenders can be subject to lender liability claims for actions taken by them where they become too involved in the borrower's business or exercise control over the borrower. For example, we could become subject to a lender liability claim (alleging that we misused our influence on the borrower for the benefit of its lenders), if, among other things, the borrower requests significant managerial assistance from us and we provide that assistance.

Our failure to make follow-on investments in our portfolio companies could impair the value of our portfolio.

Following an initial investment in a portfolio company, we may make additional investments in that portfolio company as “follow-on” investments to:

- increase or maintain in whole or in part our equity ownership percentage;
- exercise warrants, options or convertible securities that were acquired in the original or subsequent financing; or
- attempt to preserve or enhance the value of our investment.

We may elect not to make follow-on investments, may be constrained in our ability to employ available funds, or otherwise may lack sufficient funds to make those investments. We have the discretion to make any follow-on investments, subject to the availability of capital resources. However, doing so could be placing even more capital at risk in existing portfolio companies.

The failure to make follow-on investments may, in some circumstances, jeopardize the continued viability of a portfolio company and our initial investment, or may result in a missed opportunity for us to increase our participation in a successful operation. Even if we have sufficient capital to make a desired follow-on investment, we may elect not to make a follow-on investment because we may not want to increase our concentration of risk, because we prefer other opportunities, or because we are inhibited by compliance with BDC requirements or the desire to maintain our tax status.

Our ability to enter into transactions with our affiliates is restricted.

We are prohibited under the 1940 Act from participating in certain transactions with certain of our affiliates without the prior approval of our Independent Directors and, in some cases, the SEC. Any person that owns, directly or indirectly, 5% or more of our outstanding voting securities is our affiliate for purposes of the 1940 Act, and we generally are prohibited from buying or selling any security from or to such affiliate, absent the prior approval of our Independent Directors. The 1940 Act also prohibits certain “joint” transactions with certain of our affiliates, which could include investments in the same portfolio company (whether at the same or different times), without prior approval of our Independent Directors and, in some cases, the SEC. If a person acquires more than 25% of our voting securities, we are prohibited from buying or selling any security from or to such person or certain of that person’s affiliates, or entering into prohibited joint transactions with such persons, absent the prior approval of the SEC. Similar restrictions limit our ability to transact business with our officers or directors or their affiliates.

The decision by TSSP, TPG or our Adviser to allocate an opportunity to another entity could cause us to forgo an investment opportunity that we otherwise would have made. We also generally will be unable to invest in any issuer in which TPG and its other affiliates or a fund managed by TPG or its other affiliates has previously invested or in which they are making an investment. Similar restrictions limit our ability to transact business with our officers or directors or their affiliates. These restrictions may limit the scope of investment opportunities that would otherwise be available to us.

We have applied for an exemptive order from the SEC that would permit us and certain of our affiliates, including investment funds managed by our affiliates, to co-invest. The order would be subject to certain terms and conditions and we cannot assure you that the order will be granted by the SEC. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that we or our affiliates, including investment funds managed by our affiliates, will be permitted to co-invest, other than in the limited circumstances currently permitted by regulatory guidance.

[Table of Contents](#)

We cannot guarantee that we will be able to obtain various required licenses in U.S. states or in any other jurisdiction where they may be required in the future.

We are required to have and may be required in the future to obtain various state licenses to, among other things, originate commercial loans, and may be required to obtain similar licenses from other authorities, including outside of the United States, in the future in connection with one or more investments. Applying for and obtaining required licenses can be costly and take several months. We cannot assure you that we will maintain or obtain all of the licenses that we need on a timely basis. We also are and will be subject to various information and other requirements to maintain and obtain these licenses, and we cannot assure you that we will satisfy those requirements. Our failure to maintain or obtain licenses that we require, now or in the future, might restrict investment options and have other adverse consequences.

Our investments in foreign companies may involve significant risks in addition to the risks inherent in U.S. investments.

Our investment strategy may include potential investments in foreign companies. Investing in foreign companies may expose us to additional risks not typically associated with investing in U.S. companies. These risks include changes in exchange control regulations, political and social instability, expropriation, imposition of foreign taxes (potentially at confiscatory levels), less liquid markets, less available information than is generally the case in the United States, higher transaction costs, less government supervision of exchanges, brokers and issuers, less developed bankruptcy laws, difficulty in enforcing contractual obligations, lack of uniform accounting and auditing standards and greater price volatility. In addition, interest income derived from loans to foreign companies is not eligible to be distributed to our non-U.S. stockholders free from withholding taxes.

Although most of our investments will be U.S. dollar-denominated, our investments that are denominated in a foreign currency will be subject to the risk that the value of a particular currency will change in relation to one or more other currencies. Among the factors that may affect currency values are trade balances, the level of short-term interest rates, differences in relative values of similar assets in different currencies, long-term opportunities for investment and capital appreciation and political developments. We may employ hedging techniques to minimize these risks, but we cannot assure you that such strategies will be effective or without risk to us.

We expose ourselves to risks when we engage in hedging transactions.

We have entered, and may in the future enter, into hedging transactions, which may expose us to risks associated with such transactions. We may seek to utilize instruments such as forward contracts, currency options and interest rate swaps, caps, collars and floors to seek to hedge against fluctuations in the relative values of our portfolio positions from changes in currency exchange rates and market interest rates. Use of these hedging instruments may include counter-party credit risk. To the extent we have non-U.S. investments, particularly investments denominated in non-U.S. currencies, our hedging costs will increase.

We also have the ability to borrow in certain foreign currencies under our second amended and restated senior secured revolving credit agreement with SunTrust Bank, as administrative agent, and certain lenders, which we refer to as the Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust). Instead of entering into a foreign exchange forward contract in connection with loans or other investments we have made that are denominated in a foreign currency, we may borrow in that currency to establish a natural hedge against our loan or investment. To the extent the loan or investment is based on a floating rate other than a rate under which we can borrow under our Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust), we may seek to utilize interest rate derivatives to hedge our exposure to changes in the associated rate.

Hedging against a decline in the values of our portfolio positions would not eliminate the possibility of fluctuations in the values of such positions or prevent losses if the values of such positions decline. However, such hedging can establish other positions designed to gain from those same developments, thereby offsetting the

[Table of Contents](#)

decline in the value of such portfolio positions. Such hedging transactions may also limit the opportunity for gain if the values of the underlying portfolio positions should increase. It also may not be possible to hedge against an exchange rate or interest rate fluctuation that is so generally anticipated that we are not able to enter into a hedging transaction at an acceptable price.

The success of our hedging strategy will depend on our ability to correctly identify appropriate exposures for hedging. To date, we have entered into hedging transactions to seek to reduce currency exchange rate risk. However, unanticipated changes in currency exchange rates or other exposures that we might hedge may result in poorer overall investment performance than if we had not engaged in any such hedging transactions. In addition, the degree of correlation between price movements of the instruments used in a hedging strategy and price movements in the portfolio positions being hedged may vary, as may the time period in which the hedge is effective relative to the time period of the related exposure.

For a variety of reasons, we may not seek to (or be able to) establish a perfect correlation between such hedging instruments and the portfolio holdings being hedged. Any such imperfect correlation may prevent us from achieving the intended hedge and expose us to risk of loss. In addition, it may not be possible to hedge fully or perfectly against currency fluctuations affecting the value of securities denominated in non-U.S. currencies because the value of those securities is likely to fluctuate as a result of factors not related to currency fluctuations. Income derived from hedging transactions also is not eligible to be distributed to non-U.S. stockholders free from withholding taxes. See also “—We are exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates” and “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Results of Operations—Hedging.”

Finally, recent and anticipated regulatory changes require that certain types of swaps, including interest rate and credit default swaps, be cleared and traded on regulated platforms, and these regulatory changes are expected to apply to foreign exchange transactions in the future. Regulators also are expected to impose margin requirements for derivatives that are not cleared. These new requirements could significantly increase the cost of using swaps to hedge our interest rate and foreign exchange risk, and could increase our exposure to these risks.

If we cease to be eligible for an exemption from regulation as a commodity pool operator, our compliance expenses could increase substantially.

Our Adviser has been granted relief under a no-action letter, known as Letter 12-40, issued by the staff of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, or CFTC. Letter 12-40 relieves our Adviser from registering with the CFTC as the commodity pool operator, or CPO of us, so long as we:

- continue to be regulated by the SEC as a BDC;
- confine our trading in CFTC-regulated derivatives within specified thresholds; and
- are not marketed to the public as a commodity pool or as a vehicle for trading in CFTC-regulated derivatives.

If we were not to satisfy the conditions of Letter 12-40 in the future, our Adviser may be subject to registration with the CFTC as a CPO. Registered CPOs must comply with numerous substantive regulations related to disclosure, reporting and recordkeeping, and are required to become members of the National Futures Association, or the NFA, and be subject to the NFA’s rules and bylaws. Compliance with these additional registration and regulatory requirements could increase our expenses and impact performance. The Adviser previously relied on the exemption from registration in CFTC Rule 4.13(a)(3), which is not available for advisers of companies whose stock is marketed to the public.

Our portfolio investments may present special tax issues.

Investments in below-investment grade debt instruments and certain equity securities may present special tax issues for us. U.S. federal income tax rules are not entirely clear about issues, including when we may cease

[Table of Contents](#)

to accrue interest, original issue discount or market discount, when and to what extent certain deductions may be taken for bad debts or worthless equity securities, how payments received on obligations in default should be allocated between principal and interest income, as well as whether exchanges of debt instruments in a bankruptcy or workout context are taxable. These matters could cause us to recognize taxable income for U.S. federal income tax purposes, even in the absence of cash or economic gain, and require us to make taxable distributions to our stockholders to maintain our RIC status or preclude the imposition of either U.S. federal corporate income or excise taxation. Additionally, because such taxable income may not be matched by corresponding cash received by us, we may be required to borrow money or dispose of other investments to be able to make distributions to our stockholders. These and other issues will be considered by us, to the extent determined necessary, so that we aim to minimize the level of any U.S. federal income or excise tax that we would otherwise incur. See “ITEM 1. BUSINESS—Regulation as a Business Development Company—Regulated Investment Company Classification for more information.”

Unless Congress renews certain exemptions that expired for taxable years commencing after December 31, 2013, certain dividend distributions we make to certain non-U.S. stockholders will be subject to U.S. withholding tax.

In recent years, Congress has renewed the rules under which dividend distributions by RICs paid out of interest income, which we refer to as interest-related dividends, qualified for a generally applicable exemption from U.S. withholding tax. As a result, a non-U.S. stockholder could receive interest-related dividends free of U.S. withholding tax if (as normally would be the case) the stockholder would not have been subject to U.S. withholding tax if it had received the underlying interest income directly. This exemption expired for taxable years commencing after December 31, 2013. Further legislation will be required to make the exemption available with respect to such taxable years. We cannot assure you that Congress will extend the pass-through rules for taxable years commencing after December 31, 2013, or that any such extension will apply to all dividends that we distribute in such taxable years. A failure to extend the exemption for interest-related dividends would not affect the treatment of non-U.S. stockholders that qualify for an exemption from U.S. withholding tax on dividends by reason of their special status (for example, foreign government-related entities and certain pension funds resident in favorable treaty jurisdictions).

There are certain risks associated with holding debt obligations that have original issue discount or PIK.

Original issue discount, or OID, may arise if we hold securities issued at a discount, receive warrants in connection with the making of a loan, through contractual payment-in-kind, or PIK, interest (meaning interest paid in the form of additional principal amount of the loan instead of in cash), or in certain other circumstances.

OID creates the risk that Incentive Fees will be paid to the Adviser based on non-cash accruals that ultimately may not be realized, while the Adviser will be under no obligation to reimburse us for these fees.

The higher interest rates of OID instruments reflect the payment deferral and increased credit risk associated with these instruments, and OID instruments generally represent a significantly higher credit risk than coupon loans. Even if the accounting conditions for income accrual are met, the borrower could still default when our actual collection is supposed to occur at the maturity of the obligation.

OID instruments may have unreliable valuations because their continuing accruals require continuing judgments about the collectability of the deferred payments and the value of any associated collateral. OID income may also create uncertainty about the source of our cash distributions.

For accounting purposes, any cash distributions to shareholders representing OID income are not treated as coming from paid-in capital, even if the cash to pay them comes from the proceeds of issuances of our common stock. As a result, despite the fact that a distribution representing OID income could be paid out of amounts invested by our stockholders, the 1940 Act does not require that stockholders be given notice of this fact by reporting it as a return of capital.

[Table of Contents](#)

PIK interest has the effect of generating investment income at a compounding rate, thereby further increasing the Incentive Fees payable to the Adviser. Similarly, all things being equal, the deferral associated with PIK interest also increases the loan-to-value ratio at a compounding rate.

ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

We maintain our principal executive office at 301 Commerce Street, Suite 3300, Fort Worth, Texas 76102. We do not own any real estate.

ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time, we may be a party to certain legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business, including proceedings relating to the enforcement of our rights under loans to or other contracts with our portfolio companies. We are not currently subject to any material legal proceedings, nor, to our knowledge, is any material legal proceeding threatened against us.

ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

PART II**ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES**

Until an IPO, our outstanding common stock will be offered and sold in transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act under section 4(2) and Regulation D. There is not currently a public market for our common stock, nor can we give any assurance that one will develop.

Because our common stock is being acquired by investors in one or more transactions "not involving a public offering," they are "restricted securities" and may be required to be held indefinitely. Our common stock may not be sold, transferred, assigned, pledged or otherwise disposed of unless (i) our consent is granted; and, (ii) the common stock is registered under applicable securities laws or specifically exempted from registration (in which case the stockholder may, at our option, be required to provide us with a legal opinion, in form and substance satisfactory to us, that registration is not required). Accordingly, an investor must be willing to bear the economic risk of investment in the common stock until we are liquidated. No sale, transfer, assignment, pledge or other disposition, whether voluntary or involuntary, of the common stock may be made except by registration of the transfer on our books. Each transferee will be required to execute an instrument agreeing to be bound by these restrictions and the other restrictions imposed on the common stock and to execute such other instruments or certifications as are reasonably required by us.

 Holders

As of March 4, 2014, there were approximately 56 holders of our common stock.

 Dividends

On December 3, 2013, our Board approved a stock split in the form of a stock dividend pursuant to which our stockholders of record as of December 4, 2013 received 65.676 additional shares of common stock for each share of common stock held. We distributed the shares on December 5, 2013 and paid cash for fractional shares without interest or deduction. We have retroactively applied the effect of the stock split to the financial information presented in this prospectus by multiplying numbers of shares outstanding by 66.676 and dividing per share amounts by 66.676. As of December 31, 2013, our issued and outstanding shares totaled 37,026,023, as adjusted for the stock split.

The following tables summarize dividends declared during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012:

<u>Date Declared</u>	<u>Year Ended December 31, 2013</u>		<u>Dividend per Share ⁽²⁾</u>
	<u>Record Date</u>	<u>Payment Date</u>	
March 12, 2013	March 31, 2013	May 6, 2013	\$ 0.38
June 30, 2013	June 30, 2013	July 31, 2013	0.40
September 30, 2013	September 30, 2013	October 31, 2013	0.38
December 31, 2013 ⁽¹⁾	December 31, 2013	January 30, 2014	0.40
Total Dividends Declared			\$ 1.56

- (1) December 31, 2013 declared dividend includes a special dividend of \$0.03 per share.
- (2) The indicated amounts for dates prior to December 3, 2013 have been retroactively adjusted for the stock split which was effected in the form of a stock dividend. See Note 9 of our consolidated financial statements included in this 10-K.

Table of Contents

Date Declared	Year Ended December 31, 2012		Dividend per Share ⁽²⁾
	Record Date	Payment Date	
March 20, 2012	March 31, 2012	May 7, 2012	\$ 0.16
May 9, 2012	June 30, 2012	August 3, 2012	0.32
September 30, 2012	September 30, 2012	October 30, 2012	0.36
December 31, 2012 ⁽¹⁾	December 31, 2012	January 31, 2013	0.33
Total Dividends Declared			\$ 1.17

- (1) December 31, 2012 declared dividend includes a special dividend of \$0.01 per share.
- (2) The indicated amounts have been retroactively adjusted for the stock split which was effected in the form of a stock dividend. See Note 9 of our consolidated financial statements included in this 10-K.

The dividends declared during the years ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, were derived from net investment income and capital gains, determined on a tax basis. See “ITEM 1. Our Business—Dividend Policy” and “ITEM 1. Our Business—Dividend Reinvestment Plan” for a description of our dividend policy and obligations.

Issuer purchases of equity securities

None.

ITEM 6. SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The table below sets forth our selected consolidated historical financial data for the periods indicated. The selected consolidated income statement data for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 and the selected consolidated balance sheet data as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, have been derived from our audited consolidated financial statements, which are included elsewhere in this Form 10-K and our SEC filings.

The selected consolidated financial information and other data presented below should be read in conjunction with the information contained in “ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS,” the audited consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included elsewhere in this annual report on Form 10-K.

(\$ in millions)	Year Ended December 31, 2013	Year Ended December 31, 2012	Year Ended December 31, 2011
Consolidated Statements of Operations Data			
Income			
Total Investment Income	\$ 92.6	\$ 51.0	\$ 5.3
Expenses			
Net Expenses	34.9	22.9	6.8
Net Investment Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes	57.7	28.1	(1.5)
Net Investment Income (Loss)	57.5	28.0	(1.5)
Total Change in Net Unrealized Gains	8.4	7.2	2.3
Total Net Realized Gains	1.1	4.4	—
Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	67.0	39.6	0.8
Earnings per common share—basic and diluted ⁽¹⁾	1.93	1.93	0.24

- (1) The indicated amounts for periods prior to December 3, 2013 have been retroactively adjusted for the stock split which was effected in the form of a stock dividend. See Note 9 of our consolidated financial statements included in this 10-K.

[Table of Contents](#)

(\$ in millions, except per share amounts)	December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Consolidated Balance Sheet Data			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3.5	\$ 161.8	\$ 143.7
Investments at fair value	\$ 1,016.5	\$ 653.9	\$ 184.3
Total assets	\$ 1,039.2	\$ 833.1	\$ 332.2
Total debt	\$ 432.3	\$ 331.8	\$ 155.0
Total liabilities	\$ 464.5	\$ 353.3	\$ 159.2
Total net assets	\$ 574.7	\$ 479.8	\$ 173.1
Net asset value per share ⁽¹⁾	\$ 15.52	\$ 15.19	\$ 14.71
Other Data:			
Number of portfolio companies at year end	27	21	7
Dividends declared per share ⁽¹⁾	\$ 1.56	\$ 1.17	\$ 0.06
Total return based on net asset value ⁽²⁾	12.4%	11.3%	n.m.
Weighted average yield of debt and income producing securities at fair value ⁽³⁾	10.4%	10.6%	11.4%
Weighted average yield of debt and income producing securities at amortized cost ⁽³⁾	10.6%	10.7%	11.5%
Fair value of debt investments as a percentage of principal	99.8%	98.9%	99.6%
Weighted average fair value of debt investments as a percentage of call price	94.9%	93.9%	96.6%

- (1) The indicated amounts for periods prior to December 3, 2013 have been retroactively adjusted for the stock split which was effected in the form of a stock dividend. See Note 9 of our consolidated financial statements included in this 10-K.
- (2) U.S. GAAP requires that total return be calculated as the change in net asset value per share during the period plus declared dividends per share, divided by the beginning net asset value per share. For the year ended December 31, 2011, calculating total return in such a manner does not adjust for the effect of the initial seed funding as part of the Company's formation (at \$1 per share) and accordingly the information is not meaningful. Excluding the effect of the initial seed funding, total return for the period July 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011 would be (1.58%).
- (3) Weighted average yield on debt and income producing securities at fair value is computed as (a) the annual stated interest rate or yield earned plus additional interest, if any, as a result of arrangements between the Company and other lenders in any syndication plus the net annual amortization of original issue discount and market discount earned on accruing debt and income producing securities, divided by (b) total debt and income producing securities at fair value. Weighted average yield on debt and income producing securities at amortized cost is computed as (a) the annual stated interest rate or yield earned plus additional interest, if any, as a result of arrangements between the Company and other lenders in any syndication plus the net annual amortization of original issue discount and market discount earned on accruing debt and income producing securities, divided by (b) total debt and income producing securities at amortized cost.

ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Introduction

Management's Discussion and Analysis should be read in conjunction with ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA. This discussion contains forward-looking statements and involves numerous risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to those described in "ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS." Actual results may differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements.

Executive Overview

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. is a Delaware corporation formed on July 21, 2010. The Adviser is our external manager. We have two wholly owned subsidiaries, TC Lending, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, which holds a California finance lender and broker license, and TPG SL SPV, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, in which we hold assets to support our asset-backed credit facility. Our results reflect our ramp-up of initial investments, which is now complete, as well as the ongoing measured growth of our portfolio of investments.

We have elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and as a RIC under the Code. We made our BDC election on April 15, 2011. As a result, we are required to comply with various statutory and regulatory requirements, such as:

- the requirement to invest at least 70% of our assets in "qualifying assets";
- source of income limitations;
- asset diversification requirements; and
- the requirement to distribute (or be treated as distributing) in each taxable year at least 90% of our investment company taxable income and tax-exempt interest for that taxable year.

Our Investment Framework

We are a specialty finance company focused on lending to middle-market companies. Since we began our investment activities in July 2011, we have originated more than \$2.2 billion aggregate principal amount of investments and retained approximately \$1.5 billion aggregate principal amount of these investments on our balance sheet prior to any subsequent exits and repayments. We seek to generate current income primarily in U.S.-domiciled middle-market companies through direct originations of senior secured loans and, to a lesser extent, originations of mezzanine loans and investments in corporate bonds and equity securities.

By "middle-market companies," we mean companies that have annual EBITDA, which we believe is a useful proxy for cash flow, of \$10 million to \$250 million, although we may invest in larger or smaller companies on occasion. As of December 31, 2013, based on fair value, our borrowers had weighted average annual revenue of \$202 million and weighted average annual EBITDA of \$35 million.

We invest in first-lien debt, second-lien debt, mezzanine debt and equity securities. Our first-lien debt may include stand-alone first-lien loans; "last out" first-lien loans, which are loans that have a secondary priority behind super-senior "first out" first-lien loans; "unitranche" loans, which are loans that combine features of first-lien, second-lien and mezzanine debt, generally in a first-lien position; and secured corporate bonds with similar features to these categories of first-lien loans. Our second-lien debt may include secured loans, and, to a lesser extent, secured corporate bonds, with a secondary priority behind first-lien debt.

As of December 31, 2013, our average investment based on fair value in each of our portfolio companies was \$38 million.

[Table of Contents](#)

The companies in which we invest use our capital to support organic growth, acquisitions, market or product expansion and recapitalizations. We expect that no single investment will represent more than 15% of our total investment portfolio, based on fair value. The debt in which we invest typically is not rated by any rating agency, but if these instruments were rated, they would likely receive a rating of below investment grade (that is, below BBB- or Baa3).

Through our Adviser, we consider potential investments utilizing a four-tiered investment framework and against our existing portfolio as a whole:

Business and sector selection. We focus on companies with enterprise value between \$50 million and \$1 billion. When reviewing potential investments, we seek to invest in businesses with high marginal cash flow, recurring revenue streams and where we believe credit quality will improve over time. We look for portfolio companies that we think have a sustainable competitive advantage in growing industries or distressed situations. We also seek companies where our investment will have a low loan-to-value ratio.

We currently do not limit our focus to any specific industry and we may invest in larger or smaller companies on occasion. We classify the industries of our portfolio companies by end-market (such as healthcare and pharmaceuticals, and business services) and not by the products or services (such as software) directed to those end-markets.

As of December 31, 2013, no industry represented more than 17% of our portfolio based on fair value.

Investment Structuring. We focus on investing at the top of the capital structure and protecting that position. As of December 31, 2013, approximately 99.8% of the fair value of our portfolio was invested in secured debt, including 86.3% in first-lien debt investments. We carefully diligence and structure investments to include strong investor covenants. As a result, we structure investments with a view to creating opportunities for early intervention in the event of non-performance or stress. In addition, we seek to retain effective voting control in investments over the loans or particular class of securities in which we invest through maintaining affirmative voting positions or negotiating consent rights that allow us to retain a blocking position. We also aim for our loans to mature on a medium term, between two to six years after origination. For the year ended December 31, 2013, the weighted average term on new investment commitments in new portfolio companies was 5.0 years.

Deal Dynamics. We focus on, among other deal dynamics, direct origination of investments, where we identify and lead the investment transaction. As of December 31, 2013, a substantial majority of our portfolio investments were sourced through our direct or proprietary relationships.

Risk Mitigation. We seek to mitigate non-credit-related risk on our returns in several ways, including call protection provisions to protect future payment income. Based on fair value as of December 31, 2013, we had call protection on 94.4% of our debt investments, with weighted average call prices based on fair value of 106.7% for one year, 103.5% for two years and 101.4% for the third year, in each case from the date of the initial investment. Based on fair value as of December 31, 2013, 98.8% of our debt investments bore interest at floating rates, subject to interest rate floors, which we believe helps act as a portfolio-wide hedge against inflation.

Relationship with our Adviser, TSSP and TPG

Our Adviser is a Delaware limited liability company. Our Adviser acts as our investment adviser and administrator and is a registered investment adviser with the SEC under the Advisers Act. Our Adviser sources and manages our portfolio through a dedicated team of investment professionals predominately focused on us. Our Investment Team is led by our Co-Chief Executive Officer and our Adviser's Co-Chief Investment Officer Joshua Easterly, our Co-Chief Executive Officer Michael Fishman and our Adviser's Co-Chief Investment Officer Alan Waxman, all of whom have substantial experience in credit origination, underwriting and asset management. Our investment decisions are made by our Investment Review Committee, which includes senior personnel of TSSP and TPG.

[Table of Contents](#)

Our Adviser consults with TSSP and TPG in connection with a substantial number of our investments. The TSSP and TPG platforms provide us with a breadth of large and scalable investment resources. We believe we benefit from their market expertise, insights into sector and macroeconomic trends and intensive due diligence capabilities, which help us discern market conditions that vary across industries and credit cycles, identify favorable investment opportunities and manage our portfolio of investments. TSSP and TPG will refer all middle-market loan origination activities for companies domiciled in the United States to us and conduct those activities through us. The Adviser will determine whether it would be permissible, advisable or otherwise appropriate for us to pursue a particular investment opportunity allocated to us by TSSP and TPG.

If the SEC grants the exemptive relief we have requested, to the extent the size of the opportunity exceeds the amount our Adviser independently determines is appropriate for us to invest, our affiliates may be able to co-invest with us. We believe our ability to co-invest with TPG affiliates would be particularly useful where we identify larger capital commitments than otherwise would be appropriate for us. We would be able to provide “one-stop” financing to a potential portfolio company in these circumstances, which could allow us to capture opportunities where we alone could not commit the full amount of required capital or would have to spend additional time to locate unaffiliated co-investors. We cannot assure you, however, when or whether the SEC will grant our exemptive relief request.

Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement and Administration Agreement, the Adviser’s services are not exclusive, and the Adviser is free to furnish similar or other services to others, so long as its services to us are not impaired. Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, we will pay the Adviser the Management Fee and may also pay the Incentive Fee.

Under the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser also provides administrative services to us. These services include providing office space, equipment and office services, maintaining financial records, preparing reports to stockholders and reports filed with the SEC, and managing the payment of expenses and the oversight of the performance of administrative and professional services rendered by others. Certain of these services are reimbursable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administration Agreement.

Key Components of Our Results of Operations

Investments

We focus primarily on the direct origination of loans to middle-market companies domiciled in the United States.

Our level of investment activity (both the number of investments and the size of each investment) can and does vary substantially from period to period depending on many factors, including the amount of debt and equity capital available to middle-market companies, the level of merger and acquisition activity for such companies, the general economic environment and the competitive environment for the types of investments we make.

In addition, as part of our risk strategy on investments, we may reduce certain levels of investments through partial sales or syndication to additional investors.

Revenues

We generate revenues primarily in the form of interest income from the investments we hold. In addition, we generate income from dividends on direct equity investments, capital gains on the sales of loans and debt and equity securities and various loan origination and other fees. Our debt investments typically have a term of two to six years, and, based on fair value as of December 31, 2013, 98.8% bear interest at a floating rate, subject to interest rate floors. Interest on debt securities is generally payable quarterly or semiannually. Some of our investments provide for deferred interest payments or PIK interest.

[Table of Contents](#)

Loan origination fees, original issue discount and market discount or premium are capitalized, and we accrete or amortize such amounts as interest income using the effective yield method for term instruments and the straight-line method for revolving or delayed draw instruments. Repayments of our debt investments can reduce interest income from period to period. The frequency or volume of these repayments may fluctuate significantly. We record prepayment premiums on loans as interest income. We also may generate revenue in the form of commitment, amendment, structuring, syndication or due diligence fees, fees for providing managerial assistance and consulting fees.

Dividend income on common equity securities is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly traded portfolio companies.

Our portfolio activity also reflects the proceeds of sales of investments. We recognize realized gains or losses on investments based on the difference between the net proceeds from the disposition and the amortized cost basis of the investment without regard to unrealized gains or losses previously recognized. We record current period changes in fair value of investments that are measured at fair value as a component of the net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments in the consolidated statements of operations.

Expenses

Our primary operating expenses include the payment of fees to our Adviser under the Investment Advisory Agreement, expenses reimbursable under the Administration Agreement and other operating costs described below. Additionally, we pay interest expense on our outstanding debt. We bear all other costs and expenses of our operations, administration and transactions, including those relating to:

- calculating individual asset values and our net asset value (including the cost and expenses of any independent valuation firms);
- expenses, including travel expenses, incurred by the Adviser, or members of our Investment Team, or payable to third parties, in respect of due diligence on prospective portfolio companies and, if necessary, in respect of enforcing our rights with respect to investments in existing portfolio companies;
- the costs of any public offerings of our common stock and other securities, including registration and listing fees;
- the Management Fee and any Incentive Fee;
- certain costs and expenses relating to distributions paid on our shares;
- administration fees payable under our Administration Agreement;
- debt service and other costs of borrowings or other financing arrangements;
- the Adviser's allocable share of costs incurred in providing significant managerial assistance to those portfolio companies that request it;
- amounts payable to third parties relating to, or associated with, making or holding investments;
- transfer agent and custodial fees;
- costs of hedging;
- commissions and other compensation payable to brokers or dealers;
- taxes;
- Independent Director fees and expenses;

Table of Contents

- costs of preparing financial statements and maintaining books and records and filing reports or other documents with the SEC (or other regulatory bodies) and other reporting and compliance costs, and the compensation of professionals responsible for the preparation of the foregoing, including the allocable portion of the compensation of our chief financial officer and chief compliance officer and their respective staffs;
- the costs of any reports, proxy statements or other notices to our stockholders (including printing and mailing costs), the costs of any stockholders' meetings and the compensation of investor relations personnel responsible for the preparation of the foregoing and related matters;
- our fidelity bond;
- directors and officers/errors and omissions liability insurance, and any other insurance premiums;
- indemnification payments;
- direct costs and expenses of administration, including audit, accounting, consulting and legal costs; and
- all other expenses reasonably incurred by us in connection with making investments and administering our business.

We expect that during periods of asset growth, our general and administrative expenses will be relatively stable or will decline as a percentage of total assets, and will increase as a percentage of total assets during periods of asset declines.

Leverage

While as a BDC the amount of leverage that we are permitted to use is limited in significant respects, we use leverage to increase our ability to make investments. The amount of leverage we use in any period depends on a variety of factors, including cash available for investing, the cost of financing and general economic and market conditions. In any period, our interest expense will depend largely on the extent of our borrowing. In addition, we may continue to dedicate assets to financing facilities, such as the Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Security Agreement between our wholly owned subsidiary, TPG SL SPV, LLC and Natixis, which we refer to as the Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis).

Market Trends

We believe trends in the middle-market lending environment, including the limited availability of capital, strong demand for debt capital and specialized lending requirements, are likely to continue to create favorable opportunities for us to invest at attractive risk-adjusted rates.

The limited number of providers of capital to middle-market companies, combined with expected increases in required capital levels for financial institutions, reduce the capacity of traditional lenders to serve middle-market companies. We believe that the limited availability of capital creates a large number of opportunities for us to originate direct investments in companies. We also believe that the large amount of uninvested capital held by private equity firms will continue to drive deal activity, which may in turn create additional demand for debt capital.

The limited number of providers is further exacerbated by the specialized due diligence and underwriting capabilities, as well as extensive ongoing monitoring required for middle-market lending. We believe middle-market lending is generally more labor-intensive than lending to larger companies due to smaller investment sizes and the lack of publicly available information on these companies.

An imbalance between the supply of, and demand for, middle-market debt capital creates attractive pricing dynamics for investors such as BDCs. The negotiated nature of middle-market financings also generally provides for more favorable terms to the lenders, including stronger covenant and reporting packages, better call protection and lender-protective change of control provisions. We believe that BDCs have flexibility to develop loans that reflect each borrower's distinct situation, provide long-term relationships and a potential source for future capital, which renders BDCs, including us, attractive lenders.

Portfolio and Investment Activity

Based on fair value as of December 31, 2013, our portfolio consisted of 86.3% first-lien debt investments, 13.5% second-lien debt investments, and 0.2% equity investments.

Based on fair value as of December 31, 2012, our portfolio consisted of 89.0% first-lien debt investments, 10.7% second-lien debt investments, and 0.3% equity investments. As of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, our weighted average total yield on investments at fair value (which includes interest income and amortization of fees and discounts) was 10.4% and 10.6%, respectively, and our weighted average total yield on investments at amortized cost (which includes interest income and amortization of fees and discounts) was 10.6% and 10.7%, respectively.

As of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, we had investments in 27 and 21 portfolio companies, respectively, with an aggregate fair value of \$1,016.5 million and \$653.9 million, respectively.

For the year ended December 31, 2013, we made new investment commitments of \$606.2 million, \$536.0 million in 14 new portfolio companies and \$70.2 million in five existing portfolio companies. For this period, we had \$192.1 million aggregate principal amount in exits and repayments, resulting in net portfolio growth of \$387.3 million aggregate principal amount.

For the year ended December 31, 2012, we made new investment commitments of \$714.2 million, \$615.0 million in 20 new portfolio companies and \$99.2 million in six existing portfolio companies. For this period, we had \$193.1 million aggregate principal amount in exits and repayments, resulting in net portfolio growth of \$487.5 million aggregate principal amount.

For the year ended December 31, 2011, we made new investment commitments of \$197.2 million in seven new portfolio companies and had no repayments.

Table of Contents

Our investment activity for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 is presented below (information presented herein is at par value unless otherwise indicated).

(\$ in millions)	Year Ended		
	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2011
New investment commitments:			
Gross originations	\$ 897.5	\$ 1,071.7	\$ 279.2
Less: syndications/sell downs	291.3	357.5	82.0
Total new investment commitments	\$ 606.2	\$ 714.2	\$ 197.2
Principal amount of investments funded:			
First-lien	\$ 497.9	\$ 603.9	\$ 163.4
Second-lien	80.7	74.7	17.7
Mezzanine	—	—	—
Equity	0.8	2.0	10.0
Total	\$ 579.4	\$ 680.6	\$ 191.1
Principal amount of investments sold or repaid:			
First-lien	\$ 173.4	\$ 161.0	\$ —
Second-lien	18.7	22.1	—
Mezzanine	—	—	—
Equity	—	10.0	—
Total	\$ 192.1	\$ 193.1	\$ —
Number of new investment commitments in new portfolio companies			
	14	20	7
Average new investment commitment amount in new portfolio companies			
	\$ 38.3	\$ 30.7	\$ 28.2
Weighted average term for new investment commitments in new portfolio companies (in years)			
	5.0	4.8	4.6
Percentage of new debt investment commitments at floating rates			
	98.1%	98.0%	90.5%
Percentage of new debt investment commitments at fixed rates			
	1.9%	2.0%	9.5%
Weighted average interest rate of new investment commitments			
	10.0%	10.6%	9.7%
Weighted average spread over LIBOR of new floating rate investment commitments			
	8.7%	8.9%	8.3%
Weighted average interest rate on investments sold or paid down			
	10.0%	12.2%	—

As of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, our investments consisted of the following:

(\$ in millions)	December 31, 2013		December 31, 2012	
	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Amortized Cost
First-lien debt investments	\$ 877.2	\$ 863.4	\$ 582.3	\$ 575.1
Second-lien debt investments	137.5	131.1	69.6	67.3
Mezzanine debt investments	—	—	—	—
Equity investments	1.8	2.8	2.0	2.0
Total	\$1,016.5	\$ 997.3	\$ 653.9	\$ 644.4

Table of Contents

The following table shows the amortized cost of our performing and non-accrual investments as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012:

(\$ in millions)	December 31, 2013		December 31, 2012	
	Amortized Cost	Percentage	Amortized Cost	Percentage
Performing	\$ 997.3	100.0%	\$ 641.6	99.6%
Non-accrual (1)	—	—	2.8	0.4%
Total	\$ 997.3	100.0%	\$ 644.4	100.0%

- (1) Loans are generally placed on non-accrual status when principal or interest payments are past due 30 days or more or when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected in full. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid current and, in management's judgment, are likely to remain current. Management may determine to not place a loan on non-accrual status if the loan has sufficient collateral value and is in the process of collection. See "—Critical Accounting Policies—Interest and Dividend Income Recognition."

The weighted average yields and interest rates of our debt investments at fair value as of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012 were as follows:

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Weighted average total yield of debt and income producing securities	10.4%	10.6%
Weighted average interest rate of debt and income producing securities	10.0%	10.0%
Weighted average spread over LIBOR of all floating rate investments	8.7%	8.6%

Results of Operations

Operating results for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Total investment income	\$92.6	\$51.0	\$ 5.3
Net expenses	34.9	22.9	6.8
Net investment income (loss) before income taxes	57.7	28.1	(1.5)
Income taxes, including excise taxes	0.2	0.1	—
Net investment income (loss)	57.5	28.0	(1.5)
Net realized gains on investments (1)	1.1	4.4	—
Net change in unrealized gains on investments (1)	8.4	7.2	2.3
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$67.0	\$39.6	\$ 0.8

- (1) Includes foreign exchange hedging activity

Investment Income

(\$ in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Interest from investments	\$90.4	\$49.1	\$ 5.3
Dividend income	—	1.2	—
Other income	2.2	0.7	—
Total investment income	\$92.6	\$51.0	\$ 5.3

[Table of Contents](#)

Interest from investments increased from \$49.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 to \$90.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2013, primarily due to the increase in the size of our portfolio. The average size of our total investment portfolio at fair value increased from \$417 million during the year ended December 31, 2012 to \$795 million during the year ended December 31, 2013. In addition, prepayment fees increased from \$0.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 to \$3.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2013. There was no dividend income in the year ended December 31, 2013. These prepayment fees resulted from full or partial paydowns on five portfolio investments. Other income increased from \$0.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 to \$2.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2013, primarily due to higher syndication, amendment and agency fees earned during 2013.

Interest from investments increased from \$5.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2011 to \$49.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2012, primarily due to the increase in the size of our portfolio. The average size of our total investment portfolio at fair value increased from \$57 million during the year ended December 31, 2011 to \$417 million during the year ended December 31, 2012. In addition, prepayment fees increased from zero for the year ended December 31, 2011 to \$0.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2012. These prepayment fees resulted from full paydowns on two portfolio investments. There was no dividend income in the year ended December 31, 2011. Dividend income was \$1.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 due to the receipt of a dividend in the fourth quarter of 2012 from a non-controlled, affiliated investment. There was no other income in the year ended December 31, 2011. Other income for the year ended December 31, 2012 was \$0.7 million primarily due to higher amendment and agency fees earned during 2012.

Expenses

Operating expenses for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Interest	\$10.5	\$ 6.0	\$ 0.8
Initial organization	—	—	1.5
Management fees (net of waivers)	6.2	5.2	1.6
Incentive fees related to Pre-incentive fee net investment income	10.4	5.3	—
Incentive fees related to realized/unrealized capital gains	1.4	1.7	0.3
Professional fees	3.7	2.9	1.6
Directors' fees	0.3	0.3	0.2
Other general and administrative	2.4	1.5	0.8
Net Expenses	\$34.9	\$22.9	\$ 6.8

Interest

Interest, including other debt financing expenses, increased from \$6.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 to \$10.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2013. This increase was primarily due to an increase in the weighted average debt outstanding from \$111 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 to \$266 million for the year ended December 31, 2013. The weighted average interest rate on our debt outstanding decreased from 2.9% for the year ended December 31, 2012 to 2.7% for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Interest, including other debt financing expenses, increased from \$0.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2011 to \$6.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2012. This increase was primarily due to the addition of our Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis) in May 2012 and our Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust) in August 2012 and an increase in the weighted average debt outstanding from \$11 million for the year ended December 31, 2011 to \$111 million for the year ended December 31, 2012. The weighted average interest rate on our debt outstanding decreased from 3.0% for the year ended December 31, 2011 to 2.9% for the year ended December 31, 2012.

[Table of Contents](#)

Management Fees

Management Fees (net of waivers) increased from \$5.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 to \$6.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2013. Management Fees increased from \$8.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 to \$13.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2013 due to the increase in total assets, which increased from an average of \$611 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 to an average of \$907 million for the year ended December 31, 2013. Management Fees waived increased from \$3.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 to \$7.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2013 due to an increase in total assets, as described below.

Management Fees (net of waivers) increased from \$1.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2011 to \$5.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2012. Management Fees increased from \$1.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2011 to \$8.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 due to the increase in total assets, which increased from an average of \$115 million for the year ended December 31, 2011 to an average of \$611 million for the year ended December 31, 2012. Management Fees waived increased from \$7 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2011 to \$3.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 due to an increase in total assets.

Until an IPO, the Adviser has waived its right to receive the Management Fee in excess of the sum of (i) 0.25% of aggregate committed but undrawn capital; and (ii) 0.75% of aggregate drawn capital (including capital drawn to pay our expenses) as determined as of the end of any calendar quarter. Any waived Management Fees are not subject to recoupment by the Adviser. Following an IPO, the Adviser does not intend to waive its right to receive the full Management Fee. See “*ITEM 1. BUSINESS—Management Agreements—Investment Advisory Agreement; Administration Agreement; License Agreement.*”

Incentive Fees

Incentive Fees related to pre-Incentive Fee net investment income increased from \$5.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 to \$10.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2013. This increase resulted from the increase in the size of the portfolio and related increase in pre-Incentive Fee net investment income. Incentive Fees related to capital gains decreased from \$1.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 to \$1.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2013 due to changes in unrealized gains and losses on our investments and realized gains on our investments.

There were no Incentive Fees related to pre-Incentive Fee net investment income for the year ended December 31, 2011. Incentive fees related to pre-Incentive Fee net investment income were \$5.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 due to an increase in the size of the portfolio and related increase in pre-Incentive Fee net investment income. Incentive Fees related to capital gains increased from \$0.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2011 to \$1.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 due to changes in unrealized gains and losses on our investments and realized gains on our investments.

[Table of Contents](#)

Professional Fees

Professional fees increased from \$2.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 to \$3.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2013 and other general and administrative fees increased from \$1.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 to \$2.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2013, both due to an increase in costs associated with servicing a growing investment portfolio.

Professional fees increased from \$1.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2011 to \$2.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2012 and other general and administrative fees increased from \$0.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2011 to \$1.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2012, both due to an increase in costs associated with servicing a growing investment portfolio. A significant portion of our expenses for the year ended December 31, 2011 were related to the initial organization of our business.

Income Taxes, Including Excise Taxes

We have elected to be treated as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code, and we intend to operate in a manner so as to continue to qualify for the tax treatment applicable to RICs. To qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, distribute to our stockholders in each taxable year generally at least 90% of our investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code, and net tax-exempt income for that taxable year. To maintain our RIC status, we, among other things, have made and intend to continue to make the requisite distributions to our stockholders, which generally relieve us from corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes.

Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, we can be expected to carry forward taxable income (including net capital gains, if any) in excess of current year dividend distributions from the current tax year into the next tax year and pay a nondeductible 4% U.S. federal excise tax on such taxable income, as required. To the extent that we determine that our estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions from such income, we accrue excise tax on estimated excess taxable income.

For each of the calendar years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 we recorded a net expense of \$0.2 million and \$0.1 million, respectively, for U.S. federal excise tax. For the calendar year ended December 31, 2011, we did not incur any U.S. federal excise tax.

[Table of Contents](#)

Net Realized Gains

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we had \$1.1 million of net realized gains, including realized gains on foreign currency forward contracts. During the year ended December 31, 2012, we had \$4.4 million of net realized gains. During the year ended December 31, 2011, we had no net realized gains.

The realized gains and losses on investments during the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 consisted of the following (certain gains (losses) have been rounded to zero):

(\$ in millions)	Year Ended December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Attachmate	\$ (0.0)	\$ —	\$ —
AFS Technologies, Inc.	—	0.1	—
Centaur, LLC	0.1	—	—
Checkers Drive-In Restaurants, Inc.	0.8	—	—
El Pollo Loco, Inc.	—	0.7	—
Embarcadero Technologies, Inc.	0.1	—	—
Mannington Mills, Inc.	—	0.5	—
Rare Restaurant Group, LLC.	—	2.6	—
Rogue Wave Holdings, Inc.	—	0.5	—
SumTotal	0.1	—	—
Synagro Technologies, Inc.	0.0	—	—
Subtotal	\$ 1.1	\$ 4.4	\$ —
Foreign currency forward contracts	0.0	—	—
Net Realized Gains	<u>\$ 1.1</u>	<u>\$ 4.4</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

Aggregate Cash Flow Realized Gross Internal Rate of Return

Since we began investing in 2011 through December 31, 2013, our exited investments have resulted in an aggregate cash flow realized gross internal rate of return to us of 17.6% (based on cash invested of \$359 million and total proceeds from these exited investments of \$405 million). Eighty percent of these exited investments resulted in an aggregate cash flow realized gross internal rate of return to us of 10% or greater.

Internal rate of return, or IRR, is a measure of our discounted cash flows (inflows and outflows). Specifically, IRR is the discount rate at which the net present value of all cash flows is equal to zero. That is, IRR is the discount rate at which the present value of total capital invested in our investments is equal to the present value of all realized returns from the investments. Our IRR calculations are unaudited.

- Total capital invested for an investment is the sum of capital invested and realized losses on hedging activity, with respect to the investment.
 - Capital invested, with respect to an investment, represents the aggregate cost basis allocable to the realized or unrealized portion of the investment, net of any upfront fees paid at closing for the term loan portion of the investment.
 - Realized losses on hedging activity, with respect to an investment, represent any inception-to-date realized losses on foreign currency forward contracts allocable to the investment.
- Total realized returns from an investment is the sum of realized returns and realized gains on hedging activity, with respect to the investment.
 - Realized returns, with respect to an investment, represents the total cash received with respect to each investment, including all amortization payments, interest, dividends, prepayment fees, upfront fees (except upfront fees paid at closing for the term loan portion of an investment), administrative fees, agent fees, amendment fees, accrued interest, and other fees and proceeds.

[Table of Contents](#)

- Realized gains on hedging activity, with respect to an investment, represent any inception-to-date realized gains on foreign currency forward contracts allocable to the investment.

Gross IRR, with respect to an investment, is calculated based on the dates that we invested capital and dates we received distributions, regardless of when we made distributions to our stockholders. Initial investments are assumed to occur at time zero, and all cash flows are deemed to occur on the fifteenth of each month in which they occur.

Gross IRR reflects historical results relating to our past performance and is not necessarily indicative of our future results. In addition, gross IRR does not reflect the effect of management fees, expenses, incentive fees or taxes borne, or to be borne, by us or our stockholders, and would be lower if it did. For additional information on these amounts, see “—Results of Operations—Expenses” and “—Results of Operations—Income Tax Expense, Including Excise Tax” above.

Aggregate cash flow realized gross IRR on our exited investments reflects only invested and realized cash amounts as described above, and does not reflect any unrealized gains or losses in our portfolio. For additional information on our unrealized gains and losses, see “—Results of Operations—Net Change in Unrealized Gains/Losses” below.

Net Change in Unrealized Gains/Losses

We value our investments quarterly and any changes in fair value are recorded as unrealized gains or losses. See “—Critical Accounting Policies—Investments at Fair Value.”

During the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, the net change in unrealized gains (losses) on our investment portfolio, including losses on foreign currency forward contracts, consisted of the following:

(\$ in millions)	Year Ended		
	December 31,		
	2013	2012	2011
Change in unrealized gains	\$13.4	\$ 9.2	\$ 2.4
Change in unrealized losses	(3.8)	(2.0)	(0.1)
Net Change in Unrealized Gains	\$ 9.6	\$ 7.2	\$ 2.3

[Table of Contents](#)

The net change in unrealized gains (losses) for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011 consisted of the following (certain gains (losses) have been rounded to zero):

(\$ in millions)	Year Ended		
	December 31,	2012	2011
Actian Corporation	\$ 0.6	\$—	\$—
AFS Technologies, Inc.	1.5	(0.3)	0.9
AMF Bowling Worldwide, Inc.	1.1	—	—
Attachmate Corporation	0.0	—	—
Campus Management, Inc	0.1	—	—
Centaur, LLC.	0.3	—	—
Center Cut Hospitality, Inc.	—	(0.3)	0.3
Checkers Drive-In Restaurants, Inc.	(0.0)	—	—
Consona Holdings, Inc.	(0.2)	0.4	—
Ecommerce Industries, Inc.	(0.2)	0.1	0.3
Embarcadero Technologies, Inc.	0.8	—	—
eResearch Technology, Inc.	(0.6)	0.6	—
Federal Signal Corporation	(2.2)	2.2	—
Global Geophysical	0.4	—	—
Heartland Automotive, LLC	0.1	0.1	—
Infogix, Inc.	0.1	0.3	—
Intelident Solutions, Inc.	—	—	—
International Equipment Solutions, Inc.	(0.1)	0.1	—
Jeeves Information Systems AB.	0.7	—	—
Kewill, Ltd	0.2	—	—
Mandalay Baseball Properties, LLC	0.6	0.9	—
Mannington Mills, Inc.	1.6	3.6	—
Mediware Information Systems, Inc.	1.0	—	—
Metalico, Inc	0.3	—	—
MSC Software Corporation	0.3	(0.1)	0.7
Network Merchants, Inc	0.1	—	—
The Newark Group, Inc.	1.0	—	—
PAI Group, Inc.	0.2	—	—
Rare Restaurant Group, LLC.	—	0.1	(0.1)
Rogue Wave Holdings, Inc.	0.4	0.6	0.1
Sage Automotive Interiors, Inc.	0.1	—	—
Soho House Bond Ltd.	0.7	—	—
Solarsoft, LP (f/k/a CMS-XKO Holding Company, LP)	—	(0.1)	0.1
SRS Software, LLC.	(0.2)	0.1	—
SumTotal Systems, LLC.	(0.2)	—	—
Synagro Technologies, Inc.	1.2	(1.2)	—
Teletrac, Inc.	(0.1)	0.1	—
Vivint, Inc.	—	—	—
Subtotal	\$ 9.6	\$ 7.2	\$ 2.3
Foreign currency forward contracts	(1.2)	—	—
Net Change in Unrealized Gains	\$ 8.4	\$ 7.2	\$ 2.3

For the year ended December 31, 2013, we had \$13.4 million in unrealized appreciation on 24 portfolio company investments, which was partially offset by \$3.8 million in unrealized depreciation on nine portfolio company investments, excluding unrealized losses on foreign currency forward contracts. Unrealized

[Table of Contents](#)

appreciation resulted from an increase in fair market value, primarily due to a tightening spread environment and positive credit-related adjustments. Unrealized depreciation primarily resulted from the reversal of prior period unrealized appreciation and in some instances negative credit-related adjustments, which in each case caused a reduction in fair value.

For the year ended December 31, 2012, we had \$9.2 million in unrealized appreciation on 13 portfolio company investments, which was partially offset by \$2.0 million in unrealized depreciation on five portfolio company investments. For the year ended December 31, 2011, we had \$2.4 million in unrealized appreciation on six portfolio company investments, which was partially offset by \$0.1 million in unrealized depreciation on one portfolio company investment. Unrealized appreciation resulted from an increase in fair market value, primarily due to a tightening spread environment and positive credit-related adjustments. Unrealized depreciation primarily resulted from the reversal of prior period unrealized appreciation and in some instances negative credit-related adjustments, which in each case caused a reduction in fair value.

Hedging

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we entered into foreign currency forward contracts related to our investments in Jeeves Information Systems AB and Soho House Bond Ltd., which in total generated an unrealized loss of \$1.2 million and a realized gain of less than \$0.1 million. Other than these foreign currency forward contracts, we did not enter into any other interest rate or other derivative agreements. We bear the costs incurred in connection with entering into, administering and settling derivative contracts. There can be no assurance any hedging strategy we employ will be successful.

During the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, we did not enter into any interest rate, foreign exchange or other derivative agreements.

Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our liquidity and capital resources are derived primarily from proceeds from equity issuances, advances from our credit facilities, and cash flows from operations. The primary uses of our cash and cash equivalents are:

- investments in portfolio companies and other investments and to comply with certain portfolio diversification requirements;
- the cost of operations (including paying our Adviser);
- debt service, repayment, and other financing costs; and
- cash distributions to the holders of our shares.

The capital commitments of our existing investors terminate on the completion of an IPO. We intend to continue to generate cash primarily from cash flows from operations, future borrowings and future offerings of securities. We may from time to time enter into additional debt facilities, increase the size of existing facilities or issue debt securities. Any such incurrence or issuance would be subject to prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual and regulatory restrictions and other factors. In accordance with the 1940 Act, with certain limited exceptions, we are only allowed to incur borrowings, issue debt securities or issue preferred stock if immediately after the borrowing or issuance the ratio of total assets (less total liabilities other than indebtedness) to total indebtedness plus preferred stock, is at least 200%. As of December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, our asset coverage ratio was 232.9%, 244.6% and 211.7%, respectively.

Cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2013, taken together with cash available under our credit facilities, is expected to be sufficient for our investing activities and to conduct our operations in the near term. On February 27, 2014, we terminated the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA), effective March 4, 2014. The outstanding balance under the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) was paid down prior to terminating the facility.

[Table of Contents](#)

As of December 31, 2013, we had \$3.5 million in cash and cash equivalents, a decrease of \$158.3 million from December 31, 2012. The decrease was primarily attributable to investments made during the period. During the year ended December 31, 2013, we used \$289.6 million in operating activities, primarily as a result of funding of portfolio investments of \$603.0 million. This was partially offset by proceeds from investments of \$46.4 million, repayments on investments of \$214.3 million, an increase in net assets resulting from operations of \$67.0 million and other operating activity of \$14.3 million. Lastly, cash provided by financing activities was \$131.3 million during the period, primarily due to proceeds from issuance of common stock of \$56.9 million and net borrowings on debt of \$100.4 million, partially offset by debt issuance costs of \$1.6 million and dividends paid of \$24.4 million.

As of December 31, 2012, we had \$161.8 million in cash and cash equivalents, an increase of \$18.1 million from December 31, 2011. The increase was primarily attributable to additional borrowings under the debt facilities and proceeds from investor drawdown notices received near December 31, 2012. During the year ended December 31, 2012, we used \$430.1 million in operating activities, primarily as a result of funding of portfolio investments of \$760.7 million. This was partially offset by proceeds from investments of \$119.1 million, repayments on investments of \$190.6 million, an increase in net assets resulting from operations of \$39.6 million and other operating activity of \$18.7 million. Lastly, cash provided by financing activities was \$448.2 million during the period, primarily due to proceeds from issuance of common stock of \$287.7 million and net borrowings on debt of \$176.8 million, partially offset by debt issuance costs of \$5.3 million and dividends paid of \$11.0 million.

As of December 31, 2013, we had \$6.3 million of restricted cash in our wholly owned subsidiary TPG SL SPV, an increase of \$2.0 million from December 31, 2012. The increase was primarily attributable to increased interest payments from additional investments contributed to TPG SL SPV. Proceeds received by TPG SL SPV from interest and principal at the end of a reporting period that have not gone through a settlement process are considered to be restricted cash. The settlement process involves the payment of certain required amounts under the Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis), following which excess cash generated in TPG SL SPV may be distributed to us. Restricted cash is a component of prepaid expenses and other assets in our consolidated financial statements. For additional information concerning restricted cash and our revolving credit facility, see “—Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources—Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis).”

Equity Issuances

During the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, we entered into subscription agreements with our existing investors, including our Adviser and its affiliates, providing for the private placement of our common stock, which brought our total capital commitments to \$1.5 billion (including \$117.1 million from our Adviser and its affiliates). From inception through December 31, 2013, we have drawn down a total of \$0.5 billion of capital and issued 34.7 million shares, excluding equity and shares issued through our dividend reinvestment plan. As of December 31, 2013, \$1.0 billion of capital commitments remained unfunded.

During the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, we delivered drawdown notices to our investors relating to the issuance of 3,713,053 shares, 19,199,421 shares and 11,770,448 shares, respectively, of our common stock for aggregate proceeds of \$57 million, \$288 million and \$173 million, respectively. Proceeds from the issuances were used in investing activities and for other general corporate purposes.

On December 31, 2013, we delivered a capital drawdown notice to our investors relating to the sale of 4,234,501 shares of our common stock for an aggregate offering price of \$65.0 million. The sale closed on January 15, 2014. This capital drawdown notice is not reflected in the number of shares issued for the year ended December 31, 2013 in the prior paragraph or the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013.

In addition to the drawdowns noted above, during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, we issued 1,730,042 and 613,020 shares of our common stock, respectively, to investors who have not opted out of our

[Table of Contents](#)

dividend reinvestment plan for proceeds of \$26.4 million and \$9.2 million, respectively. We did not issue any shares to investors through our dividend reinvestment plan for the year ended December 31, 2011. On February 13, 2014, we issued 502,200 shares of our common stock through our dividend reinvestment plan for \$7.8 million, which is not reflected in the number of shares issued for the year ended December 31, 2013 in this section or the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2013.

Debt

Debt obligations consisted of the following as of December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011:

	December 31, 2013		
(\$ in millions)	Total Facility	Borrowings Outstanding	Amount Available (1)
Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) (2)	\$ 100.0	\$ 32.0	\$ 68.0
Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis) (3)	100.0	77.8	—
Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust) (4)	400.0	322.5	77.5
Total Debt Obligations	\$ 600.0	\$ 432.3	\$ 145.5

	December 31, 2012		
(\$ in millions)	Total Facility	Borrowings Outstanding	Amount Available (1)
Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) (2)	\$ 250.0	\$ 165.0	\$ 85.0
Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis) (3)	100.0	66.8	4.8
Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust) (4)	200.0	100.0	100.0
Total Debt Obligations	\$ 550.0	\$ 331.8	\$ 189.8

	December 31, 2011		
(\$ in millions)	Total Facility	Borrowings Outstanding	Amount Available (1)
Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) (2)	\$ 250.0	\$ 155.0	\$ 95.0
Total Debt Obligations	\$ 250.0	\$ 155.0	\$ 95.0

- (1) The amount available reflects any limitations related to the respective debt facilities' borrowing bases.
- (2) On February 27, 2014, we terminated the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA), effective March 4, 2014. The outstanding balance under the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) was paid down prior to terminating the facility.
- (3) On January 21, 2014, we amended the Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis) to increase the size of the facility to \$175.0 million.
- (4) On February 27, 2014, we amended the Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust) to increase the size of the facility to \$581.3 million.

As of December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, we were in compliance with the terms of our debt arrangements. We intend to continue to utilize our credit facilities to fund investments and for other general corporate purposes.

Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust)

On August 23, 2012, we entered into a senior secured revolving credit agreement with SunTrust Bank, as administrative agent, and certain lenders. On July 2, 2013, we entered into an agreement to amend and restate the agreement, effective on July 3, 2013. The amended and restated facility, among other things, increased the size of the facility from \$200 million to \$350 million. The facility included an uncommitted accordion feature that allowed

Table of Contents

us, under certain circumstances, to increase the size of the facility up to \$550 million. On September 30, 2013, we exercised our right under the accordion feature and increased the size of the facility to \$400 million. On January 27, 2014, we again exercised our right under the accordion feature and increased the size of the facility to \$420 million.

On February 27, 2014, we further amended and restated the agreement, which we refer to as the Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust). The second amended and restated Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust), among other things:

- increased the size of the facility to \$581.3 million;
- increased the size of the uncommitted accordion feature to allow us, under certain circumstances, to increase the size of the facility up to \$956.3 million;
- increased the limit for swingline loans to \$100 million;
- with respect to \$545 million in commitments:
 - extended the expiration of the revolving period from June 30, 2017 to February 27, 2018, during which period we, subject to certain conditions, may make borrowings under the facility; and
 - extended the stated maturity date from July 2, 2018 to February 27, 2019; and
- provided that borrowings under the multicurrency tranche will be available in certain additional currencies.

We may borrow amounts in U.S. dollars or certain other permitted currencies. Amounts drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust), including amounts drawn in respect of letters of credit, bear interest at either LIBOR plus a margin, or the prime rate plus a margin. We may elect either the LIBOR or prime rate at the time of drawdown, and loans may be converted from one rate to another at any time, subject to certain conditions. We also pay a fee of 0.375% on undrawn amounts and, in respect of each undrawn letter of credit, a fee and interest rate equal to the then-applicable margin while the letter of credit is outstanding.

The Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust) is guaranteed by TC Lending, LLC and certain of our domestic subsidiaries that are formed or acquired by us in the future. The Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust) is secured by a perfected first-priority security interest in substantially all the portfolio investments held by us and each guarantor. Proceeds from borrowings may be used for general corporate purposes, including the funding of portfolio investments.

The Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust) includes customary events of default, as well as customary covenants, including restrictions on certain distributions and financial covenants requiring:

- an asset coverage ratio of no less than 2 to 1 on the last day of any fiscal quarter;
- a liquidity test under which we must maintain cash and liquid investments of at least 10% of the covered debt amount under circumstances where our adjusted covered debt balance is greater than 90% of our adjusted borrowing base under the facility; and
- stockholders' equity of at least \$205,000,000 plus 25% of the net proceeds of the sale of equity interests after August 23, 2012.

Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis)

On May 8, 2012, the "Natixis Closing Date," our wholly owned subsidiary TPG SL SPV, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, entered into a credit and security agreement with Natixis, New York Branch. Also on May 8, 2012, we contributed certain investments to TPG SL SPV pursuant to the terms of a Master Sale and Contribution Agreement by and between us and TPG SL SPV. We consolidate TPG SL SPV in our consolidated financial statements, and no gain or loss was recognized as a result of the contribution. Proceeds from the Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis) may be used to finance the acquisition of eligible assets by TPG SL SPV,

[Table of Contents](#)

including the purchase of such assets from us. We retain a residual interest in assets contributed to or acquired by TPG SL SPV through our ownership of TPG SL SPV. The facility size is subject to availability under the borrowing base, which is based on the amount of TPG SL SPV's assets from time to time, and satisfaction of certain conditions, including an asset coverage test, an asset quality test and certain concentration limits.

The credit and security agreement provided for a contribution and reinvestment period for up to 18 months after the Natixis Closing Date, or the Natixis Commitment Termination Date. The Natixis Commitment Termination Date was November 8, 2013, at which point the reinvestment period of the Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis) expired and accordingly any undrawn availability under the facility terminated. Proceeds received by TPG SL SPV from interest, dividends or fees on assets are required to be used to pay expenses and interest on outstanding borrowings, and the excess can be returned to us, subject to certain conditions, on a quarterly basis. Prior to the Natixis Commitment Termination Date, proceeds received from principal on assets could be used to pay down borrowings or make additional investments. Following the Natixis Commitment Termination Date, proceeds received from principal on assets are required to be used to make payments of principal on outstanding borrowings on a quarterly basis. Proceeds received from interest and principal at the end of a reporting period that have not gone through the settlement process for these payment obligations are considered to be restricted cash.

On January 21, 2014, TPG SL SPV entered into an agreement to amend and restate the credit and security agreement, which we refer to as the Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis). The amended and restated facility, among other things:

- increased the size of the facility from \$100 million to \$175 million;
- reopened the reinvestment period thereunder for an additional period of six months following the closing date of January 21, 2014, which may be extended in the borrower's sole discretion for an additional six-month period thereafter;
- extended the stated maturity date from May 8, 2020 to January 21, 2021;
- modified pricing; and
- made certain changes to the eligibility criteria and concentration limits.

Amounts drawn under the amended and restated Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis) and the original credit and security agreement bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin or base rate plus a margin or, in the case of the amended and restated Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis), the lenders' cost of funds plus a margin, in each case at TPG SL SPV's option. TPG SL SPV's ability to borrow at lenders' cost of funds plus a margin lowers the interest rate currently applicable on our borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis). The undrawn portion of the commitment bears an unutilized commitment fee of 0.75%. The Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis) contains customary covenants, including covenants relating to separateness from the Adviser and its affiliates and long-term credit ratings with respect to the underlying collateral obligations, and events of default. The Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis) is secured by a perfected first priority security interest in the assets of TPG SL SPV and on any payments received by TPG SL SPV in respect of such assets, which accordingly are not available to pay our other debt obligations.

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, TPG SL SPV had \$184.3 million and \$154.4 million, respectively, in investments at fair value and \$78.3 million and \$67.3 million, respectively, in liabilities, including the outstanding borrowings, on its balance sheet. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, TPG SL SPV had \$6.3 million and \$4.3 million, respectively, in restricted cash, a component of prepaid expenses and other assets, in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Borrowings of TPG SL SPV are considered our borrowings for purposes of complying with the asset coverage requirements of the 1940 Act.

[Table of Contents](#)

Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA)

On September 28, 2011, we entered into a revolving credit facility with Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, or DBTCA. At closing, the maximum principal amount of the revolving credit facility was \$150 million, subject to availability under the borrowing base. On December 22, 2011, the revolving credit facility was amended and restated, which we refer to as the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA). Under the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA), the maximum principal amount was increased from \$150 million to \$250 million subject to availability under a borrowing base. Proceeds from the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) could have been used for investment activities, expenses, working capital requirements and general corporate purposes.

During July 2013, we reduced the capacity of the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) from \$250 million to \$100 million. The elective reduction did not have a significant effect on our liquidity as (i) our borrowings are limited by the 1940 Act's asset coverage requirement; and (ii) there was adequate availability under our other credit facilities.

On November 5, 2013, we entered into an agreement to amend the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) by extending the stated maturity date from December 22, 2013 to June 30, 2014. The Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) would have matured upon the earlier of June 30, 2014 and 25 days prior to a qualifying initial public offering of the Company. On February 27, 2014, we terminated the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA), effective March 4, 2014. The outstanding balance under the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) was paid down prior to terminating the facility. We did not incur any fees or penalties in conjunction with the termination.

The Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) was secured by a perfected first priority security interest in the unfunded capital commitments of our existing investors.

Interest rates on obligations under the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) were based on prevailing LIBOR or prime lending rate plus an applicable margin. We could have elected either the LIBOR or prime rate at the time of draw-down, and loans could have been converted from one rate to another at any time, subject to certain conditions. We also paid a fee of 0.375% on undrawn amounts of the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA). In respect of each letter of credit, we paid a fee and a fixed rate while the letter of credit was outstanding.

The Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) contained customary covenants on us and our subsidiaries, including requirements to deposit all capital call proceeds into a collateral account, restrictions on certain distributions, and restrictions on certain types and amounts of indebtedness. The Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) also included customary events of default.

[Table of Contents](#)

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Portfolio Company Commitments

From time to time, we may enter into commitments to fund investments. Our senior secured revolving loan commitments are generally available on a borrower's demand and may remain outstanding until the maturity date of the applicable loan. Our senior secured term loan commitments are generally available on a borrower's demand and, once drawn, generally have the same remaining term as the associated loan agreement. Undrawn senior secured term loan commitments generally have a shorter availability period than the term of the associated loan agreement. As of December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, we had the following commitments to fund investments:

(\$ in millions)	<u>December 31, 2013</u>	<u>December 31, 2012</u>	<u>December 31, 2011</u>
Senior secured revolving loan commitments	\$ 18.4	\$ 17.5	\$ 3.8
Senior secured term loan commitments	36.6	14.5	3.0
Total Portfolio Company Commitments	<u>\$ 55.0</u>	<u>\$ 32.0</u>	<u>\$ 6.8</u>

Other Commitments and Contingencies

As of December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, we had \$1.5 billion, \$1.4 billion and \$1.2 billion, respectively, in total capital commitments from investors (\$1.0 billion, \$0.9 billion and \$1.0 billion unfunded, respectively). Of these amounts, \$117.1 million, \$114.1 million and \$70.4 million, respectively, is from the Adviser and its affiliates (\$76.7 million, \$76.6 million and \$60.3 million unfunded, respectively). These unfunded commitments will no longer remain in effect following the completion of an IPO.

We may become a party to financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk in the normal course of our business to meet the financial needs of our portfolio companies. These instruments may include commitments to extend credit and involve, to varying degrees, elements of liquidity and credit risk in excess of the amount recognized in the balance sheet. As of December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, we had outstanding commitments to fund investments totaling \$55.0 million, \$32.0 million and \$6.8 million, respectively.

We have certain contracts under which we have material future commitments. Under the Investment Advisory Agreement, our Adviser provides us with investment advisory and management services. For these services, we pay the Management Fee and the Incentive Fee.

Under the Administration Agreement, our Adviser furnishes us with office facilities and equipment, provides us clerical, bookkeeping and record keeping services at such facilities and provides us with other administrative services necessary to conduct our day-to-day operations. We reimburse our Adviser for the allocable portion (subject to the review and approval of our Board) of expenses incurred by it in performing its obligations under the Administration Agreement, including rent, the fees and expenses associated with performing compliance functions and our allocable portion of the compensation of our chief financial officer and chief compliance officer and their respective staffs. Our Adviser also offers on our behalf significant managerial assistance to those portfolio companies to which we are required to offer to provide such assistance.

[Table of Contents](#)

Contractual Obligations

A summary of our contractual payment obligations as of December 31, 2013 is as follows:

(\$ in millions)	Payments Due by Period				
	Total	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	After 5 years
Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) ⁽¹⁾	\$ 32.0	\$ 32.0	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis)	77.8	—	—	—	77.8
Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust)	322.5	—	—	322.5	—
Total Contractual Obligations	<u>\$432.3</u>	<u>\$ 32.0</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 322.5</u>	<u>\$ 77.8</u>

- (1) On February 27, 2014, we terminated the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA), effective March 4, 2014. The outstanding balance under the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) was paid down prior to terminating the facility.

In addition to the contractual payment obligations in the tables above, we also have commitments to fund investments. See “—Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements—Portfolio Company Commitments.”

Distributions

We have elected and qualified to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a RIC under subchapter M of the Code. To maintain our RIC status, we must distribute (or be treated as distributing) in each taxable year dividends for tax purposes equal to at least 90 percent of the sum of our:

- investment company taxable income (which is generally our ordinary income plus the excess of realized net short-term capital gains over realized net long-term capital losses), determined without regard to the deduction for dividends paid, for such taxable year; and
- net tax-exempt interest income (which is the excess of our gross tax exempt interest income over certain disallowed deductions) for such taxable year.

As a RIC, we (but not our stockholders) generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on investment company taxable income and net capital gains that we distribute to our stockholders.

We intend to distribute annually all or substantially all of such income. To the extent that we retain our net capital gains or any investment company taxable income, we generally will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax. We may choose to retain our net capital gains or any investment company taxable income, and pay the U.S. federal excise tax described below.

Amounts not distributed on a timely basis in accordance with a calendar year distribution requirement are subject to a nondeductible 4% U.S. federal excise tax payable by us. To avoid this tax, we must distribute (or be treated as distributing) during each calendar year an amount at least equal to the sum of:

- 98.0% of our net ordinary income excluding certain ordinary gains or losses for that calendar year;
- 98.2 % of our capital gain net income, adjusted for certain ordinary gains and losses, recognized for the twelve-month period ending on October 31 of that calendar year; and
- 100% of any income or gains recognized, but not distributed, in preceding years.

While we intend to distribute any income and capital gains in the manner necessary to minimize imposition of the 4% U.S. federal excise tax, sufficient amounts of our taxable income and capital gains may not be distributed to avoid entirely the imposition of this tax. In that event, we will be liable for this tax only on the amount by which we do not meet the foregoing distribution requirement.

[Table of Contents](#)

We intend to pay quarterly dividends to our stockholders out of assets legally available for distribution. All dividends will be paid at the discretion of our Board and will depend on our earnings, financial condition, maintenance of our RIC status, compliance with applicable BDC regulations and such other factors as our Board may deem relevant from time to time.

To the extent our current taxable earnings for a year fall below the total amount of our distributions for that year, a portion of those distributions may be deemed a return of capital to our stockholders for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Thus, the source of a distribution to our stockholders may be the original capital invested by the stockholder rather than our income or gains. Stockholders should read any written disclosure accompanying a distribution carefully and should not assume that the source of any distribution is our ordinary income or gains.

We have adopted an “opt out” dividend reinvestment plan for our common stockholders. As a result, if we declare a cash dividend or other distribution, each stockholder that has not “opted out” of our dividend reinvestment plan will have their dividends automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock rather than receiving cash dividends. Stockholders who receive distributions in the form of shares of common stock will be subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as if they received cash distributions.

Related-Party Transactions

We have entered into a number of business relationships with affiliated or related parties, including the following:

- the Investment Advisory Agreement;
- the Administration Agreement; and
- a license agreement with an affiliate of TPG under which the affiliate granted us a non-exclusive license to use the TPG name and logo, for a nominal fee, for so long as the Adviser or one of its affiliates remains our investment adviser. Other than with respect to this limited license, we have no legal right to the “TPG” name or logo.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of our consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets, and any other parameters used in determining such estimates could cause actual results to differ. Our critical accounting policies, including those relating to the valuation of our investment portfolio, are described below. The critical accounting policies should be read in connection with our risk factors as disclosed in “*ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.*”

Investments at Fair Value

Investment transactions purchased on a secondary basis are recorded on the trade date. Loan originations are recorded on the date of the binding commitment, which is generally the funding date. Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds received (excluding prepayment fees if any) and the amortized cost basis of the investment without regard to unrealized gains or losses previously recognized, and include investments charged off during the period, net of recoveries. The net change in unrealized gains or losses primarily reflects the change in investment values and also includes the reversal of previously recorded unrealized gains or losses with respect to investments realized during the period.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are typically valued at those market quotations. To validate market quotations, we utilize a number of factors to determine if the quotations are

[Table of Contents](#)

representative of fair value, including the source and number of the quotations. Debt and equity securities that are not publicly traded or whose market prices are not readily available, as is the case for substantially all of our investments, are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by our Board, based on, among other things, the input of the Adviser, our Audit Committee and independent third-party valuation firms engaged at the direction of the Board.

As part of the valuation process, the Board takes into account relevant factors in determining the fair value of our investments, including:

- the estimated enterprise value of a portfolio company (that is, the total fair value of the portfolio company's debt and equity);
- the nature and realizable value of any collateral;
- the portfolio company's ability to make payments based on its earnings and cash flow;
- the markets in which the portfolio company does business;
- a comparison of the portfolio company's securities to any similar publicly traded securities; and
- overall changes in the interest rate environment and the credit markets that may affect the price at which similar investments may be made in the future.

When an external event, such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, the Board considers whether the pricing indicated by the external event corroborates our valuation.

The Board undertakes a multi-step valuation process, which includes, among other procedures, the following:

- The valuation process begins with each investment being initially valued by the investment professionals responsible for the portfolio investment in conjunction with the portfolio management team.
- The Adviser's management reviews the preliminary valuations with the investment professionals. Agreed-upon valuation recommendations are presented to the Audit Committee.
- The Audit Committee reviews the valuations presented and recommends values for each investment to the Board.
- The Board reviews the recommended valuations and determines the fair value of each investment; valuations that are not based on readily available market quotations are valued in good faith based on, among other things, the input of the Adviser, Audit Committee and, where applicable, other third parties.

We conduct this valuation process on a quarterly basis.

In connection with debt and equity securities that are valued at fair value in good faith by the Board, the Board has engaged independent third-party valuation firms to perform certain limited procedures that the Board has identified and requested them to perform.

We apply Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification 820, *Fair Value Measurement* ("ASC 820"), as amended, which establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with U.S. GAAP and required disclosures of fair value measurements. ASC 820 determines fair value to be the price that would be received for an investment in a current sale, which assumes an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Market participants are defined as buyers and sellers in the principal or most advantageous market (which may be a hypothetical market) that are independent, knowledgeable, and willing and able to transact. In accordance with ASC 820, we consider our principal market

[Table of Contents](#)

to be the market that has the greatest volume and level of activity. ASC 820 specifies a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes and ranks the level of observability of inputs used in determination of fair value. In accordance with ASC 820, these levels are summarized below:

- Level 1—Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that we have the ability to access.
- Level 2—Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3—Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Transfers between levels, if any, are recognized at the beginning of the quarter in which the transfers occur. In addition to using the above inputs in investment valuations, we apply the valuation policy approved by our Board that is consistent with ASC 820. Consistent with the valuation policy, we evaluate the source of inputs, including any markets in which our investments are trading (or any markets in which securities with similar attributes are trading), in determining fair value. When a security is valued based on prices provided by reputable dealers or pricing services (that is, broker quotes), we subject those prices to various criteria in making the determination as to whether a particular investment would qualify for treatment as a Level 2 or Level 3 investment. For example, we review pricing methodologies provided by dealers or pricing services in order to determine if observable market information is being used, versus unobservable inputs. Some additional factors considered include the number of prices obtained, as well as an assessment as to their quality.

Our accounting policy on the fair value of our investments is critical because the determination of fair value involves subjective judgments and estimates. Accordingly, the notes to our consolidated financial statements express the uncertainty with respect to the possible effect of these valuations, and any change in these valuations, on the consolidated financial statements.

See Note 6 to our consolidated financial statements included in this Form 10-K for more information on the fair value of our investments.

Interest and Dividend Income Recognition

Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis and includes the amortization of discounts and premiums. Discounts and premiums to par value on securities purchased are amortized into interest income over the contractual life of the respective security using the effective yield method. The amortized cost of investments represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts and premiums, if any.

Loans are generally placed on non-accrual status when principal or interest payments are past due 30 days or more or when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected in full. Accrued and unpaid interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment regarding collectability. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid current and, in management's judgment, are likely to remain current. Management may determine to not place a loan on non-accrual status if the loan has sufficient collateral value and is in the process of collection.

Dividend income on preferred equity securities is recorded on an accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are payable by the portfolio company and are expected to be collected. Dividend income on common equity securities is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly traded portfolio companies.

Our accounting policy on interest and dividend income recognition is critical because it involves the primary source of our revenue and accordingly is significant to the financial results as disclosed in our consolidated financial statements.

U.S. Federal Income Taxes

We have elected to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. We also have elected to be treated as a RIC under the Code. So long as we maintain our status as a RIC, we will generally not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income or excise taxes on any ordinary income or capital gains that we distribute at least annually to our stockholders as dividends. As a result, any tax liability related to income earned and distributed by us represents obligations of our stockholders and will not be reflected in our consolidated financial statements.

We evaluate tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing our financial statements to determine whether the tax positions are “more-likely-than-not” to be sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the “more-likely-than-not” threshold are reversed and recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. All penalties and interest associated with income taxes are included in income tax expense. Conclusions regarding tax positions are subject to review and may be adjusted at a later date based on factors including on-going analyses of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof.

Our accounting policy on income taxes is critical because if we are unable to maintain our status as a RIC, we would be required to record a provision for corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes which may be significant to our financial results.

ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are subject to financial market risks, including valuation risk, interest rate risk and currency risk.

Valuation Risk

We have invested, and plan to continue to invest, primarily in illiquid debt and equity securities of private companies. Most of our investments will not have a readily available market price, and we value these investments at fair value as determined in good faith by our Board in accordance with our valuation policy. There is no single standard for determining fair value. As a result, determining fair value requires that judgment be applied to the specific facts and circumstances of each portfolio investment while employing a consistently applied valuation process for the types of investments we make. If we were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, we may realize amounts that are different from the amounts presented and such differences could be material.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate sensitivity refers to the change in earnings that may result from changes in the level of interest rates. We also fund portions of our investments with borrowings. Our net investment income is affected by the difference between the rate at which we invest and the rate at which we borrow. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income.

As of December 31, 2013, 98.8% of our debt investments at fair value in our portfolio bore interest at floating rates, subject to interest rate floors. Our credit facilities also bear interest at floating rates.

We regularly measure our exposure to interest rate risk. We assess interest rate risk and manage our interest rate exposure on an ongoing basis by comparing our interest rate-sensitive assets to our interest rate-sensitive liabilities. Based on that review, we determine whether or not any hedging transactions are necessary to mitigate exposure to changes in interest rates.

[Table of Contents](#)

Assuming that our consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2013 were to remain constant and that we took no actions to alter our existing interest rate sensitivity, the following table shows the annualized impact of hypothetical base rate changes in interest rates (considering interest rate floors for floating rate instruments):

(\$ in millions) <u>Basis Point Change</u>	<u>Interest Income</u>	<u>Interest Expense</u>	<u>Net Income</u>
Up 300 basis points	\$ 19.5	\$ 13.0	\$ 6.5
Up 200 basis points	\$ 9.4	\$ 8.6	\$ 0.8
Up 100 basis points	\$ 0.6	\$ 4.3	\$ (3.7)
Down 25 basis points	\$ —	\$ (0.7)	\$ 0.7

Although we believe that this analysis is indicative of our existing sensitivity to interest rate changes, it does not adjust for changes in the credit market, credit quality, the size and composition of the assets in our portfolio and other business developments that could affect our net income. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that actual results would not differ materially from the analysis above.

We may in the future hedge against interest rate fluctuations by using hedging instruments such as interest rate swaps, futures, options and forward contracts. While hedging activities may mitigate our exposure to adverse fluctuations in interest rates, certain hedging transactions that we may enter into in the future, such as interest rate swap agreements, may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of lower interest rates with respect to our portfolio investments.

ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

See the audited consolidated financial statements set forth herein commencing on page F-1 of this annual report on Form 10-K.

ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. As of the end of the period covered by this report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Based on that evaluation, our Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our current disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information relating to us that is required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Exchange Act). Under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer, the Company conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on the criteria established in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Based on the Company's evaluation under the framework in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework*, management concluded that the Company's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2013.

[Table of Contents](#)

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting. There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our most recently completed fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

PART III

ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Information in response to this item is incorporated by reference from our Proxy Statement relating to our 2014 annual meeting of stockholders. The Proxy Statement will be filed with the SEC within 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Form 10-K pursuant to Regulation 14A under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Information in response to this item is incorporated by reference from our Proxy Statement relating to our 2014 annual meeting of stockholders.

ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

Information in response to this item is incorporated by reference from our Proxy Statement relating to our 2014 annual meeting of stockholders.

ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIP AND RELATED TRANSACTION, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE

Information in response to this item is incorporated by reference from our Proxy Statement relating to our 2014 annual meeting of stockholders.

ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

Information in response to this item is incorporated by reference from our Proxy Statement relating to our 2014 annual meeting of stockholders.

PART IV**ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES**

The following documents are filed as part of this Annual Report:

- (1) Financial Statements—Financial statements are included in Item 8. See the Index to the Consolidated Financial Statements on page F-1 of this annual report on Form 10-K.
- (2) Financial Statement Schedules—None. We have omitted financial statements schedules because they are not required or are not applicable, or the required information is shown in the consolidated financial statements or notes to the consolidated financial statements included in this annual report on Form 10-K.
- (3) Exhibits—The following is a list of all exhibits filed as a part of this annual report on Form 10-K, including those incorporated by reference.

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description of Exhibits</u>
3.1	Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed on March 14, 2011).
3.2	Bylaws (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed on March 14, 2011).
4.1	Form of Subscription Agreement in connection with the Private Offerings (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed on January 14, 2011).
4.2	Form of Common Stock Certificate (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 22, 2012).
10.1	Form of Indemnification Agreement between the Company and certain officers and directors (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to Amendment No. 1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form 10 filed on March 14, 2011).
10.2	Administration Agreement, dated as of March 15, 2011, between the Company and the Adviser (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on March 15, 2011).
10.3	Amended and Restated Investment Advisory and Management Agreement, dated December 13, 2011, between the Company and the Adviser (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 13, 2011).
10.4	Revolving Credit Agreement, dated September 28, 2011, among TPG Specialty Lending Inc., as Borrower, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as Administrative Agent, and Lenders Party Thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2011, filed on November 14, 2011).
10.5	First Amendment to Revolving Credit Agreement, dated September 28, 2011, among TPG Specialty Lending, Inc., as Borrower, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as Administrative Agent, and Lenders Party Thereto (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2011, filed on November 14, 2011).
10.6	Amended and Restated Revolving Credit Agreement, dated December 22, 2011, among TPG Specialty Lending, Inc., as Borrower, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as Administrative Agent, and Lenders Party (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.6 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 22, 2012).
10.7	Dividend Reinvestment Plan of TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 22, 2012).

Table of Contents

<u>Exhibit No</u>	<u>Description of Exhibits</u>
10.8	Revolving Credit and Security Agreement, dated May 8, 2012, among TPG SL SPV, LLC, as Borrower, the Lenders from Time to Time Parties Hereto, Natixis, New York Branch, as Facility Agent and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as Collateral Agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 13, 2012).
10.9	Master Sale and Contribution Agreement by and between TPG Specialty Lending, Inc., as the Originator and TPG SL SPV, LLC, as the Buyer, dated as of May 8, 2012 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 13, 2012).
10.10	Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of August 23, 2012, among TPG Specialty Lending, Inc., as Borrower, the Lenders Party Hereto and SunTrust Bank, as Administrative Agent, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Syndication Agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on November 14, 2012).
10.11	First Amendment to Amended and Restated Revolving Credit Agreement, dated October 31, 2012, among TPG Specialty Lending, Inc., as Borrower, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as Administrative Agent, and Lenders Named Herein (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on November 14, 2012).
10.12	Custodian Agreement dated November 29, 2012 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on December 4, 2012).
10.13	Instrument of Removal, Appointment and Acceptance, dated November 29, 2012, among State Street Bank and Trust Company and TPG SL SPV, LLC, TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. and the Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on January 2, 2013).
10.14	Second Amendment to Amended and Restated Revolving Credit Agreement, dated May 7, 2013, among TPG Specialty Lending, Inc., as Borrower, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as Administrative Agent, and Lenders Named Herein (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on May 10, 2013)
10.15	Amended and Restated Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement, dated as of July 2, 2013, among TPG Specialty Lending, Inc., the lenders party thereto, SunTrust Bank as administrative agent and JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A. as syndication agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on July 9, 2013)
10.16	Amendment No. 1 dated July 17, 2013 to Revolving Credit and Security Agreement, dated May 8, 2012, among TPG SL SPV, LLC, as Borrower, the Lenders from Time to Time Parties Hereto, Natixis, New York Branch, as Facility Agent and The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., as Collateral Agent (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed on August 9, 2013)
10.17	Third Amendment to Amended and Restated Revolving Credit Agreement, dated November 5, 2013, among TPG Specialty Lending, Inc., as Borrower, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as Administrative Agent, and Lenders Named Herein (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on November 7, 2013)
10.18	Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Security Agreement, dated as of January 21, 2014, among TPG SL SPV, LLC, as Borrower, the Lenders from Time to Time Parties Hereto, Natixis, New York Branch, as Facility Agent and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent

Table of Contents

<u>Exhibit No</u>	<u>Description of Exhibits</u>
10.19	Amended and Restated Master Sale and Contribution Agreement by and between TPG Specialty Lending, Inc., as the Originator and TPG SL SPV, LLC, as the Buyer, dated as of January 21, 2014
10.20	Second Amended and Restated Senior Secured Credit Agreement, dated February 27, 2014, among TPG Specialty Lending, Inc., as Borrower, the Lenders Party Hereto and SunTrust Bank, as Administrative Agent, and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as Syndication Agent.
21.1	Subsidiaries of TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.
31.1	Certification of Co-Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Co-Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.3	Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32	Certification of Co-CEOs and CFO Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: March 4, 2014

TPG SPECIALTY LENDING, INC.

/s/ Michael Fishman
Co-Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Joshua Easterly
Co-Chief Executive Officer

Each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints Michael Fishman, Joshua Easterly, Alan Kirshenbaum, David Stiepleman and Jennifer Mello, and each of them, such person's true and lawful attorney-in-fact and agent, with full power of substitution and revocation, for such person and in such person's name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign one or more Annual Reports on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, and any and all amendments thereto, and to file same with all exhibits thereto, and other documents in connection therewith, with the Securities and Exchange Commission, granting unto said attorneys-in-fact and agents, and each of them, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in connection therewith, as fully to all intents and purposes as such person might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorneys-in-fact and agents and each of them, or their or his substitute or substitutes, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities indicated on March 4, 2014.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>
<u>/s/ Michael Fishman</u>	Co-Chief Executive Officer and a Director (Principal Executive Officer)
<u>/s/ Joshua Easterly</u>	Co-Chief Executive Officer and Director and Chairman of the Board of Directors
<u>/s/ Alan Kirshenbaum</u>	Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)
<u>/s/ John A. Ross</u>	Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee
<u>/s/ Richard A. Higginbotham</u>	Director
<u>/s/ Ronald K. Tanemura</u>	Director

[Table of Contents](#)

TPG SPECIALTY LENDING, INC.

INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	F-2
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of December 31, 2013 and 2012	F-3
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the Years Ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011	F-4
Consolidated Schedules of Investments as of December 31, 2013 and 2012	F-5
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets for the Years Ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011	F-12
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011	F-13
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	F-14

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Stockholders
TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. (and subsidiaries) (the Company), including the consolidated schedules of investments, as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2013. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, by correspondence with custodians or by other appropriate auditing procedures. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. (and subsidiaries) as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, the results of their operations and their cash flows, and the changes in net assets for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2013 in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

/s/ KPMG LLP

San Francisco, California
March 4, 2014

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.
Consolidated Balance Sheets
(\$ in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Assets		
Investments at fair value		
Non-controlled, non-affiliated investments (amortized cost of \$997,298 and \$644,421, respectively)	\$1,016,451	\$ 653,944
Cash and cash equivalents	3,471	161,825
Interest receivable	4,933	2,354
Receivable for investments sold	—	1,976
Prepaid expenses and other assets	14,295	13,050
Total Assets	\$1,039,150	\$ 833,149
Liabilities		
Revolving credit facilities	\$ 432,267	\$ 331,836
Management fees payable to affiliate	1,580	1,464
Incentive fees payable to affiliate	6,136	4,053
Dividends payable	14,810	10,260
Payable for investments purchased	1,974	2,759
Payable on foreign currency forward contracts	1,244	—
Payables to affiliate	2,668	480
Other liabilities	3,775	2,494
Total Liabilities	464,454	353,346
Commitments and contingencies (Note 8)		
Net Assets		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding	—	—
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized, 37,027,022 and 31,583,953 shares issued, respectively; and 37,026,023 and 31,582,954 shares outstanding, respectively (1)	370	316
Additional paid-in capital (1)	552,436	469,398
Treasury stock at cost; 999 shares	(1)	(1)
Undistributed net investment income	3,981	(1,016)
Net unrealized gains on investments	17,910	9,523
Undistributed net realized gains on investments	—	1,583
Total Net Assets	574,696	479,803
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$1,039,150	\$ 833,149
Net Asset Value Per Share	\$ 15.52	\$ 15.19

(1) As further described in Note 9, the amounts as of December 31, 2012 have been retroactively adjusted for the stock split which was effected in the form of a stock dividend.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Operations
(\$ in thousands, except share and per share amounts)

	Year Ended December 31, 2013	Year Ended December 31, 2012	Year Ended December 31, 2011
Income			
Investment income from non-controlled, non-affiliated investments:			
Interest from investments	\$ 90,374	\$ 46,402	\$ 4,059
Other income	2,233	630	10
Interest from cash and cash equivalents	3	14	10
Total investment income from non-controlled, non-affiliated investments	92,610	47,046	4,079
Investment income from non-controlled, affiliated investments:			
Interest from investments	—	2,724	1,231
Dividend income	—	1,231	—
Other income	—	10	5
Total investment income from non-controlled, affiliated investments	—	3,965	1,236
Total Investment Income	92,610	51,011	5,315
Expenses			
Interest	10,469	6,020	800
Initial organization	—	—	1,500
Management fees	13,376	8,892	1,593
Incentive fees	11,790	6,996	347
Professional fees	3,691	2,881	1,563
Directors' fees	285	287	245
Other general and administrative	2,434	1,564	773
Total expenses	42,045	26,640	6,821
Management fees waived (Note 3)	(7,135)	(3,704)	(7)
Net Expenses	34,910	22,936	6,814
Net Investment Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes	57,700	28,075	(1,499)
Income taxes, including excise taxes	199	46	—
Net Investment Income (Loss)	57,501	28,029	(1,499)
Unrealized and Realized Gains			
Net change in unrealized gains (losses):			
Non-controlled, non-affiliated investments	9,630	7,372	1,430
Non-controlled, affiliated investments	—	(161)	882
Foreign currency forward contracts	(1,244)	—	—
Total net change in unrealized gains	8,386	7,211	2,312
Realized gains:			
Non-controlled, non-affiliated investments	1,061	4,255	—
Non-controlled, affiliated investments	—	100	—
Foreign currency forward contracts	35	—	—
Total realized gains	1,096	4,355	—
Total Unrealized and Realized Gains	9,482	11,566	2,312
Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$ 66,983	\$ 39,595	\$ 813
Earnings per common share—basic and diluted ⁽¹⁾	\$ 1.93	\$ 1.93	\$ 0.24
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding—basic and diluted ⁽¹⁾	34,635,208	20,541,475	3,347,602

(1) As further described in Note 9, the indicated amounts for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011 have been retroactively adjusted for the stock split which was effected in the form of a stock dividend.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.
Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of December 31, 2013
(\$ in thousands, except share amounts)

Company ⁽¹⁾	Investment	Interest	Initial Acquisition Date	Amortized Cost ⁽²⁾	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Debt Investments						
Aerospace and defense						
MSC Software Corporation ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁶⁾	First-lien loan (\$53,452 par, due 11/2017)	7.75%	12/23/2011	\$ 52,828	\$ 53,720	9.3%
Automotive						
Heartland Automotive Holdings, LLC ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	First-lien loan (\$36,733 par, due 6/2017)	9.75%	8/28/2012	36,002	36,182	6.3%
	First-lien revolving loan (\$4,611 par, due 6/2017)	10.75%	8/28/2012	4,500	4,528	0.8%
Sage Automotive Interiors, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁶⁾	First-lien loan (\$21,553 par, due 12/2016)	8.50%	12/31/2012	21,336	21,445	3.7%
				<u>61,838</u>	<u>62,155</u>	<u>10.8%</u>
Beverage, food and tobacco						
AFS Technologies, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁶⁾	First-lien loan (\$44,394 par, due 8/2015)	7.75%	8/31/2011	43,837	45,837	8.0%
Business services						
Actian Corporation ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁶⁾	First-lien loan (\$67,933 par, due 4/2018)	8.50%	4/11/2013	65,762	66,405	11.6%
Aptean Holdings, Inc. f/k/a Consona Holdings, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	First-lien loan (\$29,625 par, due 8/2018)	7.25%	8/13/2012	29,279	29,477	5.1%
Beyond Trust Software Holding Group, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁶⁾	First-lien loan (\$42,500 par, due 12/2019)	7.25%	12/18/2013	41,462	41,437	7.2%
Network Merchants, Inc ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	First-lien loan (\$29,659 par, due 9/2018)	8.75%	9/12/2013	29,105	29,202	5.1%
				<u>165,608</u>	<u>166,521</u>	<u>29.0%</u>
Construction and building						
Mannington Mills, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	Second-lien loan (\$47,430 par, due 3/2017)	14.00% (incl. 2.00% PIK)	3/2/2012	46,545	51,817	9.0%
Containers and packaging						
The Newark Group, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	First-lien loan (\$46,560 par, due 2/2018)	8.50%	2/8/2013	46,164	47,142	8.2%
Education						
Campus Management, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁶⁾	First-lien loan (\$29,625 par, due 9/2018)	8.75%	9/30/2013	28,931	29,032	5.1%

Table of Contents

Company ⁽¹⁾	Investment	Interest	Initial Acquisition Date	Amortized Cost ⁽²⁾	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Financial services						
Embarcadero Technologies, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁶⁾	First-lien loan (\$42,479 par, due 12/2017)	8.00%	12/28/2012	41,597	42,372	7.4%
Rogue Wave Holdings, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁶⁾	First-lien loan (\$76,337 par, due 12/2018)	8.25%	11/21/2012	74,752	75,764	13.2%
				<u>116,349</u>	<u>118,136</u>	<u>20.6%</u>
Healthcare and pharmaceuticals						
Mediware Information Systems, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁶⁾	First-lien loan (\$71,634 par, due 5/2018)	8.00%	11/9/2012	70,120	71,097	12.4%
SRS Software, LLC ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	First-lien loan (\$35,625 par, due 12/2017)	8.75%	12/28/2012	34,782	35,625	6.2%
	First-lien revolving loan (\$2,000 par, due 12/2017)	8.75%	12/28/2012	2,000	2,000	0.3%
				<u>106,902</u>	<u>108,722</u>	<u>18.9%</u>
Hotel, gaming, and leisure						
AMF Bowling Worldwide, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	First-lien loan (\$14,813 par, due 6/2018)	8.75%	7/2/2013	13,687	14,821	2.6%
Centaur, LLC ⁽³⁾	Second-lien loan (\$10,000 par, due 2/2020)	8.75%	2/15/2013	9,923	10,250	1.8%
Mandalay Baseball Properties, LLC ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	First-lien loan (\$34,886 par, due 3/2017)	12.00% (incl. 4.50% PIK)	4/12/2012	34,303	35,758	6.2%
Soho House ⁽⁵⁾	Second-lien bond (GBP 7,000 par, due 10/2018)	9.13%	9/20/2013	11,200	11,913	2.1%
				<u>69,113</u>	<u>72,742</u>	<u>12.7%</u>
Human resource support services						
Pai Group, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	First-lien loan (\$34,737 par, due 5/2018)	10.50%	5/8/2013	33,979	34,141	5.9%
SumTotal Systems, LLC ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	First-lien loan (\$7,483 par, due 11/2018)	6.25%	11/16/2012	7,405	7,371	1.3%
	Second-lien loan (\$12,000 par, due 5/2019)	10.25%	11/16/2012	11,932	11,790	2.1%
				<u>53,316</u>	<u>53,302</u>	<u>9.3%</u>

Table of Contents

Company ⁽¹⁾	Investment	Interest	Initial Acquisition Date	Amortized Cost ⁽²⁾	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Insurance						
Infogix, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	First-lien loan (\$31,888 par, due 6/2017)	10.00%	6/1/2012	31,433	31,808	5.5%
	First-lien revolving loan (\$850 par, due 6/2017)	10.00%	6/1/2012	782	838	0.1%
				<u>32,215</u>	<u>32,646</u>	<u>5.6%</u>
Manufacturing						
Jeeves Information Systems AB ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (SEK 177,161 par, due 6/2018)	9.25%	6/5/2013	26,486	27,170	4.7%
Metals and mining						
Metalico, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁶⁾	First-lien loan (\$35,650 par, due 11/2019)	9.50%	11/21/2013	33,523	33,841	5.9%
Office products						
Ecommerce Industries, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁶⁾	First-lien loan (\$19,936 par, due 10/2016)	8.00%	10/17/2011	19,764	20,086	3.5%
Oil, gas and consumable fuels						
Global Geophysical ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	First-lien loan (\$40,883 par, due 9/2016)	10.75%	9/30/2013	39,617	40,065	7.0%
Transportation						
Kewill, Ltd. ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	Second-lien loan (\$52,500 par, due 10/2019)	9.50%	10/2/2013	51,482	51,713	9.0%
Total Debt Investments				<u>994,518</u>	<u>1,014,647</u>	<u>176.6%</u>
Equity Investments						
Business services						
Network Merchants, Inc	Non-Voting Preferred Units (774,099 units)		9/12/2013	780	780	0.1%
Healthcare and pharmaceuticals						
SRS Parent Corp.	Common Shares Class A (1,980 shares)		12/28/2012	1,980	1,024	0.2%
	Common Shares Class B (2,953,020 shares)		12/28/2012	20	—	0.0%
				<u>2,000</u>	<u>1,024</u>	<u>0.2%</u>
Total Equity Investments				<u>2,780</u>	<u>1,804</u>	<u>0.3%</u>
Total Investments				<u>\$997,298</u>	<u>\$1,016,451</u>	<u>176.9%</u>

(1) Unless otherwise indicated, the Company's portfolio companies are domiciled in the United States. As of December 31, 2013, the Company does not "control" any of the portfolio companies nor are any of its portfolio companies considered to be "affiliates" (see Note 4). Certain portfolio company investments are subject to contractual restrictions on sales.

(2) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts and premiums, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.

Table of Contents

- (3) Loan contains a variable rate structure, subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate loans bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either LIBOR or an alternate base rate, at the borrower's option, which reset periodically based on the terms of the loan agreement. For each such loan we have provided the interest rate in effect on the date presented.
- (4) The investment, or a portion thereof, is held within TPG SL SPV, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and is pledged as collateral supporting the amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis) (see Note 7).
- (5) This portfolio company is a non-U.S. corporation and, as a result, is not a qualifying asset under Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act. Under the 1940 Act, the Company may not acquire any non-qualifying asset unless, at the time such acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of total assets.
- (6) In addition to the interest earned based on the stated interest rate of this loan, which is the amount reflected in this schedule, the Company may be entitled to receive additional interest as a result of an arrangement with other lenders in the syndication.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.
Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of December 31, 2012
(\$ in thousands, except share amounts)

<u>Company</u> ⁽¹⁾	<u>Investment</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Initial Acquisition Date</u>	<u>Amortized Cost</u> ⁽²⁾	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Percentage of Net Assets</u>
Debt Investments						
Aerospace and defense						
MSC.Software Corporation ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$56,266 par, due 11/2017)	7.75%	12/23/2011	\$ 55,423	\$ 55,984	11.7%
Automotive						
Heartland Automotive Holdings, LLC ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$38,951 par, due 6/2017)	9.00%	8/28/2012	37,998	38,075	7.9%
	First-lien revolving loan (\$555 par, due 6/2017)	10.00%	8/28/2012	413	431	0.1%
Sage Automotive Interiors, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$19,878 par, due 12/2016)	9.50%	12/31/2012	19,717	19,679	4.1%
				<u>58,128</u>	<u>58,185</u>	<u>12.1%</u>
Beverage, food and tobacco						
AFS Technologies, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$46,884 par, due 8/2015)	7.75%	8/31/2011	45,987	46,532	9.7%
Checkers Drive-In Restaurants, Inc. ⁽⁵⁾	Second-lien bond (\$10,000 par, due 12/2017)	11.00%	11/16/2012	10,017	10,025	2.1%
				<u>56,004</u>	<u>56,557</u>	<u>11.8%</u>
Business services						
Consona Holdings, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$29,925 par, due 8/2018)	7.25%	8/13/2012	29,514	29,925	6.2%
Attachmate Corporation ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$926 par, due 11/2017)	7.25%	6/25/2012	944	894	0.2%
				<u>30,458</u>	<u>30,819</u>	<u>6.4%</u>
Capital equipment						
Federal Signal Corporation ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$41,608 par, due 2/2017)	12.00%	2/22/2012	40,897	43,064	9.0%
International Equipment Solutions, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$29,391 par, due 9/2016)	8.50%	9/18/2012	28,732	28,876	6.0%
				<u>69,629</u>	<u>71,940</u>	<u>15.0%</u>
Construction and building						
Mannington Mills, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	Second-lien loan (\$50,537 par, due 3/2017)	14.00% (incl. 2.00% PIK)	3/2/2012	49,551	53,190	11.1%

Table of Contents

Company ⁽¹⁾	Investment	Interest	Initial Acquisition Date	Amortized Cost ⁽²⁾	Fair Value	Percentage of Net Assets
Environmental Services						
Synagro Technologies, Inc. ⁽³⁾	First-lien loan (\$3,134 par, due 10/2014)	2.31%	11/8/2012	2,759	2,813	0.6%
	Second-lien loan (\$5,670 par, due 10/2014)	7.00%	9/14/2012	2,814	1,517	0.3%
				<u>5,573</u>	<u>4,330</u>	<u>0.9%</u>
Financial services						
Embarcadero Technologies, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$59,714 par, due 12/2017)	8.00%	12/28/2012	58,223	58,221	12.1%
Rogue Wave Holdings, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$40,000 par, due 11/2017)	8.25%	11/21/2012	38,947	39,600	8.3%
				<u>97,170</u>	<u>97,821</u>	<u>20.4%</u>
Healthcare and pharmaceuticals						
eResearch Technology, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$24,937 par, due 5/2018)	8.00%	7/3/2012	24,006	24,626	5.1%
Mediware Information Systems, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$50,500 par, due 5/2018)	8.00%	11/9/2012	49,230	49,218	10.3%
SRS Software, LLC ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$37,500 par, due 12/2017)	8.75%	12/28/2012	36,439	36,563	7.6%
				<u>109,675</u>	<u>110,407</u>	<u>23.0%</u>
Hotel, gaming, and leisure						
Mandalay Baseball Properties, LLC ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$28,414 par, due 3/2017)	12.00% (incl. 4.00% PIK)	4/12/2012	27,684	28,556	6.0%
Human resource support services						
SumTotal Systems, LLC ⁽³⁾	First-lien loan (\$10,000 par, due 11/2018)	6.25%	11/16/2012	9,867	9,925	2.1%
	Second-lien loan (\$5,000 par, due 5/2018)	10.25%	11/16/2012	4,950	4,925	1.0%
				<u>14,817</u>	<u>14,850</u>	<u>3.1%</u>
Insurance						
Infogix, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$30,613 par, due 6/2017)	10.00%	6/1/2012	29,974	30,346	6.3%
Office products						
Ecommerce Industries, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$21,562 par, due 10/2016)	8.00%	10/17/2011	21,286	21,808	4.5%
Transportation						
Teletrac, Inc. ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	First-lien loan (\$17,413 par, due 7/2017)	6.65%	7/23/2012	17,049	17,151	3.6%
Total Debt Investments				<u>642,421</u>	<u>651,944</u>	<u>135.9%</u>

[Table of Contents](#)

<u>Company</u> ⁽¹⁾	<u>Investment</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Initial Acquisition Date</u>	<u>Amortized Cost</u> ⁽²⁾	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Percentage of Net Assets</u>
Equity Investments						
Healthcare and pharmaceuticals						
SRS Parent Corp.	Common Shares Class A (1,980 shares)		12/28/2012	1,980	1,980	0.4%
	Common Shares Class B (2,953,020 shares)		12/28/2012	20	20	0.0%
				<u>2,000</u>	<u>2,000</u>	<u>0.4%</u>
	Total Equity Investments			<u>2,000</u>	<u>2,000</u>	<u>0.4%</u>
	Total Investments			<u>\$644,421</u>	<u>\$653,944</u>	<u>136.3%</u>

- (1) Unless otherwise indicated, the Company's portfolio companies are domiciled in the United States. Under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), the Company would "control" a portfolio company if the Company owned more than 25% of its outstanding voting securities and/or had the power to exercise control over the management or policies of such portfolio company. As of December 31, 2012, the Company does not "control" any of the portfolio companies nor were any of the portfolio companies deemed to be "affiliates". Certain portfolio company investments are subject to contractual restrictions on sales.
- (2) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts and premiums, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.
- (3) Loan contains a variable rate structure, subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate loans bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either LIBOR or an alternate base rate, at the borrower's option, which reset periodically based on the terms of the loan agreement. For each such loan, we have provided the interest rate in effect on the date presented.
- (4) In addition to the interest earned based on the stated interest rate of this loan, which is the amount reflected in this schedule, the Company may be entitled to receive additional amounts as a result of an arrangement between the Company and other lenders in any syndication.
- (5) The investment, or a portion thereof, is held within TPG SL SPV, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, and is pledged as collateral supporting the amounts outstanding under the Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis) (see Note 7).

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets
(\$ in thousands)

	Year Ended December 31, 2013	Year Ended December 31, 2012	Year Ended December 31, 2011
Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations			
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 57,501	\$ 28,029	\$ (1,499)
Net change in unrealized gains on investments	8,386	7,211	2,312
Net realized gains on investments	1,096	4,355	—
Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	<u>66,983</u>	<u>39,595</u>	<u>813</u>
Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Capital Share Transactions			
Issuance of common shares sold	56,857	287,692	172,928
Purchase of treasury shares	—	—	(1)
Reinvestment of dividends	26,438	9,194	—
Dividends declared from net investment income	(48,301)	(26,997)	(649)
Dividends declared from realized gains	(7,084)	(2,773)	—
Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Capital Share Transactions	<u>27,910</u>	<u>267,116</u>	<u>172,278</u>
Total Increase in Net Assets	<u>94,893</u>	<u>306,711</u>	<u>173,091</u>
Net assets, beginning of period	479,803	173,092	1
Net Assets, End of Period	<u>\$ 574,696</u>	<u>\$ 479,803</u>	<u>\$ 173,092</u>
Undistributed Net Investment Income Included in Net Assets at the End of the Period	\$ 3,981	\$ (1,016)	\$ (2,094)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(\$ in thousands)

	Year Ended December 31, 2013	Year Ended December 31, 2012	Year Ended December 31, 2011
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 66,983	\$ 39,595	\$ 813
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets resulting from operations to net cash used in operating activities:			
Net change in unrealized gains on investments	(9,630)	(7,211)	(2,312)
Net change in unrealized loss on foreign currency forward contracts	1,244	—	—
Net realized gains on investments	(1,061)	(4,355)	—
Net realized gains on foreign currency forward contracts	(35)	—	—
Net amortization of discount on securities	(6,728)	(4,489)	(343)
Amortization of debt issuance costs	1,903	1,496	190
Purchases of investments, net	(602,988)	(760,668)	(184,196)
Proceeds from investments, net	46,390	119,126	—
Repayments on investments	214,293	190,594	2,503
Paid-in-kind interest	(2,749)	(1,808)	—
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Interest receivable	(2,579)	(1,071)	(1,283)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	443	(6,292)	(1,008)
Management fees payable	116	531	933
Incentive fees payable	2,083	3,706	347
Payable to affiliate	2,188	(577)	1,057
Other liabilities	496	1,324	1,171
Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	<u>(289,631)</u>	<u>(430,099)</u>	<u>(182,128)</u>
Cash Flows from Financing Activities			
Borrowings on revolving credit facilities	902,000	1,332,688	304,000
Payments on revolving credit facilities	(801,569)	(1,155,852)	(149,000)
Debt issuance costs	(1,615)	(5,328)	(2,108)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	56,857	287,692	172,928
Purchase of treasury stock	—	—	(1)
Dividends paid to stockholders	(24,396)	(10,968)	—
Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities	<u>131,277</u>	<u>448,232</u>	<u>325,819</u>
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>(158,354)</u>	<u>18,133</u>	<u>143,691</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	161,825	143,692	1
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period	<u>\$ 3,471</u>	<u>\$ 161,825</u>	<u>\$ 143,692</u>
Supplemental Information:			
Interest paid during the period	\$ 8,792	\$ 3,580	\$ 314
Excise taxes paid during the period	\$ 46	\$ —	\$ —
Dividends declared during the period	\$ 55,385	\$ 29,770	\$ 649
Reinvestment of dividends during the period	\$ 26,438	\$ 9,194	\$ —
Subscription receivable from common stockholders	\$ —	\$ 1,870	\$ 106

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(\$ in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

Organization

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. (“TSL” or the “Company”) is a Delaware corporation formed on July 21, 2010. The Company was formed primarily to lend to, and selectively invest in, middle-market companies in the United States. The Company has elected to be regulated as a business development company (“BDC”) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”). In addition, for tax purposes, the Company has elected to be treated as a regulated investment company (“RIC”) under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”). TSL is managed by TSL Advisers, LLC (the “Adviser”). On June 1, 2011, the Company formed a wholly-owned subsidiary, TC Lending, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company. On March 22, 2012, the Company formed a wholly-owned subsidiary, TPG SL SPV, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company.

During the six months ended June 30, 2011, the Company was a development stage company as defined in ASC 915-10-05, *Development Stage Entity*. During this time the Company was devoting substantially all of its efforts to establishing the business and its planned principal operations had not commenced. All losses accumulated during the six months ended June 30, 2011, have been considered a part of the Company’s development stage activities.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”), and include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting solely of accruals considered necessary for the fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements for the periods presented, have been included. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Certain prior period information has been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. These reclassifications have no effect on the Company’s financial position or its results of operations as previously reported.

Fiscal Year End

The Company’s fiscal year ends on December 31.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements. Such amounts could differ from those estimates and such differences could be material.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents may consist of demand deposits and highly liquid investments (e.g., money market funds, U.S. Treasury notes, and similar type instruments) with original maturities of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost, which approximates fair value. The Company deposits its cash and cash equivalents with highly-rated banking corporations and, at times, cash deposits may exceed the insured limits under applicable law.

[Table of Contents](#)

Investments at Fair Value

Investment transactions purchased on a secondary basis are recorded on the trade date. Loan originations are recorded on the date of the binding commitment, which is generally the funding date. Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds received (excluding prepayment fees if any) and the amortized cost basis of the investment without regard to unrealized gains or losses previously recognized, and include investments charged off during the period, net of recoveries. The net change in unrealized gains or losses primarily reflects the change in investment values and also includes the reversal of previously recorded unrealized gains or losses with respect to investments realized during the period.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are typically valued at those market quotations. To validate market quotations, the Company utilizes a number of factors to determine if the quotations are representative of fair value, including the source and number of the quotations. Debt and equity securities that are not publicly traded or whose market prices are not readily available, as is the case for substantially all of our investments, are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board"), based on, among other things, the input of the Adviser, the Company's Audit Committee and independent third-party valuation firms engaged at the direction of the Board.

As part of the valuation process, the Board takes into account relevant factors in determining the fair value of its investments, including: the estimated enterprise value of a portfolio company (that is, the total fair value of the portfolio company's debt and equity), the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments based on its earnings and cash flow, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, a comparison of the portfolio company's securities to any similar publicly traded securities, overall changes in the interest rate environment and the credit markets that may affect the price at which similar investments may be made in the future. When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, the Board considers whether the pricing indicated by the external event corroborates its valuation.

The Board undertakes a multi-step valuation process, which includes, among other procedures, the following:

- The valuation process begins with each investment being initially valued by the investment professionals responsible for the portfolio investment in conjunction with the portfolio management team.
- The Adviser's management reviews the preliminary valuations with the investment professionals. Agreed upon valuation recommendations are presented to the Audit Committee.
- The Audit Committee reviews the valuations presented and recommends values for each investment to the Board.
- The Board reviews the recommended valuations and determines the fair value of each investment; valuations that are not based on readily available market quotations are valued in good faith based on, among other things, the input of the Adviser, Audit Committee and, where applicable, other third parties.

The Company currently conducts this valuation process on a quarterly basis.

In connection with debt and equity securities that are valued at fair value in good faith by the Board, the Board has engaged independent third-party valuation firms to perform certain limited procedures that the Board has identified and requested them to perform. At December 31, 2013, the independent third-party valuation firms performed their procedures over substantially all of the Company's investments. Upon completion of such limited procedures, the third-party valuation firms determined that the fair value, as determined by the Board, of those investments subjected to their limited procedures, was reasonable.

[Table of Contents](#)

The Company applies Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification 820, *Fair Value Measurement* (ASC 820), as amended, which establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with U.S. GAAP and required disclosures of fair value measurements. ASC 820 determines fair value to be the price that would be received for an investment in a current sale, which assumes an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Market participants are defined as buyers and sellers in the principal or most advantageous market (which may be a hypothetical market) that are independent, knowledgeable, and willing and able to transact. In accordance with ASC 820, the Company considers its principal market to be the market that has the greatest volume and level of activity. ASC 820 specifies a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes and ranks the level of observability of inputs used in determination of fair value. In accordance with ASC 820, these levels are summarized below:

- Level 1—Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2—Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3—Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Transfers between levels, if any, are recognized at the beginning of the quarter in which the transfers occur. In addition to using the above inputs in investment valuations, the Company applies the valuation policy approved by its Board that is consistent with ASC 820. Consistent with the valuation policy, the Company evaluates the source of inputs, including any markets in which its investments are trading (or any markets in which securities with similar attributes are trading), in determining fair value. When a security is valued based on prices provided by reputable dealers or pricing services (that is, broker quotes), the Company subjects those prices to various criteria in making the determination as to whether a particular investment would qualify for treatment as a Level 2 or Level 3 investment. For example, we review pricing methodologies provided by dealers or pricing services in order to determine if observable market information is being used, versus unobservable inputs. Some additional factors considered include the number of prices obtained as well as an assessment as to their quality.

Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of the Company's investments may fluctuate from period to period. Additionally, the fair value of such investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments and may differ materially from the values that may ultimately be realized. Further, such investments are generally less liquid than publicly traded securities and may be subject to contractual and other restrictions on resale. If the Company were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, it could realize amounts that are different from the amounts presented and such differences could be material.

In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the unrealized gains or losses reflected herein.

Financial and Derivative Instruments

The Company recognizes all derivative instruments as assets or liabilities at fair value in its consolidated financial statements. Derivative contracts entered into by the Company are not designated as hedging instruments, and as a result the Company presents changes in fair value through current period earnings.

In the normal course of business, the Company has commitments and risks resulting from its investment transactions, which may include those involving derivative instruments. Derivative instruments are measured in terms of the notional contract amount and derive their value based upon one or more underlying instruments. While the notional amount gives some indication of the Company's volume of derivative trading activity, it

[Table of Contents](#)

generally is not exchanged, but is only used as the basis on which interest and other payments are exchanged. Derivative instruments are subject to various risks similar to non-derivative instruments including market, credit, liquidity, and operational risks. The Company manages these risks on an aggregate basis as part of its risk management policies.

Offsetting Assets and Liabilities

The Company presents the fair value of foreign currency forward contracts executed with the same counterparty on a net basis given the Company has the legal right to offset the recognized amounts, and it intends to settle on a net basis.

Foreign currency forward contract receivables or payables pending settlement are offset, and the net amount is included with receivable or payable for foreign currency forward contracts in the consolidated balance sheets when, and only when, the Company has the legal right to offset the recognized amounts, and it intends to either settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Foreign Currency

Foreign currency amounts are translated into U.S. dollars on the following basis:

- market value of investments, other assets and liabilities: at the spot exchange rate on the last business day of the period; and
- purchases and sales of investments, income and expenses: at the rates of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions, income or expenses.

Although net assets and fair values are presented based on the applicable foreign exchange rates described above, the Company does not isolate that portion of the results of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in fair values of investments held. Such fluctuations are included with the net realized and unrealized gain or loss from investments.

Investments denominated in foreign currencies and foreign currency transactions may involve certain considerations and risks not typically associated with those of domestic origin, including unanticipated movements in the value of the foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar.

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs for revolving credit facilities are amortized over the life of the related debt instrument using the straight line method.

Interest and Dividend Income Recognition

Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis and includes the amortization of discounts and premiums. Discounts and premiums to par value on securities purchased are amortized into interest income over the contractual life of the respective security using the effective yield method. The amortized cost of investments represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts and premiums, if any.

Loans are generally placed on non-accrual status when principal or interest payments are past due 30 days or more or when there is reasonable doubt that principal or interest will be collected in full. Accrued and unpaid interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment regarding collectability. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest is paid current and, in management's judgment, are likely to remain current. Management may determine to not place a loan on non-accrual status if the loan has sufficient collateral value and is in the process of collection.

[Table of Contents](#)

Dividend income on preferred equity securities is recorded on an accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are payable by the portfolio company and are expected to be collected. Dividend income on common equity securities is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly-traded portfolio companies.

Other Income

From time to time, the Company may receive fees for services provided to portfolio companies by the Adviser. These fees are generally only available to the Company as a result of closing investments, are normally paid at the closing of the investments, are generally non-recurring and are recognized as revenue when earned upon closing of the investment. The services that the Adviser provides vary by investment, but generally include structuring or diligence fees, and fees for providing managerial assistance to our portfolio companies.

In certain instances where the Company is invited to participate as a co-lender in a transaction and does not provide significant services in connection with the investment, all or a portion of any loan fees received by the Company in such situations will be deferred and amortized over the investment's life using the effective yield method.

Reimbursement of Transaction-Related Expenses

The Company may receive reimbursement for certain transaction-related expenses in pursuing investments. Transaction-related expenses, which are expected to be reimbursed by third parties, are typically deferred until the transaction is consummated and are recorded in Prepaid expenses and other assets on the date incurred. The costs of successfully completed investments not otherwise reimbursed are borne by the Company and included as a component of the investment's cost basis. Subsequent to closing, investments are recorded at fair value at each reporting period.

Cash advances received in respect of transaction-related expenses are recorded as Cash and cash equivalents with an offset to Other liabilities or Payables to affiliates. Other liabilities or Payables to affiliates are relieved as reimbursable expenses are incurred.

Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. The Company also has elected to be treated as a RIC under the Code for the taxable year ended March 31, 2013. So long as the Company maintains its status as a RIC, it will generally not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income or excise taxes on any ordinary income or capital gains that it distributes at least annually to its stockholders as dividends. As a result, any tax liability related to income earned and distributed by the Company represents obligations of the Company's stockholders and will not be reflected in the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

The Company evaluates tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing its financial statements to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" to be sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the "more-likely-than-not" threshold are reversed and recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. All penalties and interest associated with income taxes are included in income tax expense. Conclusions regarding tax positions are subject to review and may be adjusted at a later date based on factors including, but not limited to, on-going analyses of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof.

Dividends to Common Stockholders

Dividends to common stockholders are recorded on the record date. The amount to be paid out as a dividend is determined by the Board and is generally based upon the earnings estimated by the Adviser. Net realized long-term capital gains, if any, would be generally distributed at least annually, although the Company may decide to retain such capital gains for investment.

[Table of Contents](#)

The Company has adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides for reinvestment of any dividends declared in cash on behalf of stockholders, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash. As a result, if the Board authorizes, and it declares, a cash dividend, then the stockholders who have not “opted out” of the dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash dividends automatically reinvested in additional shares of the Company’s common stock, rather than receiving the cash dividend. The Company expects to use newly issued shares to implement the dividend reinvestment plan.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) 2013-08, *Financial Services—Investment Companies (Topic 946): Amendments to the Scope, Measurement, and Disclosure Requirements* (“ASU 2013-08”). ASU 2013-08 amends the criteria that define an investment company, clarifies the measurement guidance and requires certain additional disclosures. Public companies are required to apply ASU 2013-08 prospectively for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2013. The Company has evaluated the impact of the adoption of ASU 2013-08 on its financial statements and disclosures and determined the adoption of ASU 2013-08 will not have a material effect on the Company’s financial condition and results of operations.

In December 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-11 (“ASU 2011-11”), *Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities*, which requires entities to disclose information about offsetting and related arrangements to enable users of the financial statements to understand the effect of those arrangements on the statement of assets and liabilities. In January 2013, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2013-01 (“ASU 2013-01”), *Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities*, which clarified the types of instruments and transactions that are subject to the disclosure requirements established by ASU 2011-11. The Company’s adoption of ASU 2011-11 and ASU 2013-01 did not have a significant impact on the Company’s financial statements. See Note 5 for additional disclosure resulting from the adoption of ASU 2011-11 and ASU 2013-01.

3. Agreements and Related Party Transactions

Administration Agreement

On March 15, 2011, the Company entered into the Administration Agreement with the Adviser. Under the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser provides administrative services to the Company. These services include providing office space, equipment and office services, maintaining financial records, preparing reports to stockholders and reports filed with the SEC, and managing the payment of expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered by others. Certain of these services are reimbursable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administration Agreement. In addition, the Adviser is permitted to delegate its duties under the Administration Agreement to affiliates or third parties and we pay or reimburse the Adviser expenses incurred by any such affiliates or third parties for work done on our behalf.

For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, the Company incurred expenses of \$1.4 million, \$1.0 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, for administrative services payable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administration Agreement.

On November 5, 2013, the Board renewed the Administration Agreement. Unless earlier terminated as described below, the Administration Agreement will remain in effect until November 5, 2014, and may be extended subject to required approvals. The Administration Agreement may be terminated by either party without penalty upon at least 60 days’ written notice to the other party.

No person who is an officer, director or employee of the Adviser or its affiliates and who serves as a director of the Company receives any compensation from the Company for his or her services as a director. However, the Company reimburses the Adviser (or its affiliates) for an allocable portion of the compensation paid by the

[Table of Contents](#)

Adviser or its affiliates to the Company's Chief Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and other professionals who spend time on such related activities (based on the percentage of time those individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to the business and affairs of the Company). Directors who are not affiliated with the Adviser receive compensation for their services and reimbursement of expenses incurred to attend meetings.

Investment Advisory Agreement

On April 15, 2011, the Company entered into the Investment Advisory Agreement with the Adviser. The Investment Advisory Agreement was subsequently amended on December 12, 2011. Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Adviser will provide investment advisory services to the Company. The Adviser's services under the Investment Advisory Agreement are not exclusive, and the Adviser is free to furnish similar or other services to others so long as its services to the Company are not impaired. Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Company will pay the Adviser the Management Fee and may also pay certain Incentive Fees.

For the quarterly periods ended September 30, 2011, and June 30, 2011, the Management Fee was calculated at an annual rate of 1.5% based on the value of the Company's gross assets, which equals total assets before deduction of any liabilities, at the end of such calendar quarter, adjusted for share issuances and repurchases during that period. Beginning October 1, 2011, the Management Fee has been calculated at an annual rate of 1.5% based on the average value of the Company's gross assets calculated using the values at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters, adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the period. The Management Fee is payable quarterly in arrears and is prorated for any partial month or quarter.

For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, Management Fees were \$13.4 million, \$8.9 million, and \$1.6 million, respectively.

Until such time that the Company completes an initial public offering of its Common Stock, or IPO, the Adviser has waived its right to receive the Management Fee in excess of the sum of (i) 0.25% of aggregate committed but undrawn capital; and, (ii) 0.75% of aggregate drawn capital (including capital drawn to pay Company expenses) as determined as of the end of any calendar quarter.

For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011, Management Fees of \$7.1 million, \$3.7 million, and \$7 thousand, respectively, were waived. Any waived Management Fees are not subject to recoupment by the Adviser.

The Incentive Fee consists of two parts, as follows:

- (i) The first component, payable at the end of each quarter in arrears, equals 100% of the pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of a 1.5% quarterly "hurdle rate" the calculation of which is further explained below, until the Adviser has received 15% of the total pre-Incentive Fee net investment income for that quarter (17.5% subsequent to an IPO) and, for pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of 1.82% quarterly, 15% of all remaining pre-Incentive Fee net investment income for that quarter (17.5% subsequent to an IPO). The 100% "catch-up" provision for pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of the 1.5% "hurdle rate" is intended to provide the Adviser with an incentive fee of 15% on all pre-Incentive Fee net investment income when that amount equals 1.82% in a quarter (7.28% annualized), which is the rate at which catch-up is achieved. Once the "hurdle rate" is reached and catch-up is achieved, 15% of any pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of 1.82% in any quarter is payable to the Adviser.

Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income means dividends (including reinvested dividends), interest and fee income accrued by us during the calendar quarter, minus our operating expenses for the quarter (including the Management Fee, expenses payable under the Administration Agreement to the Administrator, and any interest expense and dividends paid on any issued and outstanding preferred

Table of Contents

stock, but excluding the Incentive Fee). Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as original issue discount, debt instruments with pay-in-kind interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that we may not have received in cash. Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation.

- (ii) The second component, payable at the end of each fiscal year in arrears, prior to the end of the quarter in which an IPO is completed, equals 15%, and following the completion of an IPO, will equal a weighted percentage of cumulative realized capital gains from our inception to the end of that fiscal year, less cumulative realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation. We refer to this component of the Incentive Fee as the Capital Gains Fee. Each year, the fee paid for this component of the Incentive Fee is net of the aggregate amount of any previously paid Capital Gains Fee for prior periods. For capital gains that accrue following the end of the quarter in which an IPO is completed, the Incentive Fee rate will be 17.5%. The Company accrues, but does not pay, a capital gains Incentive Fee with respect to unrealized appreciation because a capital gains Incentive Fee would be owed to the Adviser if the Company were to sell the relevant investment and realize a capital gain. The weighted percentage is intended to ensure that for each fiscal year following the completion of an IPO, the portion of the Company's realized capital gains that accrued prior to an IPO will be subject to an incentive fee rate of 15% and the portion of the Company's realized capital gains that accrued following the end of the quarter in which an IPO is completed will be subject to an incentive fee rate of 17.5%.

Prior to the completion of an IPO, if cumulative net realized losses from the Company's inception exceeded the aggregate dollar amount of dividends paid by the Company through that date, the Adviser would forgo the right to receive its quarterly Incentive Fee payments with respect to pre-Incentive Fee net investment income until the time that cumulative net realized losses were less than or equal to the aggregate amount of dividend payments.

The Company accrues the Incentive Fee taking into account unrealized gains and losses; however, Section 205(b)(3) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended, prohibits the Adviser from receiving the payment of fees until those gains are realized, if ever. There can be no assurance that such unrealized gains will be realized in the future. For the year ended December 31, 2013, Incentive Fees were \$11.8 million of which \$10.5 million were realized and payable to the Adviser. For the year ended December 31, 2012, Incentive Fees were \$7.0 million of which \$5.7 million were realized and payable to the Adviser. For the year ended December 31, 2011, Incentive Fees were \$0.3 million none of which were realized and payable to the Adviser.

On November 5, 2013, the Board renewed the Investment Advisory Agreement. Unless earlier terminated as described above, the Investment Advisory Agreement will remain in effect until November 5, 2014, and may be extended subject to required approvals. The Investment Advisory Agreement will automatically terminate in the event of an assignment and may be terminated by either party without penalty upon at least 60 days' written notice to the other party.

From time to time, the Adviser may pay amounts owed by the Company to third-party providers of goods or services, including the Board and the Company will subsequently reimburse the Adviser for such amounts paid on its behalf. Amounts payable to the Adviser are settled in the normal course of business without formal payment terms. Expenses incurred by the Adviser on behalf of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, were \$5.0 million, \$3.8 million and \$2.3 million, respectively.

4. Investments at Fair Value

Under the 1940 Act, the Company is required to separately identify non-controlled investments where it owns 5% or more of a portfolio company's outstanding voting securities as investments in "affiliated" companies and/or had the power to exercise control over the management or policies of such portfolio company. In addition,

[Table of Contents](#)

under the 1940 Act, the Company is required to separately identify investments where it owns more than 25% of a portfolio company's outstanding voting securities and/or had the power to exercise control over the management or policies of such portfolio company as investments in "controlled" companies. Detailed information with respect to the Company's non-controlled, non-affiliated; non-controlled, affiliated; and controlled investments is contained in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, including the consolidated schedule of investments. The information in the tables below is presented on an aggregate portfolio basis, without regard to whether they are non-controlled non-affiliated, non-controlled affiliated or controlled investments.

Investments at fair value consisted of the following at December 31, 2013 and 2012:

	December 31, 2013		
	Amortized Cost (1)	Fair Value	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss)
First-lien debt investments	\$ 863,436	\$ 877,164	\$ 13,728
Second-lien debt investments	131,082	137,482	6,400
Mezzanine debt investments	—	—	—
Equity investments	2,780	1,805	(975)
Total Investments	\$ 997,298	\$1,016,451	\$ 19,153

	December 31, 2012		
	Amortized Cost (1)	Fair Value	Net Unrealized Gains
First-lien debt investments	\$ 575,089	\$582,287	\$ 7,198
Second-lien debt investments	67,332	69,657	2,325
Mezzanine debt investments	—	—	—
Equity investments	2,000	2,000	—
Total Investments	\$ 644,421	\$653,944	\$ 9,523

- (1) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts or premiums, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.

[Table of Contents](#)

The industry composition of Investments at fair value at December 31, 2013 and 2012 is as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2013</u>	<u>December 31, 2012</u>
Aerospace and defense	5.3%	8.6%
Automotive	6.1%	8.9%
Beverage, food, and tobacco	4.5%	8.6%
Business services	16.5%	4.7%
Capital equipment	—	11.0%
Construction and building	5.1%	8.1%
Containers and packaging	4.6%	—
Education	2.9%	—
Environmental industries	—	0.7%
Financial services	11.6%	15.0%
Healthcare and pharmaceuticals	10.8%	17.2%
Hotel, gaming, and leisure	7.2%	4.4%
Human resource support services	5.2%	2.3%
Insurance	3.2%	4.6%
Manufacturing	2.7%	—
Metals and mining	3.3%	—
Office products	2.0%	3.3%
Oil, gas and consumable fuels	3.9%	—
Transportation	5.1%	2.6%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

The geographic composition of Investments at fair value at December 31, 2013 and 2012 is as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2013</u>	<u>December 31, 2012</u>
United States		
Midwest	14.2%	18.8%
Northeast	21.7%	17.8%
South	19.7%	25.7%
West	35.5%	37.7%
Europe	8.9%	—
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

5. Derivatives

Foreign Currency

The Company enters into foreign currency forward contracts from time to time to facilitate settlement of purchases and sales of investments denominated in foreign currencies or to help mitigate the impact that an adverse change in foreign exchange rates would have on the value of the Company's investments denominated in foreign currencies. A foreign currency forward contract is a commitment to purchase or sell a foreign currency at a future date at a negotiated forward rate. These contracts are marked-to-market by recognizing the difference between the contract exchange rate and the current market rate as unrealized appreciation or depreciation. Realized gains or losses are recognized when contracts are settled. The Company's foreign currency forward contracts during the year ended December 31, 2013 had terms of approximately one to two months. The volume of open contracts at the end of each reporting period is reflective of the typical volume of transactions during each month. Risks may arise as a result of the potential inability of the counterparties to meet the terms of their contracts. The Company attempts to limit this risk by dealing with only creditworthy counterparties.

[Table of Contents](#)

During the year ended December 31, 2013, we entered into foreign currency forward contracts related to our investments in Jeeves Information Systems AB (SEK) and Soho House Bond Ltd. (GBP).

As of December 31, 2013, details of open foreign currency forward contracts were as follows:

<u>Foreign Currency Forward Contracts</u>	<u>Settlement Date</u>	<u>Amount (in '000s) and Transaction</u>	<u>USD Value at Settlement Date</u>	<u>USD Value at December 31, 2013</u>	<u>Unrealized Depreciation presented in Consolidated Financial Statements</u>
Swedish Kronor (SEK)	January 24, 2014	188,672 sold	\$ (28,440)	\$ (29,366)	\$ (926)
British Pound (GBP)	January 24, 2014	7,000 sold	(11,274)	(11,592)	(318)
Total			<u>\$ (39,714)</u>	<u>\$ (40,958)</u>	<u>\$ (1,244)</u>

There were no open foreign currency forward contracts as of December 31, 2012.

All realized and unrealized gains and losses on forward foreign currency contracts are included in earnings (changes in net assets) and are reported as separate line items within the Company's consolidated statements of operations. Unrealized gains and losses on forward foreign currency contracts are also reported as a separate line item within the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

The Company may enter into other derivative instruments and incur other exposures with other counterparties in the future. The Company is not required to post cash collateral related to its foreign currency forward contracts, but may be required to do so in the future.

6. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Investments

The following tables present fair value measurements of investments as of December 31, 2013 and 2012:

	<u>Fair Value Hierarchy at December 31, 2013</u>			
	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
First-lien debt investments	\$ —	\$22,192	\$854,972	\$ 877,164
Second-lien debt investments	—	33,952	103,530	137,482
Mezzanine debt investments	—	—	—	—
Equity investments	—	—	1,805	1,805
Total Investments at Fair Value	<u>—</u>	<u>56,144</u>	<u>960,307</u>	<u>1,016,451</u>
Foreign currency forward contracts	—	(1,244)	—	(1,244)
Total	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$54,900</u>	<u>\$960,307</u>	<u>\$1,015,207</u>

	<u>Fair Value Hierarchy at December 31, 2012</u>			
	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
First-lien debt investments	\$ —	\$68,183	\$514,104	\$582,287
Second-lien debt investments	—	16,467	53,190	69,657
Mezzanine debt investments	—	—	—	—
Equity investments	—	—	2,000	2,000
Total Investments at Fair Value	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$84,650</u>	<u>\$569,294</u>	<u>\$653,944</u>

[Table of Contents](#)

The following tables present the changes in the fair value of investments for which Level 3 inputs were used to determine the fair value as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012:

	Year Ended December 31, 2013				
	First-lien debt investments	Second-lien debt investments	Mezzanine debt investments	Equity investments	Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 514,104	\$ 53,190	\$ —	\$ 2,000	\$ 569,294
Purchases	507,056	51,270	—	780	559,106
Proceeds from investments	(30,615)	—	—	—	(30,615)
Repayments / redemptions	(178,831)	(4,086)	—	—	(182,917)
Paid-in-kind interest	1,770	979	—	—	2,749
Net change in unrealized gains	6,054	1,865	—	(975)	6,944
Net realized gains	142	—	—	—	142
Net amortization of discount on securities	5,367	312	—	—	5,679
Transfers into Level 3	29,925	—	—	—	29,925
Balance, End of Year	<u>\$ 854,972</u>	<u>\$ 103,530</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 1,805</u>	<u>\$ 960,307</u>

	Year Ended December 31, 2012				
	First-lien debt investments	Second-lien debt investments	Mezzanine debt investments	Equity investments	Total
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 160,178	\$ 14,170	\$ —	\$ 10,000	\$ 184,348
Purchases	575,936	94,608	—	2,000	672,544
Proceeds from investments	(51,185)	(45,905)	—	—	(97,090)
Repayments / redemptions	(179,800)	(543)	—	(10,000)	(190,343)
Paid-in-kind interest	914	817	—	—	1,731
Net change in unrealized gains	3,795	3,639	—	(100)	7,334
Net realized gains	459	441	—	100	1,000
Net amortization of discount on securities	3,807	133	—	—	3,940
Transfers out of Level 3	—	(14,170)	—	—	(14,170)
Balance, End of Year	<u>\$ 514,104</u>	<u>\$ 53,190</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 2,000</u>	<u>\$ 569,294</u>

Aptean Holdings, Inc., formerly known as Consona Holdings, Inc., transferred into Level 3 during the year ended December 31, 2013, as a result of changes in the observability of inputs into its valuation.

Rare Restaurant Group, LLC transferred out of Level 3 during the year ended December 31, 2012, as a result of changes in the observability of inputs into its valuation.

Table of Contents

The following table presents information with respect to net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation on investments for which Level 3 inputs were used in determining fair value that are still held by the Company at December 31, 2013 and 2012:

	Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation or Depreciation for the Year Ended December 31, 2013 on Investments Held at December 31, 2013	Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation or Depreciation for the Year Ended December 31, 2012 on Investments Held at December 31, 2012
First-lien debt investments	\$ 8,468	\$ 4,280
Second-lien debt investments	1,865	3,638
Mezzanine debt investments	—	—
Equity investments	(975)	—
Total	\$ 9,358	\$ 7,918

The following table presents the fair value of Level 3 Investments at fair value and the significant unobservable inputs used in the valuations as of December 31, 2013 and 2012:

December 31, 2013					
	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted Average)	Impact to Valuation from an Increase to Input
First-lien debt investments	\$ 854,972	Income Approach	Market Yield	5.50% — 13.12% (9.81%)	Decrease
Second-lien debt investments	\$ 103,530	Income Approach	Market Yield	9.32% — 9.87% (9.59%)	Decrease
Mezzanine debt investments	\$ —				
Equity investments	\$ 1,805	Income Approach	Weighted Average Cost of Capital (WACC)	12.1% — 15.3% (14.0%)	Decrease
December 31, 2012					
	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted Average)	Impact to Valuation from an Increase to Input
First-lien debt investments	\$ 514,104	Income Approach (1)	Market Yield	7.00% - 11.29% (9.71%)	Decrease
Second-lien debt investments	\$ 53,190	Income Approach	Market Yield	10.78% - 10.78% (10.78%)	Decrease
Mezzanine debt investments	\$ —				
Equity investments	\$ 2,000	Market Approach (2)			

(1) Includes \$114.5 million of first-lien debt investments which, due to the proximity of the transactions relative to the measurement date, were valued using the cost of the investment.

(2) Valued at cost due to the proximity of the transaction relative to the measurement date.

The Company typically determines the fair value of its performing Level 3 debt investments utilizing a yield analysis. In a yield analysis, a price is ascribed for each investment based upon an assessment of current and expected market yields for similar investments and risk profiles. Additional consideration is given to the expected life, portfolio company performance since close, and other terms and risks associated with an investment. Among other factors, a determinant of risk is the amount of leverage used by the portfolio company relative to the total enterprise value of the company, and the rights and remedies of our investment within each portfolio company's capital structure.

[Table of Contents](#)

Significant unobservable quantitative inputs typically used in the fair value measurement of the Company's Level 3 debt investments primarily include current market yields, including relevant market indices, but may also include quotes from brokers, dealers, and pricing services as indicated by comparable investments. For the Company's Level 3 equity investments, multiples of similar companies' revenues, earnings before income taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") or some combination thereof and comparable market transactions are typically used.

Financial Instruments Not Carried at Fair Value

Debt

The fair value of the Company's debt, which is categorized as Level 3 within the fair value hierarchy, as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, approximates its carrying value as the outstanding balances are callable at carrying value.

Other Assets and Liabilities

The carrying amounts of the Company's assets and liabilities, other than investments at fair value, approximate fair value due to their short maturities or their close proximity of the originations to the measurement date. Under the fair value hierarchy, cash and cash equivalents are classified as Level 1 while the Company's other assets and liabilities, other than investments at fair value and debt, are classified as Level 2.

7. Debt

In accordance with the 1940 Act, with certain limitations, the Company is allowed to borrow amounts such that its asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, is at least 200% after such borrowing. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, the Company's asset coverage was 232.9% and 244.6%, respectively.

Debt obligations consisted of the following as of December 31, 2013 and 2012:

	December 31, 2013		
	Total Facility	Borrowings Outstanding	Amount Available (1)
Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA)	\$ 100,000	\$ 32,000	\$ 68,000
Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis)	100,000	77,767	—
Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust)	400,000	322,500	77,500
Total Debt Obligations	\$ 600,000	\$ 432,267	\$ 145,500

	December 31, 2012		
	Total Facility	Borrowings Outstanding	Amount Available (1)
Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA)	\$ 250,000	\$ 165,000	\$ 85,000
Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis)	100,000	66,836	4,808
Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust)	200,000	100,000	100,000
Total Debt Obligations	\$ 550,000	\$ 331,836	\$ 189,808

(1) The amount available considers any limitations related to the respective debt facilities' borrowing bases.

[Table of Contents](#)

For the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, the components of interest expense were as follows:

	Year Ended December 31, 2013	Year Ended December 31, 2012	Year Ended December 31, 2011
Interest expense	\$ 7,168	\$ 3,272	\$ 401
Commitment fees	1,398	1,252	209
Amortization of debt issuance costs	1,903	1,496	190
Total Interest Expense	\$ 10,469	\$ 6,020	\$ 800
Average debt outstanding (in millions)	\$ 266.1	\$ 111.2	\$ 11.4
Weighted average interest rate	2.7%	2.9%	3.0%

Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust)

On August 23, 2012, the Company entered into a senior secured revolving credit agreement with SunTrust Bank, as administrative agent, and certain lenders. On July 2, 2013, the Company entered into an agreement to amend and restate the agreement, effective on July 3, 2013. The amended and restated facility, among other things, increased the size of the facility from \$200 million to \$350 million. The facility included an uncommitted accordion feature that allowed the Company, under certain circumstances, to increase the size of the facility up to \$550 million. On September 30, 2013, the Company exercised its right under the accordion feature and increased the size of the facility to \$400 million. On January 27, 2014, the Company again exercised its right under the accordion feature and increased the size of the facility to \$420 million.

On February 27, 2014, the Company further amended and restated the Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust). The second amended and restated agreement (the Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust)), among other things:

- increased the size of the facility to \$581.3 million;
- increased the size of the uncommitted accordion feature to allow the Company, under certain circumstances to increase the size of the facility up to \$956.3 million;
- increased the limit for swingline loans to \$100 million;
- with respect to \$545 million in commitments,
 - extended the expiration of the revolving period from June 30, 2017 to February 27, 2018, during which period the Company, subject to certain conditions, may make borrowings under the facility, and
 - extended the stated maturity date from July 2, 2018 to February 27, 2019; and
- provided that borrowings under the multicurrency tranche will be available in certain additional currencies.

The Company may borrow amounts in U.S. dollars or certain other permitted currencies. Amounts drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust), including amounts drawn in respect of letters of credit, bear interest at either LIBOR plus a margin, or the prime rate plus a margin. The Company may elect either the LIBOR or prime rate at the time of drawdown, and loans may be converted from one rate to another at any time, subject to certain conditions. The Company also pays a fee of 0.375% on undrawn amounts and, in respect of each undrawn letter of credit, a fee and interest rate equal to the then applicable margin while the letter of credit is outstanding.

The Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust) is guaranteed by TC Lending, LLC and certain domestic subsidiaries that are formed or acquired by the Company in the future. The Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust) is secured by a perfected first-priority security interest in substantially all the portfolio investments held by the Company and each guarantor. Proceeds from borrowings may be used for general corporate purposes, including the funding of portfolio investments.

Table of Contents

The Revolving Credit Facility (SunTrust) includes customary events of default, as well as customary covenants, including restrictions on certain distributions and financial covenants requiring:

- an asset coverage ratio of no less than 2 to 1 on the last day of any fiscal quarter;
- a liquidity test under which the Company must maintain cash and liquid investments of at least 10% of the covered debt amount under circumstances where the Company's adjusted covered debt balance is greater than 90% of the Company's adjusted borrowing base under the facility; and
- stockholders' equity of at least \$205,000,000 plus 25% of the net proceeds of the sale of equity interests after August 23, 2012.

Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis)

On May 8, 2012, the "Natixis Closing Date," the Company's wholly owned subsidiary TPG SL SPV, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, entered into a credit and security agreement with Natixis, New York Branch. Also on May 8, 2012, the Company contributed certain investments to TPG SL SPV pursuant to the terms of a Master Sale and Contribution Agreement by and between the Company and TPG SL SPV. The Company consolidates TPG SL SPV in its consolidated financial statements, and no gain or loss was recognized as a result of the contribution. Proceeds from the Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis) may be used to finance the acquisition of eligible assets by TPG SL SPV, including the purchase of such assets from the Company. The Company retains a residual interest in assets contributed to or acquired by TPG SL SPV through its ownership of TPG SL SPV. The facility size is subject to availability under the borrowing base, which is based on the amount of TPG SL SPV's assets from time to time, and satisfaction of certain conditions, including an asset coverage test, an asset quality test and certain concentration limits.

The credit and security agreement provided for a contribution and reinvestment period for up to 18 months after the Natixis Closing Date, or the Natixis Commitment Termination Date. The Natixis Commitment Termination Date was November 8, 2013, at which point the reinvestment period of the Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis) expired and accordingly any undrawn availability under the facility terminated. Proceeds received by TPG SL SPV from interest, dividends or fees on assets are required to be used to pay expenses and interest on outstanding borrowings, and the excess can be returned to the Company, subject to certain conditions, on a quarterly basis. Prior to the Natixis Commitment Termination Date, proceeds received from principal on assets could be used to pay down borrowings or make additional investments. Following the Natixis Commitment Termination Date, proceeds received from principal on assets are required to be used to make payments of principal on outstanding borrowings on a quarterly basis. Proceeds received from interest and principal at the end of a reporting period that have not gone through the settlement process for these payment obligations are considered to be restricted cash.

On January 21, 2014, TPG SL SPV entered into an agreement to amend and restate the credit and security agreement (as amended, Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis)). The amended and restated facility, among other things:

- increased the size of the facility from \$100 million to \$175 million;
- reopened the reinvestment period thereunder for an additional period of six months following the closing date of January 21, 2014, which may be extended in the borrower's sole discretion for an additional six-month period thereafter;
- extended the stated maturity date from May 8, 2020 to January 21, 2021;
- modified pricing; and
- made certain changes to the eligibility criteria and concentration limits.

Amounts drawn under the amended and restated Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis) and the original credit and security agreement bear interest at LIBOR plus a margin or base rate plus a margin or, in the case of the

[Table of Contents](#)

amended and restated Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis), the lenders' cost of funds plus a margin, in each case at TPG SL SPV's option. TPG SL SPV's ability to borrow at lenders' cost of funds plus a margin lowers our interest rate currently applicable on the Company's borrowings under the Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis). The undrawn portion of the commitment bears an unutilized commitment fee of 0.75%. The Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis) contains customary covenants, including covenants relating to separateness from the Adviser and its affiliates and long-term credit ratings with respect to the underlying collateral obligations, and events of default. The Revolving Credit Facility (Natixis) is secured by a perfected first priority security interest in the assets of TPG SL SPV and on any payments received by TPG SL SPV in respect of such assets, which accordingly are not available to pay the Company's other debt obligations.

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, TPG SL SPV had \$184.3 million and \$154.4 million, respectively, in investments at fair value, and \$78.3 million and \$67.3 million, respectively, in liabilities, including the outstanding borrowings, on its balance sheet. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, TPG SL SPV had \$6.3 million and \$4.3 million, respectively, in restricted cash, a component of prepaid expenses and other assets, in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Borrowings of TPG SL SPV are considered the Company's borrowings for purposes of complying with the asset coverage requirements of the 1940 Act.

Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA)

On September 28, 2011, the Company entered into a revolving credit facility with Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, or DBTCA. At closing, the maximum principal amount of the revolving credit facility was \$150 million, subject to availability under the borrowing base. On December 22, 2011, the revolving credit facility was amended and restated (as amended the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA)). Under the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA), the maximum principal amount was increased from \$150 million to \$250 million subject to availability under a borrowing base. Proceeds from the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) could have been used for investment activities, expenses, working capital requirements and general corporate purposes.

During July 2013, the Company reduced the capacity of the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) from \$250 million to \$100 million. The elective reduction did not have a significant effect on the Company's liquidity as (i) the Company's borrowings are limited by the 1940 Act's asset coverage requirement; and (ii) there was adequate availability under the Company's other credit facilities.

On November 5, 2013, the Company entered into an agreement to amend the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) by extending the stated maturity date from December 22, 2013 to June 30, 2014. The Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) would have matured upon the earlier of June 30, 2014 and 25 days prior to a qualifying initial public offering of the Company. On February 27, 2014, The Company terminated the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA), effective March 4, 2014. The outstanding balance under the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) was paid down prior to terminating the facility. The Company did not incur any fees or penalties in conjunction with the termination.

The Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) was secured by a perfected first priority security interest in the unfunded capital commitments of the Company's existing investors.

Interest rates on obligations under the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) were based on prevailing LIBOR or prime lending rate plus an applicable margin. The Company could have elected either the LIBOR or prime rate at the time of draw-down, and loans could have been converted from one rate to another at any time, subject to certain conditions. The Company also paid a fee of 0.375% on undrawn amounts of the Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA). In respect of each letter of credit, the Company paid a fee and a fixed rate while the letter of credit was outstanding.

[Table of Contents](#)

The Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) contained customary covenants on the Company and its subsidiaries, including requirements to deposit all capital call proceeds into a collateral account, restrictions on certain distributions, and restrictions on certain types and amounts of indebtedness. The Revolving Credit Facility (DBTCA) also included customary events of default.

As of December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, the Company was in compliance with the terms of its debt obligations.

8. Commitments and Contingencies

Portfolio Company Commitments

From time to time, the Company may enter into commitments to fund investments. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, the Company had the following commitments to fund investments:

	<u>December 31, 2013</u>	<u>December 31, 2012</u>
Senior secured revolving loan commitments	\$ 18,374	\$ 17,500
Senior secured term loan commitments	36,600	14,500
Total Portfolio Company Commitments	\$ 54,974	\$ 32,000

Other Commitments and Contingencies

As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, the Company had \$1.5 billion and \$1.4 billion, respectively, in total capital commitments from investors (\$1.0 billion and \$0.9 billion unfunded, respectively). Of these amounts, \$117.1 million and \$114.1 million, respectively, is from the Adviser and its affiliates (\$76.7 million and \$76.6 million unfunded, respectively).

From time to time, the Company may become a party to certain legal proceedings incidental to the normal course of its business. As of December 31, 2013, management is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation.

9. Net Assets

During the years ended December 31 2013 and 2012, the Company entered into subscription agreements (collectively, the "Subscription Agreements") with several investors, including the Adviser and its affiliates, providing for the private placement of the Company's Common Stock. Under the terms of the Subscription Agreements, investors are required to fund drawdowns to purchase the Company's Common Stock up to the amount of their respective capital commitments on an as-needed basis as determined by the Company with a minimum of 10 business days' prior notice. Offering costs associated with the private placements were absorbed by the Adviser.

The following tables summarize the total shares issued and proceeds received related to capital drawdowns delivered pursuant to the Subscription Agreements during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012:

	<u>Year Ended</u> <u>December 31, 2013</u>	
	<u>Shares Issued</u> <u>(1)</u>	<u>Proceeds Received</u>
February 20, 2013	2,079,224	\$ 31,857
September 26, 2013	1,633,829	25,000
Total Capital Drawdowns	3,713,053	\$ 56,857

	Year Ended December 31, 2012	
	Shares Issued (1)	Proceeds Received
February 15, 2012	435,061	\$ 6,429
February 22, 2012	2,368,398	35,000
March 29, 2012	5,076,511	75,000
May 31, 2012	892,058	13,459
June 29, 2012	2,319,591	35,000
September 26, 2012	1,496,143	22,698
December 21, 2012 (2)	6,611,659	100,000
Total Capital Drawdowns	<u>19,199,421</u>	<u>\$ 287,586</u>

- (1) As further described in Note 9, the indicated amounts have been retroactively adjusted for the stock split which was effected in the form of a stock dividend.
- (2) As of December 31, 2012, there were \$1.9 million in capital drawdowns outstanding from investors. On January 4, 2013, all outstanding amounts had been received by the Company.

On December 31, 2013, the Company delivered a capital drawdown notice to its investors relating to the sale of 4,234,501 shares of the Company's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share for an aggregate offering price of \$65.0 million. The sale closed on January 15, 2014.

Pursuant to the Company's dividend reinvestment plan, the following tables summarize the shares issued to investors who have not opted out of the Company's dividend reinvestment plan:

Date Declared	Year Ended December 31, 2013		
	Record Date	Date Shares Issued	Shares Issued (1)
December 31, 2012	December 31, 2012	March 12, 2013	343,981
March 12, 2013	March 31, 2013	May 7, 2013	436,728
June 30, 2013	June 30, 2013	August 6, 2013	469,799
September 30, 2013	September 30, 2013	November 5, 2013	479,534
Total Shares Issued			<u>1,730,042</u>

- (1) As further described in Note 9, the indicated amounts for dates prior to December 3, 2013 have been retroactively adjusted for the stock split which was effected in the form of a stock dividend.

Date Declared	Year Ended December 31, 2012		
	Record Date	Date Shares Issued	Shares Issued (2)
December 31, 2011 (1)	December 31, 2011	March 20, 2012	22,870
March 20, 2012	March 31, 2012	May 16, 2012	97,214
May 9, 2012	June 30, 2012	August 7, 2012	221,098
September 30, 2012	September 30, 2012	November 13, 2012	271,838
Total Shares Issued			<u>613,020</u>

- (1) On March 20, 2012, 1,934 shares were issued to the Adviser in connection with its then participation in the dividend reinvestment plan.
- (2) As further described in Note 9, the indicated amounts have been retroactively adjusted for the stock split which was effected in the form of a stock dividend.

The number of shares issued through the dividend reinvestment plan was determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the dividend payable to such investor by the net asset value per share of the Common Stock on

[Table of Contents](#)

the record date of the dividend. The Common Stock issued through the dividend reinvestment plan was rounded down to the nearest whole share to avoid the issuance of fractional shares, and fractional shares were paid in cash.

On December 3, 2013, the Board approved a stock split in the form of a stock dividend pursuant to which the Company's stockholders of record as of December 4, 2013 received 65.676 additional shares of common stock for each share of common stock held. The Company distributed the shares on December 5, 2013 and paid cash for fractional shares without interest or deduction. The Company has retroactively applied the effect of the stock split to the financial information presented herein by multiplying numbers of shares outstanding by 66.676 and dividing per share amounts by 66.676. As of December 31, 2013, the Company's issued and outstanding shares totaled 37,026,023, as adjusted for the stock split.

10. Earnings per share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share:

	Year Ended	
	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 66,983	\$ 39,595
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding		
—basic and diluted ⁽¹⁾	34,635,208	20,541,475
Earnings per common share—basic and diluted ⁽¹⁾	\$ 1.93	\$ 1.93

- (1) As further described in Note 9, the indicated amounts for periods prior to December 3, 2013 have been retroactively adjusted for the stock split which was effected in the form of a stock dividend.

11. Dividends

The following tables summarize dividends declared during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012:

Date Declared	Year Ended December 31, 2013		Dividend per Share ⁽²⁾
	Record Date	Payment Date	
March 12, 2013	March 31, 2013	May 6, 2013	\$ 0.38
June 30, 2013	June 30, 2013	July 31, 2013	0.40
September 30, 2013	September 30, 2013	October 31, 2013	0.38
December 31, 2013 ⁽¹⁾	December 31, 2013	January 30, 2014	0.40
Total Dividends Declared			\$ 1.56

- (1) December 31, 2013 declared dividend includes a special dividend of \$0.03 per share.
- (2) As further described in Note 9, the indicated amounts for dates prior to December 3, 2013 have been retroactively adjusted for the stock split which was effected in the form of a stock dividend.

[Table of Contents](#)

<u>Date Declared</u>	<u>Year Ended December 31, 2012</u>		<u>Dividend per Share (2)</u>
	<u>Record Date</u>	<u>Payment Date</u>	
March 20, 2012	March 31, 2012	May 7, 2012	\$ 0.16
May 9, 2012	June 30, 2012	August 3, 2012	0.32
September 30, 2012	September 30, 2012	October 30, 2012	0.36
December 31, 2012 (1)	December 31, 2012	January 31, 2013	0.33
Total Dividends Declared			\$ 1.17

- (1) December 31, 2012 declared dividend includes a special dividend of \$0.01 per share.
- (2) As further described in Note 9, the indicated amounts have been retroactively adjusted for the stock split which was effected in the form of a stock dividend.

The dividends declared during the years ended December 31, 2013 and December 31, 2012, were derived from net investment income and long-term capital gains, determined on a tax basis.

12. Income Taxes

The following reconciles Increase in net assets resulting from operations for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, to undistributed taxable income at December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011:

	<u>Year Ended December 31, 2013</u>	<u>Year Ended December 31, 2012</u>	<u>Year Ended December 31, 2011</u>
Increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$66,983	\$39,595	\$ 813
Adjustments:			
Net unrealized gain on investments	(8,386)	(7,211)	(2,312)
Other income (expense) for tax purposes, not book	562	(670)	111
Deferred organization costs	(100)	(100)	1,425
Other expenses not currently deductible	243	49	347
Other book-tax differences	(901)	92	272
Undistributed Taxable Income	\$58,401	\$31,755	\$ 656

Note: Taxable income is an estimate and is not fully determined until the Company's tax return is filed.

Taxable income generally differs from increase in net assets resulting from operations due to temporary and permanent differences in the recognition of income and expenses, and generally excludes net unrealized gains or losses, as unrealized gains or losses are generally not included in taxable income until they are realized.

The Company makes certain adjustments to the classification of stockholders' equity as a result of permanent book-to-tax differences, which include differences in the book and tax basis of certain assets and liabilities, and nondeductible federal taxes or losses among other items. To the extent these differences are permanent, they are charged or credited to additional paid in capital, undistributed net investment income or undistributed net realized gains on investments, as appropriate. In addition, due to the Company's differing fiscal, tax, and excise tax year ends, the best estimates available are recorded to the above accounts in the period that such differences arise or are identifiable.

[Table of Contents](#)

During the year ended December 31, 2013, permanent differences were principally related to \$0.2 million attributable to accrued U.S. federal excise taxes, \$3.0 million of recharacterization of prepayment penalties for tax purposes between ordinary income and capital gains and \$1.4 million on the disposition of investments with PIK earnings not previously recognized for tax purposes. During the year ended December 31, 2012, permanent differences of \$46 thousand were principally attributable to accrued U.S. federal excise taxes. During the year ended December 31, 2011, permanent differences were primarily attributable to \$54 thousand of nondeductible net operating losses incurred by the Company in respect of the Company's taxable year ended March 31, 2011, and were recorded as a decrease to the Company's additional paid-in capital and accumulated net investment income (loss) as of December 31, 2011.

We neither have any uncertain tax positions that met the recognition or measurement criteria of ASC 740-10-25, *Income Taxes*, nor did we have any unrecognized tax benefits as of the periods presented herein. Although we file federal and state tax returns, our major tax jurisdiction is federal. Our inception-to-date federal tax year remains subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service.

The tax cost of the Company's investments as of December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, approximates their amortized cost.

[Table of Contents](#)

13. Financial Highlights

The following per share data and ratios have been derived from information provided in the consolidated financial statements. The following are the financial highlights for one share of Common Stock outstanding during the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011. There was no activity for the period from July 21, 2010 (inception) to December 31, 2010 other than the initial issuance of Common Stock.

	Year Ended December 31, 2013	Year Ended December 31, 2012	Year Ended December 31, 2011	Period from July 21, 2010 (inception) to December 31, 2010
Per Share Data ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾				
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 15.19	\$ 14.71	\$ 0.01	\$ —
Issuance of Common Stock at prices above net asset value	—	—	14.98	0.01
Net investment income (loss)	1.66	1.36	(0.44)	—
Net realized and unrealized gains	0.23	0.29	0.22	—
Total from investment operations	1.89	1.65	(0.22)	—
Dividends declared from net investment income	(1.36)	(1.06)	(0.06)	—
Dividends declared from realized gains	(0.20)	(0.11)	—	—
Total increase in net assets	0.33	0.48	14.70	0.01
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$ 15.52	\$ 15.19	\$ 14.71	\$ 0.01
Shares Outstanding, End of Period ⁽⁴⁾	37,026,023	31,582,954	11,770,514	66,676
Total Return ⁽¹⁾	12.44%	11.3%	n.m.	N/A
Ratios / Supplemental Data				
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets	6.4%	6.9%	10.9%	N/A
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets	12.3%	8.4%	(2.4%)	N/A
Net assets, end of period	\$ 574,696	\$ 479,803	\$ 173,092	\$ 1
Weighted-average shares outstanding	34,635,208	20,541,475	3,347,602	4,467
Total committed capital, end of period ⁽²⁾	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,402,970	\$ 1,211,246	\$ 1
Ratio of total contributed capital to total committed capital, end of period	34.5%	32.8%	14.3%	100%
Year of formation	2010	2010	2010	2010

- (1) U.S. GAAP requires that total return be calculated as the change in net asset value per share during the period plus declared dividends per share, divided by the beginning net asset value per share. For the year ended December 31, 2011, calculating total return in such a manner does not adjust for the effect of the initial seed funding as part of the Company's formation (at \$1 per share) and accordingly the information is not meaningful. Excluding the effect of the initial seed funding, total return for the period July 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011 would be (1.58%).
- (2) As of December 31, 2013, 2012 and 2011, the amount includes commitments from the Adviser and its affiliates of \$117.1, \$114.1 and \$70.4 million, respectively.
- (3) Based on actual number of shares outstanding at the end of the corresponding period or the weighted average shares outstanding for the period, unless otherwise noted.
- (4) As further described in Note 9, the indicated amounts for activity prior to December 3, 2013 have been retroactively adjusted for the stock split which was effected in the form of a stock dividend.

14. Selected Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

	2013			
	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Investment Income	\$27,569	\$23,298	\$20,940	\$20,802
Net Expenses	\$10,576	\$ 8,713	\$ 8,123	\$ 7,696
Net Investment Income	\$16,993	\$14,585	\$12,817	\$13,106
Net Gains on Investments	\$ 4,063	\$ 1,674	\$ 1,391	\$ 2,355
Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$21,056	\$16,259	\$14,208	\$15,461
Net Asset Value per Share as of the End of the Quarter	\$ 15.52	\$ 15.35 ⁽¹⁾	\$ 15.29 ⁽¹⁾	\$ 15.27 ⁽¹⁾

	2012			
	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Investment Income	\$18,169	\$14,554	\$11,314	\$ 6,974
Net Expenses	\$ 7,277	\$ 6,637	\$ 4,711	\$ 4,357
Net Investment Income	\$10,892	\$ 7,917	\$ 6,603	\$ 2,617
Net Gains on Investments	\$ 1,568	\$ 5,664	\$ 1,165	\$ 3,169
Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$12,460	\$13,581	\$ 7,768	\$ 5,786
Net Asset Value per Share as of the End of the Quarter (1)	\$ 15.19	\$ 15.12	\$ 14.92	\$ 14.88

	2011			
	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1
Investment Income	\$ 3,764	\$ 1,551	\$ —	\$ —
Net Expenses	\$ 2,835	\$ 1,789	\$ 636	\$ 1,554
Net Investment Income (Loss)	\$ 929	\$ (238)	\$ (636)	\$ (1,554)
Net Unrealized Gains	\$ 937	\$ 1,375	\$ —	\$ —
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$ 1,866	\$ 1,137	\$ (636)	\$ (1,554)
Net Asset (Liability) Value per Share as of the End of the Quarter (1)	\$ 14.71	\$ 14.50	\$ 14.06	\$ (23.31)

- (1) As further described in Note 9, the indicated amounts for periods prior to December 3, 2013 have been retroactively adjusted for the stock split which was effected in the form of a stock dividend.

**AMENDED AND RESTATED
REVOLVING CREDIT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT**

among

TPG SL SPV, LLC,
as Borrower,

THE LENDERS FROM TIME TO TIME PARTIES HERETO,

NATIXIS, NEW YORK BRANCH,
as Facility Agent

and

STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY,
as Collateral Agent

Dated as of January 21, 2014

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS; RULES OF CONSTRUCTION; COMPUTATIONS	1
Section 1.01 Definitions	1
Section 1.02 Rules of Construction	50
Section 1.03 Computation of Time Periods	51
Section 1.04 Collateral Value Calculation Procedures	51
ARTICLE II ADVANCES UNDER THE FACILITY	53
Section 2.01 Revolving Credit Facility	53
Section 2.02 Advances	54
Section 2.03 Evidence of Indebtedness; Notes	54
Section 2.04 Payment of Principal and Interest	55
Section 2.05 Prepayment of Advances	56
Section 2.06 Reductions in Commitments	57
Section 2.07 Maximum Lawful Rate	58
Section 2.08 Several Obligations	58
Section 2.09 Increased Costs	58
Section 2.10 Compensation; Breakage Payments	60
Section 2.11 Illegality; Inability to Determine Rates	60
Section 2.12 Rescission or Return of Payment	61
Section 2.13 Fees Payable by Borrower	61
Section 2.14 Post-Default Interest	62
Section 2.15 Payments Generally	62
Section 2.16 Lenders Not Satisfying the Rating Criteria	62
Section 2.17 Applicable Row Level	62
Section 2.18 Replacement of Lenders	63
ARTICLE III CONDITIONS PRECEDENT	64
Section 3.01 Conditions Precedent to Closing	64
Section 3.02 Conditions Precedent to Each Borrowing	65
ARTICLE IV REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES	66
Section 4.01 Representations and Warranties of the Borrower	66

TABLE OF CONTENTS
(continued)

	Page
Section 4.02 Additional Representations and Warranties of the Borrower	68
ARTICLE V COVENANTS	70
Section 5.01 Affirmative Covenants of the Borrower	70
Section 5.02 Negative Covenants of the Borrower	76
Section 5.03 Certain Undertakings Relating to Separateness	81
Section 5.04 Credit Estimates; Failure to Have a DBRS Long Term Rating	83
ARTICLE VI EVENTS OF DEFAULT	84
Section 6.01 Events of Default	84
ARTICLE VII PLEDGE OF COLLATERAL; RIGHTS OF THE COLLATERAL AGENT	87
Section 7.01 Grant of Security	87
Section 7.02 Release of Security Interest	89
Section 7.03 Rights and Remedies	89
Section 7.04 Remedies Cumulative	90
Section 7.05 Related Documents	90
Section 7.06 Borrower Remains Liable	91
Section 7.07 Assignment of Investment Management Agreement and Master Transfer Agreement	91
Section 7.08 Protection of Collateral	92
Section 7.09 Acknowledgement	93
ARTICLE VIII ACCOUNTS, ACCOUNTINGS AND RELEASES	94
Section 8.01 Collection of Money	94
Section 8.02 Collection Account	94
Section 8.03 Transaction Accounts	96
Section 8.04 The Revolving Reserve Account; Fundings	98
Section 8.05 Reinvestment of Funds in Covered Accounts; Reports by Collateral Agent	99
Section 8.06 Accountings	100
Section 8.07 Release of Securities	102
Section 8.08 Reports by Independent Accountants	103

TABLE OF CONTENTS
(continued)

	Page
Section 8.09 Reports to DBRS	103
Section 8.10 Currency Exchange Account	104
Section 8.11 Funded Draw Collection Account	104
Section 8.12 Closing Expense Account; Closing Date Expenses	105
Section 8.13 Collateral Reporting	105
ARTICLE IX APPLICATION OF MONIES	107
Section 9.01 Disbursements of Monies from Payment Account	107
ARTICLE X SALE OF COLLATERAL OBLIGATIONS; PURCHASE OF ADDITIONAL COLLATERAL OBLIGATIONS	110
Section 10.01 Sales of Collateral Obligations	110
Section 10.02 Purchase of Additional Collateral Obligations	112
Section 10.03 Conditions Applicable to All Sale and Purchase Transactions	112
Section 10.04 Additional Equity Contributions	113
ARTICLE XI THE AGENTS	113
Section 11.01 Authorization and Action	113
Section 11.02 Delegation of Duties	113
Section 11.03 Agents' Reliance, Etc	114
Section 11.04 Indemnification	115
Section 11.05 Successor Agents	116
Section 11.06 Regarding the Collateral Agent	117
ARTICLE XII MISCELLANEOUS	117
Section 12.01 No Waiver; Modifications in Writing	117
Section 12.02 Notices, Etc	118
Section 12.03 Taxes	120
Section 12.04 Costs and Expenses; Indemnification	122
Section 12.05 Execution in Counterparts	123
Section 12.06 Assignability; Participation; Register	123
Section 12.07 Governing Law	126
Section 12.08 Severability of Provisions	126
Section 12.09 Confidentiality	126

TABLE OF CONTENTS
(continued)

	Page
Section 12.10 Merger	127
Section 12.11 Survival	127
Section 12.12 Submission to Jurisdiction; Waivers; Etc	127
Section 12.13 Waiver of Jury Trial	128
Section 12.14 Service of Process	128
Section 12.15 Waiver of Immunity	129
Section 12.16 Judgment in Foreign Currency	129
Section 12.17 PATRIOT Act Notice	129
Section 12.18 Legal Holidays	130
Section 12.19 Non-Petition	130
Section 12.20 Custodianship; Delivery of Collateral Obligations and Eligible Investments	130
Section 12.21 Special Provisions Applicable to CP Lenders	132

SCHEDULES

Schedule 1	Initial Commitments and Percentages
Schedule 2	Scope of Monthly Report and Payment Date Report
Schedule 3	Industry Diversity Score Table
Schedule 4	DBRS Risk Scores
Schedule 5	DBRS Industry Classifications
Schedule 6	LIBOR Definition
Schedule 7	DBRS Rating Procedure
Schedule 8	Matrix

EXHIBITS

Exhibit A	Form of Note
Exhibit B	Form of Notice of Borrowing
Exhibit C	Form of Notice of Prepayment
Exhibit D	Form of Assignment and Acceptance
Exhibit E	Approved Appraisal Firms
Exhibit F	Form of Retention Letter

AMENDED AND RESTATED REVOLVING CREDIT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT

AMENDED AND RESTATED REVOLVING CREDIT AND SECURITY AGREEMENT dated as of January 21, 2014 among TPG SL SPV, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, as borrower (together with its permitted successors and assigns, the "Borrower"); the LENDERS from time to time party hereto; NATIXIS, NEW YORK BRANCH ("Natixis"), as facility agent for the Secured Parties (as hereinafter defined) (in such capacity, together with its successors and assigns, the "Facility Agent") and STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY, as collateral agent for the Secured Parties (as hereinafter defined) (in such capacity, together with its successors and assigns, the "Collateral Agent").

WITNESSETH:

WHEREAS, the Borrower, Versailles Assets LLC, as lender, the Facility Agent and State Street Bank and Trust Company (as successor to The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A.), as collateral agent, are parties to a Revolving Credit and Security Agreement dated as of May 8, 2012 (as amended, restated or otherwise modified prior to the date hereof, the "Existing Credit Agreement");

WHEREAS, the parties hereto desire to amend and restate the Existing Credit Agreement as set forth herein;

WHEREAS, the Borrower desires that the Lenders make advances on a revolving basis to the Borrower on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this Agreement; and

WHEREAS, each Lender is willing to make such advances to the Borrower on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in this Agreement.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and of the mutual covenants herein contained, the parties hereto agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS; RULES OF CONSTRUCTION; COMPUTATIONS

Section 1.01 Definitions.

As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings indicated:

"ABL Facility" means a lending facility pursuant to which the loans thereunder are secured by a perfected, first priority security interest in accounts receivable, inventory, machinery, equipment, real estate, oil and gas reserves, vessels, or periodic revenues, where such collateral security consists of assets generated or acquired by the related Obligor in its business.

"Account" has the meaning specified in Section 9-102(a)(2) of the UCC.

"Account Control Agreement" means the Account Control Agreement, dated as of November 29, 2012 (as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time),

among the Borrower, as debtor, State Street Bank and Trust Company, as secured party in its capacity as Collateral Agent, and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as securities intermediary and depository bank.

“Administrative Expense Cap” means, for any Payment Date, an amount equal (when taken together with any Administrative Expenses paid during the period since the preceding Payment Date or, in the case of the first Payment Date, the Original Closing Date) to the sum of:

- (a) 0.02% per annum (prorated for the related Collection Period on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months) of the Quarterly Asset Amount on the related Determination Date; and
- (b) \$200,000 per annum.

“Administrative Expenses” means the fees and expenses (including indemnities) and other amounts due or accrued of the Borrower (or any Blocker Subsidiary) with respect to any Payment Date and payable in the following order by the Borrower:

- (a) first, to the Collateral Agent, the Custodian and the Securities Intermediary pursuant to the Collateral Agent Fee Letter; and
- (b) second, on a *pro rata* basis, to:
 - (i) the Independent Accountants, agents (other than the Investment Manager) and counsel of the Borrower for fees and expenses; and
 - (ii) the Rating Agencies for fees and expenses (including any annual fee, amendment fees and surveillance fees) in connection with any rating of the Facility or in connection with the rating of (or provision of Credit Estimates in respect of) any Collateral Obligations;
 - (iii) the Lenders and the Agents (or related indemnified parties) for fees, expenses and other amounts payable by the Borrower under this Agreement or any other Facility Document (including, notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, but subject to Sections 2.04(f) and 12.04, amounts sufficient to reimburse each Lender for all amounts paid by such Lender pursuant to Section 11.04 (and subject to the limitations therein)); and
 - (iv) indemnification obligations owing by the Borrower to the Borrower’s independent managers under the Borrower LLC Agreement;

provided that (1) for the avoidance of doubt, amounts that are expressly payable to any Person under the Priority of Payments in respect of an amount that is stated to be payable as an amount other than as Administrative Expenses (including, without limitation, interest and principal, other amounts owing in respect of the Advances and the Commitments and the Replacement Investment Management Fees) shall not constitute Administrative Expenses and (2) Closing

Date Expenses, to the extent paid for with Cash contributed by the Investment Manager or an Affiliate thereof under Section 10.04, shall not constitute Administrative Expenses.

“Advances” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.01.

“Affected Lender” means a Lender that is subject to regulation under the Retention Requirement Laws from time to time or party to liquidity or credit support arrangements provided by a financial institution that is subject to such regulation.

“Affected Person” means (i) each Lender, (ii) the relevant Lender’s parent and/or holding company, (iii) if the relevant Lender is a CP Conduit, the related Conduit Support Provider and (iv) any Participant.

“Affiliate” means, in respect of a referenced Person, another Person Controlling, Controlled by or under common Control with such referenced Person; provided, however, that a Person shall not be deemed to be an “Affiliate” of an Obligor solely because it is under the common ownership or control of the same financial sponsor or affiliate thereof as such Obligor (except if any such Person or Obligor provides collateral under, guarantees or otherwise supports the obligations of the other such Person or Obligor).

“Agents” means, collectively, the Facility Agent and the Collateral Agent.

“Aggregate Funded Spread” means, as of any date, in the case of each Collateral Obligation that is not a Fixed Rate Obligation (excluding the unfunded portion of any Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loan and any Revolving Collateral Loan) (i) the excess of the sum of the scheduled coupon rate (giving effect to any floor rate) over Specified LIBOR as then in effect (which spread or excess may be expressed as a negative percentage) *multiplied* by (ii) the Principal Balance of such Collateral Obligation (excluding the unfunded portion of any Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loan or Revolving Collateral Loan).

“Aggregate Industry Equivalent Unit Score” means, with respect to each DBRS Industry Classification, the sum of the Equivalent Unit Scores for each Obligor in such DBRS Industry Classification.

“Aggregate Principal Balance” means, when used with respect to all or a portion of the Collateral Obligations, the sum of the Principal Balances of all or of such portion of such Collateral Obligations.

“Aggregate Unfunded Spread” means, as of any date, the sum of the products obtained by multiplying (a) for each Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loan and Revolving Collateral Loan, the related commitment fee or other analogous fees (expressed at a per annum rate) then in effect as of such date by (b) the undrawn commitments under each such Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loan and Revolving Collateral Loan as of such date.

“Agreement” means this Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Security Agreement, as the same may from time to time be amended, supplemented, waived or modified.

“Applicable Law” means any Law of any Authority, including all federal and state banking or securities laws, to which the Person in question is subject or by which it or any of its assets or properties are bound.

“Applicable Row Level” means the column of that name as set forth in the Matrix that becomes effective after (i) the Borrower or Investment Manager provides the notice specifying an Applicable Row Level as described in Section 2.17(a) or (ii) the Borrower or Investment Manager provides the notice specifying a different Applicable Row Level than the one in use at that time as described in Section 2.17(b).

“Appraised Value” means, with respect to any Defaulted Loan/Bond or Credit Risk Loan/Bond, the value of (i) such Defaulted Loan/Bond or Credit Risk Loan/Bond or (ii) the assets securing such Defaulted Loan/Bond or Credit Risk Loan/Bond, in each case net of costs of their liquidation as determined by the applicable Approved Appraisal Firm, as set forth in the related appraisal (or, if a range of values is set forth therein, the midpoint of such values), adjusted appropriately if the Borrower owns less than 100% of the total lenders’ interests secured by the assets securing any Defaulted Loan/Bond or Credit Risk Loan/Bond or, if it has sold participation interests in such Defaulted Loan/Bond or Credit Risk Loan/Bond.

“Approved Appraisal Firm” means (a) each independent appraisal firm set forth on Exhibit E hereto or (b) (i) with respect to a Collateral Obligation that is a loan, an independent appraisal firm recognized as being experienced in conducting valuations of secured loans and with respect to a Collateral Obligation that is a debt obligation, an independent appraisal firm recognized as being experienced in conducting valuations of debt obligations, or (ii) an independent financial adviser of recognized standing retained by the Borrower, the Investment Manager or the agent or lenders under any Collateral Obligation, in the case of each of the preceding clauses (b)(i) and (b)(ii), as approved by each of the Investment Manager and the Facility Agent.

“Article 17” means Article 17 of European Union Directive 2011/61/EU on Alternative Investment Fund Managers.

“Article 405(1)” means Article 405(1) of the CRR.

“Assignment and Acceptance” means an Assignment and Acceptance in substantially the form of Exhibit D hereto, entered into by a Lender, an assignee, the Facility Agent and, if applicable, the Borrower.

“Assumed Reinvestment Rate” means, at any time, the current yield (or weighted average yield) obtained by the Borrower at such time on its Eligible Investments.

“Authority” means any nation or government, any state or other political subdivision thereof, any agency, authority, instrumentality, regulatory body, administrative tribunal, central bank, public office, court, arbitration or mediation panel, or other entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, taxing, regulatory or administrative powers or functions of government, including FINRA, the SEC, the stock exchanges, any federal, state, territorial, county, municipal or other government or governmental agency, arbitrator, board, body, branch, bureau, commission, court, department, instrumentality, master, mediator, panel,

referee, system or other political unit or subdivision or other entity of any of the foregoing, whether domestic or foreign.

“Available Unfunded Amount” means, at any time, the lower of (A) the Commitment minus the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the Advances and (B) the excess of (x) the product of (i) the Principal Collateralization Amount *minus* the Borrower Liabilities and (ii) the Leverage Multiple over (y) the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the Advances. For the avoidance of doubt, no amount calculated pursuant to this definition shall be less than zero.

“Average Maturity Date” means, as of any date of determination, with respect to any Performing Collateral Obligation, the date calculated by adding to the Original Closing Date the maturity of such Performing Collateral Obligation (expressed as a number of months from the Original Closing Date) calculated by multiplying (i) the Principal Balance (or portion thereof) of such Performing Collateral Obligation that is then held (or in relation to a proposed purchase of a Performing Collateral Obligation, proposed to be held) by the Borrower and that matures or amortizes on any date subsequent to such date of determination by (ii) the number of months from the Original Closing Date to the date of such maturity or amortization, in each case as of such date.

“Average Par Amount” means the sum of the Obligor Par Amounts for all Collateral Obligations (other than Defaulted Loan/Bonds), *divided* by the number of Obligors in respect of such Collateral Obligations (other than Defaulted Loan/Bonds); provided that, for purposes of calculating the Average Par Amount, any Obligors that are Affiliated with one another will be considered one Obligor.

“Bankruptcy Code” means the United States Bankruptcy Code, as amended.

“Base Rate” means, for any day, a fluctuating rate of interest per annum equal to the highest of:

(a) the rate of interest in effect for such day that is identified and normally published by *The Wall Street Journal* as the “Prime Rate” (or, if more than one rate is published as the Prime Rate, then the highest of such rates), with any change in Prime Rate to become effective as of the date the rate of interest which is so identified as the “Prime Rate” is different from that published on the preceding Business Day (and, if *The Wall Street Journal* no longer reports the Prime Rate, or if such Prime Rate no longer exists, then the Facility Agent may select a reasonably comparable index or source to use as the basis for the Base Rate under this clause (a));

(b) the Federal Funds Rate plus one-half of one percent (0.50%) per annum; and

(c) Specified LIBOR *plus* 1.00% per annum.

The Base Rate is a reference rate and does not necessarily represent the lowest or best rate actually charged to any customer of any Agent or any Lender. Interest calculated pursuant to clause (a) above will be determined based on a year of 365 days or 366 days, as

applicable, and actual days elapsed. Interest calculated pursuant to clauses (b) and (c) above will be determined based on a year of 360 days and actual days elapsed.

“Base Rate Advance” means an Advance that bears interest at the Base Rate as provided in Section 2.04 and Section 2.11.

“Basel III” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.09(a).

“Blocker Subsidiary” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 5.02(p).

“Blocker Subsidiary Exempt Provisions” means the following Sections of this Agreement: 3.01, 4.01(k) (if the Investment Manager reasonably deems it appropriate to elect treatment as a corporation), 4.02(a) (with respect to Monthly Reports and Payment Date Reports), 4.02(c) (to the extent relating to Collateral that has not been transferred to such Blocker Subsidiary), 5.01(g), 5.01(h), 5.01(j) (to the extent set forth above as to 4.01(k)), Article VIII (other than Section 8.09 and provided that one or more accounts may be established with the Custodian for a Blocker Subsidiary, each of which shall be subject to the Lien of and under the control of the Collateral Agent, and all Collections shall be paid to the appropriate Covered Account of the Borrower at the end of each Collection Period, except that, if deemed appropriate by the Investment Manager, a reserve account for expenses may be established and funded with equity distributable pursuant to Section 9.01(a)(i)(K)(iii) or contributed under Section 10.04, and any remainder therein would not be paid to the Borrower until the final Payment Date, the acceleration of the Advances or the Investment Manager reasonably determines such reserve is no longer necessary), 10.02 (to the extent it would restrict the transfer of Collateral to a Blocker Subsidiary as contemplated by Section 5.02(p)) and 10.03 (to the extent it would restrict the transfer of Collateral to a Blocker Subsidiary as contemplated by Section 5.02(p)).

“Borrower” has the meaning assigned to such term in the introduction to this Agreement.

“Borrower Liabilities” means the sum of (a) the aggregate outstanding principal balance of the Advances *plus* (b) the Portfolio Exposure Amount.

“Borrower LLC Agreement” means the Amended & Restated Limited Liability Company Agreement of the Borrower, dated as of May 8, 2012, as amended by Amendment No. 1 to the Amended & Restated Borrower LLC Agreement, dated as of January 21, 2014, and as further amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with the terms hereof and thereof.

“Borrowing” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.01.

“Borrowing Date” means the date of a Borrowing.

“Business Day” means any day other than a Saturday or Sunday, provided that days on which banks are authorized or required to close in New York, New York, Chicago, Illinois, or London, England, and days on which commercial paper markets in the United States are closed shall not constitute Business Days.

“Calculation Agent” means the Collateral Agent, as calculation agent, for purposes of Schedule 6.

“Canadian Dollar Subaccount” has the meaning specified in Section 8.02(a).

“Canadian Dollars” means lawful money of Canada.

“Canadian Dollar Obligation” means a Collateral Obligation denominated in Canadian Dollars.

“Cash” means Dollars immediately available on the day in question.

“Certificated Security” has the meaning specified in Section 8-102(a)(4) of the UCC.

“Change in Control” means (i) the Borrower ceases to be a wholly owned direct subsidiary of the Investment Manager, (ii) TSL Advisers, LLC ceases to be Controlled by (a) David Bonderman, James Coulter, or Alan Waxman, or any of their successors or (b) TPG Capital, L.P. or an Affiliate of TPG Capital, L.P or (iii) the Investment Manager ceases to be managed by TSL Advisers, LLC.

“Clearing Agency” means an organization registered as a “clearing agency” pursuant to Section 17A of the Exchange Act.

“Clearing Corporation” means each entity included within the meaning of “clearing corporation” under Section 8-102(a)(5) of the UCC.

“Clearing Corporation Security” means securities which are in the custody of or maintained on the books of a Clearing Corporation or a nominee subject to the control of a Clearing Corporation and, if they are Certificated Securities in registered form, properly endorsed to or registered in the name of the Clearing Corporation or such nominee.

“Closing Date” means January 21, 2014.

“Closing Date Expenses” means amounts due in respect of actions taken on or before the Closing Date or in connection with the closing of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, including without limitation (i) the fees, if any, to be received by Natixis Securities Americas LLC on or prior to the Closing Date pursuant to the Engagement Letter; (ii) the accrued fees and expenses in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby, including, without limitation, those of external counsel to the Facility Agent, the Collateral Agent, the Borrower and the Lender as of the Closing Date; and (iii) the fees to be received by DBRS on or prior to the Closing Date in connection with the closing of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

“Closing Expense Account” has the meaning specified in Section 8.12.

“Code” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time, or any successor statute.

“Collateral” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 7.01(a).

“Collateral Agent” has the meaning assigned to such term in the introduction to this Agreement.

“Collateral Agent Fee Letter” means the fee letter dated November 29, 2012, between the Collateral Agent and the Borrower, setting forth the fees payable by the Borrower to the Collateral Agent in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, as the same may from time to time be amended, supplemented, waived or modified.

“Collateral Interest Amount” means, as of any date of determination, without duplication, the sum of (a) the aggregate amount of Interest Proceeds that has been received or that is expected to be received (other than Interest Proceeds (i) expected to be received from Defaulted Loan/Bonds, in each case unless actually received and (ii) received as equity contributions from the Investment Manager or any of its Affiliates and designated as Interest Proceeds by the Borrower), (b) the aggregate amount of Interest Proceeds on deposit in the Interest Collection Subaccount, and (c) the aggregate amount, if any, due from any Eligible Hedge Counterparty and payable to the Borrower under each Eligible Hedge Agreement entered into by the Borrower, in each case during the Collection Period (and, if such Collection Period does not end on a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day) in which such date of determination occurs.

“Collateral Obligation” means a loan or debt obligation or Participation Interest that as of the date of acquisition by the Borrower (or its binding commitment to acquire the same) meets each of the following criteria:

- (a) permits purchase by, or assignment to, the Borrower and the pledge thereof to the Collateral Agent hereunder;
- (b) is denominated and payable in Dollars or Canadian Dollars;
- (c) is an obligation of (i) an Obligor organized in the United States (or any state thereof or the District of Columbia, but excluding territories thereof) or (ii) an Eligible Foreign Obligor;
- (d) is not a Defaulted Loan/Bond or a Credit Risk Loan/Bond;
- (e) is not a Zero Coupon Obligation;
- (f) is not a Real Estate Loan or Structured Finance Obligation;
- (g) is not an obligation the repayment of which is by its terms subject to material non-credit related risk (including, without limitation, catastrophe bonds, weather-linked derivatives, commodity-linked notes, etc.) as determined by the Investment Manager in good faith;

(h) no portion thereof (including any conversion option, exchange option or other similar component thereof) is exchangeable or convertible into equity at the option of the related Obligor;

(i) is not an equity security or a component of an equity security (other than an Equity Kicker received in connection with a Collateral Obligation);

(j) is not currently the subject of an offer or has not been called for redemption;

(k) does not constitute Margin Stock;

(l) is not subject to withholding tax unless the Obligor is required to make “gross-up” payments constituting 100% of such withholding tax;

(m) provides for a fixed amount of principal payable at or prior to its stated maturity;

(n) if such Collateral Obligation is a Participation Interest, such Participation Interest is from an Eligible Selling Institution;

(o) matures on or prior to the Final Maturity Date;

(p) provides for payment of interest in either Dollars or Canadian Dollars, as applicable, at least semi-annually;

(q) is not an obligation (other than a Revolving Collateral Loan or a Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loan) pursuant to which any future advances or payments to the Obligor may be required to be made by the Borrower;

(r) will not cause the Borrower or the pool of assets to be required to be registered as an investment company under the Investment Company Act;

(s) is an Eligible Senior Secured Loan, First Lien/Last Out Loan, Eligible Second Lien Loan, Eligible Mezzanine Loan or an Eligible Senior Secured Bond;

(t) the purchase price of which is not less than 75.0% of the principal amount thereof;

(u) has either (i) a public rating by Moody’s or S&P or (ii) either (a) a Credit Estimate from DBRS or (b) is in the process of receiving a Credit Estimate from DBRS; and

(v) is not a Covenant Lite Loan other than an Eligible Covenant Lite Loan.

“Collateral Quality Test” means a test that is satisfied if, as of any date of determination, in the aggregate, the Collateral Obligations owned (or in relation to a proposed

purchase of a Collateral Obligation, both owned and proposed to be owned) by the Borrower satisfy each of the tests set forth below:

- (a) the Minimum Diversity Score Test;
- (b) the Minimum Average Recovery Rate Test;
- (c) the Minimum Weighted Average Spread Test;
- (d) the Minimum Weighted Average Fixed Rate Coupon Test;
- (e) the Weighted Average Maturity Date Test; and
- (f) the Maximum DBRS Risk Score Test.

“Collection Account” means the trust account established pursuant to Section 8.02, which includes the Principal Collection Subaccount and the Interest Collection Subaccount.

“Collection Period” means, with respect to any Payment Date, the period commencing immediately following the prior Collection Period (or on the Original Closing Date, in the case of the Collection Period relating to the first Payment Date) and ending on the sixth Business Day prior to such Payment Date or, in the case of the final Collection Period preceding the Final Maturity Date or the final Collection Period preceding an optional prepayment in whole of the Advances, ending on the day preceding the Final Maturity Date or the date of such prepayment, respectively.

“Collections” means all cash collections, distributions, payments or other amounts received, or to be received by the Borrower from any Person in respect of any Collateral Obligations constituting Collateral, including all principal, interest, fees, distributions and redemption and withdrawal proceeds payable to the Borrower under or in connection with any such Collateral Obligations and all Proceeds from any sale or disposition of any such Collateral Obligations.

“Commercial Paper Funding” means, with respect to any Cost of Funds Rate Advance, at any time, the funding by a CP Lender of all or a portion of the outstanding principal amount of such Advance with funds provided by the issuance of Commercial Paper Notes.

“Commercial Paper Funding Period” means, with respect to any Cost of Funds Rate Advance, a period of time during which all or a portion of the outstanding principal amount of such Advance is funded by a Commercial Paper Funding.

“Commercial Paper Notes” means commercial paper notes or secured liquidity notes issued by a CP Conduit or a conduit providing funding to a CP Conduit in the commercial paper market from time to time.

“Commercial Paper Rate” means, with respect to any Commercial Paper Funding, a rate per annum equal to the sum of (i) the rate or, if more than one rate, the weighted average

of the rates, determined if necessary by converting to an interest-bearing equivalent rate per annum (based on a year of 360 days and actual days elapsed) the discount rate (or rates) at which Commercial Paper Notes are sold by any placement agent or commercial paper dealer of a commercial paper conduit providing funding to a CP Conduit, plus (ii) if not included in the calculations in clause (i), the commissions and charges charged by such placement agent or commercial paper dealer with respect to such Commercial Paper Notes, incremental carrying costs incurred with respect to such Commercial Paper Notes maturing on dates other than those on which corresponding funds are received by such CP Conduit, other borrowings by such CP Conduit and any other costs (such as interest rate or currency swaps) associated with the issuance of Commercial Paper Notes that are allocated, in whole or in part, by such CP Conduit or its Program Manager to fund or maintain such portion of the applicable Advance (and which may be also allocated in part to the funding of other assets of such CP Conduit) and discount on Commercial Paper Notes issued to fund the discount on maturing Commercial Paper Notes, in all cases expressed as a percentage of the face amount thereof and converted to an interest-bearing equivalent rate per annum (based on a year of 360 days and actual days elapsed).

“Commitment” means, as to each Lender, the obligation of such Lender to make, on and subject to the terms and conditions hereof, Advances to the Borrower pursuant to Section 2.01 in an aggregate principal amount at any one time outstanding up to but not exceeding the amount set forth opposite the name of such Lender on Schedule 1 or in the Assignment and Acceptance pursuant to which such Lender shall have assumed its Commitment, as applicable, as such amount may be reduced from time to time pursuant to Section 2.05(b) or Section 2.06 or increased or reduced from time to time pursuant to assignments effected in accordance with Section 12.06(a).

“Commitment Fees” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.13(a).

“Commitment Shortfall” means, as of any date of determination, the positive excess, if any, of (A) the Portfolio Exposure Amount *over* (B) the Available Unfunded Amount.

“Commitment Termination Date” means the last day of the Reinvestment Period; provided that:

(a) if the Reinvestment Period ends as a result of one or more of the occurrences referred to in clauses (c) through (e) of the definition thereof, then the Commitment Termination Date will be the day that is five Business Days after the date on which the Facility Agent, the Lenders and the Borrower have notice of such end of the Reinvestment Period; and

(b) if the Commitment Termination Date would otherwise not be a Business Day, then the Commitment Termination Date shall be the immediately succeeding Business Day.

“Commodity Exchange Act” means the Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended.

“Concentration Limitations” means limitations that are satisfied if, as of any date of determination, in the aggregate, the Aggregate Principal Balance of the Collateral Obligations

owned (or, in relation to a proposed purchase of a Collateral Obligation, proposed to be owned) by the Borrower comply with all of the requirements set forth below (or, in connection with a proposed purchase, if not in compliance, the relevant requirements are maintained or improved as a result of such purchase), calculated as a percentage of Total Capitalization (unless otherwise specified):

(a) not more than 15% consist of Fixed Rate Obligations;

(b) not more than 5% consist of obligations of any one Obligor (and Affiliates thereof); provided that up to five Obligors (and their respective Affiliates) may each constitute up to 7%; provided further that not more than \$11,375,000 shall consist of obligations of any one Obligor (and Affiliates thereof) that has a DBRS Long Term Rating of "CCC (high)" or below with respect to its Collateral Obligation(s);

(c) not more than 15.0% consist of Revolving Collateral Loans or Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loans; subject in each case to compliance with the Funded Draw Assignment Provisions;

(d) not more than 10.0% consist of Canadian Dollar Obligations;

(e) not more than 60.0% consist of Collateral Obligations that are not Eligible Senior Secured Loans; provided that if, at such time, not more than 5.0% consist of Collateral Obligations that are Eligible Senior Secured Bonds and Eligible Mezzanine Loans, not more than 65.0% may consist of Collateral Obligations that are not Eligible Senior Secured Loans; provided further that if, at such time, not more than 0.0% consist of Collateral Obligations that are Eligible Senior Secured Bonds and Eligible Mezzanine Loans, not more than 70.0% may consist of Collateral Obligations that are not Eligible Senior Secured Loans;

(f) not more than 10.0% consist of Collateral Obligations that are Eligible Senior Secured Bonds or Eligible Mezzanine Loans;

(g) not more than 5.0% consist of Collateral Obligations that are Current Pay Obligations;

(h) not more than 12.5% consist of Collateral Obligations with Obligors in any one DBRS Industry Classification, provided that any two DBRS Industry Classifications may each constitute up to 15%;

(i) not more than 20.0% consist of Participation Interests, all of which must be from Eligible Selling Institutions (or such other Selling Institution (A) that has been approved in writing by the Facility Agent and (B) with respect to which the Rating Confirmation has been satisfied), provided that (x) not more than 15% consist of Participation Interests in respect of a single Selling Institution that has (or such Selling Institution is guaranteed by an Affiliate having) a DBRS Long Term Rating of "AA", (y) not more than 10.0% consist of Participation Interests in respect of a single Selling Institutions that have (or such Selling Institution is guaranteed by an Affiliate having) a DBRS Long Term Rating of "AA (low)", and (z) not more than 5% consist of

Participation Interests in respect of a single Selling Institution that has (or such Selling Institution is guaranteed by an Affiliate having) a DBRS Long Term Rating of “A (high)”;

(j) not more than 5% consist of DIP Loans;

(k) not more than 20% consist of Collateral Obligations that permit the payment of interest to be made less frequently than quarterly (it being understood that, to the extent that a Collateral Obligation provides an Obligor with the option to make interest payments at different intervals, the longest such interval that is available to the Obligor (regardless of the interval that is in use at any time) shall govern for purposes of this clause (k));

(l) not more than 25% consist of Collateral Obligations, measured at the time of purchase by the Borrower, that (1) (i) have a DBRS Risk Score above 22.5401 or (ii) are in the process of receiving a Credit Estimate and (2) have a trailing twelve month EBITDA of less than \$10,000,000; provided that Collateral Obligations that receive a Credit Estimate with a DBRS Risk Score equal to or below 22.5401 will be excluded from such 25% limitation once the Credit Estimate is received;

(m) not more than 5.0% consist of Collateral Obligations that are Eligible Covenant Lite Loans; and

(n) not more than \$25,000,000 consist of Collateral Obligations of Eligible Foreign Obligors organized in the United Kingdom.

“Conduit Support Facility” means, with respect to any Cost of Funds Rate Advance, (i) a loan facility, asset purchase facility, swap transaction or other arrangement under which the providers of such facility have agreed to provide funds for Commercial Paper Notes or (ii) a credit asset purchase agreement or other similar facility that provides credit support for defaults in respect of the failure to make such Advance, and in each case, any guaranty of any such agreement or facility.

“Conduit Support Funding” means, with respect to any Cost of Funds Rate Advance, at any time, funding by a CP Lender of all or a portion of the outstanding principal amount of such Advance with funds provided under a Conduit Support Facility.

“Conduit Support Funding Period” means, with respect to any Cost of Funds Rate Advance, a period of time during which all or a portion of the outstanding principal amount of such Advance is funded through a Conduit Support Funding.

“Conduit Support Provider” means, without duplication, (i) a provider of a Conduit Support Facility to or for the benefit of any CP Conduit, and any guarantor of such provider or (ii) an entity that issues commercial paper or other debt obligations, the proceeds of which are used (directly or indirectly) to fund the obligations of any CP Conduit.

“Conduit Support Rate” means with respect to any Conduit Support Funding for any period, the per annum rate of interest equal to the sum of (i) LIBOR applicable to such

period plus (ii) 0.50% per annum; provided that, if a quotation for LIBOR is not able to be obtained, the Conduit Support Rate shall equal, for each day in any period, the Base Rate applicable to such day.

“Connection Taxes” means Other Connection Taxes that are (i) imposed on or measured by net income or net profits (however denominated) or that are franchise Taxes or branch profits Taxes, and (ii) Other Taxes.

“Constituent Documents” means in respect of any Person, the certificate or articles of formation or organization, the limited liability company agreement (including, in the case of the Borrower, the Borrower LLC Agreement), operating agreement, partnership agreement, joint venture agreement or other applicable agreement of formation or organization (or equivalent or comparable constituent documents) and other organizational documents and by-laws and any certificate of incorporation, certificate of formation, certificate of limited partnership and other agreement, similar instrument filed or made in connection with its formation or organization, in each case, as the same may be amended, restated, replaced, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time.

“Control” means, with respect to any Person, the direct or indirect possession of the power (i) to vote more than 50% of the equity interests having ordinary voting power for the election of directors (or the applicable equivalent) of such Person or (ii) to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of such Person, whether through ownership, by contract, arrangement or understanding, or otherwise; provided, however, that an independent director or independent manager of a Person shall not be deemed to exercise control for purposes of this definition. “Controlled” and “Controlling” have the meaning correlative thereto.

“Cost of Funds Rate” means the weighted average of the Commercial Paper Rate and the Conduit Support Rate at any time and from time to time based upon the portion of the outstanding principal amount of such Advance that is funded by Commercial Paper Funding or Conduit Support Funding for one or more Commercial Paper Funding Periods or Conduit Support Funding Periods, respectively; provided that in no event shall the Cost of Funds Rate for any period exceed the Cost of Funds Rate Cap for such period. For purposes of this definition and its use in this Agreement, the Commercial Paper Rate established by a CP Conduit shall be associated with the Commercial Paper Funding undertaken by such CP Conduit.

“Cost of Funds Rate Advance” means each Advance that bears interest at a rate based on the Cost of Funds Rate as provided in Section 2.04.

“Cost of Funds Rate Cap” means, for any applicable period, the sum of (i) the three month LIBOR rate *plus* (ii) 0.50% per annum; provided that, if, pursuant to Schedule 6, the Facility Agent is unable to obtain a quotation for LIBOR, the Cost of Funds Rate Cap shall equal, for each day in any such period, the Base Rate applicable to such day.

“Covenant Lite Loan” means a Collateral Obligation the Related Documents for which do not (i) contain any financial covenants or (ii) require the borrower thereunder to comply with any Maintenance Covenant (regardless of whether compliance with one or more Incurrence Covenants is otherwise required by such Related Documents).

“Coverage Test” means each of:

- (a) the Minimum Overcollateralization Ratio Test; and
- (b) the Interest Coverage Ratio Test.

“Covered Account” means each of the Collection Account (including the Interest Collection Subaccount, the Principal Collection Subaccount, and the Canadian Dollar Subaccount), the Payment Account, the Revolving Reserve Account, the Lender Funding Account (including each Lender Funding Subaccount therein), the Currency Exchange Account, the Custodial Account, the Funded Draw Collection Account, and the Closing Expense Account.

“CP Conduit” means any limited-purpose entity established to use the direct or indirect proceeds of the issuance of Commercial Paper Notes to finance financial assets. For the avoidance of doubt, for all purposes under this Agreement and the other Facility Documents, the term “CP Conduit” shall include (i) Versailles Assets LLC, (ii) Bleachers Finance 1 Limited, (iii) any other commercial paper program or vehicle established or administered by Natixis or any of its Affiliates, and (iv) any other commercial paper program or vehicle established or administered by 20 Gates Management LLC.

“CP Lender” means a CP Conduit that is a Lender.

“CP LIBOR Lender” means a CP Conduit that has demonstrated to the reasonable satisfaction of the Agents and the Borrower that it is unable to obtain Commercial Paper Funding and has elected in a written notice to the Borrower and the Agents to have its Advances accrue interest by reference to LIBOR.

“Credit Estimate” means, with respect to any Collateral Obligation, a numerical value representing a credit estimate obtained from DBRS.

“Credit Risk Loan/Bond” means a Collateral Obligation that is not a Defaulted Loan/Bond but which, in the reasonable business judgment of the Investment Manager (exercised in accordance with the Servicing Standard), has a significant risk of declining in credit quality and, with the lapse of time, becoming a Defaulted Loan/Bond and is designated as a “Credit Risk Loan/Bond” by the Investment Manager.

“CRR” means EU Regulation 575/2013 (on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) 648/2012).

“Cumulative Net Loss Amount” means, as of any date of determination, the sum of all Net Loss Amounts as of such date, minus any amount previously paid to the holders of the Equity pursuant to Sections 9.01(a)(i)(K) and (M) on each Payment Date preceding such date of determination.

“Currency Exchange Account” means the currency exchange account established pursuant to Section 8.10.

“Currency Exchange Mark-to-Market Amount” means, as of any Determination Date, the amount, if any, by which (x) the Dollar value of the Principal Balance of the Canadian Dollar Obligations at the Settlement Date Rate (after adjustment for any repayments of principal) exceeds (y) the Dollar value of the Principal Balance of the Canadian Dollar Obligations at the applicable Spot Foreign Exchange Rate on such Determination Date. For the avoidance of doubt, no amount calculated pursuant to this definition shall be less than zero.

“Current Pay Obligation” means any Collateral Obligation that would otherwise be a Defaulted Loan/Bond but as to which:

(a) (x) no default has occurred and is continuing with respect to the payment of interest and any contractual principal (if any), (y) all contractual payments due at the relevant time of determination (including principal, interest and any other such payments) have been paid in Cash and (z) the Borrower reasonably expects that the next interest payment due will be paid in Cash on the scheduled payment date (which judgment shall not subsequently be called into question as a result of subsequent events);

(b) such Collateral Obligation has a Market Value (which is not determined pursuant to clause (d)(ii) of the definition thereof) of no less than 80% of par; and

(c) if the Obligor in respect of such Collateral Obligation is subject to a bankruptcy proceeding, (x) the related bankruptcy court has authorized all payments due and payable on such Collateral Obligation and (y) all interest payments and scheduled distributions of principal authorized by such bankruptcy court have been paid by such Obligor in respect of such Collateral Obligation.

“Custodial Account” means the custodial account established pursuant to Section 8.03(b).

“Custodian” means the Collateral Agent, as custodian hereunder, together with its successors.

“Daily Average Collateral Obligation Commitment Amount” means, for any Payment Date, the daily average Aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Obligations for the Collection Period relating to such Payment Date (as certified by the Investment Manager to the Collateral Agent and based on the average of the Aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Obligations as of the reporting dates set forth in the last three Monthly Reports).

“DBRS” means DBRS, Inc., together with its successors.

“DBRS Industry Classification” means each industry identified on Schedule 5.

“DBRS Long Term Rating” means a long term credit rating determined in accordance with the provisions set forth in Schedule 7.

“DBRS Rating” means a credit rating determined in accordance with the procedures set forth in Schedule 7.

“DBRS Recovery Rate” means for each Collateral Obligation for purposes of determining the Weighted Average Recovery Rate, a percentage based on the most appropriate description of the Collateral Obligation’s security position from the following table:

Eligible Senior Secured Loan	52.00%
Eligible Second Lien Loan	32.50%
Eligible Senior Secured Bond	32.50%
First Lien/Last Out Loan	32.50%
Eligible Mezzanine Loan	12.50%

“DBRS Risk Score” means the numerical value corresponding to the DBRS Long Term Rating for a Collateral Obligation in the table contained in Schedule 4.

“DBRS Short Term Rating” means a short term credit rating determined in accordance with the provisions set forth in Schedule 7.

“Default” means any event which, with the passage of time, the giving of notice, or both, would constitute an Event of Default.

“Defaulted Equity Security” means any equity security delivered to the Borrower upon acceptance of an Offer in respect of a Defaulted Loan/Bond.

“Defaulted Loan/Bond” means any Collateral Obligation, (i) as to which (a) any payment due (whether scheduled, unscheduled, by way of acceleration or otherwise) under the Related Documents is not made when due and such nonpayment is continuing for five Business Days, (b) any payment of principal, interest or commitment fees due on another *pari passu* debt obligation of the Obligor is not made when due and such nonpayment is continuing for 30 days and would permit the acceleration of any principal, interest or other amounts owed under the related Related Documents, but only until such default has been cured or waived or a forbearance agreement has been entered into and remains in effect, and such Collateral Obligation satisfies the criteria for inclusion in the Collateral described in the definitions of the terms “Eligibility Criteria” or “Eligible Investments”, (c) except in the case of a Collateral Obligation which is a Current Pay Obligation or a DIP Loan, the Obligor in respect of such Collateral Obligation has, or others have, instituted proceedings to have such Obligor adjudicated as bankrupt or insolvent or placed into receivership and such proceedings have not been stayed or dismissed and the Collateral Obligation has not received adequate protection and current interest, or such Obligor has filed for protection under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code, (d) except in the case of a Collateral Obligation which is a Current Pay Obligation or a DIP Loan, such Collateral Obligation or the Obligor in respect of such Collateral Obligation or another obligation of such Obligor has a DBRS Long Term Rating of “D”, or had such a rating before such rating was withdrawn, or a DBRS Long Term Rating in respect of such Collateral Obligation or Obligor cannot be determined or has not received a Credit Estimate, (e) such Collateral Obligation has been placed and remains on non-accrual by the Investment Manager, or (f) a Specified Change has occurred and the Borrower has not satisfied the requirements of Section 5.02(v) with respect to such Specified Change; (ii) that is a Participation Interest (a) with respect to which the related Selling Institution has defaulted in any material respect in the performance of any of its payment obligations under the Participation Interest, or (b) that would, if such loan or other debt security

were a Collateral Obligation, constitute a “Defaulted Loan/Bond” under clause (i) above, or (c) with respect to which the related Selling Institution has a DBRS Long Term Rating of “D”, or had such rating before such rating was withdrawn, or any such debt or deposit obligations shall cease to be rated or a DBRS Long Term Rating in respect of such Selling Institution cannot be determined; or (d) the Selling Institution has defaulted in the performance of any of its payment obligations with respect to such Participation Interests under the related participation agreement; or (iii) that, in the reasonable business judgment of the Investment Manager, is a Defaulted Loan/Bond.

A Collateral Obligation that has become a Defaulted Loan/Bond shall no longer constitute a Defaulted Loan/Bond when either (a) (i) such Defaulted Loan/Bond is current on all payments for a period of six months if such obligation pays monthly, nine months if such obligation pays quarterly and one year if such obligation pays semiannually, (ii) such Defaulted Loan/Bond would qualify as a Collateral Obligation and would satisfy the Eligibility Criteria if originated or purchased at such time and (iii) the Investment Manager has retained an Approved Valuation Firm to assist in the performance of a valuation analysis of such Defaulted Loan/Bond or (b) the Facility Agent has given its prior written consent that such Defaulted Loan/Bond shall no longer constitute a Defaulted Loan/Bond and the Borrower has obtained a Rating Confirmation in connection therewith. The Borrower shall submit any such Collateral Obligation to DBRS for an updated Credit Estimate promptly after it ceases to constitute a Defaulted Loan/Bond in accordance with the preceding sentence.

“Defaulting Lender” means, at any time, any Lender that, at such time has failed for three or more Business Days after a Borrowing Date to fund its portion of an Advance required pursuant to the terms of this Agreement (other than failures to fund as a result of a *bona fide* dispute as to whether the conditions to borrowing were satisfied on the relevant Borrowing Date); provided that a CP Lender that has failed so to fund an Advance shall not be deemed to be a Defaulting Lender if the Conduit Support Provider or any Affiliate of such CP Lender has funded any such Advance to the Borrower.

“Deferred Replacement Investment Management Fee” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 9.01(a)(i)(I).

“Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loan” means a Collateral Obligation that (a) requires the Borrower to make one or more future advances to the borrower under the Related Documents, drawable only in the currency in which such Collateral Obligation is denominated, (b) specifies a maximum amount that can be borrowed on one or more fixed borrowing dates, and (c) does not permit the re-borrowing of any amount previously repaid by the borrower thereunder; provided that any such Collateral Obligation will be a Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loan only to the extent of undrawn commitments and solely until all commitments by the Borrower to make advances on such Collateral Obligation to the borrower under the Related Documents expire or are terminated or are reduced to zero.

“Deliver” or “Delivered” or “Delivery” means the taking of the following steps:

(a) in the case of each Certificated Security (other than a Clearing Corporation Security), Instrument and Participation Interest in which the Participation Interest or the underlying loan is represented by an Instrument:

(i) causing the delivery of such Certificated Security or Instrument to the Custodian by registering the same in the name of the Custodian or its affiliated nominee or by endorsing the same to the Custodian or in blank;

(ii) causing the Custodian to indicate continuously on its books and records that such Certificated Security or Instrument is credited to the applicable Covered Account; and

(iii) causing the Custodian to maintain continuous possession of such Certificated Security or Instrument;

(b) in the case of each Uncertificated Security (other than a Clearing Corporation Security), unless covered by clause (e) below:

(i) causing such Uncertificated Security to be continuously registered on the books of the issuer thereof to the Custodian; and

(ii) causing the Custodian to indicate continuously on its books and records that such Uncertificated Security is credited to the applicable Covered Account;

(c) in the case of each Clearing Corporation Security:

(i) causing the relevant Clearing Corporation to credit such Clearing Corporation Security to the securities account of the Custodian, and

(ii) causing the Custodian to indicate continuously on its books and records that such Clearing Corporation Security is credited to the applicable Covered Account;

(d) in the case of each security issued or guaranteed by the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof and that is maintained in book-entry records of a Federal Reserve Bank (each such security, a "Government Security"):

(i) causing the creation of a Security Entitlement to such Government Security by the credit of such Government Security to the securities account of the Custodian at such Federal Reserve Bank, and

(ii) causing the Custodian to indicate continuously on its books and records that such Government Security is credited to the applicable Covered Account;

(e) in the case of each Security Entitlement not governed by clauses (a) through (d) above:

(i) causing a Securities Intermediary (x) to indicate on its books and records that the underlying Financial Asset has been credited to the Custodian's securities account, (y) to receive a Financial Asset from a Securities Intermediary or acquiring the underlying Financial Asset for a Securities Intermediary, and in either case, accepting it for credit to the Custodian's securities account or (z) to become obligated under other law, regulation or rule to credit the underlying Financial Asset to a Securities Intermediary's securities account,

(ii) causing such Securities Intermediary to make entries on its books and records continuously identifying such Security Entitlement as belonging to the Custodian and continuously indicating on its books and records that such Security Entitlement is credited to the Custodian's securities account, and

(iii) causing the Custodian to indicate continuously on its books and records that such Security Entitlement (or all rights and property of the Custodian representing such Security Entitlement) is credited to the applicable Covered Account;

(f) in the case of Cash or Money:

(i) causing the delivery of such Cash or Money to the Custodian, or in the case of Money that is not Dollars, causing the conversion thereof to Dollars and the delivery of such Dollars to the Custodian,

(ii) causing the Custodian to credit such Dollars to a securities account maintained as a sub-account of the applicable Covered Account, and

(iii) causing the Custodian to indicate continuously on its books and records that such Dollars are credited to the applicable Covered Account; and

(g) in the case of each Account or General Intangible (including any Participation Interest in which neither the Participation Interest nor the underlying loan is represented by an Instrument delivered to the Custodian pursuant to clause (a) above), causing the filing of a Financing Statement in the office of the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware (which Financing Statement does not need to refer to the specific Collateral that is being Delivered and may be a Financing Statement that was previously filed).

In addition, the Investment Manager will (x) obtain any and all consents required by the Related Documents relating to any Instruments, Accounts or General Intangibles for the pledge hereunder (except (A) to the extent that the requirement for such consent is rendered ineffective under Section 9-406 of the UCC and (B) for any customary procedural requirements and agents' consents expected to be obtained in due course in connection with the transfer of the Collateral Obligations to the Borrower (except, in the case of clause (B), for any such agents' consents where the Investment Manager of any of its Affiliates is the agent)) and (y) with respect to each Collateral Obligation the Obligor of which is an Eligible Foreign Obligor, provide written notice to such Eligible Foreign Obligor of the pledge of such Collateral Obligation to the Collateral Agent hereunder and take such other actions and execute such other documents and

instruments (including pledges or charges under the law of such Eligible Foreign Obligor's jurisdiction of organization) as the Facility Agent may reasonably request.

"Determination Date" means the last day of each Collection Period.

"DIP Loan" means an obligation:

(a) obtained or incurred after the entry of an order of relief in a case pending under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code;

(b) to a debtor in possession as described in Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code or a trustee (if appointment of such trustee has been ordered pursuant to Section 1104 of the Bankruptcy Code);

(c) on which the related Obligor is required to pay interest and/or principal on a current basis;

(d) approved by a Final Order or Interim Order of the bankruptcy court so long as such obligation is (A) fully secured by a lien on the debtor's otherwise unencumbered assets pursuant to Section 364(c)(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, (B) fully secured by a lien of equal or senior priority on property of the debtor's estate that is otherwise subject to a lien pursuant to Section 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code or (C) is secured by a junior lien on the debtor's encumbered assets (so long as such loan is fully secured based on the most recent current valuation or appraisal report, if any, of the debtor); and

(e) that has a DBRS Rating.

"Diversity Score" means, with respect to the Collateral Obligations (other than Defaulted Loan/Bonds), the sum of each of the Industry Diversity Scores.

"Dollars" and "\$" mean lawful money of the United States.

"Due Date" means each date on which any payment is due on a Collateral Obligation in accordance with its terms.

"Duff & Phelps" means Duff & Phelps Credit Rating Co., together with its successors.

"EBA" means the European Banking Authority and any successor or replacement agency or authority.

"EBITDA" means with respect to an Obligor of a Collateral Obligation, for any period, the net income of such Obligor plus the sum of interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization, with such adjustments as the Investment Manager determines to be appropriate in accordance with the Servicing Standard, in each case for such period.

“Eligibility Criteria” means, in connection with each acquisition or commitment to acquire a Collateral Obligation, and after giving effect to any contribution of additional equity by the Investment Manager or an Affiliate thereof occurring on or prior to such date as per Section 10.04, each of the following:

- (a) such obligation satisfies the criteria set forth in the definition of “Collateral Obligation”;
- (b) each Collateral Quality Test and Concentration Limitation is satisfied after giving effect to such acquisition or commitment (or, if not satisfied immediately prior to such acquisition or commitment, compliance with such Collateral Quality Test and/or Concentration Limitation, as applicable, is maintained or improved);
- (c) each Coverage Test is satisfied after giving effect to such acquisition or commitment;
- (d) the Row Advance Rate that is in use at such time equals or exceeds the Portfolio Advance Rate;
- (e) no Commitment Shortfall exists;
- (f) the Retention Provider is the originator of over 50% (measured by total nominal amount) of all Collateral Obligations acquired (or committed to be acquired) by the Borrower, such proportion measured on the basis of the nominal value at each respective origination of all Collateral Obligations acquired by the Borrower in aggregate during the term of this Agreement; and
- (g) in relation to a Collateral Obligation to be acquired by the Borrower that will not be acquired from the Retention Provider only, the Retention Provider is the originator of over 50% (measured by total nominal amount) of all Collateral Obligations acquired (or committed to be acquired) by the Borrower, such proportion measured on the basis of the nominal value at each respective origination of all Collateral Obligations that are expected to be held by the Borrower following the settlement of any such acquisition;

provided that, if the Retention Requirement Laws are amended to clarify the appropriate method for determining the proportion of the total securitized exposures that have been contributed by an originator to a securitization scheme, the basis of measurement in clauses (f) and/or (g) above shall cease to apply and the method (or methods) of determination prescribed under the Retention Requirement Laws shall apply instead.

“Eligible Covenant Lite Loan” means a Collateral Obligation that (i) is a Covenant Lite Loan, (ii) is an Eligible Senior Secured Loan, (iii) has a DBRS Rating of “B (low)” or higher, and (iv) constitutes all, or part, of a tranche at least equal to \$100,000,000 at the time such tranche is issued.

“Eligible Foreign Obligor” means an Obligor organized in (a) Canada (or any province thereof), (b) the United Kingdom or (c) another foreign jurisdiction (i) that is approved

in writing by the Facility Agent and such approval may contain an applicable concentration limitation with respect to such other foreign jurisdiction and (ii) with respect to which the Rating Confirmation has been satisfied.

“Eligible Hedge Agreement” means an interest rate hedge agreement entered into by the Borrower with an Eligible Hedge Counterparty and consented to by the Facility Agent.

“Eligible Hedge Counterparty” means, in respect of a counterparty, a party that (a) (i) is incorporated or organized under the laws of the United States (or any state thereof) or Canada or (ii) is the United States branch of a bank organized outside of the United States (provided such branch of a bank organized outside of the United States is duly authorized and licensed to transact business in the United States) and (b) (i) has (or such counterparty is guaranteed by an Affiliate having) a DBRS Long Term Rating of at least “A (high)” and a DBRS Short Term Rating of at least “R-1 (middle)” or (ii) (A) is consented to by the Facility Agent and (B) with respect to which the Rating Confirmation has been satisfied.

“Eligible Investment Required Ratings” means, in the case of each Eligible Investment, a DBRS Short Term Rating of at least “R-1 (middle)” and, in the case of any Eligible Investment with a maturity of longer than 91 days, a DBRS Long Term Rating of at least “AA”.

“Eligible Investments” means any Dollar investment that, at the time it is Delivered (directly or through an intermediary or bailee), is one or more of the following obligations or securities:

(i) direct obligations of, and obligations the timely payment of principal and interest on which is fully and expressly guaranteed by, the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States the obligations of which are expressly backed by the full faith and credit of the United States;

(ii) demand and time deposits in, certificates of deposit of, trust accounts with, bankers’ acceptances payable within 183 days of issuance by, or federal funds sold by any depository institution or trust company incorporated under the laws of the United States or any state thereof and subject to supervision and examination by federal and/or state banking authorities, so long as the commercial paper and/or the debt obligations of such depository institution or trust company (or, in the case of the principal depository institution in a holding company system, the commercial paper or debt obligations of such holding company) at the time of such investment or contractual commitment providing for such investment have the Eligible Investment Required Ratings;

(iii) unleveraged repurchase obligations with respect to (a) any security described in clause (i) above or (b) any other security issued or guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, in either case entered into with a depository institution or trust company (acting as principal) described in clause (ii) above or entered into with an entity (acting as principal) with, or whose

parent company has (in addition to a guarantee agreement with such entity), the Eligible Investment Required Ratings;

(iv) securities bearing interest or sold at a discount issued by any entity formed under the laws of the United States or any State thereof that satisfies the Eligible Investment Required Ratings at the time of such investment or contractual commitment providing for such investment;

(v) non-extendable commercial paper or other short-term obligations with the Eligible Investment Required Ratings and that either bear interest or are sold at a discount from the face amount thereof and have a maturity of not more than 183 days from their date of issuance;

(vi) a Reinvestment Agreement issued by any bank (if treated as a deposit by such bank), or a Reinvestment Agreement issued by any insurance company or other corporation or entity, in each case with the Eligible Investment Required Ratings; provided that (a) the Rating Confirmation has been satisfied and the Facility Agent (at the direction of the Required Lenders) has consented thereto or (b) such Reinvestment Agreement may be unwound at the option of the Borrower without penalty;

(vii) money market funds which have, at all times, credit ratings of "AAA" by DBRS (or, if not rated by DBRS, credit ratings of "Aaa" and "MR1+" by Moody's and "AAAm" or "AAAm-G" by S&P, respectively); and

(viii) Cash;

provided that (1) Eligible Investments purchased with funds in the Collection Account shall be held until maturity except as otherwise specifically provided herein and shall include only such obligations or securities, other than those referred to in clause (vii) above, as mature (or are puttable at par to the issuer thereof) no later than the earlier of (x) 90 days after the date of acquisition thereof or (y) the next Business Day prior to the next Payment Date; and (2) none of the foregoing obligations or securities shall constitute Eligible Investments if (a) such obligation or security has an "f", "r", "p", "pi", "q" or "t" subscript assigned by S&P, (b) all, or substantially all, of the remaining amounts payable thereunder consist of interest and not principal payments, (c) such obligation or security is subject to U.S. withholding or foreign withholding tax unless the issuer of the security is required to make "gross-up" payments for the full amount of such withholding tax, (d) such obligation or security is secured by real property, (e) such obligation or security is purchased at a price greater than 100% of the principal or face amount thereof, (f) such obligation or security is subject of a tender offer, voluntary redemption, exchange offer, conversion or other similar action or (g) in the Investment Manager's judgment, such obligation or security is subject to material non-credit related risks. Any such investment, whether or not expressly stated above, may be issued by or with or acquired from or through the Collateral Agent or any of its Affiliates, or any entity to which the Collateral Agent provides services or receives compensation (provided that such investment otherwise meets the applicable requirements set forth above), and in connection therewith the Collateral Agent may assess and receive its usual and customary fees and charges related thereto (so long as such fees and charges

are reasonable and consistent with the amounts that would be received in an arm's length transaction).

“Eligible Mezzanine Loan” means a Collateral Obligation that is an Eligible Second Lien Loan or other comparable loan obligation made to a holding company or other equity holder of an operating entity (where (i) the Borrower holds a first priority lien on the assets of such equity holder and/or the equity in the operating entity and (ii) the assets of the operating entity may have been pledged to another lender to secure loans made to such operating entity by such other lender), including any such loan obligation with attached warrants or other options to acquire a share or other equity interest (whether cash pay or non-cash pay) and such obligation is evidenced by an issue of notes or similar instruments; provided that loans to or issues by a start-up company or an Obligor with no operating history shall be excluded from the definition of “Eligible Mezzanine Loan” unless (i) such loans or securities are fully guaranteed by an Affiliate of the Obligor which has an established operating history or Rating Confirmation is received; or (ii) such loans relate to the financing of a start-up company that has been spun off from a company with an established operating history) as determined by the Investment Manager in its reasonable business judgment, or a participation therein.

“Eligible Second Lien Loan” means a Collateral Obligation which (i) is not by its terms (and is not expressly permitted by its terms to become) subordinate in right of payment to any other obligation for borrowed money of the obligor of such loan, other than, with respect to any valid first priority perfected security interest in specified collateral, with respect to the liquidation of such obligor or such collateral, (ii) is secured by a valid second priority perfected security interest or lien in, to or on specified collateral securing the obligor's obligations under such loan (whether or not the Issuer and any other lenders are also granted a security interest of a higher or lower priority in additional collateral), (iii) is secured by collateral having a value (determined as set forth below) at least equal to the outstanding principal balance of such loan plus the aggregate outstanding principal balances of all other loans of equal or higher seniority secured by a first or second lien or security interest in the same collateral, (iv) is not a loan which is secured solely or primarily by the common stock of its obligor or any of its Affiliates (provided that the limitation set forth in this clause (iv) shall not apply with respect to a loan made to a parent entity that is secured solely or primarily by the stock of one or more of the subsidiaries of such parent entity to the extent that the granting by any such subsidiary of a lien on its own property would (1) in the case of a subsidiary that is not part of the same consolidated group as such parent entity for U.S. Federal income tax purposes, result in a deemed dividend by such subsidiary to such parent entity for such tax purposes, (2) violate law or regulations applicable to such subsidiary (whether the obligation secured is such loan or any other similar type of indebtedness owing to third parties) or (3) cause such subsidiary to suffer adverse economic consequences under capital adequacy or other similar rules, in each case, so long as (x) the Related Documents limit the incurrence of indebtedness by such subsidiary such that the net collateral value satisfies clause (iii) above, and (y) the aggregate amount of all such indebtedness is not greater than 60% of the aggregate value of the assets of such subsidiary, and (v) does not qualify as an Eligible Senior Secured Loan. The determination as to whether condition (iii) of this definition is satisfied shall be based on both (a) an appraisal or other valuation performed on or about the date of origination or of the most recent restructuring of the loan (to the extent constituting a Specified Change) and (b) the Investment Manager's judgment in accordance with the Servicing Standard at the time the loan is acquired by the Issuer.

“Eligible Selling Institution” means, with respect to any Participation Interest acquired or committed to be acquired by the Borrower, a Selling Institution in respect of such Participation Interest that (a) (i) is incorporated or organized under the laws of the United States (or any state thereof) or Canada or (ii) is the United States branch of a bank organized outside of the United States (provided such branch of a bank organized outside of the United States is duly authorized and licensed to transact business in the United States) and (b) has (or such Selling Institution is guaranteed by an Affiliate having) a DBRS Long Term Rating of at least “A (high)” and a DBRS Short Term Rating of at least “R-1 (middle)”.

“Eligible Senior Secured Bond” means a Collateral Obligation that ranks pari passu with the Eligible Senior Secured Loans of the same Obligor including, if issued at the holding company level, such Obligor has no secured debt at the operating company level and, if the Obligor has no Eligible Senior Secured Loans outstanding, benefits from the same security package as would an Eligible Senior Secured Loan.

“Eligible Senior Secured Loan” means a Collateral Obligation (other than a First Lien/Last Out Loan) which (i) is not by its terms (and is not expressly permitted by its terms to become) subordinate in right of payment (except as provided in the last sentence of this definition) to any other obligation for borrowed money (other than a Working Capital Revolver) of the obligor of such loan, (ii) is secured by a valid first priority perfected security interest or lien in, to or on specified collateral securing the obligor’s obligations under such loan (whether or not the Borrower and any other lenders are also granted a security interest of lower priority in additional collateral), (iii) is secured by collateral having a value (determined as set forth below), together with the collateral securing all Working Capital Revolvers of the obligor, if any, not less than the sum of (A) the outstanding principal balance of such loan plus (B) the aggregate outstanding principal balances of all other loans of equal seniority secured by a first lien or security interest in the same collateral plus (C) the aggregate maximum commitments of all Working Capital Revolvers of the obligor, and (iv) is not a loan which is secured solely or primarily by the common stock of its obligor or any of its Affiliates (provided that the limitation set forth in this clause (iv) shall not apply with respect to a loan made to a parent entity that is secured solely or primarily by the stock of one or more of the subsidiaries of such parent entity to the extent that the granting by any such subsidiary of a lien on its own property would (1) in the case of a subsidiary that is not part of the same consolidated group as such parent entity for U.S. Federal income tax purposes, result in a deemed dividend by such subsidiary to such parent entity for such tax purposes, (2) violate law or regulations applicable to such subsidiary (whether the obligation secured is such loan or any other similar type of indebtedness owing to third parties) or (3) cause such subsidiary to suffer adverse economic consequences under capital adequacy or other similar rules), in each case, so long as (x) the related Related Documents limit the incurrence of indebtedness by such subsidiary, such that the net collateral value satisfies clause (iii) above, and (y) the aggregate amount of all such indebtedness is not material relative to the aggregate value of the assets of such subsidiary. The determination as to whether condition (iii) of this definition is satisfied shall be based on both (a) an appraisal or other valuation performed on or about the date of origination or of the most recent restructuring of the loan (to the extent constituting a Specified Change) and (b) the Investment Manager’s judgment in accordance with the Servicing Standard at the time the loan is acquired by the Borrower. The right to receive the proceeds of designated collateral subject to a set of contractual payment priorities affecting debt issued under, permitted by, or governed by the same Related Document

will not prevent a loan that satisfies the express requirements hereof from being an “Eligible Senior Secured Loan”.

“Engagement Letter” means the Engagement Letter dated as of November 13, 2013, as amended to date (including the Amendment thereto as of January 21, 2014), between TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. and Natixis Securities Americas LLC.

“Environmental Law” means any law, rule, regulation, order, writ, judgment, injunction or decree of the United States or any other nation, or of any political subdivision thereof, or of any governmental Authority relating to pollution or protection of the environment or the treatment, storage, disposal, release, threatened release or handling of hazardous materials, and all local laws and regulations related to environmental matters and any specific agreements entered into with any competent authorities which include commitments related to environmental matters.

“EoD OC Ratio Failure” has the meaning set forth in Section 6.01(g).

“Equity” means the limited liability company interests in the Borrower.

“Equity Kicker” means, with respect to any Collateral Obligation, one or more warrants attached thereto which collectively constitute no more than 2.0% of the purchase price (as allocated by the Investment Manager) paid by the Borrower for such Collateral Obligation.

“Equity Security” means any (a) Equity Kicker; (b) Defaulted Equity Security; and (c) other equity security that does not entitle the holder thereof to receive periodic payments of interest and one or more installments of principal, including those received by the Borrower as a result of the exercise or conversion of an Equity Kicker or other convertible or exchangeable Collateral Obligation.

“Equivalent Unit Score” means, with respect to each Obligor, the lesser of (a) one and (b) the Obligor Par Amount for such Obligor *divided* by the Average Par Amount.

“ERISA” means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended from time to time, and the regulations promulgated and rulings issued thereunder.

“ERISA Event” means (a) any “reportable event,” as defined in Section 4043 of ERISA or the regulations issued thereunder with respect to a Plan (other than an event for which the thirty (30) day notice requirement is waived); (b) the failure with respect to any Plan to satisfy the “minimum funding standard” (as defined in Section 412 of the Code or Section 302 of ERISA); (c) the filing pursuant to Section 412(c) of the Code or Section 302 of ERISA of an application for a waiver of the minimum funding standard with respect to any Plan; (d) a determination that any Plan is, or is expected to be, in “at risk” status (as defined in Section 430 of the Code or Section 303 of ERISA); (e) the incurrence by the Borrower or any member of its ERISA Group of any liability under Title IV of ERISA with respect to the termination of any Plan; (f) (i) the receipt by the Borrower or any member of its ERISA Group from the PBGC of a notice of determination that the PBGC intends to seek termination of any Plan or to have a trustee appointed for any Plan, or (ii) the filing by the Borrower or any member of its ERISA Group of a notice of intent to terminate any Plan; (g) the incurrence by the Borrower or any

member of its ERISA Group of any liability (i) with respect to a Plan pursuant to Sections 4063 and 4064 of ERISA, (ii) with respect to a facility closing pursuant to Section 4062(e) of ERISA, or (iii) with respect to the withdrawal or partial withdrawal from any Multiemployer Plan; (h) the receipt by the Borrower or any member of its ERISA Group of any notice concerning the imposition of Withdrawal Liability or a determination that a Multiemployer Plan is, or is expected to be, in endangered status or critical status, within the meaning of Section 432 of the Code or Section 305 of ERISA or is or is expected to be insolvent or in reorganization, within the meaning of Title IV of ERISA; or (i) the failure of the Borrower or any member of its ERISA Group to make any required contribution to a Multiemployer Plan.

“ERISA Group” means each controlled group of corporations or trades or businesses (whether or not incorporated) under common control that is treated as a single employer under Section 414(b), (c), (m) or (o) of the Code with the Borrower.

“Eurodollar Rate Advance” means each Advance that bears interest at a rate based on LIBOR as provided in Section 2.04.

“Event of Default” has the meaning set forth in Section 6.01.

“Exchange Act” means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, all as from time to time in effect, or any successor law, rules or regulations, and any reference to any statutory or regulatory provision shall be deemed to be a reference to any successor statutory or regulatory provision.

“Excluded Risk Retention Increased Costs” means the Borrower’s obligation to pay additional amounts to a Lender pursuant to clauses (a) or (b) of Section 2.09 incurred solely as a result of a change in law or regulation applicable to the Lender that increases the net economic interest required to be retained by the Retention Provider to an amount that exceeds 40% of the nominal value of the Collateral calculated based on the Aggregate Principal Balance of all of the Collateral Obligations and the principal amount of all Eligible Investments, in each case at the time of determination without taking into account any deduction pursuant to the proviso to the definition of “Principal Balance” of any Collateral Obligation or any deduction or discount in respect of the purchase price paid therefor by the Borrower as of such date of determination.

“Excluded Taxes” means any of the following Taxes imposed on or with respect to a Secured Party or that are required to be withheld or deducted from a payment to a Secured Party: (i) Taxes imposed on (or measured by) net income (however denominated), net profits, franchise Taxes and branch profits or any similar Taxes, in each case, (A) imposed by the jurisdiction (or any political subdivision thereof) under the laws of which such Secured Party is organized or in which its principal office is located, or in the case of any Lender, in which its applicable lending office is located or (B) that are Other Connection Taxes, (ii) Taxes that are imposed under FATCA, (iii) Taxes that are attributable to a Secured Party’s failure to comply with the requirements of Section 12.03(g), (iv) Taxes that are attributable to a Secured Party designating a successor lending office at which it maintains its Notes other than at the request of the Borrower and except to the extent the Secured Party was entitled, at the time that the successor lending office is designated, to receive additional amounts from the Borrower with

respect to such Taxes pursuant to Section 12.03 and (v) Taxes that are U.S. withholding taxes imposed on amounts payable by the Borrower to a Secured Party at the time such Secured Party becomes a party to this Agreement, except to the extent that such Secured Party's assignor (if any) was entitled, at the time of assignment, to receive additional amounts from the Borrower with respect to such Taxes pursuant to Section 12.03.

"Existing Credit Agreement" has the meaning specified in the recitals to this Agreement.

"Facility" means the debt facility governed by this Agreement and the other Facility Documents.

"Facility Agent" has the meaning assigned to such term in the introduction to this Agreement.

"Facility Agent Fee" means \$10,000 per quarter, payable on each Payment Date.

"Facility Documents" means this Agreement, the Notes, the Account Control Agreement, the Collateral Agent Fee Letter, the Investment Management Agreement, the Master Transfer Agreement, any other security agreements and other instruments entered into or delivered by or on behalf of the Borrower pursuant to Section 5.01(c) to create, perfect or otherwise evidence the Collateral Agent's security interest and any other agreements delivered to the Facility Agent, the Collateral Agent and/or the Lenders in furtherance of or pursuant to any of the foregoing.

"Facility Margin Level" means (a) in the case of a Cost of Funds Rate Advance, 2.25% per annum and (b) in the case of a Eurodollar Rate Advance or a Base Rate Advance, 2.75% per annum.

"FAS 166/167 Regulatory Capital Rules" means the final rule titled Risk-Based Capital Guidelines; Capital Adequacy Guidelines; Capital Maintenance: Regulatory Capital; Impact of Modifications to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles; Consolidation of Asset-Backed Commercial Paper Programs; and Other Related Issues, adopted by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, Department of the Treasury; Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; and Office of Thrift Supervision, Department of Treasury on December 15, 2009.

"FATCA" means Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code (or any amended versions of Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code that are substantively comparable and not materially more onerous to comply with) and any regulations promulgated thereunder and official interpretations thereof and any foreign legislation implemented to give effect to any intergovernmental agreements entered into thereunder and any agreements entered into pursuant to Section 1471(b)(1) of the Code.

"Federal Funds Rate" means, for any period, a fluctuating interest rate per annum equal for each day during such period to the weighted average of the rates on overnight federal funds transactions with members of the Federal Reserve System arranged by federal funds brokers, as published for such day (or, if such day is not a Business Day, for the next preceding

Business Day) by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or, if such rate is not so published for any day which is a Business Day, the average of the quotations for such day on such transactions received by the Facility Agent from three federal funds brokers of recognized standing selected by it; provided that, if at any time a Lender is borrowing overnight funds from a Federal Reserve Bank that day, the Federal Funds Rate for such Lender for such day shall be the average rate per annum at which such overnight borrowings are made on that day as promptly reported by such Lender to the Borrower, the Calculation Agent and the Agents in writing. Each determination of the Federal Funds Rate by a Lender pursuant to the foregoing proviso shall be conclusive and binding except in the case of manifest error.

“Final Maturity Date” means January 21, 2021.

“Final Order” means an order, judgment, decree or ruling the operation or effect of which has not been stayed, reversed or amended and as to which order, judgment, decree or ruling (or any revision, modification or amendment thereof) the time to appeal or to seek review or rehearing has expired and as to which no appeal or petition for review or rehearing was filed or, if filed, remains pending.

“Final Draft RTS” means the final regulatory technical standards and implementing technical standards on securitization retention rules published by the EBA pursuant to Articles 410(2) and 410(3) of the CRR.

“Financial Asset” has the meaning specified in Section 8-102(a)(9) of the UCC.

“Financing Statements” has the meaning specified in Section 9-102(a)(39) of the UCC.

“FINRA” means the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. or any successor entity.

“First Lien/Last Out Loan” means a Collateral Loan that, (1) satisfies clauses (i) through (iv) of the definition of “Eligible Senior Secured Loan” and (2) in the case of an event of default under the applicable Related Document, will be paid after one or more tranches of senior secured loans issued by the same obligor (all such other tranches, collectively, the “First Out Tranche”) have been paid in full in accordance with a specified waterfall of payments, with respect to which the following facts are applicable, (x) with respect to clause (a) below, at the time of acquisition by the Borrower and upon the occurrence of any other event or circumstance that causes the principal balance of any obligation referred to in clause (a) below to change (which shall include any event or circumstance that results in a change to the capital structure of the obligor and shall exclude any prepayments and borrowings in respect of any such obligation), and (y) with respect to clause (b) below, at the time of acquisition by the Borrower:

(a) the outstanding principal balance of (and unfunded commitments in respect of) such First Out Tranche (the “Total First Out Tranche Amount”) is greater than 15% of the sum of (i) the Total First Out Tranche Amount and (ii) the Principal Balance of such First Lien/Last Out Loan and all obligations that are *pari passu* with such First Lien/Last Out Loan; or

(b) the First Out Tranche has a leverage ratio (based upon all obligations of the applicable Obligor that are senior to or *pari passu* with such Collateral Loan) of greater than 1x.

“Fitch” means Fitch, Inc., together with its successors.

“Fixed Rate Obligation” means any Collateral Obligation that bears a fixed rate of interest.

“Funded Draw Assignment” means (i) the sale, assignment and transfer to the Borrower of a funded loan amount under a Revolving Collateral Loan or Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loan by TPG Specialty Lending, Inc., as “commitment holder”, under a sale agreement in form and substance acceptable to the Facility Agent and with respect to which the Borrower has obtained a Rating Confirmation in connection therewith, or (ii) the funding by the Borrower under a Revolving Collateral Loan or Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loan owned by TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. concurrently with the execution by TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. and the Borrower of a sale agreement in form and substance acceptable to the Facility Agent and with respect to which the Borrower has obtained a Rating Confirmation in connection therewith, in each case without the concurrent assignment and transfer to the Borrower of any commitment or obligation as to future fundings. For purposes hereof, Funded Draw Assignments shall be considered to be Revolving Collateral Loans or Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loans owned by the Borrower, except that the unfunded amount thereof shall at all times be deemed to be zero.

“Funded Draw Collection Account” has the meaning specified in Section 8.11.

“GAAP” means generally accepted accounting principles in effect from time to time in the United States.

“General Intangible” has the meaning specified in Section 9-102(a)(42) of the UCC.

“Governmental Authorizations” means all franchises, permits, licenses, approvals, consents and other authorizations of all Authorities.

“Governmental Filings” means all filings, including franchise and similar tax filings, and the payment of all fees, assessments, interests and penalties associated with such filings with all Authorities.

“Incurrence Covenant” means a covenant by any borrower to comply with one or more financial covenants (including without limitation any covenant relating to a borrowing base, asset valuation or similar asset-based requirement) only upon the occurrence of certain actions of the borrower, including a debt issuance, dividend payment, share purchase, merger, acquisition or divestiture.

“Indemnified Party” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 12.04(b).

“Indemnified Taxes” means (a) Taxes, other than Excluded Taxes, imposed on or with respect to any payment made by or on account of any obligation of the Borrower under this Agreement and (b) to the extent not otherwise described in the preceding clause (a), Other Taxes.

“Independent Accountants” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 8.08.

“Independent Manager Criteria” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 5.02(u).

“Industry Diversity Score” means, with respect to each DBRS Industry Classification, the number established by reference to the Industry Diversity Score Table set forth in Schedule 3 for the related Aggregate Industry Equivalent Unit Score; provided that, if the Aggregate Industry Equivalent Unit Score falls between any two numbers shown in the Industry Diversity Score Table set forth in Schedule 3, the Aggregate Industry Equivalent Unit Score shall be the lesser of the two.

“Insolvency Event” means with respect to a specified Person, (a) the filing of a decree or order for relief by a court having jurisdiction in the premises in respect of such Person or any substantial part of its property in an involuntary case under the Bankruptcy Code or any other applicable insolvency law now or hereafter in effect, or appointing a receiver, liquidator, assignee, custodian, trustee, sequestrator or similar official for such Person or for any substantial part of its property, or ordering the winding-up or liquidation of such Person’s affairs, and such decree or order shall remain unstayed and in effect for a period of 60 consecutive days; or (b) the commencement by such Person of a voluntary case under the Bankruptcy Code or any other applicable insolvency law now or hereafter in effect, or the consent by such Person to the entry of an order for relief in an involuntary case under any such law, or the consent by such Person to the appointment of or taking possession by a receiver, liquidator, assignee, custodian, trustee, sequestrator or similar official for such Person or for any substantial part of its property, or the making by such Person of any general assignment for the benefit of creditors, or the failure by such Person generally to pay its debts as such debts become due, or the taking of action by such Person in furtherance of any of the foregoing.

“Instrument” has the meaning specified in Section 9-102(a)(47) of the UCC.

“Interest Accrual Period” means, with respect to any Eurodollar Rate Advance, the period beginning on the relevant Borrowing Date and ending on the next succeeding Payment Date and, thereafter, each period commencing on the last day of the immediately preceding Interest Accrual Period and ending on the next succeeding Payment Date.

“Interest Collection Subaccount” has the meaning specified in Section 8.02(a).

“Interest Coverage Ratio Test” means a test that is satisfied at any time if the ratio of (A) the Collateral Interest Amount at such time, to (B) the sum of all amounts payable (or expected at such time to be payable) on the following Payment Date pursuant to clauses (A), (B), (C), (D), and (E) in Section 9.01(a)(i), is greater than 150%.

“Interest Proceeds” means, with respect to any Collection Period or the related Determination Date, without duplication, the sum of:

- (a) all payments of interest and other income received by the Borrower during such Collection Period on the Collateral Obligations and the other Collateral, including the accrued interest received in connection with a sale thereof during such Collection Period;
- (b) for each Collateral Obligation with a purchase price below 95% of such Collateral Obligation’s Principal Balance, Principal Proceeds received in excess of such Principal Balance;
- (c) all principal and interest payments received by the Borrower during such Collection Period on Eligible Investments purchased with Interest Proceeds; and all interest payments received by the Borrower during such Collection Period on Eligible Investments purchased with amounts credited to the Revolving Reserve Account; and all interest payments received by the Borrower during such Collection Period on Eligible Investments purchased with Principal Proceeds;
- (d) all amendment and waiver fees, late payment fees (including compensation for delayed settlement or trades), and all protection fees and other fees and commissions received by the Borrower during such Collection Period, unless the Investment Manager notifies the Agents before such Determination Date (and in no event later than 10 days following receipt thereof) that the Investment Manager in its sole discretion has determined that such payments are to be treated as Principal Proceeds;
- (e) commitment fees, origination fees, facility fees, anniversary fees, ticking fees and other similar fees received by the Borrower during such Collection Period unless the Investment Manager notifies the Agents before such Determination Date (and in no event later than 10 days following receipt thereof) that the Investment Manager in its sole discretion has determined that such payments are to be treated as Principal Proceeds; and
- (f) any amounts deposited in the Collection Account from the Closing Expense Account in accordance with Section 8.12;

provided that:

- (1) as to any Defaulted Loan/Bond (and only so long as it remains a Defaulted Loan/Bond), any amounts received in respect thereof (including without limitation any assets received therewith or in exchange thereof, including without limitation any Equity Security) will constitute Principal Proceeds (and not Interest Proceeds) until the aggregate of all collections in respect of such Defaulted Loan/Bond since it became a Defaulted Loan/Bond equals the outstanding principal balance of such Defaulted Loan/Bond at the time as of which it became a Defaulted Loan/Bond, and all amounts received in excess thereof, however denominated, will constitute Interest Proceeds;

(2) in each case subject to clause (1) above, (x) any dividends paid on any Equity Security will constitute Interest Proceeds, (y) any gain on the sale of Equity Securities (including Equity Securities received as a result of exercising warrants) and warrants in an amount, if any, equal to the excess of (A) the Cash generated by such sale plus the Market Value on the Collateral Obligation(s) of the same Obligor over (B) the Loan Amount (after adjustment for any borrowings or repayments and exclusive of accrued interest) for such Collateral Obligation(s) will constitute Interest Proceeds and (z) all other payments received in respect of Equity Securities will constitute Principal Proceeds; and

(3) all Cash received by the Borrower as equity contributions (however designated) from the Investment Manager or any of its Affiliates will constitute Principal Proceeds, unless otherwise directed by the Borrower by prior written notice to the Agents pursuant to Section 10.04.

For purposes of clause (2)(y) above, “gain” means any amounts received in the sale of an Equity Security that is in excess of the cost basis associated with such Equity Security (excluding any amounts received in respect of an Equity Security in exchange for defaulted debt). No amounts that are required by the terms of any participation agreement to be paid by the Borrower to any Person to whom the Borrower has sold a participation interest shall constitute “Interest Proceeds” hereunder.

“Interim Order” means an order, judgment, decree or ruling entered after notice and a hearing conducted in accordance with Bankruptcy Rule 4001(c) granting interim authorization, the operation or effect of which has not been stayed, reversed or amended.

“Investment Company Act” means the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, as modified or interpreted by orders of, or other interpretative releases or letters issued by, any Authority, all as from time to time in effect, or any successor law, rules or regulations, and any reference to any statutory or regulatory provision shall be deemed to be a reference to any successor statutory or regulatory provision.

“Investment Management Agreement” means the agreement, dated as of the Original Closing Date, between the Borrower and the Investment Manager relating to the Facility and the Collateral, as amended from time to time in accordance with the terms hereof and thereof.

“Investment Manager” means TPG Specialty Lending, Inc., or any successor in such capacity in accordance with the Investment Management Agreement.

“Law” means any action, code, consent decree, constitution, decree, directive, enactment, finding, guideline, law, injunction, interpretation, judgment, order, ordinance, policy statement, proclamation, promulgation, regulation, requirement, rule, rule of law, rule of public policy, settlement agreement, statute, or writ, of any Authority, or any particular section, part or provision thereof.

“Lender Funding Account” means the lender funding account established pursuant to Section 8.03(c).

“Lender Funding Subaccount” has the meaning specified in Section 8.03(c).

“Lenders” means the Persons listed on Schedule 1 and any other Person that shall have become a party hereto pursuant to an Assignment and Acceptance in accordance with the terms hereof, other than any such Person that ceases to be a party hereto pursuant to an Assignment and Acceptance.

“Leverage Multiple” means, as of any date, the ratio of (A) the Row Advance Rate in effect on such date over (B) 1 minus the Row Advance Rate in effect on such date.

“Liabilities” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 12.04(b).

“LIBOR” has the meaning assigned to such term on Schedule 6.

“Lien” means any mortgage, pledge, hypothecation, assignment, encumbrance, lien or security interest (statutory or other), or preference, priority or other security agreement, charge or preferential arrangement of any kind or nature whatsoever (including any conditional sale or other title retention agreement, any financing lease having substantially the same economic effect as any of the foregoing, and any filing authorized by the Borrower of any financing statement under the UCC or comparable law of any jurisdiction).

“Loan Amount” means, with respect to a Collateral Obligation at the time of the Borrower’s acquisition thereof, an amount equal to the least of (a) if acquired by the Borrower for a purchase price equal to 95% or more of its outstanding principal amount (excluding any capitalized interest) as of the date of acquisition, such outstanding principal amount, (b) if acquired by the Borrower for a purchase price less than 95% of its outstanding principal amount (excluding any capitalized interest) as of the date of acquisition, such purchase price and (c) if acquired from an Affiliate of the Borrower, the current cost basis of the seller or transferor.

“London Banking Day” means a day on which commercial banks are open for business (including dealings in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in London, England.

“Maintenance Covenant” means, a covenant by any borrower to comply with one or more financial covenants (including without limitation any covenant relating to a borrowing base, asset valuation or similar asset-based requirement) during each reporting period, whether or not such borrower has taken any specified action.

“Margin Stock” has the meaning assigned to such term in Regulation U.

“Market Value” means, with respect to any loans or other assets, the amount (determined by the Investment Manager in accordance with the Servicing Standard) equal to the product of the principal amount thereof and the price determined in the following manner:

(a) the bid-side quote determined by any of Loan Pricing Corporation, LoanX Inc., MarkIt Partners, Mergent, Inc., IDC, Houlihan Lokey or any other nationally recognized loan pricing service selected by the Investment Manager;

(b) if such quote described in clause (a) is not available,

(i) the average of the bid-side quotes determined by three independent broker-dealers active in the trading of such asset;

(ii) if only two such bids can be obtained, the lower of the bid-side quotes of such two bids; or

(iii) if only one such bid can be obtained, such bid; or

(c) if the Market Value of an asset cannot be determined in accordance with clause (a) or (b) above, then the Market Value shall be the Appraised Value, provided that the Appraised Value of such Collateral Obligation has been obtained or updated within the immediately preceding three months;

(d) if such quote or bid described in clause (a), (b) or (c) is not available, then the Market Value of such Collateral Obligation shall be the lower of (i) the higher of (A) the DBRS Recovery Rate and (B) 70% of the outstanding principal amount of such Collateral Obligation and (ii) the Market Value determined by the Borrower exercising reasonable commercial judgment in accordance with the Servicing Standard, consistent with the manner in which it would determine the market value of an asset for purposes of other funds or accounts managed by it; or

(e) if the Market Value of an asset cannot be determined in accordance with clause (a), (b), (c) or (d) above, then the Market Value shall be deemed to be zero until such determination is made in accordance with clause (a), (b), (c) or (d) above.

“Master Transfer Agreement” means the Amended and Restated Master Sale and Contribution Agreement, dated as of the Closing Date, as amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, between the Borrower, as assignee, and TPG Specialty Lending, Inc., as assignor.

“Material Adverse Effect” means any event that has, or could reasonably be expected to have, a material adverse effect on (a) the business, assets, financial condition or operations of the Borrower or the Investment Manager (b) the ability of the Borrower or the Investment Manager to perform its material obligations under this Agreement and the other Facility Documents or (c) the material rights, interests, remedies or benefits (taken as a whole) available to the Lenders or Agents under this Agreement and the other Facility Documents, each as determined in good faith and on a commercially reasonable basis by the Facility Agent.

“Matrix” means the table set forth on Schedule 8 hereto.

“Maximum DBRS Risk Score Test” is a test satisfied on any date of determination if the Weighted Average DBRS Risk Score of the Collateral Obligations as of

such date is less than or equal to the Row DBRS Average Risk Score, provided that Defaulted Obligations shall be excluded from such calculation.

“Minimum Average Recovery Rate Test” means a test that will be satisfied on any date of determination if the Weighted Average Recovery Rate of Performing Collateral Obligations as of such date is greater than or equal to 46%.

“Minimum Diversity Score Test” means a test that will be satisfied on any date of determination if the Diversity Score of the Collateral Obligations, calculated as a single number in accordance with standard diversity scoring methodology using DBRS Industry Classifications, equals or exceeds the Row Diversity Score and in no event less than 6.

“Minimum Overcollateralization Ratio Test” means a test that will be satisfied on any date of determination if the Overcollateralization Ratio at such time is greater than or equal to the Row Minimum OC Level.

“Minimum Weighted Average Fixed Rate Coupon Test” means a test that will be satisfied on any date of determination if the Weighted Average Fixed Rate Coupon equals or exceeds 6.00%.

“Minimum Weighted Average Spread Test” means a test that will be satisfied on any date of determination if the Weighted Average Spread equals or exceeds the Row Spread Level and in no event less than 4.50%.

“Money” has the meaning specified in Section 1-201(24) of the UCC, and shall be deemed to include “Monies” wherever such term may be used herein.

“Monthly Report” has the meaning specified in Section 8.06(a).

“Monthly Report Date” means the 15th day of each calendar month in each year, the first of which shall be June 15, 2012; provided that, (i) if any such day is not a Business Day, then such Monthly Report Date shall be the next succeeding Business Day and (ii) the final Monthly Report Date shall be on the Final Maturity Date.

“Monthly Report Determination Date” means, with respect to any Monthly Report Date, the sixth Business Day prior to such Monthly Report Date.

“Moody’s” means Moody’s Investors Service, Inc., together with its successors.

“Multiemployer Plan” means an employee pension benefit plan within the meaning of Section 4001(a)(3) of ERISA that is sponsored by the Borrower or a member of its ERISA Group or to which the Borrower or a member of its ERISA Group is obligated to make contributions or has any liability.

“Natixis” has the meaning assigned to such term in the introduction to this Agreement.

“Net Loss Amount” means, as of any date of determination, (i) in the case of a Defaulted Obligation, the product of (x) the difference (whether a positive or negative number) between the purchase price in respect of such Defaulted Obligation and the Market Value in respect of such Collateral Obligation in each case expressed as a percentage multiplied by (y) the Principal Balance in respect of such Collateral Obligation and (ii) for each sale of a Collateral Obligation by the Borrower to a Person that is not an Affiliate thereof, the product of (x) the difference (whether a positive or negative number) between the purchase price in respect of such Collateral Obligation and the sale price obtained by the Borrower (excluding accrued interest) in respect of such Collateral Obligation, in each case, expressed as a percentage, multiplied by (y) the Principal Balance in respect of such Collateral Obligation.

“Note” means each promissory note, if any, issued by the Borrower to a Lender in accordance with the provisions of Section 2.03, substantially in the form of Exhibit A hereto, as the same may from time to time be amended, supplemented, waived or modified.

“Notice of Borrowing” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.02.

“Notice of Prepayment” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.05.

“Obligations” means, all indebtedness, whether absolute, fixed or contingent, at any time or from time to time owing by the Borrower to any Secured Party or any Affected Person under or in connection with this Agreement, the Notes, the Collateral Agent Fee Letter or any other Facility Document, including all amounts payable by the Borrower in respect of the Advances, with interest thereon, and all amounts payable hereunder.

“Obligor” means in respect of any Collateral Obligation of the Borrower, the Person primarily obligated to pay Collections in respect of such Collateral Obligation to the Borrower.

“Obligor Par Amount” means, on any date and with respect to each Obligor under a Collateral Obligation, the Aggregate Principal Balances of all Collateral Obligations (other than Defaulted Loan/Bonds) with respect to which such Obligor is the Obligor on such date; provided that, for purposes of calculating the Obligor Par Amount, any Obligor that are Affiliated with one another will be considered one Obligor.

“OFAC” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 4.01(f).

“Offer” has the meaning given in Section 8.07(c).

“Original Closing Date” means May 8, 2012.

“Original Closing Date Expenses” means amounts due in respect of actions taken on or before the Original Closing Date or in connection with the closing of the transactions contemplated by the Existing Credit Agreement.

“Other Connection Taxes” means, in the case of any Secured Party, any Taxes imposed by any jurisdiction by reason of such Secured Party having any present or former connection with such jurisdiction (other than a connection arising solely from entering into,

receiving any payment under or enforcing its rights under this Agreement, the Notes or any other Facility Document).

“Other Taxes” has the meaning given in Section 12.03(b).

“Overcollateralization Ratio” means the percentage equivalent of a fraction, the numerator of which is the Principal Collateralization Amount and the denominator of which is the Borrower Liabilities.

“Participant” means any Person to whom a participation is sold as permitted by Section 12.06(c).

“Participation Interest” means a participation interest in a loan or other obligation that would, at the time of acquisition, or the Borrower’s commitment to acquire the same, constitute a Collateral Obligation.

“PATRIOT Act” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 12.17.

“Payment Account” means the payment account of the Collateral Agent established pursuant to Section 8.03(a).

“Payment Date” means the 15th day of January, April, July and October in each year, the first of which shall be July 15, 2012; provided that, (i) if any such day is not a Business Day, then such Payment Date shall be the next succeeding Business Day and (ii) the final Payment Date shall be the Final Maturity Date.

“Payment Date Report” has the meaning specified in Section 8.06(b).

“PBGC” means the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, or any successor agency or entity performing substantially the same functions.

“Percentage” of any Lender means, (a) with respect to any Lender party hereto on the date hereof, the percentage set forth opposite such Lender’s name on Schedule 1 hereto, as such amount is reduced by any Assignment and Acceptance entered into by such Lender with an assignee or increased by any Assignment and Acceptance entered into by such lender with an assignor, or (b) with respect to a lender that has become a party hereto pursuant to an Assignment and Acceptance, the percentage set forth therein as the assigning Lender’s Percentage, as such amount is reduced by an Assignment and Acceptance entered into between such Lender and an assignee or increased by any Assignment and Acceptance entered into by such lender with an assignor.

“Performing Collateral Obligation” means a Collateral Obligation that is not a Defaulted Loan/Bond.

“Permitted Assignee” means a Lender, an Affiliate of a Lender, a CP Conduit related to a Lender or a Conduit Support Provider.

“Permitted Lien” means (i) the Lien in favor of the Collateral Agent for the benefit of the Secured Parties, (ii) the restrictions on transferability imposed by the Related Documents (but only to the extent relating to customary procedural requirements and agent consents expected to be obtained in due course and not to Obligor consents) and (iii) inchoate Liens for taxes not yet payable and mechanics’ or suppliers’ liens for services or materials supplied the payment of which is not yet overdue or for which adequate reserves have been established.

“Permitted U.S. Holder” means any Person that is both (1) a United States person and (2) a PTP Compliant Holder.

“Person” means an individual or a corporation (including a business trust), partnership, trust, incorporated or unincorporated association, joint stock company, limited liability company, government (or an agency or political subdivision thereof) or other entity of any kind.

“Plan” means an employee pension benefit plan (other than a Multiemployer Plan) which is covered by Title IV of ERISA or subject to the minimum funding standards under Section 412 of the Code that is sponsored by the Borrower or a member of its ERISA Group or to which the Borrower or a member of its ERISA Group is obligated to make contributions or has any liability.

“Portfolio Advance Rate” means the percentage equivalent of a fraction, the numerator of which is the Borrower Liabilities and the denominator of which is the Principal Collateralization Amount.

“Portfolio Exposure Amount” means, at any time, the excess (if any) of (x) the aggregate unfunded amounts in respect of all Revolving Collateral Loans and Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loans and all amounts due for unsettled purchases at such time *over* (y) the aggregate amount on deposit in the Revolving Reserve Account at such time.

“Post-Default Rate” means a rate per annum equal to the rate of interest otherwise in effect pursuant to this Agreement *plus* 2.0% per annum.

“Principal Balance” means:

(a) with respect to any Collateral Obligation other than a Revolving Collateral Loan or Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loan, as of any date of determination, the Loan Amount of such Collateral Obligation (after adjustment for any repayments and exclusive of both capitalized interest and accrued interest); and

(b) with respect to any Revolving Collateral Loan or Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loan, as of any date of determination, the Loan Amount of such Revolving Collateral Loan or Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loan (after adjustment for any borrowings or repayments and exclusive of both capitalized interest and accrued interest), plus (except as expressly set forth in this Agreement) any undrawn commitments that have not been irrevocably reduced or withdrawn with respect to such Revolving Collateral Loan or Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loan;

provided, in all cases, that the Principal Balance of any Equity Security shall be deemed to be zero.

“Principal Collateralization Amount” means an amount equal to the result of (i) the Aggregate Principal Balance of all Performing Collateral Obligations (provided that for such purposes, each Collateral Obligation whose purchase price is below 95% will be carried at its purchase price expressed as a percentage, times its outstanding principal balance), *plus* (ii) the aggregate amount of cash on deposit in the Principal Collection Subaccount.

“Principal Collection Subaccount” has the meaning specified in Section 8.02(a).

“Principal Proceeds” means, with respect to any Collection Period or the related Determination Date, all amounts received by the Borrower during such Collection Period that do not constitute Interest Proceeds, including sales and unapplied proceeds of the Advances and any Cash equity contributions pursuant to Section 10.04.

“Priority of Payments” has the meaning specified in Section 9.01(a).

“Private Authorizations” means all franchises, permits, licenses, approvals, consents and other authorizations of all Persons (other than Authorities) but excluding any customary procedural requirements and agents’ consents expected to be obtained in due course in connection with the transfer of the Collateral Obligations to the Borrower.

“Proceeds” has, with reference to any asset or property, the meaning assigned to it under the UCC and, in any event, shall include, but not be limited to, any and all amounts from time to time paid or payable under or in connection with such asset or property.

“Professional Independent Manager” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 5.02(u).

“Program Manager” means the investment manager or administrator of a CP Lender, as applicable.

“Prohibited Transaction” means (i) a transaction described in Section 406(a) of ERISA that is not exempted by a statutory or administrative or individual exemption pursuant to Section 408 of ERISA or (ii) a transaction prohibited under Similar Law.

“PTP Compliant Holder” means any Person if the transfer or issuance of an Equity Interest to such Person will not cause the Borrower to be treated as a publicly traded partnership within the meaning of Section 7704 of the Code and, if such Person is itself a disregarded entity, partnership or grantor trust, such Person has covenanted and represented to the Borrower that it will prevent, and will not recognize any transfer of its own equity interests that would cause the Borrower to be a publicly traded partnership.

“Qualified Purchaser” has the meaning specified in Section 12.06(e).

“Quarterly Asset Amount” means, for any Payment Date, the sum of (i) the Daily Average Collateral Obligation Commitment Amount for such Payment Date and (ii) the daily

average balance of cash on deposit in the Principal Collection Subaccount for the Collection Period related to such Payment Date.

“Rating Agency” means DBRS or, with respect to the Collateral generally, Moody’s, Fitch, S&P or DBRS (or, if, at any time Moody’s, Fitch, S&P or DBRS ceases to provide rating services with respect to debt obligations, any other nationally recognized investment rating agency selected by the Borrower or the Investment Manager and consented to by the Facility Agent). In the event that at any time any of the rating agencies referred to above ceases to be a “Rating Agency” and a replacement rating agency is selected in accordance with the preceding sentence, then references to rating categories of such replaced rating agency in this Agreement shall be deemed instead to be references to the equivalent categories of such replacement rating agency as of the most recent date on which such replacement rating agency and such replaced rating agency’s published ratings for the type of obligation in respect of which such replacement rating agency is used.

“Rating Confirmation” means, with respect to any action or proposed action, a condition that is satisfied (and upon satisfaction of such condition, the related Rating Confirmation shall be deemed to have been satisfied) if DBRS has been notified in writing by the Borrower of such action or proposed action and none of the Borrower, the Investment Manager or any of the Secured Parties has received a written communication relating to such action or proposed action from DBRS within 10 Business Days following such notification by the Borrower.

“Rating Criteria” is satisfied for any Person at any time if:

- (a) such Person has a DBRS Short Term Rating of at least “R-1 (middle)” and a DBRS Long Term Rating of at least “A (high)” at such time; or
- (b) such Person’s obligations in respect of this Agreement are fully supported by a Conduit Support Facility provided by one or more Conduit Support Providers, or one or more guarantors, and each such Conduit Support Providers or guarantors meets the requirements under clause (a) above at such time; or
- (c) a Rating Confirmation is obtained with respect to such Person’s failure to satisfy the requirements under either of clause (a) or (b) at such time and both the Borrower and the Facility Agent have consented thereto.

“Real Estate Loan” means any debt obligation that is directly or indirectly secured by a mortgage or deed of trust or any security interest, in each case, on residential, commercial, office, retail or industrial property and is underwritten as a mortgage loan (including, for the avoidance of doubt, a debt obligation of an Obligor whose operating cash flow is primarily derived from the sale or liquidation of the aforementioned types of property).

“Register” has the meaning specified in Section 2.09(a).

“Regulatory Change” has the meaning specified in Section 2.09(a).

“Regulation U” and “Regulation X” mean Regulation U and X, respectively, of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, as in effect from time to time.

“Reinvestment Agreement” means a guaranteed reinvestment agreement from a bank, insurance company or other corporation or entity having Eligible Investment Required Ratings; provided that such agreement provides that it is terminable by the purchaser, without penalty and with the return of all invested funds, if within 60 days after the provider of such agreement no longer satisfies the Eligible Investment Required Ratings the provider has failed to obtain either (i) (x) a guarantor with Eligible Investment Required Ratings to guarantee the obligations of such provider under such agreement and (y) a Rating Confirmation or (ii) (x) a replacement provider with Eligible Investment Required Ratings and (y) a Rating Confirmation.

“Reinvestment Period” means the period from and including the Original Closing Date to and including the earliest of (a) July 21, 2014 (provided that, by written notice provided by the Borrower or the Investment Manager no later than June 21, 2014 to the Agents, the Lenders and DBRS, such date may be extended to January 21, 2015) (or such later date as may be agreed in writing by the Borrower and each of the Lenders and notified in writing to the Agents, but subject to the Rating Confirmation having been satisfied with respect to each such extension); (b) the date of the acceleration of the maturity of the Advances pursuant to Section 6.01; (c) the occurrence of any Change in Control; (d) the date on which the Investment Manager shall no longer be TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. unless each of the Lenders and the Facility Agent have otherwise consented; (e) the date on which the Investment Manager shall have notified the Borrower of its intention to resign as Investment Manager or the occurrence of any other termination of the Investment Management Agreement, whether or not in accordance with its terms; and (f) the termination of the Commitments in whole pursuant to Section 2.06(b).

“Related Documents” means, with respect to any Collateral Obligation, all agreements or documents evidencing, securing, governing or giving rise to such Collateral Obligation. As used in this Agreement, each reference to the Related Documents to which the Borrower is a party shall be deemed to mean the Related Documents to which the Borrower is a party or to which the Borrower is otherwise bound.

“Related Document Modification” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 5.02(v).

“Related Person” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.04(f).

“Replacement Investment Management Fee” means the fee that may be payable to, or at the direction of, the Lenders in arrears on each Payment Date, in an amount, if payable, equal to 0.25% per annum of the Quarterly Asset Amount.

“Requested Amount” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.02.

“Required Lenders” means, as of any date of determination, Lenders whose aggregate principal amount of outstanding Advances plus unused Commitments aggregate more than 50% of the aggregate amount of the Commitments (used and unused) or, if the Commitments have expired or been terminated or otherwise reduced to zero, the aggregate principal amount of all outstanding Advances; provided, however, that if any Lender shall be a

Defaulting Lender at such time, then there shall be excluded from the determination of Required Lenders such Defaulting Lender's unfunded Commitments.

"Responsible Officer" means (a) in the case of (i) a corporation or (ii) a partnership or limited liability company that, pursuant to its Constituent Documents, has officers, any chief executive officer, chief financial officer, president, vice president, assistant vice president, treasurer, director or manager, and, in any case where two Responsible Officers are acting on behalf of such corporation or other entity, the second such Responsible Officer may be a secretary or assistant secretary, (b) without limitation of clause (a)(ii), in the case of a limited partnership, the Responsible Officer of the general partner, acting on behalf of such general partner in its capacity as general partner, (c) without limitation of clause (a)(ii), in the case of a limited liability company, the Responsible Officer of the sole member or managing member, acting on behalf of the sole member or managing member in its capacity as sole member or managing member, (d) in the case of a trust, the Responsible Officer of the trustee, acting on behalf of such trustee in its capacity as trustee, (e) an "authorized signatory" or "authorized officer" that has been so authorized pursuant to customary corporate proceedings, limited partnership proceedings, limited liability company proceedings or trust proceedings, as the case may be, and that has responsibilities commensurate with the matter for which it is acting as a Responsible Officer, and (f) when used with respect to the Custodian and the Collateral Agent, any officer assigned to the corporate trust department (or any successor thereto) of such Person, including any Vice President, Assistant Vice President, Trust Officer, or any other officer of the Custodian or the Collateral Agent, as the case may be, customarily performing functions similar to those performed by any of the above designated officers, in each case having direct responsibility for the administration of this Agreement.

"Retained Interest" means the Retention Provider's membership interest in the Borrower as required and set forth in the Retention Letter.

"Retention Letter" means each letter relating to the retention of net economic interest in substantially the form of Exhibit F hereto, from the Retention Provider and addressed to each Lender, the Facility Agent and the Borrower.

"Retention Provider" means TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.

"Retention Requirement" means the requirements and obligations of the Retention Provider as set forth in the Retention Letter.

"Retention Requirement Laws" means Article 405(1), the CRR and Article 17, together with the Final Draft RTS and any other applicable guidance, technical standards or related documents published by the European Banking Authority (including its predecessor, the Committee of European Banking Supervisors, and any successor or replacement agency or authority) and any delegated regulations of the European Commission (and in each case including any amendment or successor thereto).

"Revolving Collateral Loan" means any Collateral Obligation (other than a Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loan) that is a loan (including, without limitation, revolving credit loans, including funded and unfunded portions of revolving credit lines and letter of credit

facilities, unfunded commitments under specific facilities and other similar loans and investments) that by its terms may require one or more future advances to be made to the borrower by the Borrower; provided that any such Collateral Obligation will be a Revolving Collateral Loan only until all commitments to make revolving advances to the borrower expire or are terminated or irrevocably reduced to zero.

“Revolving Reserve Account” means the account established pursuant to Section 8.04.

“Revolving Reserve Required Amount” has the meaning set forth in Section 8.04.

“Row Advance Rate” means, (i) prior to the Commitment Termination Date, the applicable Row Advance Rate as set forth in the column of that name in the Matrix corresponding to the Applicable Row Level and (ii) on any date after the Commitment Termination Date, the Row Advance Rate shall equal zero.

“Row DBRS Average Risk Score” means the applicable Row DBRS Average Risk Score as set forth in the column of that name in the Matrix corresponding to the Applicable Row Level.

“Row Diversity Score” means the applicable Row Diversity Score as set forth in the column of that name in the Matrix corresponding to the Applicable Row Level.

“Row Minimum OC Level” means the applicable Row Minimum OC Level as set forth in the column of that name in the Matrix corresponding to the Applicable Row Level.

“Row Spread Level” means the applicable Row Spread Level as set forth in the column of that name in the Matrix corresponding to the Applicable Row Level.

“S&P” means Standard & Poor’s Ratings Group, together with its successors.

“Scheduled Distribution” means, with respect to any Collateral Obligation, for each Due Date, the scheduled payment of principal and/or interest and/or fees due on such Due Date with respect to such Collateral Obligation.

“SEC” means the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other governmental authority of the United States at the time administering the Securities Act, the Investment Company Act or the Exchange Act.

“Secured Parties” means the Facility Agent, the Collateral Agent, the Custodian, State Street Bank and Trust Company (in its capacity as a Securities Intermediary under the Account Control Agreement), the Lenders and their respective permitted successors and assigns.

“Securities Act” means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, all as from time to time in effect, or any successor law, rules or regulations, and any reference to any statutory or regulatory provisions shall be deemed to be a reference to any successor statutory or regulatory provision.

“Securities Intermediary” has the meaning specified in Section 8-102(a)(14) of the UCC.

“Security Entitlement” has the meaning specified in Section 8-102(a)(17) of the UCC.

“Selling Institution” means an entity obligated to make payments to the Borrower under the terms of a Participation Interest.

“Servicing Standard” means the standard of care of the Investment Manager specified in Section 2(a) of the Investment Management Agreement.

“Settled” means, with respect to a loan, other debt obligation or Participation Interest (for purposes of this definition, a “loan”), that (a) such loan is owned by the Borrower and has been fully paid for by the Borrower, (b) all requisite consents and acceptances required in connection with the Borrower’s ownership of such loan have been obtained and (c) all documentation establishing the Borrower’s ownership of such loan is valid, binding and enforceable and is in the possession (including electronically) of the Collateral Agent.

“Settlement Date Rate” means with respect to a Canadian Dollar Obligation, the applicable Spot Foreign Exchange Rate as of the date that such Canadian Dollar Obligation has Settled.

“Similar Law” means any federal, state or local law or regulations that are substantially similar to Title I of ERISA or Section 4975 of the Code.

“Solvent” as to any Person means that such Person is not “insolvent” within the meaning of Section 101(32) of the Bankruptcy Code or Section 271 of the Debtor and Creditor Law of the State of New York.

“Special Purpose Entity” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 5.02(u).

“Special Purpose Provisions” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 9(j) of the Borrower LLC Agreement.

“Specified Change” means, with respect to any Collateral Obligation, any amendment, consent, waiver or other modification with respect to a Related Document that (a) reduces the principal amount of such Collateral Obligation, (b) reduces the rate of interest payable on such Collateral Obligation by greater than 3% per annum (whether calculated based on a spread above a floating reference rate or a fixed rate), (c) reduces the aggregate amount of principal payable on any one or more scheduled amortization or other redemption dates within any 12-month period by greater than 25%, provided that there is no reduction in the absolute amount of principal due, (d) increases the advance rate or other borrowing base formula utilized with such Collateral Obligation by greater than 10%, (e) postpones the Due Date of any Scheduled Distribution in respect of such Collateral Obligation, (f) releases any material guarantor or co-obligor of such Collateral Obligation from its obligations, (g) transfers or otherwise releases all or substantially all of the assets securing such Collateral Obligation,

(h) changes any of the provisions of a Related Document specifying the number or percentage of lenders required to effect any of the foregoing or (i) changes (I) any covenant therein (other than a financial covenant) in a manner that is material and favorable to the respective Obligor or (II) any financial covenant therein (whether expressed as a covenant, event of default or otherwise) in a manner that is favorable to the respective Obligor, but, in the case of this clause (i), only if the Investment Manager or any of its Affiliates (other than the Borrower) either (A) owns or controls 33-1/3% or more of the voting rights or economic interest of the related Obligor or (B) is a controlling equity holder of the related Obligor.

“Specified LIBOR” means, at any time:

(a) if no Interest Accrual Period for Eurodollar Rate Advances is then in effect hereunder, LIBOR determined as if (1) Eurodollar Rate Advances having an aggregate principal balance of \$10,000,000 were outstanding hereunder and (2) the related Interest Accrual Period were in effect for the period from the immediately preceding Payment Date (or, if prior to the first Payment Date, the Original Closing Date) through the next following Payment Date;

(b) if only one Interest Accrual Period for Eurodollar Rate Advances is outstanding at such time, the LIBOR rate in effect with respect to the Eurodollar Rate Advances for such Interest Accrual Period; and

(c) if more than one Interest Accrual Period for Eurodollar Rate Advances is outstanding at such time, a rate per annum equal to (1) the sum of the products, for each such Interest Accrual Period, of the LIBOR rate in effect with respect to such Interest Accrual Period *multiplied by* the outstanding principal amount of Eurodollar Rate Advances then bearing interest at a rate based on such LIBOR rate, *divided by* (2) the aggregate outstanding principal amount of all Eurodollar Rate Advances outstanding at such time, rounded to the nearest 0.01%.

“Spot Foreign Exchange Rate” means on any date the spot rate for conversion of Canadian Dollars into United States Dollars as published on Reuters page FXXF at 11:00 a.m. New York time. For the avoidance of doubt, the Spot Foreign Exchange Rate shall be expressed as the number of Canadian Dollars that may be purchased with one Dollar.

“Structured Finance Obligation” means any debt obligation owing by a finance vehicle that is secured directly and primarily by, primarily referenced to, and/or primarily representing ownership of, a pool of receivables or a pool of other assets, including collateralized debt obligations, residential mortgage-backed securities, commercial mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, “future flow” receivable transactions and other similar obligations; provided that ABL Facilities, loans to financial service companies, factoring businesses, health care providers and other genuine operating businesses do not constitute Structured Finance Obligations.

“Subject Laws” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 4.01(f).

“Taxes” means any and all present or future taxes, and similar levies, imposts, deductions, charges, withholdings (including backup withholding), assessments, fees and other

charges imposed by any governmental Authority, and all liabilities (including penalties, interest and expenses) with respect thereto.

“Total Capitalization” means, at any time, the *result* of (i) the Aggregate Principal Balance of all Performing Collateral Obligations, *plus* (ii) the aggregate amount of cash on deposit in the Principal Collection Subaccount, *plus* (iii) the excess of the aggregate amount of the undrawn Commitments over the Portfolio Exposure Amount that may be drawn and used to purchase additional Collateral Obligations at such time in accordance with the terms of this Agreement (including subject to compliance with the applicable Row Advance Rate).

“Total Commitment” means (a) on or prior to the Commitment Termination Date, \$175,000,000 (as such amount may be reduced from time to time pursuant to Section 2.05(b) or Section 2.06) and (b) following the Commitment Termination Date, zero.

“Treasury Regulations” means the regulations issued by the Internal Revenue Service under the Code, as such regulations may be amended from time to time.

“UCC” means the Uniform Commercial Code, as from time to time in effect in the State of New York; provided that, if by reason of any mandatory provisions of law, the perfection, the effect of perfection or non-perfection or priority of the security interests granted to the Collateral Agent pursuant to this Agreement are governed by the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect in a jurisdiction of the United States other than the State of New York, then “UCC” means the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect from time to time in such other jurisdiction for purposes of such perfection, effect of perfection or non-perfection or priority.

“Uncertificated Security.” has the meaning specified in Section 8-102(a)(18) of the UCC.

“United States” and “U.S.” mean the United States of America.

“United States person” means any Person that is a “United States Person” as defined in Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code.

“Weighted Average DBRS Risk Score” means, as of any date of determination, the number (rounded to the nearest hundredth) determined by summing the products obtained by multiplying:

The Principal Balance of each Collateral Obligation

X The DBRS Risk Score of such Collateral Obligation (as determined as provided on Schedule 4 hereto)

and dividing such sum by:

The Aggregate Principal Balance of all such Collateral Obligations.

“Weighted Average Fixed Rate Coupon” means, as of any date, the number, expressed as a percentage, determined by summing the products obtained by multiplying:

The sum, for each Fixed Rate Obligation, of the stated interest coupon on such Collateral Obligation

X The Principal Balance of such Collateral Obligation (excluding the unfunded portion of any Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loans or Revolving Collateral Loans)

and dividing such sum by:

the Aggregate Principal Balance of all Fixed Rate Obligations as of such date (in each case, excluding the unfunded portion of any Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loans or Revolving Collateral Loans that are Fixed Rate Obligations);

provided that if the foregoing amount is less than 6.00%, then all or a portion of the Weighted Average Fixed Rate Coupon Adjustment, if any, as of such date, to the extent not exceeding such shortfall, shall be added to such result.

“Weighted Average Fixed Rate Coupon Adjustment” means, as of any date, a fraction (expressed as a percentage), the numerator of which is equal to the product of (i) the excess, if any, of the Weighted Average Spread for such date over the Row Spread Level in effect as of such date, and (ii) the Aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Obligations that are not Fixed Rate Obligations as of such date, and the denominator of which is the Aggregate Principal Balance of all Fixed Rate Obligation as of such date (in each case, excluding the unfunded portion of any Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loans or Revolving Collateral Loans that are Fixed Rate Obligations). In computing the Weighted Average Fixed Rate Coupon Adjustment on any date, the Weighted Average Spread for such date shall be computed as if the Weighted Average Spread Adjustment was equal to zero.

“Weighted Average Maturity Date” means, as of any date of determination, with respect to all Performing Collateral Obligations, the date calculated by adding to the Original Closing Date the weighted average maturity of such Performing Collateral Obligations (expressed as a number of months from the Original Closing Date) calculated by (a) summing the Average Maturity Dates of such Performing Collateral Obligations and (b) dividing such sum by the Aggregate Principal Balance of such Performing Collateral Obligations, in each case as of such date.

“Weighted Average Maturity Date Test” means a test that will be satisfied on any date of determination if the Weighted Average Maturity Date of all Performing Collateral Obligations as of such date is on or before May 8, 2019.

“Weighted Average Recovery Rate” means, as of any date, the number determined by summing the products obtained by multiplying:

The DBRS Recovery Rate with respect to each Performing Collateral Obligation

X The Principal Balance of such Performing Collateral Obligation as of such date

and dividing such sum by:

The Aggregate Principal Balance of such Performing Collateral Obligations as of such date.

“Weighted Average Spread” means, as of any date, the number determined by summing the number obtained by adding:

The Aggregate Funded Spread (with respect to all Collateral Obligations that are not Fixed Rate Obligations) + The Aggregate Unfunded Spread

and dividing such sum by:

The Aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Obligations that are not Fixed Rate Obligations as of such date;

provided that if the foregoing amount is less than the Row Spread Level in effect as of such date, then all or a portion of the Weighted Average Spread Adjustment, if any, as of such date, to the extent not exceeding such shortfall, shall be added to such result.

“Weighted Average Spread Adjustment” means, as of any date, a fraction (expressed as a percentage), the numerator of which is equal to the product of (i) the excess, if any, of the Weighted Average Fixed Rate Coupon for such date over 6.00% and (ii) the Aggregate Principal Balance of all Fixed Rate Obligations as of such date (in each case, excluding the unfunded portion of any Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loans or Revolving Collateral Loans that are Fixed Rate Obligations), and the denominator of which is the Aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Obligations that are not Fixed Rate Obligations as of such date. In computing the Weighted Average Spread Adjustment on any date, the Weighted Average Fixed Rate Coupon for such date shall be computed as if the Weighted Average Fixed Rate Coupon Adjustment was equal to zero.

“Withdrawal Liability” means liability to a Multiemployer Plan as a result of a complete or partial withdrawal from such Multiemployer Plan, as such terms are defined in Part I of Subtitle E of Title IV of ERISA.

“Working Capital Revolver” means a revolving lending facility secured by all or a portion of the current assets of the related obligor.

“Zero Coupon Obligation” means a Collateral Obligation that does not provide for periodic payments of interest in Cash or that pays interest only at its stated maturity.

Section 1.02 Rules of Construction.

For all purposes of this Agreement, except as otherwise expressly provided or unless the context otherwise requires (i) singular words shall connote the plural as well as the singular, and vice versa (except as indicated), as may be appropriate, (ii) the words “herein,” “hereof” and “hereunder” and other words of similar import used in this Agreement refer to this Agreement as a whole and not to any particular article, schedule, section, paragraph, clause, exhibit or other subdivision, (iii) the headings, subheadings and table of contents set forth in this Agreement are solely for convenience of reference and shall not constitute a part of this Agreement nor shall they affect the meaning, construction or effect of any provision hereof, (iv) references in this Agreement to “include” or “including” shall mean include or including, as applicable, without limiting the generality of any description preceding such term, and for purposes hereof the rule of ejusdem generis shall not be applicable to limit a general statement, followed by or referable to an enumeration of specific matters, to matters similar to those specifically mentioned, (v) each of the parties to this Agreement and its counsel have reviewed and revised, or requested revisions to, this Agreement, and the rule of construction that any ambiguities are to be resolved against the drafting party shall be inapplicable in the construction and interpretation of this Agreement, (vi) any definition of or reference to any Facility Document, agreement, instrument or other document herein shall be construed as referring to such agreement, instrument or other document as from time to time amended, supplemented or otherwise modified (subject to any restrictions on such amendments, supplements or modifications set forth herein), (vii) any reference herein to any Person shall be construed to include such Person’s successors and assigns (subject to any restrictions set forth herein or in any other applicable agreement), (viii) any reference to any law or regulation herein shall refer to such law or regulation as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time, (ix) unless otherwise specified herein, all accounting terms used herein shall be interpreted and all accounting determinations hereunder shall be made in accordance with GAAP as in effect from time to time and (x) unless otherwise specified herein and unless the context requires a different meaning, all terms used herein that are defined in Articles 8 and 9 of the UCC are used herein as so defined.

Section 1.03 Computation of Time Periods.

Unless otherwise stated in this Agreement, in the computation of a period of time from a specified date to a later specified date, the word “from” means “from and including” and the words “to” and “until” both mean “to but excluding”. Periods of days referred to in this Agreement shall be counted in calendar days unless Business Days are expressly prescribed. Unless otherwise indicated herein, all references to time of day refer to Eastern Standard Time or Eastern daylight saving time, as in effect in New York City on such day.

Section 1.04 Collateral Value Calculation Procedures.

In connection with all calculations required to be made pursuant to this Agreement with respect to Scheduled Distributions on any Collateral Obligations, or any payments on any other assets included in the Collateral, with respect to the sale of and reinvestment in Collateral Obligations, and with respect to the income that can be earned on Scheduled Distributions on such Collateral Obligations and on any other amounts that may be received for deposit in the Collection Account, the provisions set forth in this Section 1.04 shall be applied. The provisions of this Section 1.04 shall be applicable to any determination or

calculation that is covered by this Section 1.04, whether or not reference is specifically made to Section 1.04, unless some other method of calculation or determination is expressly specified in the particular provision.

(a) All calculations with respect to Scheduled Distributions on the Collateral Obligations securing the Advances shall be made on the basis of information as to the terms of each of such Collateral Obligations and upon reports of payments, if any, received on such Collateral Obligations that are furnished by or on behalf of the Obligor of such Collateral Obligations and, to the extent they are not manifestly in error, such information or reports may be conclusively relied upon in making such calculations.

(b) For purposes of calculating the Coverage Tests, except as otherwise specified in the Coverage Tests, such calculations will not include ticking fees in respect of Collateral Obligations, and other similar fees, unless or until such fees are actually paid.

(c) For each Collection Period and as of any date of determination, the Scheduled Distribution on any Collateral Obligations (other than Defaulted Loan/Bonds, which, except as otherwise provided herein, shall be assumed to have Scheduled Distributions of zero) shall be the sum of (i) the total amount of payments and collections to be received during such Collection Period in respect of such Collateral Obligations (including the proceeds of the sale of such Collateral Obligations received and, in the case of sales which have not yet settled, to be received during the Collection Period) and not reinvested in additional Collateral Obligations or retained in the Collection Account for subsequent reinvestment pursuant to Section 10.02 that, if received as scheduled, will be available in the Collection Account at the end of the Collection Period and (ii) any such amounts received in prior Collection Periods that were not disbursed on a previous Payment Date or retained in the Collection Account for subsequent reinvestment pursuant to Section 10.02.

(d) Each Scheduled Distribution receivable with respect to a Collateral Obligation shall be assumed to be received on the applicable Due Date, and each such Scheduled Distribution shall be assumed to be immediately deposited in the Collection Account to earn interest at the Assumed Reinvestment Rate (as determined on each relevant date of determination). All such funds shall be assumed to continue to earn interest until the date on which they are required to be available in the Collection Account for application, in accordance with the terms hereof, to payments of principal of or interest on the Advances or other amounts payable pursuant to this Agreement.

(e) References in the Priority of Payments to calculations made on a “pro forma basis” shall mean such calculations after giving effect to all payments, in accordance with the Priority of Payments, that precede (in priority of payment) or include the clause in which such calculation is made.

(f) For purposes of calculating all Concentration Limitations, in both the numerator and the denominator of any component of the Concentration Limitations, Defaulted Loan/Bonds will be treated as having a Principal Balance equal to zero.

(g) Except as otherwise provided herein, Defaulted Loan/Bonds will not be included in the calculation of the Collateral Quality Tests.

(h) For purposes of determining the Minimum Weighted Average Spread Test (and related computations of stated interest coupons and Aggregate Funded Spread), capitalized or deferred interest (and any other interest that is not paid in cash) will be excluded.

(i) References in this Agreement to the Borrower's "purchase" or "acquisition" of a Collateral Obligation include references to the Borrower's acquisition of such Collateral Obligation by way of contribution from the Investment Manager or an Affiliate thereof. Portions of the same Collateral Obligation acquired by the Borrower on different dates (whether through purchase or receipt by contribution, but excluding subsequent draws under Revolving Collateral Loans or Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loans) will, for purposes of determining the purchase price of such Collateral Obligation, be treated as separate purchases on separate dates (and not a weighted average purchase price for any particular Collateral Obligation). The "purchase price" for all or part of any Collateral Obligation acquired from an Affiliate of the Borrower, paid in the form of a contribution to the capital of the Borrower, shall be consistent with the amount that would be paid in an arms-length transaction with a non-Affiliate.

(j) For the purposes of calculating compliance with each of the Concentration Limitations all calculations will be rounded to the nearest 0.01%.

(k) Any Specified Change that results in the transfer or release of all or substantially all of the assets securing a Collateral Obligation shall, for purposes of the Concentration Limitations, result in the recategorizing of such Collateral Obligation as an Equity Security.

(l) As of any date of determination, for purposes of all calculations under this Agreement, each Canadian Dollar Obligation and all cashflows in respect thereto (whether existing or anticipated) shall be expressed in Dollars applying the Settlement Date Rate relating to such Canadian Dollar Obligation; provided that if as of such date of determination the Settlement Date Rate relating to such Canadian Dollar Obligation is less than the prevailing Spot Foreign Exchange Rate as of such date of determination, then such Canadian Dollar Obligation shall be expressed in Dollars applying the prevailing Spot Foreign Exchange Rate as of such date of determination.

(m) Unless otherwise specified, for purposes of calculating compliance with any tests in this Agreement (including without limitation the Coverage Tests, the Collateral Quality Tests and the Concentration Limitations), the trade date (and not the settlement date) with respect to any acquisition or disposition of a Collateral Obligation or Eligible Investment shall be used to determine whether and when such acquisition or disposition has occurred.

ARTICLE II

ADVANCES UNDER THE FACILITY

Section 2.01 Revolving Credit Facility.

On the terms and subject to the conditions hereinafter set forth, including Article III, each Lender severally agrees to make advances to the Borrower (each, an “Advance” and each borrowing on any single day, a “Borrowing”) from time to time on any Business Day during the period from the Original Closing Date until the Commitment Termination Date, in each case in an aggregate principal amount at any one time outstanding up to but not exceeding such Lender’s Commitment and, as to all Lenders, in an aggregate principal amount up to but not exceeding the Total Commitment; provided, that no such Advances and no prepayment of any Advances shall be made on the Business Day immediately preceding (but not including) any Payment Date.

Within such limits and subject to the other terms and conditions of this Agreement, the Borrower may borrow (and re-borrow) Advances under this Section 2.01 and prepay Advances under Section 2.05.

Section 2.02 Advances.

(a) If the Borrower desires to make a Borrowing under this Agreement it shall give each Lender and the Facility Agent (with a copy to the Collateral Agent) a written notice (each, a “Notice of Borrowing”) for such Borrowing (which notice shall be irrevocable and effective upon receipt by the Facility Agent) not later than 11:00 a.m. at least three Business Days prior to the day of the requested Borrowing or, in the case of the Borrowing that is to occur on the Closing Date, not later than 11:00 a.m. on the Closing Date (or, in each case, such lesser notice period that the Facility Agent deems acceptable in its sole discretion).

Each Notice of Borrowing shall be substantially in the form of Exhibit B hereto, dated the date the request for the related Borrowing is being made, signed by a Responsible Officer of the Borrower, and otherwise be appropriately completed. The proposed Borrowing Date specified in each Notice of Borrowing shall be a Business Day falling on or prior to the Commitment Termination Date, and the amount of the Borrowing requested in such Notice of Borrowing (the “Requested Amount”) shall be equal to at least \$1,000,000 or an integral multiple of \$500,000 in excess thereof (or, if less, the remaining unfunded Commitments hereunder).

(b) Each Lender shall not later than 2:00 p.m. on each Borrowing Date in respect of an Advance make its Percentage of the applicable Requested Amount available to the Borrower by disbursing such funds in Dollars to the Principal Collection Subaccount.

Section 2.03 Evidence of Indebtedness; Notes.

(a) Each Lender shall maintain in accordance with its usual practice an account or accounts evidencing the indebtedness of the Borrower to it and resulting from the Advances made by such Lender to the Borrower, from time to time, including the amounts of principal and interest thereon and paid to it, from time to time hereunder.

Any Lender may request that its Commitment to the Borrower be evidenced by a Note. In such event, the Borrower shall promptly prepare, execute and deliver to such Lender a Note payable to such Lender and otherwise appropriately completed. Thereafter, the Advances of such Lender evidenced by such Note and interest thereon shall at all times (including after any

assignment pursuant to Section 12.06(a)) be represented by a Note payable to such Lender (or registered assigns pursuant to Section 12.06(a)), except to the extent that such Lender (or assignee) subsequently returns any such Note for cancellation and requests that such Advances once again be evidenced as described in clauses (a) and (b) of this Section 2.03.

Section 2.04 Payment of Principal and Interest.

The Borrower shall pay principal and interest on the Advances as follows:

(a) 100% of the outstanding principal amount of each Advance, together with all accrued and unpaid interest thereon, shall be payable on the Final Maturity Date.

(b) Interest shall accrue on the unpaid principal amount of each Advance from the date of such Advance until such principal amount is paid in full, at the following rates *per annum*:

(i) Base Rate Advances. While an Advance is a Base Rate Advance, a rate per annum equal to the sum of the Base Rate in effect from time to time *plus* the Facility Margin Level.

(ii) Eurodollar Rate Advances. While an Advance is a Eurodollar Rate Advance, a rate per annum for each Interest Accrual Period for such Advance equal to the sum of LIBOR for such Interest Accrual Period *plus* the Facility Margin Level.

(iii) Cost of Funds Rate Advances. While an Advance is a Cost of Funds Rate Advance, a rate per annum equal to the sum of the Cost of Funds Rate in effect from time to time *plus* the Facility Margin Level.

All Advances shall constitute Cost of Funds Rate Advances or Eurodollar Rate Advances (subject to the conversion of Eurodollar Rate Advances to Base Rate Advances pursuant to Section 2.11), provided that, (i) in the event the Borrower is no longer able to borrow Eurodollar Rate Advances as a result of the occurrence of any of the circumstances set forth in Section 2.11, the Borrower may request Base Rate Advances hereunder until such time as Eurodollar Rate Advances are available and (ii) after the occurrence and during the continuation of any Event of Default, all Eurodollar Rate Advances and all Cost of Funds Rate Advances will be converted to Base Rate Advances at the end of the applicable Interest Accrual Period if so directed by the Facility Agent (at the direction of the Required Lenders). All Advances by CP Lenders shall constitute Cost of Fund Rate Advances, except if a CP Lender is a CP LIBOR Lender, in which case Advances by CP LIBOR Lenders shall constitute Eurodollar Rate Advances (subject to the conversion of Eurodollar Rate Advances to Base Rate Advances as described above).

The Calculation Agent shall provide notice to the Facility Agent and the Lenders of any and all LIBOR rate sets on the date that any such rate set is determined.

(c) Accrued interest on each Advance shall be payable in arrears (x) on each Payment Date, and (y) on each date of prepayment of principal thereof, on the principal amount so prepaid to but excluding the date of prepayment.

(d) Subject in all cases to Section 2.04(f), the obligation of the Borrower to pay the Obligations, including the obligation of the Borrower to pay the Lenders the outstanding principal amount of the Advances and accrued interest thereon, shall be absolute, unconditional and irrevocable, and shall be paid strictly in accordance with the terms hereof (including Section 2.15), under any and all circumstances and irrespective of any setoff, counterclaim or defense to payment which the Borrower or any other Person may have or have had against any Secured Party or any other Person.

(e) As a condition to the payment of principal of and interest on any Advance without the imposition of withholding tax, each Agent and the Borrower may require certification acceptable to such Agent or the Borrower from any recipient to enable the Borrower and the Agents to determine their duties and liabilities with respect to any taxes or other charges that they may be required to deduct or withhold from payments in respect of such Advance under any present or future law or regulation of the United States and any other applicable jurisdiction, or any present or future law or regulation of any political subdivision thereof or taxing authority therein or to comply with any reporting or other requirements under any such law or regulation.

(f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the obligations of the Borrower under this Agreement are limited recourse obligations of the Borrower only payable solely from the Collateral and, following realization of the Collateral, and application of the proceeds thereof in accordance with the Priority of Payments and, subject to Section 2.12, all obligations of and any claims against the Borrower hereunder or in connection herewith after such realization shall be extinguished and shall not thereafter revive. No recourse shall be had against any officer, director, employee, shareholder, Affiliate, member, manager, agent, partner, principal or incorporator of the Borrower or their respective successors or assigns (any "Related Person") for any amounts payable under this Agreement. It is understood that the foregoing provisions of this clause (f) shall not (i) prevent recourse to (x) the Collateral for the sums due or to become due under any security, instrument or agreement which is part of the Collateral or (y) any Affiliate of the Borrower under any Facility Document to which they are party thereto or (ii) constitute a waiver, release or discharge of any indebtedness or obligation evidenced by this Agreement until such Collateral has been realized. It is further understood that the foregoing provisions of this clause (f) shall not limit the right of any Person to name the Borrower as a party defendant in any proceeding or in the exercise of any other remedy under this Agreement, so long as no judgment in the nature of a deficiency judgment or seeking personal liability shall be asked for or (if obtained) enforced against any such Related Person.

Section 2.05 Prepayment of Advances.

(a) Optional Prepayments. The Borrower may, from time to time on any Business Day, voluntarily prepay the Advances in whole or in part, without penalty or premium; provided that the Borrower shall have delivered to the Lenders and the Facility Agent written notice of such prepayment (such notice, a "Notice of Prepayment") in the form of Exhibit C hereto not later than 12:00 noon on the Business Day that is (i) in the case of Eurodollar Rate Advances and Cost of Funds Rate Advances, three Business Days prior to the date of such prepayment, and (ii) in the case of Base Rate Advances, one Business Day prior to the date of such prepayment. Each such Notice of Prepayment shall be irrevocable and effective upon receipt and shall be dated the date such notice is being given, signed by a Responsible Officer of

the Borrower and otherwise appropriately completed. Each prepayment of any Advance by the Borrower pursuant to this Section 2.05(a) shall in each case be in a principal amount of at least \$1,000,000 or a whole multiple of \$500,000 in excess thereof or, if less, the entire outstanding principal amount of the Advances of the Borrower. If a Notice of Prepayment is given by the Borrower, the Borrower shall make such prepayment and the payment amount specified in such notice shall be due and payable on the date specified therein.

(b) Mandatory Prepayments. The Borrower shall prepay the Advances and make deposits in the Revolving Reserve Account on each Payment Date in the manner and to the extent provided in the Priority of Payments. The Borrower shall provide, in each Payment Date Report, notice of the aggregate amounts of Advances that are to be prepaid on the related Payment Date and amounts to be deposited in the Revolving Reserve Account in accordance with the Priority of Payments. In connection with such prepayment and deposit to be made in the Revolving Reserve Account on any Payment Date in an amount necessary to result in the satisfaction of the Coverage Tests, the corresponding Commitment as of such date shall be terminated in an amount equal to the lesser of (i) the amount so deposited in the Revolving Reserve Account at such Payment Date, and (ii) the Total Commitment as in effect on such date.

(c) Additional Prepayment Provisions. Each prepayment pursuant to this Section 2.05 shall be (i) subject to Sections 2.04(c) and 2.10 and (ii) applied to the Advances of the Lenders in accordance with their respective Percentages.

Section 2.06 Reductions in Commitments.

(a) Automatic Reduction and Termination. The Total Commitment (and the Commitment of each Lender) shall be automatically reduced to zero at the close of business on the Commitment Termination Date. The Borrower shall not terminate or reduce the Total Commitment (including, without limitation, pursuant to Section 2.05(b)) if, to the extent that after giving effect to such reduction or termination, a Commitment Shortfall shall exist.

(b) Optional Termination in Whole. Prior to the Commitment Termination Date, the Borrower shall have the right at any time to terminate the Commitments in their entirety upon not less than 5 Business Days' prior notice to the Lenders and the Facility Agent of any such termination, which notice shall specify the effective date of such termination, provided that all amounts due under this Agreement and the other Facility Documents are satisfied in full, including without limitation all principal, interest, Commitment Fees and Administrative Expenses. Such notice of termination shall be irrevocable and effective only upon receipt and shall terminate and cancel the Commitments of each Lender on the date specified in such notice.

(c) Optional Reductions in Part. Prior to the Commitment Termination Date, the Borrower shall have the right at any time to reduce permanently in an aggregate amount of at least \$10,000,000 the unused amount of the Total Commitment upon not less than 5 Business Days' prior notice to the Lenders and the Facility Agent of any such reduction, which notice shall specify the effective date of such reduction and the amount of any such reduction, provided that no such reduction will reduce the Total Commitments below the aggregate principal amount of Advances at such time. Such notice of reduction shall be irrevocable.

(d) Effect of Termination or Reduction. The Total Commitment (and the Commitment of each Lender) once terminated or reduced may not be reinstated. Each reduction of the Total Commitment pursuant to this Section 2.06 shall be applied ratably among the Lenders in accordance with their respective Commitments.

Section 2.07 Maximum Lawful Rate.

It is the intention of the parties hereto that the interest on the Advances shall not exceed the maximum rate permissible under Applicable Law. Accordingly, anything herein or in any Note to the contrary notwithstanding, in the event any interest is charged to, collected from or received from or on behalf of the Borrower by the Lenders pursuant hereto or thereto in excess of such maximum lawful rate, then the excess of such payment over that maximum shall be applied first to the payment of amounts then due and owing by the Borrower to the Secured Parties under this Agreement (other than in respect of principal of and interest on the Advances) and then to the reduction of the outstanding principal amount of the Advances of the Borrower.

Section 2.08 Several Obligations.

The failure of any Lender to make any Advance to be made by it on the date specified therefor shall not relieve any other Lender of its obligation to make its Advance on such date, neither Agent shall be responsible for the failure of any Lender to make any Advance, and no Lender shall be responsible for the failure of any other Lender to make an Advance to be made by such other Lender.

Section 2.09 Increased Costs.

(a) If, due to either (i) the introduction of or any change in or in the interpretation, application or implementation of any Applicable Law (a "Regulatory Change") after the Original Closing Date, or (ii) the compliance with any guideline or change in the interpretation, application or implementation of any guideline or request from any central bank or other Authority (whether or not having the force of law) after the Original Closing Date, there shall be any increase in the cost to any Affected Person, (A) other than with respect to Taxes, of agreeing to make or making, funding or maintaining Advances to the Borrower, (B) as a result of Taxes (other than (I) Indemnified Taxes, (II) Taxes described in clause (ii) through (vi) of the definition of Excluded Taxes and (III) Connection Taxes) on Advances, Notes or Commitments, or reserves, other liabilities or capital attributable thereto or (C) other than Excluded Risk Retention Increased Costs, then the Borrower shall from time to time, on the Payment Dates (but subject in all cases to Section 2.04(f)), following such Affected Person's demand, pay in accordance with the Priority of Payments to such Affected Person such additional amounts as may be sufficient to compensate such Affected Person for such increased cost. A certificate setting forth in reasonable detail the amount of such increased cost, submitted to the Borrower by an Affected Person (with a copy to the Agents and DBRS), shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes, absent manifest error. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, each of (i) the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and all rules and regulations promulgated thereunder or issued in connection therewith (the "Dodd-Frank Act"), (ii) the Retention Requirement Laws, (iii) any law, request, rule, guideline or directive promulgated by the Bank of International Settlements, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (or any

successor or similar authority) or the United States or foreign regulatory authorities, in each case pursuant to Basel III (“Basel III”), and (iv) any existing or future rules, regulations, guidance, interpretations or directives from the U.S. bank regulatory agencies relating to the Dodd-Frank Act, Basel III or the Retention Requirement Laws (whether or not having the force of law), and all rules and regulations promulgated thereunder or issued in connection therewith shall in each case be deemed to have been introduced after the Original Closing Date, thereby constituting a Regulatory Change hereunder with respect to the Affected Parties as of the Original Closing Date, regardless of the date enacted, adopted or issued.

(b) If an Affected Person determines that (i) the applicability of any law, rule, regulation or guideline adopted after the Original Closing Date pursuant to or arising out of Basel III or (ii) the adoption after the Original Closing Date of any other law, rule, regulation or guideline regarding capital adequacy affecting such Affected Person or any holding company for such Affected Person or (iii) compliance, implementation or application, whether commenced prior to or after the Original Closing Date, by any Affected Person with the Dodd-Frank Act, Basel III, the Retention Requirement Laws or any rules, regulations, guidance, interpretations or directives from bank regulatory agencies promulgated in connection therewith or (iv) any change arising after the Original Closing Date in the foregoing or in the interpretation or administration of any of the foregoing by any governmental Authority, central bank or comparable agency charged with the interpretation or administration thereof, or (v) compliance by any Affected Person (or any lending office of such Affected Person), or any holding company for such Affected Person which is subject to any of the capital requirements described above, with any request or directive issued after the Original Closing Date regarding capital adequacy (whether or not having the force of law) of any such authority, central bank or comparable agency, (A) affects the amount of capital required to be maintained by such Affected Person and that the amount of such capital is increased by or based upon the existence of such Affected Person’s Commitment under this Agreement or upon such Affected Person’s making, funding or maintaining Advances or (B) reduces the rate of return of an Affected Person to a level below that which such Affected Person could have achieved but for such compliance (taking into consideration such Affected Person’s policies with respect to capital adequacy), then the Borrower shall from time to time, on the Payment Dates (but subject in all cases to Section 2.04(f)), following such Affected Person’s demand, pay in accordance with the Priority of Payments such additional amounts which are sufficient to compensate such Affected Person for such increase in capital or reduced return (other than in respect of Excluded Risk Retention Increased Costs). If any Affected Person becomes entitled to claim any additional amounts pursuant to this Section 2.09(b), it shall promptly notify the Borrower (with a copy to the Agents and DBRS) of the event by reason of which it has become so entitled. A certificate setting forth in reasonable detail such amounts submitted to the Borrower by an Affected Person shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes, absent manifest error.

Upon the occurrence of any event giving rise to the Borrower’s obligation to pay additional amounts to a Lender pursuant to clauses (a) or (b) of this Section 2.09, such Lender will, if requested by the Borrower, use reasonable efforts to designate a different lending office if, in the judgment of such Lender, such designation would reduce or obviate the obligations of the Borrower to make future payments of such additional amounts; provided that such designation is made on such terms that such Lender and its lending office suffer no unreimbursed cost or legal or regulatory disadvantage (as reasonably determined by such Lender), with the

object of avoiding future consequence of the event giving rise to the operation of any such provision. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 2.09, the Borrower shall not be required to compensate a Lender pursuant to this Section 2.09 for any amounts incurred more than nine months prior to the date that such Lender notifies the Borrower of such Lender's intention to claim compensation therefor; provided that, if the circumstances giving rise to such claim have a retroactive effect, then such nine-month period shall be extended to include the period of such retroactive effect.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Borrower is otherwise in compliance with its covenants and representations in this Agreement with respect to the Retention Requirement Laws, and the reason for the increased cost incurred by an Affected Party pursuant to this Section 2.09 is the negligence or willful failure of such Affected Party or an Affiliate thereof to comply with the Retention Requirement Laws, the Borrower shall not be obligated to compensate such Affected Party for such increased costs.

Section 2.10 Compensation; Breakage Payments.

The Borrower agrees to compensate each Affected Person from time to time, on the Payment Dates, following such Affected Person's written request (which request shall set forth the basis for requesting such amounts), in accordance with the Priority of Payments, for all reasonable losses, expenses and liabilities (including any interest paid by such Affected Person to lenders of funds borrowed by the Borrower to make or carry a Eurodollar Rate Advance or a Cost of Funds Rate Advance made to the Borrower and any loss sustained by such Affected Person in connection with the re-employment of such funds but excluding loss of anticipated profits or margin), which such Affected Person may sustain: (i) if for any reason (including any failure of a condition precedent set forth in Article III but excluding a default by the applicable Lender) a Borrowing of any Eurodollar Rate Advance or Cost of Funds Rate Advance by the Borrower does not occur on the Borrowing Date specified therefor in the applicable Notice of Borrowing delivered by the Borrower, (ii) if any payment, prepayment or conversion of any of the Borrower's Eurodollar Rate Advances occurs on a date that is not the last day of the relevant Interest Accrual Period, (iii) if any payment or prepayment of any Eurodollar Rate Advance or Cost of Funds Rate Advance is not made on any date specified in a Notice of Prepayment given by the Borrower, (iv) if any Eurodollar Rate Advance is converted into a Base Rate Advance on a date other than the last day of the Interest Accrual Period therefor or (v) as a consequence of any other default by the Borrower to repay its Eurodollar Rate Advances or Cost of Funds Rate Advances when required by the terms of this Agreement. A certificate as to any amounts payable pursuant to this Section 2.10 submitted to the Borrower by any Lender (with a copy to the Agents and DBRS, and accompanied by a reasonably detailed calculation of such amounts and a description of the basis for requesting such amounts) shall be conclusive in the absence of manifest error.

Section 2.11 Illegality; Inability to Determine Rates.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement, in the event that it becomes unlawful for a Lender to (i) honor its obligation to make Eurodollar Rate Advances hereunder, or (ii) maintain Eurodollar Rate Advances hereunder, then such Lender shall promptly notify the Agents and the Borrower thereof (with a copy to DBRS), and such Lender's

obligation to make or maintain Eurodollar Rate Advances hereunder shall be suspended until such time as such Lender may again make and maintain Eurodollar Rate Advances, and such Lender's outstanding Eurodollar Rate Advances shall be automatically converted into Base Rate Advances on the date that such Lender shall specify to the Agents and the Borrower.

(b) Upon the occurrence of any event giving rise to a Lender's suspending its obligation to make or maintain Eurodollar Rate Advances pursuant to Section 2.11(a), such Lender will, if requested by the Borrower, use reasonable efforts (subject to overall policy considerations of such Lender) to designate a different lending office if such designation would enable such Lender to again make and maintain Eurodollar Rate Advances; provided that such designation is made on such terms that such Lender and its lending office suffer no unreimbursed cost or material legal or regulatory disadvantage (as reasonably determined by such Lender), with the object of avoiding future consequence of the event giving rise to the operation of any such provision.

(c) If prior to the first day of any Interest Accrual Period, either (i) the Calculation Agent determines that for any reason adequate and reasonable means do not exist for determining LIBOR for such Interest Accrual Period for any Eurodollar Rate Advances, or (ii) the Facility Agent determines and notifies the Calculation Agent that the Eurodollar Rate with respect to such Interest Accrual Period for any Eurodollar Rate Advances does not adequately and fairly reflect the cost to such Lenders of funding such Eurodollar Rate Advances, the Calculation Agent will promptly so notify the Borrower, the Agents, each Lender and DBRS. Thereafter, the obligation of the Lenders to make or maintain Eurodollar Rate Advances shall be suspended until the Facility Agent revokes such notice, and all outstanding Eurodollar Rate Advances shall be converted into Base Rate Advances on the date that the Facility Agent shall specify to the Borrower.

Section 2.12 Rescission or Return of Payment.

The Borrower agrees that, if at any time (including after the occurrence of the Final Maturity Date) all or any part of any payment theretofore made by it to any Secured Party or any designee of a Secured Party is or must be rescinded or returned for any reason whatsoever (including the insolvency, bankruptcy or reorganization of the Borrower or any of its Affiliates), the obligation of the Borrower to make such payment to such Secured Party shall, for the purposes of this Agreement, to the extent that such payment is or must be rescinded or returned, be deemed to have continued in existence and this Agreement shall continue to be effective or be reinstated, as the case may be, as to such obligations, all as though such payment had not been made.

Section 2.13 Fees Payable by Borrower.

(a) The Borrower hereby agrees to pay to each Lender, other than a Defaulting Lender, a commitment fee (a "Commitment Fee") on the daily average unused amount of the Commitment of such Lender, for each day during the period from the date hereof until the Commitment Termination Date, at a rate equal to 0.75% per annum. Commitment Fees accrued during each Collection Period shall be payable on the related Payment Date.

(b) All payments by or on behalf of the Borrower under this Section 2.13 shall be made in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

Section 2.14 Post-Default Interest.

The Borrower shall pay interest on all Obligations that are not paid when due for the period from the due date thereof until the date the same is paid in full at the Post-Default Rate. Interest payable at the Post-Default Rate shall be payable on each Payment Date in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

Section 2.15 Payments Generally.

(a) All amounts owing and payable to any Secured Party, any Affected Person or any Indemnified Party, in respect of the Advances and other Obligations, including the principal thereof, interest, fees, indemnities, expenses or other amounts payable under this Agreement, shall be paid by the Borrower (through the Collateral Agent) to the applicable recipient in Dollars, in immediately available funds, in accordance with the Priority of Payments, and all without counterclaim, setoff, deduction, defense, abatement, suspension or deferment. Each Lender shall provide wire instructions to the Borrower and the Collateral Agent. Payments received after 1:00 p.m. on a Business Day will be deemed to have been paid on the next following Business Day.

(b) Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, all computations of interest, fees and other Obligations shall be made on the basis of a year of 360 days for the actual number of days elapsed in computing interest on any Advance, the date of the making of an Advance shall be included and the date of payment shall be excluded; provided that, if an Advance is repaid on the same day on which it is made, one day's interest shall be paid on such Advance. All computations made by the Calculation Agent or the Facility Agent under this Agreement shall be conclusive absent manifest error.

Section 2.16 Lenders Not Satisfying the Rating Criteria.

If and for so long as any Lender fails to satisfy the Rating Criteria, such Lender may deposit, in accordance with Section 8.03(c), an amount equal to such Lender's undrawn Commitment at such time in the appropriate Lender Funding Subaccount, and all principal payments in respect of the Advances which would otherwise be made to such Lender shall be diverted to the appropriate Lender Funding Subaccount, in accordance with Section 8.03(c), and any amounts in such Lender Funding Subaccount shall be applied to any future funding obligations of such Lender. If, within 20 Business Days after the date as of which any Lender has ceased to satisfy the Rating Criteria, such Lender has not deposited an amount equal to such Lender's undrawn Commitment in the appropriate Lender Funding Subaccount, the Facility Agent will provide written notice thereof to DBRS.

Section 2.17 Applicable Row Level.

(a) On or prior to the date hereof, the Borrower or Investment Manager will specify the Applicable Row Level to be in effect for purposes of the Matrix by delivery of written notice to the Agents (with a copy to DBRS, the Collateral Agent, and the Lenders),

signed by a Responsible Officer of the Borrower or Investment Manager, as applicable, certifying that (i) each Collateral Quality Test and Concentration Limitation is satisfied at such time, (ii) each Coverage Test is satisfied at such time, (iii) the Row Advance Rate to be in effect for purposes of the Matrix equals or exceeds the Portfolio Advance Rate at such time; and (iv) no Commitment Shortfall exists at such time, together with a report demonstrating compliance with each requirement set forth in the aforementioned clauses (i) through (iv).

(b) At any time after the delivery of the certification required in Section 2.17(a), the Borrower or the Investment Manager may specify a different Applicable Row Level than the one in use at that time by delivery of written notice to the Agents (with a copy to DBRS, the Collateral Agent and the Lenders), signed by a Responsible Officer of the Borrower or Investment Manager, as applicable, upon not more than five Business Days and not less than one Business Day prior to the day on which such different Applicable Row Level is to become effective for purposes of the Matrix certifying that (i) each Collateral Quality Test and Concentration Limitation is satisfied at such time, (ii) each Coverage Test is satisfied at such time, (iii) the Row Advance Rate that is in use at such time equals or exceeds the Portfolio Advance Rate at such time; and (iv) no Commitment Shortfall exists at such time, together with a report demonstrating compliance with each requirement set forth in the aforementioned clauses (i) through (iv) as well as compliance with all columns in the Matrix for both the existing and proposed Applicable Row Level.

Section 2.18 Replacement of Lenders.

(a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, in the event that any Affected Person shall request reimbursement for amounts owing pursuant to Section 2.09 (each such Affected Person, a "Potential Terminated Purchaser"), the Borrower shall be permitted, upon no less than ten (10) days notice to the Facility Agent and the Potential Terminated Purchaser, to (i)(1) elect to terminate the Commitment, if any, of such Potential Terminated Purchaser on the date specified in such termination notice, and (2) prepay on the date of such termination the outstanding principal amount of the Advances and all accrued and unpaid interest thereon of such Potential Terminated Purchaser, or (ii) elect to cause such Potential Terminated Purchaser to (and the Potential Terminated Purchaser must) assign 100% of its Commitment to a replacement purchaser (a "Replacement Purchaser") (any such Potential Terminated Purchaser with respect to which the Borrower has made any such election, a "Terminated Purchaser").

(b) The Borrower shall not make an election described in the preceding paragraph unless (a) no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing at the time of such election (unless such Default or Event of Default would no longer be continuing after giving effect to such election), (b) in respect of an election described in clause (ii) of the immediately preceding paragraph only, on or prior to the effectiveness of the applicable assignment, the Terminated Purchaser shall have been paid the outstanding principal amount of the Advances and all accrued and unpaid interest thereon of such Terminated Purchaser by or on behalf of the related Replacement Purchaser. Each Terminated Purchaser hereby agrees to take all actions reasonably necessary, at the expense of the Borrower, to permit a Replacement Purchaser to succeed to its rights and obligations hereunder. Upon the effectiveness of any such assignment to a Replacement Purchaser, (i) such Replacement Purchaser shall become a

“Lender” hereunder for all purposes of this Agreement and the other Facility Documents, (ii) such Replacement Purchaser shall have a Commitment in the amount not less than the Terminated Purchaser’s Commitment assumed by it and (iii) the Commitment of the Terminated Purchaser shall be terminated in all respects.

ARTICLE III

CONDITIONS PRECEDENT

Section 3.01 Conditions Precedent to Closing.

The obligation of the Lenders to make Advances hereunder comprising the initial Borrowing were subject to the conditions precedent in Section 3.01 of the Existing Credit Agreement, which have been satisfied. This Agreement shall become effective on the Closing Date; provided that the Facility Agent shall have received the following, each in form and substance satisfactory to the Facility Agent:

(a) this Agreement and the Master Transfer Agreement, each duly executed and delivered by the parties hereto, and each of which shall be in full force and effect;

(b) true and complete copies of the Constituent Documents of the Borrower and the Investment Manager as in effect on the Closing Date;

(c) true and complete copies certified by a Responsible Officer of the Borrower or the Investment Manager, as applicable, of all Governmental Authorizations, Private Authorizations and Governmental Filings (other than any current transaction reports on Form 8-K or other disclosure documents required to be filed or furnished by the Investment Manager with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act or otherwise), if any, required in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, the other Facility Documents and the Retention Letter;

(d) a certificate of a Responsible Officer of the Borrower and the Investment Manager certifying (i) as to its Constituent Documents, (ii) as to its resolutions or other action of its board of directors or members approving this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby, (iii) that its representations and warranties set forth in this Agreement, the other Facility Documents and the Retention Letter are true and correct in all material respects as of the Closing Date (except to the extent such representations and warranties expressly relate to any earlier date, in which case such representations and warranties shall be true and correct in all material respects as of such earlier date), (iv) no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, (v) as to the incumbency and specimen signature of (x) certain of its Responsible Officers that are authorized to execute this Agreement, the other Facility Documents and any other documents related thereto and (y) each of its Responsible Officers that will execute this Agreement, any other Facility Documents, the Retention Letter and any other documents related thereto and (vi) that each of the Facility Documents not being amended in connection with this Agreement shall remain unchanged and in full force and effect following the effectiveness of this Agreement;

(e) legal opinions (addressed to each of the Secured Parties and DBRS) of (i) Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP, New York counsel, and Morris, Nichols, Arshat & Tunnell LLP, Delaware counsel, in each case to the Borrower and the Investment Manager and (ii) Nixon Peabody LLP, counsel to the Collateral Agent, covering such matters as the Facility Agent and its counsel shall reasonably request;

(f) lien searches in all jurisdictions that the Facility Agent deems necessary or desirable in order to ensure the existing perfection of the security interests granted under the Existing Credit Agreement;

(g) a refreshed Retention Letter substantially in the form of Exhibit E;

(h) a rating letter, delivered and signed by DBRS and confirming that the Facility, as amended and restated by this Agreement, has been assigned at least a "AA" (sf) rating by DBRS;

(i) evidence of payment by or on behalf of the Borrower of Closing Date Expenses invoiced on or prior to the Closing Date (in the case of payment by the Borrower, out of a contribution made or deemed made by TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.);

(j) a secretary's certificate from the Collateral Agent, which shall include (i) extracts from its bylaws and (ii) the incumbency and specimen signature of each of its Responsible Officers authorized to execute this Agreement;

(k) the issuance of a Note to Versailles Assets LLC, replacing its Note issued as of the Original Closing Date;

(l) an Amendment to the Engagement Letter, dated as of January 21, 2014, between TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. and Natixis Securities Americas LLC; and

(m) such other opinions, instruments, certificates and documents from the Borrower as the Agents or any Lender shall have reasonably requested.

Section 3.02 Conditions Precedent to Each Borrowing.

The obligation of the Lenders to make each Advance (including any such Advance in respect of the initial Borrowing on or after the Closing Date) on each Borrowing Date shall be subject to the fulfillment of the following conditions; provided that (1) such Borrowing Date shall occur prior to the end of the Reinvestment Period, and (2) the conditions described in clauses (e) and (f) (other than a Default or Event of Default described in Sections 6.01(c), (e) or (f)) below need not be satisfied if the proceeds of the Borrowing are used to fund Revolving Collateral Loans or Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loans then owned by the Borrower or to fund the Revolving Reserve Account to the extent required under Section 8.04:

(a) in the case of the initial Borrowing hereunder on or after the Closing Date, the conditions precedent set forth in Section 3.01 shall have been fully satisfied on or prior to the applicable Borrowing Date;

(b) the Lenders and the Facility Agent shall have received a Notice of Borrowing with respect to such Advance delivered in accordance with Section 2.02;

(c) immediately after the making of such Advance on the applicable Borrowing Date, the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Borrower Liabilities shall not exceed the Total Commitment as in effect on such Borrowing Date;

(d) immediately after the making of such Advance on the applicable Borrowing Date, each Coverage Test shall be satisfied and the Row Advance Rate that is in use at such time equals or exceeds the Portfolio Advance Rate;

(e) each of the representations and warranties of the Borrower contained in this Agreement and the other Facility Documents shall be true and correct in all material respects as of such Borrowing Date (except to the extent such representations and warranties expressly relate to any earlier date, in which case such representations and warranties shall be true and correct in all material respects as of such earlier date);

(f) no Default or Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing at the time of the making of such Advance or shall result upon the making of such Advance; and

(g) the provisions of Section 10.02 have been satisfied as of the date of purchase in connection with any acquisition of additional Collateral Obligations with the proceeds of the applicable Advance.

ARTICLE IV

REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

Section 4.01 Representations and Warranties of the Borrower.

The Borrower represents and warrants to each of the Secured Parties on and as of the Closing Date and the date each Advance is made, as follows:

(a) Due Organization. The Borrower is a limited liability company duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, with full power and authority to own and operate its assets and properties, conduct the business in which it is now engaged and to execute and deliver and perform its obligations under this Agreement and the other Facility Documents to which it is a party.

(b) Due Qualification and Good Standing. The Borrower is in good standing in the State of Delaware. The Borrower is duly qualified to do business and, to the extent applicable, is in good standing in each other jurisdiction in which the nature of its business, assets and properties, including the performance of its obligations under this Agreement, the other Facility Documents to which it is a party and its Constituent Documents to which it is a party, requires such qualification, except where the failure to be so qualified or in good standing could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

(c) Due Authorization; Execution and Delivery; Legal, Valid and Binding; Enforceability. The execution and delivery by the Borrower of, and the performance of its obligations under, the Facility Documents to which it is a party and the other instruments, certificates and agreements contemplated thereby are within its powers and have been duly authorized by all requisite action by it and have been duly executed and delivered by it and constitute its legal, valid and binding obligations enforceable against it in accordance with their respective terms, except as enforceability may be limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally or general principles of equity, regardless of whether considered in a proceeding in equity or at law. For the avoidance of doubt, each of the Facility Documents not being amended in connection with this Agreement shall remain unchanged and in full force and effect following the effectiveness of this Agreement.

(d) Non-Contravention. None of the execution and delivery by the Borrower of this Agreement or the other Facility Documents to which it is a party, the Borrowings or the pledge of the Collateral hereunder, the consummation of the transactions herein or therein contemplated, or performance and compliance by it with the terms, conditions and provisions hereof or thereof, will (i) conflict with, or result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under its Constituent Documents, (ii) conflict with or contravene (A) any Applicable Law, (B) any indenture, agreement or other contractual restriction binding on or affecting it or any of its assets, including any Related Document, or (C) any order, writ, judgment, award, injunction or decree binding on or affecting it or any of its assets or properties or (iii) result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under, or permit the acceleration of any obligation or liability in, or but for any requirement of the giving of notice or the passage of time (or both) would constitute such a conflict with, breach or violation of, or default under, or permit any such acceleration in, any contractual obligation or any agreement or document to which it is a party or by which it or any of its assets are bound (or to which any such obligation, agreement or document relates).

(e) Governmental Authorizations; Private Authorizations; Governmental Filings. The Borrower has obtained, maintained and kept in full force and effect all Governmental Authorizations and Private Authorizations which are necessary for it to properly carry out its business, and made all Governmental Filings necessary for the execution and delivery by it of the Facility Documents to which it is a party, the Borrowings by the Borrower under this Agreement, the pledge of the Collateral by the Borrower under this Agreement and the performance by the Borrower of its obligations under this Agreement and the other Facility Documents, and no Governmental Authorization, Private Authorization or Governmental Filing which has not been obtained or made is required to be obtained or made by it in connection with the execution and delivery by it of any Facility Document to which it is a party, the Borrowings by the Borrower under this Agreement, the pledge of the Collateral by the Borrower under this Agreement or the performance of its obligations under this Agreement and the other Facility Documents to which it is a party.

(f) Compliance with Agreements, Laws, Etc. The Borrower has duly observed and complied with all Applicable Laws, including the Securities Act and the Investment Company Act, relating to the conduct of its business and its assets. The Borrower has preserved and kept in full force and effect its legal existence. The Borrower has preserved

and kept in full force and effect its rights, privileges, qualifications and franchises, except where the failure to do so could not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect. Without limiting the foregoing, (x) to the extent applicable, the Borrower is in compliance in all material respects with the regulations and rules promulgated by the U.S. Department of Treasury and/or administered by the U.S. Office of Foreign Asset Controls (“OFAC”), including U.S. Executive Order No. 13224, and other related statutes, laws and regulations (collectively, the “Subject Laws”), (y) the Borrower has adopted internal controls and procedures designed to ensure its continued compliance with the applicable provisions of the Subject Laws and, to the extent applicable, will adopt procedures consistent with the PATRIOT Act and implementing regulations, and (z) no investor in the Borrower is a Person whose name appears on the “List of Specially Designated Nationals” and “Blocked Persons” maintained by the OFAC.

(g) Location. The Borrower maintains the majority of its books and records in the State of Texas. The Borrower’s registered office and the jurisdiction of organization of the Borrower is the jurisdiction referred to in Section 4.01(a).

(h) Investment Company Act. Neither the Borrower, the Investment Manager nor the pool of Collateral is required to register as an “investment company” or a company controlled by an “investment company” under the Investment Company Act.

(i) ERISA. Neither the Borrower nor any member of its ERISA Group has, or during the past five years had, any liability or obligation with respect to any Plan or Multiemployer Plan.

(j) Taxes. The Borrower has filed all federal, state and local income tax returns and all other material federal, state and local tax returns which are required to be filed by it, if any, and has paid all taxes shown to be due and payable on such returns, if any, or pursuant to any assessment received by any such Person.

(k) Tax Status. For U.S. federal income tax purposes, assuming that the Facility constitutes debt for such purposes, the Borrower is not a publicly traded partnership or an association taxable as a corporation.

(l) Environmental Matters. The operations and property of the Borrower comply with all applicable Environmental Laws.

(m) Solvency. After giving effect to each Advance hereunder, and the disbursement of the proceeds of such Advance, the Borrower is and will be Solvent.

(n) Initial Collateral Obligations. Each loan, debt obligation, or Participation Interest contributed by the Investment Manager to the Borrower on the Original Closing Date complies with the criteria set forth in the definition of “Collateral Obligation”.

Section 4.02 Additional Representations and Warranties of the Borrower.

The Borrower represents and warrants to each of the Secured Parties on and as of the Closing Date, each Determination Date, the date each Advance is made, and each date on which a Collateral Obligation is granted to the Trustee hereunder, as follows:

(a) Information and Reports. Each Notice of Borrowing, each Monthly Report, each Payment Date Report and all other written information, reports, certificates and statements furnished by or on behalf of the Borrower to any Secured Party for purposes of or in connection with this Agreement, the other Facility Documents or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby taken as a whole, and all such written information provided by or on behalf of the Borrower to any Secured Party taken as a whole, do not contain any material misstatement of fact or omit to state any material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which it was made, not misleading as of the date such information is stated or certified.

(b) Plan Assets. The assets of the Borrower are not treated as “plan assets” for purposes of Section 3(42) of ERISA or Similar Law and the Collateral is not deemed to be “plan assets” for purposes of Section 3(42) of ERISA or Similar Law. The Borrower has not taken, or omitted to take, any action which would result in any of the Collateral being treated as “plan assets” for purposes of Section 3(42) of ERISA or Similar Law or the occurrence of any Prohibited Transaction in connection with the transactions contemplated hereunder.

(c) Representations Relating to the Collateral. The Borrower hereby represents and warrants that:

(i) it owns and has legal and beneficial title to all Collateral Obligations and other Collateral free and clear of any Lien, claim or encumbrance of any Person, other than Permitted Liens (or, in the case of an asset of a Blocker Subsidiary, the Borrower has a first priority, perfected security interest in the Blocker Subsidiary’s interest in such asset);

(ii) other than the security interest granted to the Collateral Agent pursuant to this Agreement, the Borrower has not pledged, assigned, sold, granted a security interest in, or otherwise conveyed any of the Collateral; the Borrower has not authorized the filing of and is not aware of any Financing Statements against the Borrower that include a description of collateral covering the Collateral other than any Financing Statement relating to the security interest granted to the Collateral Agent hereunder or that has been terminated; and the Borrower is not aware of any judgment, PBGC liens or tax lien filings against the Borrower;

(iii) the Collateral constitutes Money, Cash, Accounts, Instruments, General Intangibles, securities accounts, deposit accounts, Uncertificated Securities, Certificated Securities or security entitlements to financial assets resulting from the crediting of financial assets to a “securities account” (as defined in Section 8-501(a) of the UCC);

(iv) all Covered Accounts constitute “securities accounts” under Section 8-501(a) of the UCC;

(v) this Agreement creates a valid, continuing and, upon Delivery of Collateral and execution of the Account Control Agreement, perfected security interest (as defined in Section 1-201(37) of the UCC) in the Collateral in favor of the Collateral Agent, for the benefit and security of the Secured Parties, which security interest is prior to all other liens, claims and encumbrances and is enforceable as such against creditors of and purchasers from the Borrower;

(vi) the Borrower has received all consents and approvals required by the terms of the Collateral to the pledge hereunder to the Collateral Agent of all of its interest and rights in the Collateral;

(vii) with respect to the Collateral that constitutes Security Entitlements, all such Collateral has been and will have been credited to the Custodial Account;

(viii) with respect to Collateral that constitutes Accounts or General Intangibles, the Borrower has caused or will have caused, on or prior to the Original Closing Date, the filing of all appropriate Financing Statements in the proper filing office in the appropriate jurisdictions under applicable law in order to perfect the security interest in the Collateral granted to the Collateral Agent, for the benefit and security of the Secured Parties, hereunder, and the Borrower hereby agrees that any such Financing Statement may be an "all assets" filing.

(d) Risk Retention. At all times since the Closing Date, the Retention Provider (i) has held the Retained Interest in accordance with the Retention Requirement Laws, (ii) has not changed the manner in which it retains the Retained Interest, except to the extent permitted under the Retention Requirement Laws and (iii) has not entered into any credit risk mitigation, short position or any other credit risk hedge or credit risk hedging arrangement of any kind with respect to the Retained Interest to the extent prohibited by the Retention Requirement Laws.

ARTICLE V

COVENANTS

Section 5.01 Affirmative Covenants of the Borrower.

The Borrower covenants and agrees that, until the Final Maturity Date (and thereafter until the date that all Obligations have been paid in full):

(a) Compliance with Agreements, Laws, Etc. It shall (i) duly observe, comply with and conform to all Applicable Laws, (ii) preserve and keep in full force and effect its legal existence, (iii) preserve and keep in full force and effect its rights, privileges, qualifications and franchises, except where the failure to do so could not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect, (iv) comply with the terms and conditions of each Facility Document, the Borrower LLC Agreement and each Related Document to which it is a party and (v) obtain, maintain and keep in full force and effect all Governmental Authorizations, Private Authorizations and Governmental Filings which are necessary to properly carry out its business

and the transactions contemplated to be performed by it under the Facility Documents, the Borrower LLC Agreement and the Related Documents to which it is a party.

(b) Enforcement. (i) It shall not take any action, and will use its commercially reasonable best efforts not to permit any action to be taken by others, that would release any Person from any of such Person's covenants or obligations under any instrument included in the Collateral, except in the case of (A) repayment of Collateral Obligations, (B) subject to the other terms of this Agreement, (i) amendments to Related Documents that govern Defaulted Loan/Bonds and (ii) enforcement actions taken or work-outs with respect to any Defaulted Loan/Bond in accordance with the provisions hereof, and (C) actions by the Investment Manager under the Investment Management Agreement and in conformity with this Agreement or as otherwise required hereby.

(ii) It will not, without the prior written consent of the Facility Agent (at the direction of the Required Lenders) (except in the case of the Investment Management Agreement, in which case no consent shall be required), contract with other Persons for the performance of actions and obligations to be performed by the Borrower hereunder and under the Investment Management Agreement by such Persons. Notwithstanding any such arrangement, the Borrower shall remain primarily liable with respect thereto. The Borrower will punctually perform, and use its best efforts to cause the Investment Manager and such other Person to perform in all material respects, all of their obligations and agreements contained in the Investment Management Agreement, this Agreement or any such other agreement.

(c) Further Assurances. It shall promptly upon the reasonable request of either Agent, at the Borrower's expense, execute and deliver such further instruments and take such further action in order to maintain and protect the Collateral Agent's first-priority perfected security interest in the Collateral pledged by the Borrower for the benefit of the Secured Parties free and clear of any Liens (other than Permitted Liens). At the reasonable request of either Agent, the Borrower shall promptly take, at the Borrower's expense, such further action in order to establish and protect the rights, interests and remedies created or intended to be created under this Agreement in favor of the Secured Parties in the Collateral, including all actions which are necessary to (x) enable the Secured Parties to enforce their rights and remedies under this Agreement and the other Facility Documents, and (y) effectuate the intent and purpose of, and to carry out the terms of, the Facility Documents. Subject to Section 7.02, the Borrower authorizes the Collateral Agent and the Facility Agent to file or record, without the Borrower's signature, UCC-1 financing statements (including financing statements describing the Collateral as "all assets" or the equivalent) that name the Borrower as debtor and the Collateral Agent as secured party, and ratifies any such filings or recordings made within 30 days prior to the date hereof, and other filing or recording documents or instruments with respect to the Collateral in such form and in such offices as such Agent determines appropriate to perfect the security interests of the Collateral Agent under this Agreement.

In addition, the Borrower will take such reasonable action from time to time as shall be necessary to ensure that all assets (including all Covered Accounts) of the Borrower constitute "Collateral" hereunder. Subject to the foregoing, the Borrower will upon the reasonable request of either Agent, at the Borrower's expense, take such other action (including

executing and delivering or authorizing for filing any required UCC financing statements) as shall be necessary to create and perfect a valid and enforceable first-priority security interest on all Collateral acquired by the Borrower as collateral security for the Obligations and will in connection therewith deliver such proof of corporate action, incumbency of officers, opinions of counsel and other documents as is consistent with those delivered by the Borrower pursuant to Section 3.01 of the Existing Credit Agreement on the Original Closing Date or as either Agent shall have reasonably requested.

(d) Financial Statements; Other Information. It shall provide to the Facility Agent or cause to be provided to the Facility Agent:

(i) as soon as available and in any event within 120 days after the end of each fiscal year of TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. (on a consolidated basis) (beginning with the year ended December 31, 2011), from a firm of Independent certified public accountants of nationally recognized standing, audited financial statements of TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. (on a consolidated basis), including balance sheet, income statement, statement of cash flows and the accompanying footnotes for such fiscal year prepared in accordance with GAAP, setting forth in the case of each fiscal year ending after 2011 in comparative form the figures for the previous fiscal year;

(ii) as soon as available and in any event within 60 days after the end of each of the first three fiscal quarters of each fiscal year of TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. (on a consolidated basis) (beginning with the quarter ended March 30, 2012), unaudited financial statements of TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. (on a consolidated basis), including balance sheet, income statement, statement of cash flows (and the accompanying footnotes, solely relating to "related transactions" and any swap transactions, if any) for such fiscal quarter and for the portion of the fiscal year ended at the end of such fiscal quarter setting forth in the case of each fiscal quarter ending on or after March 30, 2012 in comparative form the figures for the corresponding fiscal quarter and the corresponding portion of the previous fiscal year, all certified as to fairness of presentation, GAAP and consistency by the Investment Manager;

(iii) simultaneously with the delivery of each set of annual financial statements referred to in clause (a) above, a certificate of the Borrower certifying (x) that such financial statements fairly present the financial condition and the results of operations of the Borrower on the dates and periods indicated in such financial statements and (y) that no Default or Event of Default occurred during such period or if any Default or Event of Default occurred during such period, setting forth the details thereof and the action which the Borrower is taking or proposes to take with respect thereto;

(iv) as soon as possible, and in any event within five Business Days (in the case of clauses (A), (B), (C) and (D) below) or within one Business Day (in the case of clause (E) below) after a Responsible Officer of the Investment Manager or the Borrower obtains actual knowledge of the occurrence and continuance of any (A) Default, (B) Event of Default, (C) early termination of the Reinvestment Period as a result of the occurrence of an event referred to in clause (d) of the definition of Reinvestment Period, (D) litigation or governmental proceeding pending or actions

threatened against the Borrower's rights in the Collateral Obligations; or (E) EoD OC Ratio Failure, a certificate of a Responsible Officer of the Borrower setting forth the details thereof and the action which the Borrower is taking or proposes to take, if any, with respect thereto;

(v) from time to time such additional information regarding the Borrower's financial position or business and the Collateral (including reasonably detailed calculations of each Coverage Test and Collateral Quality Test) as the Facility Agent or the Required Lenders (through the Facility Agent) may request, or as the Lenders may require in order to comply with the FAS 166/167 Regulatory Capital Rules or Basel III or their respective obligations under the Retention Requirement Laws (including a refreshed Retention Letter from the Retention Provider on each Payment Date and as the Lenders may require in order to comply with their respective obligations under the Retention Requirement Laws) in each such case if reasonably available to the Borrower; provided that unless the Retention Provider provides the Facility Agent and the Lenders with a refreshed Retention Letter on a Payment Date, the Retention Provider shall be deemed to have provided the Facility Agent and the Lenders with a refreshed Retention Letter on any such Payment Date certifying that on such Payment Date the information contained in the prior Retention Letter delivered by the Retention Provider remains unchanged; provided, further that notwithstanding the immediately preceding proviso, the Retention Provider shall deliver a Net Economic Interest Letter to the Facility Agent and the Lenders no less frequently than annually;

(vi) promptly after the occurrence of any ERISA Event, notice of such ERISA Event and copies of any communications with all Authorities or any Multiemployer Plan with respect to such ERISA Event;

(vii) within 10 Business Days after each Determination Date, a report prepared by the Investment Manager, with respect to the Collateral Obligations, providing summary balance sheet, earnings and performance data (including without limitation EBITDA and relevant leverage metrics) with respect to each of the related Obligors, in each case determined as of the related Determination Date; and

(viii) the following with respect to the Retention Requirement Laws:

(A) on a monthly basis (concurrent with the delivery of each Monthly Report), a certificate from a Responsible Officer of the Retention Provider confirming continued compliance with the requirements set forth in paragraph 1 of the Retention Letter as set forth in Exhibit E;

(B) upon any written request therefor by or on behalf of any Affected Lender delivered as a result of (1) a material change in (x) the performance of the Advances, (y) the risk characteristics of the transaction contemplated by the Facility Documents or (z) the Collateral Obligations and/or the Eligible Investments from time to time, or (2) the breach of the Retention Letter or any Facility Document to which it is a party, a certificate from a Responsible Officer of the Retention Provider confirming continued compliance with the requirements

set forth in paragraph 1 and paragraph 2 of the form of Retention Letter as set forth in Exhibit F;

(C) promptly following a request by the Borrower which is received in connection with a material amendment of any Facility Document, a refreshed Retention Letter from the Retention Provider;

(D) promptly on becoming aware of the occurrence thereof, written notice of any failure to satisfy the Retention Requirement at any time; and

(E) upon the request of any Affected Lender or the Facility Agent, such information as may be reasonably required so as to ensure compliance with the provisions of the Retention Requirement Laws, so long as any such Affected Lender or the Facility Agent, as applicable, agrees to keep confidential such information provided to it by the Retention Provider in accordance with the terms and conditions of Section 12.09 of this Agreement; provided that any such Affected Lender or the Facility Agent may share such information with any Authority (including any bank regulatory agency) as may be necessary to ensure compliance with the provisions of the Retention Requirement Laws.

(e) Access to Records and Documents. It shall cause the Investment Manager to permit (at the Borrower's expense) the Facility Agent, or its designees, to, upon reasonable advance notice and during normal business hours, visit and inspect and make copies of (i) the Investment Manager's books, records and accounts relating to the Investment Manager's and the Borrower's business, financial condition, operations, assets and performance under the Facility Documents and the Related Documents and to discuss the foregoing with the Investment Manager's officers, partners, employees and accountants, and (ii) all of the Related Documents available to the Investment Manager; provided that, so long as no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, each Person entitled to so visit and inspect the Investment Manager's records under this clause (e) may only exercise its rights under this clause (e) once during any fiscal quarter of the Investment Manager and only one such quarterly visit per annum shall be at the Borrower's expense;

(f) Use of Proceeds. It shall use the proceeds of each Advance made hereunder solely:

(i) to fund or pay the purchase price of Collateral Obligations or Eligible Investments acquired or originated by the Borrower in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth herein;

(ii) to fund additional extensions of credit under Revolving Collateral Loans and Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loans purchased in accordance with the terms of this Agreement; and

(iii) to fund the Revolving Reserve Account on or prior to the Commitment Termination Date to the extent the Revolving Reserve Account is required to be funded pursuant to Section 8.04 (and the Borrower shall submit a Notice of Borrowing requesting a Borrowing for a Borrowing Date falling no more than five

Business Days and no less than one Business Day prior to the Commitment Termination Date with a Requested Amount sufficient to fully fund the Revolving Reserve Account under Section 8.04).

Without limiting the foregoing, it shall use the proceeds of each Advance in a manner that does not, directly or indirectly, violate any provision of its Constituent Documents or any Applicable Law, including Regulation U and Regulation X.

(g) Opinions as to Collateral. On or before September 30 in each calendar year, commencing in 2012, the Borrower shall furnish to the Agents and DBRS an opinion of counsel, addressed to the Borrower, the Agents and DBRS, relating to the continued perfection of the security interest granted by the Borrower to the Collateral Agent hereunder.

(h) Rating Monitoring. On or before September 30 in each calendar year, commencing in 2012, the Borrower shall pay for the ongoing monitoring of the rating of the Facility from DBRS. The Borrower shall promptly notify the Agents and the Investment Manager in writing (and the Facility Agent shall promptly provide the Lenders with a copy of such notice) if at any time the rating of the Facility has been changed or withdrawn or the rating outlook on the Facility has been changed.

(i) No Other Business. From and after the Original Closing Date, the Borrower shall not engage in any business or activity other than borrowing Advances pursuant to this Agreement, originating, funding, acquiring, owning, holding, administering, selling, enforcing, lending, exchanging, redeeming, pledging, contracting for the management of and otherwise dealing with Collateral Obligations, Eligible Investments and the other Collateral in connection therewith (including assets received upon enforcement or work-out and establishing and maintaining Blocker Subsidiaries) and entering into the Facility Documents, any agreements whereby the Borrower lends funds to a Blocker Subsidiary for purposes of acquiring assets not permitted to be held directly by the Borrower under this Agreement, any applicable Related Documents and any other agreements contemplated by this Agreement and any business ancillary thereto.

(j) Tax Matters. The Borrower shall (and each Lender hereby agrees to) treat the Facility and the Notes as debt for U.S. federal income tax purposes and will take no contrary position unless otherwise required (i) due to a change of law occurring after the Original Closing Date, (ii) pursuant to a closing agreement with the U.S. Internal Revenue Service or (iii) pursuant to a non-appealable judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction. Assuming that such treatment is correct, the Borrower shall at all times maintain its status as an entity that is not a publicly traded partnership or an association taxable as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes. The Borrower shall at all times ensure that it is treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as owned by a United States person.

(k) Provision of Information. With respect to each Collateral Obligation, the Borrower will provide to each Rating Agency, Agent or Lender all information reasonably requested by such Rating Agency, Agent or Lender that is in its possession or can be obtained by it without unreasonable expense.

(l) Risk Retention. The Borrower shall ensure (by obtaining a signed Retention Letter from a Responsible Officer of the Retention Provider from time to time upon the written request of the Facility Agent) that, among other things, the Retention Provider (i) at all times will hold the Retained Interest in accordance with the Retention Requirement Laws, (ii) will not change the manner in which it retains the Retained Interest, except to the extent permitted under the Retention Requirement Laws, (iii) will not enter into any credit risk mitigation, short position or any other credit risk hedge or credit risk hedging arrangement of any kind with respect to the Retained Interest to the extent prohibited by the Retention Requirement Laws and (iv) will not amend, supplement, modify, repudiate, or waive any provision of, any Retention Letter without the written consent of the Facility Agent and each Affected Lender.

(m) Credit Estimate. With respect to each Collateral Obligation which has received a Credit Estimate from DBRS, the Borrower, on or prior to the 367th day after the date of assignment of such Credit Estimate, shall provide updated information available to it relating to such Collateral Obligation as may reasonably be requested by DBRS, and apply to DBRS for an updated Credit Estimate within such 367 day period. Promptly upon the Borrower's receipt of any such updated Credit Estimate from DBRS, the Borrower shall deliver such updated Credit Estimate to the Collateral Agent.

(n) Ordinary Course of Business. Each repayment of principal or interest under this Agreement shall be (x) in payment of a debt incurred by the Borrower in the ordinary course of business or financial affairs of the Borrower and (y) made in the ordinary course of business or financial affairs of the Borrower.

Section 5.02 Negative Covenants of the Borrower.

The Borrower covenants and agrees that, until the Final Maturity Date (and thereafter until the date that all Obligations have been paid in full):

(a) Restrictive Agreements. It shall not enter into or suffer to exist or become effective any agreement that prohibits, limits or imposes any condition upon its ability to create, incur, assume or suffer to exist any Lien upon any of its property or revenues constituting Collateral, whether now owned or hereafter acquired, to secure its obligations under the Facility Documents other than this Agreement and the other Facility Documents.

(b) Liquidation; Merger; Sale of Collateral. It shall not consummate any plan of liquidation, dissolution, partial liquidation, merger or consolidation (or suffer any liquidation, dissolution or partial liquidation) nor sell, transfer, exchange or otherwise dispose of any of its assets, or enter into an agreement or commitment to do so or enter into or engage in any business with respect to any part of its assets, except as expressly permitted by this Agreement and the other Facility Documents.

(c) Amendments to Constituent Documents and Facility Documents. Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, it shall not amend, change, waive or otherwise modify or take any action inconsistent with any of the Special Purpose Provisions, any of its Constituent Documents or any Facility Document, in each case, without the consent of the Facility Agent.

(d) ERISA. It shall not establish any Plan or Multiemployer Plan and shall not become a member of an ERISA Group.

(e) Liens. It shall not create, assume or suffer to exist any Lien on any of its assets now owned or hereafter acquired, except for Permitted Liens and as otherwise expressly permitted by this Agreement and the other Facility Documents.

(f) Margin Requirements. It shall not (i) extend credit to others for the purpose of buying or carrying any Margin Stock in such a manner as to violate Regulation U or (ii) use all or any part of the proceeds of any Advance, whether directly or indirectly, and whether immediately, incidentally or ultimately, for any purpose that violates any provision of the Regulations of the Board of Governors, including, to the extent applicable, Regulation U and Regulation X, or for any purpose that would cause any of the Lenders to be in violation of Regulation U.

(g) Changes to Filing Information. It shall not change its name or its jurisdiction of organization from that referred to in Section 4.01(a), unless it gives sixty days' prior written notice to the Agents and takes all actions that the either Agent reasonably determines to be necessary to protect and perfect the Collateral Agent's perfected security interest in the Collateral of the Borrower contemplated by this Agreement.

(h) Transactions with Affiliates. Except as permitted in this Agreement and the other Facility Documents, it shall not sell, lease or otherwise transfer any property or assets to, or purchase, lease or otherwise acquire any property or assets from, or otherwise engage in any other transactions with, any of its Affiliates (including, without limitation, sales of Defaulted Loan/Bonds, Credit Risk Loan/Bonds and other Collateral Obligations), unless such transaction is upon terms no less favorable to the Borrower than it would obtain in a comparable arm's length transaction with a Person that is not an Affiliate.

(i) Investment Company Restriction. It shall not and it shall not permit the pool of Collateral to become required to register as an "investment company" under the Investment Company Act.

(j) Subject Laws. It shall not utilize, directly or indirectly, the proceeds of any Advance for the benefit of any Person controlling, controlled by, or under common control with any other Person whose name appears on the List of Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons maintained by OFAC or otherwise in violation of any Subject Laws.

(k) No Claims Against Advances. Subject to Applicable Law, it shall not claim any credit on, make any deduction from, or dispute the enforceability of payment of the principal or interest payable (or any other amount) in respect of the Facility or assert any claim against any present or future Lender, by reason of the payment of any taxes levied or assessed upon any part of the Collateral.

(l) Indebtedness; Guarantees; Securities; Other Assets. It shall not incur, assume, suffer to exist or guarantee any indebtedness or other liabilities, or issue any securities, whether debt or equity, in each case other than (i) as expressly permitted by this Agreement and the other Facility Documents (ii) obligations under its Constituent Documents or (iii) pursuant to

indemnification, expense reimbursement and similar provisions under the Related Documents. The Borrower shall not acquire any Collateral Obligations or other property other than as expressly permitted under the Facility Documents.

(m) Validity of this Agreement. It shall not (i) permit the validity or effectiveness of this Agreement or any grant of Collateral hereunder to be impaired, or permit the lien of this Agreement to be amended, hypothecated, subordinated, terminated or discharged, or permit any Person to be released from any covenants or obligations with respect to this Agreement, except as may be permitted hereby or by the Investment Management Agreement and (ii) except for Permitted Liens and as otherwise permitted by this Agreement, take any action that would result in the lien of this Agreement to no longer constitute a valid first priority security interest in the Collateral.

(n) Transfer of Equity Interests in the Borrower. The Borrower shall not recognize the issuance or transfer of any membership or other equity interests in the Borrower ("Equity Interests") to any person that is not a Permitted U.S. Holder and will treat any purported issuance or transfer of any Equity Interests in violation of this requirement as null and void. The Borrower shall not take any action to elect to be treated as other than a disregarded entity, or if it has more than one equity owner, a partnership.

(o) Priority of Payments. Except for the payment of transaction expenses payable in connection with the Closing Date, it (or the Collateral Agent on its behalf) shall not disburse any amounts from the Collection Account or Payment Account other than in accordance with the Priority of Payments.

(p) Subsidiaries. It shall not have or permit the formation of any subsidiaries, other than subsidiaries, each of which (x) meets the then-current general criteria of DBRS for bankruptcy remote entities and that includes, in its Constituent Documents, provisions analogous to the Special Purpose Provisions (as defined in the Borrower LLC Agreement), and (y) is formed for the sole purpose of holding stock or other equity interests in one or more corporations or other Persons or other assets received in a workout of a Defaulted Loan/Bond or otherwise acquired in connection with a workout of a Collateral Obligation (each, a "Blocker Subsidiary"); provided that a Rating Confirmation must be obtained with respect to each formation of a Blocker Subsidiary and the Facility Agent shall have consented thereto, except that, if due to exigent circumstances, a Blocker Subsidiary must be formed immediately, the Borrower may proceed with formation of the Blocker Subsidiary if it has not received a response from the Facility Agent within two Business Days of its request. The Borrower shall ensure that each Blocker Subsidiary (i) is wholly owned by the Borrower, (ii) will not sell, transfer, exchange or otherwise dispose of, or pledge, mortgage, hypothecate or otherwise encumber (or permit such to occur or suffer such to exist) any part of its assets, except in compliance with the Borrower's rights and obligations under this Agreement and with such subsidiary's constituent documents, (iii) will not have any subsidiaries, (iv) will comply with Articles III through VIII and X through XII (*mutatis mutandis*) as if it were named as the Borrower in said Articles, excluding the Blocker Subsidiary Exempt Provisions, (v) will not incur or guarantee any indebtedness except indebtedness with respect to which the Borrower is the sole creditor, (vi) will include in its constituent documents a limitation on its business such that it may only engage in the acquisition of assets permitted under this Agreement and the disposition of such assets and the proceeds

thereof to the Borrower (and activities ancillary thereto) and (vii) will distribute (including by way of interest payment) 100% of the proceeds of the assets acquired by it (net of applicable taxes and expenses payable by such subsidiary) to the Borrower, and the Borrower will ensure that 100% of the shares of stock and all other equity interest in each Blocker Subsidiary are pledged to the Collateral Agent hereunder.

(q) Name. It shall not conduct business under any name other than its own.

(r) Employees. It shall not have any employees (other than officers and directors to the extent they are employees).

(s) Non-Petition. The Borrower shall not be party to any agreement without including customary “non-petition” and “limited recourse” provisions therein (and shall not amend or eliminate such provisions in any agreement to which it is party), except for any Related Document or any other agreement related to the purchase and sale of any Collateral Obligations which contains customary purchase or sale terms or which is documented using customary loan trading documentation, in each case, if such Related Document or agreement does not contain any provision providing for recourse to the Borrower, including, without limitation, any indemnification obligation.

(t) Certificated Securities. The Borrower shall not acquire or hold any Certificated Securities in bearer form (other than securities not required to be in registered form under Section 163(f)(2)(A) of the Code) in a manner that does not satisfy the requirements of United States Treasury Regulations section 1.165-12(c) (as determined by the Investment Manager).

(u) Independent Managers. Without limiting anything in the Borrower LLC Agreement, the Borrower shall at all times maintain at least two independent managers or independent directors, each of who (A) for the five year period prior to his or her appointment as independent manager or independent director has not been, and during the continuation of his or her service as independent manager is not: (i) a stockholder (or other interest holder), director, officer, manager, owner, agent, trustee, employee, partner, member, attorney or counsel of the Borrower, the Investment Manager or any of their Affiliates; (ii) a creditor, customer, supplier of, or other Person who derives any of its purchases or revenues from its activities with, the Borrower, the Investment Manager or any of their Affiliates; (iii) a Person controlling or under common control with any Person excluded from serving as independent manager or independent director under clause (i) or (ii) above; or (iv) a member of the immediate family by blood or marriage of any Person excluded from serving as independent manager or independent director under clause (i), (ii) or (iii) above; and (B) is a Professional Independent Manager (as defined below). The criteria set forth above in this Section 5.02(u) are referred to herein as the “Independent Manager Criteria”.

A natural person who satisfies the Independent Manager Criteria other than clause (i) above solely by reason of being the independent director or independent manager of a Special Purpose Entity affiliated with the Borrower shall not be disqualified from serving as an independent manager or independent director of the Borrower if such individual is a Professional Independent Manager. A natural person who satisfies the Independent Manager Criteria other

than clause (ii) above shall not be disqualified from serving as an independent manager or independent director of the Borrower if such individual is a Professional Independent Manager. For purposes of this Section 5.02(u):

“Professional Independent Manager” means an individual who is employed by a nationally-recognized company that provides professional independent directors or independent managers for Special Purpose Entities and other corporate services in the ordinary course of its business.

“Special Purpose Entity” means a limited liability company or other business entity that is created with the purpose of being “bankruptcy remote” and whose organizational documents contain restrictions on its activities and impose requirements intended to preserve such entity’s separateness that are substantially similar to the special purpose provisions of the Borrower LLC Agreement.

Without limiting anything in the Borrower LLC Agreement, in the event that the manager of the Borrower intends to appoint a new independent manager or independent director, the manager or sole member of the Borrower shall provide written notice to the Facility Agent not less than ten days prior to the effective date of such appointment and shall certify in such notice that the designated Person satisfies the Independent Manager Criteria, provided that, if:

(i) an independent manager or independent director of the Borrower dies, becomes incapacitated or no longer is employed by the firm that is then providing independent managers or independent directors for the Borrower; or

(ii) the firm referred to in clause (i) is no longer in the business of providing independent managers or independent directors for Special Purpose Entities generally,

(either of the circumstances in clause (i) or (ii) above, an “Unexpected Replacement”) then the manager or sole member of the Borrower shall (A) provide written notice to the Facility Agent as soon as possible thereafter and (B) unless the Facility Agent otherwise objects in writing within 10 days of receipt of such notice, promptly appoint a new independent manager or independent director from the same firm as the deceased or incapacitated or formerly employed independent manager or independent director (in the case of clause (i)) or from another firm that is in the business of providing independent managers or directors for Special Purpose Entities generally (in the case of clause (ii)), in each case as to which the manager or sole member of the Borrower shall certify that the designated Person satisfies the Independent Manager Criteria.

The Borrower hereby confirms that, as of the Original Closing Date, each independent manager or independent director of the Borrower (initially, Gregory F. Lavelle and Donald J. Puglisi) satisfies the Independent Manager Criteria.

(v) Changes to Related Documents. The Borrower shall not enter into any amendment, consent, waiver or other modification with respect to a Related Document without the prior written consent of the Facility Agent if such amendment, consent, waiver or other modification would effect a Specified Change (a “Related Document Modification”); provided that the consent of the Facility Agent shall not be required if, after giving effect to such Related

Document Modification, (x) the relevant Collateral Obligation would be eligible to be acquired by the Borrower hereunder, (y) a DBRS Rating is obtained, or updated, for such Collateral Obligation and (z) all Coverage Tests and Collateral Quality Tests would be satisfied (or if any such Collateral Quality Test is not satisfied, such Collateral Quality Test shall be maintained or improved).

(w) Investments; Retention of Funds.

(i) The Borrower shall not make any investment or acquire any property other than in (A) Collateral Obligations, (B) Eligible Investments, (C) Blocker Subsidiaries in accordance with Section 5.02(p) and (D) any stock or other equity interests in one or more corporations or other Persons or other assets received in a workout of a Defaulted Loan/Bond or otherwise acquired in connection with a workout of a Collateral Obligation.

(ii) All Interest Proceeds and Principal Proceeds will be applied by the Borrower (or the Collateral Agent on its behalf) only as provided in Sections 2.05(a), Sections 9.01 and 10.02.

(x) Hedge Agreements. The Borrower shall not enter into any hedge agreement that is not an Eligible Hedge Agreement. In addition, the Borrower (or the Investment Manager on behalf of the Borrower) shall not enter into any hedge agreement that would cause the Borrower to be considered a “commodity pool” as defined in Section 1a(10) of the Commodity Exchange Act unless (i) the Investment Manager is registered as a “commodity pool operator” as defined in Section 1(a)(11) of the Commodity Exchange Act and “commodity trading advisor” as defined in Section 1(a)(12) of the Commodity Exchange Act with the Commodity Futures Trading Commission or (ii) with respect to the Borrower as the commodity pool, the Investment Manager would be eligible for an exemption from registration as a commodity pool operator and commodity trading advisor and all conditions for obtaining the exemption have been satisfied.

Section 5.03 Certain Undertakings Relating to Separateness.

(a) Without limiting any, and subject to all, other covenants of the Borrower contained in this Agreement, the Borrower shall conduct its business and operations separate and apart from that any other Person (including the Investment Manager and any of its Affiliates, the holders of the Equity and their respective Affiliates) and in furtherance of the foregoing:

(1) The Borrower shall maintain its accounts, financial statements, books, accounting and other records, and other Borrower documents separate from those of any other Person.

(2) The Borrower shall not commingle or pool any of its funds or assets with those of any Affiliate or any other Person, and it shall hold all of its assets in its own name, except as otherwise permitted or required under the Facility Documents.

(3) The Borrower shall conduct its own business in its own name and, for all purposes, shall not operate, or purport to operate, collectively as a single or consolidated business entity with respect to any Person.

(4) The Borrower shall pay its own debts, liabilities and expenses (including overhead expenses, if any) only out of its own assets as the same shall become due.

(5) The Borrower has observed, and shall observe all (A) Delaware limited liability company formalities and (B) other organizational formalities, in each case to the extent necessary or advisable to preserve its separate existence, and shall preserve its existence, and it shall not, nor shall it permit any Affiliate or any other Person to, amend, modify or otherwise change its limited liability company agreement in a manner that would adversely affect the existence of the Borrower as a bankruptcy-remote special purpose entity.

(6) The Borrower does not, and shall not, (A) guarantee, become obligated for, or hold itself or its credit out to be responsible for or available to satisfy, the debts or obligations of any other Person or (B) control the decisions or actions respecting the daily business or affairs of any other Person except as permitted by or pursuant to the Facility Documents.

(7) Except for income tax purposes, the Borrower shall, at all times, hold itself out to the public as a legal entity separate and distinct from any other Person.

(8) Except for income tax purposes, the Borrower shall not identify itself as a division of any other Person.

(9) The Borrower shall maintain its assets in such a manner that it will not be costly or difficult to segregate, ascertain or identify its individual assets from those of any Affiliate or any other Person.

(10) The Borrower shall not use its separate existence to perpetrate a fraud in violation of applicable law.

(11) The Borrower shall not, in connection with the Facility Documents, act with an intent to hinder, delay or defraud any of its creditors in violation of applicable law.

(12) Except as permitted by this Agreement and the other Facility Documents, the Borrower shall maintain an arm's length relationship with its Affiliates and the Investment Manager.

(13) Except as permitted by or pursuant to the Facility Documents, the Borrower shall not grant a security interest or otherwise pledge its assets for the benefit of any other Person.

(14) Except as provided in the Facility Documents, the Borrower shall not acquire any securities or debt instruments of the Investment Manager, its Affiliates or any other Person.

(15) The Borrower shall not make loans or advances to any Person, except for the Collateral Obligations and as permitted by or pursuant to the Facility Documents.

(16) The Borrower shall make no transfer of its assets except as permitted by or pursuant to the Facility Documents.

(17) The Borrower shall file its own tax returns separate from those of any other Person or entity, except to the extent that the Borrower is not required to file tax returns under applicable law or is not permitted to file its own tax returns separate from those of any other Person.

(18) The Borrower shall not acquire obligations or securities of its members.

(19) The Borrower shall use separate stationary, invoices and checks.

(20) The Borrower shall correct any known misunderstanding regarding its separate identity.

(21) The Borrower shall intend to maintain adequate capital in light of its contemplated business operations.

(22) The Borrower shall at all times be organized as a single-purpose entity with organizational documents substantially similar to those in effect on the Original Closing Date.

(23) The Borrower shall at all times conduct its business so that any assumptions made with respect to the Borrower in any "substantive non-consolidation" opinion letter delivered in connection with the Facility Documents will continue to be true and correct in all respects.

Section 5.04 Credit Estimates; Failure to Have a DBRS Long Term Rating.

(a) If at any time a Collateral Obligation does not have a DBRS Long Term Rating, then the Borrower shall, within 10 Business Days after (x) the origination or purchase of such Collateral Obligation or (y) the withdrawal of a DBRS Long Term Rating from such Collateral Obligation, apply to DBRS for a Credit Estimate, which shall be the DBRS Risk Score for such Collateral Obligation; provided that if the DBRS Risk Score of a Collateral Obligation is determined based on a Credit Estimate, such Credit Estimate must be updated at least annually.

(b) If the Borrower is in the process of obtaining a Credit Estimate in respect of a Collateral Obligation, at all times until the DBRS Risk Score for such Collateral Obligation

(based on a Credit Estimate) is assigned, the DBRS Risk Score of such Collateral Obligation shall be:

(i) if the Aggregate Principal Balance of all such Collateral Obligations with respect to which the Borrower is in the process of obtaining a Credit Estimate is equal to or less than 20% of the Total Capitalization, 49.7747, and

(ii) if the Aggregate Principal Balance of all such Collateral Obligations with respect to which the Borrower is in the process of obtaining a Credit Estimate is in excess of 20% of the Total Capitalization, (a) 49.7747 with respect to the portion of the Aggregate Principal Balance of such Collateral Obligations equal to and less than 20% of the Total Capitalization and (b) 90.6642 with respect to the portion of the Aggregate Principal Balance of such Collateral Obligations in excess of 20% of the Total Capitalization.

(c) If the Borrower is not in the process of obtaining a Credit Estimate or DBRS declines to, or is unable to, provide a Credit Estimate in respect of any Collateral Obligation and such Collateral Obligation does not have a DBRS Long Term Rating, such Collateral Obligation will be deemed to have a DBRS Risk Score of 90.6642.

ARTICLE VI

EVENTS OF DEFAULT

Section 6.01 Events of Default.

“Event of Default”, wherever used herein, means any one of the following events (whatever the reason for such Event of Default and whether it shall be voluntary or involuntary or be effected by operation of law or pursuant to any judgment, decree or order of any court or any order, rule or regulation of any administrative or governmental body):

(a) a default in the payment, when due and payable, of (i) any interest on the Advances or Commitment Fee in respect of the Facility and such default continues for three Business Days or (ii) any principal of any Advance on the Final Maturity Date; provided in each case that, in the case of a failure to make payment due to an administrative error or omission by either Agent or the Calculation Agent, such failure continues for three Business Days after the Collateral Agent receives written notice or has actual knowledge of such administrative error or omission; or

(b) (i) the failure on any Payment Date to disburse amounts available in the Payment Account in accordance with the Priority of Payments, and such default continues for three Business Days; or (ii) a default in the payment of any amounts due and owing on any Payment Date in respect of the Facility, other than any amounts described under clauses (a) and (b)(i) of this Section 6.01, and such default continues for three Business Days; or

(c) either of the Borrower or the pool of Collateral becomes an investment company required to be registered under the Investment Company Act; or

(d) except as otherwise provided in this Section 6.01, a default in a material respect in the performance, or breach in a material respect, of any other covenant or other agreement of the Borrower or the Investment Manager under any Facility Document to which it is party (it being understood, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, that any failure to meet any Concentration Limitation, Collateral Quality Test or Coverage Test is not an Event of Default), or the failure of any representation or warranty of the Borrower or the Investment Manager made in any Facility Document or in any certificate or other writing delivered pursuant thereto or in connection therewith to be correct in each case in all material respects when the same shall have been made, and the continuation of such default, breach or failure for a period of thirty days after the earlier of (x) written notice to the Borrower or the Investment Manager, as applicable (which may be by e-mail) by either Agent or the Investment Manager, in each case specifying such default, breach or failure and requiring it to be remedied and stating that such notice is a “Notice of Default” hereunder and (y) actual knowledge of the Borrower or the Investment Manager, as applicable; or

(e) the entry of a decree or order by a court having competent jurisdiction adjudging the Borrower as bankrupt or insolvent, or approving as properly filed a petition seeking reorganization, arrangement, adjustment or composition of or in respect of the Borrower under the Bankruptcy Code or any other similar applicable law, or appointing a receiver, liquidator, assignee, or sequestrator (or other similar official) of the Borrower or of any substantial part of its property, respectively, or ordering the winding up or liquidation of its affairs, respectively, and the continuance of any such decree or order unstayed and in effect for a period of 60 consecutive days; or

(f) the institution by the Borrower of proceedings to be adjudicated as bankrupt or insolvent, or the consent of the Borrower to the institution of bankruptcy or insolvency proceedings against it, or the filing by it of a petition or answer or consent seeking reorganization or relief under the Bankruptcy Code or any other similar applicable law, or the consent by the Borrower to the filing of any such petition or to the appointment in a proceeding of a receiver, liquidator, assignee, trustee or sequestrator (or other similar official) of the Borrower or of any substantial part of its property, respectively, or the making by Borrower of an assignment for the benefit of creditors, or the admission by the Borrower in writing of its inability to pay its debts generally as they become due, or the taking of any action by the Borrower in furtherance of any such action; or

(g) The Overcollateralization Ratio is less than 115% (an “EoD OC Ratio Failure”) for more than 15 consecutive Business Days; or

(h) (1) the rendering of one or more final judgments, decrees or orders by a court or arbitrator of competent jurisdiction for the payment of money in excess individually or in the aggregate of \$5,000,000 against the Borrower (exclusive of judgment amounts fully covered by insurance), and the Borrower shall not have either (x) discharged or provided for the discharge of any such judgment, decree or order in accordance with its terms or (y) perfected a timely appeal of such judgment, decree or order and caused the execution of same to be stayed during the pendency of the appeal, in each case, within 10 days from the date of entry thereof, or (2) the Borrower shall have made payments of amounts in excess of \$5,000,000 in the settlement of any litigation, claim or dispute (excluding payments made from insurance proceeds or if

funded solely with new contributions of cash equity or amounts that are available to be disbursed to the equity holders pursuant to the Priority of Payments); or

(i) a default in the performance of or compliance with or a breach of any obligation of the Borrower contained in any of the Special Purpose Provisions or Section 5.02(u); or

(j) an Insolvency Event relating to the Investment Manager occurs; or

(k) (1) any Facility Document shall (except in accordance with its terms) terminate, cease to be effective or cease to be the legally valid, binding and enforceable obligation of the Borrower or the Investment Manager, (2) the Borrower or the Investment Manager shall, directly or indirectly, contest in any manner the effectiveness, validity, binding nature or enforceability of any Facility Document or any Lien or security interest thereunder, or (3) any Lien or security interest securing any obligation under any Facility Document shall, in whole or in part (other than in respect of a *de minimis* amount of Collateral), cease to be a first priority perfected security interest of the Collateral Agent except for Permitted Liens and as otherwise expressly permitted in accordance with the applicable Facility Document; or

(l) (1) the Internal Revenue Service shall file notice of a Lien pursuant to Section 6323 of the Code with regard to any assets of the Borrower and such Lien shall not have been released within ten Business Days of the date that the Borrower is notified in writing of such Lien or (2) the PBGC shall file notice of a Lien pursuant to Section 4068 of ERISA with regard to any of the assets of the Borrower and such Lien shall not have been released within five Business Days, unless in each case a reserve has been established therefor in accordance with GAAP and such action is being diligently contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings (except to the extent that the amount secured by such Lien exceeds \$1,000,000); or

(m) the occurrence of a Change in Control; or

(n) the occurrence of an act (or failure to act) by the Borrower or any subsidiary of the Borrower, if any, that constitutes gross negligence, willful misconduct or fraud or results in an indictment for criminal activity in the performance of its obligations under the Facility Documents or any such Person being indicted for a criminal offense materially related to the performance of its obligations under the Facility Documents or in the performance of investment advisory services comparable to those contemplated to be provided by the Investment Manager in connection with the Facility Documents; or

(o) (1) the occurrence of one or more acts (including any failure(s) to act) by the Investment Manager that constitutes fraud (as determined in an adjudication by a court of competent jurisdiction) in the performance of its obligations under this Agreement or any other Facility Document or in the performance of investment advisory services comparable to those contemplated to be provided by the Investment Manager under this Agreement and the other Facility Documents; or (2) the Investment Manager, or any senior officer of the Investment Manager is indicted for a criminal offense materially related to the performance of its obligations under this Agreement or any other Facility Document or in the performance of investment advisory services comparable to those contemplated to be provided by the Investment Manager

in this Agreement and the other Facility Documents; or (3) the occurrence of one or more acts (including any failure(s) to act) by TSL Advisers, LLC or any senior officer thereof or any employee of Affiliates of TSL Advisers, LLC who exercise managerial responsibility for TSL Advisers, LLC that constitutes fraud (as determined in an adjudication) in the performance of investment advisory services comparable to those contemplated to be provided by the Investment Manager under this Agreement and the other Facility Documents and such event would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect; or (4) TSL Advisers, LLC or any senior officer thereof or any employee of Affiliates of TSL Advisers, LLC who exercise managerial responsibility for TSL Advisers, LLC is indicted for a criminal offense materially related to the performance of investment advisory services comparable to those contemplated to be provided by the Investment Manager in this Agreement and the other Facility Documents and such event would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

Upon a Responsible Officer obtaining knowledge of the occurrence of an Event of Default, each of (i) the Borrower, (ii) the Collateral Agent and (iii) the Investment Manager shall notify each other, specifying the specific Event of Default(s) that occurred as well as all other Events of Default that are then known to be continuing. Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default known to the Collateral Agent, the Collateral Agent shall promptly notify the Facility Agent (which will notify the Lenders promptly) and DBRS of such Event of Default in writing, specifying the specific Event of Default(s) that occurred as well as all other Events of Default that are then known to be continuing.

Upon the occurrence of any Event of Default, in addition to all rights and remedies specified in this Agreement and the other Facility Documents, including Article VII, and the rights and remedies of a secured party under Applicable Law, including the UCC, the Facility Agent (at the direction of 100% of the Lenders), by notice to the Borrower, may do any one or more of the following: (1) declare the Commitments to be terminated forthwith, whereupon the Commitments shall forthwith terminate, and (2) declare the principal of and the accrued interest on the Advances and the Notes and all other amounts whatsoever payable by the Borrower hereunder (including any amounts payable under Section 2.10) to be forthwith due and payable, whereupon such amounts shall be immediately due and payable without presentment, demand, protest or other formalities of any kind, all of which are hereby waived by the Borrower; provided that, upon the occurrence of any Event of Default described in clause (e) or (f) of this Section 6.01, the Commitments shall automatically terminate and the Advances and all such other amounts shall automatically become due and payable, without any further action by any party.

ARTICLE VII

PLEDGE OF COLLATERAL; RIGHTS OF THE COLLATERAL AGENT

Section 7.01 Grant of Security.

(a) The Borrower hereby (1) confirms the grant of security interest made on the Original Closing Date pursuant to Section 7.01 of the Existing Credit Agreement, (2) confirms the ongoing valid perfection of the security interests created pursuant to such grant and (3) grants, pledges, transfers and collaterally assigns to the Collateral Agent, for the benefit of

the Secured Parties, as security for all Obligations, a continuing security interest in, and a Lien upon, all of the Borrower's right, title and interest in, to and under the following property, in each case whether tangible or intangible, wheresoever located, and whether now owned by the Borrower or hereafter acquired and whether now existing or hereafter coming into existence (all of the property described in this Section 7.01(a) being collectively referred to herein as the "Collateral"):

(i) all Collateral Obligations, both now and hereafter owned, including all collections and other proceeds thereon or with respect thereto;

(ii) each Covered Account and all money, all instruments, all investment property (including all securities, all security entitlements with respect to such Covered Account and all financial assets carried in such Covered Account), and all other property from time to time on deposit in or credited to each Covered Account;

(iii) all interest, dividends, stock dividends, stock splits, distributions and other money or property of any kind distributed in respect of the Collateral Obligations which the Borrower is entitled to receive, including all Collections;

(iv) each Facility Document and all rights, remedies, powers, privileges and claims under or in respect thereto (whether arising pursuant to the terms thereof or otherwise available to the Borrower at law or equity), including the right to enforce each such Facility Document and to give or withhold any and all consents, requests, notices, directions, approvals, extensions or waivers under or with respect thereto, to the same extent as the Borrower could but for the assignment and security interest granted to the Collateral Agent under this Agreement;

(v) all Cash or Money in possession of the Borrower or delivered to the Collateral Agent (or its bailee);

(vi) all accounts, chattel paper, deposit accounts, financial assets, general intangibles, instruments, investment property, letter-of-credit rights and other supporting obligations of the Borrower, including any of the same relating to the assets and property described in the foregoing clauses (i) through (v) (in each case as defined in the UCC);

(vii) all other property of the Borrower, including any such other property otherwise delivered to the Collateral Agent by or on behalf of the Borrower (whether or not constituting Collateral Obligations or Eligible Investments), including equity or equity-like investments (including, without limitation, any warrant that is received in connection with a Collateral Obligation) in Obligor and their Affiliates where the Borrower owns a debt obligation;

(viii) all security interests, liens, collateral, property, guaranties, supporting obligations, insurance and other agreements or arrangements of whatever character from time to time supporting or securing payment of the assets, investments and properties described above;

(ix) the Borrower's rights in all assets owned by any Blocker Subsidiary, the Borrower's rights under any agreement with any Blocker Subsidiary, and 100% of the equity of each Blocker Subsidiary; and

(x) all Proceeds of any and all of the foregoing.

(b) All terms used in this Section 7.01 that are defined in the UCC shall have the respective meanings assigned to such terms in the UCC.

Section 7.02 Release of Security Interest.

If and only if all Obligations under the Facility (other than unasserted contingent obligations) have been paid in full and all Commitments have been terminated, the Secured Parties shall, at the expense of the Borrower, promptly execute, deliver and file or authorize for filing such instruments as the Borrower shall reasonably request in order to reassign, release or terminate the Secured Parties' security interest in the Collateral. The Secured Parties acknowledge and agree that upon the sale or disposition of any Collateral by the Borrower in compliance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, the security interest of the Secured Parties in such Collateral shall immediately terminate and the Secured Parties shall, at the expense of the Borrower, execute, deliver and file or authorize for filing such instrument as the Borrower shall reasonably request to reflect or evidence such termination. Any and all actions under this Article VII in respect of the Collateral shall be without any recourse to, or representation or warranty by, any Secured Party and shall be at the sole cost and expense of the Borrower.

Section 7.03 Rights and Remedies.

The Collateral Agent (for itself and on behalf of the other Secured Parties) shall have all of the rights and remedies of a secured party under the UCC and other Applicable Law. Upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, the Collateral Agent or its designees may, and shall at the direction of the Facility Agent (at the direction of 100% of the Lenders), and in each case, where applicable subject to the terms of the Related Documents (i) instruct the Borrower to deliver any or all of the Collateral, the Related Documents and any other documents relating to the Collateral to the Collateral Agent or its designees and otherwise give all instructions for the Borrower regarding the Collateral; (ii) sell or otherwise dispose of the Collateral, all without judicial process or proceedings; (iii) take control of the Proceeds of any such Collateral; (iv) subject to the provisions of the applicable Related Documents, exercise any consensual or voting rights in respect of the Collateral; (v) release, make extensions, discharges, exchanges or substitutions for, or surrender, all or any part of the Collateral; (vi) enforce the Borrower's rights and remedies with respect to the Collateral; (vii) institute and prosecute legal and equitable proceedings to enforce collection of, or realize upon, any of the Collateral; (viii) require that the Borrower immediately take all actions necessary to cause the liquidation of the Collateral in order to pay all amounts due and payable in respect of the Obligations, in accordance with the terms of the Related Documents; (ix) redeem or withdraw or cause the Borrower to redeem or withdraw any asset of the Borrower to pay amounts due and payable in respect of the Obligations; (x) make copies of or, if necessary, remove from the Borrower's and its agents' respective places of business all books, records and documents

relating to the Collateral; and (xi) endorse the name of the Borrower upon any items of payment relating to the Collateral or upon any proof of claim in bankruptcy against an account debtor.

The Borrower hereby agrees that, upon the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, at the request of the Collateral Agent or the Facility Agent but subject to the requirements of the Related Documents, it shall execute all documents and agreements which are necessary or appropriate to have the Collateral to be assigned to the Collateral Agent or its designee. For purposes of taking the actions described in clauses (i) through (xi) of this Section 7.03 the Borrower hereby irrevocably appoints the Collateral Agent as its attorney-in-fact (which appointment being coupled with an interest and is irrevocable while any of the Obligations remain unpaid and which can be exercised only if such Event of Default is continuing), with power of substitution, in the name of the Collateral Agent or in the name of the Borrower or otherwise, for the use and benefit of the Collateral Agent, but at the cost and expense of the Borrower and, except as permitted by applicable law, without notice to the Borrower.

All sums paid or advanced by the Collateral Agent in connection with the foregoing and all out-of-pocket costs and expenses (including reasonable and documented attorneys' fees and expenses) incurred in connection therewith, together with interest thereon at the Post-Default Rate from the date of payment until repaid in full, shall be paid by the Borrower to the Collateral Agent from time to time on demand in accordance with the Priority of Payments and shall constitute and become a part of the Obligations secured hereby, and any costs of an advisor or agent retained to exercise foregoing remedies shall be paid from the Replacement Management Fee.

To the extent permitted by law, without the prior written consent of all of the Lenders, credit bidding by any Lender (or any other Person) in connection with any foreclosure sale hereunder shall not be permitted.

Section 7.04 Remedies Cumulative.

Each right, power, and remedy of the Agents and the other Secured Parties, or any of them, as provided for in this Agreement or in the other Facility Documents or now or hereafter existing at law or in equity or by statute or otherwise shall be cumulative and concurrent and shall be in addition to every other right, power, or remedy provided for in this Agreement or in the other Facility Documents or now or hereafter existing at law or in equity or by statute or otherwise, and the exercise or beginning of the exercise by either of the Agents or any other Secured Party of any one or more of such rights, powers, or remedies shall not preclude the simultaneous or later exercise by such Persons of any or all such other rights, powers, or remedies.

Section 7.05 Related Documents.

(a) The Borrower hereby agrees that after the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default, it shall (i) upon the written request of either Agent promptly forward to such Agent all information and notices which it receives under or in connection with the Related Documents relating to the Collateral and (ii) upon the written request of either Agent,

act and refrain from acting in respect of any request, act, decision or vote under or in connection with the Related Documents relating to the Collateral only in accordance with the direction of such Agent.

(b) The Borrower agrees that, to the extent the same shall be in the Borrower's possession, it will hold all Related Documents in trust for the Collateral Agent on behalf of the Secured Parties, and upon request of either Agent following the occurrence and during the continuance of an Event of Default or as otherwise provided herein, promptly deliver the same to the Collateral Agent or its designee.

Section 7.06 Borrower Remains Liable.

(a) Except as may be necessary in connection with any assignment of the Collateral to the Collateral Agent or its designee pursuant to the first sentence of the second paragraph of Section 7.03, (i) the Borrower shall remain liable under the contracts and agreements included in and relating to the Collateral (including the Related Documents) to the extent set forth therein, and shall perform all of its duties and obligations under such contracts and agreements to the same extent as if this Agreement had not been executed, and (ii) the exercise by any Secured Party of any of its rights hereunder shall not release the Borrower from any of its duties or obligations under any such contracts or agreements included in the Collateral.

(b) No obligation or liability of the Borrower is intended to be assumed by either Agent or any other Secured Party under or as a result of this Agreement or the other Facility Documents, and the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby, including under any Related Document or any other agreement or document that relates to Collateral and, to the maximum extent permitted under provisions of law, the Agents and the other Secured Parties expressly disclaim any such assumption. The Borrower agrees to indemnify, defend and hold harmless the Agents and the other Secured Parties from any loss, liability or expense incurred as a result of any claim that any such obligation or liability has been so assumed.

Section 7.07 Assignment of Investment Management Agreement and Master Transfer Agreement.

(a) The Borrower hereby acknowledges that its grant contained in Section 7.01 includes all of the Borrower's estate, right, title and interest in, to and under the Investment Management Agreement and the Master Transfer Agreement, including (i) the right to give all notices, consents and releases thereunder, (ii) the right to give all notices of termination and to take any legal action upon the breach of an obligation of the Investment Manager thereunder, including the commencement, conduct and consummation of proceedings at law or in equity, (iii) the right to receive all notices, accountings, consents, releases and statements thereunder and (iv) the right to do any and all other things whatsoever that the Borrower is or may be entitled to do thereunder; provided that notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Agents shall not have the authority to exercise any of the rights set forth in (i) through (iv) above or that may otherwise arise as a result of the grant until the occurrence of an Event of Default hereunder, and such authority shall terminate at such time, if any, as such Event of Default is cured or waived.

(b) The assignment made hereby is executed as collateral security, and the execution and delivery hereby shall not in any way impair or diminish the obligations of the Borrower under the provisions of the Investment Management Agreement or the other documents referred to in paragraph (a) above, nor shall any of the obligations contained in the Investment Management Agreement or such other documents be imposed on the Agents.

(c) Upon the occurrence of the Final Maturity Date (or, if earlier, the payment in full of all of the Obligations and the termination of all of the Commitments), the payment of all Obligations and the release of the Collateral from the lien of this Agreement, this assignment and all rights herein assigned to the Collateral Agent for the benefit of the Lenders shall cease and terminate and all the estate, right, title and interest of the Collateral Agent in, to and under the Investment Management Agreement and the other documents referred to in this Section 7.07 shall revert to the Borrower, and no further instrument or act shall be necessary to evidence such termination and reversion.

(d) The Borrower represents that the Borrower has not executed any other assignment of the Investment Management Agreement or the Master Transfer Agreement.

(e) The Borrower agrees that this assignment is irrevocable until the Obligations (other than unasserted contingent obligations) have been repaid in full and all Commitments have terminated, and that it will not take any action which is inconsistent with this assignment or make any other assignment inconsistent herewith. The Borrower will, from time to time, execute all instruments of further assurance and all such supplemental instruments with respect to this assignment as may be necessary to continue and maintain the effectiveness of such assignment.

(f) The Borrower hereby agrees, and hereby undertakes to obtain the agreement and consent of the Investment Manager in the Investment Management Agreement, to the following:

(i) The Investment Manager shall consent to the provisions of this assignment and agree to perform any provisions of this Agreement applicable to the Investment Manager subject to the terms of the Investment Management Agreement.

(ii) The Investment Manager shall acknowledge that the Borrower is assigning all of its right, title and interest in, to and under the Investment Management Agreement to the Collateral Agent for the benefit of the Secured Parties.

(iii) Neither the Borrower nor the Investment Manager will enter into any agreement amending, modifying or terminating the Investment Management Agreement without complying with the applicable terms thereof.

Section 7.08 Protection of Collateral.

The Borrower shall from time to time execute and deliver all such supplements and amendments hereto and file or authorize the filing of all such UCC-1 financing statements, continuation statements, instruments of further assurance and other instruments, and shall take

such other action as may be necessary or advisable to secure the rights and remedies of the Secured Parties hereunder and to:

(i) grant security more effectively on all or any portion of the Collateral;

(ii) maintain, preserve and perfect any grant of security made or to be made by this Agreement including, without limitation, the first priority nature of the lien (subject to clause (ii) of the definition of Permitted Liens) or carry out more effectively the purposes hereof;

(iii) perfect, publish notice of or protect the validity of any grant made or to be made by this Agreement (including, without limitation, any and all actions necessary or desirable as a result of changes in law or regulations)

(iv) enforce any of the Collateral or other instruments or property included in the Collateral;

(v) preserve and defend title to the Collateral and the rights therein of the Collateral Agent and the other Secured Parties in the Collateral against the claims of all Persons and parties;

(vi) pay or cause to be paid any and all taxes levied or assessed upon all or any part of the Collateral; and

(vii) file precautionary UCC-1 financing statements and related continuation statements, in each case, naming the Borrower as secured party and the assignor under the Master Transfer Agreement as debtor in respect of the Collateral Obligations from time to time purchased by the Borrower thereunder.

The Borrower hereby designates the Collateral Agent as its agent and attorney in fact to prepare and file all UCC-1 financing statements, continuation statements and other instruments, and take all other actions, required pursuant to this Section 7.08. Such designation shall not impose upon the Collateral Agent, or release or diminish, the Borrower's obligations under this Section 7.08.

Section 7.09 Acknowledgement.

In connection with any contemplated secured financing by TPG Specialty Lending, Inc., upon the request of the Borrower and at the expense of TPG Specialty Lending, Inc., the Facility Agent agrees to cooperate in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner in assisting the Borrower to identify the assets included in the Collateral; provided, however, that unless the lender to such contemplated secured financing provides the Facility Agent with an acknowledgement that it has no interest in the assets so identified as being included in the Collateral, the Facility Agent shall be under no obligation to provide such lender with a similar identification of the assets subject to the lien in favor of such lender.

ACCOUNTS, ACCOUNTINGS AND RELEASES

Section 8.01 Collection of Money.

Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, the Collateral Agent may demand payment or delivery of, and shall receive and collect, directly and without intervention or assistance of any fiscal agent or other intermediary, all Money and other property payable to or receivable by the Collateral Agent pursuant to this Agreement, including all payments due on the Collateral, in accordance with the terms and conditions of such Collateral. The Collateral Agent shall segregate and hold all such Money and property received by it in a Covered Account and in trust for the Secured Parties and shall apply it as provided in this Agreement. Each Covered Account shall be established as a single segregated securities account held in trust and maintained under the Account Control Agreement with (a) a federal or state-chartered depository institution having DBRS Ratings of at least "A (high)" and "R-1 (middle)" and, if such institution's DBRS Ratings falls below such levels, then the assets held in such Covered Account shall, upon direction of the Facility Agent following notice to the Facility Agent from the Collateral Agent, be moved within 30 days to another institution that has such DBRS Ratings or (b) in segregated securities accounts held in trust with the corporate trust department of a federal or state-chartered deposit institution subject to regulations regarding fiduciary funds on deposit similar to Title 12 of the Code of Federal Regulation Section 9.10(b). Any Covered Account may contain any number of subaccounts for the convenience of the Collateral Agent or as required by this Agreement for convenience in administering the Covered Account or the Collateral.

Section 8.02 Collection Account.

(a) In accordance with this Agreement and the Account Control Agreement, the Collateral Agent, on or prior to the Original Closing Date, shall establish at the Custodian a single, segregated securities account held in trust and titled the "TPG SL SPV, LLC Collection Account, subject to the lien of the Collateral Agent", which shall be designated as the "Collection Account", which shall be maintained with the Custodian in accordance with the Account Control Agreement and which shall be subject to the lien of the Collateral Agent. In addition, the Collateral Agent shall establish three segregated subaccounts within the Collection Account, one of which will be designated the "Interest Collection Subaccount", one of which will be designated the "Principal Collection Subaccount", and one of which will be designated the "Canadian Dollar Subaccount". The Collateral Agent shall from time to time deposit into the Interest Collection Subaccount, in addition to the deposits required pursuant to Section 8.05(a), immediately upon receipt thereof all Interest Proceeds received by the Collateral Agent. The Collateral Agent shall deposit immediately upon receipt thereof all other amounts remitted to the Collection Account into the Principal Collection Subaccount including, in addition to the deposits required pursuant to Section 8.05(a), all Principal Proceeds (unless simultaneously reinvested in additional Collateral Obligations in accordance with Article X or in Eligible Investments or required to be deposited in the Revolving Reserve Account pursuant to Section 8.04) received by the Collateral Agent. All Monies deposited from time to time in the Collection Account pursuant to this Agreement shall be held by the Collateral Agent as part of

the Collateral and shall be applied to the purposes herein provided. All amounts in the Collection Account shall be reinvested pursuant to Section 8.05(a). The Borrower shall instruct all Obligor to remit all their payments in respect of the Collateral Obligations into the Collection Account (or one or more subaccounts thereof) in accordance with this Agreement. If the Borrower receives any Collections directly, the Borrower shall remit any such Collections to the Collection Account (or one or more subaccounts thereof) within 2 Business Days of receipt thereof.

(b) The Collateral Agent, within one Business Day after receipt of any distribution or other proceeds in respect of the Collateral which are not Cash, shall so notify the Borrower and the Investment Manager, and the Borrower shall use its commercially reasonable efforts to, within fifteen Business Days of receipt of such notice from the Collateral Agent (or as soon as practicable thereafter), sell such distribution or other proceeds for Cash in an arm's length transaction and deposit the proceeds thereof in the Collection Account; provided that the Borrower need not sell such distributions or other proceeds pursuant to this Section 8.02(b) if (x) it delivers a certificate of a Responsible Officer to the Collateral Agent certifying that such distributions or other proceeds constitute Collateral Obligations or Eligible Investments or (y) such distribution or proceeds are otherwise permitted to be held by the Borrower hereunder, it being understood that such distributions or other proceeds may be required to be sold pursuant to other provisions of this Agreement.

(c) At any time when reinvestment is permitted pursuant to Article X, the Investment Manager may by delivery of a certificate of a Responsible Officer of the Investment Manager direct the Collateral Agent to, and upon receipt of such certificate the Collateral Agent shall, withdraw funds on deposit in the Principal Collection Subaccount representing Principal Proceeds and from Interest Proceeds but only to the extent used to pay for accrued interest on an additional Collateral Obligation and reinvest such funds in additional Collateral Obligations or exercise a warrant held in the Collateral, in each case in accordance with the requirements of Article X and such certificate. At any time as of which no funds are on deposit in the Revolving Reserve Account, the Investment Manager may by delivery of a certificate of a Responsible Officer direct the Collateral Agent to, and upon receipt of such certificate the Collateral Agent shall, withdraw funds on deposit in the Principal Collection Subaccount representing Principal Proceeds and remit such funds as so directed by the Investment Manager to meet the Borrower's funding obligations in respect of Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loans or Revolving Collateral Loans.

(d) The Collateral Agent shall transfer to the Payment Account, from the Collection Account for application pursuant to Section 9.01(a), on or before the Business Day preceding each Payment Date, any amounts then held in the Collection Account other than Interest Proceeds or Principal Proceeds received after the end of the Collection Period with respect to such Payment Date (and not otherwise designated for reinvestment by the Investment Manager or to be used to settle binding commitments (entered into prior to the Determination Date) for the purchase of Collateral Obligations) and as described in the Payment Date Report for such Payment Date.

(e) The "Canadian Dollar Subaccount" may include sub-subaccounts for Interest Proceeds and Principal Proceeds. Collections received in respect of any Canadian Dollar

Obligation shall be identified by the Collateral Agent as such and deposited in the Canadian Dollar Subaccount. Within one Business Day of receipt of any distribution under a Canadian Dollar Obligation, the Collateral Agent shall convert the amount of such distribution to Dollars applying the Spot Foreign Exchange Rate as of the date of such conversion and deposit such Dollars in the Interest Collection Subaccount or the Principal Collection Subaccount, as applicable. Whenever it is provided in this Agreement that the Collateral Agent is required or permitted to convert any distribution or other amount received in Canadian Dollars into Dollars at the Spot Foreign Exchange Rate or words of similar import, it is expressly agreed that (unless the Collateral Agent shall have received other express written instruction from the Facility Agent, together with the designation and establishment of any arrangements or facilities needed to carry out such instructions), the Collateral Agent shall be entitled to carry out such conversion by means of the foreign exchange facilities of the Collateral Agent or any of its Affiliates, at whatever rates and terms the Collateral Agent then makes available to its customers, and in connection therewith the Collateral Agent may assess and receive its usual and customary fees and charges related thereto (so long as such fees and charges are reasonable and consistent with the amounts that would be received in an arm's length transaction).

Section 8.03 Transaction Accounts.

(a) Payment Account. In accordance with this Agreement and the Account Control Agreement, the Collateral Agent, on or prior to the Original Closing Date, shall establish at the Custodian a single, segregated securities account held in trust and titled the "TPG SL SPV, LLC Payment Account, subject to the lien of the Collateral Agent", which shall be designated as the "Payment Account", which shall be maintained by the Borrower with the Custodian in accordance with the Account Control Agreement and which shall be subject to the lien of the Collateral Agent. The only permitted withdrawal from or application of funds on deposit in, or otherwise to the credit of, the Payment Account shall be to pay amounts due and payable under the Priority of Payments on the Payment Dates in accordance with their terms and the provisions of this Agreement. The Borrower shall have legal, equitable and beneficial interest in the Payment Account in accordance with this Agreement and the Priority of Payments.

(b) Custodial Account. In accordance with this Agreement and the Account Control Agreement, the Collateral Agent, on or prior to the Original Closing Date, shall establish at the Custodian a single, segregated securities account held in trust and titled the "TPG SL SPV, LLC Custodial Account, subject to the lien of the Collateral Agent", which shall be designated as the "Custodial Account", which shall be maintained by the Borrower with the Custodian in accordance with this Agreement and the Account Control Agreement and which shall be subject to the lien of the Collateral Agent. All Collateral Obligations shall be credited to the Custodial Account. The only permitted withdrawals from the Custodial Account shall be in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement. The Collateral Agent agrees to give the Borrower prompt notice if (to the actual knowledge of a Responsible Officer of the Collateral Agent) the Custodial Account or any assets or securities on deposit therein, or otherwise to the credit of the Custodial Account, shall become subject to any writ, order, judgment, warrant of attachment, execution or similar process. The Borrower shall have legal, equitable and beneficial interest in the Custodial Account in accordance with this Agreement and the Priority of Payments.

(c) Lender Funding Account.

(i) The Collateral Agent, on or prior to the Original Closing Date, shall establish at the Custodian a single, segregated securities account held in trust and titled the “TPG SL SPV, LLC Lender Funding Account, subject to the lien of the Collateral Agent”, which shall be designated as the “Lender Funding Account”, which shall be maintained by the Borrower with the Custodian and which shall be subject to the lien of the Collateral Agent. The Lender Funding Account may contain any number of subaccounts for the purposes described in this Section 8.03(c). The only permitted deposits to or withdrawals from the Lender Funding Account shall be in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement. The Borrower shall have legal, equitable and beneficial interest in the Lender Funding Account in accordance with this Agreement.

(ii) If any Lender shall at any time deposit any amount in the Lender Funding Account in accordance with Section 2.16, then (x) the Collateral Agent shall create a segregated subaccount of the Lender Funding Account with respect to such Lender (the “Lender Funding Subaccount” of such Lender) and (y) the Collateral Agent shall deposit all funds received from such Lender into such Lender Funding Subaccount. The only permitted withdrawal from or application of funds credited to a Lender Funding Subaccount shall be as specified in this Section 8.03(c).

(iii) With respect to any Lender, the deposit of any funds in the applicable Lender Funding Subaccount by such Lender shall not constitute a Borrowing by the Borrower and shall not constitute a utilization of the Commitment of such Lender, and the funds so deposited shall not constitute principal outstanding under the Advances. However, from and after the establishment of a Lender Funding Subaccount, the obligation of such Lender to advance funds as part of any Borrowing under this Agreement shall be satisfied by the Collateral Agent withdrawing funds from such Lender Funding Subaccount in the amount of such Lender’s pro rata share of such Borrowing. All payments of principal from the Borrower with respect to Advances made by such Lender (whether or not originally funded from such Lender Funding Subaccount) shall be made by depositing the related funds into such Lender Funding Subaccount and all other payments from the Borrower (including without limitation all interest and Commitment Fees) shall be made to such Lender in accordance with the order specified in the Priority of Payments. The Collateral Agent shall have full power and authority to withdraw funds from each such Lender Funding Subaccount at the time of, and in connection with, the making of any such Borrowing and to deposit funds into each such Lender Funding Subaccount, all in accordance with the terms of and for the purposes set forth in this Agreement.

(iv) On any Business Day, any Lender may provide written notice to the Collateral Agent, certifying as to the amount of such Lender’s undrawn Commitment as of such date. If the sum of the amount of funds on deposit in the applicable Lender Funding Subaccount with respect to such Lender as of such date exceeds such Lender’s undrawn Commitment at such time (whether due to a reduction in the Total Commitment or otherwise), then the Collateral Agent shall remit to such Lender a portion of the funds then held in the related Lender Funding Subaccount in an aggregate amount equal to such excess.

(v) If at any time a Lender provides written notice to the Borrower and the Agents that it no longer wishes to maintain funds in its Lender Funding Subaccount, then all funds then held in the relevant Lender Funding Subaccount (after giving effect to any Borrowings in respect of the Advances that are to be made on such date) shall be withdrawn from such Lender Funding Subaccount and remitted to such Lender, and thereafter all payments with respect to Advances made by such Lender shall be paid directly to such Lender in accordance with the terms of this Agreement; provided that such Lender has provided prior written notice to DBRS and is no longer subject to Section 2.16.

(vi) Except as otherwise provided in this Agreement, for so long as any amounts are on deposit in any Lender Funding Subaccount, the Collateral Agent shall invest and reinvest such funds in Dreyfus Treasury Fund (DTRXX), which is an Eligible Investment of the type described in clause (vii) of the definition of the term "Eligible Investments" that mature overnight. Interest received on such Eligible Investments shall be retained in such Lender Funding Subaccount and be invested and reinvested as aforesaid. Any gain realized from such investments shall be credited to such Lender Funding Subaccount, and any loss resulting from such investments shall be charged to such Lender Funding Subaccount. None of the Borrower, the Investment Manager or the Collateral Agent shall in any way be held liable by reason of any insufficiency of such Lender Funding Subaccount resulting from any loss relating to any such investment.

Section 8.04 The Revolving Reserve Account; Fundings.

In accordance with this Agreement and the Account Control Agreement, the Collateral Agent, on or prior to the Original Closing Date, shall establish at the Custodian a single, segregated securities account held in trust and titled the "TPG SL SPV, LLC Revolving Reserve Account, subject to the lien of the Collateral Agent", which shall be designated as the "Revolving Reserve Account", which shall be maintained by the Borrower with the Custodian in accordance with the Account Control Agreement and which shall be subject to the lien of the Collateral Agent. The only permitted deposits to or withdrawals from the Revolving Reserve Account shall be in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement. The Borrower shall have legal, equitable and beneficial interest in the Revolving Reserve Account in accordance with this Agreement and the Priority of Payments.

Upon the purchase of any Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loan or Revolving Collateral Loan or, if necessary, on the Commitment Termination Date, funds shall be withdrawn by the Collateral Agent at the direction of the Investment Manager from the Principal Collection Subaccount and deposited in the Revolving Reserve Account, (i) during the Reinvestment Period, in an amount sufficient to ensure no Commitment Shortfall exists as of such time, and (ii) at all times after the last day of the Reinvestment Period, equal to the aggregate unfunded commitments in respect of all Revolving Collateral Loans and Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loans (the amount required to be on deposit at all times in the Revolving Reserve Account pursuant to such clause (i) or (ii), as applicable, the "Revolving Reserve Required Amount").

Fundings of Revolving Collateral Loans and Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loans shall be made using, *first*, amounts on deposit in the Revolving Reserve Account, then amounts

on deposit in the Principal Collection Subaccount and *finally*, prior to the Commitment Termination Date, available Borrowings.

Amounts on deposit in the Revolving Reserve Account will be invested in overnight funds that are Eligible Investments selected by the Investment Manager pursuant to Section 8.05, and earnings from all such investments will be deposited in the Interest Collection Subaccount as Interest Proceeds. So long as no Event of Default has occurred and is then continuing, all funds in the Revolving Reserve Account (other than earnings from Eligible Investments therein) will be available solely to cover drawdowns on the Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loans and Revolving Collateral Loans; provided that, to the extent that the aggregate amount of funds on deposit therein at any time exceeds the Revolving Reserve Required Amount, the Collateral Agent shall promptly notify the Investment Manager and remit such excess to the Principal Collection Subaccount, and such amounts will be treated as Principal Collections.

Section 8.05 Reinvestment of Funds in Covered Accounts; Reports by Collateral Agent.

(a) By delivery of a certificate of a Responsible Officer (which may be in the form of standing instructions), the Borrower or the Investment Manager shall at all times direct the Collateral Agent to, and, upon receipt of such certificate, the Collateral Agent shall, invest all funds on deposit in the Collection Account and the Revolving Reserve Account as so directed in Eligible Investments having stated maturities no later than the Business Day preceding the next Payment Date (or such shorter maturities expressly provided herein). If prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default, the Borrower shall not have given any such investment directions, the Collateral Agent shall seek instructions from the Investment Manager within three Business Days after the transfer of any funds to such accounts and shall immediately invest in Dreyfus Treasury Fund (DTRXX), which is an Eligible Investment of the type described in clause (vii) of the definition of the term "Eligible Investments" that mature overnight. If the Collateral Agent does not thereafter receive written instructions from the Investment Manager within five Business Days after the transfer of such funds to such accounts, it shall invest and reinvest the funds held in such accounts, as fully as practicable, but only in one or more Eligible Investments of the type described in clause (vii) of the definition of the term "Eligible Investments" maturing no later than the Business Day immediately preceding the next Payment Date (or such shorter maturities expressly provided herein). If, after the occurrence of an Event of Default, the Borrower shall not have given such investment directions to the Collateral Agent for three consecutive days, the Collateral Agent shall invest and reinvest such Monies as fully as practicable in Dreyfus Treasury Fund (DTRXX), which is an Eligible Investment of the type described in clause (vii) of the definition of the term "Eligible Investments" maturing not later than the earlier of (i) thirty days after the date of such investment (unless puttable at par to the issuer thereof) or (ii) the Business Day immediately preceding the next Payment Date (or such shorter maturities expressly provided herein). Should any such specific Eligible Investment be unavailable, and in the absence of another proper investment instruction, all such funds shall be held uninvested. Except to the extent expressly provided otherwise herein, all interest and other income from such investments shall be deposited in the Interest Collection Subaccount, any gain realized from such investments shall be credited to the Principal Collection Subaccount upon receipt, and any loss resulting from such investments shall be charged to the Principal Collection

Subaccount. The Investment Manager shall not in any way be held liable by reason of any insufficiency of such accounts which results from any loss relating to any such investment, except with respect to investments in obligations of the Investment Manager or any Affiliate thereof.

(b) The Collateral Agent agrees to give the Borrower prompt notice if any Covered Account or any funds on deposit in any Covered Account, or otherwise to the credit of a Covered Account, shall become subject to any writ, order, judgment, warrant of attachment, execution or similar process. All Covered Accounts shall remain at all times with the Custodian or an entity organized and doing business under the laws of the United States or of any state thereof, authorized under such laws to exercise corporate trust powers, having a combined capital and surplus of at least \$200,000,000, subject to supervision or examination by federal or state authority, having DBRS Ratings of at least "A (high)" and "R-1 (middle)" and having an office within the United States.

(c) The Collateral Agent shall supply, in a timely fashion, to the Borrower, DBRS and the Investment Manager any information regularly maintained by the Collateral Agent that the Borrower, DBRS or the Investment Manager may from time to time reasonably request with respect to the Collateral Obligations, the Covered Accounts and the other Collateral and provide any other requested information reasonably available to the Collateral Agent by reason of its acting as Collateral Agent hereunder and required to be provided by Section 8.06 or to permit the Investment Manager to perform its obligations under the Investment Management Agreement or the Borrower's obligations hereunder that have been delegated to the Investment Manager. The Collateral Agent shall promptly forward to the Investment Manager copies of notices and other writings received by it from the issuer of any Collateral Obligation or from any Clearing Agency with respect to any Collateral Obligation which notices or writings advise the holders of such Collateral Obligation of any rights that the holders might have with respect thereto (including, without limitation, requests to vote with respect to amendments or waivers and notices of prepayments and redemptions) as well as all periodic financial reports received from such issuer and Clearing Agencies with respect to such issuer.

Section 8.06 Accountings.

(a) Monthly. On each Monthly Report Date, the Borrower shall compile and provide (or cause to be compiled and provided) to DBRS, the Agents, the Investment Manager and the Lenders, a monthly report on a settlement basis (each a "Monthly Report"), determined as of the close of business on the related Monthly Report Determination Date. The first Monthly Report shall be delivered in May 2012 and shall be determined with respect to the Monthly Report Determination Date that is six Business Days prior to the Monthly Report Date in May 2012. The final Monthly Report shall be delivered on the Final Maturity Date and shall be determined with respect to the Monthly Report Determination Date that is six Business Days prior to the Final Maturity Date. The Monthly Report for a calendar month shall contain the information with respect to the Facility and the Collateral Obligations and Eligible Investments included in the Collateral set forth in Part 1 of Schedule 2 hereto, and shall be determined as of the Monthly Report Determination Date for such calendar month.

Simultaneous with the delivery of each Monthly Report, the Borrower (or the Investment Manager) shall provide a certificate certifying that no Default or Event of Default occurred during the period covered by such Monthly Report or if any Default or Event of Default occurred during such period, setting forth the details thereof and the action which the Borrower is taking or proposes to take with respect thereto.

In addition, the Investment Manager shall provide for inclusion in each Monthly Report a statement setting forth in reasonable detail each amendment, modification or waiver under any Related Document for each Collateral Obligation that became effective during the one month period ending on the Monthly Report Determination Date for the immediately prior Monthly Report (or, in respect of the first Monthly Report, from the Original Closing Date).

Three Business Days prior to each Monthly Report Date, the Borrower shall deliver to the Investment Manager a draft of the Monthly Report relating to such Monthly Report Date. Upon receipt of each draft Monthly Report, the Investment Manager shall compare the information contained in such Monthly Report to the information contained in its records with respect to the Collateral and shall, within two Business Days after receipt of such draft Monthly Report, notify the Borrower and the Collateral Agent if the information contained in the draft Monthly Report does not conform to the information maintained by the Investment Manager with respect to the Collateral. In the event that any discrepancy exists, the Collateral Agent and the Investment Manager shall attempt to resolve the discrepancy. If such discrepancy cannot be promptly resolved, the Investment Manager shall within 1 Business Day request that the Independent Accountants appointed by the Borrower pursuant to Section 8.08 review such draft Monthly Report and the Collateral Agent's records to determine the cause of such discrepancy. If such review reveals an error in the Monthly Report or the Collateral Agent's records, the Monthly Report or the Collateral Agent's records shall be revised accordingly and, as so revised, shall be utilized in making all calculations pursuant to this Agreement and notice of any error in the Monthly Report shall be sent as soon as practicable by the Borrower to all recipients of such report which may be accomplished by making a notation of such error in the subsequent Monthly Report.

(b) Payment Date Accounting. The Borrower shall render an accounting (each, a "Payment Date Report"), determined as of the close of business on each Determination Date preceding a Payment Date, and shall deliver such Payment Date Report to the Agents, the Investment Manager, the Independent Accountants, DBRS and each Lender not later than the Business Day preceding the related Payment Date. The Payment Date Report shall contain the information set forth in Part 2 of Schedule 2 hereto.

(c) Interest Rate Notice. The Collateral Agent shall include in each Payment Date Report a notice setting forth the interest rate for the Advances for the Interest Accrual Period preceding the next Payment Date.

(d) Failure to Provide Accounting. If the Collateral Agent shall not have received any accounting provided for in this Section 8.06 on the first Business Day after the date on which such accounting is due to the Collateral Agent, the Collateral Agent shall notify the Investment Manager who shall use all reasonable efforts to obtain such accounting by the applicable Payment Date. To the extent the Investment Manager is required to provide any

information or reports pursuant to this Section 8.06 as a result of the failure of the Borrower to provide such information or reports, the Investment Manager shall be entitled to retain an independent certified public accountant in connection therewith and the reasonable costs incurred by the Investment Manager for such independent certified public accountant shall be paid by the Borrower.

Section 8.07 Release of Securities.

(a) If no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the Borrower or the Investment Manager may, by delivery of a certificate of a Responsible Officer, deliver to the Collateral Agent at least one Business Day prior to the settlement date for any sale of a security certifying that the sale of such security is being made in accordance with Section 10.01 and such sale complies with all applicable requirements of Section 10.01, direct the Collateral Agent to release or cause to be released such security from the lien of this Agreement and, upon receipt of such certificate, the Collateral Agent shall promptly deliver any such security, if in physical form, duly endorsed to the broker or purchaser designated in such certificate or, if such security is a Clearing Corporation Security, cause an appropriate transfer thereof to be made, in each case against receipt of the sales price therefor as specified by the Borrower or the Investment Manager in such certificate; provided that the Collateral Agent may deliver any such security in physical form for examination in accordance with street delivery custom.

(b) Subject to the terms of this Agreement, the Collateral Agent shall upon the delivery of a certificate of a Responsible Officer of the Borrower (or the Investment Manager) (i) deliver any Collateral, and release or cause to be released such security from the lien of this Agreement, which is set for any mandatory call or redemption or payment in full to the appropriate paying agent on or before the date set for such call, redemption or payment, in each case against receipt of the call or redemption price or payment in full thereof and (ii) provide notice thereof to the Investment Manager.

(c) Upon receiving actual notice of any tender offer, voluntary redemption, exchange offer, conversion or other similar action (an “Offer”) or any request for a waiver, consent, amendment or other modification, in each case, with respect to any Collateral Obligation, the Collateral Agent shall notify the Investment Manager of such Offer or request. Unless the Advances have been accelerated following an Event of Default, the Investment Manager may direct (x) the Collateral Agent to accept or participate in or decline or refuse to participate in such Offer and, in the case of acceptance or participation, to release from the lien of this Agreement such Collateral Obligation in accordance with the terms of the Offer against receipt of payment therefor, or (y) the Borrower or the Collateral Agent to agree to or otherwise act with respect to such consent, waiver, amendment or modification.

(d) As provided in Section 8.02(a), the Collateral Agent shall deposit any proceeds received by it from the disposition of any Collateral in the applicable subaccount of the Collection Account, unless simultaneously applied to the purchase of additional Collateral Obligations or Eligible Investments as permitted under and in accordance with the requirements of this Article VIII and Article X.

(e) The Collateral Agent shall, upon receipt of a certificate of a Responsible Officer of the Borrower to the effect that there are no Commitments outstanding and all Obligations (other than unasserted contingent obligations) have been satisfied in full, and upon written request therefor, release any remaining Collateral from the lien of this Agreement.

(f) Any security, Collateral Obligation or amounts that are released pursuant to Section 8.07(a), (b) or (c), shall be released from the lien of this Agreement.

Section 8.08 Reports by Independent Accountants.

(a) On or prior to the Original Closing Date, the Borrower shall appoint one or more firms of independent certified public accountants, independent auditors or independent consultants of recognized international reputation (together with its successors, the “Independent Accountants”) for purposes of reviewing and delivering the reports or certificates of such accountants required by this Agreement, which may be the firm of independent certified public accountants, independent auditors or independent consultants that performs accounting services for the Borrower or the Investment Manager. The Borrower may remove any firm of Independent Accountants at any time upon notice to, but without the consent of any of, the Lenders and the Collateral Agent. Upon any resignation by such firm or removal of such firm by the Borrower, the Borrower (or the Investment Manager) shall promptly appoint by a certificate of a Responsible Officer of the Borrower delivered to the Collateral Agent and DBRS a successor thereto that shall also be a firm of independent certified public accountants, independent auditors or independent consultants of recognized international reputation, which may be a firm of independent certified public accountants, independent auditors or independent consultants that performs accounting services for the Borrower or the Investment Manager. If the Borrower shall fail to appoint a successor to the Independent Accountant which has resigned within thirty days after such resignation, the Borrower shall promptly notify the Collateral Agent and the Investment Manager of such failure in writing and the Investment Manager shall appoint a successor Independent Accountant of recognized international reputation. The fees of such Independent Accountants and any successor shall be payable by the Borrower.

(b) Annually, on or before the business day immediately preceding the Payment Date occurring in July of each year, commencing in 2013, the Borrower shall cause to be delivered to the Agents, the Investment Manager, each Lender upon written request therefor and DBRS a statement from a firm of Independent Accountants for each Payment Date Report received since the last statement (i) indicating that the calculations within those Payment Date Reports have been performed in accordance with the applicable provisions of this Agreement and (ii) listing the Aggregate Principal Balance of the Collateral Obligations and the principal balance and/or other relevant information relating to the value of all other Collateral as of each immediately preceding Determination Date; provided that in the event of a conflict between such firm of Independent Accountants and the Borrower with respect to any matter in this Section 8.08, the determination by such firm of Independent Accountants shall be conclusive.

Section 8.09 Reports to DBRS.

In addition to the information and reports specifically required to be provided to DBRS pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, the Borrower shall provide DBRS with all

information or reports delivered to the Collateral Agent hereunder, and such additional information as DBRS may from time to time reasonably request.

Section 8.10 Currency Exchange Account.

In accordance with this Agreement and the Account Control Agreement, the Collateral Agent, on or prior to the Original Closing Date, shall establish at the Custodian a single, segregated securities account held in trust and titled the “TPG SL SPV, LLC Currency Exchange Account, subject to the lien of the Collateral Agent”, which shall be designated as the “Currency Exchange Account”, which shall be maintained by the Borrower with the Custodian in accordance with the Account Control Agreement and which shall be subject to the lien of the Collateral Agent. The only permitted deposits to or withdrawals from the Currency Exchange Account shall be in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement. The Borrower shall not have any legal, equitable or beneficial interest in the Currency Exchange Account other than in accordance with this Agreement and the Priority of Payments. During the Reinvestment Period, on any Determination Date on which the Currency Exchange Mark-to-Market Amount equals zero, the Collateral Agent, at the direction of the Investment Manager, shall withdraw all amounts in the Currency Exchange Account and deposit such amounts into the Interest Collection Subaccount for application of payment on the related Payment Date. After the last day of the Reinvestment Period, all amounts in the Currency Exchange Account shall be transferred by the Collateral Agent into the Principal Collection Subaccount.

Section 8.11 Funded Draw Collection Account.

In accordance with this Agreement and the Account Control Agreement, the Collateral Agent, on or prior to the Original Closing Date, shall establish at the Custodian a single, segregated securities account held in trust and titled the “TPG SL SPV, LLC Funded Draw Collection Account, subject to the lien of the Collateral Agent”, which shall be designated as the “Funded Draw Collection Account”, which shall be maintained by the Borrower with the Custodian in accordance with the Account Control Agreement and which shall be subject to the lien of the Collateral Agent. The only permitted deposits to or withdrawals from the Funded Draw Collection Account shall be in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement. The Borrower shall not have any legal, equitable or beneficial interest in the Funded Draw Collection Account other than in accordance with this Agreement and the Priority of Payments.

Each obligor and, if applicable, agent that will make payments under a Funded Draw Assignment shall be directed by the Borrower to make all payments of principal, interest, fees or other amounts in respect of such Funded Draw Assignment (and all other amounts owing in respect of such Funded Draw Assignment, and all other amounts owing to the Borrower under the Related Documents in respect of such loan or tranche) directly into the Funded Draw Collection Account. Within one Business Day of receipt of any such payment, the Collateral Agent shall (i) in the case of Principal Proceeds, transfer such Principal Proceeds to the Collection Account for further transfer into the Principal Collection Subaccount, (ii) in the case of Interest Proceeds (except as provided in clause (iii) below), transfer such Interest Proceeds to the Collection Account for further transfer into the Interest Collection Subaccount and (iii) in the case of any commitment fee, unused line fee, ticking fee or similar fee that is paid in respect of the unused portion of the commitment under the Revolving Collateral Loan or Delayed

Drawdown Collateral Loan to which such Funded Draw Assignment relates, such fee shall be remitted to the Borrower, free and clear of the lien of this Agreement, in accordance with instructions provided by the Investment Manager. The Collateral Agent agrees to give the Borrower prompt notice if (to the Collateral Agent's actual knowledge) the Funded Draw Collection Account or any assets or securities on deposit therein, or otherwise to the credit of the Funded Draw Collection Account, shall become subject to any writ, order, judgment, warrant of attachment, execution or similar process known to a Responsible Officer of the Collateral Agent.

Section 8.12 Closing Expense Account; Closing Date Expenses.

In accordance with this Agreement and the Account Control Agreement, the Collateral Agent, on or prior to the Original Closing Date, shall establish at the Custodian a single, segregated securities account held in trust and titled the "TPG SL SPV, LLC Closing Expense Account, subject to the lien of the Collateral Agent", which shall be designated as the "Closing Expense Account", which shall be maintained by the Borrower with the Custodian in accordance with the Account Control Agreement and which shall be subject to the lien of the Collateral Agent. The only permitted withdrawal from or application of funds on deposit in, or otherwise to the credit of, the Closing Expense Account shall be in accordance with the provisions of this Section 8.12. The Borrower shall not have any legal, equitable or beneficial interest in the Closing Expense Account other than in accordance with this Agreement and the Priority of Payments.

On the Original Closing Date, the Borrower shall deposit \$2,575,000 into the Closing Expense Account. On any Business Day from the Original Closing Date to and including the Determination Date relating to the initial Payment Date following the Original Closing Date, the Collateral Agent shall apply funds from the Closing Expense Account, as directed by the Borrower, to pay all Original Closing Date Expenses; provided that the fees and expenses of Natixis, Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP, Sidley Austin LLP, and DBRS that have been invoiced for payment on the Original Closing Date in respect of Original Closing Date Expenses shall be paid by the Borrower on the Original Closing Date. On the Determination Date relating to the initial Payment Date following the Original Closing Date, all funds remaining in the Closing Expense Account after payment of the Original Closing Date Expenses on or prior to such Determination Date shall be deposited in the Collection Account as Interest Proceeds and the Closing Expense Account will be closed. By delivery of a certification of a Responsible Officer (which may be in the form of standing instructions), the Borrower or the Investment Manager may at any time direct the Collateral Agent to, and, upon receipt of such certification, the Collateral Agent shall, invest all funds remaining in the Closing Expense Account as so directed in Eligible Investments. Any income earned on amounts deposited in the Closing Expense Account will be deposited in the Interest Collection Account as Interest Proceeds as it is received.

All fees and expenses due in respect of actions taken in connection with the Closing Date in respect of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement will be payable by or on behalf of the Borrower in accordance with Section 3.01(i) and the Engagement Letter.

Section 8.13 Collateral Reporting.

(a) The Collateral Agent shall perform the following functions:

- (i) create a Collateral database within 30 days of the Original Closing Date;
- (ii) permit access to the information in the Collateral database to the Investment Manager and the Borrower;
- (iii) update the Collateral database promptly for ratings changes;
- (iv) update the Collateral database promptly for Collateral Obligations, Equity Securities and Eligible Investments acquired or sold or otherwise disposed of and for any amendments or changes to loan amounts or interest rates;
- (v) prepare and arrange for the delivery of each Monthly Report and Payment Date Report; and
- (vi) provide the Investment Manager with such other information as may be reasonably requested by the Investment Manager and as is within the possession of the Collateral Agent.

(b) Not later than the day on which each Monthly Report or Payment Date Report is required to be provided by the Borrower, the Collateral Agent shall calculate, using the information contained in the Collateral database created by the Collateral Agent and any other Collateral information normally maintained by the Collateral Agent, and subject to the Collateral Agent's receipt from the Investment Manager of information with respect to the Collateral that is not contained in such Collateral database or normally maintained by the Collateral Agent, as Trustee, each item required to be stated in such Monthly Report or Payment Date Report.

(c) Upon notification by the Investment Manager of a proposed purchase of any security pursuant to this Agreement (accompanied by such information concerning the security to be purchased as may be necessary to make the calculations referred to below), the Collateral Agent shall calculate each criterion included in the Eligibility Criteria as a condition to such purchase in accordance with this Agreement, in all cases, based upon information contained in the Collateral database and information furnished by the Borrower and Investment Manager, and provide the results of such calculations to the Investment Manager so that the Investment Manager may determine whether such purchase is permitted by this Agreement. The Collateral Agent shall deliver a draft of such calculation to the Investment Manager reasonably promptly after the later of (i) notification of such proposed purchase by the Investment Manager and (ii) delivery of all information to the Collateral Agent necessary to complete such calculations. For the avoidance of doubt, the Collateral Agent shall have no obligation to determine (and the Investment Manager will timely advise the Collateral Agent) whether any item of Collateral meets the definition of "Collateral Obligation", "Credit Risk Loan/Bond", "Equity Security" or "Defaulted Loan/Bond".

(d) Upon written notification by the Investment Manager of a proposed sale of any Collateral Obligation pursuant to Section 10.01 of this Agreement, the Collateral Agent shall calculate each criterion set forth in the Section 10.01, if any, as a condition to such disposition

and provide the results of such calculations to the Investment Manager so that the Investment Manager may determine whether such sale is permitted by this Agreement. The Collateral Agent shall deliver a draft of such calculations to the Investment Manager reasonably promptly after the later of (i) notification of such proposed sale by the Investment Manager and (ii) delivery of all information to the Collateral Agent necessary to complete such calculations.

(e) With respect to the calculations to be provided by the Collateral Agent set forth in Sections 8.13(c) and (d) above, in no event shall the Collateral Agent be required to deliver such calculations earlier than one Business Day following the receipt by the Collateral Agent of all information necessary to complete such calculations. In the event the Investment Manager does not provide the Collateral Agent the items necessary to complete the calculations required by Sections 8.13(c) and (d) above and/or the Investment Manager proceeds with a sale or purchase of the applicable Collateral prior to the time the Collateral Agent delivers such calculations, the Collateral Agent shall not be responsible for determining whether the provisions of this Agreement have been satisfied (including compliance with the Eligibility Criteria) and the Collateral Agent shall be entitled to rely upon the instructions of the Investment Manager in all respects, including but not limited to instructions (which may be in the form of trade tickets) to release the applicable Collateral from the lien of this Agreement or to acquire the applicable Collateral. In the event the Investment Manager consummates a sale or purchase prior to receiving the calculations of the Collateral Agent, the Collateral Agent shall be under no duty, and shall incur no liability, to perform the calculations set forth in Sections 8.13(c) and (d) above.

(f) Subject to the mutual agreement of the parties hereto regarding reasonable compensation for the Collateral Agent, perform such other calculations and prepare such other reports as the Investment Manager may reasonably request in writing and that are required by this Agreement and as the Collateral Agent may agree to in writing, which agreement shall not be unreasonably withheld.

(g) Nothing herein shall prevent the Collateral Agent or any of its Affiliates from engaging in other businesses or from rendering services of any kind to any Person.

(h) The Collateral Agent shall have no obligation to determine Market Value or price in connection with any actions or duties under this Agreement.

ARTICLE IX

APPLICATION OF MONIES

Section 9.01 Disbursements of Monies from Payment Account.

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision in this Agreement, but subject to the other subsections of this Section 9.01, on each Payment Date, the Collateral Agent shall disburse amounts transferred from the Collection Account to the Payment Account pursuant to Section 8.02 in accordance with the following priorities (the "Priority of Payments").

(i) On each Payment Date, Interest Proceeds on deposit in the Interest Collection Subaccount, to the extent received by the Collateral Agent on or before the

related Determination Date (or, if such Determination Date is not a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day) and that are transferred into the Payment Account, shall be applied in the following order of priority:

(A) (1) *first*, to pay taxes, registration and filing fees, if any, of the Borrower or any Blocker Subsidiary; (2) *second*, to pay all out-of-pocket costs and expenses of the Collateral Agent (in each case expressly excluding any amounts in respect of indemnities) payable under Section 7.03; (3) *third*, to pay other Administrative Expenses payable to the Collateral Agent; and (4) *fourth*, to pay all other Administrative Expenses in accordance with the priorities specified in the definition thereof; provided that the aggregate amount applied under clauses (A)(3) and (4) for each Payment Date prior to the Commitments terminating and the principal of and the accrued interest on the Advances and the Notes and all other amounts whatsoever payable by the Borrower hereunder becoming due and payable pursuant to Section 6.01, shall not exceed the Administrative Expense Cap for such Payment Date;

(B) to the payment of amounts due and payable under each Eligible Hedge Agreement entered into by the Borrower;

(C) following the occurrence of an Event of Default specified in Section 6.01(j) or (o), to the Lenders in an amount not to exceed the accrued and unpaid Replacement Investment Management Fees (other than Deferred Replacement Investment Management Fees);

(D) to the payment of Commitment Fees due to the Lenders;

(E) to the payment of accrued and unpaid interest on the Advances and amounts payable to the Lenders or any Affected Person under Section 2.10;

(F) if the Coverage Tests are not satisfied as of the related Determination Date, (1) to the repayment of principal in respect of the Advances, or (2) if, but only if, the outstanding principal amount of the Advances equals zero (both before and after giving effect to any payment made pursuant to clause (1)), to deposit in the Revolving Reserve Account, in each case in the amount necessary to result in the satisfaction of the Coverage Tests (on a pro forma basis as of such Determination Date), and in conjunction with such repayment or deposit, the corresponding Commitment shall be terminated in accordance with Section 2.05(b);

(G) to the payment or application of amounts referred to in clauses (A) (3) and (4) above (in the same order of priority specified therein), to the extent not paid in full pursuant to applications under said clauses (A)(3) and (4);

(H) to pay accrued and unpaid amounts owing to the Secured Parties and any other Affected Person (if any) under Sections 2.09 and 12.03;

(I) to the payment of any Replacement Investment Management Fees that the Lenders have elected in a written notice delivered to the Agents prior to the related Determination Date, to be paid on such Payment Date (such deferred fees, the “Deferred Replacement Investment Management Fees”);

(J) to the Currency Exchange Account, in an amount equal to the excess (if any) of the Currency Exchange Mark-to-Market Amount over the amount on deposit in the Currency Exchange Account prior to the application of payment under this clause (J), in each case on such Payment Date;

(K) during the Reinvestment Period and so long as no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the remainder to be allocated at the Investment Manager’s option (as evidenced in a written notice delivered to the Agents delivered on or prior to the related Determination Date) to any one or more of the following payments: (i) to the Principal Collection Subaccount for the purchase of additional Collateral Obligations (including funding Revolving Collateral Loans and Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loans), and/or (ii) to prepay the Advances, and/or (iii) to the Borrower, free and clear of the lien of this Agreement, so long as in connection with any payment made pursuant to this clause (iii) each Coverage Test is satisfied as of the related Determination Date immediately prior to and immediately after the making of such payment to the Borrower, and/or (iv) for deposit into the Revolving Reserve Account up to an amount that would result in the Portfolio Exposure Amount equaling zero;

(L) so long as an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, to the repayment of the Advances until paid in full;

(M) after the Reinvestment Period, as of the related Determination Date, if (i) the Diversity Score of the Collateral Obligations, calculated as a single number in accordance with standard diversity scoring methodology using DBRS Industry Classifications, equals or exceeds 10, and (ii) either (I) the Overcollateralization Ratio at such time is at least equal to the ratio of (a) 1.20 over (b) the Row Advance Rate that is in effect as of the end of the Reinvestment Period or (II) the Cumulative Net Loss Amount is equal to or less than zero, to the Borrower, free and clear of the lien of this Agreement;

(N) after the Reinvestment Period, to the repayment of the Advances until paid in full; and

(O) after the Reinvestment Period, and after the repayment of the Advances in full, the remainder to the Borrower, free and clear of the lien of this Agreement.

(ii) On each Payment Date, Principal Proceeds on deposit in the Principal Collection Subaccount that are received by the Collateral Agent on or before the related Determination Date (or if such Determination Date is not a Business Day, the next succeeding Business Day) and that are transferred to the Payment Account and not

designated for reinvestment by the Investment Manager shall be applied, except for any Principal Proceeds that will be used to settle binding commitments (entered into prior to the Determination Date) for the purchase of Collateral Obligations, in the following order of priority:

(A) to the payment of unpaid amounts under clauses (A) through (F) in clause (i) above (in the same order of priority specified therein), to the extent not paid in full thereunder;

(B) during the Reinvestment Period, at the discretion of the Investment Manager, (1) to the Principal Collection Subaccount for the purchase of additional Collateral Obligations (including funding Revolving Collateral Loans and Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loans), and/or (2) to prepay the Advances, and/or (3) for deposit into the Revolving Reserve Account up to an amount that would result in the Portfolio Exposure Amount equaling zero;

(C) after the Reinvestment Period, to the repayment of the Advances until paid in full;

(D) to the payment of amounts referred to in clauses (G), (H) and (I) of clause (i) above (in the same order of priority specified therein), to the extent not paid in full thereunder; and

(E) after the Reinvestment Period, and after the repayment of the Advances in full, the remainder to the Borrower, free and clear of the lien of this Agreement.

(b) If on any Payment Date the amount available in the Payment Account is insufficient to make the full amount of the disbursements required by the Payment Date Report, the Collateral Agent shall make the disbursements called for in the order and according to the priority set forth under Section 9.01(a) to the extent funds are available therefor.

ARTICLE X

SALE OF COLLATERAL OBLIGATIONS; PURCHASE OF ADDITIONAL COLLATERAL OBLIGATIONS

Section 10.01 Sales of Collateral Obligations.

(a) Investment Manager-Directed Sales. Subject to the satisfaction of the conditions specified in Section 10.03 and provided that (x) no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing or would result upon giving effect thereto (unless, in the case of such a Default, such Default will be cured upon giving effect to such sale and the application of the proceeds thereof), (y) upon giving effect thereto and the application of the proceeds thereof, each Coverage Test is satisfied and each Collateral Quality Test is satisfied, or, if any Collateral Quality Test is not satisfied, such Collateral Quality Test shall be maintained or improved, and (z) such sale is made for a purchase price at least equal to the Loan Amount of such Collateral Obligations (after adjustment for any borrowings or repayments and exclusive of accrued

interest), the Investment Manager may, but will not be required to, direct the Collateral Agent to sell and the Collateral Agent shall sell in the manner directed by the Investment Manager any Collateral Obligation (or any portion thereof) if such sale meets the requirements set forth below provided that, the restrictions in clauses (y) and (z) above in this Section 10.01(a) shall not apply to sales of Credit Risk Loan/Bonds or Defaulted Loan/Bonds to such non-Affiliates:

(i) Sales of Collateral Obligations to Non-Affiliates. One or more (or any portion of any) Collateral Obligations may be sold from time to time by the Borrower, or the Investment Manager, to Persons who are not Affiliates of the Borrower or the Investment Manager, on an arm's length basis;

(ii) Sales of Collateral Obligations to Affiliates. One or more (or any portion of any) Collateral Obligations may be sold from time to time by the Borrower, or the Investment Manager, to the Investment Manager or any of its Affiliates only if (A) the terms and conditions thereof are no less favorable to the Borrower than the terms it would obtain in a comparable, timely sale with a non-Affiliate, (B) the transactions are effected in accordance with all Applicable Laws, (C) the Collateral Obligation is a Defaulted Loan/Bond or Credit Risk Loan/Bond, such sale shall be for an amount equal to the Appraised Value with respect to such Collateral Obligation, (D) the Collateral Obligation is not a Defaulted Loan/Bond or Credit Risk Loan/Bond, the prior written consent of the Facility Agent is obtained if such sale is for an amount less than the original purchase price paid by the Borrower (after adjustment for any borrowings or repayments and exclusive of interest) with respect to such Collateral Obligation and (E) the prior written consent of the Facility Agent is obtained if the Collateral Obligation is a Defaulted Loan/Bond or Credit Risk Loan/Bond.

Notwithstanding the foregoing terms of this Section 10.01(a), in connection with the sale of any Credit Risk Loan/Bond, a Rating Confirmation must be obtained as a condition to the Borrower consummating such sale if (x) the cumulative amount of losses in respect of one or more sales of any Credit Risk Loan/Bond(s) that is sold for a purchase price that is less than 80.0% of its Loan Amount (after adjustment for any borrowings or repayments and exclusive of accrued interest) exceeds \$35,000,000 and (y) the ratio as calculated pursuant to the Overcollateralization Ratio Test at such time (after giving effect to such sale on a pro forma basis) is less than the Row Minimum OC Level that is in use at such time.

So long as no Default or Event of Default is continuing or would result upon giving effect thereto and the application of the proceeds thereof, the Borrower may sell any Equity Security or any asset held by any Blocker Subsidiary at any time without restriction, and shall effect the sale of any Equity Security, regardless of price, within 30 days of receipt if such Equity Security constitutes Margin Stock, unless such sale is prohibited by Applicable Law, in which case the Borrower shall notify the Facility Agent and such Equity Security shall be sold as soon as such sale is permitted by Applicable Law.

(b) Terms of Sales. All sales of Collateral Obligations and other property of the Borrower under the provisions above in this Section 10.01 must be exclusively for Cash. So long as no Default or Event of Default is continuing or would result upon giving effect thereto and the application of the proceeds thereof, a sale of a Collateral Obligation that is otherwise

permitted by the terms above in this Section 10.01 may be effected by the sale by the Borrower of participation interests in such Collateral Obligation, provided that no participations may be sold by the Borrower in any Revolving Collateral Loan or Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loan.

Section 10.02 Purchase of Additional Collateral Obligations.

On any date during the Reinvestment Period, if no Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing or would result therefrom, the Borrower, or the Investment Manager, may, if each of the conditions specified in this Section 10.02 and Section 10.03 is met, direct the Collateral Agent to invest Principal Proceeds (and accrued interest received with respect to any Collateral Obligation to the extent used to pay for accrued interest on additional Collateral Obligations) in additional Collateral Obligations, and the Collateral Agent shall invest such proceeds in accordance with such instructions. The Borrower shall ensure that all such investments in Collateral Obligations are settled during the Reinvestment Period such that no amounts are payable thereunder in respect of the purchase price thereof after the end of the Reinvestment Period.

(a) Investment Criteria. No Collateral Obligation may be purchased unless such loan, debt obligation, or Participation Interest satisfies the Eligibility Criteria as of the date the Borrower, or the Investment Manager, commits to make such purchase, in each case after giving effect to such purchase and all other sales or purchases previously or simultaneously committed to.

(b) Investment in Eligible Investments. Cash on deposit in any Covered Account may be invested at any time in Eligible Investments in accordance with Article VIII. To the extent Article VIII does not provide for cash on deposit in a Covered Account to be invested in Eligible Investments, such cash will remain uninvested.

(c) Purchase of Additional Collateral Obligations from Affiliates. Additional Collateral Obligations may be purchased from time to time by the Borrower from the Investment Manager or any of its Affiliates only if (v) such purchase or acquisition is effected pursuant to the Master Transfer Agreement, (w) the terms and conditions thereof are no less favorable to the Borrower than the terms it would obtain in a comparable, timely sale with a non-Affiliate, (x) the transactions are effected in accordance with all Applicable Laws, (y) the prior written consent of the Facility Agent is obtained if such purchase is for an amount greater than the original purchase price paid by the Investment Manager or such Affiliate (after adjustment for any borrowings or repayments and exclusive of interest) with respect to such Collateral Obligation and (z) written notice thereof is provided to DBRS.

Section 10.03 Conditions Applicable to All Sale and Purchase Transactions.

Upon any acquisition of a Collateral Obligation pursuant to this Article X, a security interest in all of the Borrower's right, title and interest to the Collateral shall be granted to the Collateral Agent pursuant to this Agreement, such Collateral shall be Delivered to the Collateral Agent, and, if applicable, the Borrower shall receive the Collateral for which the Collateral was substituted, free and clear of the lien of this Agreement.

Section 10.04 Additional Equity Contributions.

Subject to Section 10.03, the Investment Manager or an Affiliate thereof may, but shall have no obligation to, at any time or from time to time contribute additional equity to the Borrower, including without limitation for the purpose of curing any Default (but, for the avoidance of doubt, not any Event of Default), satisfying any Coverage Test or Collateral Quality Test, enabling the acquisition or sale of any Collateral Obligation or satisfying any conditions under Section 3.02. Each equity contribution shall either be made (i) in Cash or (ii) by assignment and contribution of an Eligible Investment or (iii) by assignment and contribution of a Collateral Obligation (in compliance with the Eligibility Criteria). Unless otherwise directed by the Borrower by prior written notice to the Agents, all Cash contributed to the Borrower shall be treated as Principal Proceeds except to the extent that such Cash is used to pay expenses incurred in connection with the occurrence of the Closing Date.

ARTICLE XI

THE AGENTS

Section 11.01 Authorization and Action.

Each Lender hereby irrevocably appoints and authorizes the Facility Agent and the Collateral Agent to take such action as agent on its behalf and to exercise such powers under this Agreement and, to the extent applicable, the other Facility Documents as are delegated to such Agent by the terms hereof and thereof, together with such powers as are reasonably incidental thereto, subject to the terms hereof. No Agent shall have any duties or responsibilities, except those expressly set forth herein or in the other Facility Documents, or any fiduciary relationship with any Secured Party, and no implied covenants, functions, responsibilities, duties or obligations or liabilities on the part of such Agent shall be read into this Agreement or any other Facility Document to which such Agent is a party (if any) as duties on its part to be performed or observed. No Agent shall have or be construed to have any other duties or responsibilities in respect of this Agreement and the transactions contemplated hereby. As to any matters not expressly provided for by this Agreement or the other Facility Documents, no Agent shall be required to exercise any discretion or take any action, but shall be required to act or to refrain from acting (and shall be fully protected in so acting or refraining from acting) upon the written instructions of the Required Lenders; provided that such Agent shall not be required to take any action which exposes such Agent, in its judgment, to personal liability, cost or expense or which is contrary to this Agreement, the other Facility Documents or Applicable Law, or would be, in its judgment, contrary to its duties hereunder, under any other Facility Document or under Applicable Law. Each Lender agrees that in any instance in which the Facility Documents provide that an Agent's consent may not be unreasonably withheld, provide for the exercise of such Agent's reasonable discretion, or provide to a similar effect, it shall not in its instructions (or, by refusing to provide instruction) to such Agent withhold its consent or exercise its discretion in an unreasonable manner.

Section 11.02 Delegation of Duties.

Each Agent may execute any of its duties under this Agreement and each other Facility Document by or through agents or attorneys-in-fact and shall be entitled to advice of counsel concerning all matters pertaining to such duties. No Agent shall be responsible for the negligence or misconduct of any agents or attorneys-in-fact selected by it with reasonable care.

Section 11.03 Agents' Reliance, Etc.

(a) Neither Agent nor any of its respective directors, officers, agents or employees shall be liable for any action taken or omitted to be taken by it or them under or in connection with this Agreement or any of the other Facility Documents, except for its or their own gross negligence or willful misconduct. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, each Agent: (i) may consult with legal counsel (including, without limitation, counsel for the Borrower or the Investment Manager or any of their Affiliates) and independent public accountants and other experts selected by it and shall not be liable for any action taken or omitted to be taken in good faith by it in accordance with the advice of such counsel, accountants or experts; (ii) makes no warranty or representation to any Secured Party or any other Person and shall not be responsible to any Secured Party or any Person for any statements, warranties or representations (whether written or oral) made in or in connection with this Agreement or the other Facility Documents; (iii) shall not have any duty to ascertain or to inquire as to the performance or observance of any of the terms, covenants or conditions of this Agreement, the other Facility Documents or any Related Documents on the part of the Borrower or the Investment Manager or any other Person or to inspect the property (including the books and records) of the Borrower or the Investment Manager; (iv) shall not be responsible to any Secured Party or any other Person for the due execution, legality, validity, enforceability, genuineness, sufficiency or value of any Collateral, this Agreement, the other Facility Documents, any Related Document or any other instrument or document furnished pursuant hereto or thereto; and (v) shall incur no liability under or in respect of this Agreement or any other Facility Document by relying on, acting upon (or by refraining from action in reliance on) any notice, consent, certificate, instruction or waiver, report, statement, opinion, direction or other instrument or writing (which may be delivered by telecopier, email, cable or telex, if acceptable to it) believed by it to be genuine and believe by it to be signed or sent by the proper party or parties. No Agent shall have any liability to the Borrower or any Lender or any other Person for the Borrower's or any Lender's, as the case may be, performance of, or failure to perform, any of their respective obligations and duties under this Agreement or any other Facility Document.

(b) No Agent shall be liable for the actions or omissions of any other Agent (including without limitation concerning the application of funds), or under any duty to monitor or investigate compliance on the part of any other Agent with the terms or requirements of this Agreement, any Facility Document or any Related Document, or their duties thereunder. Each Agent shall be entitled to assume the due authority of any signatory and genuineness of any signature appearing on any instrument or document it may receive (including, without limitation, each Notice of Borrowing received hereunder). No Agent shall be liable for any action taken in good faith and reasonably believed by it to be within the powers conferred upon it, or taken by it pursuant to any direction or instruction by which it is governed, or omitted to be taken by it by reason of the lack of direction or instruction required hereby for such action (including without limitation for refusing to exercise discretion or for withholding its consent in the absence of its receipt of, or resulting from a failure, delay or refusal on the part of any Lender to provide,

written instruction to exercise such discretion or grant such consent from any such Lender, as applicable). No Agent shall be liable for any error of judgment made in good faith unless it shall be proven that such Agent was grossly negligent in ascertaining the relevant facts. Nothing herein or in any Facility Documents or Related Documents shall obligate any Agent to advance, expend or risk its own funds, or to take any action which in its reasonable judgment may cause it to incur any expense or financial or other liability for which it is not adequately indemnified. No Agents shall be liable for any indirect, special or consequential damages (included but not limited to lost profits) whatsoever, even if it has been informed of the likelihood thereof and regardless of the form of action. No Agent shall be charged with knowledge or notice of any matter unless actually known to a Responsible Officer of such Agent responsible for the administration of this Agreement, or unless and to the extent written notice of such matter is received by such agent had its address in accordance with Section 12.02. Any permissive grant of power to an Agent hereunder shall not be construed to be a duty to act. Before acting hereunder, an Agent shall be entitled to request, receive and rely upon such certificates and opinions as it may reasonably determine appropriate with respect to the satisfaction of any specified circumstances or conditions precedent to such action.

(c) No Agent shall be responsible or liable for delays or failures in performance resulting from acts beyond its control. Such acts shall include but not be limited to acts of God, strikes, lockouts, riots, acts of war, epidemics, governmental regulations superimposed after the fact, fire, communication line failures, computer viruses, power failures, earthquakes or other disasters.

Section 11.04 Indemnification.

Subject to the terms of Section 12.21 with respect to any CP Conduit, each of the Lenders agrees to indemnify and hold the Agents harmless (to the extent not reimbursed by or on behalf of the Borrower pursuant to Section 12.04 or otherwise) from and against any and all liabilities, obligations, losses, damages, penalties, actions, judgments, suits, costs, expenses (including, without limitation, attorneys fees and expenses) or disbursements of any kind or nature whatsoever which may be imposed on, incurred by, or asserted against the Agents in any way relating to or arising out of this Agreement or any other Facility Document or any Related Document or any action taken or omitted by the Agents under this Agreement or any other Facility Document or any Related Document; provided that:

(i) no Lender shall be liable to any Agent for any portion of such liabilities, obligations, losses, damages, penalties, actions, judgments, suits, costs, expenses or disbursements resulting from such Agent's gross negligence, willful misconduct; and

(ii) no Lender or Lenders shall be liable to the Collateral Agent for any portion of such liabilities, obligations, losses, damages, penalties, actions, judgments, suits, costs, expenses or disbursements (for purposes hereof, "Liabilities") unless such Liabilities are imposed on, incurred by, or asserted against the Collateral Agent as a result of any action taken, or not taken, by the Collateral Agent at the direction of such Lender or Lenders, as the case may be, in accordance with the terms and conditions set forth in this Agreement (it being understood that the Collateral Agent shall be under no obligation

to exercise or to honor any of the rights or powers vested in it by this Agreement at the request or direction of any of the Lenders (or other Persons authorized or permitted under the terms hereof to make such request or give such direction) pursuant to this Agreement or any of the other Facility Documents, unless such Lenders shall have provided to the Collateral Agent security or indemnity reasonably satisfactory to it against the costs, expenses (including reasonable and documented attorney's fees and expenses) and Liabilities which might reasonably be incurred by it in compliance with such request or direction, whether such indemnity is provided under this Section 11.04 or otherwise).

The rights of the Agents and obligations of the Lenders under or pursuant to this Section 11.04 shall survive the termination of this Agreement, and the earlier removal or resignation of any Agent hereunder.

Section 11.05 Successor Agents.

(a) Subject to the terms of this Section 11.05(a), each Agent may, upon thirty days' notice to the Lenders and the Borrower, resign as Facility Agent or Collateral Agent, as applicable. If the Collateral Agent shall be in material breach of its obligations hereunder, the Required Lenders may, following a period of fifteen days during which the Collateral Agent may cure such breach, remove the Collateral Agent upon notice to the Borrower, the Investment Manager, the Lenders and the Agents. If the Collateral Agent shall resign or be removed pursuant to this Section 11.05(a), then the Facility Agent (at the direction of the Required Lenders), during such thirty- or ten-day period (as applicable), shall appoint a successor agent. If the Facility Agent shall resign or be removed pursuant to this Section 11.05(a), then the Required Lenders, during such thirty- or ten-day period (as applicable), shall appoint a successor agent. If for any reason a successor agent is not so appointed and does not accept such appointment during such thirty- or ten-day period (as applicable) (the last day of such period, the "Appointment Cut-off Date"), such Agent may appoint a successor Agent. The appointment of any successor Agent pursuant to this Section 11.05(a) shall be subject to the prior written consent of the Borrower (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed); provided that the consent of the Borrower to any such appointment shall not be required if (i) an Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing, (ii) if such assignee is a Lender or an Affiliate of such Agent or any Lender; or (iii) for any reason no successor has been appointed within 30 days after the relevant Appointment Cut-off Date and the Borrower has theretofore not entered into an agreement in principle with a potential successor that would be qualified to act as such Agent hereunder. Any resignation or removal of an Agent pursuant to this Section 11.05(a) shall be effective upon the appointment of a successor Agent pursuant to this Section 11.05(a) and the acceptance of such appointment by such successor. The Investment Manager shall provide DBRS notice of the acceptance of such appointment by such successor. After the effectiveness of any retiring Agent's resignation hereunder as Agent, the retiring Agent shall be discharged from its duties and obligations hereunder and under the other Facility Documents (but not in its capacity as a Lender, if applicable) and the provisions of this Article XI and Section 11.05(a) shall continue in effect for its benefit with respect to any actions taken or omitted to be taken by it while it was Agent under this Agreement and under the other Facility Documents.

(b) Subject to the terms of this Section 11.05(b), the Investment Manager may, upon thirty days' notice to the Collateral Agent, the Lenders and the Borrower, remove and

discharge the Collateral Agent from the performance of its obligations under this Agreement and under the other Facility Documents without cause at any time. If the Collateral Agent shall be removed pursuant to this Section 11.05(b), then the Investment Manager during such thirty-day period shall appoint a successor Collateral Agent. The appointment of any successor Collateral Agent pursuant to this Section 11.05(b) shall be subject to the prior written consent of the Facility Agent (which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed). If the Collateral Agent is removed pursuant to this Section 11.05(b), the Collateral Agent shall be removed in all other capacities in which it serves under this Agreement and under any of the other Facility Documents (including, without limitation, in its capacity as Calculation Agent and Custodian). Any removal of the Collateral Agent pursuant to this Section 11.05(b) shall be effective upon the appointment of a successor Collateral Agent pursuant to this Section 11.05(b) and the acceptance of such appointment by such successor. The Investment Manager shall provide DBRS notice of the acceptance of such appointment by such successor. After the effectiveness of any removal of the Collateral Agent pursuant to this Section 11.05(b), the Collateral Agent shall be discharged from its duties and obligations hereunder and under the other Facility Documents (but not in its capacity as Lender, if applicable) and the provisions of this Article XI and Section 11.05(b) shall continue in effect for its benefit with respect to any actions taken or omitted to be taken by it while it was Collateral Agent under this Agreement and under the other Facility Documents. In the event that the Collateral Agent is removed pursuant to this Section 11.05(b), the Investment Manager shall bear any costs related to such removal and appointment of a successor Collateral Agent.

Section 11.06 Regarding the Collateral Agent.

(a) The Collateral Agent shall have no liability for losses arising from (i) any cause beyond its control, (ii) any delay, error, omission or default of any mail, telegraph, cable or wireless agency or operator, or (iii) the acts or edicts of any government or governmental agency or other group or entity exercising governmental powers.

(b) The Collateral Agent shall not be responsible for any special, exemplary, punitive or consequential damages.

(c) The Collateral Agent shall not be responsible for the preparation or filing of any UCC financing statements or the correctness of any financing statements filed in connection with this Agreement or the validity or perfection of any lien or security interest created pursuant to this Agreement.

(d) The Collateral Agent shall not be liable for interest on any money received by it except as the Collateral Agent may agree in writing with the Borrower.

ARTICLE XII

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 12.01 No Waiver; Modifications in Writing.

(a) No failure or delay on the part of any Secured Party exercising any right, power or remedy hereunder or with respect to the Advances shall operate as a waiver thereof, nor

shall any single or partial exercise of any such right, power or remedy preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right, power or remedy. Any waiver of any provision of this Agreement, and any consent to any departure by any party to this Agreement from the terms of any provision of this Agreement, shall be effective only in the specific instance and for the specific purpose for which given. No notice to or demand on the Borrower in any case shall entitle the Borrower to any other or further notice or demand in similar or other circumstances.

(b) No amendment, modification, supplement or waiver of this Agreement shall be effective unless it is signed by the Borrower and the Required Lenders (or the Facility Agent on behalf of the Required Lenders) and a Rating Confirmation is obtained, provided that:

(i) no such amendment, modification, supplement or waiver shall, unless by an instrument signed by all of the Lenders (or the Facility Agent on behalf of all of the Lenders), (A) increase or extend the term of the Commitments or change the Final Maturity Date, (B) extend the date fixed for the payment of principal of or interest on any Advance or any fee hereunder, (C) reduce the amount of any such payment of principal, (D) reduce the rate at which interest is payable thereon or any fee is payable hereunder, (E) release all or substantially all of the Collateral, except in connection with dispositions permitted hereunder, (F) alter the terms of Section 9.01 or this Section 12.01(b), (G) modify in any manner the number or percentage of the Lenders required to make any determinations or waive any rights hereunder or to modify any provision hereof or (H) extend the Reinvestment Period;

(ii) any amendment, modification, supplement or waiver of Article VIII, Article XI, or of any of the other rights or duties of either Agent (including the Collateral Agent in its role as Custodian) hereunder, shall require the consent of such Agent; and

(iii) no such amendment, modification, supplement or waiver of any provision under this Agreement or any other Facility Document that governs the rights and obligations of CP Lenders or their Conduit Support Providers (including this Section 12.01(b)(iii)) (other than amendments, modifications, supplements and waivers that apply generally to Lenders) or that specifically relates to CP Conduits shall be effective without the written consent of each CP Lender.

Section 12.02 Notices, Etc.

Except where telephonic instructions are authorized herein to be given, all notices, demands, instructions and other communications required or permitted to be given to or made upon any party hereto shall be in writing and shall be personally delivered or sent by registered, certified or express mail, postage prepaid, or by facsimile transmission, or by prepaid courier service, or by electronic mail, and shall be deemed to be given for purposes of this Agreement on the day that such writing is received by the intended recipient thereof in accordance with the provisions of this Section 12.02. Unless otherwise specified in a notice sent or delivered in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this Section 12.02, notices, demands, instructions and other communications in writing shall be given to or made upon the respective

parties hereto at their respective addresses (or to their respective facsimile numbers) indicated below, and, in the case of telephonic instructions or notices, by calling the telephone number or numbers indicated for such party below:

If to the Facility Agent: Natixis, New York Branch
1251 Avenue of the Americas
New York, New York 10020
Attention: Yazmin Vasconez
Telephone No.: 212-891-6176
Facsimile No.: 646-282-2361
Email: Versaillestransaction@us.natixis.com
fiona.chan@db.com
rajesh.rampersaud@db.com

If to the Collateral Agent: State Street Bank and Trust Company
One Lincoln Street
Boston, MA 02110
Attention: Carol Lowd, Senior Vice President
Telephone: (617) 937-6265
Telecopy: (617) 937-6033

If to the Borrower: TPG SL SPV, LLC
850 Library Avenue, Suite 204-F
Newark, Delaware 19711
Attention: Don Puglisi
Tel: 302-738-6680
Fax: 302-738-7210
Email: dpuglisi@puglisiassoc.com

With a copy to:
TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.
301 Commerce Street
Suite 3300
Fort Worth, TX 76102
Attention: Alan Kirshenbaum
Tel: 817-871-4095
Email: AKirshenbaum@tpg.com

With a copy to:
TSL Advisers, LLC
301 Commerce Street
Suite 3300
Fort Worth, Texas 76102
Attention: David Reintjes

Telephone: 817-871-4000
Email: DReintjes@tpg.com

If to the Lender:

Versailles Assets LLC
c/o Global Securitization Services, LLC
68 South Service Road, Suite 120
Melville, NY 11747
Attention: Bernard J. Angelo
Telephone No.: (631) 930-7203
Facsimile No.: (212) 302-8267
Email: jrangelo@gssnyc.com and dveidt@gssnyc.com

If to any other Lender:

As provided in the Assignment and Acceptance pursuant to which such other Lender becomes a Lender hereunder.

If to DBRS:

DBRS, Inc.
Structured Credit Surveillance
140 Broadway, 35th Floor
New York, NY 10005 United States
Phone: +1 (212) 806-3277 (main reception)
Fax: +1 (212) 806-3201
SC_Surveillance@dbrs.com

Section 12.03 Taxes.

(a) Any and all payments by or on behalf of the Borrower under this Agreement and the Notes shall be made, in accordance with this Agreement, free and clear of and without deduction or withholding for Taxes unless such deduction or withholding is required by Applicable Law. If the Borrower shall be required by Applicable Law to deduct or withhold any Taxes from or in respect of any sum payable by it hereunder, under any Note or under any other Facility Document to any Secured Party, (i) if any such deductions are in respect of Indemnified Taxes, the sum payable by the Borrower shall be increased as may be necessary so that after making all required deductions or withholdings (including deductions applicable to additional sums payable under this Section 12.03) such Secured Party receives an amount equal to the sum it would have received had no deductions or withholdings in respect of Indemnified Taxes been made, (ii) the Borrower shall make such deductions or withholdings, and (iii) the Borrower shall timely pay the full amount deducted or withheld to the relevant Authority in accordance with Applicable Law.

(b) In addition, the Borrower agrees to timely pay to the relevant Governmental Authority in accordance with Applicable Law any present or future stamp or documentary taxes or any other excise or property taxes, charges or similar levies which arise from any payment made by the Borrower hereunder, under the Notes or under any other Facility Document or from the execution, delivery or registration of, or otherwise with respect to, this Agreement, the Notes or under any other Facility Document except any such Taxes that are Other Connection Taxes (hereinafter referred to as "Other Taxes").

(c) Borrower agrees to indemnify each of the Secured Parties for the full amount of Indemnified Taxes or Other Taxes (including any Indemnified Taxes or Other Taxes imposed or asserted by any jurisdiction on amounts payable under this [Section 12.03](#)), together with all interest, penalties, reasonable costs and expenses arising therefrom, paid by any Secured Party in respect of the Borrower, whether or not such Taxes or Other Taxes were correctly or legally imposed or asserted. Payments by the Borrower pursuant to this indemnification shall be made promptly following the date the Secured Party makes written demand therefor, which demand shall be accompanied by a certificate describing in reasonable detail the basis thereof. Such certificate shall be conclusive absent manifest error.

(d) The Borrower shall not be required to indemnify any Secured Party, or pay any additional amounts to any Secured Party, in respect of United States federal withholding tax or United States federal backup withholding tax to the extent that the obligation to pay such additional amounts would not have arisen but for a failure by such Secured Party to comply with paragraphs (g) or (h) below.

(e) Promptly after the date of any payment of Taxes or Other Taxes, the Borrower will furnish to each Agent the original or a certified copy of a receipt issued by the relevant Authority evidencing payment thereof (or other evidence of payment as may be reasonably satisfactory to such Agent).

(f) If any payment is made by or on behalf of the Borrower to or for the account of any Secured Party after deduction or withholding for or on account of any Taxes or Other Taxes, and an indemnity payment or additional amounts are paid by the Borrower pursuant to this [Section 12.03](#), then, if such Secured Party has received a refund of any such Taxes or Other Taxes (including by the payment of additional amounts pursuant to this [Section 12.03](#)), such Secured Party shall reimburse to the Borrower such amount equal to any such refund received as such Secured Party shall determine in its reasonable discretion to be attributable to the relevant Taxes or Other Taxes, provided that in the event that such Secured Party is required to repay such refund to the relevant taxing Authority, the Borrower agrees to return the refund to such Secured Party.

(g) Each Secured Party that is a U.S. person as that term is defined in Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code (a "[U.S. Person](#)") hereby agrees that it shall, no later than the Original Closing Date or, in the case of a Secured Party which becomes a party hereto pursuant to [Section 12.06](#), the date upon which such Secured Party becomes a party hereto, deliver to each Agent and the Borrower, if applicable, two accurate, complete and signed originals of U.S. Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 or successor form certifying that such Secured Party is exempt from U.S. federal backup withholding tax. Each Secured Party that is not a U.S. Person (a "[Non-U.S. Lender](#)"), other than an assignee pursuant to [Section 12.06](#), on or prior to the Original Closing Date, shall deliver to each Agent and the Borrower two properly completed and duly executed originals of either U.S. Internal Revenue Service Form W-8BEN, W-8ECI or W-8IMY or any subsequent versions thereof or successors thereto, in each case, establishing a complete exemption from U.S. federal withholding tax (other than in the case of a change of law occurring subsequent to the Original Closing Date). Each Non-U.S. Lender that is an assignee pursuant to [Section 12.06](#) (a "[Non-U.S. Assignee Lender](#)") shall, other than in the case of a change in law occurring subsequent to the Original Closing Date, on or prior to the date that it

becomes a Lender hereunder, deliver to each Agent and the Borrower two properly completed and duly executed originals of either U.S. Internal Revenue Service Form W-8BEN, W-8ECI or W-8IMY or any subsequent versions thereof or successors thereto, in each case, establishing a complete exemption from U.S. federal withholding tax. In addition, in the case of a Non-U.S. Lender claiming exemption from U.S. federal withholding tax under Section 871(h) or 881(c) of the Code, such Non-U.S. Lender hereby represents that such Non-U.S. Lender is not a bank for purposes of Section 881(c) of the Code, is not a "10 percent shareholder" (within the meaning of Section 871(h)(3)(B) of the Code) of the Borrower and is not a controlled foreign corporation related to the Borrower (within the meaning of Section 864(d)(4) of the Code), and such Non-U.S. Lender agrees that it shall promptly notify each Agent and the Borrower in the event any such representation is no longer accurate. In addition, each Non-U.S. Lender shall deliver such forms as promptly as practicable if any such previously delivered form becomes obsolete or incorrect and otherwise from time to time after receipt of a written request therefor from an Agent or the Borrower. Each Secured Party shall deliver to the Borrower and each Agent such documentation reasonably requested by the Borrower or such Agent sufficient for the Borrower and each Agent to comply with their withholding, reporting and other obligations under FATCA. Solely for purposes of this clause (g), "FATCA" shall include any amendment made to FATCA after the date of this Agreement.

(h) If any Lender requires the Borrower to pay any additional amount to any Secured Party or any taxing Authority for the account of any Lender or to indemnify a Secured Party pursuant to this Section 12.03, then such Secured Party shall use reasonable efforts to designate a different lending office for funding or booking its Advances hereunder or to assign its rights and obligations hereunder to another of its offices, branches or affiliates, if such Lender determines, in its sole discretion, exercised in good faith, that such designation or assignment (i) would eliminate or reduce amounts payable pursuant to Section 2.09 or Section 12.03, as the case may be, in the future and (ii) would not subject such Lender to any unreimbursed cost or expense and would not otherwise be disadvantageous to such Lender. The Borrower hereby agrees to pay all reasonable costs and expenses incurred by any Lender in connection with any such designation or assignment.

(i) Nothing in this Section 12.03 shall be construed to require the Secured Party to make available its tax returns (or any other information relating to its taxes that it deems confidential) to the Borrower or any other Person.

(j) Each Party's obligations under this Section 12.03 shall survive any assignment of rights by, or the replacement of, a Lender, the termination of the Commitments and the repayment, satisfaction or discharge of all obligations under this Agreement or the Notes.

Section 12.04 Costs and Expenses; Indemnification.

(a) The Borrower agrees to promptly pay on demand all reasonable and documented out-of-pocket costs and expenses of the Agents in connection with the administration and any waiver, consent, modification, amendment or similar agreement in respect of this Agreement, the Notes or any other Facility Document and advising the Agents as to their respective rights, remedies and responsibilities. The Borrower agrees to promptly pay on demand all costs and expenses of each of the Secured Parties in connection with the enforcement

of this Agreement, the Notes or any other Facility Document, including the reasonable and documented fees and disbursements of one outside counsel and one local counsel in each relevant jurisdiction for each of the Facility Agent and the Collateral Agent in connection therewith.

(b) The Borrower agrees to indemnify and hold harmless each Secured Party and each of their Affiliates and the respective officers, directors, employees, agents, managers of, and any Person controlling any of, the foregoing (each, an "Indemnified Party") from and against any and all claims, damages, losses, liabilities, obligations, expenses, penalties, actions, suits, judgments and disbursements of any kind or nature whatsoever (including the reasonable and documented fees and disbursements of counsel) that may be incurred by or asserted or awarded against any Indemnified Party, in each case arising out of or in connection with or by reason of the execution, delivery, enforcement, performance, administration of or otherwise arising out of or incurred in connection with this Agreement, any other Facility Document, any Related Document or any transaction contemplated hereby or thereby (and regardless of whether or not any such transactions are consummated) (collectively, the "Liabilities"), including any such Liability that is incurred or arises out of or in connection with, or by reason of, any one or more of the following: (i) preparation for a defense of any investigation, litigation or proceeding arising out of, related to or in connection with this Agreement, any other Facility Document, any Related Document or any of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby; (ii) any breach or alleged breach of any covenant by the Borrower contained in any Facility Document; (iii) any representation or warranty made or deemed made by the Borrower contained in any Facility Document or in any certificate, statement or report delivered in connection therewith is, or is alleged to be, false or misleading; (iv) any failure by the Borrower to comply with any Applicable Law or contractual obligation binding upon it; (v) any failure to vest, or delay in vesting, in the Secured Parties a first-priority perfected security interest in all of the Collateral free and clear of all Liens, other than Permitted Liens; (vi) any action or omission, not expressly authorized by the Facility Documents, by the Borrower or any Affiliate of the Borrower which has the effect of reducing or impairing the Collateral or the rights of the Agents or the Secured Parties with respect thereto; and (vii) any Default or Event of Default; except to the extent any such Liability is found in a final, non-appealable judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction to have resulted from such Indemnified Party's gross negligence or willful misconduct.

Section 12.05 Execution in Counterparts.

This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts and by different parties hereto on separate counterparts, each of which counterparts, when so executed and delivered, shall be deemed to be an original and all of which counterparts, taken together, shall constitute but one and the same Agreement. Delivery of an executed signature page of this Agreement by facsimile or other electronic transmission shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart hereof.

Section 12.06 Assignability; Participation; Register.

(a) Each Lender may assign to an assignee all or a portion of its rights and obligations under this Agreement (including all or a portion of its outstanding Advances or interests therein owned by it, together with ratable portions of its Commitment); provided that:

(i) the Facility Agent has consented thereto; and

(ii) the Borrower has consented thereto (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld, delayed or conditioned), unless (A) the assignee is a Permitted Assignee with respect to such assignor, (B) the assignee is Natixis, an Affiliate of Natixis, or any commercial paper program or vehicle established or administered by Natixis or an Affiliate of Natixis or for which Natixis or an Affiliate of Natixis provides liquidity support, or (C) an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing.

The parties to each such assignment shall execute and deliver to the Facility Agent an Assignment and Acceptance and the assignee shall deliver to each Agent and the Borrower the information required to be delivered by each Secured Party pursuant to Section 12.03(g). No assignee shall be entitled to any amount under Section 2.09, 2.10 or 12.03 which is greater than the amount the related Lender would have been entitled to under any such Sections or provisions if the applicable assignment had not occurred. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Section 12.06, any Lender may at any time pledge or grant a security interest in all or any portion of its rights (including rights to payment of principal and interest) under this Agreement to secure obligations of such Lender, including any pledge or security interest granted to a Federal Reserve Bank, without notice to or consent of the Borrower or the Facility Agent; provided that no such pledge or grant of a security interest shall release such Lender from any of its obligations hereunder or substitute any such pledgee or grantee for such Lender as a party hereto. Any purported assignment to an assignee that does not comply with the requirements of this Section 12.06 will be null and void *ab initio*.

(b) The Borrower may not assign any of its rights hereunder or any interest herein or delegate any of its obligations hereunder without the prior written consent of the Agents and the Lenders.

(c) Any Lender may sell participations to one or more banks or other entities (a "Participant") in all or a portion of such Lender's rights and obligations under this Agreement; provided that (A) such Lender's obligations under this Agreement shall remain unchanged, (B) such Lender shall remain solely responsible to the other parties hereto for the performance of such obligations, (C) the Borrower, the Agents and the other Lenders shall continue to deal solely and directly with such Lender in connection with such Lender's rights and obligations under this Agreement and (D) each Participant shall have agreed to be bound by this Section 12.06(c), Section 12.06(e) and Section 12.09(b). In the event that any Lender sells participations in any portion of its rights and obligations hereunder:

(i) the agreement pursuant to which such Lender sells such participation shall provide that such Lender shall retain the sole right to enforce this Agreement and to approve any amendment, modification or waiver of any provision of this Agreement; provided that such agreement may provide that such Lender will not, without the consent of the Participant, agree to any amendment, modification, supplement or waiver that requires the consent of all of the Lenders. Sections 2.09, 2.10 and 12.03 shall apply to each Participant as if it were a Lender and had acquired its interest by assignment pursuant to paragraph (a) of this Section; provided that no Participant shall be entitled to any amount under Section 2.09, 2.10 or 12.03 which is greater than the amount

the related Lender would have been entitled to under any such Sections or provisions if the applicable participation had not occurred; and

(ii) such Lender, as nonfiduciary agent for the Borrower, shall maintain a register on which it enters the name of all participants in the Advances held by it and the principal amount (and stated interest thereon) of the portion of the Advance which is the subject of the participation (the "Participant Register"). An Advance may be participated in whole or in part only by registration of such participation on the Participant Register (and each Note, if any, shall expressly so provide). Any participation of such Advance may be effected only by the registration of such participation on the Participant Register. The Participant Register shall be available for inspection by the Borrower at any reasonable time and from time to time upon reasonable prior notice.

(d) The Facility Agent, on behalf of and acting solely for this purpose as the nonfiduciary agent of the Borrower, shall maintain at its address specified in Section 12.02 or such other address as the Facility Agent shall designate in writing to the Lenders, a copy of this Agreement and each signature page hereto and each Assignment and Acceptance delivered to and accepted by it and a register (the "Register") for the recordation of (i) the names and addresses of the Lenders (ii) the amount of each Advance made hereunder by each Lender to the Borrower, (iii) the amount of any principal due and payable or to become due and payable from the Borrower to each Lender hereunder, (iv) the amount of any principal sum paid by the Borrower hereunder and each Lender's share thereof and (v) the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the outstanding Advances maintained by each Lender under this Agreement (and any stated interest thereon) after giving effect to any assignment hereunder. The entries in the Register shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes, absent manifest error, and the Borrower, the Agents and the Lenders shall treat each Person whose name is recorded in the Register as a Lender hereunder for all purposes of this Agreement. The entries maintained in the accounts and Register maintained pursuant Section 2.03(a) and Section 12.06(d) shall be prima facie evidence of the existence and amounts of the Advances therein recorded; provided that the failure of the Facility Agent or any Lender to maintain such accounts or any error therein shall not in any manner affect the obligation of the Borrower to repay the Advances in accordance with the terms of this Agreement. The Register shall be available for inspection by the Borrower or any Lender at any reasonable time and from time to time upon reasonable prior notice. An Advance (and a Note, if any, evidencing the same) may be assigned or sold in whole or in part only by registration of such assignment or sale on the Register (and each Note, if any, shall expressly so provide). The Facility Agent shall update and furnish to the Collateral Agent and the Borrower from time to time at the request of the Collateral Agent or the Borrower an updated version of Schedule 1 reflecting the then-current allocation of the Commitments.

(e) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth herein or in any other Facility Document, each Lender hereunder, and each Participant, must at all times be a "qualified purchaser" as defined in the Investment Company Act (a "Qualified Purchaser"). Accordingly:

(i) each Lender represents to the Borrower, (A) on the date that it becomes a party to this Agreement (whether by being a signatory hereto or by entering into an Assignment and Acceptance) and (B) on each date on which it makes an Advance hereunder, that it is a Qualified Purchaser;

(ii) each Lender agrees that it shall not assign, or grant any participations in, any of its Advances or its Commitment to any Person unless such Person is a Qualified Purchaser; and

(iii) the Borrower agrees that, to the extent it has the right to consent to any assignment or participation herein, it shall not consent to such assignment or participation hereunder unless it reasonably believes that the assignee or participant is a Qualified Purchaser and that such assignment or participation will not cause the Borrower or the pool of Collateral to be required to register as an investment company under the Investment Company Act.

Section 12.07 Governing Law.

THIS AGREEMENT AND THE RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTIES UNDER THIS AGREEMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

Section 12.08 Severability of Provisions.

Any provision of this Agreement which is prohibited or unenforceable in any jurisdiction shall, as to such jurisdiction, be ineffective to the extent of such prohibition or unenforceability without invalidating the remaining provisions hereof or affecting the validity or enforceability of such provision in any other jurisdiction.

Section 12.09 Confidentiality.

Each Secured Party agrees to keep confidential all information provided to it by the Borrower or the Investment Manager with respect to the Borrower, its Affiliates, the Collateral, the Related Documents, the Obligors or any other information furnished to any other Secured Party pursuant to this Agreement or any other Facility Document (collectively, the "Borrower Information"); provided that nothing herein shall prevent any Secured Party from disclosing any Borrower Information (a) to any Secured Party or any Affiliate of a Secured Party, any of their respective Affiliates, employees, directors, agents, attorneys, accountants and other professional advisors (collectively, the "Secured Party Representatives"), it being understood that the Persons to whom such disclosure is made will be informed prior to such disclosure of the confidential nature of such Borrower Information and instructed to keep such Borrower Information confidential, (b) subject to an agreement to comply with the provisions of this Section and to use the Borrower Information only in connection with this Agreement and the other Facility Documents and not for any other purpose, to any actual or bona fide prospective permitted assignees and Participants in any of the Secured Parties' interests under or in connection with this Agreement, (c) upon the request or demand of any Authority with jurisdiction over any Secured Party or any of its Affiliates or any Secured Party Representative, (d) in response to any order of any court or other Authority or as may otherwise be required to be disclosed pursuant to any Applicable Law, (e) that is a matter of general public knowledge or that has heretofore been made available to the public by any Person other than any Secured Party or any Secured Party Representative, (f) any nationally recognized rating agency that requires access to information about a Secured Party's investment portfolio in connection with ratings

issued with respect to such Secured Party, it being understood that the Persons to whom such disclosure is made will be informed of the confidential nature of such Borrower Information and instructed to keep such Borrower Information confidential, (g) in connection with the exercise of any remedy hereunder or under any other Facility Document (including, without limitation, under Article VII) or (h) to any Program Manager or Conduit Support Provider of a CP Lender or Affiliate, it being understood that the Persons to whom such disclosure is made will be informed of the confidential nature of such Borrower Information and instructed to keep such Borrower Information confidential.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein or in any of the other Facility Documents, each of the parties hereto acknowledges and agrees that each CP Lender (or its Program Manager or Conduit Support Provider, as applicable) may post to a secured password-protected internet website maintained by such CP Lender (or its Program Manager or Conduit Support Provider, as applicable) and required by any rating agency that rates the Commercial Paper Notes of any CP Conduit in connection with Rule 17g-5 of the Exchange Act, the following information: (i) its Conduit Support Facility, (ii) a copy of this Agreement (including any amendments hereto, but excluding the Schedules and Exhibits hereto), (iii) its monthly transaction surveillance reports (substantially in the form provided to the Borrower on or before the Original Closing Date), and (iv) such other information as may be requested by such rating agency; provided that, prior to being permitted to access to such website, each prospective user will be informed of the confidential nature of information posted therein and will be permitted to access such website only subject to customary undertakings to keep such information confidential and to use such information solely for the purposes of rating the Commercial Paper Notes of the CP Lender or CP Lenders providing such information.

Section 12.10 Merger.

This Agreement, the Notes and the other Facility Documents executed by the Borrower, the Investment Manager, the Agents or the Lenders taken as a whole incorporate the entire agreement between the parties thereto concerning the subject matter thereof and such Facility Documents supersede any prior agreements among the parties relating to the subject matter thereof.

Section 12.11 Survival.

All representations and warranties made hereunder, in the other Facility Documents and in any certificate delivered pursuant hereto or thereto or in connection herewith or therewith shall survive the execution and delivery of this Agreement and the making of the Advances hereunder. The agreements in Sections 2.04(f), 2.09, 2.10, 2.12, the penultimate paragraph of 7.03, 7.06(b), 11.04, 12.03, 12.04, 12.09, 12.16 and 12.19 and this Section 12.11 shall survive the termination of this Agreement in whole or in part and the payment in full of the principal of and interest on the Advances.

Section 12.12 Submission to Jurisdiction; Waivers; Etc.

Each party hereto hereby irrevocably and unconditionally:

(a) submits for itself and its property in any legal action or proceeding relating to this Agreement or the other Facility Documents to which it is a party, or for recognition and enforcement of any judgment in respect thereof, to the non-exclusive general jurisdiction of the courts of the State of New York sitting in New York County, the courts of the United States for the Southern District of New York and the appellate courts of any of them;

(b) consents that any such action or proceeding may be brought in any court described in Section 12.12(a) and waives to the fullest extent permitted by Applicable Law any objection that it may now or hereafter have to the venue of any such action or proceeding in any such court or that such action or proceeding was brought in an inconvenient court and agrees not to plead or claim the same;

(c) agrees that service of process in any such action or proceeding may be effected by mailing a copy thereof by registered or certified mail (or any substantially similar form of mail), postage prepaid, to such party at its address set forth in Section 12.02 or at such other address as may be permitted thereunder;

(d) agrees that nothing herein shall affect the right to effect service of process in any other manner permitted by law or shall limit the right to sue in any other jurisdiction or court; and

(e) waives, to the maximum extent not prohibited by law, any right it may have to claim or recover in any legal action or proceeding against any Secured Party arising out of or relating to this Agreement or any other Facility Document any special, exemplary, punitive or consequential damages.

Section 12.13 Waiver of Jury Trial.

EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO HEREBY IRREVOCABLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY WAIVES TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL ACTION OR PROCEEDING RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY OTHER FACILITY DOCUMENT OR FOR ANY COUNTERCLAIM THEREIN OR RELATING THERETO.

Section 12.14 Service of Process.

The Borrower hereby irrevocably designates, appoints and empowers CT Corporation System, (the "Process Agent"), with an office on the date hereof at 111 Eighth Avenue, New York, NY 10011, as its designee, appointee and agent to receive, accept and acknowledge for and on its behalf, and its properties, assets and revenues, service for any and all legal process, summons, notices and documents which may be served in any action, suit or proceeding brought in the courts listed in Section 12.12 in connection with or arising out of this Agreement or any other Facility Document. If for any reason the Process Agent shall cease to act as such, the Borrower agrees to promptly designate new designees, appointees and agents in New York, New York on the terms and for the purposes of this Section 12.14 satisfactory to the Facility Agent, which new designees, appointees and agents shall thereafter be deemed to be the Process Agent for all purposes of this Agreement and the other Facility Documents. The Borrower further hereby irrevocably consents and agrees to the service of any and all legal process, summonses, notices and documents out of any of the aforesaid courts in any such action,

suit or proceeding by serving a copy thereof upon the Process Agent (whether or not the appointment of the Process Agent shall for any reason prove to be ineffective or the Process Agent shall accept or acknowledge such service) or by mailing copies thereof by regular or overnight mail, postage prepaid, to the Process Agent at its address specified above in this Section 12.14. The Borrower agrees that the failure of the Process Agent to give any notice of such service to it shall not impair or affect in any way the validity of such service or any judgment rendered in any action or proceeding based thereon. Nothing herein shall in any way be deemed to limit the ability of any Secured Party to serve any such legal process, summons, notices and documents in any other manner permitted by Applicable Law or to obtain jurisdiction over the Borrower or bring actions, suits or proceedings against the Borrower in such other jurisdictions, and in a manner, as may be permitted by Applicable Law.

Section 12.15 Waiver of Immunity.

To the extent that the Borrower or any of its properties, assets or revenues may have or may hereafter become entitled to, or have attributed to it, any right of immunity, on the grounds of sovereignty or other similar grounds, from any legal action, suit or proceeding in connection with or arising out of this Agreement or any other Facility Document, from the giving of any relief in any thereof, from setoff or counterclaim, from the jurisdiction of any court, from service of process, from attachment upon or prior to judgment, from attachment in aid of execution of judgment, or from execution of judgment, or other legal process or proceeding for the giving of any relief or for the enforcement of any judgment, in any jurisdiction in which proceeding may at any time be commenced, with respect to its obligations, liabilities or any other matter under or arising out of or in connection with this Agreement or any other Facility Document, the Borrower hereby irrevocably and unconditionally waives to the fullest extent permitted by Applicable Law, and agrees for the benefit of each of the Secured Parties not to plead or claim, any such immunity, and consents to such relief and enforcement.

Section 12.16 Judgment in Foreign Currency.

The Borrower agrees to indemnify each of the Secured Parties against any loss incurred by any such payee as a result of any judgment or order being given or made for any amount due hereunder and such judgment or order being expressed and paid in a currency (the "Judgment Currency") other than Dollars and as a result of any variation as between (i) the rate of exchange at which the Dollar amount is converted into the Judgment Currency for the purpose of such judgment or order, and (ii) the rate of exchange at which such payee upon receipt of the Judgment Currency could have purchased Dollars with the amount of Judgment Currency actually received by such payee. The foregoing indemnity shall constitute a separate and independent obligation of the Borrower and shall continue in full force and effect notwithstanding any such judgment or order as aforesaid. The term "rate of exchange" shall include any premiums and costs of exchange payable in connection with the purchase of, or conversion into, the relevant currency.

Section 12.17 PATRIOT Act Notice.

Each Lender and the Collateral Agent hereby notify the Borrower that pursuant to the requirements of the USA PATRIOT Act (Title III of Pub. L. 107-56 (signed into law on

October 26, 2001)) (the “PATRIOT Act”), it is required to obtain, verify and record information that identifies the Borrower, which information includes the name and address of the Borrower and other information that will allow the Lenders to identify the Borrower in accordance with the PATRIOT Act. The Borrower shall provide, to the extent commercially reasonable, such information and take such actions as are reasonably requested by any Lender or the Collateral Agent in order to assist such Person in maintaining compliance with the PATRIOT Act.

Section 12.18 Legal Holidays.

In the event that the date of any Payment Date, date of prepayment or Final Maturity Date shall not be a Business Day, then notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement or any Facility Document, payment need not be made on such date, but may be made on the next succeeding Business Day with the same force and effect as if made on the nominal date of any such Payment Date, date of prepayment or Final Maturity Date, as the case may be, and interest shall accrue on such payment for the period from and after any such nominal date to but excluding such next succeeding Business Day.

Section 12.19 Non-Petition.

Each of the Agents, each Lender and each Secured Party hereby agrees not to institute against, or join, cooperate with or encourage any other Person in instituting against, the Borrower any bankruptcy, reorganization, receivership, arrangement, insolvency, moratorium or liquidation proceedings or other proceedings under federal or state bankruptcy or similar laws until at least two years and one day, or if longer, the applicable preference period then in effect plus one day, after the payment in full of the Advances and the termination of all Commitments; provided that nothing in this Section 12.19 shall preclude, or be deemed to stop, each Agent and each Lender (i) from taking any action prior to the expiration of the aforementioned two years and one day period, or if longer the applicable preference period then in effect plus one day, in (a) any case or proceeding voluntarily filed or commenced by the Borrower or (b) any involuntary insolvency proceeding filed or commenced against the Borrower by a Person other than any Agent, Lender or Secured Party, or (ii) from commencing against the Borrower or any properties of the Borrower any legal action which is not a bankruptcy, reorganization, receivership, arrangement, insolvency, moratorium or liquidation proceeding or other proceeding under federal or state bankruptcy or similar laws. The provisions of this Section 12.19 shall survive the termination of this Agreement.

Section 12.20 Custodianship; Delivery of Collateral Obligations and Eligible Investments.

(a) The Investment Manager shall deliver or cause to be delivered to State Street Bank and Trust Company, as custodian (in such capacity, the “Custodian”) and which is so appointed hereby by the Borrower, all Collateral in accordance with the definition of the term “Deliver”. The Custodian shall at all times be a Securities Intermediary. Any successor custodian shall be a state or national bank or trust company that has capital and surplus of at least \$200,000,000, has DBRS Ratings of at least “A (high)” and “R-1 (middle)” and is a Securities Intermediary. The Collateral Agent or the Custodian, as applicable, shall hold (i) all Collateral Obligations, Eligible Investments, Cash and other investments purchased in accordance with this

Agreement and (ii) any other property of the Borrower otherwise Delivered to the Collateral Agent or the Custodian, as applicable, by or on behalf of the Borrower, in the relevant Covered Account established and maintained pursuant to Article VIII; as to which in each case the Collateral Agent shall have entered into an agreement with the Custodian substantially in the form of the Account Control Agreement, inter alia, that the establishment and maintenance of such Covered Account will be governed by a law of a jurisdiction satisfactory to the Borrower, the Collateral Agent and the Facility Agent.

(b) Each time that the Investment Manager directs or causes the acquisition of any Collateral Obligation, Eligible Investment, or other investment, the Borrower shall, if the Collateral Obligation, Eligible Investment, or other investment is required to be, but has not already been, transferred to the relevant Covered Account, cause the Collateral Obligation, Eligible Investment, or other investment to be Delivered to the Custodian to be held in the Custodial Account (or, in the case of any such investment that is not a Collateral Obligation, in the Covered Account in which the funds used to purchase the investment are held in accordance with Article X) for the benefit of the Collateral Agent in accordance with this Agreement. The security interest of the Collateral Agent in the funds or other property used in connection with the acquisition shall, immediately and without further action on the part of the Collateral Agent, be released. The security interest of the Collateral Agent shall nevertheless come into existence and continue in the Collateral Obligation, Eligible Investment, or other investment so acquired, including all interests of the Borrower in any contracts related to and proceeds of such Collateral Obligation, Eligible Investment, or other investment.

(c) The Custodian hereby agrees to accept the Collateral Delivered to it as set forth in Sections 12.20(a) and (b), to hold the Collateral in safekeeping in the applicable Account or Accounts and to invest, release and transfer the same only in accordance with the written instructions of the Investment Manager (prior to the occurrence of an Event of Default) or the Collateral Agent (after the occurrence and continuation of an Event of Default) or as otherwise provided herein or in the Account Control Agreement; provided, however that in the event of any conflict, the provisions of the Account Control Agreement shall control. Interest, dividends and any other proceeds received by the Custodian with respect to the Collateral shall be distributed pursuant to the Payment Date Report; provided that the Custodian may from time to time deduct from the Custodial Account amounts owed to it by the Borrower pursuant to the Account Control Agreement.

(d) The Custodian shall be obligated only for the performance of such duties as are specifically set forth in this Agreement and the Account Control Agreement and may rely and shall be protected in acting or refraining from acting on any written notice, request, waiver, consent or instrument believed by it to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper party or parties. The Custodian shall have no duty to determine or inquire into the happening or occurrence of any event or contingency, and it is agreed that its duties hereunder are purely ministerial in nature. The Custodian may consult with and obtain advice from legal counsel as to any provision hereof or its duties hereunder. The Custodian shall not be liable for any action taken or omitted by it in good faith and believed by it to be authorized hereby or taken or omitted by it in accordance with the advice of its counsel, except, in each case, to the extent such action or omission constitutes gross negligence or willful misconduct by the Custodian.

The Custodian shall have all of the rights and protections afforded to the Collateral Agent pursuant to this Agreement.

(e) Should any controversy arise between the undersigned with respect to the Collateral held by the Custodian, the Custodian shall have the right to consult with counsel and/or follow the instructions of the Collateral Agent acting at the direction of the Facility Agent on behalf of the Secured Parties.

(f) The Custodian may at any time resign hereunder by giving written notice of its resignation to the Borrower and the Facility Agent at least ninety days prior to the date specified for such resignation to take effect, and, upon the effective date of such resignation, the Collateral held by the Custodian shall be delivered by it to such Person as may be designated in writing by the Collateral Agent acting at the direction of the Facility Agent on behalf of the Secured Parties, whereupon all the Custodian's obligations hereunder shall cease and terminate. If no such Person shall have been designated by such date, all obligations of the Custodian hereunder shall nevertheless cease and terminate. The Custodian's sole responsibility thereafter shall be to keep safely all Collateral then held by it and to deliver the same to a Person designated by the Collateral Agent acting at the direction of the Facility Agent on behalf of the Secured Parties or in accordance with the direction of a final order or judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction.

(g) The Custodian shall have no responsibility under this Agreement other than to render the services called for hereunder in good faith and without willful misfeasance, gross negligence or reckless disregard of its duties hereunder. The Custodian shall incur no liability to anyone in acting upon any signature, instrument, statement, notice, resolution, request, direction, consent, order, certificate, report, opinion, bond or other document or paper reasonably believed by it to be genuine and reasonably believed by it to be signed by the proper party or parties. Neither the Custodian nor any of its affiliates, directors, officers, shareholders, agents or employees shall be liable to any other party hereto, except by reason of acts or omission constituting bad faith, willful misfeasance, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the Custodian's duties hereunder. Anything in this Agreement notwithstanding, in no event shall the Custodian be liable for special, indirect or consequential loss or damage of any kind whatsoever (including lost profits), even if the Custodian has been advised of such loss or damage and regardless of the form of action, except in the case of bad faith, willful misfeasance, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the Custodian's duties hereunder.

(h) The Custodian shall have no liability for losses arising from (i) any cause beyond its control, including, but not limited to, the act, failure or neglect of any agent or correspondent selected with due care by the Custodian for the remittance of funds, (ii) any delay, error, omission or default of any mail, telegraph, cable or wireless agency or operator, or (iii) the acts or edicts of any government or governmental agency or other group or entity exercising governmental powers.

Section 12.21 Special Provisions Applicable to CP Lenders.

Each of the parties hereby covenants and agrees that:

(a) It shall not institute against, or encourage, cooperate with or join any other Person in instituting against, any CP Lender any bankruptcy, examination, reorganization, arrangement, insolvency or liquidation proceeding, or other proceeding under bankruptcy or similar law until at least two years and one day after the latest maturing Commercial Paper Notes or other rated indebtedness issued by (x) any limited purpose entity providing funding to any CP Lender or (y) such CP Lender, is paid in full; provided that nothing in this Section 12.21 shall preclude, or be deemed to stop, (i) from taking any action prior to the expiration of the aforementioned two years and one day period, or if longer the applicable preference period then in effect plus one day, in (a) any case or proceeding voluntarily filed or commenced by such CP Lender or (b) provided that such party has complied with its obligations set forth in this Section 12.21(a), any involuntary insolvency proceeding filed or commenced against such CP Lender by a Person other than it, or (ii) from commencing against such CP Lender or any properties of the CP Lender any legal action which is not a bankruptcy, reorganization, receivership, arrangement, insolvency, moratorium or liquidation proceeding or other proceeding under federal or state bankruptcy or similar laws.

(b) It waives any right to set-off and to appropriate and apply any and all deposits and any other indebtedness at any time held or owing thereby to or for the credit or the account of any CP Lender against and on account of the obligations and liabilities of such CP Lender to such party under this Agreement.

(c) Notwithstanding any provisions contained in this Agreement or the other Facility Documents to the contrary, the Commitment of any CP Lender and any other amounts payable by such CP Lender under this Agreement and the other Facility Documents shall be without recourse to any officer, director, employee, stockholder, member, agent or manager of such CP Lender and shall be solely the corporate obligations of such CP Lender.

(d) Notwithstanding any provisions contained in this Agreement or the other Facility Documents to the contrary, no CP Lender shall, or shall be obligated to, fund or pay any amount pursuant to its Commitment or any other obligation under this Agreement unless such CP Lender has received funds which may be used to make such funding or other payment and which funds are not required to repay Commercial Paper Notes or other short term funding backing its Commercial Paper Notes issued by a conduit providing funding to such CP Lender, or finance activities of, such CP Lender when due, and after giving effect to such payment, either (i) such CP Lender (or, if applicable, the limited purpose entity which finances the CP Lender) could issue commercial paper to refinance all of such CP Lender's outstanding commercial paper (assuming such outstanding commercial paper matured at such time) in accordance with the program documents governing its commercial paper program or (ii) all of the commercial paper of such CP Lender (or, if applicable, the limited purpose entity which finances such CP Lender) is paid in full. Any amount which such CP Lender does not advance pursuant to the operation of this paragraph shall not constitute a claim (as defined in Section 101 of the Bankruptcy Code) against or obligation of such CP Lender for any such insufficiency.

(e) Notwithstanding any provisions contained in this Agreement or the other Facility Documents to the contrary, but subject in all respects to Section 12.09 hereof, each CP Lender may disclose to its respective support providers, any Affiliates of any such party and Authorities having jurisdiction over such CP Lender, such support provider, any Affiliate of such

party and any rating agency that issues a rating on such CP Lender's commercial paper notes, the identities of (and other material information regarding) the Borrower, any other obligor on, or in respect of, an Advance made by such CP Lender, collateral for such an Advance and any of the terms and provisions of the Facility Documents that it may deem necessary or advisable.

(f) The provisions of Sections 12.21(a), (c) and (d) shall survive the termination of this Agreement.

(g) No amendment or waiver under this Agreement or any other Facility Document that would affect a CP Lender, a support provider of a CP Lender or an Advance made by such CP Lender in a manner that is disproportionate and adverse relative to other Lenders shall be effective without the consent of such CP Lender.

(h) No pledge and/or collateral assignment by any CP Lender to a support provider under a support facility of an interest in the rights of such CP Lender in any Advance made by such CP Lender and the Obligations shall constitute an assignment and/or assumption of such CP Lender's obligation under this Agreement, such obligations in all cases remaining with such CP Lender. Moreover, any such pledge and/or collateral assignment of the rights of such CP Lender shall be permitted hereunder without further action or consent and any such pledgee may foreclose on any such pledge and perfect an assignment of such interest and enforce such CP Lender's right hereunder notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement.

(i) Each CP Lender may act hereunder by and through its Program Manager.

(j) This Section 12.21 shall not be amended or waived without the written consent of each CP Lender.

[SIGNATURES COMMENCE ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed by their respective officers thereunto duly authorized, as of the date first above written.

TPG SL SPV, LLC,
as Borrower

By: /s/ Joshua Easterly
Name: Joshua Easterly
Title: Vice President

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed by their respective officers thereunto duly authorized, as of the date first above written.

STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY,
as Collateral Agent, Custodian and Calculation Agent

By: /s/ Scott Berry
Name: Scott Berry
Title: Vice President

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed by their respective officers thereunto duly authorized, as of the date first above written.

NATIXIS, NEW YORK BRANCH,
as Facility Agent

By: /s/ Henry J. Sandlass
Name: Henry J. Sandlass
Title: Managing Director

By: /s/ David Duncan
Name: David Duncan
Title: Managing Director

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be executed by their respective officers thereunto duly authorized, as of the date first above written.

VERSAILLES ASSETS LLC,
as Lender

By: /s/ Bernard J. Angelo
Name: Bernard J. Angelo
Title: Senior Vice President

By: /s/ John L. Fridlington
Name: John L. Fridlington
Title: Vice President

Initial Commitments And Percentages

<u>Name of Lender</u>	<u>Commitment</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
Versailles Assets LLC	\$175,000,000	100.00%
TOTAL	\$175,000,000	100.00%

Schedule 1-1

Scope of Monthly Report and Payment Date Report

Part 1: Monthly Reporting Scope

1. The Aggregate Principal Balance of all Collateral Obligations and Equity Securities
2. The balance of all Eligible Investments and cash in each of:
 - a. The Collection Account (including the Interest Collection Subaccount, the Principal Collection Subaccount, and the Canadian Dollar Subaccount)
 - b. The Payment Account
 - c. The Revolving Reserve Account
 - d. The Lender Funding Account (including each Lender Funding Subaccount therein)
 - e. The Currency Exchange Account
 - f. The Custodial Account
 - g. The Funded Draw Collection Account
 - h. The Closing Expense Account
3. Commitment and aggregate outstanding principal amount of all Advances
4. The nature, source and amount of any proceeds in the Collection Account (including Principal Proceeds and Interest Proceeds received since the Monthly Report Determination Date or Determination Date relating to the last Monthly Report or Payment Date Report, respectively) and the Revolving Reserve Account
5. Compliance level of Coverage Tests vs. test level
 - a. Calculation of Minimum Overcollateralization Ratio Test
 - b. Calculation of Interest Coverage Ratio Test
6. Compliance with Collateral Quality Tests
 - a. the Minimum Diversity Score Test
 - b. the Minimum Average Recovery Rate Test
 - c. the Minimum Weighted Average Spread Test
 - d. the Minimum Weighted Average Fixed Rate Coupon Test
 - e. the Weighted Average Maturity Date Test
 - f. the Maximum DBRS Risk Score Test
7. Compliance with Concentration Limitations
 - a. Fixed Rate Obligations
 - b. Obligor concentrations
 - c. Revolving Collateral Loans or Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loans
 - d. Canadian Dollar Obligations
 - e. Eligible Senior Secured Loans
 - f. Eligible Senior Secured Bonds
 - g. Eligible Mezzanine Loans
 - h. Current Pay Obligations
 - i. DBRS Industry Classification
 - j. Participation Interests
 - k. DIP Loans
 - l. Collateral Obligations that permit payment of interest less frequently than quarterly
 - m. Collateral Obligation with DBRS Rating below “B” / Credit Estimate and trailing 12 month EBITDA
 - n. Covenant Lite Loans
8. Listing of all Collateral Obligations with attributes including
 - a. Obligor name and identifying number

- b. Principal Balance
 - c. DBRS rating (if public) and the last date of the Credit Estimate (if a Credit Estimate)
 - d. Fitch rating (if public)
 - e. Moody's rating (if public)
 - f. S&P rating (if public)
 - g. DBRS Industry Classification
 - h. lien position (Eligible Senior Secured Loan, First Lien/Last Out Loan, Eligible Second Lien Loan, Eligible Mezzanine Loan, or Eligible Senior Secured Bond)
 - i. Whether the Collateral Obligation is fixed or floating
 - j. For floating rate obligations, the index over which interest is calculated (e.g., LIBOR, prime or other)
 - k. Cash-pay coupon (for Fixed Rate Obligations)
 - l. Cash-pay spread (for floating rate obligations)
 - m. Maturity date
 - n. Whether the Collateral Obligation is a Credit Risk Loan/Bond, Defaulted Loan/Bond, or Current Pay Obligation
 - o. Country of domicile
 - p. Frequency of interest payment
 - q. Whether such Collateral Obligation is a Revolving Collateral Loan or a Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loan
 - r. The unfunded amount, if any, in respect of a Revolving Collateral Loan or a Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loan
 - s. For each Canadian Dollar Obligation, the Settlement Date Rate for such Canadian Dollar Obligation and the Spot Foreign Exchange Rate as of the applicable Monthly Report Determination Date
9. For Defaulted Loan/Bonds
- a. Default Date
 - b. Days in default
 - c. Principal Balance
 - d. If an appraisal has been received in last 3 months
 - e. Appraised Value
 - f. Principal Collateralization Amount
10. Participations
- a. All obligations owned via participation
 - b. Revolving Collateral Loans and Delayed Drawdown Collateral Loans sold via participation
 - c. Participation counterparty for each participation
 - d. DBRS Rating for each participation counterparty
11. Calculation of Overcollateralization Ratio
12. Calculation of the Diversity Score
13. Assets purchased or sold within the Collection Period including
- a. Facility name
 - b. Trade/settlement dates
 - c. Reason for sale / Transaction motivation (e.g. Discretionary, Credit Risk, Credit Improved.)
 - d. Purchaser or seller is an affiliate of the Borrower?
 - e. Par amount
 - f. Price
 - g. Proceeds
 - h. Accrued interest
14. Interest rate for the Advances for the Interest Accrual Period preceding the next Payment Date

Part 2: Payment Date Reporting Scope

1. All information included in a Monthly Report under Part 1 above
2. Payment Date waterfall list application of all Interest Proceeds and Principal Proceeds
3. Beginning and ending aggregate outstanding principal amount of all Advances
4. Beginning and ending balance of all Covered Accounts

Schedule 2-4

Industry Diversity Score Table

Aggregate Industry/ Regional Equivalent Unit Score	Industry Diversity Score	Aggregate Industry/ Regional Equivalent Unit Score	Industry Diversity Score	Aggregate Industry/ Regional Equivalent Unit Score	Industry Diversity Score	Aggregate Industry/ Regional Equivalent Unit Score	Industry Diversity Score
0.0000	0.0000	5.0500	2.7000	10.1500	4.0200	15.2500	4.5300
0.0500	0.1000	5.1500	2.7333	10.2500	4.0300	15.3500	4.5400
0.1500	0.2000	5.2500	2.7667	10.3500	4.0400	15.4500	4.5500
0.2500	0.3000	5.3500	2.8000	10.4500	4.0500	15.5500	4.5600
0.3500	0.4000	5.4500	2.8333	10.5500	4.0600	15.6500	4.5700
0.4500	0.5000	5.5500	2.8667	10.6500	4.0700	15.7500	4.5800
0.5500	0.6000	5.6500	2.9000	10.7500	4.0800	15.8500	4.5900
0.6500	0.7000	5.7500	2.9333	10.8500	4.0900	15.9500	4.6000
0.7500	0.8000	5.8500	2.9667	10.9500	4.1000	16.0500	4.6100
0.8500	0.9000	5.9500	3.0000	11.0500	4.1100	16.1500	4.6200
0.9500	1.0000	6.0500	3.0250	11.1500	4.1200	16.2500	4.6300
1.0500	1.0500	6.1500	3.0500	11.2500	4.1300	16.3500	4.6400
1.1500	1.1000	6.2500	3.0750	11.3500	4.1400	16.4500	4.6500
1.2500	1.1500	6.3500	3.1000	11.4500	4.1500	16.5500	4.6600
1.3500	1.2000	6.4500	3.1250	11.5500	4.1600	16.6500	4.6700
1.4500	1.2500	6.5500	3.1500	11.6500	4.1700	16.7500	4.6800
1.5500	1.3000	6.6500	3.1750	11.7500	4.1800	16.8500	4.6900
1.6500	1.3500	6.7500	3.2000	11.8500	4.1900	16.9500	4.7000
1.7500	1.4000	6.8500	3.2250	11.9500	4.2000	17.0500	4.7100
1.8500	1.4500	6.9500	3.2500	12.0500	4.2100	17.1500	4.7200
1.9500	1.5000	7.0500	3.2750	12.1500	4.2200	17.2500	4.7300
2.0500	1.5500	7.1500	3.3000	12.2500	4.2300	17.3500	4.7400
2.1500	1.6000	7.2500	3.3250	12.3500	4.2400	17.4500	4.7500
2.2500	1.6500	7.3500	3.3500	12.4500	4.2500	17.5500	4.7600
2.3500	1.7000	7.4500	3.3750	12.5500	4.2600	17.6500	4.7700
2.4500	1.7500	7.5500	3.4000	12.6500	4.2700	17.7500	4.7800
2.5500	1.8000	7.6500	3.4250	12.7500	4.2800	17.8500	4.7900
2.6500	1.8500	7.7500	3.4500	12.8500	4.2900	17.9500	4.8000
2.7500	1.9000	7.8500	3.4750	12.9500	4.3000	18.0500	4.8100
2.8500	1.9500	7.9500	3.5000	13.0500	4.3100	18.1500	4.8200
2.9500	2.0000	8.0500	3.5250	13.1500	4.3200	18.2500	4.8300
3.0500	2.0333	8.1500	3.5500	13.2500	4.3300	18.3500	4.8400
3.1500	2.0667	8.2500	3.5750	13.3500	4.3400	18.4500	4.8500
3.2500	2.1000	8.3500	3.6000	13.4500	4.3500	18.5500	4.8600
3.3500	2.1333	8.4500	3.6250	13.5500	4.3600	18.6500	4.8700

Schedule 3-1

Aggregate Industry/ Regional Equivalent Unit Score	Industry Diversity Score	Aggregate Industry/ Regional Equivalent Unit Score	Industry Diversity Score	Aggregate Industry/ Regional Equivalent Unit Score	Industry Diversity Score	Aggregate Industry/ Regional Equivalent Unit Score	Industry Diversity Score
3.4500	2.1667	8.5500	3.6500	13.6500	4.3700	18.7500	4.8800
3.5500	2.2000	8.6500	3.6750	13.7500	4.3800	18.8500	4.8900
3.6500	2.2333	8.7500	3.7000	13.8500	4.3900	18.9500	4.9000
3.7500	2.2667	8.8500	3.7250	13.9500	4.4000	19.0500	4.9100
3.8500	2.3000	8.9500	3.7500	14.0500	4.4100	19.1500	4.9200
3.9500	2.3333	9.0500	3.7750	14.1500	4.4200	19.2500	4.9300
4.0500	2.3667	9.1500	3.8000	14.2500	4.4300	19.3500	4.9400
4.1500	2.4000	9.2500	3.8250	14.3500	4.4400	19.4500	4.9500
4.2500	2.4333	9.3500	3.8500	14.4500	4.4500	19.5500	4.9600
4.3500	2.4667	9.4500	3.8750	14.5500	4.4600	19.6500	4.9700
4.4500	2.5000	9.5500	3.9000	14.6500	4.4700	19.7500	4.9800
4.5500	2.5333	9.6500	3.9250	14.7500	4.4800	19.8500	4.9900
4.6500	2.5667	9.7500	3.9500	14.8500	4.4900	19.9500	5.0000
4.7500	2.6000	9.8500	3.9750	14.9500	4.5000		
4.8500	2.6333	9.9500	4.0000	15.0500	4.5100		
4.9500	2.6667	10.0500	4.0100	15.1500	4.5200		

Schedule 3-2

DBRS Risk Scores

The "DBRS Risk Score" relating to any Collateral Obligation at any time is the percentage set forth in the table below opposite the DBRS Long Term Rating of such Collateral Obligation at such time:

DBRS Long Term Rating	DBRS Risk Score
AAA	0.1771
AA (high)	0.2705
AA	0.3729
AA (low)	0.4351
A (high)	0.5023
A	0.6066
A (low)	0.8085
BBB (high)	1.3445
BBB	2.1542
BBB (low)	3.6344
BB (high)	7.2478
BB	10.0962
BB (low)	13.4563
B (high)	17.7695
B	22.5401
B (low)	31.2211
CCC (high)	49.7747
CCC	70.5414
CCC (low)	90.6642
C	100.0000

Schedule 4-1

DBRS Industry Classifications

Name

- 1 Aerospace & Defense
- 2 Air transport
- 3 Automotive
- 4 Beverage & Tobacco
- 5 Radio & Television
- 6 Brokers, Dealers & Investment houses
- 7 Building & Development
- 8 Business equipment & services
- 9 Cable & satellite television
- 10 Chemicals & plastics
- 11 Clothing/textiles
- 12 Conglomerates
- 13 Containers & glass products
- 14 Cosmetics/toiletries
- 15 Drugs
- 16 Ecological services & equipment
- 17 Electronics/electrical
- 18 Equipment leasing
- 19 Farming/agriculture
- 20 Financial intermediaries
- 21 Food/drug retailers
- 22 Food products
- 23 Food service
- 24 Forest products
- 25 Health care
- 26 Home furnishings
- 27 Lodging & casinos
- 28 Industrial equipment
- 29 Insurance
- 30 Leisure goods/activities/movies
- 31 Nonferrous metals/minerals
- 32 Oil & gas
- 33 Publishing
- 34 Rail industries
- 35 Retailers (except food & drug)
- 36 Steel
- 37 Surface transport
- 38 Telecommunications
- 39 Utilities
- 40 Miscs
- 41 Sovereign

LIBOR

With respect to each Interest Accrual Period, LIBOR will be determined by the Calculation Agent in accordance with the following provisions:

(i) LIBOR for such Interest Accrual Period shall equal the offered rate, as determined by the Calculation Agent, for Dollar deposits in Europe of the Designated Maturity which appears on Reuters Screen LIBOR01 Page (or such other page as may replace such Reuters Screen LIBOR01 Page for the purpose of displaying comparable rates) as reported by Bloomberg Financial Markets Commodities News (or, in the event that Bloomberg Financial Markets Commodities News ceases to report LIBOR for Dollar deposits, by another recognized financial reporting service) (the “Screen Page”) as of 11:00 a.m. (London time) on the applicable LIBOR Determination Date. “LIBOR Determination Date” means, with respect to any Interest Accrual Period, the second London Banking Day prior to the first day of such Interest Accrual Period.

(ii) If, on any LIBOR Determination Date, such rate does not appear on the Screen Page, the Calculation Agent shall determine the arithmetic mean of the offered quotations of the Reference Banks to prime banks in the London interbank market for U.S. Dollar deposits in Europe of the Designated Maturity (except that in the case where such Interest Accrual Period shall commence on a day that is not a LIBOR Business Day, for a term of the Designated Maturity commencing on the next following LIBOR Business Day), by reference to requests for quotations as of approximately 11:00 a.m. (London time) on such LIBOR Determination Date made by the Calculation Agent to the Reference Banks. If, on any LIBOR Determination Date, at least two of the Reference Banks provide such quotations, LIBOR shall equal such arithmetic mean of such quotations. If, on any LIBOR Determination Date, fewer than two Reference Banks provide such quotations, LIBOR shall be deemed to be the arithmetic mean of the offered quotations that leading banks in New York City selected by the Calculation Agent (after consultation with the Borrower) are quoting on the relevant LIBOR Determination Date for Dollar deposits in Europe for the term of such Interest Accrual Period (except that in the case where such Interest Accrual Period shall commence on a day that is not a LIBOR Business Day, for a term of the Designated Maturity commencing on the next following LIBOR Business Day), to the principal London offices of leading banks in the London interbank market.

(iii) In respect of any Interest Accrual Period having a Designated Maturity other than three months, LIBOR shall be determined through the use of straight line interpolation by reference to two rates calculated in accordance with clauses (i) and (ii) above, one of which shall be determined as if the maturity of the Dollar deposits referred to therein were the period of time for which rates are available next shorter than the Interest Accrual Period and the other of which shall be determined as if such maturity were the period of time for which rates are available next longer than the Interest Accrual Period; provided that, if an Interest Accrual Period is less than or equal to seven days, then LIBOR shall be determined by reference to a rate calculated in accordance with

clauses (i) and (ii) above as if the maturity of the Dollar deposits referred to therein were a period of time equal to seven days.

(iv) If the Calculation Agent is unable to determine a rate in accordance with at least one of the procedures described above, LIBOR with respect to such Interest Accrual Period shall be the arithmetic mean of the Base Rate for each day during such Interest Accrual Period.

For purposes of clauses (i), (iii) and (iv) above, all percentages resulting from such calculations shall be rounded, if necessary, to the nearest one hundred thousandth of a percentage point. For the purposes of clause (ii) above, all percentages resulting from such calculations shall be rounded, if necessary, to the nearest one thirty second of a percentage point.

Notwithstanding the foregoing or anything in this Agreement to the contrary, the relevant CP Lender (or its Conduit Support Provider or Program Manager, as applicable) shall determine and announce to the Calculation Agent the Cost of Funds Rate for each Cost of Funds Rate Advance, such determination to be conclusive absent manifest error.

As used herein:

“Designated Maturity” means, in respect of any Interest Accrual Period, the length of such Interest Accrual Period.

“LIBOR Business Day” means a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments in Dollars in New York and London.

“Reference Banks” means four major banks in the London interbank market selected by the Calculation Agent.

Schedule 6-2

DBRS Rating Procedure

The “**DBRS Rating**” for an Obligor, Lender, Selling Institution or other Person (collectively referred to as the “**Obligor**” for purposes of this Schedule) means the DBRS Long Term Rating for such Obligor determined in accordance with Part A of this Schedule or the DBRS Short Term Rating for such Obligor determined in accordance with Part B of this Schedule, in each case as the context requires. The DBRS Rating of the Obligors shall be updated at least annually.

Part A: Long Term Ratings

The “**DBRS Long Term Rating**” for an Obligor will, on any date, be the rating of such Obligor determined as provided below:

- (1) if there is a DBRS public long term rating of such Obligor at such date, such DBRS public long term rating;
- (2) if a DBRS Long Term Rating for such Obligor cannot be determined under clause (1) above, but a Moody’s Rating, S&P Rating and Fitch Rating (each, a “**public long term rating**”) are all available at such date, the DBRS Long Term Rating will be the DBRS Equivalent of such public long term rating remaining after disregarding the highest and lowest such public long term ratings from such Rating Agencies. For this purpose, if more than one public long term rating has the same highest DBRS Equivalent or the same lowest DBRS Equivalent, then in each case one of such public long term ratings shall be so disregarded;
- (3) if a DBRS Long Term Rating for such Obligor cannot be determined under clauses (1) through (2) above, but public long term ratings of such Obligor by any two of Moody’s, Fitch and S&P are available at such date, the DBRS Equivalent of the lower such public long term rating;
- (4) if a DBRS Long Term Rating for such Obligor cannot be determined under clauses (1) through (3) above, but a public long term rating of such Obligor by only one of Moody’s, Fitch or S&P is available at such date, the DBRS Equivalent of such available public long term rating; and
- (5) if at any time a DBRS Long Term Rating for an Obligor cannot be determined under clauses (1) through (4) above, then such Obligor will be deemed not to have a DBRS Long Term Rating at such time and the Borrower shall be required to comply with Section 5.04 in respect of such Obligor.

Part B: Short Term Ratings

The “DBRS Short Term Rating” for a Lender, Selling Institution or other Person (collectively referred to as the “Obligor” for purposes of this definition) will, on any date, be the rating of such Obligor determined as provided below:

- (1) if there is a DBRS public short term rating of such Obligor at such date, such DBRS public short term rating;
- (2) if a DBRS Short Term Rating for such Obligor cannot be determined under clause (1) above, but public short term ratings of such Obligor by each of Moody’s, Fitch and S&P are all available at such date, the DBRS Short Term Rating will be the DBRS Equivalent of the public short term rating remaining after disregarding the highest and lowest public short term ratings from such Rating Agencies. For this purpose, if more than one public short term rating has the same highest DBRS Equivalent or the same lowest DBRS Equivalent, then in each case one of such public short term ratings shall be so disregarded;
- (3) if a DBRS Short Term Rating for such Obligor cannot be determined under clauses (1) through (2) above, but public short term ratings of such Obligor by any two of Moody’s, Fitch and S&P are available at such date, the DBRS Equivalent of the lower such short term rating;
- (4) if a DBRS Short Term Rating for such Obligor cannot be determined under clauses (1) through (3) above, but a public short term rating of such Obligor by only one of Moody’s, Fitch or S&P is available at such date, the DBRS Equivalent of such available short term rating; and
- (5) if a DBRS Short Term Rating for such Obligor cannot be determined under clauses (1) through (4) above, then for purposes of this Agreement there shall be no DBRS Short Term Rating for such Obligor as at such date.

Part C: Other Definitions

The “DBRS Equivalent” of any rating by Moody’s, Fitch or S&P will be the rating set forth below under the heading “DBRS Rating” opposite the applicable rating by Moody’s, Fitch or S&P:

Long Term Rating Equivalents

DBRS Rating	Moody’s	S&P	Fitch
AAA	Aaa	AAA	AAA
AA (high)	Aa1	AA+	AA+
AA	Aa2	AA	AA
AA (low)	Aa3	AA-	AA-
A (high)	A1	A+	A+
A	A2	A	A
A (low)	A3	A-	A-
BBB (high)	Baa1	BBB+	BBB+
BBB	Baa2	BBB	BBB
BBB (low)	Baa3	BBB-	BBB-

BB (high)	Ba1	BB+	BB+
BB	Ba2	BB	BB
BB (low)	Ba3	BB-	BB-
B (high)	B1	B+	B+
B	B2	B	B
B (low)	B3	B-	B-
CCC (high)	Caa1	CCC+	CCC+
CCC	Caa2	CCC	CCC
CCC (low)	Caa3	CCC-	CCC-
CC	Ca	CC	CC
D	D	D	D

Short Term Rating Equivalents

DBRS Rating	Moody's	S&P	Fitch
R-1 (high)A-1+	F1+		
R-1 (middle)	P-1	A-1	F1
R-1 (low)			
R-2 (high)			
R-2 (middle)	P-2	A-2	F2
R-2 (low)			
R-3 (high)			
R-3 (middle)	P-3	A-3	F3
R-3 (low)			
—B	B		
—C	C		
D	NP	D	D

“Fitch Rating” means, for any Obligor at any time, the rating determined as follows:

- (i) if there is a publicly available issuer rating or senior unsecured rating by Fitch, such issuer rating, if no issuer rating is available then the senior unsecured rating; and
- (ii) if the rating is not available as defined in the first clause above, but there is a rating by Fitch on another obligation of the same Obligor, then the rating will be as follows:
 - (a) if such rating is on a senior secured obligation, one subcategory below such rating; and
 - (b) if such rating is on a subordinate obligation, one subcategory above such rating.

If a Fitch Rating for an Obligor cannot be determined under clause (i) or (ii) above at any time, then such Obligor will be deemed not to have a Fitch Rating at such time.

“Moody’s Rating” means, with respect to any Obligor as of any date of determination, the rating determined in accordance with the following methodology:

- (i) with respect to an Obligor on a Collateral Obligation that is an Eligible Senior Secured Loan or a Participation Interest in an Eligible Senior Secured Loan (or an Obligor that is a Lender, Selling Institution or other Person), if such Obligor has a corporate family rating by Moody’s, then such corporate family rating;
- (ii) with respect to an Obligor on a Collateral Obligation that is an Eligible Senior Secured Loan or a Participation Interest in an Eligible Senior Secured Loan, if not determined pursuant to clause (i) above, if such Collateral Obligation is publicly rated by Moody’s, such public rating; and
- (iii) with respect to an Obligor on a Collateral Obligation, if not determined pursuant to clause (i) or (ii) above, (A) if such Obligor has one or more senior unsecured obligations publicly rated by Moody’s, then the Moody’s public rating on any such obligation (or, if such Obligor is an Obligor on a Collateral Obligation that is an Eligible Senior Secured Loan or a Participation Interest in an Eligible Senior Secured Loan, the Moody’s rating that is one subcategory higher than the Moody’s public rating on any such senior unsecured obligation) as selected by the Investment Manager in its sole discretion or, if no such rating is available, (B) if such Collateral Obligation is publicly rated by Moody’s, such public rating or, if no such rating is available, (C) if such Collateral Obligation is a DIP Loan, with respect to any DIP Loan, one subcategory below the facility rating (whether public or private) of such DIP Loan rated by Moody’s,

provided that, for purposes of calculating a Moody’s Rating, each applicable rating on credit watch by Moody’s with positive or negative implication at the time of calculation will be treated as having been upgraded or downgraded by one rating subcategory, as the case may be, and each applicable rating with negative outlook by Moody’s at the time of calculation will be treated as having been downgraded by one rating subcategory. If a Moody’s Rating for an Obligor cannot be determined under clause (i), (ii) or (iii) above at any time, then such Obligor will be deemed not to have a Moody’s Rating at such time.

“S&P Rating” means, with respect to any Obligor, as of any date of determination, the rating determined in accordance with the following methodology:

- (iv) (a) if there is an issuer credit rating of such Obligor by S&P as published by S&P, or the guarantor which unconditionally and irrevocably guarantees such Collateral Obligation pursuant to a form of guaranty approved by S&P, then the S&P Rating shall be such rating (regardless of whether there is a published rating by S&P on the Collateral Obligations of such Obligor held by the Borrower) or (b) if there is no issuer credit rating of the Obligor by S&P but (1) there is a senior secured rating on any obligation or security of the Obligor, then the S&P Rating of such Obligor shall be one subcategory below such rating; (2) if clause (1) above does not apply, but there is a senior unsecured rating on any obligation or security of the Obligor, the S&P Rating of such Obligor shall equal such rating; and (3) if neither clause (1) nor clause (2) above applies, but there is a subordinated rating on any obligation or security of the Obligor, then the S&P Rating of

such Collateral Obligation shall be one sub-category above such rating if such rating is higher than “BB+”, and shall be two sub-categories above such rating if such rating is “BB+” or lower; and

(v) with respect to any Collateral Obligation that is a DIP Loan, the S&P Rating thereof shall be the credit rating assigned to such issue by S&P;

provided that, for purposes of the determination of the S&P Rating, (x) if the applicable rating assigned by S&P to an Obligor or its obligations is on “credit watch positive” by S&P, such rating will be treated as being one sub-category above such assigned rating and (y) if the applicable rating assigned by S&P to an Obligor or its obligations is on “credit watch negative” by S&P, such rating will be treated as being one sub-category below such assigned rating. If a S&P Rating for an Obligor cannot be determined under clause (i) or (ii) above at any time, then such Obligor will be deemed not to have an S&P Rating at such time.

Schedule 7-5

Matrix

Applicable Row Level	Row Advance Rate	Row Diversity Score	Row Spread Level	Row DBRS Average Risk Score	Row Minimum OC Level
1	37.50%	6	4.500%	49.7747	213.33%
2	45.00%	10	4.500%	44.4116	177.78%
3	45.00%	10	5.375%	44.7739	177.78%
4	45.00%	10	6.375%	45.1363	177.78%
5	45.00%	12	4.500%	46.5858	177.78%
6	45.00%	12	5.375%	47.3105	177.78%
7	45.00%	12	6.375%	48.0353	177.78%
8	45.00%	12	7.375%	48.7600	177.78%
9	45.00%	12	8.375%	49.4848	177.78%
10	45.00%	14	4.500%	48.7600	177.78%
11	45.00%	14	5.375%	49.4848	177.78%
12	45.00%	14	6.375%	50.1348	177.78%
13	45.00%	14	7.375%	50.7350	177.78%
14	45.00%	14	8.375%	51.3352	177.78%
15	45.00%	16	4.500%	53.1358	177.78%
16	45.00%	16	5.375%	53.7360	177.78%
17	45.00%	16	6.375%	54.3362	177.78%
18	45.00%	16	7.375%	54.9364	177.78%
19	45.00%	16	8.375%	55.5365	177.78%
20	45.00%	18	4.500%	55.2365	177.78%
21	45.00%	18	5.375%	55.8367	177.78%
22	45.00%	18	6.375%	56.4369	177.78%
23	45.00%	18	7.375%	57.0371	177.78%
24	45.00%	18	8.375%	57.6372	177.78%
25	45.00%	20	4.500%	57.3371	177.78%
26	45.00%	20	5.375%	57.9373	177.78%
27	45.00%	20	6.375%	58.5375	177.78%
28	45.00%	20	7.375%	59.1377	177.78%
29	45.00%	20	8.375%	59.7379	177.78%
30	50.00%	16	4.500%	41.5126	160.00%
31	50.00%	16	5.375%	42.2373	160.00%
32	50.00%	16	6.375%	42.9621	160.00%
33	50.00%	16	7.375%	43.6868	160.00%

Schedule 8-1

Applicable Row Level	Row Advance Rate	Row Diversity Score	Row Spread Level	Row DBRS Average Risk Score	Row Minimum OC Level
34	50.00%	16	8.375%	44.4116	160.00%
35	50.00%	18	4.500%	42.9621	160.00%
36	50.00%	18	5.375%	43.6868	160.00%
37	50.00%	18	6.375%	44.4116	160.00%
38	50.00%	18	7.375%	45.1363	160.00%
39	50.00%	18	8.375%	45.8611	160.00%
40	50.00%	20	4.500%	44.4116	160.00%
41	50.00%	20	5.375%	45.1363	160.00%
42	50.00%	20	6.375%	45.8610	160.00%
43	50.00%	20	7.375%	46.5858	160.00%
44	50.00%	20	8.375%	47.3105	160.00%
45	60.00%	16	4.500%	24.0057	133.33%
46	60.00%	16	5.375%	24.5694	133.33%
47	60.00%	16	6.375%	25.1331	133.33%
48	60.00%	16	7.375%	25.6968	133.33%
49	60.00%	16	8.375%	26.2605	133.33%
50	60.00%	18	4.500%	24.8513	133.33%
51	60.00%	18	5.375%	25.4150	133.33%
52	60.00%	18	6.375%	25.9787	133.33%
53	60.00%	18	7.375%	26.5424	133.33%
54	60.00%	18	8.375%	27.1061	133.33%
55	60.00%	20	4.500%	25.6968	133.33%
56	60.00%	20	5.375%	26.2605	133.33%
57	60.00%	20	6.375%	26.8242	133.33%
58	60.00%	20	7.375%	27.3879	133.33%
59	60.00%	20	8.375%	27.9517	133.33%

Schedule 8-2

[FORM OF NOTE]

\$ _____

FOR VALUE RECEIVED, the undersigned (the "**Borrower**") hereby promises to pay to [INSERT NAME OF LENDER] (the "**Lender**") and its registered assigns on the Final Maturity Date (as defined in the Revolving Credit Agreement hereinafter referred to) the principal sum of [DOLLAR AMOUNT] Dollars (or such lesser amount as shall equal the aggregate unpaid principal amount of the Advances made by the Lender to the Borrower under the Revolving Credit Agreement), in immediately available funds and in lawful money of the United States, and to pay interest on the unpaid principal amount of each such Advance, in like funds and money, from the Borrowing Date thereof until the principal amount thereof shall have been paid in full, at the rates per annum and on the dates provided in the Revolving Credit Agreement. Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the respective meanings assigned to such terms in the Revolving Credit Agreement.

This promissory note is a Note referred to in the Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Security Agreement dated as of January 21, 2014 (as from time to time amended, the "Revolving Credit Agreement") among the Borrower, as borrower, the Lender, as lender, the other lenders from time to time parties thereto, Natixis, New York Branch, as Facility Agent and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent. The date and principal amount of each Advance (and stated interest thereon) made to the Borrower and of each repayment of principal thereon shall be recorded by the Lender or its designee on Schedule I attached to this Note, and the aggregate unpaid principal amount shown on such schedule shall be prima facie evidence of the principal amount owing and unpaid on the Advances made by the Lender. The failure to record or any error in recording any such amount on such schedule shall not, however, limit or otherwise affect the obligations of the Borrower hereunder or under the Revolving Credit Agreement to repay the principal amount of the Advances together with all interest accrued thereon.

Except as permitted by Section 12.06 of the Revolving Credit Agreement, this Note may not be participated by the Lender to any other Person. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, this Note may be participated in whole or in part only by registration of such participation on the Participant Register.

Except as permitted by Section 12.06 of the Revolving Credit Agreement, this Note may not be assigned by the Lender to any other Person. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, this Note may be assigned or sold in whole or in part only by registration of such assignment or sale on the Register.

[Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank]

TPG SL SPV, LLC

By: _____

Name:

Title:

SCHEDULE I

This Note evidences Advances made by [INSERT NAME OF LENDER], (the "Lender") to TPG SL SPV, LLC (the "Borrower") under the Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Security Agreement dated as of January 21, 2014 among the Borrower, as borrower, the Lender, as lender, the other lenders from time to time parties thereto, Natixis, New York Branch, as Facility Agent, and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, in the principal amounts and on the dates set forth below, subject to the payments and prepayments of principal set forth below:

DATE	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT ADVANCED	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT PAID OR PREPAID	PRINCIPAL BALANCE OUTSTANDING	NOTATION BY
------	------------------------------	--	----------------------------------	-------------

[FORM OF NOTICE OF BORROWING]

[Date]

Natixis, New York Branch,
as Facility Agent
1251 Avenue of the Americas
New York, New York 10020

The Lenders party to the Revolving
Credit Agreement referred to below

NOTICE OF BORROWING

This Notice of Borrowing is made pursuant to Section 2.02 of that certain Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Security Agreement dated as of January 21, 2014 (as the same may from time to time be amended, supplemented, waived or modified, the "Revolving Credit Agreement") among TPG SL SPV, LLC, as borrower (the "Borrower"), the Lenders from time to time parties thereto (collectively, the "Lenders"), Natixis, New York Branch, as Facility Agent (the "Facility Agent"), and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent. Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the respective meanings assigned to such terms in the Revolving Credit Agreement.

1. The Borrower hereby requests that on _____, _____ (the "Borrowing Date") it receive Borrowings under the Revolving Credit Agreement in an aggregate principal amount of _____ Dollars (\$) (the "Requested Amount").
2. The Borrower hereby gives notice of its request for Advances in the aggregate principal amount equal to the Requested Amount to the Lenders and the Facility Agent pursuant to Section 2.02 of the Revolving Credit Agreement and requests the Lenders to remit, or cause to be remitted, the proceeds thereof to the Principal Collection Subaccount in its respective Percentage of the Requested Amount.
3. The Borrower certifies that immediately after giving effect to the proposed Borrowing on the Borrowing Date each of the applicable conditions precedent set forth in Section 3.02 of the Credit Agreement is satisfied, including:
 - (1) in the case of the initial Borrowing under the Revolving Credit Agreement, the conditions precedent set forth in Section 3.01 of the Revolving Credit Agreement shall have been fully satisfied on or prior to the Borrowing Date referred to above;
 - (2) immediately after the making of the Advance requested herein on the Borrowing Date, the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the Borrower Liabilities shall not exceed the Total Commitment as in effect on such Borrowing Date;

- (3) immediately after the making of such Advance on the Borrowing Date, each Coverage Test shall be satisfied and the Row Advance Rate that is in use at such time equals or exceeds the Portfolio Advance Rate;
- (4) each of the representations and warranties of the Borrower contained in Article IV of the Revolving Credit Agreement and the other Facility Documents is true and correct in all material respects as of such Borrowing Date (except to the extent such representations and warranties expressly relate to any earlier date, in which case such representations and warranties are true and correct in all material respects as of such earlier date); and
- (5) no Default or Event of Default described in Sections 6.01(c), (e) or (f) of the Revolving Credit Agreement shall have occurred and be continuing at the time of the making of such Advance or shall result upon the making of such Advance.
- (6) the provisions of Section 10.02 have been satisfied as of the date of purchase in connection with any acquisition of additional Collateral Obligations with the proceeds of the applicable Advance.

WITNESS my hand on this day of , .

TPG SL SPV, LLC,
as Borrower

By:
Name:
Title:

cc: Collateral Agent

[FORM OF NOTICE OF PREPAYMENT]

Natixis, New York Branch,
as Facility Agent
1251 Avenue of the Americas
New York, New York 10020

The Lenders party to the Revolving
Credit Agreement referred to below

NOTICE OF PREPAYMENT

This Notice of Prepayment is made pursuant to Section 2.05 of that certain Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Security Agreement dated as of January 21, 2014 among TPG SL SPV, LLC, as borrower (the "Borrower"), the lenders from time to time parties thereto (collectively, the "Lenders"), Natixis, New York Branch, as Facility Agent and State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent (as the same may from time to time be amended, supplemented, waived or modified, the "Revolving Credit Agreement"). Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the respective meanings assigned to such terms in the Revolving Credit Agreement.

1. The Borrower hereby gives notice that on _____, _____ (the "Prepayment Date") it will make a prepayment under the Revolving Credit Agreement in the principal amount of _____ Dollars (\$) (the "Prepayment Amount").
2. The Borrower hereby gives notice of intent to prepay in the aggregate principal amount equal to the Prepayment Amount to the Lenders pursuant to Section 2.05 of the Revolving Credit Agreement and will remit, or cause to be remitted, the proceeds thereof to the account of each Lender set forth in Schedule I hereto in an amount equal to its respective Percentage of the Prepayment Amount.

WITNESS my hand on this _____ day of _____, _____.

TPG SL SPV, LLC,
as Borrower.

By:
Name:
Title:

[Describe accounts of the Lenders]

[FORM OF ASSIGNMENT AND ACCEPTANCE]

Reference is made to the Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Security Agreement dated as of January 21, 2014 (as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time, the "Revolving Credit Agreement") among [insert name of assigning Lender] (the "Assignor"), the other lenders from time to time parties thereto (together with the Assignor, the "Lenders"), State Street Bank and Trust Company, as Collateral Agent, Natixis, New York Branch, as Facility Agent for the Lenders (in such capacity, together with its successors and assigns, the "Facility Agent"), and TPG SL SPV, LLC, as borrower (the "Borrower"). Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined herein shall have the respective meanings assigned to such terms in the Revolving Credit Agreement.

The Assignor and the "Assignee" referred to on Schedule I hereto agree as follows:

1. As of the Effective Date (as defined below), the Assignor hereby absolutely and unconditionally sells and assigns, without recourse, to the Assignee, and the Assignee hereby purchases and assumes, without recourse to or representation of any kind (except as set forth below) from Assignor, an interest in and to the Assignor's rights and obligations under the Revolving Credit Agreement and under the other Facility Documents equal to the percentage interest specified on Schedule I hereto, including the Assignor's percentage interest specified on Schedule I hereto of the outstanding principal amount of the Advances to the Borrower (such rights and obligations assigned hereby being the "Assigned Interests"). After giving effect to such sale, assignment and assumption, the Assignee's "Percentage" will be as set forth on Schedule I hereto.

2. The Assignor (i) represents and warrants that immediately prior to the Effective Date it is the legal and beneficial owner of the Assigned Interest free and clear of any Lien created by the Assignor; (ii) makes no representation or warranty and assumes no responsibility with respect to any statements, warranties or representations made in or in connection with the Facility Documents or the execution, legality, validity, enforceability, genuineness, sufficiency or value of, or the perfection or priority of any lien or security or ownership interest created or purported to be created under or in connection with, the Facility Documents or any other instrument or document furnished pursuant thereto or the condition or value of the Assigned Interest, Collateral relating to the Borrower, or any interest therein; and (iii) makes no representation or warranty and assumes no responsibility with respect to the condition (financial or otherwise) of the Borrower, the Facility Agent, the Investment Manager or any other Person, or the performance or observance by any Person of any of its obligations under any Facility Document or any instrument or document furnished pursuant thereto.

3. The Assignee (i) confirms that it has received a copy of the Revolving Credit Agreement and the other Facility Documents, together with copies of any financial statements delivered pursuant to Section 5.01 of the Revolving Credit Agreement and such other documents and information as it has deemed appropriate to make its own credit analysis and decision to enter into this Assignment and Acceptance; (ii) agrees that it will, independently and

without reliance upon the Facility Agent, the Assignor, or any other Lender and based on such documents and information as it shall deem appropriate at the time, continue to make its own credit decisions in taking or not taking action under or in connection with any of the Facility Documents; (iii) appoints and authorizes the Facility Agent to take such action as agent on its behalf and to exercise such powers and discretion under the Facility Documents as are delegated to the Facility Agent by the terms thereof, together with such powers and discretion as are reasonably incidental thereto; and (iv) agrees that it will perform in accordance with their terms all of the obligations that by the terms of the Facility Documents are required to be performed by it as a Lender.

4. The Assignee, by checking the box below, (i) acknowledges that it is required to be a Qualified Purchaser for purposes of the Investment Company Act at the time it becomes a Lender and on each date on which an Advance is made under the Revolving Credit Agreement and (ii) represents and warrants to the Assignor, the Borrower and the Agents that the Assignee is a Qualified Purchaser:

By checking this box, the Assignee represents and warrants that it is a Qualified Purchaser.

5. Following the execution of this Assignment and Acceptance, it will be delivered to the Facility Agent for acceptance and recording by the Facility Agent. The effective date for this Assignment and Acceptance (the "Effective Date") shall be the date of acceptance hereof by the Facility Agent, unless a later effective date is specified on Schedule I hereto.

6. Upon such acceptance and recording by the Facility Agent, as of the Effective Date, (i) the Assignee shall be a party to and bound by the provisions of the Revolving Credit Agreement and, to the extent provided in this Assignment and Acceptance, have the rights and obligations of a Lender thereunder and under any other Facility Document, (ii) without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Assignee expressly acknowledges and agrees to its obligations of indemnification to the Agents pursuant to and as provided in Section 11.04 thereof, and (iii) the Assignor shall, to the extent provided in this Assignment and Acceptance, relinquish its rights and be released from its obligations under the Revolving Credit Agreement and under any other Facility Document.

7. Upon such acceptance and recording by the Facility Agent, from and after the Effective Date, the Borrower shall make all payments under the Revolving Credit Agreement in respect of the Assigned Interest to the Assignee. The Assignor and Assignee shall make all appropriate adjustments in payments under the Revolving Credit Agreement and the Assigned Interests for periods prior to the Effective Date directly between themselves.

8. This Assignment and Acceptance shall be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York.

9. This Assignment and Acceptance may be executed in any number of counterparts and by different parties hereto in separate counterparts, each of which when so executed shall be deemed to be an original and all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same agreement. Delivery of an executed counterpart of Schedule I to this Assignment

and Acceptance by telecopier shall be effective as a delivery of a manually executed counterpart of this Assignment and Acceptance.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Assignor and the Assignee have caused Schedule I to this Assignment and Acceptance to be executed by their officers thereunto duly authorized as of the date specified thereon.

Percentage interest transferred by Assignor:

____%

Assignor:

[INSERT NAME OF ASSIGNOR],
as Assignor

By: _____
Authorized Signatory,

Assignee:

[INSERT NAME OF ASSIGNEE]
as Assignee

By: _____
Authorized Signatory

Accepted this ____ day of _____, ____

NATIXIS, NEW YORK BRANCH,
as Facility Agent

By: _____
Authorized Signatory

By: _____
Authorized Signatory

[Consented to this ____ day of _____, ____

[____],
as Borrower

By: _____
Name:
Title:]1

1 Insert in an Assignment and Acceptance if Borrower consent is required

APPROVED APPRAISAL FIRMS

A. G. Edwards & Sons, Inc.
Bank of America
Barclays Capital
Cantor Fitzgerald
CIBC World Markets
Citigroup
Credit Research & Trading
Credit Suisse
Dabney Flannigan
Delaware Bay, Inc.
Deloitte & Touche
Deutsche Bank
Dresdner Kleinwort Wasserstein
Duff & Phelps
Ernst & Young
Goldman Sachs & Co.
Houlihan Lokey Howard & Zukin
J.P. Morgan Chase
Jefferies & Company, Inc.
KPMG International
Lazard Freres
Lincoln Partners Advisors, an affiliate of Lincoln International
Morgan Stanley
PriceWaterhouseCoopers
Raymond James
TD Securities
The Blackstone Group
Union Bank
Wells Fargo
William Blair & Company

[FORM OF RETENTION LETTER]**TPG SPECIALTY LENDING, INC.**

301 Commerce Street
Suite 3300
Fort Worth, TX 76102

[DATE]

TPG SL SPV, LLC, as Borrower
850 Library Avenue, Suite 204-F
Newark, Delaware 19711

Natixis, New York Branch, as Facility Agent
1251 Avenue of the Americas
New York, NY 10020
Attention: Yazmin Vasconez

Versailles Assets LLC
c/o Global Securitization Services, LLC
68 South Service Road, Suite 120
Melville, NY 11747
Attention: Bernard J. Angelo

[Any other Affected Lender]

Re: Retention of Net Economic Interest

This letter is being delivered in connection with the Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Security Agreement dated as of January 21, 2014 (the "Credit Agreement") among TPG SL SPV, LLC, as borrower (the "Borrower"), the financial institutions referred to as "Lenders" in the Credit Agreement, State Street Bank and Trust Company, in its capacity as Collateral Agent, and Natixis, New York Branch, as Facility Agent. Pursuant to the terms of the Credit Agreement, TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. (the "BDC") will act as retention provider for the purposes of the Retention Requirement Laws. All capitalised terms used but not defined herein have the respective meanings given to such terms in the Credit Agreement.

It is acknowledged that clauses (f) and (g) of the definition of "Eligibility Criteria" in the Credit Agreement contain requirements to the effect that the Borrower may not purchase Collateral Obligations from parties other than the BDC unless the BDC was at the Closing Date, and remains, the originator of over 50% of the Collateral Obligations sold or transferred to the Borrower.

1. The BDC hereby agrees and confirms for the benefit of each Affected Lender and the Facility Agent for so long as the Advances and any other Obligations remain outstanding and any Retention Requirement Law so requires:
 - a. at all times since the Closing Date, as an originator, it has retained and will retain, on an ongoing basis, a material net economic interest in the securitisation position constituted by the Credit Agreement which, in any event, shall not be less than 5% (or such lower amount, including 0%, if such lower amount is required or allowed under the Retention Requirement Laws as a result of amendment, repeal or otherwise) of the nominal value of (i) the Collateral Obligations and (ii) Eligible Investments that are acquired from Principal Proceeds (the “Retention Requirement”);
 - b. it will meet its obligations in respect of the Retention Requirement by retaining, pursuant to Article 405(1)(d) of the CRR, the first loss tranche in the form of its membership interest in the Borrower under the Borrower LLC Agreement, in a nominal amount no less than 5% of the nominal value of (i) the Collateral Obligations and (ii) Eligible Investments that are acquired from Principal Proceeds (the “Retained Interest”);
 - c. that its retention of the Retained Interest will be measured at origination (being the occasion of each commitment to originate or acquire a Collateral Obligation by the Borrower) on the basis of the nominal value (without taking account of acquisition prices) and shall be maintained on an ongoing basis (and, for the purposes of paragraphs (a) and (b) above, the Retention Requirement may be re-calculated whenever the nominal value of the Collateral Obligations and/or Eligible Investments is reduced by means of prepayments, repayments, dispositions or otherwise);
 - d. that its Retained Interest shall not be subject to any credit risk mitigation or any short positions or any other hedge in respect of a credit risk, unless expressly permitted by the Retention Requirement Laws and shall not be sold;
 - e. in relation to every Collateral Obligation and Eligible Investment (other than cash or those acquired from Interest Proceeds) that it sells or transfers to the Borrower:
 - i. that it, either itself or through related entities (including the Borrower), directly or indirectly, was involved or will be involved in the original agreement which created or will create such obligation; or
 - ii. that it purchased or will purchase such Collateral Obligation or Eligible Investment for its own account prior to selling such obligation to the Borrower;
 - f. save for as set out in paragraph (g) below, in relation to every Collateral Obligation sold or transferred to the Borrower, it shall apply the same sound and well-defined

criteria for credit-granting to such Collateral Obligations as it does to obligations to be held on its own books;

g. in relation to every Collateral Obligation sold or transferred to the Borrower in respect of which the BDC:

- i. has not undertaken the original credit-granting of such Collateral Obligations being securitised; or
- ii. is not active in credit-granting the specific types of obligation that constitute such Collateral Obligations,

it shall ensure that it obtains all the necessary information to assess whether the criteria applied in the credit-granting for such obligations are as sound and well-defined as the criteria applied by it to non-securitised obligations; provided that the obligations in this paragraph (g) shall be construed in accordance with the Servicing Standard;

h. that it will invest in and hold loans, securities and other investments, excluding loans that will be sold to the Borrower, with a fair value of not less than 20% of the total net asset value of the BDC (it being understood that, for this purpose, such percentage will be determined based upon the purchase price of each such investment and that the valuation of assets will fluctuate over time); and

i. in respect of any Collateral Obligation or Eligible Investment acquired by the Borrower in respect of which the BDC is, or intends to be, the originator, and for which any transaction intermediated, arranged and underwritten by it in which a Collateral Obligation or Eligible Investment is settled directly with the Borrower or with respect to any Collateral Obligation or Eligible Investment acquired by the Borrower in a transaction where the Borrower is its designee, it:

- i. shall, pursuant to Section 2.01(g) of the Master Transfer Agreement, have held a beneficial interest in such Collateral Obligation or Eligible Investment for a period of two Business Days before such settlement or acquisition by the Borrower; and
- ii. shall sell and transfer such Collateral Obligation or Eligible Investment to the Borrower in accordance with the terms of the Credit Agreement.

2. The BDC additionally agrees:

a. that it will confirm its continued compliance with the requirements set forth in paragraph 1:

- i. on a monthly basis to the Borrower and the Facility Agent pursuant to Section 5.01(d)(viii)(A) of the Credit Agreement (concurrent with the delivery of each Monthly Report); and
- ii. upon any written request therefor by or on behalf of the Borrower or any Affected Lender delivered as a result of (1) a material change in (x) the performance of the Advances, (y) the risk characteristics of the transaction, or (z) the Collateral Obligations and/or the Eligible Investments from time to time, or (2) the breach of this Retention Letter or any Facility Document to which it is a party, pursuant to Section 5.01(d)(viii)(B) of the Credit Agreement;

b. that it will, promptly following a request by the Borrower, provide a refreshed letter in substantially the form hereof in connection with a material amendment of any Facility Document, where the Borrower has received a request for the same from an Affected Lender pursuant to Section 5.01(d)(viii)(C) of the Credit Agreement;

c. that it will, promptly on becoming aware of the occurrence thereof, provide a written notice of any failure to satisfy the Retention Requirement at any time pursuant to Section 5.01(d)(viii)(D) of the Credit Agreement; and

d. that it will take such further actions and provide such information as may be reasonably requested by any Affected Lender or the Facility Agent so as to ensure compliance with the provisions of the Retention Requirement Laws, so long as any such Affected Lender or the Facility Agent, as applicable, agrees to keep confidential such information provided to it by the BDC in accordance with the terms and conditions of Section 12.09 of the Credit Agreement, provided that any such Affected Lender or the Facility Agent may share such information with any Authority (including any bank regulatory agency) as may be necessary to ensure compliance with the provisions of the Retention Requirement Laws.

3. The BDC additionally confirms:

a. that it does have, and will continue to have, a board of directors (the “Board”), a majority of which will consist of directors who are not “interested persons” (as defined in the Investment Company Act) of the BDC, of the BDC’s investment adviser or any of its respective affiliates;

b. that it has received copies of the following documents:

- i. the Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of January 21, 2014;
- ii. the Investment Management Agreement dated as of May 8, 2012;
- iii. the Amended and Restated Master Transfer Agreement dated as of January 21, 2014; and

iv. the initial target portfolio, represented by either a list of potential credits or set of criteria prescribing attributes thereof;

- c. on January 17, 2014, the Board executed the written consent that is attached as Annex A hereto in which, among other things, the Board deemed it in the best interests of the BDC to enter into a risk retention letter relating to the retention of the net economic interest in certain assigned assets by the BDC;
- d. that it understands that it is holding the Retained Interest and acting as a retention provider in order for the transactions described in the Credit Agreement to comply with the Retention Requirement Laws; and
- e. that none of the Borrower, the Lenders, the Collateral Agent, the Facility Agent or any of their Affiliates has given the BDC (directly or indirectly through any other person) any assurance, guarantee or representation whatsoever as to the expected or projected success, profitability, return, performance, result, effect, consequence or benefit of holding the Retained Interest and it is not relying on the Borrower, the Lenders, the Collateral Agent, the Facility Agent or any of their Affiliates for any financial, tax, legal, accounting or regulatory advice in connection with the terms of and its holding of the Retained Interest.
4. This letter may not be amended or any provision hereof waived, supplemented, repudiated or modified except by an instrument in writing signed by the BDC and consented to in writing by the Facility Agent and each Affected Lender.

As used in this letter, the terms “material net economic interest”, “originator”, “securitisation position”, “ongoing basis”, “nominal value”, “established”, “managing”, “for its own account” and “related entities” shall have the meanings given thereto in the Retention Requirement Laws. “Retention Requirement Laws” means Article 405(1), the CRR and Article 17, together with the Final Draft RTS and any other applicable guidance, technical standards or related documents published by the European Banking Authority (including any successor or replacement agency or authority) and any delegated regulations of the European Commission (and in each case including any amendment or successor thereto). “Article 405(1)” means Article 405(1) of the CRR. “CRR” means EU Regulation 575/2013 (on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms and amending Regulation (EU) 648/2012). “Final Draft RTS” means the final regulatory technical standards and implementing technical standards on securitisation retention rules published by the EBA pursuant to Articles 410(2) and 410(3) of the CRR. “Article 17” means Article 17 of European Union Directive 2011/61/EU on Alternative Investment Fund Managers. “Affected Lender” means a Lender that is subject to regulation under the Retention Requirement Laws from time to time or party to liquidity or credit support arrangements provided by a financial institution that is subject to such regulation.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

Very Truly Yours,

TPG SPECIALTY LENDING, INC.

By: _____

Name:

Title:

[to be attached]

**AMENDED AND RESTATED
MASTER SALE AND CONTRIBUTION AGREEMENT**

by and between

TPG SPECIALTY LENDING, INC.,
as the Originator

and

TPG SL SPV, LLC,
as the Buyer

Dated as of January 21, 2014

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS	1
Section 1.01. Definitions	1
Section 1.02. Other Terms	3
Section 1.03. Computation of Time Periods	3
Section 1.04. Interpretation	3
Section 1.05. References	4
ARTICLE II TRANSFER OF ASSETS	4
Section 2.01. Sale, Transfer and Assignment	4
Section 2.02. Purchase Price	6
Section 2.03. Payment of Purchase Price	6
ARTICLE III CONDITIONS PRECEDENT	7
Section 3.01. Conditions Precedent to all Purchases	7
ARTICLE IV REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES	8
Section 4.01. Representations and Warranties Regarding the Originator	8
Section 4.02. Representations and Warranties of the Originator Relating to the Agreement and the Collateral	10
Section 4.03. Representations and Warranties Regarding the Buyer	12
Section 4.04. Ordinary Course of Business	13
ARTICLE V COVENANTS	13
Section 5.01. Affirmative Covenants of the Originator	13
Section 5.02. Negative Covenants of the Originator	15
ARTICLE VI INDEMNIFICATION BY THE ORIGINATOR	15
Section 6.01. Indemnification	15
Section 6.02. Operation of Indemnities	16
ARTICLE VII MISCELLANEOUS	16
Section 7.01. Amendments and Waivers	16
Section 7.02. Notices, Etc.	16
Section 7.03. Binding Effect; Benefit of Agreement	16
Section 7.04. GOVERNING LAW; CONSENT TO JURISDICTION; WAIVER OF OBJECTION TO VENUE SERVICE OF PROCESS	16
Section 7.05. WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL	17
Section 7.06. Certain Taxes	17
Section 7.07. Non-Petition	17
Section 7.08. Recourse Against Certain Parties	17

TABLE OF CONTENTS

(continued)

	Page
Section 7.09. Protection of Right, Title and Interest in the Assets; Further Action Evidencing Purchases	18
Section 7.10. Execution in Counterparts; Severability; Integration	19
Section 7.11. Heading and Exhibits	19
Section 7.12. Assignment	19
Section 7.13. No Waiver; Cumulative Remedies	20

**AMENDED AND RESTATED
MASTER SALE AND CONTRIBUTION AGREEMENT**

THIS AMENDED AND RESTATED MASTER SALE AND CONTRIBUTION AGREEMENT, dated as of January 21, 2014 (this "Agreement"), is among TPG SPECIALTY LENDING, INC., a Delaware corporation (together with its successors and assigns, the "Originator") and TPG SL SPV, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (together with its successors and assigns, the "Buyer").

WHEREAS, the Originator and the Buyer are parties to a Master Sale and Contribution Agreement dated as of May 8, 2012 (as amended, restated or otherwise modified prior to the date hereof, the "Existing Agreement");

WHEREAS, the parties hereto desire to amend and restate the Existing Agreement as set forth herein;

WHEREAS, in the regular course of its business, the Originator originates and/or otherwise acquires loans, debt obligations and participation interests therein;

WHEREAS, pursuant to this Agreement, the Buyer and the Originator may agree from time to time that Buyer will purchase or otherwise acquire certain assets from the Originator;

NOW, THEREFORE, for good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto, intending to be legally bound, hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS

Section 1.01. Definitions.

As used herein, the following defined terms shall have the following meanings:

"Affiliate" means, with respect to any person, another person controlling, controlled by or under common control with such referenced person. For purposes of this definition, (i) "control" means the direct or indirect possession of the power to vote more than 50% of the equity interests having ordinary voting power for the election of directors (or the equivalent) or to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of such person, whether through ownership, by contract, arrangement or understand or otherwise and (ii) an independent director or manager shall not be deemed to exercise control for purposes of this definition.

"Agreement" shall have the meaning provided in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

“Applicable Law” means any Law of any Authority, including all federal and state banking or securities laws, to which the person in question is subject or by which it or any of its assets or properties are bound.

“Asset Schedule” means the schedule of Assets agreed upon by the Originator and the Buyer on each Purchase Date and attached as Schedule I to the related Assignment, as such schedule may be amended, supplemented or modified from time to time in accordance with this Agreement.

“Assets” shall have the meaning provided in Section 2.01.

“Assignment” means with respect to the Purchase of any Asset by Buyer hereunder, an assignment of such Asset in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A.

“Authority” means any nation or government, any state or other political subdivision thereof, any agency, authority, instrumentality, regulatory body, administrative tribunal, central bank, public office, court, arbitration or mediation panel, or other entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, taxing, regulatory or administrative powers or functions.

“Buyer” shall have the meaning provided in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

“Closing Date” means January 21, 2014.

“Credit Agreement” means the Revolving Credit and Security Agreement, dated as of the date hereof, as further amended from time to time, including as amended and restated by the Amended and Restated Revolving Credit and Security Agreement, dated as of January 21, 2014, by and among the Buyer, as Borrower, Natixis, New York Branch, as Facility Agent, State Street Bank and Trust Company (as successor to The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A.), as Collateral Agent, and the Lenders from time to time party thereto.

“Facility Agent” means Natixis, New York Branch, together with its successors and assigns.

“Governmental Authorizations” means all franchises, permits, licenses, approvals, consents and other authorization of all governmental authorities.

“Indemnified Party” shall have the meaning provided in Section 6.01.

“Original Closing Date” means May 8, 2012.

“Originator” shall have the meaning provided in the first paragraph of this Agreement.

“Participation Interest Period” shall have the meaning provided in Section 2.01(g).

“Permitted Lien” means the restrictions on transferability imposed by the applicable documents evidencing, securing, governing or giving rise to an Asset (but only to the

extent relating to customary procedural requirements and agent consents expected to be obtained in due course and not to consents of the underlying obligor).

“Person” means an individual or a corporation (including a business trust), partnership, trust, incorporated or unincorporated association, joint stock company, limited liability company, government (or an agency or political subdivision thereof) or other entity of any kind.

“Private Authorizations” means all franchises, permits, license, approvals, consents and other authorizations of all persons other than governmental authorities but excluding any customary procedural requirements and agents’ consents expected to be obtained in due course in connection with the transfer of Assets to the Buyer.

“Purchase” means a purchase or other acquisition by the Buyer of Assets from the Originator pursuant to Section 2.01.

“Purchase Date” means any day on which any Asset is acquired by the Buyer pursuant to the terms of this Agreement.

“Purchase Price” shall have the meaning provided in Section 2.02.

“Solvent” means as to any person, that such person is not “insolvent” within the meaning of Section 101(32) of the United States Bankruptcy Code or Section 271 of the Debtor and Creditor Law of the State of New York.

“UCC” means the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect in the applicable jurisdiction.

Section 1.02. Other Terms.

All terms used in Article 9 of the UCC in the State of New York, and not specifically defined herein, are used herein as defined in such Article 9. All other capitalized terms used herein but not otherwise defined shall have the meanings given to such terms in the Credit Agreement.

Section 1.03. Computation of Time Periods.

Unless otherwise stated in this Agreement, in the computation of a period of time from a specified date to a later specified date, the word “from” means “from and including,” the words “to” and “until” each mean “to but excluding”.

Section 1.04. Interpretation.

In this Agreement, unless a contrary intention appears:

- (i) the singular number includes the plural number and vice versa;

(ii) reference to any Person includes such Person's successors and assigns but, if applicable, only if such successors and assigns are permitted by this Agreement;

(iii) references to "including" means "including, without limitation";

(iv) references to "writing" include printing, typing, lithography, electronic or other means of reproducing words in a visible form;

(v) reference to day or days without further qualification means calendar days;

(vi) unless otherwise stated, reference to any time means New York, New York time;

(vii) reference to any agreement, document or instrument means such agreement, document or instrument as amended, modified, supplemented, replaced, restated, waived or extended and in effect from time to time in accordance with the terms thereof, and reference to any promissory note includes any promissory note that is an extension or renewal thereof or a substitute or replacement therefore; and

(viii) reference to any law means such law as amended, modified, codified, replaced or reenacted, in whole or in part, and in effect from time to time, including rules and regulations promulgated thereunder and reference to any section or other provision of any law means that provision of such law from time to time in effect and constituting the substantive amendment, modification, codification, replacement or reenactment of such section or other provision.

Section 1.05. References.

All section references (including references to the preamble), unless otherwise indicated, shall be to Sections (and the preamble) in this Agreement.

ARTICLE II

TRANSFER OF ASSETS

Section 2.01. Sale, Transfer and Assignment.

(a) From time to time, the Originator and the Buyer may agree that the Originator will sell, and the Buyer, will buy certain Assets. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein, and subject to satisfaction of the conditions precedent set forth in Article III, the Originator agrees to sell, transfer, set over, and otherwise convey to the Buyer, and the Buyer agrees to purchase, without recourse except as provided herein, on the applicable Purchase Date, all of the Originator's right, title and interest in, to and

under the property (the "Assets") identified on Schedule I to the related Assignment executed and delivered by the Originator and the Buyer.

(b) On any Purchase Date with respect to the Assets to be acquired by the Buyer on that date, the Originator shall be deemed to, and hereby does, reaffirm and certify to the Buyer and the Collateral Agent as assignee of the Buyer, as of such Purchase Date, that each of the representations and warranties in Section 4.02 is true and correct as of such Purchase Date.

(c) Except as specifically provided in this Agreement, the sale and purchase of Assets under this Agreement shall be without recourse to the Originator; it being understood that the Originator shall be liable to the Buyer for all representations, warranties, covenants and indemnities made by the Originator pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, all of which obligations are limited so as not to constitute recourse to the Originator for the credit risk of the Obligor.

(d) In connection with each Purchase of Assets as contemplated by this Agreement, the Buyer hereby directs the Originator to, and the Originator agrees that it will deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the Custodian, as agent and custodian for the Collateral Agent, as assignee of the Buyer, each Asset being transferred to the Buyer on such Purchase Date. The Originator shall take such action requested by the Buyer or the Collateral Agent, as assignee of the Buyer, from time to time hereafter, that may be necessary or appropriate to ensure that the Buyer has an enforceable ownership interest in the Assets Purchased by the Buyer as contemplated by this Agreement.

(e) In connection with the Purchase by the Buyer of the Assets as contemplated by this Agreement, the Originator further agrees that it will, at its own expense, indicate clearly and unambiguously in its computer files and its financial statements, on or prior to each Purchase Date, that such Asset has been Purchased by the Buyer in accordance with this Agreement.

(f) It is the intention of the parties hereto that the conveyance of all right, title and interest in and to the Assets to the Buyer as provided in Section 2.01 shall constitute an absolute sale, conveyance and transfer conveying good title, free and clear of any lien, claim or encumbrance (other than Permitted Liens) and that the Assets shall not be part of the Originator's bankruptcy estate in the event of a bankruptcy of the Originator. Furthermore, it is not intended that such conveyance be deemed the grant of a security interest in the Assets to the Buyer to secure a debt or other obligation of the Originator. If, however, notwithstanding the intention of the parties, the conveyance provided for in this Section 2.01 is determined to be a transfer for security, then this Agreement shall be a "security agreement" within the meaning of Article 9 of the UCC and the Originator hereby grants to the Buyer a duly perfected, first priority security interest (within the meaning of Article 9 of the UCC) in all of its right, title and interest in and to the Assets transferred by the Originator to the Buyer hereunder to secure all of the obligations of the Originator hereunder. To the extent it is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction that the conveyance provided for in this Section 2.01 is a transfer for security, the Buyer

shall have, in addition to the rights and remedies which it may have under this Agreement, all other rights and remedies provided to a secured creditor under the UCC and other Applicable Law, which rights and remedies shall be cumulative.

(g) Buyer and Originator agree that for any transaction intermediated, arranged and underwritten by the Originator in which an Asset is settled directly with the Buyer or with respect to any Asset acquired by the Buyer in a transaction in which the Buyer is designee of the Originator, in each such case, the Originator shall hold a participation interest in such Asset for a period of two Business Days following the trade date of such transaction (the "Participation Interest Period"), which participation interest shall consist of an undivided interest in such Asset, and to the extent permitted to be transferred under applicable law, all claims, suits, causes of action and any other right of the Buyer (including in its capacity as a lender in respect of such Asset), whether known or unknown, against the borrower or any other obligor in respect of such Asset or any of their respective affiliates, agents, representatives, contractors, advisors or any other Person arising under or in connection with the agreements, instruments and other documents executed and delivered in connection with such Asset or that is in any way based on or related to any of the foregoing or any loan transactions governed thereby, including contract claims, tort claims, malpractice claims, statutory claims and all other claims at law or in equity related to the rights and obligations settled or acquired by the Buyer. During the Participation Interest Period in respect of an Asset, the Buyer shall comply with any written instructions provided to the Buyer by or on behalf of the Originator with respect to voting rights to be exercised by holders of the applicable Asset, other than with respect to any voting rights that are not permitted to be participated pursuant to the terms of the applicable underlying instrument. Because the settlement of such assignments will occur after the end of the Participation Interest Period, the Originator shall transfer to Buyer any payments of principal received in respect of any Asset during the Participation Interest Period and shall retain any other payments (including but not limited to interest) received with respect to an Asset during the Participation Interest Period. The participation interest of the Originator in any Asset shall terminate automatically at the end of the Participation Interest Period. Buyer and Originator further agree that for any Asset assigned to the Buyer by the Originator where the Originator was the record holder of such Asset prior to such assignment, the Originator shall have held a beneficial interest in such Asset for at least two Business Days prior to the trade date of such transaction.

Section 2.02. Purchase Price.

The purchase price for each Asset sold to the Buyer by the Originator under this Agreement shall be a dollar amount determined in accordance with Section 10.02(c) of the Credit Agreement (such amount, the "Purchase Price").

Section 2.03. Payment of Purchase Price.

(a) The Purchase Price for each Asset sold hereunder shall be paid by the Buyer to the Originator on the related Purchase Date either (i) in cash in immediately

available funds, (ii) with the consent of the Originator, which consent shall be in the Originator's sole discretion and which may be withheld by the Originator for any reason or for no reason, by means of a contribution by the Originator to the capital of the Buyer, or (iii) in a combination of clauses (i) and (ii). Notwithstanding any other provision, (1) the Originator shall be under no obligation to make any contribution to the capital of the Buyer, and (2) the Originator shall be under no obligation to, and shall not, transfer any Asset to the Buyer unless it is paid the Purchase Price as provided herein.

(b) The Originator, in connection with each Purchase hereunder relating to any Assets, shall be deemed to have certified, and hereby does certify, with respect to the Assets to be Purchased by the Buyer on such day, that its representations and warranties contained in Article IV with respect to such Assets are true and correct on and as of such day, with the same effect as though made on and as of such day.

(c) Upon the payment of the Purchase Price for any Purchase, title to the Assets included in such Purchase shall vest in Buyer, whether or not the conditions precedent to such Purchase and the other covenants and agreements contained herein were in fact satisfied; *provided* that Buyer shall not be deemed to have waived any claim it may have under this Agreement for the failure by the Originator in fact to satisfy any such condition precedent, covenant or agreement.

ARTICLE III

CONDITIONS PRECEDENT

Section 3.01. Conditions Precedent to all Purchases.

The obligations of the Buyer to Purchase the Assets from the Originator on any Purchase Date (including the initial Purchase Date) shall be subject to the satisfaction of the following conditions precedent that:

(a) all representations and warranties of the Originator contained in Sections 4.01 and 4.02 with respect to the Assets being Purchased on such Purchase Date shall be true and correct on and as of such date as though made on and as of such date and shall be deemed to have been made on and as of such day;

(b) the Originator shall have delivered to the Buyer a duly completed Asset Schedule that is true, accurate and complete in all respects as of such Purchase Date;

(c) on and as of such Purchase Date, the Originator shall have performed all of the covenants and agreements required to be performed by it on or prior to such date pursuant to the provisions of this Agreement; and

(d) no Applicable Law shall prohibit or enjoin, and no order, judgment or decree of any federal, state or local court or governmental body, agency or

instrumentality shall prohibit or enjoin, the making of any such Purchase by the Buyer in accordance with the provisions hereof.

ARTICLE IV

REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

Section 4.01. **Representations and Warranties Regarding the Originator.**

As of the Original Closing Date, the Closing Date and as of each Purchase Date, the Originator represents and warrants to the Buyer for the benefit of the Buyer and each of its successors and assigns that:

(a) Due Organization. The Originator is a corporation duly incorporated and validly existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, with full power and authority to own and operate its assets and properties, conduct the business in which it is now engaged and to execute and deliver and perform its obligations under this Agreement.

(b) Due Qualification and Good Standing. The Originator is in good standing in the State of Delaware. The Originator is duly qualified to do business and, to the extent applicable, is in good standing in each other jurisdiction in which the nature of its business, assets and properties, including the performance of its obligations under this Agreement and its organizational documents, requires such qualification, except where the failure to be so qualified or in good standing would not have a material adverse effect on the business operations, assets or financial condition of the Originator or on the validity or enforceability of this Agreement, or the performance by the Originator of its duties hereunder.

(c) Due Authorization; Execution and Deliver; Legal, Valid and Binding; Enforceability; Valid Sale. The execution and delivery by the Originator of, and the performance of its obligations under this Agreement and the other instruments, certificates and agreements contemplated hereby are within its powers and have been duly authorized by all requisite action by it and have been duly executed and delivered by it and constitute its legal, valid and binding obligations enforceable against it in accordance with their respective terms, subject, as to enforcement, (A) to the effect of bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws affecting generally the enforcement of creditors' rights and (B) to general equitable principles (whether enforceability of such principles is considered in a proceeding at law or in equity). This Agreement shall effect a valid sale, transfer and assignment of the Assets from the Originator to the Buyer, enforceable against the Originator and creditors of and purchasers from the Originator.

(d) Non-Contravention. None of the execution and delivery by the Originator of this Agreement, the consummation by it of the transactions herein contemplated, or performance and compliance by it with the terms, conditions and provisions hereof, will (i) conflict with, or result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under its organizational documents, (ii) conflict with or contravene (A) any

Applicable Law, (B) any indenture, agreement or other contractual restriction binding on or affecting it or any of its assets, or (C) any order, writ, judgment, award, injunction or decree binding on or affecting it or any of its assets or properties or (iii) result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under, or permit the acceleration of any obligation or liability in, or but for any requirement of the giving of notice or the passage of time (or both) would constitute such a conflict with, breach or violation of, or default under, or permit any such acceleration in, any contractual obligation or any agreement or document to which it is a party or by which it or any of its assets are bound (or to which any such obligation, agreement or document relates), in each case which would have a material adverse effect on the business, operations, assets or financial condition of the Originator or that would reasonably be expected to adversely affect in a material manner its ability to perform its obligations hereunder;

(e) Governmental Authorizations; Private Authorizations; Governmental Filings. Other than any filings the Originator may be required to file after the Original Closing Date as a public company subject to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Originator has obtained, maintained and kept in full force and effect all Governmental Authorizations and Private Authorizations which are necessary for it to properly carry out its business, and has made all Governmental Filings necessary for the execution and delivery by it of this Agreement and the performance by the Originator of its obligations under this Agreement, and no Governmental Authorization, Private Authorization or Governmental Filing which has not been obtained or made is required to be obtained or made by it in connection with the execution and delivery by it of this Agreement or the performance of its obligations under this Agreement;

(f) Compliance with Applicable Law. The Originator has duly observed and complied with all Applicable Laws relating to the conduct of its business and its assets except where the failure to do so could not reasonably be expected to result in a material adverse effect upon the performance by the Originator of its duties under, or on the validity or enforceability of this Agreement.

(g) Solvency. The Originator, at the time of and after giving effect to each conveyance of Assets hereunder on such Purchase Date, is Solvent on and as of the date thereof.

(h) Taxes. The Originator has filed or caused to be filed all tax returns which, to its knowledge, are required to be filed and has paid all taxes shown to be due and payable on such returns or on any assessments made against it or any of its property and all other taxes, fees or other charges imposed on it or any of its property by any Authority (other than any amount of tax due, the validity of which is currently being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and with respect to which reserves in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been provided on the books of the Originator); no tax lien has been filed and, to the Originator's knowledge, no claim is being asserted, with respect to any such tax, fee or other charge.

(i) Place of Business; No Changes. The Originator's location (within the meaning of Article 9 of the UCC) is the State of Delaware. The Originator has not changed its name, whether by amendment of its certificate of incorporation, by reorganization or otherwise, and has not changed its location within the four months preceding the Original Closing Date or the Closing Date.

(j) Not an Investment Company. The Originator is not required to be registered as an "investment company" within the meaning of the 1940 Act.

(k) Value Given. The cash payments received by the Originator and the increase in the Originator's equity interest in the Buyer as a result of any capital contribution by the Originator to the Buyer in respect of the Purchase Price of the Assets sold hereunder constitute reasonably equivalent value in consideration for the transfer to the Buyer of such Assets under this Agreement, such transfer was not made for or on account of an antecedent debt owed by the Originator to the Buyer, and such transfer was not and is not voidable or subject to avoidance under any applicable bankruptcy laws.

(l) Lack of Intent to Hinder, Delay or Defraud. The Originator is not selling any interest in any Assets transferred on such Purchase Date with any intent to hinder, delay or defraud its creditors.

(m) Nonconsolidation. The Originator conducts its affairs such that the Buyer would not be substantively consolidated in the estate of the Originator and their respective separate existences would not be disregarded in the event of the Originator's bankruptcy.

(n) Accuracy of Information. All written factual information heretofore furnished by the Originator for purposes of or in connection with this Agreement or any transaction contemplated hereby is, and all such written factual information hereafter furnished by the Originator pursuant to this Agreement will be, accurate in all material respects, on or as of the date such information is stated or certified; *provided* that the Originator shall not be responsible for, nor have any liability with respect to, any factual information furnished to it by any third party not affiliated with it, except to the extent that a responsible officer of the Originator has actual knowledge that such factual information is inaccurate in any material respect.

Section 4.02. Representations and Warranties of the Originator Relating to the Agreement and the Collateral.

The Originator hereby represents and warrants to the Buyer and as of the Original Closing Date, the Closing Date and as of the applicable Purchase Date:

(a) Valid Transfer and Security Interest. Subject to Section 2.01(g), this Agreement constitutes a valid transfer to the Buyer of all right, title and interest of the Originator in, to and under the Assets being transferred on such Purchase Date, free and clear of any lien, claim or encumbrance, except for Permitted Liens. To the extent it is

determined by a court of competent jurisdiction that the conveyances of the Assets provided for in Section 2.01(a) of this Agreement is a transfer for security:

- (i) This Agreement creates a valid and continuing security interest (as defined in the applicable UCC) in the Assets transferred by the Originator to the Buyer pursuant to this Agreement in favor of the Buyer, which security interest is prior to all other liens, claims, and encumbrances (other than Permitted Liens), and is enforceable as such against creditors of and purchasers from Originator;
- (ii) such Assets constitute “general intangibles,” “instruments,” “accounts,” “investment property,” “investment property,” or “chattel paper,” within the meaning of the applicable UCC;
- (iii) the Originator owns and has good and marketable title to such Assets free and clear of any lien, claim or encumbrance of any Person, other than Permitted Liens;
- (iv) the Originator has received all consents and approvals required by the terms of such Assets to the sale of such Assets hereunder to the Buyer (except (A) to the extent that the requirement for such consent is rendered ineffective under Sections 9-406 through 9-409 of the UCC and (B) for any customary procedural requirements and agents’ and/or obligors’ consents expected to be obtained in due course and for Permitted Liens);
- (v) the Originator has caused or will have caused, within ten days, the filing of all appropriate financing statements contemplated by Section 2.01(f) in the proper filing office in the appropriate jurisdictions under applicable law in order to perfect the security interest in such Assets granted to the Buyer hereunder, to the extent such security interest can be perfected by filing a financing statement;
- (vi) other than the security interest granted to the Buyer pursuant to this Agreement and any security interest that would be released upon the transfer of such Assets by the Originator to the Buyer, the Originator has not pledged, assigned, sold, granted a security interest in, or otherwise conveyed any of such Assets. The Originator has not authorized the filing of and is not aware of any financing statements against the Originator that include a description of collateral covering such Assets other than any financing statement relating to the security interest granted to the Buyer hereunder or that has been terminated. The Originator is not aware of any judgment or tax lien filings against the Originator;
- (vii) all original executed copies of each promissory note, if any, that constitute or evidence such Assets have been delivered to the Custodian under the Credit Agreement; and

(viii) none of the promissory notes, if any, that constitute or evidence such Assets has any marks or notations indicating that they have been pledged, assigned, or otherwise conveyed to any Person other than the Buyer.

(b) Eligibility of Collateral. As of the applicable Purchase Date, (i) the Asset Schedule is an accurate and complete listing of all Assets being Purchased on such Purchase Date and the information contained therein with respect to the identity of such Assets and the amounts owing thereunder is true and correct as of such Purchase Date, and (ii) the representations and warranties set forth in Section 4.02(a) are true and correct with respect to each Asset being Purchased on such Purchase Date.

(c) No Fraud. Each Asset being Purchased on such Purchase Date was originated without any fraud or material misrepresentation by the Originator or, to the best of the Originator's knowledge, on the part of the Obligor.

Section 4.03. Representations and Warranties Regarding the Buyer.

By its execution of this Agreement, the Buyer represents and warrants to the Originator that:

(a) Due Organization. The Buyer is a limited liability company duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, with full power and authority to own and operate its assets and properties, conduct the business in which it is now engaged and to execute and deliver and perform its obligations under this Agreement;

(b) Due Qualification and Good Standing. The Buyer is in good standing in the State of Delaware. The Buyer is duly qualified to do business and, to the extent applicable, is in good standing in each other jurisdiction in which the nature of its business, assets and properties, including the performance of its obligations under this Agreement and its organizational documents, requires such qualification, except where the failure to be so qualified or in good standing could not reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the business operations, assets or financial condition of the Buyer or on the validity or enforceability of this Agreement or the performance by the Buyer of its obligations hereunder;

(c) Due Authorization; Execution and Delivery; Legal, Valid and Binding; Enforceability. The execution and delivery by the Buyer of, and the performance of its obligations under this Agreement, and the other instruments, certificates and agreements contemplated hereby are within its powers and have been duly authorized by all requisite action by it and have been duly executed and delivered by it and constitute its legal, valid and binding obligations enforceable against it in accordance with their respective terms, except as enforceability may be limited by applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or other similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally or general principles of equity, regardless of whether considered in a proceeding in equity or at law;

(d) Non-Contravention. None of the execution and delivery by the Buyer of this Agreement, the consummation by it of the transactions herein contemplated, or performance and compliance by it with the terms, conditions and provisions hereof, will (i) conflict with, or result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under its organizational documents, (ii) conflict with or contravene (A) any Applicable Law, (B) any indenture, agreement or other contractual restriction binding on or affecting it or any of its assets, or (C) any order, writ, judgment, award, injunction or decree binding on or affecting it or any of its assets or properties or (iii) result in a breach or violation of, or constitute a default under, or permit the acceleration of any obligation or liability in, or but for any requirement of the giving of notice or the passage of time (or both) would constitute such a conflict with, breach or violation of, or default under, or permit any such acceleration in, any contractual obligation or any agreement or document to which it is a party or by which it or any of its assets are bound (or to which any such obligation, agreement or document relates);

(e) Governmental Authorizations; Private Authorizations; Governmental Filings. The Buyer has obtained, maintained and kept in full force and effect all Governmental Authorizations and Private Authorizations which are necessary for it to properly carry out its business, and made all Governmental Filings necessary for the execution and delivery by it of this Agreement and the performance by the Buyer of its obligations under this Agreement, and no Governmental Authorization, Private Authorization or Governmental Filing which has not been obtained or made is required to be obtained or made by it in connection with the execution and delivery by it of this Agreement or the performance of its obligations under this Agreement.

Section 4.04. Ordinary Course of Business.

Each of the Originator and the Buyer represents and warrants to the other as to itself that in the event the conveyances of the Assets provided for in Section 2.01(a) of this Agreement are determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be a transfer for security, each remittance of payments, if any, by the Originator hereunder to the Buyer under this Agreement will have been (i) in payment of an obligation incurred by the Originator in the ordinary course of business or financial affairs of the Originator and the Buyer, as the case may be, and (ii) made in the ordinary course of business or financial affairs of the Originator and the Buyer.

ARTICLE V

COVENANTS

Section 5.01. Affirmative Covenants of the Originator.

From the date hereof until the termination of this Agreement:

(a) Preservation of Corporate Existence. The Originator will preserve and maintain its corporate existence, rights, franchises and privileges in the jurisdiction of its

incorporation, and qualify and remain qualified in good standing as a foreign corporation in each jurisdiction where the failure to preserve and maintain such existence, rights, franchises, privileges and qualification has had, or could reasonably be expected to have, a material adverse effect on the business operations, assets or financial condition of the Originator or on the validity or enforceability of this Agreement, or the performance by the Originator of its duties hereunder.

(b) Protection of Interest in Collateral. With respect to the Assets Purchased by the Buyer, the Originator will (i) (at the Originator's expense) take all action necessary to perfect, protect and more fully evidence the Buyer's ownership of such Assets free and clear of any lien, claim or encumbrance other than Permitted Liens, including, without limitation, (a) filing and maintaining (at the Originator's expense), effective financing statements contemplated by Section 2.01(f) naming the Originator, as debtor, the Buyer, as secured party, and the Collateral Agent, as assignee, in all necessary or appropriate filing offices, and filing continuation statements, amendments or assignments with respect thereto in such filing offices, and (b) executing or causing to be executed such other instruments or notices as may be necessary or appropriate, and (ii) take all additional action that the Buyer or the Collateral Agent, as assignee of the Buyer, may reasonably request to perfect, protect and more fully evidence the ownership by the Buyer of the Assets.

(c) Delivery of Collections. The Originator will cause all payments received by it relating to all Assets purchased by the Buyer hereunder to be remitted to or at the direction of the Buyer within two (2) Business Days following receipt thereof.

(d) Separate Identity. The Originator agrees that it shall:

(i) maintain corporate records and books of account separate from those of the Buyer;

(ii) disclose on its annual financial statements the effects of the Originator's transactions in accordance with GAAP and not reflect in any way on its annual financial statements that the assets of the Buyer, including, without limitation, the Assets to be Purchased by the Buyer hereunder, could be available to pay creditors of the Originator or any other Affiliate of the Originator;

(iii) continuously maintain the resolutions, agreements and other instruments underlying the transactions described in this Agreement as official records;

(iv) not hold itself out as being liable for the debts of the Buyer;

(v) keep its assets and its liabilities wholly separate from those of the Buyer; and

(vi) avoid the appearance, and promptly correct any known misperception of any of the Originator's creditors, that the assets of the Buyer are available to pay the obligations and debts of the Originator.

Section 5.02. Negative Covenants of the Originator.

From the date hereof until the termination of this Agreement:

(a) Change of Name or Location of Loan Files. The Originator shall not change its name or change the jurisdiction of its incorporation, unless the Originator gives written notice thereof to the Buyer and the Collateral Agent, as assignee of the Buyer, and takes all actions required under the UCC of each relevant jurisdiction in order to continue the first priority perfected ownership interest of the Buyer in the Assets purchased by the Buyer hereunder.

ARTICLE VI

INDEMNIFICATION BY THE ORIGINATOR

Section 6.01. Indemnification.

The Originator agrees to indemnify, defend and hold harmless the Buyer, its officers, directors, employees and agents (any one of which is an "Indemnified Party") from and against any and all claims, losses, penalties, fines, forfeitures, judgments (*provided* that any indemnification for damages is limited to actual damages, not consequential, special or punitive damages), reasonable legal fees and related costs and any other reasonable costs, fees and expenses that such Person may sustain as a result of the Originator's fraud or the failure of the Originator to perform its duties in compliance in all material respects with the terms of this Agreement, except to the extent arising from gross negligence, willful misconduct or fraud by the Person claiming indemnification, provided that the Originator shall not be liable for any consequential (including loss of profit), indirect, special or punitive damages hereunder. Any Person seeking indemnification hereunder shall promptly notify the Originator if such Person receives a complaint, claim, compulsory process or other notice of any loss, claim, damage or liability giving rise to a claim of indemnification hereunder but failure to provide such notice shall not relieve the Originator of its indemnification obligations hereunder unless and to the extent the Originator is deprived of material substantive or procedural rights or defenses as a result thereof. The Originator shall assume (with the consent of the Indemnified Party, such consent not to be unreasonably withheld) the defense and any settlement of any such claim and pay all expenses in connection therewith, including reasonable counsel fees, and promptly pay, discharge and satisfy any judgment or decree which may be entered against the Indemnified Party in respect of such claim. The parties agree that the provisions of this Section 6.01 shall not be interpreted to provide recourse to the Originator against loss by reason of the bankruptcy, insolvency or lack of creditworthiness of an obligor with respect to an Asset Purchased by the Buyer hereunder. The Originator shall have no liability for making indemnification hereunder

to the extent any such indemnification constitutes recourse for any uncollectible or uncollected Assets.

Section 6.02. Operation of Indemnities.

If the Originator has made any indemnity payments to an Indemnified Party pursuant to this Article VI and such Indemnified Party thereafter collects any such amounts from others, such Indemnified Party will repay such amounts collected to the Originator.

ARTICLE VII

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 7.01. Amendments and Waivers.

Except as provided in this Section 7.01, no amendment, waiver or other modification of any provision of this Agreement shall be effective unless signed by the Buyer and Originator and consented to in writing by the Facility Agent, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed.

Section 7.02. Notices, Etc.

All notices and other communications provided for hereunder shall, unless otherwise stated herein, be in writing and mailed, e-mailed, transmitted or delivered, as to each party hereto, at its address set forth under its name on the signature pages hereof or at such other address as shall be designated by such party in a written notice to the other parties hereto. All such notices and communications shall be effective, upon receipt, or in the case of (a) notice by mail, five (5) days after being deposited in the United States mail, first class postage prepaid, (b) notice by e-mail or by facsimile mail, when electronic confirmation or verbal communication of receipt is obtained.

Section 7.03. Binding Effect; Benefit of Agreement.

This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and permitted assigns.

Section 7.04. GOVERNING LAW; CONSENT TO JURISDICTION; WAIVER OF OBJECTION TO VENUE SERVICE OF PROCESS.

THIS AGREEMENT AND THE RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTIES UNDER THIS AGREEMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO HEREBY AGREES TO THE NON-EXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION OF THE COURTS OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK SITTING IN NEW YORK COUNTY, THE COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK AND THE APPELLATE COURTS OF

ANY OF THEM. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO HEREBY WAIVES ANY OBJECTION BASED ON FORUM NON CONVENIENS, AND ANY OBJECTION TO VENUE OF ANY ACTION INSTITUTED HEREUNDER IN ANY OF THE AFOREMENTIONED COURTS AND CONSENTS TO THE GRANTING OF SUCH LEGAL OR EQUITABLE RELIEF AS IS DEEMED APPROPRIATE BY SUCH COURT.

Each of the Buyer and the Originator agrees that service of process may be effected by mailing a copy thereof by registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, to the Buyer or the Originator, as applicable, at its address specified in the signature pages to this Agreement or at such other address as the parties hereto shall have been notified in accordance herewith.

Section 7.05. WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL.

TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO HEREBY WAIVES ANY RIGHT TO HAVE A JURY PARTICIPATE IN RESOLVING ANY DISPUTE, WHETHER SOUNDING IN CONTRACT, TORT, OR OTHERWISE BETWEEN THE PARTIES HERETO ARISING OUT OF, CONNECTED WITH, RELATED TO, OR INCIDENTAL TO THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN ANY OF THEM IN CONNECTION WITH THIS AGREEMENT OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY. INSTEAD, ANY SUCH DISPUTE RESOLVED IN COURT WILL BE RESOLVED IN A BENCH TRIAL WITHOUT A JURY.

Section 7.06. Certain Taxes. The Originator shall pay on demand any and all stamp, sales, excise and other taxes and fees payable or determined to be payable to any Authority in connection with the execution, delivery, filing and recording of this Agreement and the other documents to be delivered hereunder.

Section 7.07. Non-Petition. The Originator hereby agrees not to institute against, or join, cooperate with or encourage any other Person in instituting against the Buyer any bankruptcy, reorganization, receivership, arrangement, insolvency, moratorium or liquidation proceedings or other proceedings under federal or state bankruptcy or similar laws.

Section 7.08. Recourse Against Certain Parties.

(a) No recourse under or with respect to any obligation, covenant or agreement (including, without limitation, the payment of any fees or any other obligations) of the Originator as contained in this Agreement, or any other agreement, instrument or document entered into by it pursuant to or in connection with this Agreement shall be had against any stockholder, incorporator, authorized representative, officer, employee or director of the Originator by the enforcement of any assessment or by any legal or equitable proceeding, by virtue of any statute or otherwise it being expressly agreed and understood that the agreements of the Originator contained in this

Agreement and all of the other agreements, instruments and documents entered into by it pursuant to this Agreement are, in each case, solely the corporate obligations of the Originator, and that no personal liability whatsoever shall attach to or be incurred by any stockholder, incorporator, authorized representative, officer, employee or director of the Originator, or any of them, under or by reason of any of the obligations, covenants or agreements of the Originator contained in this Agreement, or in any other such instruments, documents or agreements, or which are implied therefrom, and that any and all personal liability of each stockholder, incorporator, authorized representative, officer, employee or director of the Originator, or any of them, for breaches by the Originator of any such obligations, covenants or agreements, which liability may arise either at common law or at equity, by statute or constitution, or otherwise, is hereby expressly waived as a condition of and in consideration for the execution of this Agreement. The provisions of this Section 7.08(a) shall survive the termination of this Agreement.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the obligations of the Buyer under this Agreement are limited recourse obligations of the Buyer payable solely from the Assets and, following realization of the Assets, all obligations of and any claims by the Originator against the Buyer hereunder shall be extinguished and shall not thereafter revive. No recourse under or with respect to any obligation, covenant or agreement (including, without limitation, the payment of any fees or any other obligations) of the Buyer as contained in this Agreement, or any other agreement, instrument or document entered into by it pursuant to this Agreement shall be had against any member, manager, authorized representative, officer, employee or director of the Buyer by the enforcement of any assessment or by any legal or equitable proceeding, by virtue of any statute or otherwise it being expressly agreed and understood that the agreements of the Buyer contained in this Agreement, and all of the other agreements, instruments and documents entered into by it pursuant to this Agreement are, in each case, solely the limited liability company obligations of the Buyer, and that no personal liability whatsoever shall attach to or be incurred by any authorized representative, member, manager, officer, employee or director of the Buyer or any of them, under or by reason of any of the obligations, covenants or agreements of the Buyer contained in this Agreement, or in any other such instruments, documents or agreements, or which are implied therefrom, and that any and all personal liability of each authorized representative, member, manager, officer, employee or director of the Buyer, or any of them, for breaches by the Buyer of any such obligations, covenants or agreements, which liability may arise either at common law or at equity, by statute or constitution, or otherwise, is hereby expressly waived as a condition of and in consideration for the execution of this Agreement. The provisions of this Section 7.08(b) shall survive the termination of this Agreement.

Section 7.09. Protection of Right, Title and Interest in the Assets; Further Action Evidencing Purchases.

(a) The Originator shall cause all financing statements and continuation statements and any other necessary documents perfecting the Buyer's ownership interest in the Assets Purchased by the Buyer hereunder to be promptly recorded, registered and

filed, and at all times to be kept recorded, registered and filed, all in such manner and in such places as may be required by law fully to preserve and protect the perfection and priority of the ownership interest of the Buyer in all Assets Purchased by the Buyer hereunder. The Originator shall deliver to the Buyer the file-stamped copies of, or filing receipts for, any document recorded, registered or filed as provided above, as soon as available following such recording, registration or filing. The Originator shall cooperate fully with the Buyer in connection with the obligations set forth above and will execute any and all documents reasonably required to fulfill the intent of this Section 7.09(a).

(b) The Originator agrees that from time to time, at its expense, it will promptly execute and deliver all instruments and documents, and take all actions, that the Buyer or the Collateral Agent, as assignee of the Buyer, may reasonably request in order to perfect, protect or more fully evidence the Purchases hereunder and the ownership by the Buyer of the Assets Purchased by the Buyer hereunder.

Section 7.10. Execution in Counterparts; Severability; Integration.

This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts and by different parties hereto in separate counterparts (including by facsimile), each of which when so executed shall be deemed to be an original and all of which when taken together shall constitute one and the same agreement. In case any provision in or obligation under this Agreement shall be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any jurisdiction, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions or obligations, or of such provision or obligation in any other jurisdiction, shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby. This contains the final and complete integration of all prior expressions by the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof and shall constitute the entire agreement among the parties hereto with respect to the subject matter hereof, superseding all prior oral or written understandings.

Section 7.11. Heading and Exhibits.

The headings herein are for purposes of references only and shall not otherwise affect the meaning or interpretation of any provision hereof. The schedules and exhibits attached hereto and referred to herein shall constitute a part of this Agreement and are incorporated into this Agreement for all purposes.

Section 7.12. Assignment.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, this Agreement may not be assigned by the Buyer or the Originator except as permitted by this Section 7.12 and with the written consent of the Facility Agent, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld or delayed. Simultaneously with the execution and delivery of this Agreement, the Buyer shall grant a security interest in all of its right, title and interest herein to the Collateral Agent for the benefit of the Secured Parties (as defined in the Credit Agreement), to which assignment the Originator hereby expressly consents. Upon assignment, the Originator agrees to perform its obligations hereunder for the

benefit of the Collateral Agent for the benefit of the Secured Parties and the Collateral Agent, in such capacity, shall be a third party beneficiary hereof. The Collateral Agent on behalf of the Secured Parties under the Credit Agreement upon such assignment may enforce the provisions of this Agreement, exercise the rights of the Buyer and enforce the obligations of the Originator hereunder without joinder of the Buyer.

Section 7.13. No Waiver; Cumulative Remedies.

No failure to exercise and no delay in exercising, on the part of the Buyer or the Originator, any right, remedy, power or privilege hereunder, shall operate as a waiver thereof; nor shall any single or partial exercise of any right, remedy, power or privilege hereunder preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right, remedy, power or privilege. The rights, remedies, powers and privileges herein provided are cumulative and not exhaustive of any rights, remedies, powers and privileges provided by law. Any waiver of this Agreement shall be effective only in the specific instance and for the specific purpose for which given.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be duly executed by their respective officers as of the Closing Date.

TPG SPECIALTY LENDING, INC.,
as the Originator

By: /s/ Joshua Easterly
Name: Joshua Easterly
Title: Co-Chief Executive Officer

TPG SL SPV, LLC,
as the Buyer

By: /s/ Joshua Easterly
Name: Joshua Easterly
Title: Vice President

Acknowledged and Agreed:

Solely as to the terms of Sections 7.01 and 7.12 that are applicable to it:

NATIXIS NEW YORK BRANCH,
as the Facility Agent

By: /s/ David Duncan
Name: David Duncan
Title: Managing Director

By: /s/ Frank Fletcher
Name: Frank Fletcher
Title: Managing Director

Form of Assignment

[Date]

In accordance with the Amended and Restated Master Sale and Contribution Agreement (together with all amendments and modifications from time to time thereto, the "Agreement"), dated as of January 21, 2014, made by and between the undersigned, TPG Specialty Lending, Inc., as the Originator (together with its successors and permitted assigns, the "Originator"), and TPG SL SPV, LLC, as the Buyer (together with its successors and permitted assigns, the "Buyer"), the Originator does hereby sell, transfer, convey and assign, set over and otherwise convey to the Buyer, and the Buyer hereby purchases, all of the Originator's right, title and interest in and to the property listed on Schedule I hereto, including all payments and collections thereon after the date hereof (the "Assets"), without recourse except as provided in the Agreement.

Capitalized terms used herein have the meaning given such terms in the Agreement.

The Originator and the Buyer agree that the fair market value of the Assets is \$[] on the date hereof. The Buyer shall pay to the Originator on the date hereof \$[] in cash as [payment in full] [a partial payment] of the Purchase Price of the Assets. [The Originator agrees that the balance of the Purchase Price, which is \$[], shall be paid by means of a contribution by the Originator to the capital of the Buyer, and the Originator hereby makes such contribution to the capital of the Buyer.]

This Assignment is made pursuant to and in reliance upon the representations and warranties on the part of the Originator and the Buyer contained in Article IV of the Agreement and no others.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has caused this Assignment to be duly executed on the date written above.

TPG SPECIALTY LENDING, INC.

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

TPG SL SPV, LLC

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

Asset Schedule

SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED
SENIOR SECURED
REVOLVING CREDIT AGREEMENT
dated as of

February 27, 2014

among

TPG SPECIALTY LENDING, INC.
as Borrower

The LENDERS Party Hereto

and

SUNTRUST BANK
as Administrative Agent

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A.
as Syndication Agent

\$581,250,000

SUNTRUST ROBINSON HUMPHREY, INC.
J.P. MORGAN SECURITIES LLC
as Joint Lead Arrangers and Joint Book Runners

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS	1
SECTION 1.01. Defined Terms	1
SECTION 1.02. Classification of Loans and Borrowings	32
SECTION 1.03. Terms Generally	33
SECTION 1.04. Accounting Terms; GAAP	33
SECTION 1.05. Currencies; Currency Equivalents	34
ARTICLE II THE CREDITS	35
SECTION 2.01. The Commitments	35
SECTION 2.02. Loans and Borrowings	35
SECTION 2.03. Requests for Syndicated Borrowings	36
SECTION 2.04. Swingline Loans	37
SECTION 2.05. Letters of Credit	39
SECTION 2.06. Funding of Borrowings	44
SECTION 2.07. Interest Elections	44
SECTION 2.08. Termination, Reduction or Increase of the Commitments	46
SECTION 2.09. Repayment of Loans; Evidence of Debt	49
SECTION 2.10. Prepayment of Loans	50
SECTION 2.11. Fees	54
SECTION 2.12. Interest	55
SECTION 2.13. Alternate Rate of Interest	56
SECTION 2.14. Increased Costs	57
SECTION 2.15. Break Funding Payments	58
SECTION 2.16. Taxes	59
SECTION 2.17. Payments Generally; Pro Rata Treatment; Sharing of Set-offs	62
SECTION 2.18. Mitigation Obligations; Replacement of Lenders	65
SECTION 2.19. Defaulting Lenders	66
SECTION 2.20. Reallocation Following the Non-Extended Commitment Termination Date	69
SECTION 2.21. Assignment and Reallocation of Existing Commitments and Existing Loans	71

TABLE OF CONTENTS
(continued)

	Page
ARTICLE III REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES	72
SECTION 3.01. Organization; Powers	72
SECTION 3.02. Authorization; Enforceability	72
SECTION 3.03. Governmental Approvals; No Conflicts	72
SECTION 3.04. Financial Condition; No Material Adverse Change	72
SECTION 3.05. Litigation	73
SECTION 3.06. Compliance with Laws and Agreements	73
SECTION 3.07. Taxes	73
SECTION 3.08. ERISA	73
SECTION 3.09. Disclosure	73
SECTION 3.10. Investment Company Act; Margin Regulations	74
SECTION 3.11. Material Agreements and Liens	74
SECTION 3.12. Subsidiaries and Investments	75
SECTION 3.13. Properties	75
SECTION 3.14. Affiliate Agreements	75
SECTION 3.15. OFAC	75
SECTION 3.16. Patriot Act	75
SECTION 3.17. Collateral Documents	76
ARTICLE IV CONDITIONS	76
SECTION 4.01. Effective Date	76
SECTION 4.02. Each Credit Event	77
ARTICLE V AFFIRMATIVE COVENANTS	77
SECTION 5.01. Financial Statements and Other Information	78
SECTION 5.02. Notices of Material Events	79
SECTION 5.03. Existence: Conduct of Business	80
SECTION 5.04. Payment of Obligations	80
SECTION 5.05. Maintenance of Properties; Insurance	80
SECTION 5.06. Books and Records; Inspection and Audit Rights	80
SECTION 5.07. Compliance with Laws	81

TABLE OF CONTENTS
(continued)

	Page
SECTION 5.08. Certain Obligations Respecting Subsidiaries; Further Assurances	81
SECTION 5.09. Use of Proceeds	82
SECTION 5.10. Status of RIC and BDC	82
SECTION 5.11. Investment Policies	82
SECTION 5.12. Portfolio Valuation and Diversification Etc.	82
SECTION 5.13. Calculation of Borrowing Base	86
ARTICLE VI NEGATIVE COVENANTS	91
SECTION 6.01. Indebtedness	91
SECTION 6.02. Liens	92
SECTION 6.03. Fundamental Changes	93
SECTION 6.04. Investments	94
SECTION 6.05. Restricted Payments	95
SECTION 6.06. Certain Restrictions on Subsidiaries	96
SECTION 6.07. Certain Financial Covenants	97
SECTION 6.08. Transactions with Affiliates	97
SECTION 6.09. Lines of Business	97
SECTION 6.10. No Further Negative Pledge	97
SECTION 6.11. Modifications of Longer-Term Indebtedness Documents	98
SECTION 6.12. Payments of Longer-Term Indebtedness	98
SECTION 6.13. Accounting Changes	99
SECTION 6.14. SBIC Guarantee	99
ARTICLE VII EVENTS OF DEFAULT	99
ARTICLE VIII THE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT	103
SECTION 8.01. Appointment of the Administrative Agent	103
SECTION 8.02. Capacity as Lender	103
SECTION 8.03. Limitation of Duties; Exculpation	104
SECTION 8.04. Reliance	104
SECTION 8.05. Sub-Agents	104
SECTION 8.06. Resignation; Successor Administrative Agent	105

TABLE OF CONTENTS
(continued)

	Page
SECTION 8.07. Reliance by Lenders	105
SECTION 8.08. Modifications to Loan Documents	106
ARTICLE IX MISCELLANEOUS	106
SECTION 9.01. Notices; Electronic Communications	106
SECTION 9.02. Waivers; Amendments	109
SECTION 9.03. Expenses; Indemnity; Damage Waiver	111
SECTION 9.04. Successors and Assigns	113
SECTION 9.05. Survival	118
SECTION 9.06. Counterparts; Integration; Effectiveness; Electronic Execution	118
SECTION 9.07. Severability	119
SECTION 9.08. Right of Setoff	119
SECTION 9.09. Governing Law; Jurisdiction; Etc	119
SECTION 9.10. WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL	120
SECTION 9.11. Judgment Currency	120
SECTION 9.12. Headings	121
SECTION 9.13. Treatment of Certain Information; No Fiduciary Duty; Confidentiality	121
SECTION 9.14. USA PATRIOT Act	123
SECTION 9.15. Effect of Amendment and Restatement of the Existing Credit Agreement	123
SECTION 9.16. Reaffirmation of Guarantee and Security Agreement	123

SCHEDULE 1.01(a)	—	Approved Dealers and Approved Pricing Services
SCHEDULE 1.01(b)	—	Commitments
SCHEDULE 1.01(c)	—	Industry Classification Group List
SCHEDULE 3.11	—	Material Agreements and Liens
SCHEDULE 3.12(a)	—	Subsidiaries
SCHEDULE 3.12(b)	—	Investments
SCHEDULE 6.08	—	Transactions with Affiliates
EXHIBIT A	—	Form of Assignment and Assumption
EXHIBIT B	—	Form of Borrowing Base Certificate
EXHIBIT C	—	Form of Borrowing Request

SECOND AMENDED AND RESTATED SENIOR SECURED REVOLVING CREDIT AGREEMENT dated as of February 27, 2014 (this "Agreement"), among TPG SPECIALTY LENDING, INC., a Delaware corporation (the "Borrower"), the LENDERS party hereto, and SUNTRUST BANK, as Administrative Agent.

The original Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement was dated as of August 23, 2012 and was amended and restated pursuant to the Amended and Restated Senior Secured Revolving Credit Agreement dated as of July 2, 2013 (as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified prior to the Effective Date, the "Existing Credit Agreement"), among the Borrower, the lenders party thereto (collectively, the "Existing Lenders") and the Administrative Agent, the Existing Lenders agreed to make extensions of credit to the Borrower on the terms and conditions set forth therein, including making loans (the "Existing Loans") to the Borrower.

The Borrower has requested that the Existing Credit Agreement be amended and restated in its entirety to become effective and binding on the Borrower pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, and the Lenders (including certain of the Existing Lenders) have agreed (subject to the terms of this Agreement) to amend and restate the Existing Credit Agreement in its entirety to read as set forth in this Agreement, and it has been agreed by the parties to the Existing Credit Agreement that (a) the commitments which the Existing Lenders have agreed to extend to the Borrower under the Existing Credit Agreement shall be extended or advanced upon the amended and restated terms and conditions contained in this Agreement; and (b) the Existing Loans and other obligations outstanding under the Existing Credit Agreement shall be governed by and deemed to be outstanding under the amended and restated terms and conditions contained in this Agreement on and after the date hereof, with the intent that the terms of this Agreement shall supersede the terms of the Existing Credit Agreement (each of which shall hereafter have no further effect upon the parties thereto, other than for accrued and unpaid fees and expenses, and indemnification provisions accrued and owing, under the terms of the Existing Credit Agreement on or prior to the Effective Date or arising (in the case of indemnification) under the terms of the Existing Credit Agreement).

The parties hereto hereby agree to amend and restate the Existing Credit Agreement, and the Existing Credit Agreement is hereby amended and restated in its entirety as follows:

ARTICLE I

DEFINITIONS

SECTION 1.01. Defined Terms. As used in this Agreement, the following terms have the meanings specified below:

"ABR", when used in reference to any Loan or Borrowing, refers to whether such Loan, or the Loans constituting such Borrowing, are denominated in Dollars and bearing interest at a rate determined by reference to the Alternate Base Rate.

"Adjusted Borrowing Base" means the Borrowing Base minus the aggregate amount of Cash and Cash Equivalents included in the Portfolio Investments held by the Obligors

Revolving Credit Agreement

(provided that Cash Collateral for outstanding Letters of Credit shall not be treated as a portion of the Portfolio Investments).

“Adjusted Covered Debt Balance” means, on any date, the aggregate Covered Debt Amount on such date minus the aggregate amount of Cash and Cash Equivalents included in the Portfolio Investments held by the Obligors (provided that Cash Collateral for outstanding Letters of Credit shall not be treated as a portion of the Portfolio Investments).

“Adjusted LIBO Rate” means (a) for the Interest Period for any Eurocurrency Borrowing denominated in a LIBO Quoted Currency, an interest rate per annum (rounded upwards, if necessary, to the next 1/16 of 1%) equal to (i) the LIBO Rate for such Interest Period multiplied by (ii) the Statutory Reserve Rate for such Interest Period and (b) for the Interest Period for any Eurocurrency Borrowing denominated in a Non-LIBO Quoted Currency an interest rate per annum (rounded upwards, if necessary, to the next 1/16 of 1%) equal to the LIBO Rate for such Interest Period.

“Administrative Agent” means SunTrust, in its capacity as administrative agent for the Lenders hereunder.

“Administrative Agent Appraisal Testing Period” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 5.12(b)(ii)(E)(y).

“Administrative Agent’s Account” means, for each Currency, an account in respect of such Currency designated by the Administrative Agent in a notice to the Borrower and the Lenders.

“Administrative Questionnaire” means an administrative questionnaire in a form supplied by the Administrative Agent.

“Advance Rate” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 5.13.

“Affected Currency” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.13.

“Affiliate” means, with respect to a specified Person, another Person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, Controls or is Controlled by or is under common Control with the Person specified. Anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding, the term “Affiliate” shall not include any Person that constitutes an Investment held by any Obligor or Financing Subsidiary in the ordinary course of business; provided that the term “Affiliate” shall include any Financing Subsidiary.

“Affiliate Agreements” means collectively, (a) the Administration Agreement dated as of March 15, 2011 between the Borrower and the External Manager, (b) the Amended and Restated Investment Advisory and Management Agreement dated as of December 12, 2011 between the Borrower and the External Manager and (c) the License Agreement dated as of March 14, 2011 between the Borrower and Tarrant Capital IP, LLC.

“Agreed Foreign Currency” means, at any time, (i) any of Canadian Dollars, English Pounds Sterling, Euros, Japanese Yen, Australian Dollar, Swiss Franc, Swedish Krona

and New Zealand Dollar, and (ii) with the agreement of each Multicurrency Lender, any other Foreign Currency, so long as, in respect of any such specified Foreign Currency or other Foreign Currency, at such time (a) such Foreign Currency is dealt with in the London interbank deposit market, (b) such Foreign Currency is freely transferable and convertible into Dollars in the London foreign exchange market and (c) no central bank or other governmental authorization in the country of issue of such Foreign Currency (including, in the case of the Euro, any authorization by the European Central Bank) is required to permit use of such Foreign Currency by any Multicurrency Lender for making any Loan hereunder and/or to permit the Borrower to borrow and repay the principal thereof and to pay the interest thereon, unless such authorization has been obtained and is in full force and effect.

“Agreement” has the meaning assigned to such term in the preamble to this Agreement.

“Alternate Base Rate” means, for any day, a rate per annum equal to the greatest of (a) the Prime Rate in effect on such day, (b) the Federal Funds Effective Rate for such day plus 1/2 of 1% and (c) the rate per annum equal to 1% plus the rate as displayed in the Bloomberg Financial Markets System (or on any successor or substitute page of such service, or any successor to such service, providing rate quotations comparable to those currently provided on such page of such service, as determined by the Administrative Agent in its reasonable discretion from time to time for purposes of providing quotations of interest rates applicable to Dollar deposits in the London interbank market) at approximately 11:00 a.m., London time, on such day (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day), for Dollar deposits with a term of one month. Any change in the Alternate Base Rate due to a change in the Prime Rate, the Federal Funds Effective Rate or the rate as displayed in the Bloomberg Financial Markets System (or successor therefor) as set forth above shall be effective from and including the effective date of such change in the Prime Rate, the Federal Funds Effective Rate or such rate as displayed in the Bloomberg Financial Markets System (or successor therefor), respectively.

“Applicable Dollar Percentage” means, with respect to any Dollar Lender, the percentage of the total Dollar Commitments represented by such Dollar Lender’s Dollar Commitment. If the Dollar Commitments have terminated or expired, the Applicable Dollar Percentages shall be determined based upon the Dollar Commitments most recently in effect, giving effect to any assignments; provided that, for the avoidance of doubt, on and after the Non-Extended Commitment Termination Date, the Applicable Dollar Percentage of each Non-Extending Lender that is a Dollar Lender shall be 0%.

“Applicable Financial Statements” means, as at any date, the most-recent audited financial statements of the Borrower delivered to the Lenders; provided that if immediately prior to the delivery to the Lenders of new audited financial statements of the Borrower a Material Adverse Change (the “Pre-existing MAC”) shall exist (regardless of when it occurred), then the “Applicable Financial Statements” as at said date means the Applicable Financial Statements in effect immediately prior to such delivery until such time as the Pre-existing MAC shall no longer exist.

“Applicable Margin” means: (a) with respect to any ABR Loan, 1.25% per annum; and (b) with respect to any Eurocurrency Loan, 2.25% per annum.

“Applicable Multicurrency Percentage” means, with respect to any Multicurrency Lender, the percentage of the total Multicurrency Commitments represented by such Multicurrency Lender’s Multicurrency Commitment. If the Multicurrency Commitments have terminated or expired, the Applicable Multicurrency Percentages shall be determined based upon the Multicurrency Commitments most recently in effect, giving effect to any assignments; provided that, for the avoidance of doubt, on and after the Non-Extended Commitment Termination Date, the Applicable Multicurrency Percentage of each Non-Extending Lender that is a Multicurrency Lender shall be 0%.

“Applicable Percentage” means, with respect to any Lender, the percentage of the total Commitments represented by such Lender’s Commitment. If the Commitments have terminated or expired, the Applicable Percentages shall be determined based upon the Commitments most recently in effect, giving effect to any assignments; provided that, for the avoidance of doubt, on and after the Non-Extended Commitment Termination Date, the Applicable Percentage of each Non-Extending Lender shall be 0%.

“Approved Dealer” means (a) in the case of any Portfolio Investment that is not a U.S. Government Security, a bank or a broker-dealer registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 of nationally recognized standing or an Affiliate thereof, (b) in the case of a U.S. Government Security, any primary dealer in U.S. Government Securities, and (c) in the case of any foreign Portfolio Investment, any foreign broker-dealer of internationally recognized standing or an Affiliate thereof, in the case of each of clauses (a), (b) and (c) above, as set forth on Schedule 1.01(a) or any other bank or broker-dealer acceptable to the Administrative Agent in its reasonable determination.

“Approved Pricing Service” means a pricing or quotation service as set forth in Schedule 1.01(a) or any other pricing or quotation service approved by the Board of Directors of the Borrower and designated in writing to the Administrative Agent (which designation shall be accompanied by a copy of a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Borrower that such pricing or quotation service has been approved by the Borrower).

“Approved Third-Party Appraiser” means any Independent nationally recognized third-party appraisal firm (a) designated by the Borrower in writing to the Administrative Agent (which designation shall be accompanied by a copy of a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Borrower that such firm has been approved by the Borrower for purposes of assisting the Board of Directors of the Borrower in making valuations of portfolio assets to determine the Borrower’s compliance with the applicable provisions of the Investment Company Act) and (b) acceptable to the Administrative Agent. It is understood and agreed that Houlihan Lokey Howard & Zukin Capital, Inc., Duff & Phelps LLC, Murray, Devine and Company, Lincoln International LLC (formerly known as Lincoln Partners LLC) and Valuation Research Corporation are acceptable to the Administrative Agent. As used in Section 5.12 hereof, an “Approved Third-Party Appraiser selected by the Administrative Agent” shall mean any of the firms identified in the preceding sentence and any other Independent nationally recognized third-

party appraisal firm identified by the Administrative Agent and consented to by the Borrower (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld).

“Asset Coverage Ratio” means the ratio, determined on a consolidated basis for Borrower and its Subsidiaries, without duplication, (a) the Value of total assets of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries, less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities to (b) to the aggregate amount of senior securities representing indebtedness of Borrower and its Subsidiaries (including this Agreement and any Capital Call Facility), in each case as determined pursuant to the Investment Company Act and any orders of the Securities and Exchange Commission issued to or with respect to Borrower thereunder, including any exemptive relief granted by the Securities and Exchange Commission with respect to the indebtedness of any SBIC Subsidiary.

“Assignment and Assumption” means an Assignment and Assumption entered into by a Lender and an assignee (with the consent of any party whose consent is required by Section 9.04), and accepted by the Administrative Agent, in the form of Exhibit A (with adjustments thereto to reflect the Classes of Commitments and/or Loans being assigned or outstanding at the time of the respective assignment) or any other form approved by the Administrative Agent.

“Assuming Lender” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.08(e).

“Availability Period” means (a) in the case of any Extending Lender (with respect to such Extending Lender’s Extended Loans), the Extended Availability Period or (b) in the case of any Non-Extending Lender (with respect to such Non-Extending Lender’s Non-Extended Loans), the Non-Extended Availability Period, as applicable.

“Board” means the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System of the United States of America.

“Borrower” has the meaning assigned to such term in the preamble to this Agreement.

“Borrowing” means (a) all Syndicated ABR Loans of the same Class made, converted or continued on the same date, (b) all Eurocurrency Loans of the same Class denominated in the same Currency that have the same Interest Period or (c) a Swingline Loan.

“Borrowing Base” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 5.13.

“Borrowing Base Certificate” means a certificate of a Financial Officer of the Borrower, substantially in the form of Exhibit B and appropriately completed.

“Borrowing Base Deficiency” means, at any date on which the same is determined, the amount, if any, that (a) the aggregate Covered Debt Amount as of such date exceeds (b) the Borrowing Base as of such date.

“Borrowing Request” means a request by the Borrower for a Syndicated Borrowing in accordance with Section 2.03, which, if in writing, shall be substantially in the form of Exhibit C.

“Business Day” means any day (a) that is not a Saturday, Sunday or other day on which commercial banks in Atlanta, Georgia are authorized or required by law to remain closed, (b) if such day relates to a borrowing of, a payment or prepayment of principal of or interest on, a continuation or conversion of or into, or the Interest Period for, a Eurocurrency Borrowing denominated in Dollars, or to a notice by the Borrower with respect to any such borrowing, payment, prepayment, continuation, conversion, or Interest Period, that is also a day on which dealings in deposits denominated in Dollars are carried out in the London interbank market and (c) if such day relates to a borrowing or continuation of, a payment or prepayment of principal of or interest on, or the Interest Period for, any Borrowing denominated in any Foreign Currency, or to a notice by the Borrower with respect to any such borrowing, continuation, payment, prepayment or Interest Period, that is also a day on which commercial banks and the London foreign exchange market settle payments in the Principal Financial Center for such Foreign Currency.

“Calculation Amount” shall mean, as of the end of any Testing Period, an amount equal to the greater of: (a) (i) 125% of the Adjusted Covered Debt Balance (as of the end of such Testing Period) minus (ii) the aggregate Value of all Quoted Investments included in the Borrowing Base (as of the end of such Testing Period) and (b) 10% of the aggregate Value of all Unquoted Investments included in the Borrowing Base (as of the end of such Testing Period); provided that in no event shall more than 25% (or, if clause (b) applies, 10%, or as near thereto as reasonably practicable) of the aggregate Value of the Unquoted Investments in the Borrowing Base be tested in respect of any applicable Testing Period.

“CAM Exchange” means the exchange of the Lenders’ interests provided for in Article VII.

“CAM Exchange Date” means the date on which any Event of Default referred to in clause (j) of Article VII shall occur or the date on which the Company receives written notice from the Administrative Agent that any Event of Default referred to in clause (i) of Article VII has occurred.

“CAM Percentage” means, as to each Lender, a fraction, expressed as a decimal, of which (a) the numerator shall be the aggregate Dollar Equivalent of the Designated Obligations owed to such Lender (whether or not at the time due and payable) immediately prior to the CAM Exchange Date and (b) the denominator shall be the aggregate Dollar Equivalent amount of the Designated Obligations owed to all the Lenders (whether or not at the time due and payable) immediately prior to the CAM Exchange Date.

“Capital Call Facility” means any limited recourse debt facility of the Borrower secured solely by the capital commitments of the equity holders thereof and assets related thereto (and not secured by any Portfolio Investments, Cash or other property, in each case that constitute Collateral hereunder or are included in the Borrowing Base hereunder), including the facility established by the Amended and Restated Revolving Credit Agreement between the

Borrower, Deutsche Bank Trust Company Americas, as administrative agent, and the lenders named therein (or any extension, renewal or replacement thereof), existing on the date hereof or as amended or amended and restated from time to time.

“Capital Lease Obligations” of any Person means the obligations of such Person to pay rent or other amounts under any lease of (or other arrangement conveying the right to use) real or personal property, or a combination thereof, which obligations are required to be classified and accounted for as capital leases on a balance sheet of such Person under GAAP, and the amount of such obligations shall be the capitalized amount thereof determined in accordance with GAAP.

“Cash” means any immediately available funds in Dollars or in any currency other than Dollars (measured in terms of the Dollar Equivalent thereof) which is a freely convertible currency.

“Cash Collateralize” means, in respect of a Letter of Credit or any obligation hereunder, to provide and pledge cash collateral pursuant to Section 2.05(k), at a location and pursuant to documentation in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Administrative Agent and the Issuing Bank. “Cash Collateral” shall have a meaning correlative to the foregoing and shall include the proceeds of such cash collateral and other credit support.

“Cash Equivalents” means investments (other than Cash) that are one or more of the following obligations:

- (a) U.S. Government Securities, in each case maturing within one year from the date of acquisition thereof;
- (b) investments in commercial paper maturing within 270 days from the date of acquisition thereof and having, at such date of acquisition, a credit rating of at least A-1 from S&P and at least P-1 from Moody’s;
- (c) investments in certificates of deposit, banker’s acceptances and time deposits maturing within 180 days from the date of acquisition thereof
 - (i) issued or guaranteed by or placed with, and money market deposit accounts issued or offered by, any domestic office of any commercial bank organized under the laws of the United States of America or any State thereof or under the laws of the jurisdiction or any constituent jurisdiction thereof of any Agreed Foreign Currency; provided that such certificates of deposit, banker’s acceptances and time deposits are held in a securities account (as defined in the Uniform Commercial Code) through which the Collateral Agent can perfect a security interest therein and (ii) having, at such date of acquisition, a credit rating of at least A-1 from S&P and at least P-1 from Moody’s;
- (d) fully collateralized repurchase agreements with a term of not more than 30 days from the date of acquisition thereof for U.S. Government Securities and entered into with (i) a financial institution satisfying the criteria described in clause (c) of this definition or (ii) an Approved Dealer having (or being a member of a consolidated group having) at such date of acquisition, a credit rating of at least A-1 from S&P and at least P-1 from Moody’s; and

(e) investments in money market funds that invest solely, and which are restricted by their respective charters to invest solely, in investments of the type described in the immediately preceding clauses (a) through (d), above (including as to credit quality and maturity).

provided that (i) in no event shall Cash Equivalents include any obligation that provides for the payment of interest alone (for example, interest-only securities or “IOs”); (ii) if any of Moody’s or S&P changes its rating system, then any ratings included in this definition shall be deemed to be an equivalent rating in a successor rating category of Moody’s or S&P, as the case may be; (iii) Cash Equivalents (other than U.S. Government Securities or repurchase agreements) shall not include any such investment of more than 10% of total assets of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries in any single issuer; and (iv) in no event shall Cash Equivalents include any obligation that is not denominated in Dollars or an Agreed Foreign Currency.

“CDOR Rate” means, the rate per annum, equal to the average of the annual yield rates applicable to Canadian Dollar banker’s acceptances at or about 10:00a.m. (Toronto, Ontario time) on the first day of such Interest Period (or if such day is not a Business Day, then on the immediately preceding Business Day) as reported on the “CDOR Page” (or any display substituted therefor) of Reuters Monitor Money Rates Service (or such other page or commercially available source displaying Canadian interbank bid rates for Canadian Dollar bankers’ acceptances as may be designated by the Administrative Agent from time to time) for a term equivalent to such Interest Period (or if such Interest Period is not equal to a number of months, for a term equivalent to the number of months closest to such Interest Period).

“Change in Control” means the External Manager ceases to be Controlled by (a) (I) David Bonderman or James Coulter and (II) Alan Waxman, or any of their successors or (b) an Affiliate of TPG Holdings II, L.P. (but, for the avoidance of doubt, excluding Controlled portfolio investment companies of TPG Holdings II, L.P.).

“Change in Law” means the occurrence, after the date of this Agreement, of (a) the adoption of any law, treaty or governmental rule or regulation or any change in any law, treaty or governmental rule or regulation or in the interpretation, administration or application thereof (regardless of whether the underlying law, treaty or governmental rule or regulation was issued or enacted prior to the date hereof), but excluding proposals thereof, or any determination of a court or Governmental Authority, (b) any guideline, request or directive by any Governmental Authority (whether or not having the force of law) or any implementation rules or interpretations of previously issued guidelines, requests or directives, in each case that is issued or made after the date hereof or (c) compliance by any Lender (or its applicable lending office) or any company controlling such Lender with any guideline, request or directive regarding capital adequacy or liquidity (whether or not having the force of law) of any such Governmental Authority, in each case adopted after the date hereof. For the avoidance of doubt, all requests, rules, guidelines or directives concerning liquidity and capital adequacy issued (i) by any United States regulatory authority under or in connection with the implementation of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and (ii) in connection with the implementation of the recommendations of the Bank for International Settlements or the Basel Committee on Banking Regulations and Supervisory Practices (or any successor or similar authority), in each

case pursuant to Basel III, shall in each case be deemed to be a “Change in Law”, regardless of the date adopted, issued, promulgated or implemented.

“Class”, when used in reference to any Loan or Borrowing, refers to whether such Loan, or the Loans constituting such Borrowing, are Syndicated Dollar Loans, Syndicated Multicurrency Loans or Swingline Loans; when used in reference to any Lender’s (i) Class of Commitment, refers to whether such Lender is a Dollar Lender or a Multicurrency Lender and (ii) Class of Final Maturity Date, refers to whether such Lender is an Extending Lender or a Non-Extending Lender; and, when used in reference to any Commitment, refers to whether such Commitment is a Dollar Commitment or a Multicurrency Commitment. The “Class” of a Letter of Credit refers to whether such Letter of Credit is a Dollar Letter of Credit or a Multicurrency Letter of Credit.

“Code” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended from time to time.

“Collateral” has the meaning assigned to such term in the Guarantee and Security Agreement.

“Collateral Agent” means SunTrust in its capacity as Collateral Agent under the Guarantee and Security Agreement, and includes any successor Collateral Agent thereunder.

“Commitments” means, collectively, the Dollar Commitments and the Multicurrency Commitments.

“Commitment Increase” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.08(e).

“Commitment Increase Date” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.08(e).

“Commitment Termination Date” means the Extended Commitment Termination Date or the Non-Extended Commitment Termination Date, as applicable.

“Consolidated Group” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 5.13(a).

“Control” means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of a Person, whether through the ability to exercise voting power, by contract or otherwise. “Controlling” and “Controlled” have meanings correlative thereto.

“Covered Debt Amount” means, on any date, the sum of (x) all of the Revolving Credit Exposures of all Lenders on such date plus (y) the aggregate amount of Other Covered Indebtedness on such date minus (z) the LC Exposures fully Cash Collateralized on such date pursuant to Section 2.05(k) and the last paragraph of Section 2.09(a).

“Currency” means Dollars or any Foreign Currency.

“Default” means any event or condition which constitutes an Event of Default or which upon notice, lapse of time or both would, unless cured or waived, become an Event of Default.

“Defaulting Lender” means, subject to Section 2.19(b), any Lender that, during such Lender’s Availability Period, (a) has failed to (i) fund all or any portion of its Loans or participations in Letters of Credit within two Business Days of the date such Loans were required to be funded hereunder unless such Lender notifies the Administrative Agent and the Borrower in writing that such failure is the result of such Lender’s reasonable determination that one or more conditions precedent to funding (each of which conditions precedent, together with the applicable default, if any, shall be specifically identified in detail in such writing) has not been satisfied, or (ii) pay to the Administrative Agent, Issuing Bank, Swingline Lender or any Lender any other amount required to be paid by it hereunder (including in respect of its participation in Letters of Credit or Swingline Loans) within two Business Days of the date when due, (b) has notified the Borrower, the Administrative Agent, Issuing Bank or Swingline Lender in writing that it does not intend to comply with its funding obligations hereunder, or has made a public statement to that effect (unless such writing or public statement relates to such Lender’s obligation to fund a Loan hereunder and states that such position is based on such Lender’s reasonable determination that a condition precedent to funding (which condition precedent, together with the applicable default, if any, shall be specifically identified in detail in such writing or public statement) cannot be satisfied), (c) has failed, within three Business Days after written request by the Administrative Agent or the Borrower, to confirm in writing to the Administrative Agent and the Borrower that it will comply with its prospective funding obligations hereunder (provided that such Lender shall cease to be a Defaulting Lender pursuant to this clause (c) upon receipt of such written confirmation by Administrative Agent and Borrower), or (d) Administrative Agent has received notification that such Lender has become, or has a direct or indirect parent company that is, (i) insolvent, or is generally unable to pay its debts as they become due, or admits in writing its inability to pay its debts as they become due, or makes a general assignment for the benefit of its creditors or (ii) other than via an Undisclosed Administration, the subject of a bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, liquidation or similar proceeding, or a receiver, trustee, conservator, intervenor or sequestrator or the like has been appointed for such Lender or its direct or indirect parent company, or such Lender or its direct or indirect parent company has taken any action in furtherance of or indicating its consent to or acquiescence in any such proceeding or appointment; provided that a Lender shall not be a Defaulting Lender solely by virtue of the ownership or acquisition of any Equity Interest in that Lender or any direct or indirect parent company thereof by a Governmental Authority or instrumentality so long as such ownership interest does not result in or provide such Lender with immunity from the jurisdiction of courts within the United States or from the enforcement of judgments or writs of attachment on its assets or permit such Lender (or such Governmental Authority or instrumentality) to reject, repudiate, disavow or disaffirm any contracts or agreements made with such Lender. Any determination by the Administrative Agent that a Lender is a Defaulting Lender under any one or more of clauses (a) through (d) above shall be conclusive and binding absent manifest error, and such Lender shall be deemed to be a Defaulting Lender (subject to Section 2.19(b)) upon such determination (and the Administrative Agent shall deliver written notice of such determination to the Borrower, each Issuing Bank and each Lender and the Swingline Lender).

“Designated Obligations” means all obligations of the Borrower with respect to (a) principal of and interest on the Loans and (b) accrued and unpaid fees under the Loan Documents.

“Disposition” or “Dispose” means the sale, transfer, license, lease or other disposition (including any sale and leaseback transaction) of any property by any Person (or the granting of any option or other right to do any of the foregoing), including any sale, assignment, transfer or other disposal, with or without recourse, of any notes or accounts receivable or any rights and claims associated therewith; provided that the term “Disposition” or “Dispose” shall not include the disposition of Portfolio Investments originated by the Borrower and immediately transferred to a Financing Subsidiary pursuant to a transaction not prohibited hereunder.

“Dollar Commitment” means, with respect to each Dollar Lender during such Dollar Lender’s Availability Period, the commitment of such Dollar Lender to make Syndicated Loans, and to acquire participations in Letters of Credit and Swingline Loans, denominated in Dollars hereunder, expressed as an amount representing the maximum aggregate amount of such Lender’s Revolving Dollar Credit Exposure hereunder, as such commitment may be (a) reduced from time to time pursuant to Section 2.08 and (b) reduced or increased from time to time pursuant to assignments by or to such Lender pursuant to Section 9.04. The initial amount of each Lender’s Dollar Commitment is set forth on Schedule 1.01(b), or in the Assignment and Assumption pursuant to which such Lender shall have assumed its Dollar Commitment, as applicable. The initial aggregate amount of the Lenders’ Dollar Commitments is \$56,250,000.

“Dollar Equivalent” means, on any date of determination, with respect to an amount denominated in any Foreign Currency, the amount of Dollars that would be required to purchase such amount of such Foreign Currency on the date two Business Days prior to such date, based upon the spot selling rate at which the Administrative Agent offers to sell such Foreign Currency for Dollars in the London foreign exchange market at approximately 11:00 a.m., London time, for delivery two Business Days later.

“Dollar LC Exposure” means, at any time, the sum of (a) the aggregate undrawn amount of all outstanding Dollar Letters of Credit at such time plus (b) the aggregate amount of all LC Disbursements in respect of such Letters of Credit that have not yet been reimbursed by or on behalf of the Borrower at such time. The Dollar LC Exposure of any Lender at any time shall be its Applicable Dollar Percentage of the total Dollar LC Exposure at such time.

“Dollar Lender” means the Persons listed on Schedule 1.01(b) as having Dollar Commitments and any other Person that shall have become a party hereto pursuant to an Assignment and Assumption that provides for it to assume a Dollar Commitment or to acquire Revolving Dollar Credit Exposure, other than any such Person that ceases to be a party hereto pursuant to an Assignment and Assumption.

“Dollar Letters of Credit” means Letters of Credit that utilize the Dollar Commitments.

“Dollar Loan” means a Loan denominated in Dollars.

“Dollars” or “\$” refers to lawful money of the United States of America.

“Effective Date” means the date on which the conditions specified in Section 4.01 are satisfied (or waived in accordance with Section 9.02).

“Equity Interests” means shares of capital stock, partnership interests, membership interests in a limited liability company, beneficial interests in a trust or other equity ownership interests or equivalents (however designated, including any instrument treated as equity for U.S. federal income tax purposes) in a Person, and any warrants, options or other rights entitling the holder thereof to purchase or acquire any such equity interest.

“ERISA” means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended from time to time.

“ERISA Affiliate” means any trade or business (whether or not incorporated) that, together with the Borrower, is treated as a single employer under Section 414(b) or (c) of the Code, or, solely for purposes of Section 302 of ERISA and Section 412 of the Code, is treated as a single employer under Section 414 of the Code.

“ERISA Event” means (a) any “reportable event”, as defined in Section 4043 of ERISA or the regulations issued thereunder with respect to a Plan (other than an event for which the 30-day notice period is waived); (b) any failure by any Plan to satisfy the minimum funding standard (within the meaning of Section 412 of the Code or Section 302 of ERISA) applicable to such Plan; (c) the filing pursuant to Section 412(c) of the Code or Section 302(c) of ERISA of an application for a waiver of the minimum funding standard with respect to any Plan; (d) the incurrence by the Borrower or any of its ERISA Affiliates of any liability under Title IV of ERISA with respect to the termination of any Plan; (e) the receipt by the Borrower or any ERISA Affiliate from the PBGC or a plan administrator of any notice relating to an intention to terminate any Plan or Plans or to appoint a trustee to administer any Plan; (f) the incurrence by the Borrower or any of its ERISA Affiliates of any liability with respect to the withdrawal or partial withdrawal from any Plan or Multiemployer Plan; or (g) the receipt by the Borrower or any ERISA Affiliate of any notice, or the receipt by any Multiemployer Plan from the Borrower or any ERISA Affiliate of any notice, concerning the imposition of Withdrawal Liability or a determination that a Multiemployer Plan is, or is expected to be, insolvent or in reorganization, within the meaning of Title IV of ERISA.

“Euro” means a single currency of the Participating Member States.

“Eurocurrency”, when used in reference to any Loan or Borrowing, refers to whether such Loan, or the Loans constituting such Borrowing, are bearing interest at a rate determined by reference to the Adjusted LIBO Rate.

“Event of Default” has the meaning assigned to such term in Article VII.

“Excluded Taxes” means, with respect to the Administrative Agent, any Lender, the Issuing Bank or any other recipient of any payment to be made by or on account of any obligation of the Borrower hereunder, (a) Taxes imposed on (or measured by) its net income (however denominated), net profits, franchise Taxes and branch profits or any similar Taxes, in each case, (i) imposed by the United States of America (or any state or political subdivision thereof), or by the jurisdiction (or any political subdivision thereof) under the laws of which such

recipient is organized or in which its principal office is located or, in the case of any Lender, in which its applicable lending office is located or (ii) any Taxes imposed by any jurisdiction by reason of the recipient having any present or former connection with such jurisdiction (other than a connection arising solely from entering into, receiving any payment under or enforcing its rights under this Agreement or any other Loan Document or selling or assigning an interest in any Loan or Loan Document), (b) in the case of a Lender, any Taxes that are U.S. withholding taxes imposed on amounts payable to such Lender (i) at the time such Lender (other than an assignee pursuant to a request by the Borrower under Section 2.18(b)) becomes a party to this Agreement or designates a new lending office, except to the extent that such Lender's assignor or such Lender was entitled to receive additional amounts from the Borrower with respect to such withholding tax pursuant to Section 2.16, at the time of such assignment or designation (other than to the extent such withholding is as a result of a CAM Exchange), or (ii) that is attributable to such Lender's failure or inability (other than as a result of a Change in Law occurring after the date such Lender becomes a party to this Agreement) to comply with Section 2.16(f), (d) any U.S. federal, state or local backup withholding Taxes imposed on payments made under any Loan Document, and (e) any Taxes that are imposed under FATCA.

"Existing Credit Agreement" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals to this Agreement.

"Existing Lenders" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals to this Agreement.

"Existing Loans" has the meaning assigned to such term in the recitals to this Agreement.

"Extended Availability Period" means, with respect to any Extending Lender, the period from and including the Effective Date to but excluding the earlier of the Extended Commitment Termination Date and the date of termination of the Commitments.

"Extended Commitment Termination Date" means, with respect to each Extending Lender, February 27, 2018.

"Extended Final Maturity Date" means, with respect to each Extending Lender, February 27, 2019.

"Extended Loans" means Loans or Borrowings of any Extending Lender maturing on the Extended Final Maturity Date.

"Extending Lender" means each Lender designated as an "Extending Lender" on Schedule 1.01(b).

"External Manager" means TSL Advisers, LLC.

"Extraordinary Receipts" means any cash received by or paid to any Obligor on account of any foreign, United States, state or local tax refunds, pension plan reversions, judgments, proceeds of settlements or other consideration of any kind in connection with any cause of action, condemnation awards (and payments in lieu thereof), indemnity payments

received not in the ordinary course of business and any purchase price adjustment received not in the ordinary course of business in connection with any purchase agreement and proceeds of insurance (excluding, however, for the avoidance of doubt, proceeds of any issuance of Equity Interests and issuances of Indebtedness by any Obligor); provided that Extraordinary Receipts shall not include any (x) amounts that the Borrower receives from the Administrative Agent or any Lender pursuant to Section 2.16(f), or (y) cash receipts to the extent received from proceeds of insurance, condemnation awards (or payments in lieu thereof), indemnity payments or payments in respect of judgments or settlements of claims, litigation or proceedings to the extent that such proceeds, awards or payments are received by any Person in respect of any unaffiliated third party claim against or loss by such Person and promptly applied to pay (or to reimburse such Person for its prior payment of) such claim or loss and the costs and expenses of such Person with respect thereto.

“FATCA” means Section 1471 through 1474 of the Code, as of the date of this Agreement (or any amended or successor version that is substantively comparable and not materially more onerous to comply with) and any regulations promulgated thereunder and official interpretations thereof and any foreign legislation implemented to give effect to any intergovernmental agreements entered into thereunder and any agreements entered into pursuant to Section 1471(b)(1) of the Code.

“Federal Funds Effective Rate” means, for any day, the weighted average (rounded upwards, if necessary, to the next 1/100 of 1%) of the rates on overnight Federal funds transactions with members of the Federal Reserve System arranged by Federal funds brokers, as published on the next succeeding Business Day by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or, if such rate is not so published for any day that is a Business Day, the average (rounded upwards, if necessary, to the next 1/100 of 1%) of the quotations for such day for such transactions received by the Administrative Agent from three Federal funds brokers of recognized standing selected by it.

“Final Maturity Date” means (i) in the case of any Extending Lender (with respect to such Extending Lender’s Extended Loans), the Extended Final Maturity Date or (ii) in the case of any Non-Extending Lender (with respect to such Non-Extending Lender’s Non-Extended Loans), the Non-Extended Final Maturity Date, as applicable.

“Financial Officer” means the chief financial officer, principal accounting officer, treasurer or controller of the Borrower.

“Financing Subsidiary” means an SPE Subsidiary or an SBIC Subsidiary.

“Foreign Currency” means at any time any Currency other than Dollars.

“Foreign Currency Equivalent” means, with respect to any amount in Dollars, the amount of any Foreign Currency that could be purchased with such amount of Dollars using the reciprocal of the foreign exchange rate(s) specified in the definition of the term “Dollar Equivalent”, as determined by the Administrative Agent.

“Foreign Lender” means any Lender that is not a “United States person” as defined under Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code.

“Foreign Subsidiary” means any (a) direct or indirect Subsidiary of the Borrower that is organized under the laws of any jurisdiction other than the United States or its territories or possessions and that is treated as a corporation for United States federal income tax purposes, (b) direct or indirect Subsidiary of the Borrower which is a “controlled foreign corporation” within the meaning of the Code or (c) direct or indirect Subsidiary that is disregarded as an entity that is separate from its owner for United States federal income tax purposes and substantially all of its assets consist of the Capital Stock of one or more direct or indirect Foreign Subsidiaries.

“Fronting Exposure” means, at any time there is a Defaulting Lender, with respect to any Issuing Bank, such Defaulting Lender’s (a) Applicable Dollar Percentage of the outstanding Dollar LC Exposure and (b) Applicable Multicurrency Percentage of the outstanding Multicurrency LC Exposure, in each case with respect to Letters of Credit issued by such Issuing Bank other than Dollar LC Exposure or Multicurrency LC Exposure, as the case may be, as to which such Defaulting Lender’s participation obligation has been reallocated to other Lenders or Cash Collateralized in accordance with the terms hereof.

“GAAP” means generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America.

“Governmental Authority” means the government of the United States of America, or of any other nation, or any political subdivision thereof, whether state or local, and any agency, authority, instrumentality, regulatory body, court, central bank or other entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, taxing, regulatory or administrative powers or functions of or pertaining to government.

“Guarantee” of or by any Person (the “guarantor”) means any obligation, contingent or otherwise, of the guarantor guaranteeing or having the economic effect of guaranteeing any Indebtedness or other obligation of any other Person (the “primary obligor”) in any manner, whether directly or indirectly, and including any obligation of the guarantor, direct or indirect, (a) to purchase or pay (or advance or supply funds for the purchase or payment of) such Indebtedness or other obligation or to purchase (or to advance or supply funds for the purchase of) any security for the payment thereof, (b) to purchase or lease property securities or services for the purpose of assuring the owner of such Indebtedness or other obligation of the payment thereof, (c) to maintain working capital, equity capital or any other financial statement condition or liquidity of the primary obligor so as to enable the primary obligor to pay such Indebtedness or other obligation or (d) as an account party in respect of any letter of credit or letter of guaranty issued to support such Indebtedness or obligation; provided that the term Guarantee shall not include (i) endorsements for collection or deposit in the ordinary course of business or (ii) customary indemnification agreements entered into in the ordinary course of business, provided that such indemnification obligations are unsecured, such Person has determined that any liability thereunder is remote and such indemnification obligations are not the functional equivalent of the guaranty of a payment obligation of the primary obligor.

“Guarantee and Security Agreement” means that certain Amended and Restated Guarantee and Security Agreement dated as of July 2, 2013 among the Borrower, the Administrative Agent, each Subsidiary of the Borrower from time to time party thereto, each holder (or a representative or trustee therefor) from time to time of any Secured Longer-Term

Indebtedness or Secured Shorter-Term Indebtedness, and the Collateral Agent, as the same shall be modified and supplemented and in effect from time to time.

“Guarantee Assumption Agreement” means a Guarantee Assumption Agreement substantially in the form of Exhibit B to the Guarantee and Security Agreement between the Collateral Agent and an entity that pursuant to Section 5.08 is required to become a “Subsidiary Guarantor” under the Guarantee and Security Agreement (with such changes as the Administrative Agent shall request consistent with the requirements of Section 5.08).

“Hedging Agreement” means any interest rate protection agreement, foreign currency exchange protection agreement, commodity price protection agreement or other interest or currency exchange rate or commodity price hedging arrangement.

“Immaterial Subsidiaries” means those Subsidiaries of the Borrower that are “designated” as Immaterial Subsidiaries by the Borrower from time to time (it being understood that the Borrower may at any time change any such designation); provided that such designated Immaterial Subsidiaries shall collectively meet all of the following criteria as of the date of the most recent balance sheet required to be delivered pursuant to Section 5.01: (a) the aggregate assets of such Subsidiaries and their Subsidiaries (on a consolidated basis) as of such date do not exceed an amount equal to 3% of the consolidated assets of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries as of such date; and (b) the aggregate revenues of such Subsidiaries and their Subsidiaries (on a consolidated basis) for the fiscal quarter ending on such date do not exceed an amount equal to 3% of the consolidated revenues of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries for such period.

“Increasing Lender” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.08(e).

“Indebtedness” of any Person means, without duplication, (a) all obligations of such Person for borrowed money or with respect to deposits or advances of any kind, (b) all obligations of such Person evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes or similar instruments, (c) all obligations of such Person under conditional sale or other title retention agreements relating to property acquired by such Person, (d) all obligations of such Person in respect of the deferred purchase price of property or services (excluding accounts payable and accrued expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business), (e) all Indebtedness of others secured by any Lien on property owned or acquired by such Person, whether or not the Indebtedness secured thereby has been assumed (with the value of such debt being the lower of the outstanding amount of such debt and the fair market value of the property subject to such Lien), (f) all Guarantees by such Person of Indebtedness of others, (g) all Capital Lease Obligations of such Person, (h) all obligations, contingent or otherwise, of such Person as an account party in respect of letters of credit and letters of guaranty and (i) all obligations, contingent or otherwise, of such Person in respect of bankers’ acceptances. The Indebtedness of any Person shall include the Indebtedness of any other entity (including any partnership in which such Person is a general partner) to the extent such Person is liable therefor as a result of such Person’s ownership interest in or other relationship with such entity, except to the extent the terms of such Indebtedness provide that such Person is not liable therefor. Notwithstanding the foregoing, “Indebtedness” shall not include (x) purchase price holdbacks arising in the ordinary course of business in respect of a portion of the purchase price of an asset or Investment to satisfy unperformed obligations of the

seller of such asset or Investment or (y) a commitment arising in the ordinary course of business to make a future Portfolio Investment.

“Indemnified Taxes” means Taxes, other than Excluded Taxes, imposed on or with respect to any payment made by or on account of any obligation of the Borrower under this Agreement.

“Independent” when used with respect to any specified Person means that such Person (a) does not have any direct financial interest or any material indirect financial interest in the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates (including its investment advisor or any Affiliate thereof) and (b) is not connected with the Borrower or of its Subsidiaries or Affiliates (including its investment advisor or any Affiliate thereof) as an officer, employee, promoter, underwriter, trustee, partner, director or Person performing similar functions.

“Industry Classification Group” means (a) any of the classification groups set forth in Schedule 1.01(c) hereto, together with any such classification groups that may be subsequently established by Moody’s and provided by the Borrower to the Lenders, and (b) up to three additional industry group classifications established by the Borrower pursuant to Section 5.12.

“Interest Election Request” means a request by the Borrower to convert or continue a Syndicated Borrowing in accordance with Section 2.07.

“Interest Payment Date” means (a) with respect to any Syndicated ABR Loan, each Quarterly Date, (b) with respect to any Eurocurrency Loan, the last day of each Interest Period therefor and, in the case of any Interest Period of more than three months’ duration, each day prior to the last day of such Interest Period that occurs at three-month intervals after the first day of such Interest Period and (c) with respect to any Swingline Loan, the day that such Loan is required to be repaid.

“Interest Period” means, for any Eurocurrency Loan or Borrowing, the period commencing on the date of such Loan or Borrowing and ending on the numerically corresponding day in the calendar month that is one, two, three or six months thereafter or, with respect to such portion of any Eurocurrency Loan or Borrowing denominated in a Foreign Currency that is scheduled to be repaid on the applicable Final Maturity Date, a period of less than one month’s duration commencing on the date of such Loan or Borrowing and ending on the applicable Final Maturity Date, as specified in the applicable Borrowing Request or Interest Election Request; provided that (i) if any Interest Period would end on a day other than a Business Day, such Interest Period shall be extended to the next succeeding Business Day unless such next succeeding Business Day would fall in the next calendar month, in which case such Interest Period shall end on the next preceding Business Day, and (ii) any Interest Period (other than an Interest Period pertaining to a Eurocurrency Borrowing denominated in a Foreign Currency that ends on the applicable Final Maturity Date that is permitted to be of less than one month’s duration as provided in this definition) that commences on the last Business Day of a calendar month (or on a day for which there is no numerically corresponding day in the last calendar month of such Interest Period) shall end on the last Business Day of the last calendar month of such Interest Period. For purposes hereof, the date of a Loan initially shall be the date

on which such Loan is made and thereafter shall be the effective date of the most recent conversion or continuation of such Loan, and the date of a Syndicated Borrowing comprising Loans that have been converted or continued shall be the effective date of the most recent conversion or continuation of such Loans.

“Investment” means, for any Person: (a) Equity Interests, bonds, notes, debentures or other securities of any other Person or any agreement to acquire any Equity Interests, bonds, notes, debentures or other securities of any other Person (and any rights or proceeds in respect of (x) any “short sale” of securities or (y) any sale of any securities at a time when such securities are not owned by such Person); (b) deposits, advances, loans or other extensions of credit made to any other Person (including purchases of property from another Person subject to an understanding or agreement, contingent or otherwise, to resell such property to such Person); or (c) Hedging Agreements.

“Investment Company Act” means the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended from time to time.

“Investment Policies” means the investment objectives, policies, restrictions and limitations set forth in the “BUSINESS” section of its Registration Statement, and as the same may be changed, altered, expanded, amended, modified, terminated or restated from time to time.

“IRS” means the United States Internal Revenue Service.

“Issuing Bank” means SunTrust, in its capacity as the issuer of Letters of Credit hereunder, and its successors in such capacity as provided in Section 2.05(j). In the case of any Letter of Credit to be issued in an Agreed Foreign Currency, SunTrust may designate any of its affiliates as the “Issuing Bank” for purposes of such Letter of Credit.

“LC Disbursement” means a payment made by the Issuing Bank pursuant to a Letter of Credit.

“LC Exposure” means, at any time, the sum of the Dollar LC Exposure and the Multicurrency LC Exposure.

“Lenders” means, collectively, the Dollar Lenders and the Multicurrency Lenders. Unless the context otherwise requires, the term “Lenders” includes the Swingline Lender.

“Letter of Credit” means any letter of credit issued pursuant to this Agreement.

“Letter of Credit Collateral Account” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.05(k).

“Letter of Credit Documents” means, with respect to any Letter of Credit, collectively, any application therefor and any other agreements, instruments, guarantees or other documents (whether general in application or applicable only to such Letter of Credit) governing or providing for (a) the rights and obligations of the parties concerned or at risk with respect to

such Letter of Credit or (b) any collateral security for any of such obligations, each as the same may be modified and supplemented and in effect from time to time.

“LIBO Quoted Currency” means each of the following currencies: Dollars; Euro; English Pounds Sterling; Japanese Yen; and Swiss Franc; in each case as long as there is a published LIBO rate with respect thereto.

“LIBO Rate” means, for any Interest Period:

(a) in the case of Eurocurrency Borrowings denominated in a LIBO Quoted Currency, the ICE Benchmark Administration Limited London interbank offered rate per annum for deposits in the relevant Currency for a period equal to the Interest Period as displayed in the Bloomberg Financial Markets System (or such other page on that service or such other service designated by the ICE Benchmark Administration Limited for the display of such Administration’s London interbank offered rate for deposits in the relevant Currency) as of 11:00 a.m., London time on the day that is two Business Days prior to the first day of the Interest Period (or, solely with respect to Eurocurrency Borrowings in Pounds Sterling, on the first day of the Interest Period); provided that if the Administrative Agent determines that the relevant foregoing sources are unavailable for the relevant Interest Period, LIBO Rate shall mean for any LIBO Quoted Currency, the rate of interest determined by the Administrative Agent to be the average (rounded upward, if necessary, to the nearest 1/100th of 1%) of the rate per annum at which the Administrative Agent could borrow funds if it were to do so by asking for and then accepting interbank offers two (2) business days’ preceding the first day of such Interest Period (or, solely with respect to Eurocurrency Borrowings denominated in Pounds Sterling, on the first day of such Interest Period) in the London interbank market for the relevant Currency as of 11:00 a.m. for delivery on the first day of such Interest Period, for the number of days comprised therein and in an amount comparable to the amount of the Administrative Agent’s portion of the relevant Eurocurrency Borrowing;

(b) in the case of Eurocurrency Borrowings denominated in Canadian Dollars, the CDOR Rate per annum;

(c) in the case of Eurocurrency Borrowings denominated in Australian Dollars, the rate per annum equal to the Bank Bill Swap Reference Bid rate or a successor thereto approved by the Administrative Agent (“BBSY”) as published by Reuters (or such other page or commercially available source providing BBSY (Bid) quotations as may be designated by the Administrative Agent from time to time) at or about 10:30 a.m. (Melbourne, Australia time) on the day that is two Business Days prior to the first day of the Interest Period (or if such day is not a Business Day, then on the immediately preceding Business Day) with a term equivalent to such Interest Period;

(d) in the case of Eurocurrency Borrowings denominated in New Zealand Dollars, the rate per annum equal to the Bank Bill Reference Bid Rate or a successor thereto approved by the Administrative Agent (“BKBM”) as published by Reuters (or such other page or commercially available source providing BKBM (Bid) quotations as may be designated by the Administrative Agent from to time time) at or about 10:45 a.m.

(Auckland, New Zealand time) on the day that is two Business Days prior to the first day of the Interest Period (or if such day is not a Business Day, then on the immediately preceding Business Day) with a term equivalent to such Interest Period;

(e) in the case of Eurocurrency Borrowings denominated in Swedish Krona, the rate per annum equal to the Stockholm Interbank Offered Rate or a successor thereto approved by the Administrative Agent (“STIBOR”) as published by Reuters (or such other page or commercially available source providing STIBOR quotations as may be designated by the Administrative Agent from time to time) at or about 11:00 a.m. (Stockholm, Sweden time) on the day that is two Business Days prior to the first day of the Interest Period (or if such day is not a Business Day, then on the immediately preceding Business Day) with a term equivalent to such Interest Period; and

(f) for all Non-LIBO Quoted Currencies (other than Canadian Dollars, Australian Dollars, New Zealand Dollars or Swedish Krona), the calculation of the applicable reference rate shall be determined in accordance with market practice.

“Lien” means, with respect to any asset, (a) any mortgage, deed of trust, lien, pledge, hypothecation, encumbrance, charge or security interest in, on or of such asset, (b) the interest of a vendor or a lessor under any conditional sale agreement, capital lease or title retention agreement (or any financing lease having substantially the same economic effect as any of the foregoing) relating to such asset and (c) in the case of securities, any purchase option, call or similar right of a third party with respect to such securities, except in favor of the issuer thereof (and in the case of Investments that are securities, excluding customary drag-along, tag-along, right of first refusal and other similar rights in favor of the equity holders of the same issuer).

“Loan Documents” means, collectively, this Agreement, the Letter of Credit Documents and the Security Documents.

“Loans” means the loans made by the Lenders to the Borrower pursuant to this Agreement.

“Margin Stock” means “margin stock” within the meaning of Regulations T, U and X.

“Material Adverse Change” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 3.04(b).

“Material Adverse Effect” means a material adverse effect on (a) the business, Portfolio Investments and other assets, liabilities and financial condition of the Borrower or the Borrower and its Subsidiaries (other than Financing Subsidiaries) taken as a whole (excluding in any case a decline in the net asset value of the Borrower or a change in general market conditions or values of the Portfolio Investments), or (b) the validity or enforceability of any of the Loan Documents or the rights or remedies of the Administrative Agent and the Lenders thereunder.

“Material Indebtedness” means (a) Indebtedness (other than the Loans, Letters of Credit and Hedging Agreements), of any one or more of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries in an

aggregate principal amount exceeding \$10,000,000 and (b) obligations in respect of one or more Hedging Agreements under which the maximum aggregate amount (giving effect to any netting agreements) that the Borrower and its Subsidiaries would be required to pay if such Hedging Agreement(s) were terminated at such time would exceed \$10,000,000.

“Minimum Collateral Amount” means, at any time, with respect to Cash Collateral consisting of Cash or deposit account balances, an amount equal to 100% of the Fronting Exposure of Issuing Bank with respect to Letters of Credit issued and outstanding at such time.

“Moody’s” means Moody’s Investors Service, Inc. or any successor thereto.

“Multicurrency Commitment” means, with respect to each Multicurrency Lender during such Multicurrency Lender’s Availability Period, the commitment of such Multicurrency Lender to make Syndicated Loans, and to acquire participations in Letters of Credit and Swingline Loans, denominated in Dollars and in Agreed Foreign Currencies hereunder, during such Multicurrency Lender’s Availability Period, expressed as an amount representing the maximum aggregate amount of such Lender’s Revolving Multicurrency Credit Exposure hereunder, as such commitment may be (a) reduced from time to time pursuant to Section 2.08 and (b) reduced or increased from time to time pursuant to assignments by or to such Lender pursuant to Section 9.04. The initial amount of each Lender’s Multicurrency Commitment is set forth on Schedule 1.01(b), or in the Assignment and Assumption pursuant to which such Lender shall have assumed its Multicurrency commitment, as applicable. The initial aggregate amount of the Lenders’ Multicurrency Commitments is \$525,000,000.

“Multicurrency LC Exposure” means, at any time, the sum of (a) the aggregate undrawn amount of all outstanding Multicurrency Letters of Credit at such time plus (b) the aggregate amount of all LC Disbursements in respect of such Letters of Credit that have not yet been reimbursed by or on behalf of the Borrower at such time. The Multicurrency LC Exposure of any Lender at any time shall be its Applicable Multicurrency Percentage of the total Multicurrency LC Exposure at such time.

“Multicurrency Lender” means the Persons listed on Schedule 1.01(b) as having Multicurrency Commitments and any other Person that shall have become a party hereto pursuant to an Assignment and Assumption that provides for it to assume a Multicurrency Commitment or to acquire Revolving Multicurrency Credit Exposure, other than any such Person that ceases to be a party hereto pursuant to an Assignment and Assumption.

“Multicurrency Letters of Credit” means Letters of Credit that utilize the Multicurrency Commitments.

“Multicurrency Loan” means a Loan denominated in Dollars or an Agreed Foreign Currency.

“Multiemployer Plan” means a multiemployer plan as defined in Section 4001(a)(3) of ERISA.

“National Currency” means the currency, other than the Euro, of a Participating Member State.

“Net Cash Proceeds” means:

(a) with respect to any Disposition by the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries (other than Financing Subsidiaries), or any Extraordinary Receipt received or paid to the account of the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries (other than Financing Subsidiaries) (in each case, which requires a payment of the Loans under Section 2.10(d)), an amount equal to (a) the sum of cash and Cash Equivalents received in connection with such transaction (including any cash or Cash Equivalents received by way of deferred payment pursuant to, or by monetization of, a note receivable or otherwise, but only as and when so received) minus (b) the sum of (i) the principal amount of any Indebtedness that is secured by the applicable asset and that is required to be repaid in connection with such transaction (other than Indebtedness under the Loan Documents), (ii) the reasonable out-of-pocket fees, costs and expenses incurred by the Borrower or such Subsidiary in connection with such transaction, (iii) the taxes paid or reasonably estimated to be actually payable within two years of the date of the relevant transaction in connection with such transaction; provided that, if the amount of any estimated taxes pursuant to clause (iii) exceeds the amount of taxes actually required to be paid in cash in respect of such Disposition, the aggregate amount of such excess shall constitute Net Cash Proceeds (as of the date the Borrower determines such excess exists) and (iv) any reasonable costs, fees, commissions, premiums and expenses incurred by the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries in connection with such Disposition; and

(b) with respect to the sale or issuance of any Equity Interest by the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries (other than any Financing Subsidiary) (including, for the avoidance of doubt, cash received by the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries (other than any Financing Subsidiaries) for the sale by the Borrower or such Subsidiary of any Equity Interest of a Financing Subsidiary but specifically excluding any sale of any Equity Interest by a Financing Subsidiary or cash received by a Financing Subsidiary in connection with the sale of any Equity Interest), or the incurrence or issuance of any Indebtedness by the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries (other than Financing Subsidiaries) (in each case, which requires a payment of the Loans under Section 2.10(d)), an amount equal to (i) the sum of the cash and Cash Equivalents received in connection with such transaction minus (ii) the sum of (1) reasonable out-of-pocket fees, costs and expenses, incurred by the Borrower or such Subsidiary in connection therewith plus (2) any reasonable costs, fees, commissions, premiums, expenses, or underwriting discounts or commissions incurred by the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries in connection with such sale or issuance.

“Non-Defaulting Lender” means, at any time, a Lender that is not a Defaulting Lender at such time.

“Non-Extended Availability Period” means, with respect to any Non-Extending Lender, the period from and including the Effective Date to but excluding the earlier of the Non-Extended Commitment Termination Date and the date of termination of the Commitments.

“Non-Extended Commitment Termination Date” means, with respect to each Non-Extending Lender, June 30, 2017.

“Non-Extended Final Maturity Date” means, with respect to each Non-Extending Lender, July 2, 2018.

“Non-Extended Loans” means Loans or Borrowings of any Non-Extending Lender maturing on the Non-Extended Final Maturity Date.

“Non-Extending Lender” means each Lender designated as a “Non-Extending Lender” on Schedule 1.01(b).

“Non-LIBO Quoted Currency” means any currency other than a LIBO Quoted Currency.

“Non-Public Information” means material non-public information (within the meaning of United States federal, state or other applicable securities laws) with respect to Borrower or its Affiliates or their Securities.

“Obligor” means, collectively, the Borrower and the Subsidiary Guarantors.

“Original Currency” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 2.17.

“Original Effective Date” means July 3, 2013.

“Other Covered Indebtedness” means, collectively, Secured Longer-Term Indebtedness, Secured Shorter-Term Indebtedness and Unsecured Shorter-Term Indebtedness; provided that “Other Covered Indebtedness” shall not include (a) any Indebtedness under any Capital Call Facility or (b) any Indebtedness secured by a Lien on Portfolio Investments permitted under Section 6.02(e).

“Other Permitted Indebtedness” means (a) accrued expenses and current trade accounts payable incurred in the ordinary course of the Borrower’s business which are not overdue for a period of more than 90 days or which are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings, (b) Indebtedness (other than Indebtedness for borrowed money) arising in connection with transactions in the ordinary course of the Borrower’s business in connection with its purchasing of securities, derivatives transactions, reverse repurchase agreements or dollar rolls to the extent such transactions are permitted under the Investment Company Act and the Borrower’s Investment Policies (after giving effect to any Permitted Policy Amendments), provided that such Indebtedness does not arise in connection with the purchase of Portfolio Investments other than Cash Equivalents and U.S. Government Securities and (c) Indebtedness in respect of judgments or awards that have been in force for less than the applicable period for taking an appeal so long as such judgments or awards do not constitute an Event of Default under clause (l) of Article VII.

“Other Taxes” means any and all present or future stamp or documentary taxes or any other excise or property taxes, charges or similar levies arising from any payment made under any Loan Document or from the execution, delivery or enforcement of, or otherwise with

respect to, any Loan Document, excluding (i) any such taxes, charges or similar levies resulting from an assignment by any Lender in accordance with Section 9.04 hereof (unless such assignment is made pursuant to Section 2.18(b)) or (ii) any Taxes imposed by any jurisdiction by reason of the recipient of any payment on or account of this Agreement having any present or former connection with such jurisdiction (other than a connection arising solely from entering into, receiving any payment under or enforcing its rights under this Agreement or any other Loan Document).

“Participant” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 9.04.

“Participant Register” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 9.04.

“Participating Member State” means any member state of the European Community that adopts or has adopted the Euro as its lawful currency in accordance with the legislation of the European Union relating to the European Monetary Union.

“PBGC” means the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation referred to and defined in ERISA and any successor entity performing similar functions.

“Permitted Liens” means (a) Liens imposed by any Governmental Authority for taxes, assessments or charges not yet due or that are being contested in good faith and by appropriate proceedings if adequate reserves with respect thereto are maintained on the books of the Borrower in accordance with GAAP; (b) Liens of clearing agencies, broker-dealers and similar Liens incurred in the ordinary course of business, provided that such Liens (i) attach only to the securities (or proceeds) being purchased or sold and (ii) secure only obligations incurred in connection with such purchase or sale, and not any obligation in connection with margin financing; (c) Liens imposed by law, such as materialmen’s, mechanics’, carriers’, workmens’, storage and repairmen’s Liens and other similar Liens arising in the ordinary course of business and securing obligations (other than Indebtedness for borrowed money) not yet due or that are being contested in good faith and by appropriate proceedings if adequate reserves with respect thereto are maintained on the books of the Borrower in accordance with GAAP; (d) Liens incurred or pledges or deposits made to secure obligations incurred in the ordinary course of business under workers’ compensation laws, unemployment insurance or other similar social security legislation (other than in respect of employee benefit plans subject to ERISA) or to secure public or statutory obligations; (e) Liens securing the performance of, or payment in respect of, bids, insurance premiums, deductibles or co-insured amounts, tenders, government or utility contracts (other than for the repayment of borrowed money), surety, stay, customs and appeal bonds and other obligations of a similar nature incurred in the ordinary course of business; (f) Liens arising out of judgments or awards that have been in force for less than the applicable period for taking an appeal so long as such judgments or awards do not constitute an Event of Default under clause (l) of Article VII; (g) customary rights of setoff and liens upon (i) deposits of cash in favor of banks or other depository institutions in which such cash is maintained in the ordinary course of business, (ii) cash and financial assets held in securities accounts in favor of banks and other financial institutions with which such accounts are maintained in the ordinary course of business and (iii) assets held by a custodian in favor of such custodian in the ordinary course of business securing payment of fees, indemnities and other similar obligations; (h) Liens arising solely from precautionary filings of financing statements

under the Uniform Commercial Code of the applicable jurisdictions in respect of operating leases entered into by the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries in the ordinary course of business; and (i) deposits of money securing leases to which Borrower is a party as lessee made in the ordinary course of business. For the avoidance of doubt, no Liens securing any Capital Call Facility or the facility of any Financing Subsidiary shall be a Permitted Lien hereunder.

“Permitted Policy Amendment” means any change, alteration, expansion, amendment, modification, termination or restatement of the Investment Policies that is either (a) approved in writing by the Administrative Agent (with the consent of the Required Lenders), (b) required by applicable law, rule, regulation or Governmental Authority, or (c) not material in the reasonable discretion of the Administrative Agent (for the avoidance of doubt, no change, alteration, expansion, amendment, modification, termination or restatement of the Investment Policies shall be deemed “material” if investment size proportionately increases as the size of the Borrower’s capital base changes).

“Permitted SBIC Guarantee” means a guarantee by the Borrower of Indebtedness of an SBIC Subsidiary on the SBA’s then applicable form, provided that the recourse to the Borrower thereunder is expressly limited only to periods after the occurrence of an event or condition that is an impermissible change in the control of such SBIC Subsidiary (it being understood that, as provided in clause (s) of Article VII, it shall be an Event of Default hereunder if any such event or condition giving rise to such recourse occurs).

“Person” means any natural person, corporation, limited liability company, trust, joint venture, association, company, partnership, Governmental Authority or other entity.

“Plan” means any employee pension benefit plan (other than a Multiemployer Plan) subject to the provisions of Title IV of ERISA or Section 412 of the Code or Section 302 of ERISA, and in respect of which the Borrower or any ERISA Affiliate is (or, if such plan were terminated, would under Section 4069 of ERISA be deemed to be) an “employer” as defined in Section 3(5) of ERISA.

“Platform” means has the meaning set forth in Section 5.01(i).

“Portfolio Investment” means any Investment held by the Obligors in their asset portfolio (and solely for purposes of determining the Borrowing Base, Cash). Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the following Investments shall not be considered Portfolio Investments under this Agreement or any other Loan Document: (a) any Investment by an Obligor in any Subsidiary or Affiliate of such Obligor or any Financing Subsidiary (including, for the avoidance of doubt, any Investment by an Obligor in an entity constituting a portfolio investment of such Obligor or an Affiliate of such Obligor); (b) any Investment that provides in favor of the obligor in respect of such Portfolio Investment an express right of rescission, set-off, counterclaim or any other defenses; (d) any Investment, which if debt, is an obligation (other than a revolving loan or delayed draw term loan) pursuant to which any future advances or payments to the Obligor may be required to be made by the Borrower; (e) any Investment which is made to a bankrupt entity (other than a debtor-in-possession financing and current pay obligations); and (f) any Investment, Cash or account in which a Financing Subsidiary has an interest or the lenders under a Capital Call Facility have a Lien.

“Prime Rate” means the rate which is quoted in the print edition of The Wall Street Journal, Money Rates Section.

“Principal Financial Center” means, in the case of any Currency, the principal financial center where such Currency is cleared and settled, as determined by the Administrative Agent.

“Public Lender” means Lenders that do not wish to receive Non-Public Information with respect to the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries or their Securities.

“Quarterly Dates” means the last Business Day of March, June, September and December in each year, commencing on September 30, 2013.

“Quoted Investments” means a Portfolio Investment with a value assigned by the Borrower pursuant to Section 5.12(b)(ii)(A).

“Register” has the meaning set forth in Section 9.04.

“Registration Statement” means the Registration Statement filed by the Borrower with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 14, 2011.

“Regulations D, T, U and X” means, respectively, Regulations D, T, U and X of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (or any successor), as the same may be modified and supplemented and in effect from time to time.

“Related Parties” means, with respect to any specified Person, such Person’s Affiliates and the respective partners, directors, officers, employees, agents and advisors of such Person and such Person’s Affiliates.

“Relevant Available Funds” means the sum (without duplication) of (a) the aggregate undrawn capital commitments of the Borrower’s equity holders to the Borrower, plus (b) the aggregate amount available to be drawn under any committed facilities, including, for the avoidance of doubt, this Agreement, for which all applicable conditions to availability could be satisfied at such time.

“Required Lenders” means, at any time, Lenders having Revolving Credit Exposures and unused Commitments representing more than 50% of the sum of the total Revolving Credit Exposures and unused Commitments at such time; provided that the Revolving Credit Exposures and unused Commitments of any Defaulting Lender shall be disregarded in the determination of Required Lenders. The Required Lenders of a Class (which shall include the terms “Required Dollar Lenders” and “Required Multicurrency Lenders”) means Lenders having Revolving Credit Exposures and unused Commitments of such Class representing more than 50% of the sum of the total Revolving Credit Exposures and unused Commitments of such Class at such time.

“Restricted Payment” means any dividend or other distribution (whether in cash, securities or other property) with respect to any shares of any class of capital stock of the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, or any payment (whether in cash, securities or other

property), including any sinking fund or similar deposit, on account of the purchase, redemption, retirement, acquisition, cancellation or termination of any such shares of capital stock of the Borrower or any option, warrant or other right to acquire any such shares of capital stock of the Borrower (it being understood that none of: (w) the conversion features under convertible notes; (x) the triggering and/or settlement thereof; or (y) any cash payment made by the Borrower in respect thereof, shall constitute a Restricted Payment hereunder).

“Return of Capital” means (a) any net cash amount received by any Obligor in respect of the outstanding principal of any Portfolio Investment (whether at stated maturity, by acceleration or otherwise), (b) without duplication of amounts received under clause (a), any net cash proceeds received by any Obligor from the sale of any property or assets pledged as collateral in respect of any Portfolio Investment to the extent such net cash proceeds are less than or equal to the outstanding principal balance of such Portfolio Investment, (c) any net cash amount received by any Obligor in respect of any Portfolio Investment that is an Equity Interest (x) upon the liquidation or dissolution of the issuer of such Portfolio Investment, (y) as a distribution of capital made on or in respect of such Portfolio Investment, or (z) pursuant to the recapitalization or reclassification of the capital of the issuer of such Portfolio Investment or pursuant to the reorganization of such issuer or (d) any similar return of capital received by any Obligor in cash in respect of any Portfolio Investment (in the case of clauses (a), (b), (c) and (d), net of any fees, costs, expenses and taxes payable with respect thereto).

“Revolving Credit Exposure” means, with respect to any Lender at any time, the sum of the outstanding principal amount of such Lender’s Revolving Dollar Credit Exposure and Revolving Multicurrency Credit Exposure at such time.

“Revolving Dollar Credit Exposure” means, with respect to any Lender at any time, the sum of the outstanding principal amount of such Lender’s Syndicated Loans, and its LC Exposure and Swingline Exposure, at such time made or incurred under the Dollar Commitments.

“Revolving Multicurrency Credit Exposure” means, with respect to any Lender at any time, the sum of the outstanding principal amount of such Lender’s Syndicated Loans, and its LC Exposure and Swingline Exposure, at such time made or incurred under the Multicurrency Commitments.

“Revolving Percentage” means, as of any date of determination, the result, expressed as a percentage, of the Revolving Credit Exposure on such date divided by the aggregate outstanding Covered Debt Amount on such date.

“RIC” means a person qualifying for treatment as a “regulated investment company” under the Code.

“S&P” means Standard & Poor’s Ratings Services, a division of The McGraw Hill Companies, Inc., a New York corporation, or any successor thereto.

“SBA” means the United States Small Business Administration.

“SBIC Equity Commitment” means a commitment by the Borrower to make one or more capital contributions to an SBIC Subsidiary.

“SBIC Subsidiary” means any direct or indirect Subsidiary (including such Subsidiary’s general partner or managing entity to the extent that the only material asset of such general partner or managing entity is its equity interest in the SBIC Subsidiary) of the Borrower licensed as a small business investment company under the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended, (or that has applied for such a license and is actively pursuing the granting thereof by appropriate proceedings promptly instituted and diligently conducted) and which is designated by the Borrower (as provided below) as an SBIC Subsidiary, so long as (a) no portion of the Indebtedness or any other obligations (contingent or otherwise) of such Subsidiary: (i) is Guaranteed by any Obligor (other than a Permitted SBIC Guarantee), (ii) is recourse to or obligates any Obligor in any way (other than in respect of any SBIC Equity Commitment or Permitted SBIC Guarantee), or (iii) subjects any property of any Obligor, directly or indirectly, contingently or otherwise, to the satisfaction thereof, other than Equity Interests in any SBIC Subsidiary pledged to secure such Indebtedness, and (b) no Obligor has any obligation to maintain or preserve such Subsidiary’s financial condition or cause such entity to achieve certain levels of operating results. Any such designation by the Borrower shall be effected pursuant to a certificate of a Financial Officer delivered to the Administrative Agent, which certificate shall include a statement to the effect that, to the best of such officer’s knowledge, such designation complied with the foregoing conditions.

“Secured Debt Amount” means, on any date, the aggregate amount of all Secured Longer-Term Indebtedness and Secured Shorter-Term Indebtedness on such date (other than the obligations owed under (a) the Loan Documents, including the Revolving Credit Exposure, and (b) any Capital Call Facility).

“Secured Longer-Term Indebtedness” means, as at any date, Indebtedness (other than Indebtedness hereunder) of an Obligor (which may be Guaranteed by Subsidiary Guarantors) that (a) has no scheduled amortization prior to, and a final maturity date not earlier than, six months after the Extended Final Maturity Date (it being understood that none of: (w) the conversion features under convertible notes; (x) the triggering and/or settlement thereof; or (y) any cash payment made in respect thereof, shall constitute “amortization” for purposes of this clause (a)), (b) is incurred pursuant to documentation that is substantially comparable to market terms for substantially similar debt of other similarly situated borrowers as determined by the Borrower in its reasonable judgment and (c) is not secured by any assets of any Obligor other than pursuant to this Agreement or the Security Documents and the holders of which have either executed (i) a joinder agreement to the Guarantee and Security Agreement or (ii) such other document or agreement, in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Administrative Agent and the Collateral Agent, pursuant to which the holders of such Secured Longer-Term Indebtedness shall have become a party to the Guarantee and Security Agreement and assumed the obligations of a Financing Agent or Designated Indebtedness Holder (in each case, as defined in the Guarantee and Security Agreement). “Secured Longer-Term Indebtedness” shall not include any Indebtedness under any Capital Call Facility.

“Secured Shorter-Term Indebtedness” means, collectively, (a) any Indebtedness of an Obligor that is secured by any assets of any Obligor and that does not constitute Secured

Longer-Term Indebtedness, (b) any Indebtedness of an Obligor that is not secured by any assets of any Obligor other than pursuant to this Agreement or the Security Documents and the holders of which have either executed (i) a joinder agreement to the Guarantee and Security Agreement or (ii) such other document or agreement, in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Administrative Agent and the Collateral Agent, pursuant to which the holders of such Secured Shorter-Term Indebtedness shall have become a party to the Guarantee and Security Agreement and assumed the obligations of a Financing Agent or Designated Indebtedness Holder (in each case, as defined in the Guarantee and Security Agreement). and (c) any Indebtedness that is designated as “Secured Shorter-Term Indebtedness” pursuant to Section 6.11(a). “Secured Shorter-Term Indebtedness” shall not include any Indebtedness under any Capital Call Facility.

“Security Documents” means, collectively, the Guarantee and Security Agreement, all Uniform Commercial Code financing statements filed with respect to the security interests in personal property created pursuant to the Guarantee and Security Agreement and all other assignments, pledge agreements, security agreements, control agreements and other instruments executed and delivered on or after the date hereof by any of the Obligors pursuant to the Guarantee and Security Agreement or otherwise providing or relating to any collateral security for any of the Secured Obligations under and as defined in the Guarantee and Security Agreement.

“Shareholders’ Equity” means, at any date, the amount determined on a consolidated basis, without duplication, in accordance with GAAP, of shareholders equity for the Borrower and its Subsidiaries at such date.

“SPE Subsidiary” means a direct or indirect Subsidiary of the Borrower to which any Obligor sells, conveys or otherwise transfers (whether directly or indirectly) Portfolio Investments, which engages in no material activities other than in connection with the purchase or financing of such assets and which is designated by the Borrower (as provided below) as an SPE Subsidiary:

(a) no portion of the Indebtedness or any other obligations (contingent or otherwise) of which (i) is Guaranteed by any Obligor (other than Guarantees in respect of Standard Securitization Undertakings), (ii) is recourse to or obligates any Obligor in any way other than pursuant to Standard Securitization Undertakings or (iii) subjects any property of any Obligor, directly or indirectly, contingently or otherwise, to the satisfaction thereof, other than pursuant to Standard Securitization Undertakings or any Guarantee thereof,

(b) with which no Obligor has any material contract, agreement, arrangement or understanding other than on terms no less favorable to such Obligor than those that might be obtained at the time from Persons that are not Affiliates of any Obligor, other than fees payable in the ordinary course of business in connection with servicing receivables, and

(c) to which no Obligor has any obligation to maintain or preserve such entity’s financial condition or cause such entity to achieve certain levels of operating results.

Any such designation by the Borrower shall be effected pursuant to a certificate of a Financial Officer delivered to the Administrative Agent, which certificate shall include a

statement to the effect that, to the best of such officer's knowledge, such designation complied with the foregoing conditions. Each Subsidiary of an SPE Subsidiary shall be deemed to be an SPE Subsidiary and shall comply with the foregoing requirements of this definition.

“Special Equity Interest” means any Equity Interest that is subject to a Lien in favor of creditors of the issuer of such Equity Interest provided that (a) such Lien was created to secure Indebtedness owing by such issuer to such creditors, (b) such Indebtedness was (i) in existence at the time the Obligors acquired such Equity Interest, (ii) incurred or assumed by such issuer substantially contemporaneously with such acquisition or (iii) already subject to a Lien granted to such creditors and (c) unless such Equity Interest is not intended to be included in the Collateral, the documentation creating or governing such Lien does not prohibit the inclusion of such Equity Interest in the Collateral.

“Standard Securitization Undertakings” means, collectively, (a) customary arms-length servicing obligations (together with any related performance guarantees), (b) obligations (together with any related performance guarantees) to refund the purchase price or grant purchase price credits for dilutive events or misrepresentations (in each case unrelated to the collectibility of the assets sold or the creditworthiness of the associated account debtors) and (c) representations, warranties, covenants and indemnities (together with any related performance guarantees) of a type that are reasonably customary in accounts receivable securitizations.

“Statutory Reserve Rate” means, for the Interest Period for any Eurocurrency Borrowing, a fraction (expressed as a decimal), the numerator of which is the number one and the denominator of which is the number one minus the arithmetic mean, taken over each day in such Interest Period, of the aggregate of the maximum reserve percentages (including any marginal, special, emergency or supplemental reserves) expressed as a decimal established by the Board to which the Administrative Agent is subject for eurocurrency funding (currently referred to as “Eurocurrency liabilities” in Regulation D). Such reserve percentages shall include those imposed pursuant to Regulation D. Eurocurrency Loans shall be deemed to constitute eurocurrency funding and to be subject to such reserve requirements without benefit of or credit for proration, exemptions or offsets that may be available from time to time to any Lender under Regulation D or any comparable regulation. The Statutory Reserve Rate shall be adjusted automatically on and as of the effective date of any change in any reserve percentage.

“Subsidiary” means, with respect to any Person (the “parent”) at any date, any corporation, limited liability company, partnership, association or other entity the accounts of which would be consolidated with those of the parent in the parent's consolidated financial statements if such financial statements were prepared in accordance with GAAP as of such date, as well as any other corporation, limited liability company, partnership, association or other entity (a) of which securities or other ownership interests representing more than 50% of the equity or more than 50% of the ordinary voting power or, in the case of a partnership, more than 50% of the general partnership interests are, as of such date, owned, controlled or held, or (b) that is, as of such date, otherwise Controlled by the parent or one or more subsidiaries of the parent or by the parent and one or more subsidiaries of the parent. Anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding, the term “Subsidiary” shall not include any Person that constitutes an Investment held by the Borrower in the ordinary course of business and that is not, under GAAP,

consolidated on the financial statements of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries. Unless otherwise specified, “Subsidiary” means a Subsidiary of the Borrower.

“Subsidiary Guarantor” means any Subsidiary that is a Guarantor under the Guarantee and Security Agreement. It is understood and agreed that no Financing Subsidiary, Immaterial Subsidiary or Foreign Subsidiary shall be a Subsidiary Guarantor.

“SunTrust” means SunTrust Bank.

“Swingline Exposure” means, at any time, the aggregate principal amount of all Swingline Loans outstanding at such time. The Swingline Exposure of any Lender at any time shall be the sum of (i) its Applicable Dollar Percentage of the total Swingline Exposure incurred under the Dollar Commitments and (ii) its Applicable Multicurrency Percentage of the total Swingline Exposure at such time incurred under the Multicurrency Commitments.

“Swingline Lender” means SunTrust, in its capacity as lender of Swingline Loans hereunder, and its successors in such capacity as provided in Section 2.04(d).

“Swingline Loan” means a Loan made pursuant to Section 2.04.

“Syndicated”, when used in reference to any Loan or Borrowing, refers to whether such Loan, or the Loans constituting such Borrowing, are made pursuant to Section 2.01.

“Taxes” means any and all present or future taxes, levies, imposts, duties, deductions, charges or withholdings (including backup withholding), assessments, fees, or other charges imposed by any Governmental Authority, including any interest, additions to tax or penalties applicable thereto.

“Termination Date” means the earliest to occur of (i) the Extended Final Maturity Date, (ii) the date of the termination of the Commitments in full pursuant to Section 2.08(c), or (iii) the date on which the Commitments are terminated pursuant to Article VII.

“Testing Period” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 5.12(b)(ii)(E)(x).

“Testing Quarter” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 5.12(b)(ii)(B).

“Transactions” means the execution, delivery and performance by the Borrower of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, the borrowing of Loans, the use of the proceeds thereof and the issuance of Letters of Credit hereunder.

“Type”, when used in reference to any Loan or Borrowing, refers to whether the rate of interest on such Loan, or on the Loans constituting such Borrowing, is determined by reference to the Adjusted LIBO Rate or the Alternate Base Rate.

“Undisclosed Administration” means, in relation to a Lender, the appointment of an administrator, provisional liquidator, conservator, receiver, trustee, custodian or other similar official by a supervisory authority or regulator under or based on the law in the country where such Lender is subject to home jurisdiction supervision if applicable law requires that such appointment is not to be publicly disclosed.

“Uniform Commercial Code” means the Uniform Commercial Code as in effect from time to time in the State of New York.

“Unsecured Longer-Term Indebtedness” means any Indebtedness of an Obligor (which may be Guaranteed by Subsidiary Guarantors) that (a) has no amortization prior to, and a final maturity date not earlier than, six months after the Extended Final Maturity Date (it being understood that none of : (w) the conversion features under convertible notes; (x) the triggering and/or settlement thereof or (y) any cash payment made in respect thereof, shall constitute “amortization” for purposes of this clause (a)), (b) is incurred pursuant to documentation that is substantially comparable to market terms for substantially similar debt of other similarly situated borrowers as determined by the Borrower in its reasonable judgment and (c) is not secured by any assets of any Obligor.

“Unsecured Shorter-Term Indebtedness” means, collectively, (a) any Indebtedness of an Obligor that is not secured by any assets of any Obligor and that does not constitute Unsecured Longer-Term Indebtedness and (b) any Indebtedness that is designated as “Unsecured Shorter-Term Indebtedness” pursuant to Section 6.11(a).

“Unquoted Investments” means a Portfolio Investment with a value assigned by the Borrower pursuant to Section 5.12(b)(ii)(B).

“U.S. Government Securities” means securities that are direct obligations of, and obligations the timely payment of principal and interest on which is fully guaranteed by, the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States the obligations of which are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States and in the form of conventional bills, bonds, and notes.

“U.S. Person” means any Person that is a “United States Person” as defined in Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code.

“Value” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 5.13.

“Withdrawal Liability” means liability to a Multiemployer Plan as a result of a complete or partial withdrawal from such Multiemployer Plan, as such terms are defined in Part I of Subtitle E of Title IV of ERISA.

SECTION 1.02. Classification of Loans and Borrowings. For purposes of this Agreement, Loans may be classified and referred to by Class (e.g., a “Syndicated Dollar Loan” or “Syndicated Multicurrency Loan”), by Type (e.g., an “ABR Loan”) or by Class and Type (e.g., a “Syndicated Multicurrency LIBOR Loan”). Borrowings also may be classified and referred to by Class (e.g., a “Dollar Borrowing”, “Multicurrency Borrowing” or “Syndicated Borrowing”), by Type (e.g., an “ ABR Borrowing”) or by Class and Type (e.g., a “Syndicated

ABR Borrowing” or “Syndicated Multicurrency LIBOR Borrowing”). Loans and Borrowings may also be identified by Currency.

SECTION 1.03. Terms Generally. The definitions of terms herein shall apply equally to the singular and plural forms of the terms defined. Whenever the context may require, any pronoun shall include the corresponding masculine, feminine and neuter forms. The words “include”, “includes” and “including” shall be deemed to be followed by the phrase “without limitation”. The word “will” shall be construed to have the same meaning and effect as the word “shall”. Unless the context requires otherwise (a) any definition of or reference to any agreement, instrument or other document herein shall be construed as referring to such agreement, instrument or other document as from time to time amended, supplemented or otherwise modified (subject to any restrictions on such amendments, supplements or modifications set forth herein), (b) any reference herein to any Person shall be construed to include such Person’s successors and assigns, (c) the words “herein”, “hereof” and “hereunder”, and words of similar import, shall be construed to refer to this Agreement in its entirety and not to any particular provision hereof, (d) all references herein to Articles, Sections, Exhibits and Schedules shall be construed to refer to Articles and Sections of, and Exhibits and Schedules to, this Agreement and (e) the words “asset” and “property” shall be construed to have the same meaning and effect and to refer to any and all tangible and intangible assets and properties, including cash, securities, accounts and contract rights.

SECTION 1.04. Accounting Terms; GAAP. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, all terms of an accounting or financial nature shall be construed in accordance with GAAP, as in effect from time to time; provided that, (a) if the Borrower notifies the Administrative Agent that the Borrower requests an amendment to any provision hereof to eliminate the effect of any change occurring after the date hereof in GAAP or in the application thereof on the operation of such provision (or if the Administrative Agent notifies the Borrower that the Required Lenders request an amendment to any provision hereof for such purpose), regardless of whether any such notice is given before or after such change in GAAP or in the application thereof then such provision shall be interpreted on the basis of GAAP as in effect and applied immediately before such change shall have become effective until such notice shall have been withdrawn or such provision amended in accordance herewith and (b) all leases that would be treated as operating leases for purposes of GAAP on the date hereof shall continue to be accounted for as operating leases for purposes of all financial definitions and calculations hereunder regardless of any change to GAAP following the date hereof that would otherwise require such leases to be treated as Capital Lease Obligations. The Borrower covenants and agrees with the Lenders that whether or not the Borrower may at any time adopt Financial Accounting Standard No. 159 (or successor standard solely as it relates to fair valuing liabilities) or accounts for liabilities acquired in an acquisition on a fair value basis pursuant to Financial Accounting Standard No. 141(R) (or successor standard solely as it relates to fair valuing liabilities), all determinations of compliance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement shall be made on the basis that the Borrower has not adopted Financial Accounting Standard No. 159 (or such successor standard solely as it relates to fair valuing liabilities) or, in the case of liabilities acquired in an acquisition, Financial Accounting Standard No. 141(R) (or such successor standard solely as it relates to fair valuing liabilities).

SECTION 1.05. Currencies; Currency Equivalents.

(a) Currencies Generally. At any time, any reference in the definition of the term “Agreed Foreign Currency” or in any other provision of this Agreement to the Currency of any particular nation means the lawful currency of such nation at such time whether or not the name of such Currency is the same as it was on the date hereof. Except as provided in Section 2.10(b) and the last sentence of Section 2.17(a), for purposes of determining (i) whether the amount of any Borrowing or Letter of Credit under the Multicurrency Commitments, together with all other Borrowings and Letters of Credit under the Multicurrency Commitments then outstanding or to be borrowed at the same time as such Borrowing, would exceed the aggregate amount of the Multicurrency Commitments, (ii) the aggregate unutilized amount of the Multicurrency Commitments, (iii) the Revolving Credit Exposure, (iv) the Multicurrency LC Exposure, (v) the Covered Debt Amount and (vi) the Borrowing Base or the Value or the fair market value of any Portfolio Investment, the outstanding principal amount of any Borrowing or Letter of Credit that is denominated in any Foreign Currency or the Value or the fair market value of any Portfolio Investment that is denominated in any Foreign Currency shall be deemed to be the Dollar Equivalent of the amount of the Foreign Currency of such Borrowing, Letter of Credit or Portfolio Investment, as the case may be, determined as of the date of such Borrowing or Letter of Credit (determined in accordance with the last sentence of the definition of the term “Interest Period”) or the date of valuation of such Portfolio Investment, as the case may be. Wherever in this Agreement in connection with a Borrowing or Loan an amount, such as a required minimum or multiple amount, is expressed in Dollars, but such Borrowing or Loan is denominated in a Foreign Currency, such amount shall be the relevant Foreign Currency Equivalent of such Dollar amount (rounded to the nearest 1,000 units of such Foreign Currency).

(b) Special Provisions Relating to Euro. Each obligation hereunder of any party hereto that is denominated in the National Currency of a state that is not a Participating Member State on the date hereof shall, effective from the date on which such state becomes a Participating Member State, be redenominated in Euro in accordance with the legislation of the European Union applicable to the European Monetary Union; provided that, if and to the extent that any such legislation provides that any such obligation of any such party payable within such Participating Member State by crediting an account of the creditor can be paid by the debtor either in Euros or such National Currency, such party shall be entitled to pay or repay such amount either in Euros or in such National Currency. If the basis of accrual of interest or fees expressed in this Agreement with respect to an Agreed Foreign Currency of any country that becomes a Participating Member State after the date on which such currency becomes an Agreed Foreign Currency shall be inconsistent with any convention or practice in the interbank market for the basis of accrual of interest or fees in respect of the Euro, such convention or practice shall replace such expressed basis effective as of and from the date on which such state becomes a Participating Member State; provided that, with respect to any Borrowing denominated in such currency that is outstanding immediately prior to such date, such replacement shall take effect at the end of the Interest Period therefor.

Without prejudice to the respective liabilities of the Borrower to the Lenders and the Lenders to the Borrower under or pursuant to this Agreement, each provision of this Agreement shall be subject to such reasonable changes of construction as the Administrative Agent may from time to time, in consultation with the Borrower, reasonably specify to be necessary or

appropriate to reflect the introduction or changeover to the Euro in any country that becomes a Participating Member State after the date hereof; provided that the Administrative Agent shall provide the Borrower and the Lenders with prior notice of the proposed change with an explanation of such change in sufficient time to permit the Borrower and the Lenders an opportunity to respond to such proposed change.

ARTICLE II

THE CREDITS

SECTION 2.01. The Commitments. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein:

(a) each Dollar Lender severally agrees to make Syndicated Loans in Dollars to the Borrower from time to time during such Dollar Lender's Availability Period in an aggregate principal amount that will not result in (i) such Lender's Revolving Dollar Credit Exposure exceeding such Lender's Dollar Commitment, (ii) the aggregate Revolving Dollar Credit Exposure of all of the Dollar Lenders with Dollar Commitments then in effect exceeding the aggregate Dollar Commitments at such time or (iii) the total Covered Debt Amount exceeding the Borrowing Base then in effect; and

(b) each Multicurrency Lender severally agrees to make Syndicated Loans in Dollars and in Agreed Foreign Currencies to the Borrower from time to time during such Multicurrency Lender's Availability Period in an aggregate principal amount that will not result in (i) such Lender's Revolving Multicurrency Credit Exposure exceeding such Lender's Multicurrency Commitment, (ii) the aggregate Revolving Multicurrency Credit Exposure of all of the Multicurrency Lenders with Multicurrency Commitments then in effect exceeding the aggregate Multicurrency Commitments at such time or (iii) the total Covered Debt Amount exceeding the Borrowing Base then in effect.

Within the foregoing limits and subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein, the Borrower may borrow, prepay and reborrow Syndicated Loans.

SECTION 2.02. Loans and Borrowings.

(a) Obligations of Lenders. Each Syndicated Loan shall be made as part of a Borrowing consisting of Loans of the same Class of Commitments (other than with respect to any Syndicated Loan requested pursuant to Section 2.20), Currency and Type made by the applicable Lenders ratably in accordance with their respective Commitments of the applicable Class. The failure of any Lender to make any Loan required to be made by it shall not relieve any other Lender of its obligations hereunder; provided that the Commitments of the Lenders are several and no Lender shall be responsible for any other Lender's failure to make Loans as required.

(b) Type of Loans. Subject to Section 2.13, each Syndicated Borrowing of a Class shall be constituted entirely of ABR Loans or of Eurocurrency Loans of such Class denominated in a single Currency as the Borrower may request in accordance herewith. Each ABR Loan shall be denominated in Dollars. Each Lender at its option may make any

Eurocurrency Loan by causing any domestic or foreign branch or Affiliate of such Lender to make such Loan; provided that any exercise of such option shall not affect the obligation of the Borrower to repay such Loan in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

(c) Minimum Amounts. Each Eurocurrency Borrowing shall be in an aggregate amount of \$1,000,000 or a larger multiple of \$1,000,000, and each ABR Borrowing (whether Syndicated or Swingline) shall be in an aggregate amount of \$1,000,000 or a larger multiple of \$100,000; provided that a Syndicated ABR Borrowing of a Class may be in an aggregate amount that is equal to the entire unused balance of the total Commitments of such Class or that is required to finance the reimbursement of an LC Disbursement of such Class as contemplated by Section 2.05(f). Borrowings of more than one Class, Currency and Type may be outstanding at the same time.

(d) Limitations on Interest Periods. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the Borrower shall not be entitled to request (or to elect to convert to or continue as a Eurocurrency Borrowing) any Borrowing if the Interest Period requested therefor would end after the Final Maturity Date with respect to such Borrowing.

(e) Treatment of Classes. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, with respect to each Syndicated Loan, Swingline Loan or Letter of Credit designated in Dollars (including any Loan requested pursuant to Section 2.20), the Administrative Agent shall deem the Borrower to have requested that such Syndicated Loan, Swingline Loan or Letter of Credit be applied ratably to each of the Dollar Commitments and the Multicurrency Commitments, based upon the percentage of the aggregate Commitments represented by the Dollar Commitments and the Multicurrency Commitments, respectively.

SECTION 2.03. Requests for Syndicated Borrowings.

(a) Notice by the Borrower. To request a Syndicated Borrowing, the Borrower shall notify the Administrative Agent of such request by telephone (i) in the case of a Eurocurrency Borrowing denominated in Dollars, not later than 11:00 a.m., Atlanta, Georgia time, three Business Days before the date of the proposed Borrowing, (ii) in the case of a Eurocurrency Borrowing denominated in a Foreign Currency, not later than 11:00 a.m., Atlanta, Georgia time, four Business Days before the date of the proposed Borrowing or (iii) in the case of a Syndicated ABR Borrowing, not later than 11:00 a.m., Atlanta, Georgia time, one Business Day before the date of the proposed Borrowing. Each such telephonic Borrowing Request shall be irrevocable and shall be confirmed promptly by hand delivery or teletype to the Administrative Agent of a written Borrowing Request in a form approved by the Administrative Agent and signed by the Borrower.

(b) Content of Borrowing Requests. Each telephonic and written Borrowing Request shall specify the following information in compliance with Section 2.02:

- (i) whether such Borrowing is to be made under the Dollar Commitments or the Multicurrency Commitments;
- (ii) the aggregate amount and Currency of the requested Borrowing;

(iii) the date of such Borrowing, which shall be a Business Day;

(iv) in the case of a Syndicated Borrowing denominated in Dollars, whether such Borrowing is to be an ABR Borrowing or a Eurocurrency Borrowing;

(v) in the case of a Eurocurrency Borrowing, the Interest Period therefor, which shall be a period contemplated by the definition of the term "Interest Period" and permitted under Section 2.02(d); and

(vi) the location and number of the Borrower's account to which funds are to be disbursed.

(c) Notice by the Administrative Agent to the Lenders. Promptly following receipt of a Borrowing Request in accordance with this Section, the Administrative Agent shall advise each applicable Lender of the details thereof and of the amounts of such Lender's Loan to be made as part of the requested Borrowing.

(d) Failure to Elect. If no election as to the Class of a Syndicated Borrowing is specified, then the requested Syndicated Borrowing shall be deemed to be under the Multicurrency Commitments. If no election as to the Currency of a Syndicated Borrowing is specified, then the requested Syndicated Borrowing shall be denominated in Dollars. If no election as to the Type of a Syndicated Borrowing is specified, then the requested Syndicated Borrowing shall be a Eurocurrency Borrowing having an Interest Period of one month and, if an Agreed Foreign Currency has been specified, the requested Syndicated Borrowing shall be a Eurocurrency Borrowing denominated in such Agreed Foreign Currency and having an Interest Period of one month. If a Eurocurrency Borrowing is requested but no Interest Period is specified, (i) if the Currency specified for such Borrowing is Dollars (or if no Currency has been so specified), the requested Borrowing shall be a Eurocurrency Borrowing denominated in Dollars having an Interest Period of one month's duration, and (ii) if the Currency specified for such Borrowing is an Agreed Foreign Currency, the Borrower shall be deemed to have selected an Interest Period of one month's duration.

SECTION 2.04. Swingline Loans.

(a) Agreement to Make Swingline Loans. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein, the Swingline Lender agrees to make Swingline Loans under each Commitment to the Borrower from time to time during the Extended Availability Period in Dollars, in an aggregate principal amount at any time outstanding that will not result in (i) the aggregate principal amount of outstanding Swingline Loans of both Classes of Commitments exceeding \$100,000,000, (ii) the total Revolving Dollar Credit Exposures of Dollar Lenders with Dollar Commitments then in effect exceeding the aggregate Dollar Commitments at such time, (iii) the total Revolving Multicurrency Credit Exposures of Multicurrency Lenders with Multicurrency Commitments then in effect exceeding the aggregate Multicurrency Commitments at such time or (iv) the total Covered Debt Amount exceeding the Borrowing Base then in effect; provided that the Swingline Lender shall not be required to make a Swingline Loan to refinance an outstanding Swingline Loan. Within the foregoing limits and subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein, the Borrower may borrow, prepay and reborrow Swingline Loans.

(b) Notice of Swingline Loans by the Borrower. To request a Swingline Loan, the Borrower shall notify the Administrative Agent of such request by telephone (confirmed by teletype) not later than 11:00 a.m., Atlanta, Georgia time, on the day of such proposed Swingline Loan. Each such notice shall be irrevocable and shall specify the requested date (which shall be a Business Day), the amount of the requested Swingline Loan and whether such Swingline Loan is to be made under the Dollar Commitments or the Multicurrency Commitments. The Administrative Agent will promptly advise the Swingline Lender of any such notice received from the Borrower. The Swingline Lender shall make each Swingline Loan available to the Borrower by means of a credit to the general deposit account of the Borrower with the Swingline Lender (or, in the case of a Swingline Loan made to finance the reimbursement of an LC Disbursement as provided in Section 2.05(f), by remittance to the Issuing Bank) by 3:00 p.m., Atlanta, Georgia time, on the requested date of such Swingline Loan.

(c) Participations by Lenders in Swingline Loans. Subject to Section 2.20, the Swingline Lender may by written notice given to the Administrative Agent not later than 10:00 a.m., Atlanta, Georgia time on any Business Day, require the Lenders of the applicable Class of Commitments to acquire participations on such Business Day in all or a portion of the Swingline Loans of such Class outstanding. Such notice to the Administrative Agent shall specify the aggregate amount of Swingline Loans in which the applicable Lenders will participate. Promptly upon receipt of such notice, the Administrative Agent will give notice thereof to each applicable Lender, specifying in such notice such Lender's Applicable Dollar Percentage or Applicable Multicurrency Percentage of such Swingline Loan or Loans. Each Lender hereby absolutely and unconditionally agrees, upon receipt of notice as provided above in this paragraph, to pay to the Administrative Agent, for account of the Swingline Lender, such Lender's Applicable Dollar Percentage or Applicable Multicurrency Percentage, as the case may be, of such Swingline Loan or Loans; provided that no Lender shall be required to purchase a participation in a Swingline Loan pursuant to this Section 2.04(c) if (x) the conditions set forth in Section 4.02 would not be satisfied in respect of a Borrowing at the time such Swingline Loan was made and (y) the Required Lenders of the respective Class shall have so notified the Swingline Lender in writing and shall not have subsequently determined that the circumstances giving rise to such conditions not being satisfied no longer exist.

Subject to the foregoing and Section 2.20, each Lender acknowledges and agrees that its obligation to acquire participations in Swingline Loans pursuant to this paragraph (c) is absolute and unconditional and shall not be affected by any circumstance whatsoever, including the occurrence and continuance of a Default or reduction or termination of the Commitments of the respective Class, and that each such payment shall be made without any offset, abatement, withholding or reduction whatsoever. Each Lender shall comply with its obligation under this paragraph by wire transfer of immediately available funds, in the same manner as provided in Section 2.06 with respect to Loans made by such Lender (and Section 2.06 shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to the payment obligations of the Lenders), and the Administrative Agent shall promptly pay to the Swingline Lender the amounts so received by it from the Lenders. The Administrative Agent shall notify the Borrower of any participations in any Swingline Loan acquired pursuant to this paragraph, and thereafter payments in respect of such Swingline Loan shall be made to the Administrative Agent and not to the Swingline Lender. Any amounts received by the Swingline Lender from the Borrower (or other party on behalf of the

Borrower) in respect of a Swingline Loan after receipt by the Swingline Lender of the proceeds of a sale of participations therein shall be promptly remitted to the Administrative Agent; any such amounts received by the Administrative Agent shall be promptly remitted by the Administrative Agent to the Lenders that shall have made their payments pursuant to this paragraph and to the Swingline Lender, as their interests may appear. The purchase of participations in a Swingline Loan pursuant to this paragraph shall not relieve the Borrower of any default in the payment thereof.

(d) Resignation and Replacement of Swingline Lender. The Swingline Lender may resign and be replaced at any time by written agreement among the Borrower, the Administrative Agent, the resigning Swingline Lender and the successor Swingline Lender. The Administrative Agent shall notify the Lenders of any such resignation and replacement of the Swingline Lender. In addition to the foregoing, if a Lender becomes, and during the period it remains, a Defaulting Lender, and if any Default has arisen from a failure of the Borrower to comply with Section 2.19(a), then the Swingline Lender may, upon prior written notice to the Borrower and the Administrative Agent, resign as Swingline Lender, effective at the close of business Atlanta, Georgia time on a date specified in such notice (which date may not be less than five (5) Business Days after the date of such notice). On or after the effective date of any such resignation, the Borrower and the Administrative Agent may, by written agreement, appoint a successor Swingline Lender. The Administrative Agent shall notify the Lenders of any such appointment of a successor Swingline Lender. Upon the effectiveness of any resignation of the Swingline Lender, the Borrower shall repay in full all outstanding Swingline Loans together with all accrued interest thereon. From and after the effective date of the appointment of a successor Swingline Lender, (i) the successor Swingline Lender shall have all the rights and obligations of the replaced Swingline Lender under this Agreement with respect to Swingline Loans to be made thereafter and (ii) references herein to the term "Swingline Lender" shall be deemed to refer to such successor or to any previous Swingline Lender, or to such successor and all previous Swingline Lenders, as the context shall require. After the replacement of the Swingline Lender hereunder, the replaced Swingline Lender shall have no obligation to make additional Swingline Loans.

SECTION 2.05. Letters of Credit.

(a) General. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein, in addition to the Loans provided for in Section 2.01, the Borrower may request the Issuing Bank to issue, at any time and from time to time during the Extended Availability Period and under either the Dollar Commitments or Multicurrency Commitments, Letters of Credit denominated in Dollars or (in the case of Letters of Credit under the Multicurrency Commitments) in any Agreed Foreign Currency for its own account in such form as is acceptable to the Issuing Bank in its reasonable determination. Letters of Credit issued hereunder shall constitute utilization of the Commitments up to the aggregate amount available to be drawn thereunder.

(b) Notice of Issuance, Amendment, Renewal or Extension. To request the issuance of a Letter of Credit (or the amendment, renewal or extension of an outstanding Letter of Credit), the Borrower shall hand deliver or telecopy (or transmit by electronic communication, if arrangements for doing so have been approved by the Issuing Bank) to the Issuing Bank and the Administrative Agent (reasonably in advance of the requested date of issuance, amendment,

renewal or extension) a notice requesting the issuance of a Letter of Credit, or identifying the Letter of Credit to be amended, renewed or extended, and specifying the date of issuance, amendment, renewal or extension (which shall be a Business Day), the date on which such Letter of Credit is to expire (which shall comply with paragraph (d) of this Section), the amount and Currency of such Letter of Credit, whether such Letter of Credit is to be issued under the Dollar Commitments or the Multicurrency Commitments, the name and address of the beneficiary thereof and such other information as shall be necessary to prepare, amend, renew or extend such Letter of Credit. If requested by the Issuing Bank, the Borrower also shall submit a letter of credit application on the Issuing Bank's standard form in connection with any request for a Letter of Credit. In the event of any inconsistency between the terms and conditions of this Agreement and the terms and conditions of any form of letter of credit application or other agreement submitted by the Borrower to, or entered into by the Borrower with, the Issuing Bank relating to any Letter of Credit, the terms and conditions of this Agreement shall control.

(c) Limitations on Amounts. A Letter of Credit shall be issued, amended, renewed or extended only if (and upon issuance, amendment, renewal or extension of each Letter of Credit the Borrower shall be deemed to represent and warrant that), after giving effect to such issuance, amendment, renewal or extension (i) the aggregate LC Exposure of the Issuing Bank (determined for these purposes without giving effect to the participations therein of the Lenders pursuant to paragraph (e) of this Section) shall not exceed \$20,000,000, (ii) the total Revolving Dollar Credit Exposures of Dollar Lenders with Dollar Commitments then in effect shall not exceed the aggregate Dollar Commitments at such time, (iii) the total Revolving Multicurrency Credit Exposures of Multicurrency Lenders with Multicurrency Commitments then in effect shall not exceed the aggregate Multicurrency Commitments at such time and (iv) the total Covered Debt Amount shall not exceed the Borrowing Base then in effect.

(d) Expiration Date. Each Letter of Credit shall expire at or prior to the close of business on the date twelve months after the date of the issuance of such Letter of Credit (or, in the case of any renewal or extension thereof, twelve months after the then-current expiration date of such Letter of Credit, so long as such renewal or extension occurs within three months of such then-current expiration date); provided that any Letter of Credit with a one-year term may provide for the renewal thereof for additional one-year periods. No Letter of Credit may be renewed following the earlier to occur of the Extended Commitment Termination Date and the Termination Date, except to the extent that the relevant Letter of Credit is Cash Collateralized no later than five (5) Business Days prior to the Extended Commitment Termination Date or Termination Date, as applicable, or supported by another letter of credit, in each case pursuant to arrangements reasonably satisfactory to the Issuing Bank and the Administrative Agent.

(e) Participations. Subject to Section 2.20, by the issuance of a Letter of Credit of a Class of Commitment (or an amendment to a Letter of Credit increasing the amount thereof) by the Issuing Bank, and without any further action on the part of the Issuing Bank or the Lenders, the Issuing Bank hereby grants to each Lender of such Class, and each Lender of such Class hereby acquires from the Issuing Bank, a participation in such Letter of Credit equal to such Lender's Applicable Dollar Percentage or Applicable Multicurrency Percentage, as the case may be, of the aggregate amount available to be drawn under such Letter of Credit. Each Lender acknowledges and agrees that its obligation to acquire participations pursuant to this paragraph in respect of Letters of Credit is absolute and unconditional and shall not be affected

by any circumstance whatsoever, including any amendment, renewal or extension of any Letter of Credit or the occurrence and continuance of a Default or reduction or termination of the applicable Commitments; provided that no Lender shall be required to purchase a participation in a Letter of Credit pursuant to this Section 2.05(e) if (x) the conditions set forth in Section 4.02 would not be satisfied in respect of a Borrowing at the time such Letter of Credit was issued and (y) the Required Lenders of the respective Class shall have so notified the Issuing Bank in writing and shall not have subsequently determined that the circumstances giving rise to such conditions not being satisfied no longer exist.

Subject to Section 2.20, in consideration and in furtherance of the foregoing, each Lender of a Class of Commitment hereby absolutely and unconditionally agrees to pay to the Administrative Agent, for account of the Issuing Bank, such Lender's Applicable Dollar Percentage or Applicable Multicurrency Percentage, as the case may be, of each LC Disbursement made by the Issuing Bank in respect of Letters of Credit of such Class promptly upon the request of the Issuing Bank at any time from the time of such LC Disbursement until such LC Disbursement is reimbursed by the Borrower or at any time after any reimbursement payment is required to be refunded to the Borrower for any reason. Such payment shall be made without any offset, abatement, withholding or reduction whatsoever. Each such payment shall be made in the same manner as provided in Section 2.06 with respect to Loans made by such Lender (and Section 2.06 shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to the payment obligations of the Lenders), and the Administrative Agent shall promptly pay to the Issuing Bank the amounts so received by it from the Lenders. Promptly following receipt by the Administrative Agent of any payment from the Borrower pursuant to the next following paragraph, the Administrative Agent shall distribute such payment to the Issuing Bank or, to the extent that the Lenders have made payments pursuant to this paragraph to reimburse the Issuing Bank, then to such Lenders and the Issuing Bank as their interests may appear. Any payment made by a Lender pursuant to this paragraph to reimburse the Issuing Bank for any LC Disbursement shall not constitute a Loan and shall not relieve the Borrower of its obligation to reimburse such LC Disbursement.

(f) Reimbursement. If the Issuing Bank shall make any LC Disbursement in respect of a Letter of Credit, the Borrower shall reimburse the Issuing Bank in respect of such LC Disbursement by paying to the Administrative Agent an amount equal to such LC Disbursement not later than 11:00 a.m., Atlanta, Georgia time, on (i) the Business Day that the Borrower receives notice of such LC Disbursement, if such notice is received prior to 10:00 a.m., Atlanta, Georgia time, or (ii) the Business Day immediately following the day that the Borrower receives such notice, if such notice is not received prior to such time; provided that, if such LC Disbursement is not less than \$1,000,000 and is denominated in Dollars, the Borrower may, subject to the conditions to borrowing set forth herein, request in accordance with Section 2.03 or 2.04 that such payment be financed with a Syndicated ABR Borrowing or a Swingline Loan of the respective Class in an equivalent amount and, to the extent so financed, the Borrower's obligation to make such payment shall be discharged and replaced by the resulting Syndicated ABR Borrowing or Swingline Loan.

If the Borrower fails to make such payment when due, the Administrative Agent shall notify each applicable Lender with a Commitment then in effect of the applicable LC Disbursement, the payment then due from the Borrower in respect thereof and such Lender's

(g) Obligations Absolute. The Borrower's obligation to reimburse LC Disbursements as provided in paragraph (f) of this Section shall be absolute, unconditional and irrevocable, and shall be performed strictly in accordance with the terms of this Agreement under any and all circumstances whatsoever and irrespective of (i) any lack of validity or enforceability of any Letter of Credit, or any term or provision therein, (ii) any draft or other document presented under a Letter of Credit proving to be forged, fraudulent or invalid in any respect or any statement therein being untrue or inaccurate in any respect, (iii) payment by the Issuing Bank under a Letter of Credit against presentation of a draft or other document that does not comply strictly with the terms of such Letter of Credit, and (iv) any other event or circumstance whatsoever, whether or not similar to any of the foregoing, that might, but for the provisions of this Section, constitute a legal or equitable discharge of the Borrower's obligations hereunder.

Neither the Administrative Agent, the Lenders nor the Issuing Bank, nor any of their Related Parties, shall have any liability or responsibility by reason of or in connection with the issuance or transfer of any Letter of Credit by the Issuing Bank or any payment or failure to make any payment thereunder (irrespective of any of the circumstances referred to in the preceding sentence), or any error, omission, interruption, loss or delay in transmission or delivery of any draft, notice or other communication under or relating to any Letter of Credit (including any document required to make a drawing thereunder), any error in interpretation of technical terms or any consequence arising from causes beyond the control of the Issuing Bank; provided that the foregoing shall not be construed to excuse the Issuing Bank from liability to the Borrower to the extent of any direct damages (as opposed to consequential damages, claims in respect of which are hereby waived by the Borrower to the extent permitted by applicable law) suffered by the Borrower that are caused by the Issuing Bank's fraud, gross negligence or willful misconduct when determining whether drafts and other documents presented under a Letter of Credit comply with the terms thereof. The parties hereto expressly agree that:

(i) the Issuing Bank may accept documents that appear on their face to be in substantial compliance with the terms of a Letter of Credit without responsibility for further investigation, regardless of any notice or information to the contrary, and may make payment upon presentation of documents that appear on their face to be in substantial compliance with the terms of such Letter of Credit;

(ii) the Issuing Bank shall have the right, in its sole discretion, to decline to accept such documents and to make such payment if such documents are not in strict compliance with the terms of such Letter of Credit; and

(iii) this sentence shall establish the standard of care to be exercised by the Issuing Bank when determining whether drafts and other documents presented under a Letter of Credit comply with the terms thereof (and the parties hereto hereby waive, to the extent permitted by applicable law, any standard of care inconsistent with the foregoing).

(h) Disbursement Procedures. The Issuing Bank shall, within a reasonable time following its receipt thereof, examine all documents purporting to represent a demand for payment under a Letter of Credit. The Issuing Bank shall promptly after such examination notify the Administrative Agent and the Borrower by telephone (confirmed by teletype) of such demand for payment and whether the Issuing Bank has made or will make an LC Disbursement thereunder; provided that any failure to give or delay in giving such notice shall not relieve the Borrower of its obligation to reimburse the Issuing Bank and the applicable Lenders with respect to any such LC Disbursement.

(i) Interim Interest. If the Issuing Bank shall make any LC Disbursement, then, unless the Borrower shall reimburse such LC Disbursement in full on the date such LC Disbursement is made, the unpaid amount thereof shall bear interest, for each day from and including the date such LC Disbursement is made to but excluding the date that the Borrower reimburses such LC Disbursement, at the rate per annum then applicable to Syndicated ABR Loans; provided that, if the Borrower fails to reimburse such LC Disbursement within two Business Days following the date when due pursuant to paragraph (f) of this Section, then the provisions of Section 2.12(c) shall apply. Interest accrued pursuant to this paragraph shall be for account of the Issuing Bank, except that interest accrued on and after the date of payment by any Lender pursuant to paragraph (f) of this Section to reimburse the Issuing Bank shall be for account of such Lender to the extent of such payment.

(j) Resignation and/or Replacement of Issuing Bank. The Issuing Bank may resign and be replaced at any time by written agreement among the Borrower, the Administrative Agent, the resigning Issuing Bank and the successor Issuing Bank. The Administrative Agent shall notify the Lenders of any such resignation and replacement of the Issuing Bank. Upon the effectiveness of any resignation of the Issuing Bank, the Borrower shall pay all unpaid fees accrued for account of the resigning Issuing Bank pursuant to Section 2.11(b). From and after the effective date of the appointment of a successor Issuing Bank, (i) the successor Issuing Bank shall have all the rights and obligations of the replaced Issuing Bank under this Agreement with respect to Letters of Credit to be issued thereafter and (ii) references herein to the term "Issuing Bank" shall be deemed to refer to such successor or to any previous Issuing Bank, or to such successor and all previous Issuing Banks, as the context shall require. After the effective resignation of the Issuing Bank hereunder, the resigning Issuing Bank, as the case may be, shall remain a party hereto and shall continue to have all the rights and obligations of the Issuing Bank under this Agreement with respect to Letters of Credit issued by it prior to such resignation, but shall not be required to issue additional Letters of Credit.

(k) Cash Collateralization. If the Borrower shall be required to provide Cash Collateral for LC Exposure pursuant to Section 2.05(d), Section 2.09(a), Section 2.10(b) or (c), Section 2.20(b) or the last paragraph of Article VII, the Borrower shall immediately deposit into a segregated collateral account or accounts (herein, collectively, the "Letter of Credit Collateral Account") in the name and under the dominion and control of the Administrative Agent Cash denominated in the Currency of the Letter of Credit under which such LC Exposure arises in an amount equal to the amount required under Section 2.09(a), Section 2.10(b) or (c), Section 2.20(b) or the last paragraph of Article VII, as applicable. Such deposit shall be held by the Administrative Agent as collateral in the first instance for the LC Exposure under this Agreement and thereafter for the payment of the "Secured Obligations" under and as defined in the

Guarantee and Security Agreement, and for these purposes the Borrower hereby grants a security interest to the Administrative Agent for the benefit of the Lenders in the Letter of Credit Collateral Account and in any financial assets (as defined in the Uniform Commercial Code) or other property held therein.

SECTION 2.06. Funding of Borrowings.

(a) Funding by Lenders. Each Lender shall make each Loan to be made by it hereunder on the proposed date thereof by wire transfer of immediately available funds by 11:00 a.m., Atlanta, Georgia time, to the account of the Administrative Agent most recently designated by it for such purpose by notice to the Lenders; provided that Swingline Loans shall be made as provided in Section 2.04. The Administrative Agent will make such Loans available to the Borrower by promptly crediting the amounts so received, in like funds, to an account of the Borrower designated by the Borrower in the applicable Borrowing Request; provided that Syndicated ABR Borrowings made to finance the reimbursement of an LC Disbursement as provided in Section 2.05(f), shall be remitted by the Administrative Agent to the Issuing Bank.

(b) Presumption by the Administrative Agent. Unless the Administrative Agent shall have received notice from a Lender prior to the proposed date of any Borrowing that such Lender will not make available to the Administrative Agent such Lender's share of such Borrowing, the Administrative Agent may assume that such Lender has made such share available on such date in accordance with paragraph (a) of this Section and may, in reliance upon such assumption, make available to the Borrower a corresponding amount. In such event, if a Lender has not in fact made its share of the applicable Borrowing available to the Administrative Agent, then the applicable Lender and the Borrower severally agree to pay to the Administrative Agent forthwith on demand such corresponding amount with interest thereon, for each day from and including the date such amount is made available to the Borrower to but excluding the date of payment to the Administrative Agent, at (i) in the case of such Lender, the Federal Funds Effective Rate or (ii) in the case of the Borrower, the interest rate applicable to ABR Loans. If such Lender pays such amount to the Administrative Agent, then such amount shall constitute such Lender's Loan included in such Borrowing. Nothing in this paragraph shall relieve any Lender of its obligation to fulfill its commitments hereunder, and this paragraph shall be without prejudice to any claim the Borrower may have against a Lender that shall have failed to make such payment to the Administrative Agent.

SECTION 2.07. Interest Elections.

(a) Elections by the Borrower for Syndicated Borrowings. Subject to Section 2.03(d), the Loans constituting each Syndicated Borrowing initially shall be of the Type specified in the applicable Borrowing Request and, in the case of a Eurocurrency Borrowing, shall have the Interest Period specified in such Borrowing Request. Thereafter, the Borrower may elect to convert such Borrowing to a Borrowing of a different Type or to continue such Borrowing as a Borrowing of the same Type and, in the case of a Eurocurrency Borrowing, may elect the Interest Period therefor, all as provided in this Section; provided, however, that (i) a Syndicated Borrowing of a Class may only be continued or converted into a Syndicated Borrowing of the same Class, (ii) a Syndicated Borrowing denominated in one Currency may not be continued as, or converted to, a Syndicated Borrowing in a different Currency, (iii) no

Eurocurrency Borrowing denominated in a Foreign Currency may be continued if, after giving effect thereto, the aggregate Revolving Multicurrency Credit Exposures would exceed the aggregate Multicurrency Commitments, and (iv) a Eurocurrency Borrowing denominated in a Foreign Currency may not be converted to a Borrowing of a different Type. The Borrower may elect different options with respect to different portions of the affected Borrowing, in which case each such portion shall be allocated ratably among the Lenders of the respective Class holding the Loans constituting such Borrowing, and the Loans constituting each such portion shall be considered a separate Borrowing. This Section shall not apply to Swingline Borrowings, which may not be converted or continued.

(b) Notice of Elections. To make an election pursuant to this Section, the Borrower shall notify the Administrative Agent of such election by telephone by the time that a Borrowing Request would be required under Section 2.03 if the Borrower were requesting a Syndicated Borrowing of the Type resulting from such election to be made on the effective date of such election. Each such telephonic Interest Election Request shall be irrevocable and shall be confirmed promptly (but no later than the close of business on the date of such request) by hand delivery or teletype to the Administrative Agent of a written Interest Election Request in a form approved by the Administrative Agent and signed by the Borrower.

(c) Content of Interest Election Requests. Each telephonic and written Interest Election Request shall specify the following information in compliance with Section 2.02:

(i) the Borrowing (including the Class of Commitment) to which such Interest Election Request applies and, if different options are being elected with respect to different portions thereof, the portions thereof to be allocated to each resulting Borrowing (in which case the information to be specified pursuant to clauses (iii) and (iv) of this paragraph shall be specified for each resulting Borrowing);

(ii) the effective date of the election made pursuant to such Interest Election Request, which shall be a Business Day;

(iii) whether, in the case of a Borrowing denominated in Dollars, the resulting Borrowing is to be an ABR Borrowing or a Eurocurrency Borrowing; and

(iv) if the resulting Borrowing is a Eurocurrency Borrowing, the Interest Period therefor after giving effect to such election, which shall be a period contemplated by the definition of the term "Interest Period" and permitted under Section 2.02(d).

(d) Notice by the Administrative Agent to the Lenders. Promptly following receipt of an Interest Election Request, the Administrative Agent shall advise each applicable Lender of the details thereof and of such Lender's portion of each resulting Borrowing.

(e) Failure to Elect; Events of Default. If the Borrower fails to deliver a timely and complete Interest Election Request with respect to a Eurocurrency Borrowing prior to the end of the Interest Period therefor, then, unless such Borrowing is repaid as provided herein, (i) if such Borrowing is denominated in Dollars, at the end of such Interest Period such Borrowing shall be converted to a Syndicated Eurocurrency Borrowing of the same Class having

an Interest Period of one month, and (ii) if such Borrowing is denominated in a Foreign Currency, the Borrower shall be deemed to have selected an Interest Period of one month's duration. Notwithstanding any contrary provision hereof, if an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing and the Administrative Agent, at the request of the Required Lenders, so notifies the Borrower, (i) any Eurocurrency Borrowing denominated in Dollars shall, at the end of the applicable Interest Period for such Eurocurrency Borrowing, be automatically converted to an ABR Borrowing and (ii) any Eurocurrency Borrowing denominated in a Foreign Currency shall not have an Interest Period of more than one month's duration.

SECTION 2.08. Termination, Reduction or Increase of the Commitments.

(a) Scheduled Termination. Unless previously terminated, the Commitments of each Extending Lender with respect to such Extending Lender's Extended Loans shall terminate on the Extended Commitment Termination Date and the Commitments of each Non-Extending Lender with respect to such Non-Extending Lender's Non-Extended Loans shall terminate on the Non-Extended Commitment Termination Date.

(b) Voluntary Termination or Reduction. The Borrower may at any time terminate, or from time to time reduce, the Commitments of either Class of Commitment; provided that (i) each reduction of the Commitments of a Class shall be in an amount that is \$10,000,000 (or, if less, the entire amount of the Commitments of such Class) or a larger multiple of \$5,000,000 in excess thereof and (ii) the Borrower shall not terminate or reduce the Commitments of either Class of Commitment if, after giving effect to any concurrent prepayment of the Syndicated Loans of such Class in accordance with Section 2.10, the total Revolving Credit Exposures of such Class would exceed the total Commitments of such Class. Any such reduction of the Commitments below the principal amount of the Swingline Loans permitted under Section 2.04(a)(i) and the Letters of Credit permitted under Section 2.05(c)(i) shall result in a dollar-for-dollar reduction of such amounts as applicable.

(c) Notice of Voluntary Termination or Reduction. The Borrower shall notify the Administrative Agent of any election to terminate or reduce the Commitments under paragraph (b) of this Section at least three Business Days prior to the effective date of such termination or reduction, specifying such election and the effective date thereof. Promptly following receipt of any notice, the Administrative Agent shall advise the applicable Lenders of the contents thereof. Each notice delivered by the Borrower pursuant to this Section shall be irrevocable; provided that a notice of termination of the Commitments of a Class delivered by the Borrower may state that such notice is conditioned upon the effectiveness of other credit facilities, in which case such notice may be revoked by the Borrower (by notice to the Administrative Agent on or prior to the specified effective date) if such condition is not satisfied.

(d) Effect of Termination or Reduction. Any termination or reduction of the Commitments of a Class of Commitments pursuant to clause (b) shall be permanent. Each reduction of the Commitments of a Class of Commitments pursuant to clause (b) shall be made ratably among the Lenders of such Class in accordance with their respective Commitments.

(e) Increase of the Commitments.

(i) Requests for Increase by Borrower. The Borrower may, at any time, request that the Commitments hereunder of a Class of Commitments be increased (each such proposed increase being a "Commitment Increase") (provided that in no event shall a Class of Non-Extended Loans be increased hereunder), upon notice to the Administrative Agent (who shall promptly notify the Lenders), which notice shall specify each existing Lender (each an "Increasing Lender") and/or each additional lender (each an "Assuming Lender") that shall have agreed to an additional Commitment and the date on which such increase is to be effective (the "Commitment Increase Date"), which shall be a Business Day at least three Business Days (or such lesser period as the Administrative Agent may reasonably agree) after delivery of such notice and 30 days prior to the Extended Commitment Termination Date; provided that:

(A) the minimum amount of the Commitment of any Assuming Lender, and the minimum amount of the increase of the Commitment of any Increasing Lender, as part of such Commitment Increase shall be \$10,000,000 or a larger multiple of \$5,000,000 in excess thereof (or such lesser amount as the Administrative Agent may reasonably agree);

(B) immediately after giving effect to such Commitment Increase (including, if applicable, the substantially concurrent reduction of the Commitments of a Non-Extending Lender in accordance with Section 2.08(f)), the total Commitments of all of the Lenders hereunder shall not exceed \$956,250,000;

(C) each Assuming Lender shall be consented to by the Administrative Agent and the Issuing Bank (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld);

(D) no Default shall have occurred and be continuing on such Commitment Increase Date or shall result from the proposed Commitment Increase; and

(E) the representations and warranties contained in this Agreement shall be true and correct in all material respects (or, in the case of any portion of the representations and warranties already subject to a materiality qualifier, true and correct in all respects) on and as of the Commitment Increase Date as if made on and as of such date (or, if any such representation or warranty is expressly stated to have been made as of a specific date, as of such specific date).

(ii) Effectiveness of Commitment Increase by Borrower. An Assuming Lender, if any, shall become a Lender hereunder as of such Commitment Increase Date and the Commitment of the respective Class of any Increasing Lender and such Assuming Lender shall be increased as of such Commitment Increase Date; provided that:

(x) the Administrative Agent shall have received on or prior to 11:00 a.m., Atlanta, Georgia time, on such Commitment Increase Date (or on or

prior to a time on an earlier date specified by the Administrative Agent) a certificate of a duly authorized officer of the Borrower stating that each of the applicable conditions to such Commitment Increase set forth in the foregoing paragraph (i) has been satisfied; and

(y) each Assuming Lender or Increasing Lender shall have delivered to the Administrative Agent, on or prior to 11:00 a.m., Atlanta, Georgia time on such Commitment Increase Date (or on or prior to a time on an earlier date specified by the Administrative Agent), an agreement, in form and substance satisfactory to the Borrower and the Administrative Agent, pursuant to which such Lender shall, effective as of such Commitment Increase Date, undertake a Commitment or an increase of Commitment in each case of the respective Class, duly executed by such Assuming Lender or Increasing Lender, as applicable, and the Borrower and acknowledged by the Administrative Agent.

Promptly following satisfaction of such conditions, the Administrative Agent shall notify the Lenders of such Class (including any Assuming Lenders) thereof and of the occurrence of the Commitment Increase Date by facsimile transmission or electronic messaging system.

(iii) Recordation into Register. Upon its receipt of an agreement referred to in clause (ii)(y) above executed by an Assuming Lender or any Increasing Lender, together with the certificate referred to in clause (ii)(x) above, the Administrative Agent shall, if such agreement has been completed, (x) accept such agreement, (y) record the information contained therein in the Register and (z) give prompt notice thereof to the Borrower.

(iv) Adjustments of Borrowings upon Effectiveness of Increase. On the Commitment Increase Date, the Borrower shall (A) prepay the outstanding Loans (if any) of the affected Class of Commitments in full, (B) simultaneously borrow new Loans of such Class hereunder in an amount equal to such prepayment; provided that with respect to subclauses (A) and (B), (x) the prepayment to, and borrowing from, any existing Lender shall be effected by book entry to the extent that any portion of the amount prepaid to such Lender will be subsequently borrowed from such Lender and (y) the existing Lenders, the Increasing Lenders and the Assuming Lenders shall make and receive payments among themselves, in a manner acceptable to the Administrative Agent, so that, after giving effect thereto, the Loans of such Class are held ratably by the Lenders of such Class in accordance with the respective Commitments of such Class of such Lenders (after giving effect to such Commitment Increase) and (C) pay to the Lenders of such Class the amounts, if any, payable under Section 2.15 as a result of any such prepayment. Concurrently therewith, the Lenders of such Class shall be deemed to have adjusted their participation interests in any outstanding Letters of Credit of such Class so that such interests are held ratably in accordance with their commitments of such Class as so increased.

(f) Reduction of Non-Extending Lenders' Commitment. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein (including Section 2.08(d)):

(i) The Borrower may at any time terminate, or from time to time reduce, the Commitment of any Non-Extending Lender without reducing the Commitments of any other Lender of the same Class of Commitments as such Non-Extending Lender; provided that each reduction of the Commitment of a Non-Extending Lender hereunder shall be in an amount that is \$10,000,000 (or, if less, the entire Commitment of such Non-Extending Lender) or a larger multiple of \$5,000,000 in excess thereof.

(ii) The Borrower shall notify the Administrative Agent of any election to terminate or reduce the Commitment of any Non-Extending Lender under this clause (f) at least three Business Days prior to the effective date of such termination or reduction, specifying such election and the effective date thereof. Promptly following receipt of any notice, the Administrative Agent shall advise each Lender of the contents thereof. Each notice delivered by the Borrower pursuant to this clause (f) shall be irrevocable.

(iii) Any termination or reduction of the Commitment of any Non-Extending Lender pursuant to this clause (f) shall be permanent and shall be made concurrently with all required reallocation prepayments and cash collateralizations required under Section 2.20.

SECTION 2.09. Repayment of Loans; Evidence of Debt.

(a) Repayment. The Borrower hereby unconditionally promises to pay the Loans of each Class of Final Maturity Date or Commitments, as applicable, as follows:

(i) to the Administrative Agent for account of the Lenders of such Class of Final Maturity Date the outstanding principal amount of the Syndicated Loans of the Lenders of such Class of Final Maturity Date on the applicable Final Maturity Date; and

(ii) to the Swingline Lender the then unpaid principal amount of each Swingline Loan of such Class of Commitment denominated in Dollars, on the earlier of the Extended Commitment Termination Date and the first date after such Swingline Loan is made that is the 15th or last day of a calendar month and is at least ten Business Days after such Swingline Loan is made; provided that on each date that a Syndicated Borrowing of such Class of Commitment is made, the Borrower shall repay all Swingline Loans of such Class of Commitment then outstanding.

In addition, on the Extended Final Maturity Date, the Borrower shall deposit into the Letter of Credit Collateral Account Cash (denominated in the Currency of the Letter of Credit under which such LC Exposure arises) in an amount equal to 100% of the undrawn face amount of all Letters of Credit outstanding on the close of business on the Extended Commitment Termination Date, such deposit to be held by the Administrative Agent as collateral security for the LC Exposure under this Agreement in respect of the undrawn portion of such Letters of Credit.

(b) Manner of Payment. Prior to any repayment or prepayment of any Borrowings to any Lenders of any Class of Commitment hereunder, the Borrower shall select the Borrowing or Borrowings of such Class to be paid and shall notify the Administrative Agent by telephone (confirmed by telecopy) of such selection not later than the time set forth in Section

2.10(e) prior to the scheduled date of such repayment; provided that each repayment of Borrowings to any Lenders of a Class shall be applied to repay any outstanding ABR Borrowings of such Class before any other Borrowings of such Class. If the Borrower fails to make a timely selection of the Borrowing or Borrowings to be repaid or prepaid, such payment shall be applied, first, to pay any outstanding ABR Borrowings of the applicable Class and, second, to other Borrowings of such Class in the order of the remaining duration of their respective Interest Periods (the Borrowing with the shortest remaining Interest Period to be repaid first). Each payment of a Syndicated Borrowing to Lenders of a Class of Commitments shall be applied ratably to the Loans included in such Borrowing and each payment of a Syndicated Borrowing to Lenders of a Class of Final Maturity Date shall be applied ratably to Non-Extending Lenders or Extending Lenders, as applicable, with Loans included in such Borrowing.

(c) Maintenance of Records by Lenders. Each Lender shall maintain in accordance with its usual practice records evidencing the indebtedness of the Borrower to such Lender resulting from each Loan made by such Lender, including the amounts and Currency of principal and interest payable and paid to such Lender from time to time hereunder.

(d) Maintenance of Records by the Administrative Agent. The Administrative Agent shall maintain records in which it shall record (i) the amount and Currency of each Loan made hereunder, the Class and Type thereof and each Interest Period thereof, (ii) the amount and Currency of any principal or interest due and payable or to become due and payable from the Borrower to each Lender of such Class of Commitment or Final Maturity Date hereunder and (iii) the amount and Currency of any sum received by the Administrative Agent hereunder for account of the Lenders and each Lender's share thereof.

(e) Effect of Entries. The entries made in the records maintained pursuant to paragraph (c) or (d) of this Section shall be prima facie evidence, absent obvious error, of the existence and amounts of the obligations recorded therein; provided that the failure of any Lender or the Administrative Agent to maintain such records or any error therein shall not in any manner affect the obligation of the Borrower to repay the Loans in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

(f) Promissory Notes. Any Lender may request that Loans of any Class made by it be evidenced by a promissory note; in such event, the Borrower shall prepare, execute and deliver to such Lender a promissory note payable to such Lender (or, if requested by such Lender, to such Lender and its registered assigns) and in a form approved by the Administrative Agent. Thereafter, the Loans evidenced by such promissory note and interest thereon shall at all times (including after assignment pursuant to Section 9.04) be represented by one or more promissory notes in such form payable to the payee named therein (or, if such promissory note is a registered note, to such payee and its registered assigns).

SECTION 2.10. Prepayment of Loans.

(a) Optional Prepayments. The Borrower shall have the right at any time and from time to time to prepay any Borrowing in whole or in part, without premium or penalty except for payments under Section 2.15, subject to the requirements of this Section. Any

prepayment of a Borrowing made in accordance with this clause (a) shall be applied ratably among the Lenders of a Class of Commitment unless such prepayment is made in connection with the reduction of Commitments in accordance with Section 2.08(b) or (f) in which case such prepayment shall be applied in accordance with Section 2.08(d) or (f), as applicable.

(b) Mandatory Prepayments due to Changes in Exchange Rates.

(i) Determination of Amount Outstanding. On each Quarterly Date and, in addition, promptly upon the receipt by the Administrative Agent of a Currency Valuation Notice (as defined below), the Administrative Agent shall determine the aggregate Revolving Multicurrency Credit Exposure. For the purpose of this determination, the outstanding principal amount of any Loan that is denominated in any Foreign Currency shall be deemed to be the Dollar Equivalent of the amount in the Foreign Currency of such Loan, determined as of such Quarterly Date or, in the case of a Currency Valuation Notice received by the Administrative Agent prior to 11:00 a.m., Atlanta, Georgia time, on a Business Day, on such Business Day or, in the case of a Currency Valuation Notice otherwise received, on the first Business Day after such Currency Valuation Notice is received. Upon making such determination, the Administrative Agent shall promptly notify the Multicurrency Lenders and the Borrower thereof.

(ii) Prepayment. If on the date of such determination the aggregate Revolving Multicurrency Credit Exposure minus the Multicurrency LC Exposure fully Cash Collateralized on such date exceeds 105% of the aggregate amount of the Multicurrency Commitments as then in effect, the Borrower shall, if requested by the Required Multicurrency Lenders (through the Administrative Agent), prepay the Syndicated Multicurrency Loans and Swingline Multicurrency Loans (and/or provide Cash Collateral for Multicurrency LC Exposure as specified in Section 2.05(k)) within 15 Business Days following the Borrower's receipt of such request in such amounts as shall be necessary so that after giving effect thereto the aggregate Revolving Multicurrency Credit Exposure does not exceed the Multicurrency Commitments.

For purposes hereof "Currency Valuation Notice" means a notice given by the Required Multicurrency Lenders to the Administrative Agent stating that such notice is a "Currency Valuation Notice" and requesting that the Administrative Agent determine the aggregate Revolving Multicurrency Credit Exposure. The Administrative Agent shall not be required to make more than one valuation determination pursuant to Currency Valuation Notices within any rolling three month period.

Any prepayment pursuant to this paragraph shall be applied, first to Swingline Multicurrency Loans outstanding, second, to Syndicated Multicurrency Loans outstanding and third, as cover for Multicurrency LC Exposure.

(c) Mandatory Prepayments due to Borrowing Base Deficiency. In the event that at any time any Borrowing Base Deficiency shall exist, the Borrower shall, within five Business Days after delivery of the applicable Borrowing Base Certificate, prepay the Loans (or provide Cash Collateral for Letters of Credit as contemplated by Section 2.05(k)) or reduce Other Covered Indebtedness in such amounts as shall be necessary so that such Borrowing Base

Deficiency is cured; provided that (i) the aggregate amount of such prepayment of Loans (and Cash Collateral for Letters of Credit) shall be at least equal to the Revolving Percentage times the aggregate prepayment of the Covered Debt Amount, and (ii) if, within five Business Days after delivery of a Borrowing Base Certificate demonstrating such Borrowing Base Deficiency, the Borrower shall present the Lenders with a reasonably feasible plan acceptable to the Required Lenders in their sole discretion to enable such Borrowing Base Deficiency to be cured within 30 Business Days (which 30-Business Day period shall include the five Business Days permitted for delivery of such plan), then such prepayment or reduction shall not be required to be effected immediately but may be effected in accordance with such plan (with such modifications as the Borrower may reasonably determine), so long as such Borrowing Base Deficiency is cured within such 30-Business Day period.

(d) Mandatory Prepayments During Amortization Period. During the period commencing on the date immediately following the Commitment Termination Date with respect to any Loans of any Lender or Lenders and ending on the Final Maturity Date with respect to the Loans of such Lender or Lenders:

(i) Asset Disposition. If the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries (other than a Financing Subsidiary) Disposes of any property which results in the receipt by such Person of Net Cash Proceeds in excess of \$2,000,000 in the aggregate since the applicable Commitment Termination Date, the Borrower shall prepay an aggregate principal amount of such Loans owed to such Lender or Lenders equal to 100% of such Net Cash Proceeds no later than the fifth Business Day following the receipt of such Net Cash Proceeds (such prepayments to be applied as set forth in Section 2.09(b)); provided that if the Loans to be prepaid are Eurocurrency Loans, the Borrower may defer such prepayment until the last day of the Interest Period applicable to such Loans owed to such Lender or Lenders, so long as the Borrower deposits an amount equal to such Net Cash Proceeds, no later than the fifth Business Day following the receipt of such Net Cash Proceeds, into a segregated collateral account in the name and under the dominion and control of the Administrative Agent, pending application of such amount to the prepayment of the Loans on the last day of such Interest Period; provided, further, that the Administrative Agent may direct the application of such deposits as set forth in Section 2.09(b) at any time and if the Administrative Agent does so, no amounts will be payable by the Borrower pursuant to Section 2.15.

(ii) Equity Issuance. Upon the sale or issuance by the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries (other than a Financing Subsidiary) of any of its Equity Interests (other than any sales or issuances of Equity Interests to the Borrower or any Subsidiary Guarantor), the Borrower shall prepay an aggregate principal amount of such Loans owed to such Lender or Lenders equal to 75% of all Net Cash Proceeds received therefrom no later than the fifth Business Day following the receipt of such Net Cash Proceeds (such prepayments to be applied as set forth in Section 2.09(b)).

(iii) Indebtedness. Upon the incurrence or issuance by the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries (other than a Financing Subsidiary) of any Indebtedness (other than the making of any Loans or issuance of any Letters of Credit hereunder), the Borrower shall prepay an aggregate principal amount of such Loans owed to such Lender or Lenders

equal to 100% of all Net Cash Proceeds received therefrom no later than the fifth Business Day following the receipt of such Net Cash Proceeds (such prepayments to be applied as set forth in [Section 2.09\(b\)](#)).

(iv) **Extraordinary Receipt.** Upon any Extraordinary Receipt (which, when taken with all other Extraordinary Receipts received after the applicable Commitment Termination Date, exceeds \$5,000,000 in the aggregate) received by or paid to or for the account of the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries (other than a Financing Subsidiary), and not otherwise included in [clauses \(i\), \(ii\) or \(iii\)](#) of this [Section 2.10\(d\)](#), the Borrower shall prepay an aggregate principal amount of such Loans owed to such Lender or Lenders equal to 100% of all Net Cash Proceeds received therefrom no later than the fifth Business Day following the receipt of such Net Cash Proceeds (such prepayments to be applied as set forth in [Section 2.09\(b\)](#)).

(v) **Return of Capital.** If any Obligor shall receive any Return of Capital, the Borrower shall prepay an aggregate principal amount of such Loans owed to such Lender or Lenders equal to 90% of such Return of Capital (excluding amounts payable by the Borrower pursuant to [Section 2.15](#)) no later than the fifth Business Day following the receipt of such Return of Capital (such prepayments to be applied as set forth in [Section 2.09\(b\)](#)).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, Net Cash Proceeds required to be applied to the prepayment of the Loans pursuant to this [Section 2.10\(d\)](#) shall (A) (I) from the period commencing on the Non-Extended Commitment Termination Date and ending on the Extended Commitment Termination Date, be applied ratably among the Non-Extending Lenders and (II) from the Extended Commitment Termination Date to the Extended Final Maturity Date, be applied in accordance with the Guarantee and Security Agreement and (B) exclude the amount necessary for the Borrower to make all required distributions (which shall be no less than the amount estimated in good faith by Borrower under [Section 6.05\(b\)](#) herein) to maintain the status of a RIC under the Code and a “business development company” under the Investment Company Act for so long as the Borrower retains such status.

(e) **Notices, Etc.** The Borrower shall notify the Administrative Agent (and, in the case of prepayment of a Swingline Loan, the Swingline Lender) by telephone (confirmed by telecopy) of any prepayment hereunder (i) in the case of prepayment of a Eurocurrency Borrowing denominated in Dollars (other than in the case of a prepayment pursuant to [Section 2.10\(d\)](#)), not later than 11:00 a.m., Atlanta, Georgia time, three Business Days before the date of prepayment, (ii) in the case of prepayment of a Eurocurrency Borrowing denominated in a Foreign Currency (other than in the case of a prepayment pursuant to [Section 2.10\(d\)](#)), not later than 11:00 a.m., London time, four Business Days before the date of prepayment, (iii) in the case of prepayment of a Syndicated ABR Borrowing (other than in the case of a prepayment pursuant to [Section 2.10\(d\)](#)), not later than 11:00 a.m., Atlanta, Georgia time, one Business Day before the date of prepayment, (iv) in the case of prepayment of a Swingline Loan, not later than 11:00 a.m., Atlanta, Georgia time, on the date of prepayment, or (v) in the case of any prepayment pursuant to [Section 2.10\(d\)](#), not later than 11:00 a.m., Atlanta, Georgia time, one Business Day before the date of prepayment. Each such notice shall be irrevocable and shall specify the prepayment date, the principal amount of each Borrowing or portion thereof to be prepaid and, in

the case of a mandatory prepayment, a reasonably detailed calculation of the amount of such prepayment; provided that, if (i) a notice of prepayment is given in connection with a conditional notice of termination of the Commitments of a Class as contemplated by Section 2.08, then such notice of prepayment may be revoked if such notice of termination is revoked in accordance with Section 2.08 and (ii) any notice given in connection with Section 2.10(d) may be conditioned on the consummation of the applicable transaction contemplated by such Section and the receipt by the Borrower or any such Subsidiary (other than a Financing Subsidiary) of Net Cash Proceeds. Promptly following receipt of any such notice relating to a Syndicated Borrowing, the Administrative Agent shall advise the affected Lenders of the contents thereof. Each partial prepayment of any Borrowing shall be in an amount that would be permitted in the case of a Borrowing of the same Type as provided in Section 2.02 or in the case of a Swingline Loan, as provided in Section 2.04, except as necessary to apply fully the required amount of a mandatory prepayment. Each prepayment of a Syndicated Borrowing of a Class of Commitments or Final Maturity Date shall be applied ratably to the Loans held by the Lenders of such Class included in the prepaid Borrowing; provided Prepayments shall be accompanied by accrued interest to the extent required by Section 2.12 and shall be made in the manner specified in Section 2.09(b) unless such prepayment is made in connection with the reduction of Commitments in accordance with Section 2.08(b) or (f) in which case such prepayment shall be applied in accordance with Section 2.08(d) or (f), as applicable.

SECTION 2.11. Fees.

(a) Commitment Fee. The Borrower agrees to pay to the Administrative Agent for account of each Lender a commitment fee, which shall accrue at a rate per annum equal to 0.375% on the average daily unused amount of the Dollar Commitment and Multicurrency Commitment, as applicable, of such Lender during the period from and including the date hereof to but excluding the earlier of the date such commitment terminates and such Lender's Commitment Termination Date. Accrued commitment fees shall be payable within one Business Day after each Quarterly Date and on the earlier of the date the Commitments of the respective Class terminate and the Commitment Termination Date of such Class, commencing on the first such date to occur after the date hereof. All commitment fees shall be computed on the basis of a year of 360 days and shall be payable for the actual number of days elapsed (including the first day but excluding the last day). For purposes of computing commitment fees, the Commitment of any Class of a Lender shall be deemed to be used to the extent of the outstanding Syndicated Loans and LC Exposure of such Class of such Lender (and the Swingline Exposure of such Class of such Lender shall be disregarded for such purpose).

(b) Letter of Credit Fees. The Borrower agrees to pay (i) to the Administrative Agent for account of each Lender a participation fee with respect to its participations in Letters of Credit of each Class of Commitments, which shall accrue at a rate per annum equal to the Applicable Margin applicable to interest on Eurocurrency Loans on the average daily amount of such Lender's LC Exposure of such Class (excluding any portion thereof attributable to unreimbursed LC Disbursements) during the period from and including the Effective Date to but excluding the later of the date on which such Lender's Commitment of such Class terminates and the date on which such Lender ceases to have any LC Exposure of such Class, and (ii) to the Issuing Bank a fronting fee, which shall accrue at the rate of 0.25% per annum on the average daily amount of the LC Exposure (excluding any portion thereof

attributable to unreimbursed LC Disbursements) during the period from and including the Effective Date to but excluding the later of the date of termination of the Commitments and the date on which there ceases to be any LC Exposure, as well as the Issuing Bank's standard fees with respect to the issuance, amendment, renewal or extension of any Letter of Credit or processing of drawings thereunder. Participation fees and fronting fees accrued through and including each Quarterly Date shall be payable on the third Business Day following such Quarterly Date, commencing on the first such date to occur after the Effective Date; provided that all such fees with respect to the Letters of Credit shall be payable (i) with respect to the Issuing Bank, on the Termination Date and (ii) with respect to any Lender, on the earlier to occur of such Lender's Final Maturity Date and the Termination Date and the Borrower shall pay any such fees that have accrued and that are unpaid on such date and, in the event any Letters of Credit shall be outstanding that have expiration dates after the Termination Date, the Borrower shall prepay on the Termination Date the full amount of the participation and fronting fees that will accrue on such Letters of Credit subsequent to the Termination Date through but not including the date such outstanding Letters of Credit are scheduled to expire (and, in that connection, the Lenders agree not later than the date two Business Days after the date upon which the last such Letter of Credit shall expire or be terminated to rebate to the Borrower the excess, if any, of the aggregate participation and fronting fees that have been prepaid by the Borrower over the sum of the amount of such fees that ultimately accrue through the date of such expiration or termination and the aggregate amount of all other unpaid obligations hereunder at such time). Any other fees payable to the Issuing Bank pursuant to this paragraph shall be payable within 10 days after demand. All participation fees and fronting fees shall be computed on the basis of a year of 360 days and shall be payable for the actual number of days elapsed (including the first day but excluding the last day).

(c) Administrative Agent Fees. The Borrower agrees to pay to the Administrative Agent, for its own account, fees payable in the amounts and at the times separately agreed upon between the Borrower and the Administrative Agent.

(d) Payment of Fees. All fees payable hereunder shall be paid on the dates due, in Dollars (or, at the election of the Borrower with respect to any fees payable to the Issuing Bank on account of Letters of Credit issued in any Foreign Currency, in such Foreign Currency) and immediately available funds, to the Administrative Agent (or to the Issuing Bank, in the case of fees payable to it) for distribution, in the case of commitment fees and participation fees, to the Lenders entitled thereto. Fees paid shall not be refundable under any circumstances absent obvious error.

SECTION 2.12. Interest.

(a) ABR Loans. The Loans constituting each ABR Borrowing (including each Swingline Loan) shall bear interest at a rate per annum equal to the Alternate Base Rate plus the Applicable Margin.

(b) Eurocurrency Loans. The Loans constituting each Eurocurrency Borrowing shall bear interest at a rate per annum equal to the Adjusted LIBO Rate for the related Interest Period for such Borrowing plus the Applicable Margin.

(c) Default Interest. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if any Event of Default has occurred and is continuing and the Required Lenders have elected to increase pricing, the interest rates applicable to Loans and any fee or other amount payable by the Borrower hereunder shall bear interest, after as well as before judgment, at a rate per annum equal to (i) in the case of principal of any Loan, 2% plus the rate otherwise applicable to such Loan as provided above, (ii) in the case of any Letter of Credit, 2% plus the fee otherwise applicable to such Letter of Credit as provided in Section 2.11(b)(i), or (iii) in the case of any fee or other amount, 2% plus the rate applicable to ABR Loans as provided in paragraph (a) of this Section.

(d) Payment of Interest. Accrued interest on each Loan shall be payable in arrears on each Interest Payment Date for such Loan in the Currency in which such Loan is denominated and, in the case of Syndicated Loans, with respect to any Lender, upon the earlier of such Lender's Final Maturity Date and the Termination Date; provided that (i) interest accrued pursuant to paragraph (c) of this Section shall be payable on demand, (ii) in the event of any repayment or prepayment of any Loan (other than a prepayment of a Syndicated ABR Loan prior to such Lender's Final Maturity Date), accrued interest on the principal amount repaid or prepaid shall be payable on the date of such repayment or prepayment and (iii) in the event of any conversion of any Eurocurrency Borrowing denominated in Dollars prior to the end of the Interest Period therefor, accrued interest on such Borrowing shall be payable on the effective date of such conversion.

(e) Computation. All interest hereunder shall be computed on the basis of a year of 360 days, except that interest computed (i) by reference to the Alternate Base Rate at times when the Alternate Base Rate is based on the Prime Rate and (ii) on Multicurrency Loans denominated in Pounds Sterling or Canadian Dollars shall be computed on the basis of a year of 365 days (or 366 days in a leap year), and in each case shall be payable for the actual number of days elapsed (including the first day but excluding the last day). The applicable Alternate Base Rate or Adjusted LIBO Rate shall be determined by the Administrative Agent and such determination shall be conclusive absent manifest error.

SECTION 2.13. Alternate Rate of Interest. If prior to the commencement of the Interest Period for any Eurocurrency Borrowing of a Class (the Currency of such Borrowing herein called the "Affected Currency"):

(a) the Administrative Agent determines (which determination shall be conclusive absent manifest error) that adequate and reasonable means do not exist for ascertaining the Adjusted LIBO Rate for the Affected Currency for such Interest Period; or

(b) the Administrative Agent is advised by the Required Lenders of such Class of Commitments that the Adjusted LIBO Rate for the Affected Currency for such Interest Period will not adequately and fairly reflect the cost to such Lenders of making or maintaining their respective Loans included in such Borrowing for such Interest Period;

then the Administrative Agent shall give notice thereof to the Borrower and the affected Lenders by telephone or telecopy as promptly as practicable thereafter and, until the Administrative Agent notifies the Borrower and such Lenders that the circumstances giving rise to such notice no longer exist, (i) any Interest Election Request that requests the conversion of any Syndicated

Borrowing to, or the continuation of any Syndicated Borrowing as, a Eurocurrency Borrowing denominated in the Affected Currency shall be ineffective and, if the Affected Currency is Dollars, such Syndicated Borrowing (unless prepaid) shall be continued as, or converted to, a Syndicated ABR Borrowing, (ii) if the Affected Currency is Dollars and any Borrowing Request requests a Eurocurrency Borrowing denominated in Dollars, such Borrowing shall be made as a Syndicated ABR Borrowing and (iii) if the Affected Currency is a Foreign Currency, any Borrowing Request that requests a Eurocurrency Borrowing denominated in the Affected Currency shall be ineffective.

SECTION 2.14. Increased Costs.

(a) Increased Costs Generally. If any Change in Law shall:

(i) impose, modify or deem applicable any reserve, special deposit, compulsory loan, insurance charge or similar requirement against assets of, deposits with or for account of, or credit extended by, any Lender (except any such reserve requirement reflected in the Adjusted LIBO Rate) or the Issuing Bank; or

(ii) impose on any Lender or the Issuing Bank or the London interbank market any other condition, cost or expense (other than Taxes) affecting this Agreement or Eurocurrency Loans made by such Lender or any Letter of Credit or participation therein;

and the result of any of the foregoing shall be to increase the cost to such Lenders of making, converting to, continuing or maintaining any Eurocurrency Loan (or of maintaining its obligation to make any such Loan) or to increase the cost to such Lender or the Issuing Bank of participating in, issuing or maintaining any Letter of Credit or to reduce the amount of any sum received or receivable by such Lender or the Issuing Bank hereunder (whether of principal, interest or otherwise), then the Borrower will pay to such Lender or the Issuing Bank, as the case may be, in Dollars, such additional amount or amounts as will compensate such Lender or the Issuing Bank, as the case may be, for such additional costs incurred or reduction suffered.

(b) Capital Requirements. If any Lender or the Issuing Bank determines that any Change in Law regarding capital or liquidity requirements has or would have the effect of reducing the rate of return on such Lender's or the Issuing Bank's capital or on the capital of such Lender's or the Issuing Bank's holding company, if any, as a consequence of this Agreement or the Loans made by, or participations in Swingline Loans and Letters of Credit held by, such Lender, or the Letters of Credit issued by the Issuing Bank, to a level below that which such Lender or the Issuing Bank or such Lender's or the Issuing Bank's holding company could have achieved but for such Change in Law (taking into consideration such Lender's or the Issuing Bank's policies and the policies of such Lender's or the Issuing Bank's holding company with respect to capital adequacy), by an amount deemed to be material by such Lender or Issuing Bank, then from time to time the Borrower will pay to such Lender or the Issuing Bank, as the case may be, in Dollars, such additional amount or amounts as will compensate such Lender or the Issuing Bank or such Lender's or the Issuing Bank's holding company for any such reduction suffered.

(c) Certificates from Lenders. A certificate of a Lender or the Issuing Bank setting forth the amount or amounts, in Dollars, necessary to compensate such Lender or the Issuing Bank or its holding company, as the case may be, as specified in paragraph (a) or (b) of this Section shall be promptly delivered to the Borrower and shall be conclusive absent manifest error. The Borrower shall pay such Lender or the Issuing Bank, as the case may be, the amount shown as due on any such certificate within 10 days after receipt thereof.

(d) Delay in Requests. Failure or delay on the part of any Lender or the Issuing Bank to demand compensation pursuant to this Section shall not constitute a waiver of such Lender's or the Issuing Bank's right to demand such compensation; provided that the Borrower shall not be required to compensate a Lender or the Issuing Bank pursuant to this Section for any increased costs or reductions incurred more than six months prior to the date that such Lender or the Issuing Bank, as the case may be, notifies the Borrower of the Change in Law giving rise to such increased costs or reductions and of such Lender's or the Issuing Bank's intention to claim compensation therefor; provided, further, that, if the Change in Law giving rise to such increased costs or reductions is retroactive, then the six-month period referred to above shall be extended to include the period of retroactive effect thereof.

SECTION 2.15. Break Funding Payments. In the event of (a) the payment of any principal of any Eurocurrency Loan other than on the last day of an Interest Period therefor (including as a result of the occurrence of any Commitment Increase Date or an Event of Default), (b) the conversion of any Eurocurrency Loan other than on the last day of an Interest Period therefor, (c) the failure to borrow, convert, continue or prepay any Syndicated Loan on the date specified in any notice delivered pursuant hereto (including, in connection with any Commitment Increase Date, and regardless of whether such notice is permitted to be revocable under Section 2.10(e) and is revoked in accordance herewith), or (d) the assignment as a result of a request by the Borrower pursuant to Section 2.18(b) of any Eurocurrency Loan other than on the last day of an Interest Period therefor, then, in any such event, the Borrower shall compensate each Lender for the loss, cost and reasonable expense attributable to such event. In the case of a Eurocurrency Loan, the loss to any Lender attributable to any such event shall be deemed to include an amount determined by such Lender to be equal to the excess, if any, of

(i) the amount of interest that such Lender would pay for a deposit equal to the principal amount of such Loan denominated in the Currency of such Loan for the period from the date of such payment, conversion, failure or assignment to the last day of the then current Interest Period for such Loan (or, in the case of a failure to borrow, convert or continue, the duration of the Interest Period that would have resulted from such borrowing, conversion or continuation) if the interest rate payable on such deposit were equal to the Adjusted LIBO Rate for such Currency for such Interest Period, over

(ii) the amount of interest that such Lender would earn on such principal amount for such period if such Lender were to invest such principal amount for such period at the interest rate that would be bid by such Lender (or an affiliate of such Lender) for deposits denominated in such Currency from other banks in the Eurocurrency market at the commencement of such period.

Payment under this Section shall be made upon request of a Lender delivered not later than five Business Days following the payment, conversion, or failure to borrow, convert, continue or prepay that gives rise to a claim under this Section accompanied by a certificate of such Lender setting forth the amount or amounts that such Lender is entitled to receive pursuant to this Section, which certificate shall be conclusive absent manifest error. The Borrower shall pay such Lender the amount shown as due on any such certificate within 10 days after receipt thereof.

SECTION 2.16. Taxes.

(a) Payments Free of Taxes. Any and all payments by or on account of any obligation of the Borrower hereunder or under any other Loan Document shall be made free and clear of and without deduction for any Taxes, except as required by applicable law; provided that if the Borrower shall be required to deduct any Taxes from such payments, then (i) if such Taxes are Indemnified Taxes, the sum payable shall be increased as necessary so that after making all required deductions (including deductions applicable to additional sums payable under this Section) the Administrative Agent, Lender or Issuing Bank (as the case may be) receives an amount equal to the sum it would have received had no such deductions been made, (ii) the Borrower shall make such deductions and (iii) the Borrower shall pay the full amount deducted to the relevant Governmental Authority in accordance with applicable law.

(b) Payment of Other Taxes by the Borrower. In addition, the Borrower shall pay any Other Taxes to the relevant Governmental Authority in accordance with applicable law.

(c) Indemnification by the Borrower. The Borrower shall indemnify the Administrative Agent, each Lender and the Issuing Bank for and, within 10 Business Days after written demand therefor, pay the full amount of any Indemnified Taxes or Other Taxes (including Indemnified Taxes or Other Taxes imposed or asserted on or attributable to amounts payable under this Section) paid by the Administrative Agent, such Lender or the Issuing Bank, as the case may be, and any penalties, interest and reasonable expenses arising therefrom or with respect thereto, whether or not such Indemnified Taxes or Other Taxes were correctly or legally imposed or asserted by the relevant Governmental Authority, except to the extent that any such Indemnified Taxes or Other Taxes arise as the result of the fraud, gross negligence or willful misconduct of the Administrative Agent, such Lender or the Issuing Bank. A certificate as to the amount of such payment or liability delivered to the Borrower by a Lender or the Issuing Bank, or by the Administrative Agent on its own behalf or on behalf of a Lender or the Issuing Bank, shall be conclusive absent manifest error.

(d) Indemnification by the Lenders. Each Lender shall severally indemnify the Administrative Agent, within 10 Business Days after written demand therefor, for (i) any Indemnified Taxes or Other Taxes attributable to such Lender (but only to the extent that the Borrower has not already indemnified the Administrative Agent for such Indemnified Taxes and without limiting the obligation of the Borrower to do so), (ii) any Taxes attributable to such Lender's failure to comply with the provisions of Section 9.04(f) relating to the maintenance of a Participant Register, and (iii) any Excluded Taxes attributable to such Lender, in each case, that are payable or paid by the Administrative Agent in connection with any Loan Document, and any reasonable expenses arising therefrom or with respect thereto, whether or not such Taxes

were correctly or legally imposed or asserted by the relevant Governmental Authority. A certificate as to the amount of such payment or liability delivered to any Lender by the Administrative Agent shall be conclusive absent manifest error. Each Lender hereby authorizes the Administrative Agent to set off and apply any and all amounts at any time owing to such Lender under any Loan Document or otherwise payable by the Administrative Agent to the Lender from any other source against any amount due to the Administrative Agent under this paragraph (d).

(e) Evidence of Payments. As soon as practicable after any payment of Indemnified Taxes or Other Taxes by the Borrower to a Governmental Authority, the Borrower shall deliver to the Administrative Agent the original or a certified copy of a receipt issued by such Governmental Authority evidencing such payment, a copy of the return reporting such payment or other evidence of such payment reasonably satisfactory to the Administrative Agent.

(f) Tax Documentation. (i) Any Foreign Lender that is entitled to an exemption from or reduction of withholding tax under the law of the jurisdiction in which the Borrower is located, or any treaty to which such jurisdiction is a party, with respect to payments under this Agreement shall deliver to the Borrower (with a copy to the Administrative Agent), at the time or times prescribed by applicable law or reasonably requested by the Borrower, such properly completed and executed documentation prescribed by applicable law as will permit such payments to be made without withholding or at a reduced rate. In addition, any Lender, if requested by the Borrower or the Administrative Agent, shall deliver such other documentation prescribed by applicable law or reasonably requested by the Borrower or the Administrative Agent as will enable the Borrower or the Administrative Agent to determine whether or not such Lender is subject to backup withholding or information reporting requirements. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the preceding two sentences, the completion, execution and submission of such documentation (other than such documentation set forth in Section 2.16(f)(ii) below) shall not be required if in the Lender's reasonable judgment such completion, execution or submission would subject such Lender to any material unreimbursed cost or expense or would materially prejudice the legal or commercial position of such Lender.

(ii) Without limiting the generality of the foregoing:

(A) any Lender that is a "United States person" (as defined under Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code) shall deliver to the Borrower and the Administrative Agent (and such additional copies as shall be reasonably requested by the recipient) on or prior to the date on which such Lender become a Lender under this Agreement (and from time to time thereafter upon the reasonable request of the Borrower or the Administrative Agent), duly completed and executed copies of Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 or any successor form certifying that such Lender is exempt from U.S. federal backup withholding tax; and

(B) each Foreign Lender shall deliver to the Borrower and the Administrative Agent (in such number of copies as shall be requested by the recipient) on or prior to the date on which such Foreign Lender becomes a Lender under this Agreement (and from time to time thereafter upon the reasonable

request of the Borrower or the Administrative Agent, but only if such Foreign Lender is legally entitled to do so), whichever of the following is applicable:

(w) duly completed and executed copies of Internal Revenue Service Form W-8BEN or any successor form claiming eligibility for benefits of an income tax treaty to which the United States is a party,

(x) duly completed copies of Internal Revenue Service Form W-8ECI or any successor form certifying that the income receivable pursuant to this Agreement is effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States,

(y) in the case of a Foreign Lender claiming the benefits of the exemption for portfolio interest under Section 881(c) of the Code, (1) a certificate to the effect that such Foreign Lender is not (1) a “bank” within the meaning of Section 881(c)(3)(A) of the Code, (2) a “10 percent shareholder” of the Borrower within the meaning of Section 881(c)(3)(B) of the Code, or (3) a “controlled foreign corporation” described in Section 881(c)(3)(C) of the Code and (2) duly completed and executed copies of Internal Revenue Service Form W-8BEN (or any successor form) certifying that the Foreign Lender is not a United States Person, or

(z) any other form including Internal Revenue Service Form W-8IMY as applicable prescribed by applicable law as a basis for claiming exemption from or a reduction in U.S. federal withholding Tax duly completed together with such supplementary documentation as may be prescribed by applicable law to permit the Borrower to determine the withholding or deduction required to be made.

(iii) In addition, each Lender shall deliver such forms promptly upon the obsolescence, expiration or invalidity of any form previously delivered by such Lender; provided it is legally able to do so at the time. Each Lender shall promptly notify the Borrower and the Administrative Agent at any time the chief tax officer of such Lender becomes aware that it no longer satisfies the legal requirements to provide any previously delivered form or certificate to the Borrower (or any other form of certification adopted by the U.S. or other taxing authorities for such purpose).

(g) Documentation Required by FATCA. If a payment made to a Lender under this Agreement would be subject to U.S. federal withholding Tax imposed by FATCA if such Lender were to fail to comply with the applicable reporting requirements of FATCA (including those contained in Section 1471(b) or 1472(b) of the Code, as applicable), such Lender shall deliver to the Borrower and the Administrative Agent, at the time or times prescribed by law and at such time or times reasonably requested by the Borrower or the Administrative Agent, such document prescribed by applicable law (including as prescribed by Section 1471(b)(3)(C)(i) of the Code) and such additional documentation reasonably requested by the Borrower or the Administrative Agent as may be necessary for the Borrower and the Administrative Agent to comply with their respective obligations under FATCA or to determine

the amount to deduct and withhold from such payment. Solely for purposes of this Section 2.16(g), "FATCA" shall include any amendments made to FATCA after the date of this Agreement.

(h) Treatment of Certain Refunds. If the Administrative Agent, any Lender or an Issuing Bank determines, in its sole discretion, that it has received a refund or credit (in lieu of such refund) of any Taxes or Other Taxes as to which it has been indemnified by the Borrower or with respect to which the Borrower has paid additional amounts pursuant to this Section, it shall pay to the Borrower an amount equal to such refund (but only to the extent of indemnity payments made, or additional amounts paid, by the Borrower under this Section with respect to the Taxes or Other Taxes giving rise to such refund), net of all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses of the Administrative Agent, any Lender or an Issuing Bank, as the case may be, and without interest (other than any interest paid by the relevant Governmental Authority with respect to such refund); provided that the Borrower, upon the request of the Administrative Agent, any Lender or an Issuing Bank, agrees to repay the amount paid over to the Borrower (plus any penalties, interest or other charges imposed by the relevant Governmental Authority) to the Administrative Agent, any Lender or an Issuing Bank in the event the Administrative Agent, any Lender or an Issuing Bank is required to repay such refund to such Governmental Authority. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this clause (h), in no event will the Administrative Agent, any Lender or an Issuing Bank be required to pay any amount to Borrower pursuant to this clause (h), the payment of which would place such Person in a less favorable net after-Tax position than such Person would have been in if the indemnification payments or additional amounts giving rise to such refund had never been paid. This subsection shall not be construed to require the Administrative Agent, any Lender or an Issuing Bank to make available its tax returns or its books or records (or any other information relating to its taxes that it deems confidential) to the Borrower or any other Person.

SECTION 2.17. Payments Generally; Pro Rata Treatment; Sharing of Set-offs.

(a) Payments by the Borrower. The Borrower shall make each payment required to be made by it hereunder (whether of principal, interest, fees or reimbursement of LC Disbursements, or under Section 2.14, 2.15 or 2.16, or otherwise) or under any other Loan Document (except to the extent otherwise provided therein) prior to 12:00 noon, Atlanta, Georgia time, on the date when due, in immediately available funds, without set-off or counterclaim. Any amounts received after such time on any date may, in the discretion of the Administrative Agent, be deemed to have been received on the next succeeding Business Day for purposes of calculating interest thereon. All such payments shall be made to the Administrative Agent at the Administrative Agent's Account, except as otherwise expressly provided in the relevant Loan Document and except payments to be made directly to the Issuing Bank or the Swingline Lender as expressly provided herein and payments pursuant to Sections 2.14, 2.15, 2.16 and 9.03, which shall be made directly to the Persons entitled thereto. The Administrative Agent shall distribute any such payments received by it for account of any other Person to the appropriate recipient promptly following receipt thereof. If any payment hereunder shall be due on a day that is not a Business Day, the date for payment shall be extended to the next succeeding Business Day and, in the case of any payment accruing interest, interest thereon shall be payable for the period of such extension.

All amounts owing under this Agreement (including commitment fees, payments required under [Section 2.14](#), and payments required under [Section 2.15](#) relating to any Loan denominated in Dollars, but not including principal of and interest on any Loan denominated in any Foreign Currency or payments relating to any such Loan required under [Section 2.15](#), which are payable in such Foreign Currency) or under any other Loan Document (except to the extent otherwise provided therein) are payable in Dollars. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Borrower shall fail to pay any principal of any Loan when due (whether at stated maturity, by acceleration, by mandatory prepayment or otherwise), the unpaid portion of such Loan shall, if such Loan is not denominated in Dollars, automatically be redenominated in Dollars on the due date thereof (or, if such due date is a day other than the last day of the Interest Period thereof, on the last day of such Interest Period) in an amount equal to the Dollar Equivalent thereof on the date of such redenomination and such principal shall be payable on demand; and if the Borrower shall fail to pay any interest on any Loan that is not denominated in Dollars, such interest shall automatically be redenominated in Dollars on the due date thereof (or, if such due date is a day other than the last day of the Interest Period thereof, on the last day of such Interest Period) in an amount equal to the Dollar Equivalent thereof on the date of such redenomination and such interest shall be payable on demand.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section, if, after the making of any Borrowing in any Foreign Currency, currency control or exchange regulations are imposed in the country which issues such currency with the result that the type of currency in which the Borrowing was made (the “[Original Currency](#).”) no longer exists or the Borrower is not able to make payment to the Administrative Agent for the account of the Lenders in such Original Currency, then all payments to be made by the Borrower hereunder in such currency shall instead be made when due in Dollars in an amount equal to the Dollar Equivalent (as of the date of repayment) of such payment due, it being the intention of the parties hereto that the Borrower takes all risks of the imposition of any such currency control or exchange regulations.

(b) [Application of Insufficient Payments](#). If at any time insufficient funds are received by and available to the Administrative Agent to pay fully all amounts of principal, unreimbursed LC Disbursements, interest and fees of a Class of Commitments or Final Maturity Date then due hereunder, such funds shall be applied (i) first, to pay interest and fees of such Class then due hereunder, ratably among the parties entitled thereto in accordance with the amounts of interest and fees of such Class then due to such parties, and (ii) second, to pay principal and unreimbursed LC Disbursements of such Class then due hereunder, ratably among the parties entitled thereto in accordance with the amounts of principal and unreimbursed LC Disbursements of such Class then due to such parties.

(c) [Pro Rata Treatment](#). Except to the extent otherwise provided herein: (i) other than with respect any Syndicated Borrowing requested pursuant to [Section 2.20](#), each Syndicated Borrowing of a Class shall be made from the Lenders of such Class of Commitments and each Syndicated Borrowing of a Class requested pursuant to [Section 2.20](#) shall be made from each Extending Lender, each payment of commitment fee under [Section 2.11](#) shall be made for account of the Lenders of the applicable Class, and each termination or reduction of the amount of the Commitments of a Class of Commitments or Final Maturity Date under [Section 2.08](#) shall be applied to the respective Commitments of the Lenders of such Class of Commitments or Final Maturity Date, pro rata according to the amounts of their respective Commitments of such Class

of Commitments or Final Maturity Date; (ii) each Syndicated Borrowing of a Class of Commitments shall be allocated pro rata among the Lenders of such Class according to the amounts of their respective Commitments of such Class (in the case of the making of Syndicated Loans) or their respective Loans of such Class that are to be included in such Borrowing (in the case of conversions and continuations of Loans); (iii) each payment or prepayment of principal of Syndicated Loans of a Class of Commitments or Final Maturity Date by the Borrower shall be made for account of the Lenders of such Class of Commitments or Final Maturity Date pro rata in accordance with the respective unpaid principal amounts of the Syndicated Loans of such Class of Commitments or Final Maturity Date held by them; and (iv) each payment of interest on Syndicated Loans of a Class of Commitments or Final Maturity Date by the Borrower shall be made for account of the Lenders of such Class of Commitments or Final Maturity Date pro rata in accordance with the amounts of interest on such Loans of such Class of Commitments or Final Maturity Date then due and payable to the respective Lenders.

(d) Sharing of Payments by Lenders. If any Lender of any Class of Commitment or Final Maturity Date shall, by exercising any right of set-off or counterclaim or otherwise, obtain payment in respect of any principal of or interest on any of its Syndicated Loans, or participations in LC Disbursements or Swingline Loans, of such Class resulting in such Lender receiving payment of a greater proportion of the aggregate amount of its Syndicated Loans, and participations in LC Disbursements and Swingline Loans, and accrued interest thereon of such Class then due than the proportion received by any other Lender of such Class, then the Lender receiving such greater proportion shall purchase (for cash at face value) participations in the Syndicated Loans, and participations in LC Disbursements and Swingline Loans, of other Lenders of such Class to the extent necessary so that the benefit of all such payments shall be shared by the Lenders of such Class ratably in accordance with the aggregate amount of principal of and accrued interest on their respective Syndicated Loans, and participations in LC Disbursements and Swingline Loans, of such Class; provided that (i) if any such participations are purchased and all or any portion of the payment giving rise thereto is recovered, such participations shall be rescinded and the purchase price restored to the extent of such recovery, without interest, and (ii) the provisions of this paragraph shall not be construed to apply to any payment made by the Borrower pursuant to and in accordance with the express terms of this Agreement or any payment obtained by a Lender as consideration for the assignment of or sale of a participation in any of its Loans or participations in LC Disbursements to any assignee or participant, other than to the Borrower or any Subsidiary or Affiliate thereof (as to which the provisions of this paragraph shall apply). The Borrower consents to the foregoing and agrees, to the extent it may effectively do so under applicable law, that any Lender acquiring a participation pursuant to the foregoing arrangements may exercise against the Borrower rights of set-off and counterclaim with respect to such participation as fully as if such Lender were a direct creditor of the Borrower in the amount of such participation.

(e) Presumptions of Payment. Unless the Administrative Agent shall have received notice from the Borrower prior to the date on which any payment is due to the Administrative Agent for account of the Lenders or the Issuing Bank hereunder that the Borrower will not make such payment, the Administrative Agent may assume that the Borrower has made such payment on such date in accordance herewith and may, in reliance upon such assumption, distribute to the Lenders or the Issuing Bank, as the case may be, the amount due. In such event, if the Borrower has not in fact made such payment, then each of the Lenders or the

Issuing Bank, as the case may be, severally agrees to repay to the Administrative Agent forthwith on demand the amount so distributed to such Lender or the Issuing Bank with interest thereon, for each day from and including the date such amount is distributed to it to but excluding the date of payment to the Administrative Agent at the Federal Funds Effective Rate.

(f) Certain Deductions by the Administrative Agent. If any Lender shall fail to make any payment required to be made by it pursuant to Section 2.04(c), 2.05(e), 2.06(a) or (b) or 2.17(e), then the Administrative Agent may, in its discretion (notwithstanding any contrary provision hereof), apply any amounts thereafter received by the Administrative Agent for account of such Lender to satisfy such Lender's obligations under such Sections until all such unsatisfied obligations are fully paid.

SECTION 2.18. Mitigation Obligations; Replacement of Lenders.

(a) Designation of a Different Lending Office. If any Lender requests compensation under Section 2.14, or if the Borrower is required to pay any additional amount to any Lender or any Governmental Authority for the account of any Lender pursuant to Section 2.16, then such Lender shall use reasonable efforts to designate a different lending office for funding or booking its Loans hereunder or to assign its rights and obligations hereunder to another of its offices, branches or affiliates, if in the judgment of such Lender, such designation or assignment (i) would eliminate or reduce amounts payable pursuant to Section 2.14 or 2.16, as the case may be, in the future and (ii) would not subject such Lender to any cost or expense not required to be reimbursed by the Borrower and would not otherwise be disadvantageous to such Lender. The Borrower hereby agrees to pay all reasonable costs and expenses incurred by any Lender in connection with any such designation or assignment.

(b) Replacement of Lenders. If any Lender requests compensation under Section 2.14, or if the Borrower is required to pay any additional amount to any Lender or any Governmental Authority for account of any Lender pursuant to Section 2.16, or if any Lender becomes a Defaulting Lender or is a Non-Consenting Lender (as provided in Section 9.02(d)), then the Borrower may, at its sole expense and effort, upon notice to such Lender and the Administrative Agent, require such Lender to assign and delegate, without recourse (in accordance with and subject to the restrictions contained in Section 9.04), all its interests, rights and obligations under this Agreement to an assignee that shall assume such obligations (which assignee may be another Lender, if a Lender accepts such assignment); provided that (i) the Borrower shall have received the prior written consent of the Administrative Agent (and, if a Commitment is being assigned, the Issuing Bank and the Swingline Lender), which consent shall not unreasonably be withheld, (ii) such Lender shall have received payment of an amount equal to the outstanding principal of its Loans and participations in LC Disbursements and Swingline Loans, accrued interest thereon, accrued fees and all other amounts payable to it hereunder, from the assignee (to the extent of such outstanding principal and accrued interest and fees) or the Borrower (in the case of all other amounts) and (iii) in the case of any such assignment resulting from a claim for compensation under Section 2.14 or payments required to be made pursuant to Section 2.16, such assignment will result in a reduction in such compensation or payments. A Lender shall not be required to make any such assignment and delegation if prior thereto, as a result of a waiver by such Lender or otherwise, the circumstances entitling the Borrower to require such assignment and delegation cease to apply.

SECTION 2.19. Defaulting Lenders.

(a) Defaulting Lender Adjustments. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement, if any Lender becomes a Defaulting Lender, then, until such time as such Lender is no longer a Defaulting Lender, to the extent permitted by applicable law:

(i) Defaulting Lender Waterfall. Any payment of principal, interest, fees or other amounts received by Administrative Agent for the account of such Defaulting Lender (whether voluntary or mandatory, at maturity, pursuant to Article VII or otherwise) or received by Administrative Agent from a Defaulting Lender pursuant to Section 9.08 shall be applied at such time or times as may be determined by Administrative Agent as follows: *first*, to the payment of any amounts owing by such Defaulting Lender to Administrative Agent hereunder; *second*, to the payment on a pro rata basis of any amounts owing by such Defaulting Lender to Issuing Bank or Swingline Lender hereunder; *third*, to Cash Collateralize Issuing Bank's Fronting Exposure with respect to such Defaulting Lender in the manner described in Section 2.09(a); *fourth*, as Borrower may request (so long as no Default exists), to the funding of any Loan in respect of which such Defaulting Lender has failed to fund its portion thereof as required by this Agreement, as determined by Administrative Agent; *fifth*, if so determined by Administrative Agent and Borrower, to be held in a deposit account and released pro rata in order to (x) satisfy such Defaulting Lender's potential future funding obligations with respect to Loans under this Agreement and (y) Cash Collateralize Issuing Bank's future Fronting Exposure with respect to such Defaulting Lender with respect to future Letters of Credit issued under this Agreement, in the manner described in Section 2.09(a); *sixth*, to the payment of any amounts owing to the Lenders, Issuing Bank or Swingline Lender as a result of any judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction obtained by any Lender, Issuing Bank or Swingline Lender against such Defaulting Lender as a result of such Defaulting Lender's breach of its obligations under this Agreement; *seventh*, so long as no Default exists, to the payment of any amounts owing to Borrower as a result of any judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction obtained by Borrower against such Defaulting Lender as a result of such Defaulting Lender's breach of its obligations under this Agreement; and *eighth*, to such Defaulting Lender or as otherwise directed by a court of competent jurisdiction; provided that if (x) such payment is a payment of the principal amount of any Loans or reimbursement obligations in respect of any LC Disbursement for which such Defaulting Lender has not fully funded its appropriate share, and (y) such Loans were made or the related Letters of Credit were issued at a time when the conditions set forth in Section 4.02 were satisfied and waived, such payment shall be applied solely to pay the Loans of, and reimbursement obligations in respect of any LC Disbursement that is owed to, all Non-Defaulting Lenders on a pro rata basis prior to being applied to the payment of any Loans of, or reimbursement obligations in respect of any LC Disbursement that is owed to, such Defaulting Lender until such time as all Loans and funded and unfunded participations in Letters of Credit and Swingline Loans are held by the Lenders pro rata in accordance with the applicable Commitments without giving effect to Section 2.19(a)(iii). Any payments, prepayments or other amounts paid or payable to a Defaulting Lender that are applied (or held) to pay amounts owed by a Defaulting Lender or to post Cash Collateral pursuant to this Section 2.19(a)(i) shall be

deemed paid to and redirected by such Defaulting Lender, and each Lender irrevocably consents hereto.

(ii) Certain Fees.

(A) No Defaulting Lender shall be entitled to receive any fee pursuant to Sections 2.11(a) and (b), for any period during which that Lender is a Defaulting Lender (and Borrower shall not be required to pay any such fee that otherwise would have been required to have been paid to that Defaulting Lender); provided that such Defaulting Lender shall be entitled to receive fees pursuant to Section 2.11(b), for any period during which that Lender is a Defaulting Lender only to extent allocable to its Applicable Percentage of the stated amount of Letters of Credit for which it has provided Cash Collateral pursuant to Section 2.19(d).

(B) With respect to any Section 2.11(b) fees not required to be paid to any Defaulting Lender pursuant to clause (A) above, Borrower shall (x) pay to each Non-Defaulting Lender that portion of any such fee otherwise payable to such Defaulting Lender with respect to such Defaulting Lender's participation in Letters of Credit or Swingline Loans that has been reallocated to such Non-Defaulting Lender pursuant to clause (iii) below, (y) pay to Issuing Bank the amount of any such fee otherwise payable to such Defaulting Lender to the extent allocable to Issuing Bank's Fronting Exposure to such Defaulting Lender, and (z) not be required to pay the remaining amount of any such fee.

(iii) Reallocation of Participations to Reduce Fronting Exposure. All or any part of such Defaulting Lender's participation in Letters of Credit and Swingline Loans shall be reallocated (effective no later than one (1) Business Day after the Administrative Agent has actual knowledge that such Lender has become a Defaulting Lender) among the Non-Defaulting Lenders in accordance with their respective Applicable Dollar Percentages and Applicable Multicurrency Percentages, as the case may be (in each case calculated without regard to such Defaulting Lender's Commitment), but only to the extent that (x) the conditions set forth in Section 4.02 are satisfied at the time of such reallocation (and, unless Borrower shall have otherwise notified Administrative Agent at such time, Borrower shall be deemed to have represented and warranted that such conditions are satisfied at such time), and (y) such reallocation does not cause the aggregate Revolving Credit Exposure of any Non-Defaulting Lender to exceed such Non-Defaulting Lender's Commitment. No reallocation hereunder shall constitute a waiver or release of any claim of any party hereunder against a Defaulting Lender arising from that Lender having become a Defaulting Lender, including any claim of a Non-Defaulting Lender as a result of such Non-Defaulting Lender's increased exposure following such reallocation.

(iv) Cash Collateral; Repayment of Swingline Loans. If the reallocation described in clause (iii) above cannot, or can only partially, be effected, the Borrower shall not later than two (2) Business Days after demand by the Administrative Agent (at the direction of the Issuing Bank and/or the Swingline Lender), without prejudice to any

right or remedy available to it hereunder or under law, (x) first, prepay Swingline Loans in an amount equal to the Swingline Lender's Swingline Exposure (which exposure shall be deemed equal to the applicable Defaulting Lender's Applicable Percentage of the total outstanding Swingline Exposure (other than Swingline Exposure as to which such Defaulting Lender's participation obligation has been reallocated to other Lenders or Cash Collateralized in accordance with the terms hereof)) and (y) second, Cash Collateralize the Issuing Bank's Fronting Exposure in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 2.19(d) or (z) make other arrangements reasonably satisfactory to the Administrative Agent, the Issuing Bank and the Swingline Lender in their sole discretion to protect them against the risk of non-payment by such Defaulting Lender.

(b) Defaulting Lender Cure. If the Borrower, the Administrative Agent, the Swingline Lender and the Issuing Bank agree in writing that a Lender is no longer a Defaulting Lender, Administrative Agent will so notify the parties hereto, whereupon as of the effective date specified in such notice and subject to any conditions set forth therein (which may include arrangements with respect to any Cash Collateral), that such former Defaulting Lender will, to the extent applicable, purchase at par that portion of outstanding Loans of the other Lenders or take such other actions as Administrative Agent may determine to be necessary to cause the Loans and funded and unfunded participations in Letters of Credit and Swingline Loans to be held pro rata by the Lenders in accordance with the applicable Commitments (without giving effect to Section 2.19(a)(iii)), and if Cash Collateral has been posted with respect to such Defaulting Lender, the Administrative Agent will promptly return or release such Cash Collateral to the Borrower, whereupon such Lender will cease to be a Defaulting Lender; provided that no adjustments will be made retroactively with respect to fees accrued or payments made by or on behalf of Borrower while that Lender was a Defaulting Lender; and provided, further, that except to the extent otherwise expressly agreed by the affected parties, no change hereunder from Defaulting Lender to Lender will constitute a waiver or release of any claim of any party hereunder arising from that Lender having been a Defaulting Lender.

(c) New Swingline Loans/Letters of Credit. So long as any Lender is a Defaulting Lender, (i) the Swingline Lender shall not be required to fund any Swingline Loans unless it is satisfied that the participations therein will be fully allocated among Non-Defaulting Lenders in a manner consistent with clause (a)(iii) above and the Defaulting Lender shall not participate therein and (ii) the Issuing Bank shall not be required to issue, extend, renew or increase any Letter of Credit unless it is satisfied that the participations in any existing Letters of Credit as well as the new, extended, renewed or increased Letter of Credit has been or will be fully allocated among the Non-Defaulting Lenders in a manner consistent with clause (a)(iii) above and such Defaulting Lender shall not participate therein except to the extent such Defaulting Lender's participation has been or will be fully Cash Collateralized in accordance with Section 2.19(d).

(d) Cash Collateral. At any time that there shall exist a Defaulting Lender, promptly following the written request of Administrative Agent or Issuing Bank (with a copy to Administrative Agent) Borrower shall Cash Collateralize Issuing Bank's Fronting Exposure with respect to such Defaulting Lender (determined after giving effect to Section 2.19(a)(iii)) and any Cash Collateral provided by such Defaulting Lender) in an amount not less than the Minimum Collateral Amount.

(i) Grant of Security Interest. Borrower, and to the extent provided by any Defaulting Lender, such Defaulting Lender, hereby grants to (and subjects to the control of) Administrative Agent, for the benefit of Issuing Bank, and agrees to maintain, a first priority security interest in all such Cash Collateral as security for the Defaulting Lenders' obligation to fund participations in respect of Letters of Credit, to be applied pursuant to clause (ii) below. If at any time Administrative Agent determines that Cash Collateral is subject to any right or claim of any Person other than Administrative Agent and Issuing Bank as herein provided, or that the total amount of such Cash Collateral is less than the Minimum Collateral Amount, Borrower will, promptly upon demand by Administrative Agent, pay or provide to Administrative Agent additional Cash Collateral in an amount sufficient to eliminate such deficiency (after giving effect to any Cash Collateral provided by the Defaulting Lender). All Cash Collateral (other than credit support not constituting funds subject to deposit) shall be maintained in blocked, non-interest bearing deposit accounts at SunTrust. Borrower shall pay on demand therefor from time to time all reasonable and customary account opening, activity and other administrative fees and charges in connection with the maintenance and disbursement of Cash Collateral.

(ii) Application. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Agreement, Cash Collateral provided under this Section 2.19 in respect of Letters of Credit shall be applied to the satisfaction of the Defaulting Lender's obligation to fund participations in respect of Letters of Credit (including, as to Cash Collateral provided by a Defaulting Lender, any interest accrued on such obligation) for which the Cash Collateral was so provided, prior to any other application of such property as may otherwise be provided for herein.

(iii) Termination of Requirement. Cash Collateral (or the appropriate portion thereof) provided to reduce Issuing Bank's Fronting Exposure shall no longer be required to be held as Cash Collateral pursuant to this Section 2.19 following (i) the elimination of the applicable Fronting Exposure (including by the termination of Defaulting Lender status of the applicable Lender) or (ii) the determination by Administrative Agent and Issuing Bank that there exists excess Cash Collateral; provided that, subject to the other provisions of this Section 2.19, the Person providing Cash Collateral and Issuing Bank may agree that Cash Collateral shall be held to support future anticipated Fronting Exposure; provided, further, that to the extent that such Cash Collateral was provided by Borrower, such Cash Collateral shall remain subject to the security interest granted pursuant to the Loan Documents.

SECTION 2.20. Reallocation Following the Non-Extended Commitment Termination Date.

(a) Reallocation of Participations and Loans.

(i) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, (a) in connection with the reduction or termination of any Non-Extending Lender's Commitments in accordance with Section 2.08(f) on any date prior to the Non-Extended Commitment Termination Date, the Borrower shall be permitted to request a Dollar Loan be made ratably among

the Extending Lenders in accordance with the provisions of Sections 2.02, 2.03 and 2.17(c) in an amount up to the amount by which such Non-Extending Lender's Revolving Credit Exposure exceeds such Non-Extending Lender's Commitments after giving effect to such Commitment reduction and (b) on any date following the Non-Extended Commitment Termination Date until the Extended Commitment Termination Date, the Borrower shall be permitted to request a Dollar Loan to be made ratably among the Extending Lenders in accordance with Sections 2.02, 2.03 and 2.17(c) in an amount up to the Revolving Credit Exposure of each Non-Extending Lender, in each case, so long as (x) the conditions set forth in Section 4.02 are satisfied (and, unless Borrower shall have otherwise notified the Administrative Agent at such time, Borrower shall be deemed to have represented and warranted that such conditions are satisfied at such time), (y) such Borrowing does not cause (I) the aggregate Revolving Credit Exposure of any Extending Lender to exceed such Extending Lender's Commitment, (II) the aggregate Revolving Dollar Credit Exposure of all of the Dollar Lenders with Dollar Commitments then in effect to exceed the aggregate Dollar Commitments at such time or (III) the aggregate Revolving Multicurrency Credit Exposure of all of the Multicurrency Lenders with Multicurrency Commitments then in effect to exceed the aggregate Multicurrency Commitments at such time and (z) the proceeds of any such Loan are applied solely to reduce the Revolving Credit Exposure of the applicable Non-Extending Lender or Non-Extending Lenders, as applicable.

(ii) All or any part of each Non-Extending Lender's participation in Letters of Credit and Swingline Loans shall be reallocated on (A) any date on which the Commitment of such Non-Extending Lender is reduced or terminated pursuant to Section 2.08(f) and (B) on the Non-Extended Commitment Termination Date, in each case, among the Extending Lenders in accordance with their respective Applicable Dollar Percentages and Applicable Multicurrency Percentages after giving effect to the reduction of the aggregate Commitments, but only to the extent that (x) the conditions set forth in Section 4.02 are satisfied at the time of such reallocation (and, unless Borrower shall have otherwise notified Administrative Agent at such time, Borrower shall be deemed to have represented and warranted that such conditions are satisfied at such time), and (y) such reallocation does not cause (I) the aggregate Revolving Credit Exposure of any Extending Lender to exceed such Extending Lender's Commitment, (II) the total Revolving Dollar Credit Exposures of Dollar Lenders with Dollar Commitments then in effect to exceed the aggregate Dollar Commitments at such time, or (III) the total Revolving Multicurrency Credit Exposures of Multicurrency Lenders with Multicurrency Commitments then in effect to exceed the aggregate Multicurrency Commitments at such time.

(b) Cash Collateral; Repayment of Swingline Loans. If any Loan related to the reduction or termination of a Non-Extending Lender's Commitment prior to the Non-Extended Commitment Termination Date described in clause (a)(i) above or any reallocation described in clause (a)(ii) above cannot, or can only partially, be effected, the Borrower shall, not later than (i) with respect to any reduction or termination of a Non-Extending Lender's Commitment pursuant to Section 2.08(f), the date of such Commitment reduction or termination or, (ii) with respect to any reallocation of participations in Letters of Credit and Swingline Loans on the Non-Extended Commitment Termination Date, the Non-Extended Commitment Termination Date, as

the case may be, without prejudice to any right or remedy available to it hereunder or under law, (x) prepay Swingline Loans in an amount equal to the amount by which the participation obligations of the Non-Extending Lenders have not been reallocated to the Extending Lenders pursuant to clause (a)(ii) above, (y) provide Cash Collateral in an amount equal to the amount by which the participation obligations of the Non-Extending Lenders in Letters of Credit have not been reallocated pursuant to clause (a)(ii) above and (z) prepay any other Loans of a Non-Extending Lender in an amount equal to the amount by which the Revolving Credit Exposure of such Non-Extending Lender after giving effect to any prepayment described in clause (a)(i)(z) above exceeds such Non-Extending Lender's Commitment after giving effect to any reduction in such Non-Extending Lender's Commitment.

SECTION 2.21. Assignment and Reallocation of Existing Commitments and Existing Loans.

(a) On the Effective Date, the Borrower shall (A) prepay the outstanding Loans and (B) simultaneously borrow new Loans in an amount equal to such prepayment; provided that with respect to subclauses (A) and (B), (x) the prepayment to, and borrowing from, any Existing Lender shall be effected by book entry to the extent that any portion of the amount prepaid to such Lender will be subsequently borrowed from such Lender and (y) the Lenders shall make and receive payments among themselves, in a manner acceptable to the Administrative Agent, so that, after giving effect thereto, the Loans of each Class are held ratably by the Lenders of such Class in accordance with each Lender's Applicable Percentage of Commitments and portion of loans, which, for the purposes of this Agreement and each other Loan Document, will be as set forth opposite such Person's name on Schedule 1.01(b). Concurrently therewith, the Existing Lenders of each Class shall be deemed to have adjusted their participation interests in any outstanding Letters of Credit of such Class so that such interests are held ratably in accordance with their Applicable Percentage of Commitments of such Class.

(b) Each of the Lenders hereby acknowledges and agrees that (i) no Lender nor the Administrative Agent has made any representations or warranties or assumed any responsibility with respect to (A) any statements, warranties or representations made in or in connection with this Agreement or the execution, legality, validity, enforceability, genuineness or sufficiency of this Agreement, the Existing Credit Agreement or any other Loan Document or (B) the financial condition of any Obligor or the performance by any Obligor of its obligations hereunder or under any other Loan Document; (ii) it has received such information as it has deemed appropriate to make its own credit analysis and decision to enter into this Agreement; and (iii) it has made and continues to make its own credit decisions in taking or not taking action under this Agreement, independently and without reliance upon the Administrative Agent or any other Lender.

REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES

The Borrower represents and warrants to the Lenders that:

SECTION 3.01. Organization; Powers. Each of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries is duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its organization, has all requisite power and authority to carry on its business as now conducted and, except where the failure to do so, individually or in the aggregate, could not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect, is qualified to do business in, and is in good standing in, every jurisdiction where such qualification is required of the Borrower or such Subsidiary, as applicable.

SECTION 3.02. Authorization; Enforceability. The Transactions are within the Borrower's corporate powers and have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate and, if required, by all necessary shareholder action. This Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by the Borrower and constitutes, and each of the other Loan Documents when executed and delivered by each Obligor party thereto will constitute, a legal, valid and binding obligation of such Obligor, enforceable in accordance with its terms, except as such enforceability may be limited by (a) bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or similar laws of general applicability affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights and (b) the application of general principles of equity (regardless of whether such enforceability is considered in a proceeding in equity or at law).

SECTION 3.03. Governmental Approvals; No Conflicts. The Transactions (a) do not require any consent or approval of, registration or filing with, or any other action by, any Governmental Authority, except for (i) such as have been or will be obtained or made and are in full force and effect and (ii) filings and recordings in respect of the Liens created pursuant to this Agreement or the Security Documents, (b) will not violate any applicable law or regulation or the charter, by-laws or other organizational documents of the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries or any order of any Governmental Authority, (c) will not violate or result in a default in any material respect under any indenture, agreement or other instrument binding upon the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries or assets, or give rise to a right thereunder to require any payment to be made by any such Person, and (d) except for the Liens created pursuant to this Agreement or the Security Documents, will not result in the creation or imposition of any Lien on any asset of the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries.

SECTION 3.04. Financial Condition; No Material Adverse Change.

(a) Financial Statements. The Borrower has heretofore delivered to the Lenders the audited consolidated balance sheet and statement of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, certified by a Financial Officer of the Borrower. Such financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position and results of operations and cash flows of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries as of such date and for such period in accordance with GAAP.

(b) No Material Adverse Change. Since the date of the most recent Applicable Financial Statements, there has not been any event, development or circumstance (herein, a "Material Adverse Change") that has had or could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on (i) the business, Portfolio Investments and other assets, liabilities or financial condition of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries (other than any Financing Subsidiary) taken as a whole (excluding in any case a decline in the net asset value of the Borrower or a change in general market conditions or values of the Borrower's Portfolio Investments), or (ii) the validity or enforceability of any of the Loan Documents or the rights or remedies of the Administrative Agent and the Lenders thereunder.

SECTION 3.05. Litigation. There are no actions, suits, investigations or proceedings by or before any arbitrator or Governmental Authority now pending against or, to the knowledge of the Borrower, threatened against or affecting the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries (i) as to which there is a reasonable possibility of an adverse determination and that, if adversely determined, could reasonably be expected, individually or in the aggregate, to result in a Material Adverse Effect or (ii) that involve this Agreement or the Transactions.

SECTION 3.06. Compliance with Laws and Agreements. Each of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries is in compliance with all laws, regulations and orders of any Governmental Authority applicable to it or its property and all indentures, agreements and other instruments binding upon it or its property, except where the failure to do so, individually or in the aggregate, could not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect. Neither the Borrower nor any of its Subsidiaries is subject to any contract or other arrangement, the performance of which by the Borrower or its Subsidiaries could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect.

SECTION 3.07. Taxes. Each of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries has timely filed or caused to be filed all material Tax returns and reports required to have been filed and has paid or caused to be paid all material Taxes required to have been paid by it, except (a) Taxes that are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings and for which such Person has set aside on its books adequate reserves or (b) to the extent that the failure to do so could not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect.

SECTION 3.08. ERISA. No ERISA Event has occurred or is reasonably expected to occur that, when taken together with all other such ERISA Events for which liability is reasonably expected to occur, could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect.

SECTION 3.09. Disclosure. As of the date hereof, the Borrower has disclosed to the Lenders all agreements, instruments and corporate or other restrictions to which it or any of its Subsidiaries is subject, and all other matters known to it, that, individually or in the aggregate, could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect. As of the date hereof, none of the reports, financial statements, certificates or other written information (other than projected financial information, other forward looking information relating to third parties and information of a general economic or general industry nature) furnished by or on behalf of the Borrower to the Administrative Agent in connection with the negotiation of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents or delivered hereunder or thereunder (as modified or supplemented by other

information so furnished) when taken as a whole (and after giving effect to all updates, modifications and supplements) contains any material misstatement of fact or omits to state any material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided that with respect to projected financial information, the Borrower represents only that such information was prepared in good faith based upon assumptions believed to be reasonable at the time.

SECTION 3.10. Investment Company Act; Margin Regulations.

(a) Status as Business Development Company. The Borrower has elected to be regulated as a “business development company” within the meaning of the Investment Company Act and qualifies as a RIC.

(b) Compliance with Investment Company Act. The business and other activities of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries, including the making of the Loans hereunder, the application of the proceeds and repayment thereof by the Borrower and the consummation of the Transactions contemplated by the Loan Documents do not result in a violation or breach in any material respect of the provisions of the Investment Company Act or any rules, regulations or orders issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission thereunder, in each case that are applicable to the Borrower and its Subsidiaries.

(c) Investment Policies. The Borrower is in compliance in all respects with the Investment Policies (after giving effect to any Permitted Policy Amendments), except to the extent that the failure to so comply could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

(d) Use of Credit. Neither the Borrower nor any of its Subsidiaries is engaged principally, or as one of its important activities, in the business of extending credit for the purpose, whether immediate, incidental or ultimate, of buying or carrying Margin Stock, and no part of the proceeds of any extension of credit hereunder will be used to buy or carry any Margin Stock.

SECTION 3.11. Material Agreements and Liens.

(a) Material Agreements. Part A of Schedule 3.11 is a complete and correct list, as of the Original Effective Date, of each credit agreement, loan agreement, indenture, purchase agreement, guarantee, letter of credit or other arrangement providing for or otherwise relating to any Indebtedness or any extension of credit (or commitment for any extension of credit) to, or guarantee by, the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries outstanding as of the Original Effective Date, and the aggregate principal or face amount outstanding or that is, or may become, outstanding under each such arrangement is correctly described in Part A of Schedule 3.11.

(b) Liens. Part B of Schedule 3.11 is a complete and correct list, as of the Original Effective Date, of each Lien securing Indebtedness of any Person outstanding on the Original Effective Date covering any property of the Borrower or any of the Subsidiary Guarantors, and the aggregate Indebtedness secured (or that may be secured) by each such Lien and the property covered by each such Lien is correctly described in Part B of Schedule 3.11.

SECTION 3.12. Subsidiaries and Investments.

(a) Subsidiaries. Set forth on Schedule 3.12(a) is a list of the Borrower's Subsidiaries as of the Original Effective Date.

(b) Investments. Set forth on Schedule 3.12(b) is a complete and correct list, as of the Original Effective Date, of all Investments (other than Investments of the types referred to in clauses (b), (c) and (d) of Section 6.04) held by the Borrower or any of the Subsidiary Guarantors in any Person on the Original Effective Date and, for each such Investment, (x) the identity of the Person or Persons holding such Investment and (y) the nature of such Investment. Except as disclosed in Schedule 3.12, each of the Borrower and any of the Subsidiary Guarantors owned, free and clear of all Liens (other than Liens created pursuant to this Agreement or the Security Documents and Permitted Liens), all such Investments as of such date.

SECTION 3.13. Properties.

(a) Title Generally. Each of the Borrower and the Subsidiary Guarantors has good title to, or valid leasehold interests in, all its real and personal property material to its business, except for minor defects in title that do not interfere with its ability to conduct its business as currently conducted or to utilize such properties for their intended purposes.

(b) Intellectual Property. Each of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries (other than any Financing Subsidiary) owns, or is licensed to use, all trademarks, tradenames, copyrights, patents and other intellectual property material to its business, and the use thereof by the Borrower and its Subsidiaries (other than any Financing Subsidiary) does not infringe upon the rights of any other Person, except for any such infringements that, individually or in the aggregate, could not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect.

SECTION 3.14. Affiliate Agreements. As of the Original Effective Date, the Borrower has heretofore delivered to the Administrative Agent true and complete copies of each of the Affiliate Agreements (including and schedules and exhibits thereto, and any amendments, supplements or waivers executed and delivered thereunder). As of the Original Effective Date, each of the Affiliate Agreements was in full force and effect.

SECTION 3.15. OFAC. Neither the Borrower nor any of its Subsidiaries (a) is a person whose property or interest in property is blocked or subject to blocking pursuant to Section 1 of Executive Order 13224 of September 23, 2001 Blocking Property and Prohibiting Transactions With Persons Who Commit, Threaten to Commit, or Support Terrorism (66 Fed. Reg. 49079 (2001)), (b) engages in any dealings or transactions prohibited by Section 2 of such executive order, or is otherwise associated with any such person in any manner violative of Section 2 of such executive order, or (c) is a person on the list of Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons or subject to the limitations or prohibitions under (A) any other U.S. Department of Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control regulation or executive order or (B) any international economic sanction administered or enforced by the United Nations Security Council, Her Majesty's Treasury or the European Union.

SECTION 3.16. Patriot Act. Each of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries is in compliance with (a) the Trading with the Enemy Act, as amended, and each of the foreign assets

control regulations of the United States Treasury Department (31 CFR, Subtitle B, Chapter V, as amended) and any other enabling legislation or executive order relating thereto, and (b) the Uniting And Strengthening America By Providing Appropriate Tools Required To Intercept And Obstruct Terrorism (USA Patriot Act of 2001). No part of the proceeds of the Loans will be used, directly or indirectly, (A) for any payments to any governmental official or employee, political party, official of a political party, candidate for political office, or anyone else acting in an official capacity, in order to obtain, retain or direct business or obtain any improper advantage, in violation of the United States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended or (B) in violation of any regulations promulgated by the United Nations Security Council, Her Majesty's Treasury or the European Union.

SECTION 3.17. Collateral Documents. The provisions of the Security Documents are effective to create in favor of the Collateral Agent a legal, valid and enforceable first priority Lien (subject to Liens permitted by Section 6.02) on all right, title and interest of the Borrower and each Subsidiary Guarantor in the Collateral described therein. Except for filings completed prior to the Effective Date and as contemplated hereby and by the Security Documents, no filing or other action will be necessary to perfect such Liens.

ARTICLE IV

CONDITIONS

SECTION 4.01. Effective Date. The effectiveness of this Agreement and of the obligations of the Lenders to make Loans and of the Issuing Bank to issue Letters of Credit hereunder shall not become effective until completion of each of the following conditions precedent (unless a condition shall have been waived in accordance with Section 9.02):

(a) Documents. Administrative Agent shall have received each of the following documents, each of which shall be satisfactory to the Administrative Agent (and to the extent specified below to each Lender) in form and substance:

(i) Executed Counterparts. From each party hereto either (i) a counterpart of this Agreement signed on behalf of such party or (ii) written evidence satisfactory to the Administrative Agent (which may include telecopy transmission of a signed signature page to this Agreement) that such party has signed a counterpart of this Agreement.

(ii) Opinion of Counsel to the Borrower. A favorable written opinion (addressed to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders and dated the Effective Date) of (A) Cleary Gottlieb Steen & Hamilton LLP, New York counsel for the Borrower and the Subsidiary Guarantors and (B) Young Conaway Stargatt & Taylor, LLP, Delaware counsel for the Borrower and the Subsidiary Guarantors, in each case, in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Administrative Agent (and the Borrower hereby instructs such counsel to deliver such opinion to the Lenders and the Administrative Agent).

(iii) Corporate Documents. Such documents and certificates as the Administrative Agent or its counsel may reasonably request relating to the organization,

existence and good standing of the Borrower, the authorization of the Transactions and any other legal matters relating to the Borrower, this Agreement or the Transactions, all in form and substance satisfactory to the Administrative Agent and its counsel.

(iv) Officer's Certificate. A certificate, dated the Effective Date and signed by the President, the Chief Executive Officer, a Vice President or a Financial Officer of the Borrower, confirming compliance with the conditions set forth in the lettered clauses of the first sentence of Section 4.02.

(b) Fees and Expenses. Confirmation of receipt by the Administrative Agent, for the benefit of the Lenders, of the fees required to be paid by the Borrower pursuant to that certain fee letter, dated as of the date hereof, among the Borrower, the Administrative Agent and the other parties thereto.

SECTION 4.02. Each Credit Event. The obligation of each Lender to make any Loan, and of the Issuing Bank to issue, amend, renew or extend any Letter of Credit, is additionally subject to the satisfaction of the following conditions:

(a) the representations and warranties of the Borrower set forth in this Agreement and in the other Loan Documents shall be true and correct in all material respects (or, in the case of any portion of any representations and warranties already subject to a materiality qualifier, true and correct in all respects) on and as of the date of such Loan or the date of issuance, amendment, renewal or extension of such Letter of Credit, as applicable, or, as to any such representation or warranty that refers to a specific date, as of such specific date;

(b) at the time of and immediately after giving effect to such Loan or the issuance, amendment, renewal or extension of such Letter of Credit, as applicable, no Default shall have occurred and be continuing; and

(c) either (i) the aggregate Covered Debt Amount (after giving effect to such extension of credit) shall not exceed the Borrowing Base reflected on the Borrowing Base Certificate most recently delivered to the Administrative Agent or (ii) the Borrower shall have delivered an updated Borrowing Base Certificate demonstrating that the Covered Debt Amount (after giving effect to such extension of credit) shall not exceed the Borrowing Base after giving effect to such extension of credit as well as any concurrent acquisitions of Portfolio Investments or payment of outstanding Loans or Other Covered Indebtedness.

Each Borrowing and each issuance, amendment, renewal or extension of a Letter of Credit shall be deemed to constitute a representation and warranty by the Borrower on the date thereof as to the matters specified in the preceding sentence.

ARTICLE V

AFFIRMATIVE COVENANTS

Until the Commitments have expired or been terminated and the principal of and interest on each Loan and all fees payable hereunder shall have been paid in full and all Letters of Credit shall have expired, been terminated, Cash Collateralized or backstopped and all LC

Disbursements shall have been reimbursed, the Borrower covenants and agrees with the Lenders that:

SECTION 5.01. Financial Statements and Other Information. The Borrower will furnish to the Administrative Agent and each Lender:

(a) within 90 days after the end of each fiscal year of the Borrower, the audited consolidated balance sheet and statement of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries as of the end of and for such year, setting forth in each case in comparative form the figures for the previous fiscal year, all reported on by KPMG or other independent public accountants of recognized national standing to the effect that such consolidated financial statements present fairly in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP consistently applied; provided that the requirements set forth in this clause (a) may be fulfilled by providing to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders the report of the Borrower to the SEC on Form 10-K for the applicable fiscal year;

(b) within 45 days after the end of each of the first three fiscal quarters of each fiscal year of the Borrower, the consolidated balance sheet and statement of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries as of the end of and for such fiscal quarter and the then elapsed portion of the fiscal year, setting forth in each case in comparative form the figures for (or, in the case of the statements of assets and liabilities, operations, changes in net assets and cash flows, as of the end of) the corresponding period or periods of the previous fiscal year, all certified by a Financial Officer of the Borrower as presenting fairly in all material respects the financial condition and results of operations of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis in accordance with GAAP consistently applied, subject to normal year-end audit adjustments and the absence of footnotes; provided that the requirements set forth in this clause (b) may be fulfilled by providing to the Lenders the report of the Borrower to the SEC on Form 10-Q for the applicable quarterly period;

(c) concurrently with any delivery of financial statements under clause (a) or (b) of this Section, a certificate of a Financial Officer of the Borrower (i) certifying that such statements are consistent with the financial statements filed by the Borrower with the Securities and Exchange Commission, (ii) certifying as to whether the Borrower has knowledge that a Default has occurred during the applicable period and, if a Default has occurred, specifying the details thereof and any action taken or proposed to be taken with respect thereto, (iii) setting forth reasonably detailed calculations demonstrating compliance with Sections 6.01, 6.02, 6.04 and 6.07 and (iv) stating whether any change in GAAP as applied by (or in the application of GAAP by) the Borrower has occurred since the Effective Date and, if any such change has occurred, specifying the effect of such change on the financial statements accompanying such certificate;

(d) as soon as available and in any event not later than 20 days after the end of each monthly accounting period (ending on the last day of each calendar month) of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries, a Borrowing Base Certificate as at the last day of such accounting period;

(e) promptly but no later than five Business Days after the Borrower shall at any time have knowledge that there is a Borrowing Base Deficiency, a Borrowing Base Certificate as at the date the Borrower has knowledge of such Borrowing Base Deficiency indicating the amount of the Borrowing Base Deficiency as at the date the Borrower obtained knowledge of such deficiency and the amount of the Borrowing Base Deficiency as of the date not earlier than one Business Day prior to the date the Borrowing Base Certificate is delivered pursuant to this paragraph;

(f) promptly upon receipt thereof copies of all significant reports submitted by the Borrower's independent public accountants in connection with each annual, interim or special audit or review of any type of the financial statements or related internal control systems of the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries delivered by such accountants to the management or board of directors of the Borrower;

(g) promptly after the same become publicly available, copies of all periodic and other reports, proxy statements and other materials filed by the Borrower or any of the Subsidiary Guarantors with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or any Governmental Authority succeeding to any or all of the functions of said Commission, or with any national securities exchange, as the case may be; and

(h) promptly following any request therefor, such other information regarding the operations, business affairs and financial condition of the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, or compliance with the terms of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, as the Administrative Agent or any Lender may reasonably request.

(i) Borrower and each Lender acknowledge that certain of the Lenders may be Public Lenders and, if documents or notices required to be delivered pursuant to this Section 5.01 or otherwise are being distributed through IntraLinks/IntraAgency, SyndTrak or another relevant website or other information platform (the "Platform"), any document or notice that Borrower has indicated contains Non-Public Information shall not be posted by Administrative Agent on that portion of the Platform designated for such Public Lenders. Borrower agrees to clearly designate all information provided to Administrative Agent by or on behalf of Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries which is suitable to make available to Public Lenders. If Borrower has not indicated whether a document or notice delivered pursuant to this Section 5.01 contains Non-Public Information, the Administrative Agent reserves the right to post such document or notice solely on that portion of the Platform designated for Lenders who wish to receive material Non-Public Information with respect to Borrower, its Subsidiaries and their Securities (as such term is defined in Section 5.13 of this Agreement).

(j) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the requirements to deliver documents set forth in Section 5.01(a), (b) and (g) will be fulfilled by filing by the Borrower of the applicable documents for public availability on the SEC's Electronic Data Gathering and Retrieval system; provided, that the Borrower shall notify the Administrative Agent (by telecopier or electronic mail) of the posting of any such documents.

SECTION 5.02. Notices of Material Events. The Borrower will furnish to the Administrative Agent and each Lender prompt written notice of the following:

(a) the occurrence of any Default;

(b) the filing or commencement of any action, suit or proceeding by or before any arbitrator or Governmental Authority against or affecting the Borrower or any of its Affiliates that, if adversely determined, could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect;

(c) the occurrence of any ERISA Event that, alone or together with any other ERISA Events that have occurred, could reasonably be expected to result in liability of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries in an aggregate amount exceeding \$15,000,000; and

(d) any other development that results in, or could reasonably be expected to result in, a Material Adverse Effect.

Each notice delivered under this Section shall be accompanied by a statement of a Financial Officer or other executive officer of the Borrower setting forth the details of the event or development requiring such notice and any action taken or proposed to be taken with respect thereto.

SECTION 5.03. Existence; Conduct of Business. The Borrower will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries (other than Immaterial Subsidiaries) to, do or cause to be done all things necessary to preserve, renew and keep in full force and effect its legal existence and the rights, licenses, permits, privileges and franchises material to the conduct of its business; provided that the foregoing shall not prohibit any merger, consolidation, liquidation or dissolution permitted under Section 6.03.

SECTION 5.04. Payment of Obligations. The Borrower will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to, pay its obligations, including income tax and other material tax liabilities and material contractual obligations, that, if not paid, could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect before the same shall become delinquent or in default, except where (a) the validity or amount thereof is being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings, (b) the Borrower or such Subsidiary has set aside on its books adequate reserves with respect thereto in accordance with GAAP and (c) the failure to make payment pending such contest could not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect.

SECTION 5.05. Maintenance of Properties; Insurance. The Borrower will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries (other than Immaterial Subsidiaries) to, (a) keep and maintain all property material to the conduct of its business in good working order and condition, ordinary wear and tear excepted, and (b) maintain, with financially sound and reputable insurance companies, insurance in such amounts and against such risks as are customarily maintained by companies engaged in the same or similar businesses operating in the same or similar locations.

SECTION 5.06. Books and Records; Inspection and Audit Rights. The Borrower will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to, keep books of record and account in accordance with GAAP. The Borrower will, and will cause each other Obligor to, permit any representatives designated by the Administrative Agent or any Lender, upon reasonable prior notice, to visit and inspect its properties during business hours, to examine and make extracts from its books and records, and to discuss its affairs, finances and condition with its officers and independent

accountants, all at such reasonable times and as often as reasonably requested, in each case, to the extent such inspection or requests for such information are reasonable and such information can be provided or discussed without violation of law, rule, regulation or contract; provided that the Borrower or such Obligor shall be entitled to have its representatives and advisors present during any inspection of its books and records.

SECTION 5.07. Compliance with Laws. The Borrower will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to, comply with all laws, rules, regulations, including the Investment Company Act, and orders of any Governmental Authority applicable to it or its property, except where the failure to do so, individually or in the aggregate, could not reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Borrower will, and will cause its Subsidiaries to, conduct its business and other activities in compliance in all material respects with the provisions of the Investment Company Act and any applicable rules, regulations or orders issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission thereunder.

SECTION 5.08. Certain Obligations Respecting Subsidiaries; Further Assurances.

(a) Subsidiary Guarantors. In the event that the Borrower or any the Subsidiary Guarantors shall form or acquire any new Subsidiary (other than a Financing Subsidiary, a Foreign Subsidiary, an Immaterial Subsidiary or a Subsidiary of a Foreign Subsidiary) the Borrower will cause such new Subsidiary to become a "Subsidiary Guarantor" (and, thereby, an "Obligor") under the Guarantee and Security Agreement pursuant to a Guarantee Assumption Agreement and to deliver such proof of corporate or other action, incumbency of officers, opinions of counsel and other documents as is consistent with those delivered by the Borrower pursuant to Section 4.01 upon the Effective Date or as the Administrative Agent shall have requested.

(b) Ownership of Subsidiaries. The Borrower will, and will cause each of its Subsidiaries to, take such action from time to time as shall be necessary to ensure that each of its Subsidiaries is a wholly owned Subsidiary.

(c) Further Assurances. The Borrower will, and will cause each of the Subsidiary Guarantors to, take such action from time to time as shall reasonably be requested by the Administrative Agent to effectuate the purposes and objectives of this Agreement. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Borrower will, and will cause each of the Subsidiary Guarantors to, take such action from time to time (including filing appropriate Uniform Commercial Code financing statements and executing and delivering such assignments, security agreements and other instruments) as shall be reasonably requested by the Administrative Agent: (i) to create, in favor of the Collateral Agent for the benefit of the Lenders (and any affiliate thereof that is a party to any Hedging Agreement entered into with the Borrower) and the holders of any Secured Longer-Term Indebtedness or Secured Shorter-Term Indebtedness, perfected security interests and Liens in the Collateral; provided that any such security interest or Lien shall be subject to the relevant requirements of the Security Documents, (ii) in the case of any Portfolio Investment consisting of a Bank Loan (as defined in Section 5.13) that does not constitute all of the credit extended to the underlying borrower under the relevant underlying

loan documents and a Financing Subsidiary holds any interest in the loans or other extensions of credit under such loan documents, (x) to cause such Financing Subsidiary to be party to such underlying loan documents as a “lender” having a direct interest (or a participation not acquired from an Obligor) in such underlying loan documents and the extensions of credit thereunder and (y) to ensure that all amounts owing to such Obligor or Financing Subsidiary by the underlying borrower or other obligated party are remitted by such borrower or obligated party directly to separate accounts of such Obligor and such Financing Subsidiary, (iii) in the event that any Obligor is acting as an agent or administrative agent under any loan documents with respect to any Bank Loan that does not constitute all of the credit extended to the underlying borrower under the relevant underlying loan documents, to ensure that all funds held by such Obligor in such capacity as agent or administrative agent is segregated from all other funds of such Obligor and clearly identified as being held in an agency capacity and (iv) to cause the closing sets and all executed amendments, consents, forbearances and other modifications and assignment agreements relating to any Portfolio Investment and any other documents relating to any Portfolio Investment requested by the Collateral Agent, in each case, to be held by the Collateral Agent or a custodian pursuant to the terms of a custodian agreement reasonably satisfactory to the Collateral Agent.

SECTION 5.09. Use of Proceeds. The Borrower will use the proceeds of the Loans only for general corporate purposes of the Borrower in the ordinary course of business, including the acquisition and funding (either directly or through one or more wholly-owned Subsidiaries) of leveraged loans, mezzanine loans, high-yield securities, convertible securities, preferred stock, common stock and other Portfolio Investments; provided that neither the Administrative Agent nor any Lender shall have any responsibility as to the use of any of such proceeds. No part of the proceeds of any Loan will be used in violation of applicable law or, directly or indirectly, for the purpose, whether immediate, incidental or ultimate, of buying or carrying any Margin Stock. Margin Stock shall be purchased by the Obligors only with the proceeds of Indebtedness not directly or indirectly secured by Margin Stock, or with the proceeds of equity capital of the Borrower.

SECTION 5.10. Status of RIC and BDC. The Borrower shall at all times, subject to applicable grace periods set forth in the Code, maintain its status as a RIC under the Code, and as a “business development company” under the Investment Company Act.

SECTION 5.11. Investment Policies. The Borrower shall at all times be in compliance in all material respects with its Investment Policies (after giving effect to any Permitted Policy Amendments).

SECTION 5.12. Portfolio Valuation and Diversification Etc.

(a) Industry Classification Groups. For purposes of this Agreement, the Borrower shall assign each Portfolio Investment to an Industry Classification Group. To the extent that any Portfolio Investment is not correlated with the risks of other Portfolio Investments in an Industry Classification Group, such Portfolio Investment may be assigned by the Borrower to an Industry Classification Group that is more closely correlated to such Portfolio Investment. In the absence of any correlation, the Borrower shall be permitted, upon prior notice to the

Administrative Agent and each Lender, to create up to three additional industry classification groups for purposes of this Agreement.

(b) Portfolio Valuation Etc.

(i) Settlement Date Basis. For purposes of this Agreement, all determinations of whether an investment is to be included as a Portfolio Investment shall be determined on a settlement-date basis (meaning that any investment that has been purchased will not be treated as a Portfolio Investment until such purchase has settled, and any Portfolio Investment which has been sold will not be excluded as a Portfolio Investment until such sale has settled); provided that no such investment shall be included as a Portfolio Investment to the extent it has not been paid for in full.

(ii) Determination of Values. The Borrower will conduct reviews of the value to be assigned to each of its Portfolio Investments as follows:

(A) Quoted Investments—External Review. With respect to Portfolio Investments (including Cash Equivalents) for which market quotations are readily available, the Borrower shall, not less frequently than once each calendar week, determine the market value of such Portfolio Investments which shall, in each case, be determined in accordance with one of the following methodologies (as selected by the Borrower):

(w) in the case of public and 144A securities, the average of the bid prices as determined by two Approved Dealers selected by the Borrower,

(x) in the case of bank loans, the bid price as determined by one Approved Dealer selected by the Borrower,

(y) in the case of any Portfolio Investment traded on an exchange, the closing price for such Portfolio Investment most recently posted on such exchange, and

(z) in the case of any other Portfolio Investment, the fair market value thereof as determined by an Approved Pricing Service; and

(B) Unquoted Investments- External Review. With respect to each Portfolio Investment for which market quotations are not readily available, the Borrower shall request an Approved Third-Party Appraiser to assist the Board of Directors of the Borrower in determining the fair market value of such Portfolio Investment, as at the last day of two non-consecutive fiscal quarters each calendar year in each case, and with respect to each calendar year, as selected by the Borrower in its sole discretion (with respect to such Portfolio Investment) (each, a "Testing Quarter"); provided that

(x) the Value of any such Portfolio Investment (i.e., a Portfolio Investment for which market quotations are not readily available) acquired

shall be deemed to be equal to the cost of such Portfolio Investment until such time as the fair market value of such Portfolio Investment is determined in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this sub-clause (B), as at the last day of the next succeeding Testing Quarter with respect to such Portfolio Investment;

(y) notwithstanding the foregoing, the Board of Directors of the Borrower may, without the assistance of an Approved Third-Party Appraiser, determine the fair market value of such unquoted Portfolio Investment so long as the aggregate Value thereof of all such Portfolio Investments so determined does not at any time exceed 10% of the aggregate Borrowing Base, except that the fair market value of any Portfolio Investment that has been determined without the assistance of an Approved Third-Party Appraiser as at the last day of any Testing Quarter with respect to such Portfolio Investment shall be deemed to be zero as at the last day of the immediately succeeding Testing Quarter with respect to such Portfolio Investment (but effective upon the date upon which the Borrowing Base Certificate for such last day is required to be delivered hereunder) if an Approved Third-Party Appraiser has not assisted the Board of Directors of the Borrower in determining the fair market value of such Portfolio Investments, as at such date; and

(z) no Testing Quarter with respect to any Portfolio Investment for which market quotations are not readily available shall end more than six months following the end of the immediately preceding Testing Quarter for such Portfolio Investment.

(C) Internal Review. The Borrower shall conduct internal reviews of all Portfolio Investments at least once each calendar week which shall take into account any events of which the Borrower has knowledge that adversely affect the value of the Portfolio Investments. If the value of any Portfolio Investment as most recently determined by the Borrower pursuant to this Section 5.12(b)(ii)(C) is lower than the value of such Portfolio Investment as most recently determined pursuant to Section 5.12(b)(ii)(A) and (B), such lower value shall be deemed to be the "Value" of such Portfolio Investment for purposes hereof; provided that the Value of any Portfolio Investment of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries shall be increased by the net unrealized gain as at the date such Value is determined of any Hedging Agreement entered into to hedge risks associated with such Portfolio Investment and reduced by the net unrealized loss as at such date of any such Hedging Agreement (such net unrealized gain or net unrealized loss, on any date, to be equal to the aggregate amount receivable or payable under the related Hedging Agreement if the same were terminated on such date).

(D) Failure to Determine Values. If the Borrower shall fail to (x) determine the value of any Portfolio Investment as at any date pursuant to the requirements of the foregoing sub-clauses (A), (B) or (C), then the "Value" of such Portfolio Investment as at such date shall be deemed to be zero.

(E) Testing of Values.

(x) For the second calendar month immediately following the end of each fiscal quarter (the last such fiscal quarter is referred to herein as, the "Testing Period"), the Administrative Agent shall cause an Approved Third-Party Appraiser selected by the Administrative Agent to value such number of Unquoted Investments (selected by the Administrative Agent) that collectively have an aggregate Value approximately equal to the Calculation Amount. If there is a difference between the Borrower's valuation and the Approved Third-Party Appraiser's valuation of any Unquoted Investment, the Value of such Unquoted Investment for Borrowing Base purposes shall be established as set forth in sub-clause (F) below.

(y) For the avoidance of doubt, the valuation of any Approved Third-Party Appraiser selected by the Administrative Agent would not be as of, or delivered at, the end of any fiscal quarter. Any such valuation would be as of the end of the second month immediately following any fiscal quarter (the "Administrative Agent Appraisal Testing Period") and would be reflected in the Borrowing Base Certificate for such month (provided that such Approved Third-Party Appraiser delivers such valuation at least seven (7) Business Days before the 20th day after the end of the applicable monthly accounting period and, if such valuation is delivered after such time, it shall be included in the Borrowing Base Certificate for the following monthly period and applied to the then applicable balance of the related Portfolio Investment). For illustrative purposes, if the given fiscal quarter is the fourth quarter ending on December 31, 2012, then (A) the Administrative Agent would initiate the testing of Values (using the December 31, 2012 Calculation Values for purposes of determining the scope of the testing under clauses (E)(x) during the month of February with the anticipation of receiving the valuations from the applicable Approved Third-Party Appraiser(s) on or after February 28, 2013 and (B)(xx) if such valuations were received before the 7th Business Day before March 20, 2013, such valuations would be included in the March 20, 2013 Borrowing Base Certificate covering the month of February, or (yy) if such valuations were received after such time, they would be included in the April 20, 2013 Borrowing Base Certificate for the month of March.

For the avoidance of doubt, all calculations of value pursuant to this Section 5.12(b)(i)(E) shall be determined without application of the Advance Rates.

(F) Valuation Dispute Resolution. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Administrative Agent shall at any time have the right to request any Unquoted Investment be independently valued by an Approved Third-Party Appraiser selected by the Administrative Agent. There shall be no limit on the number of

such appraisals requested by the Administrative Agent and the costs of any such valuation shall be at the expense of the Borrower. If the difference between the Borrower's valuation pursuant to Section 5.12(b)(ii)(B) and the valuation of any Approved Third-Party Appraiser selected by the Administrative Agent pursuant to Section 5.12(b)(ii)(E) or (F) is (1) less than 5% of the value thereof, then the Borrower's valuation shall be used, (2) between 5% and 20% of the value thereof, then the valuation of such Portfolio Investment shall be the average of the value determined by the Borrower and the value determined by the Approved Third-Party Appraiser retained by the Administrative Agent and (3) greater than 20% of the value thereof, then the Borrower and the Administrative Agent shall select an additional Approved Third-Party Appraiser and the valuation of such Portfolio Investment shall be the average of the three valuations (with the Administrative Agent's Approved Third-Party Appraiser's valuation to be used until the third valuation is obtained).

(c) RIC Diversification Requirements. The Borrower will, and will cause its Subsidiaries (other than Financing Subsidiaries that are exempt from the Investment Company Act) at all times to, subject to applicable grace periods set forth in the Code, comply with the portfolio diversification requirements set forth in the Code applicable to RIC's, to the extent applicable.

SECTION 5.13. Calculation of Borrowing Base. For purposes of this Agreement, the "Borrowing Base" shall be determined, as at any date of determination, as the sum of the Advance Rates of the Value of each Portfolio Investment (excluding any Cash Collateral held by the Administrative Agent pursuant to Section 2.05(k) or the last paragraph of Section 2.09(a)); provided that:

(a) the Advance Rate applicable to that portion of the aggregate Value of the Portfolio Investments in a consolidated group of corporations or other entities (collectively, a "Consolidated Group"), in accordance with GAAP, that exceeds 10% of Shareholders' Equity of the Borrower (which, for purposes of this calculation shall exclude the aggregate amount of investments in, and advances to, Financing Subsidiaries) shall be 50% of the Advance Rate otherwise applicable; provided that, with respect to the Portfolio Investments in a single Consolidated Group designated by the Borrower to the Administrative Agent such 10% figure shall be increased to 12.5%;

(b) the Advance Rate applicable to that portion of the aggregate Value of the Portfolio Investments of all issuers in a Consolidated Group exceeding 20% of Shareholders' Equity of the Borrower (which, for purposes of this calculation shall exclude the aggregate amount of investments in, and advances to, Financing Subsidiaries) shall be 0%;

(c) the Advance Rate applicable to that portion of the aggregate Value of the Portfolio Investments in any single Industry Classification Group that exceeds 20% of Shareholders' Equity of the Borrower (which for purposes of this calculation shall exclude the aggregate amount of investments in, and advances to, Financing Subsidiaries) shall be 0%; provided that, with respect to the Portfolio Investments in a single Industry Classification Group from time to time designated by the Borrower to the Administrative Agent such 20% figure shall

be increased to 30% and, accordingly, only to the extent that the Value for such single Industry Classification Group exceeds 30% of the Shareholders' Equity shall the Advance Rate applicable to such excess Value be 0%;

(d) no Portfolio Investment may be included in the Borrowing Base unless the Collateral Agent maintains a first priority, perfected Lien (subject to Permitted Liens) on such Portfolio Investment and such Portfolio Investment has been Delivered (as defined in the Guarantee and Security Agreement) to the Collateral Agent, and then only for so long as such Portfolio Investment continues to be Delivered as contemplated therein;

(e) the portion of the Borrowing Base attributable to Performing Non-Cash Pay High Yield Securities, Performing Non-Cash Pay Mezzanine Investments, Equity Interests and Non-Performing Portfolio Investments shall not exceed 20%;

(f) the portion of the Borrowing Base attributable to Equity Interests shall not exceed 10% (it being understood that in no event shall Equity Interests of Financing Subsidiaries be included in the Borrowing Base);

(g) the portion of the Borrowing Base attributable to Non-Performing Portfolio Investments shall not exceed 15% and the portion of the Borrowing Base attributable to Portfolio Investments that were Non-Performing Portfolio Investments at the time such Portfolio Investments were acquired shall not exceed 5%; and

(h) the portion of the Borrowing Base attributable to Portfolio Investments invested outside the United States, Canada, the United Kingdom, Australia, Germany, France, Belgium, the Netherlands, Luxembourg, Switzerland, Denmark, Finland, Norway and Sweden shall not exceed 5% without the consent of the Administrative Agent and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A.

As used herein, the following terms have the following meanings:

“Advance Rate” means, as to any Portfolio Investment and subject to adjustment as provided in Section 5.13(a), (b) and (c), the following percentages with respect to such Portfolio Investment:

<u>Portfolio Investment</u>	<u>Quoted</u>	<u>Unquoted</u>
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Short-Term U.S. Government Securities	100%	0%
Long-Term U.S. Government Securities	95%	0%
Performing First Lien Bank Loans	85%	75%
Performing Unitranche Loans	80%	70%
Performing Second Lien Bank Loans	75%	65%
Performing Cash Pay High Yield Securities	70%	60%
Performing Cash Pay Mezzanine Investments	65%	55%
Performing Non-Cash Pay High Yield Securities	60%	50%
Performing Non-Cash Pay Mezzanine Investments	55%	45%
Non-Performing First Lien Bank Loans	45%	45%
Non-Performing Unitranche Loans	40%	40%

Non-Performing Second Lien Bank Loans	40%	30%
Non-Performing High Yield Securities	30%	30%
Non-Performing Cash Pay Mezzanine Investments	30%	25%
Performing Common Equity (and zero cost or penny warrants with performing debt)	30%	20%
Non-Performing Common Equity	0%	0%
Structured Finance Obligations and Finance Leases	0%	0%

“Bank Loans” means debt obligations (including term loans, revolving loans, debtor-in-possession financings, the funded and unfunded portion of revolving credit lines and letter of credit facilities and other similar loans and investments including interim loans and senior subordinated loans) which are generally under a loan or credit facility (whether or not syndicated).

“Capital Stock” of any Person means any and all shares of corporate stock (however designated) of and any and all other Equity Interests and participations representing ownership interests (including membership interests and limited liability company interests) in, such Person.

“Cash” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 1.01 of the Credit Agreement.

“Cash Equivalents” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 1.01 of the Credit Agreement.

“Finance Lease” means any transaction representing the obligation of a lessee to pay rent or other amounts under a lease which is required to be classified and accounted for as a capital lease on the balance sheet of such lessee under GAAP.

“First Lien Bank Loan” means a Bank Loan that is entitled to the benefit of a first lien and first priority perfected security interest (subject to Liens for “ABL” revolvers and customary encumbrances) on a substantial portion of the assets of the respective borrower and guarantors obligated in respect thereof.

“High Yield Securities” means debt Securities and Preferred Stock, in each case (a) issued by public or private issuers, (b) issued pursuant to an effective registration statement or pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act (or any successor provision thereunder) or other exemption to the Securities Act and (c) that are not Cash Equivalents, Mezzanine Investments or Bank Loans.

“Long-Term U.S. Government Securities” means U.S. Government Securities maturing more than one year from the applicable date of determination.

“Mezzanine Investments” means debt Securities (including convertible debt Securities (other than the “in-the-money” equity component thereof)) and Preferred Stock in each case (a) issued by public or private issuers, (b) issued without registration under the Securities Act, (c) not issued pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act (or any successor

provision thereunder), (d) that are not Cash Equivalents and (e) contractually subordinated in right of payment to other debt of the same issuer.

“Non-Performing Common Equity” means Capital Stock (other than Preferred Stock) and warrants of an issuer having any debt outstanding that is non-Performing.

“Non-Performing First Lien Bank Loans” means First Lien Bank Loans other than Performing First Lien Bank Loans.

“Non-Performing High Yield Securities” means High Yield Securities other than Performing High Yield Securities.

“Non-Performing Mezzanine Investments” means Mezzanine Investments other than Performing Mezzanine Investments.

“Non-Performing Portfolio Investment” means Portfolio Investments for which the issuer is in default of any payment obligations of principal or interest in respect thereof after the expiration of any applicable grace period.

“Non-Performing Second Lien Bank Loans” means Second Lien Bank Loans other than Performing Second Lien Bank Loans.

“Non-Performing Unitranche Loans” means Unitranche Loans other than Performing Unitranche Loans.

“Performing” means (a) with respect to any Portfolio Investment that is debt, the issuer of such Portfolio Investment is not in default of any payment obligations in respect thereof after the expiration of any applicable grace period and (b) with respect to any Portfolio Investment that is Preferred Stock, the issuer of such Portfolio Investment has not failed to meet any scheduled redemption obligations or to pay its latest declared cash dividend, after the expiration of any applicable grace period.

“Performing Cash Pay High Yield Securities” means High Yield Securities (a) as to which, at the time of determination, not less than 2/3rds of the interest (including accretions and “pay-in-kind” interest) for the current monthly, quarterly, semiannual or annual period (as applicable) is payable in cash and (b) which are Performing.

“Performing Cash Pay Mezzanine Investments” means Mezzanine Investments (a) as to which, at the time of determination, not less than 2/3rds of the interest (including accretions and “pay-in-kind” interest) for the current monthly, quarterly, semi-annual or annual period (as applicable) is payable in cash and (b) which are Performing.

“Performing Common Equity” means Capital Stock (other than Preferred Stock) and warrants of an issuer all of whose outstanding debt is Performing.

“Performing First Lien Bank Loans” means First Lien Bank Loans which are Performing.

“Performing Non-Cash Pay High Yield Securities” means Performing High Yield Securities other than Performing Cash Pay High Yield Securities.

“Performing Non-Cash Pay Mezzanine Investments” means Performing Mezzanine Investments other than Performing Cash Pay Mezzanine Investments.

“Performing Second Lien Bank Loans” means Second Lien Bank Loans which are Performing.

“Preferred Stock,” as applied to the Capital Stock of any Person, means Capital Stock of such Person of any class or classes (however designated) that ranks prior, as to the payment of dividends or as to the distribution of assets upon any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up of such Person, to any shares (or other interests) of other Capital Stock of such Person, and shall include, without limitation, cumulative preferred, non-cumulative preferred, participating preferred and convertible preferred Capital Stock.

“Second Lien Bank Loan” means a Bank Loan that is entitled to the benefit of a second lien and second priority perfected security interest (subject to customary encumbrances) on specified assets of the respective Borrower and guarantors obligated in respect thereof.

“Securities” means common and preferred stock, units and participations, member interests in limited liability companies, partnership interests in partnerships, notes, bonds, debentures, trust receipts and other obligations, instruments or evidences of indebtedness, including debt instruments of public and private issuers and tax-exempt securities (including warrants, rights, put and call options and other options relating thereto, representing rights, or any combination thereof) and other property or interests commonly regarded as securities or any form of interest or participation therein, but not including Bank Loans.

“Securities Act” means the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

“Short-Term U.S. Government Securities” means U.S. Government Securities maturing within one year of the applicable date of determination.

“Structured Finance Obligation” means any obligation issued by a special purpose vehicle and secured directly by, referenced to, or representing ownership of, a pool of receivables or other financial assets of any obligor, including collateralized debt obligations and mortgaged-backed securities. For the avoidance of doubt, if an obligation satisfies the definition of “Structured Finance Obligation”, such obligation shall not (a) qualify as any other category of Portfolio Investment and (b) be included in the Borrowing Base.

“U.S. Government Securities” has the meaning assigned to such term in Section 1.01.

“Unitranche Loan” means a Bank Loan that is a First Lien Bank Loan, a portion of which is, in effect, subject to superpriority rights of other lenders following an event of default (such portion, a “second out” portion). The Borrower’s investment in the second out portion shall be treated as a Unitranche Loan for purposes of determining the applicable Advance Rate for such Portfolio Investment under the Facility.

“Value” means, with respect to any Portfolio Investment, the lower of:

- (i) the most recent internal market value as determined pursuant to Section 5.12(b)(ii)(C) and
- (ii) the most recent external market value as determined pursuant to Section 5.12(b)(ii)(A) and (B).

ARTICLE VI

NEGATIVE COVENANTS

Until the Commitments have expired or terminated and the principal of and interest on each Loan and all fees payable hereunder have been paid in full and all Letters of Credit have expired, been terminated, Cash Collateralized or backstopped and all LC Disbursements shall have been reimbursed, the Borrower covenants and agrees with the Lenders that:

SECTION 6.01. Indebtedness. Subject to the last sentence of this Section 6.01, the Borrower will not, nor will it permit any of the Subsidiary Guarantors to, create, incur, assume or permit to exist any Indebtedness, except:

(a) Indebtedness created hereunder;

(b) Secured Longer-Term Indebtedness and Unsecured Longer-Term Indebtedness so long as (i) no Default exists at the time of the incurrence thereof, (ii) the aggregate amount of such Secured Longer-Term Indebtedness and Unsecured Longer-Term Indebtedness, taken together with other then-outstanding Indebtedness, does not exceed the amount required to comply with the provisions of Section 6.07(b), and (iii) prior to and immediately after giving effect to the incurrence of any Secured Longer-Term Indebtedness, the Covered Debt Amount does not or would not exceed the Borrowing Base then in effect;

(c) Other Permitted Indebtedness;

(d) Guarantees of Indebtedness otherwise permitted hereunder;

(e) Indebtedness of any Obligor owing to any other Obligor or, if such Indebtedness is subject to subordination terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the Administrative Agent, any other Subsidiary of the Borrower;

(f) Indebtedness of Financing Subsidiaries;

(g) repurchase obligations arising in the ordinary course of business with respect to U.S. Government Securities;

(h) obligations payable to clearing agencies, brokers or dealers in connection with the purchase or sale of securities in the ordinary course of business;

(i) Secured Shorter-Term Indebtedness and Unsecured Shorter-Term Indebtedness so long as (i) no Default exists at the time of the incurrence thereof, (ii) the aggregate amount (determined at the time of the incurrence of such Indebtedness) of such Indebtedness does not exceed the greater of (A) \$20,000,000 and (B) 5% of Shareholders' Equity, (iii) the aggregate amount of such Indebtedness, taken together with other then-outstanding Indebtedness, does not exceed the amount required to comply with the provisions of Sections 6.07(b) and (d), and (iv) prior to and immediately after giving effect to the incurrence of any such Indebtedness, the Covered Debt Amount does not or would not exceed the Borrowing Base then in effect;

(j) obligations (including Guarantees) in respect of Standard Securitization Undertakings;

(k) Permitted SBIC Guarantees;

(l) Indebtedness under any Capital Call Facility not to exceed \$300,000,000 in the aggregate; and

(m) other Indebtedness not to exceed \$2,000,000 at any time.

SECTION 6.02. Liens. The Borrower will not, nor will it permit any of the Subsidiary Guarantors to, create, incur, assume or permit to exist any Lien on any property or asset now owned or hereafter acquired by it, or assign or sell any income or revenues (including accounts receivable) or rights in respect of any thereof except:

(a) any Lien on any property or asset of the Borrower existing on the Original Effective Date and set forth in Part B of Schedule 3.11; provided that (i) no such Lien shall extend to any other property or asset of the Borrower or any of the Subsidiary Guarantors, and (ii) any such Lien shall secure only those obligations which it secures on the Original Effective Date and extensions, renewals and replacements thereof that do not increase the outstanding principal amount thereof;

(b) Liens created pursuant to this Agreement (including Section 2.19) or any of the Security Documents (including Liens in favor of the Designated Indebtedness Holders (as defined in the Guarantee and Security Agreement));

(c) Liens on the assets of a Financing Subsidiary securing obligations of such Financing Subsidiary;

(d) Liens on Special Equity Interests included in the Portfolio Investments of the Borrower but only to the extent securing obligations in the manner provided in the definition of "Special Equity Interests" in Section 1.01;

(e) Liens securing Indebtedness or other obligations in an aggregate principal amount not exceeding \$10,000,000 at any one time outstanding (which may cover Portfolio Investments, but only to the extent released from the Lien in favor of the Collateral Agent pursuant to Section 10.03 of the Guarantee and Security Agreement), so long as at the time of incurrence of such Indebtedness or other obligations, the aggregate amount of Indebtedness

permitted under clauses (a), (b) and (i) of Section 6.01, does not exceed the lesser of (i) the Borrowing Base and (ii) the amount required to comply with the provisions of Section 6.07(b);

(f) Permitted Liens;

(g) Liens on Equity Interests in any SBIC Subsidiary created in favor of the SBA;

(h) Liens created pursuant to any Capital Call Facility permitted hereunder; provided that such Liens do not constitute Liens on any Portfolio Investments, Cash or other property, in each case that constitute Collateral hereunder or are included in the Borrowing Base hereunder;

(i) Liens securing Hedging Agreements permitted under Section 6.04(c), and not otherwise permitted under clause (b) above in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$5,000,000 at any time; and

(j) Liens securing repurchase obligations arising in the ordinary course of business with respect to U.S. Government Securities.

SECTION 6.03. Fundamental Changes. The Borrower will not, nor will it permit any of the Subsidiary Guarantors to, enter into any transaction of merger or consolidation or amalgamation, or liquidate, wind up or dissolve itself (or suffer any liquidation or dissolution). The Borrower will not, nor will it permit any of the Subsidiary Guarantors to, acquire any business or property from, or capital stock of, or be a party to any acquisition of, any Person, except for purchases or acquisitions of Portfolio Investments and other assets in the normal course of the day-to-day business activities of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries and not in violation of the terms and conditions of this Agreement or any other Loan Document. The Borrower will not, nor will it permit any of the Subsidiary Guarantors to, convey, sell, lease, transfer or otherwise dispose of, in one transaction or a series of transactions, any part of its assets, whether now owned or hereafter acquired, but excluding (x) assets (other than Portfolio Investments) sold or disposed of in the ordinary course of business (including to make expenditures of cash in the normal course of the day-to-day business activities of the Borrower and its Subsidiaries) and (y) subject to the provisions of clauses (d) and (e) below, Portfolio Investments.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Section:

(a) any Subsidiary Guarantor of the Borrower may be merged or consolidated with or into the Borrower or any other Subsidiary Guarantor; provided that if any such transaction shall be between a Subsidiary Guarantor and a wholly owned Subsidiary Guarantor, the wholly owned Subsidiary Guarantor shall be the continuing or surviving corporation;

(b) any Subsidiary Guarantor of the Borrower may sell, lease, transfer or otherwise dispose of any or all of its assets (upon voluntary liquidation or otherwise) to the Borrower or any wholly owned Subsidiary Guarantor of the Borrower;

(c) the capital stock of any Subsidiary of the Borrower may be sold, transferred or otherwise disposed of to the Borrower or any wholly owned Subsidiary Guarantor of the Borrower;

(d) the Obligors may sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of Portfolio Investments (other than to a Financing Subsidiary) so long as after giving effect to such sale, transfer or other disposition (and any concurrent acquisitions of Portfolio Investments or payment of outstanding Loans or Other Covered Indebtedness) the Covered Debt Amount does not exceed the Borrowing Base;

(e) the Obligors may sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of Portfolio Investments to a Financing Subsidiary so long as (i) after giving effect to such sale, transfer or other disposition (and any concurrent acquisitions of Portfolio Investments or payment of outstanding Loans or Other Covered Indebtedness) the Covered Debt Amount does not exceed the Borrowing Base and the Borrower delivers to the Administrative Agent a certificate of a Financial Officer to such effect and (ii) either (x) the amount by which the Borrowing Base exceeds the Covered Debt Amount immediately prior to such release is not diminished as a result of such release or (y) the Borrowing Base immediately after giving effect to such release is at least 110% of the Covered Debt Amount;

(f) the Borrower may merge or consolidate with any other Person so long as (i) the Borrower is the continuing or surviving entity in such transaction and (ii) at the time thereof and after giving effect thereto, no Default shall have occurred or be continuing; and

(g) the Borrower and each of the Subsidiary Guarantors may sell, lease, transfer or otherwise dispose of equipment or other property or assets that do not consist of Portfolio Investments so long as the aggregate amount of all such sales, leases, transfer and dispositions does not exceed \$5,000,000 in any fiscal year.

SECTION 6.04. Investments. The Borrower will not, nor will it permit any of the Subsidiary Guarantors to, acquire, make or enter into, or hold, any Investments except:

(a) operating deposit accounts with banks;

(b) Investments by the Borrower and the Subsidiary Guarantors in the Borrower and the Subsidiary Guarantors;

(c) Hedging Agreements entered into in the ordinary course of the Borrower's financial planning and not for speculative purposes;

(d) Portfolio Investments by the Borrower and its Subsidiaries to the extent such Portfolio Investments are permitted under the Investment Company Act and the Borrower's Investment Policies as in effect as of the date such Portfolio Investments are acquired;

(e) Investments in Financing Subsidiaries so long as, (i) after giving effect to such Investment, the Covered Debt Amount does not exceed the Borrowing Base and (ii) the sum of (x) all Investments under this clause (e) that occur after the Extended Commitment

Termination Date and (y) all Investments under clause (f) below that occur after the Extended Commitment Termination Date, shall not exceed \$10,000,000 in the aggregate;

(f) additional Investments up to but not exceeding \$15,000,000 in the aggregate; provided that the sum of (x) all Investments under this clause (f) that occur after the Extended Commitment Termination Date and (y) all Investments under clause (e) above that occur after the Extended Commitment Termination Date, shall not exceed \$10,000,000 in the aggregate;

(g) Investments in Cash and Cash Equivalents;

(h) Investments described on Schedule 3.12(b);

(i) Investments by a Financing Subsidiary; and

(j) Investments in the form of Guarantees permitted pursuant to Section 6.01.

For purposes of clause (f) of this Section, the aggregate amount of an Investment at any time shall be deemed to be equal to (A) the aggregate amount of cash, together with the aggregate fair market value of property, loaned, advanced, contributed, transferred or otherwise invested that gives rise to such Investment minus (B) the aggregate amount of dividends, distributions or other payments received in cash in respect of such Investment; provided that in no event shall the aggregate amount of such Investment be deemed to be less than zero; the amount of an Investment shall not in any event be reduced by reason of any write-off of such Investment nor increased by any increase in the amount of earnings retained in the Person in which such Investment is made that have not been dividended, distributed or otherwise paid out.

SECTION 6.05. Restricted Payments. The Borrower will not, nor will it permit any of the Subsidiary Guarantors to, declare or make, or agree to pay or make, directly or indirectly, any Restricted Payment, except that the Borrower may declare and pay:

(a) dividends with respect to the capital stock of the Borrower payable solely in additional shares of the Borrower's common stock;

(b) dividends and distributions in either case in cash or other property (excluding for this purpose the Borrower's common stock) in any taxable year of the Borrower in amounts not to exceed the amount that is determined in good faith by the Borrower to be required to (i) maintain the status of the Borrower as a RIC, and (ii) avoid federal excise taxes for such taxable year imposed by Section 4982 of the Code;

(c) dividends and distributions in each case in cash or other property (excluding for this purpose the Borrower's common stock) in addition to the dividends and distributions permitted under the foregoing clauses (a) and (b), so long as on the date of such Restricted Payment and after giving effect thereto:

(i) no Default shall have occurred and be continuing or would result therefrom; and

(ii) the aggregate amount of Restricted Payments made during any taxable year of the Borrower after the date hereof under this clause (c) shall not exceed the difference of (x) an amount equal to 10% of the taxable income of the Borrower for such taxable year determined under section 852(b)(2) of the Code, but without regard to subparagraphs (A), (B) or (D) thereof, minus (y) the amount, if any, by which dividends and distributions made during such taxable year pursuant to the foregoing clause (b) (whether in respect of such taxable year or the previous taxable year) based upon the Borrower's estimate of taxable income exceeded the actual amounts specified in subclauses (i) and (ii) of such foregoing clause (b) for such taxable year.

(d) other Restricted Payments so long as (i) on the date of such other Restricted Payment and after giving effect thereto (x) the Covered Debt Amount does not exceed 90% of the Borrowing Base and (y) no Default shall have occurred and be continuing or would result therefrom and (ii) on the date of such other Restricted Payment the Borrower delivers to the Administrative Agent and each Lender a Borrowing Base Certificate as at such date demonstrating compliance with subclause (x), after giving effect to such Restricted Payment. For purposes of preparing such Borrowing Base Certificate, (A) the fair market value of Portfolio Investments for which market quotations are readily available shall be the most recent quotation available for such Portfolio Investment and (B) the fair market value of Portfolio Investments for which market quotations are not readily available shall be the Value set forth in the Borrowing Base Certificate most recently delivered by the Borrower to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders pursuant to Section 5.01(d); provided that the Borrower shall reduce the Value of any Portfolio Investment referred to in this sub-clause (B) to the extent necessary to take into account any events of which the Borrower has knowledge that adversely affect the value of such Portfolio Investment.

Nothing herein shall be deemed to prohibit the payment of Restricted Payments by any Subsidiary of the Borrower to the Borrower or to any other Subsidiary Guarantor.

SECTION 6.06. Certain Restrictions on Subsidiaries. The Borrower will not permit any of its Subsidiaries (other than Financing Subsidiaries) to enter into or suffer to exist any indenture, agreement, instrument or other arrangement (other than the Loan Documents) that prohibits or restrains, in each case in any material respect, or imposes materially adverse conditions upon, the incurrence or payment of Indebtedness, the declaration or payment of dividends, the making of loans, advances, guarantees or Investments or the sale, assignment, transfer or other disposition of property to the Borrower by any Subsidiary; provided that the foregoing shall not apply to (i) indentures, agreements, instruments or other arrangements pertaining to other Indebtedness permitted hereby (provided that such restrictions would not adversely affect the exercise of rights or remedies of the Administrative Agent or the Lenders hereunder or under the Security Documents or restrict any Subsidiary in any manner from performing its obligations under the Loan Documents) and (ii) indentures, agreements, instruments or other arrangements pertaining to any lease, sale or other disposition of any asset permitted by this Agreement or any Lien permitted by this Agreement on such asset so long as the applicable restrictions only apply to the assets subject to such lease, sale, other disposition or Lien.

SECTION 6.07. Certain Financial Covenants.

(a) Minimum Shareholders' Equity. The Borrower will not permit Shareholders' Equity at the last day of any fiscal quarter of the Borrower to be less than \$205,000,000 plus 25% of the net proceeds of the sale of Equity Interests by the Borrower and its Subsidiaries after August 23, 2012 (including, without limitation, any drawings on the capital commitments of its equity holders) (other than proceeds of sales of Equity Interests by and among the Borrower and its Subsidiaries).

(b) Asset Coverage Ratio. The Borrower will not permit the Asset Coverage Ratio at the last day of any fiscal quarter of the Borrower to be less than 2.00 to 1 at any time.

(c) Liquidity Test. The Borrower will not permit (a) the sum of (i) the aggregate Value of the Portfolio Investments that are Cash (excluding Cash Collateral for outstanding Letters of Credit) or that can be converted to Cash in fewer than 10 Business Days without more than a 5% change in price, plus (ii) the aggregate amount of Relevant Available Funds that can be converted to Cash in fewer than 10 Business Days, to be less than (b) 10% of the Covered Debt Amount, for more than 30 consecutive Business Days during any period when the Adjusted Covered Debt Balance is greater than 90% of the Adjusted Borrowing Base.

SECTION 6.08. Transactions with Affiliates. The Borrower will not, and will not permit any of its Subsidiaries to enter into any transactions with any of its Affiliates, even if otherwise permitted under this Agreement, except (a) transactions in the ordinary course of business at prices and on terms and conditions not less favorable to the Borrower or such Subsidiary (other than a SBIC Subsidiary) than could be obtained on an arm's-length basis from unrelated third parties, (b) transactions between or among the Borrower and its Subsidiaries not involving any other Affiliate, (c) Restricted Payments permitted by Section 6.05, (d) the transactions provided in the Affiliate Agreements, (e) transactions described on Schedule 6.08, (f) any Investment that results in the creation of an Affiliate or (g) transactions between or among the Obligor and any SBIC Subsidiary or any "downstream affiliate" (as such term is used under the rules promulgated under the Investment Company Act) company of an Obligor at prices and on terms and conditions not less favorable to the Obligor than could be obtained at the time on an arm's-length basis from unrelated third parties.

SECTION 6.09. Lines of Business. The Borrower will not, nor will it permit any of its Subsidiaries (other than Immaterial Subsidiaries) to, engage to any material extent in any business other than in accordance with its Investment Policies. The Borrower will not, nor will it permit any of its Subsidiaries to amend or modify the Investment Policies (other than a Permitted Policy Amendment).

SECTION 6.10. No Further Negative Pledge. The Borrower will not, and will not permit any of the Subsidiary Guarantors to, enter into any agreement, instrument, deed or lease which prohibits or limits the ability of any Obligor to create, incur, assume or suffer to exist any Lien upon any of its properties, assets or revenues, whether now owned or hereafter acquired, or which requires the grant of any security for an obligation if security is granted for another obligation, except the following: (a) this Agreement, the other Loan Documents and documents with respect to Indebtedness permitted under Section 6.01(b) or (i); (b) covenants in

documents creating Liens permitted by Section 6.02 (including covenants with respect to the Designated Indebtedness Obligations or Designated Indebtedness Holders under (and, in each case, as defined in) the Security Documents) prohibiting further Liens on the assets encumbered thereby; (c) customary restrictions contained in leases not subject to a waiver; (d) any such agreement that imposes restrictions on investments or other interests in Financing Subsidiaries (but no other assets of any Obligor); and (e) any other agreement that does not restrict in any manner (directly or indirectly) Liens created pursuant to the Loan Documents on any Collateral securing the “Secured Obligations” under and as defined in the Guarantee and Security Agreement and does not require the direct or indirect granting of any Lien securing any Indebtedness or other obligation by virtue of the granting of Liens on or pledge of property of any Obligor to secure the Loans or any Hedging Agreement.

SECTION 6.11. Modifications of Longer-Term Indebtedness Documents. The Borrower will not consent to any modification, supplement or waiver of:

(a) any of the provisions of any agreement, instrument or other document evidencing or relating to any Secured Longer-Term Indebtedness or Unsecured Longer-Term Indebtedness that would result in such Indebtedness not meeting the requirements of the definition of “Secured Longer-Term Secured Indebtedness” and “Unsecured Longer-Term Indebtedness”, as applicable, set forth in Section 1.01 of this Agreement, unless (i) in the case of Secured Longer Term Indebtedness, such Indebtedness would have been permitted to be incurred as Secured Shorter-Term Indebtedness at the time of such modification, supplement or waiver and the Borrower so designates such Indebtedness as “Secured Shorter-Term Indebtedness” (whereupon such Indebtedness shall be deemed to constitute “Secured Shorter-Term Indebtedness” for all purposes of this Agreement) and (ii) in the case of Unsecured Longer-Term Indebtedness, such Indebtedness would have been permitted to be incurred as Unsecured Shorter-Term Indebtedness at the time of such modification, supplement or waiver and the Borrower so designates such Indebtedness as “Unsecured Shorter-Term Indebtedness” (whereupon such Indebtedness shall be deemed to constitute “Unsecured Shorter-Term Indebtedness” for all purposes of this Agreement); or

(b) any of the Affiliate Agreements, unless such modification, supplement or waiver is not materially less favorable to the Borrower than could be obtained on an arm’s-length basis from unrelated third parties, in each case, without the prior consent of the Administrative Agent (with the approval of the Required Lenders).

SECTION 6.12. Payments of Longer-Term Indebtedness. The Borrower will not, nor will it permit any of the Subsidiary Guarantors to, purchase, redeem, retire or otherwise acquire for value, or set apart any money for a sinking, defeasance or other analogous fund for the purchase, redemption, retirement or other acquisition of or make any voluntary payment or prepayment of the principal of or interest on, or any other amount owing in respect of, any Secured Longer-Term Indebtedness or Unsecured Longer-Term Indebtedness (other than the refinancing of Secured Longer-Term Indebtedness or Unsecured Longer-Term Indebtedness with Indebtedness permitted under Section 6.01), except for (a) regularly scheduled payments, prepayments or redemptions of principal and interest in respect thereof required pursuant to the instruments evidencing such Indebtedness, (it being understood that none of: (w) the conversion features under convertible notes; (x) the triggering and/or settlement thereof; or (y) any cash

payment made in respect thereof, shall constitute a “regularly scheduled payment, prepayment or redemption of principal and interest” within the meaning of this clause (a)); (b) so long as no Default shall exist or be continuing, any payment that, if treated as a Restricted Payment for purposes of Section 6.05(d), would be permitted to be made pursuant to the provisions set forth in Section 6.05(d); and (c) voluntary payments or prepayments of Secured Longer-Term Indebtedness, so long as both before and after giving effect to such voluntary payment or prepayment (i) the Borrower is in pro forma compliance with the financial covenants set forth in Section 6.07 and (ii) no Default shall exist or be continuing.

SECTION 6.13. Accounting Changes. The Borrower will not, nor will it permit any of its Subsidiaries to, make any change in (a) accounting policies or reporting practices, except as permitted under GAAP or required by law or rule or regulation of any Governmental Authority, or (b) its fiscal year.

SECTION 6.14. SBIC Guarantee. The Borrower will not, nor will it permit any of its Subsidiaries to, cause or permit the occurrence of any event or condition that would result in any recourse to any Obligor under any Permitted SBIC Guarantee.

ARTICLE VII

EVENTS OF DEFAULT

If any of the following events (“Events of Default”) shall occur and be continuing:

(a) the Borrower shall (i) fail to pay any principal of any Loan or any reimbursement obligation in respect of any LC Disbursement when and as the same shall become due and payable, whether at the due date thereof or at a date fixed for prepayment thereof or otherwise or (ii) fail to deposit any amount into the Letter of Credit Collateral Account as required by Section 2.09(a) on the Extended Commitment Termination Date or as required by Section 2.20(b) on the date so required;

(b) the Borrower shall fail to pay any interest on any Loan or any fee or any other amount (other than an amount referred to in clause (a) of this Article) payable under this Agreement or under any other Loan Document, when and as the same shall become due and payable, and such failure shall continue unremedied for a period of five or more Business Days;

(c) any representation or warranty made or deemed made by or on behalf of the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries in or in connection with this Agreement or any other Loan Document or any amendment or modification hereof or thereof, or in any report, certificate, financial statement or other document furnished pursuant to or in connection with this Agreement or any other Loan Document or any amendment or modification hereof or thereof, shall prove to have been incorrect when made or deemed made in any material respect;

(d) the Borrower shall fail to observe or perform any covenant, condition or agreement contained in (i) Section 5.03 (with respect to the Borrower’s existence) or Sections 5.08(a) and (b) or in Article VI or any Obligor shall default in the performance of any of its obligations contained in Sections 3 and 7 of the Guarantee and Security Agreement or

(ii) Sections 5.01(e) and (f) or 5.02 and such failure shall continue unremedied for a period of five or more days after notice thereof by the Administrative Agent (given at the request of any Lender) to the Borrower;

(e) a Borrowing Base Deficiency shall occur and continue unremedied for a period of five or more Business Days after delivery of a Borrowing Base Certificate demonstrating such Borrowing Base Deficiency pursuant to Section 5.01(e); provided that it shall not be an Event of Default hereunder if the Borrower shall present the Administrative Agent with a reasonably feasible plan acceptable to the Required Lenders in their sole discretion to enable such Borrowing Base Deficiency to be cured within 30 Business Days (which 30-Business Day period shall include the five Business Days permitted for delivery of such plan), so long as such Borrowing Base Deficiency is cured within such 30-Business Day period;

(f) the Borrower or any Obligor, as applicable, shall fail to observe or perform any covenant, condition or agreement contained in this Agreement (other than those specified in clause (a), (b), (d), (e) or (g) of this Article) or any other Loan Document and such failure shall continue unremedied for a period of 30 or more days after notice thereof from the Administrative Agent (given at the request of any Lender) to the Borrower;

(g) the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries shall fail to make any payment (whether of principal or interest and regardless of amount) in respect of any Material Indebtedness, when and as the same shall become due and payable, taking into account any applicable grace period;

(h) any event or condition occurs that results in any Material Indebtedness becoming due prior to its scheduled maturity or shall continue unremedied for any applicable period of time sufficient to enable or permit the holder or holders of any Material Indebtedness or any trustee or agent on its or their behalf to cause any Material Indebtedness to become due, or to require the prepayment, repurchase, redemption or defeasance thereof, prior to its scheduled maturity; provided that this clause (h) shall not apply to (1) secured Indebtedness that becomes due as a result of the voluntary sale or transfer of the property or assets securing such Indebtedness; or (2) convertible debt that becomes due as a result of a conversion or redemption event, other than as a result of an “event of default” (as defined in the documents governing such convertible Material Indebtedness);

(i) an involuntary proceeding shall be commenced or an involuntary petition shall be filed seeking (i) liquidation, reorganization or other relief in respect of the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries (other than Immaterial Subsidiaries) or its debts, or of a substantial part of its assets, under any Federal, state or foreign bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar law now or hereafter in effect or (ii) the appointment of a receiver, trustee, custodian, sequestrator, conservator or similar official for the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries (other than Immaterial Subsidiaries) or for a substantial part of its assets, and, in any such case, such proceeding or petition shall continue undismissed and unstayed for a period of 60 or more days or an order or decree approving or ordering any of the foregoing shall be entered;

(j) the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries (other than Immaterial Subsidiaries) shall (i) voluntarily commence any proceeding or file any petition seeking

liquidation, reorganization or other relief under any Federal, state or foreign bankruptcy, insolvency, receivership or similar law now or hereafter in effect, (ii) consent to the institution of, or fail to contest in a timely and appropriate manner, any proceeding or petition described in clause (i) of this Article, (iii) apply for or consent to the appointment of a receiver, trustee, custodian, sequestrator, conservator or similar official for the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries (other than Immaterial Subsidiaries) or for a substantial part of its assets, (iv) file an answer admitting the material allegations of a petition filed against it in any such proceeding, (v) make a general assignment for the benefit of creditors or (vi) take any action for the purpose of effecting any of the foregoing;

(k) the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries (other than Immaterial Subsidiaries) shall become unable, admit in writing its inability or fail generally to pay its debts as they become due;

(l) one or more judgments for the payment of money in an aggregate amount in excess of \$25,000,000 shall be rendered against the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries or any combination thereof and the same shall remain undischarged for a period of 30 consecutive days during which execution shall not be effectively stayed, or any action shall be legally taken by a judgment creditor to attach or levy upon any assets of the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries (other than Immaterial Subsidiaries) to enforce any such judgment;

(m) an ERISA Event shall have occurred that, in the opinion of the Required Lenders, when taken together with all other ERISA Events that have occurred, could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect;

(n) a Change in Control shall occur;

(o) the Borrower shall cease to be managed by the External Manager or an Affiliate thereof;

(p) if, prior to the Extended Final Maturity Date, both of the principals of the External Manager (who initially will be Alan Waxman and Joshua Easterly) fail to remain actively involved in the investment activities of the Borrower and the other investment vehicles managed by TPG Capital, L.P.; provided that the External Manager is permitted at any time to replace any person designated as a "principal" with a senior professional selected by the External Manager so long as such replacement has either been approved by a majority of the Borrower's independent directors or by a majority of the Borrower's shareholders;

(q) the Liens created by the Security Documents shall, at any time with respect to Portfolio Investments having an aggregate Value in excess of 5% of the aggregate Value of all Portfolio Investments, not be valid and perfected (to the extent perfection by filing, registration, recordation, possession or control is required herein or therein) in favor of the Administrative Agent, free and clear of all other Liens (other than Liens permitted under Section 6.02 or under the respective Security Documents) except to the extent that any such loss of perfection results from the failure of the Collateral Agent to maintain possession of the certificates representing the securities pledged under the Loan Documents;

(r) except for expiration in accordance with its terms, any of the Loan Documents shall for whatever reason be terminated or cease to be in full force and effect in any material respect, or the enforceability thereof shall be contested by the Borrower or any other Obligor;

(s) the Obligors shall at any time, without the consent of the Required Lenders fail to comply with the covenant contained in Section 5.11, and such failure shall continue unremedied for a period of 30 or more days after the earlier of notice thereof by the Administrative Agent (given at the request of any Lender) to the Borrower or knowledge thereof by a Financial Officer; or

(t) the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries shall cause or permit the occurrence of any condition or event that would result in any recourse to any Obligor under any Permitted SBIC Guarantee;

then, and in every such event (other than an event with respect to the Borrower described in clause (i) or (j) of this Article), and at any time thereafter during the continuance of such event, the Administrative Agent may, and at the request of the Required Lenders shall, by notice to the Borrower, take either or both of the following actions, at the same or different times: (i) terminate the Commitments, and thereupon the Commitments shall terminate immediately, and (ii) declare the Loans then outstanding to be due and payable in whole (or in part, in which case any principal not so declared to be due and payable may thereafter be declared to be due and payable), and thereupon the principal of the Loans so declared to be due and payable, together with accrued interest thereon and all fees and other obligations of the Borrower accrued hereunder and under the other Loan Documents, shall become due and payable immediately, without presentment, demand, protest or other notice of any kind, all of which are hereby waived by the Borrower; and in case of any event with respect to the Borrower described in clause (i) or (j) of this Article, the Commitments shall automatically terminate and the principal of the Loans then outstanding, together with accrued interest thereon and all fees and other obligations of the Borrower accrued hereunder and under the other Loan Documents, shall automatically become due and payable, without presentment, demand, protest or other notice of any kind, all of which are hereby waived by the Borrower.

In the event that the Loans shall be declared, or shall become, due and payable pursuant to the immediately preceding paragraph then, upon notice from the Administrative Agent or Lenders with LC Exposure representing more than 50% of the total LC Exposure demanding the deposit of Cash Collateral pursuant to this paragraph, the Borrower shall immediately deposit into the Letter of Credit Collateral Account cash in an amount equal to the LC Exposure as of such date plus any accrued and unpaid interest thereon; provided that the obligation to deposit such cash shall become effective immediately, and such deposit shall become immediately due and payable, without demand or other notice of any kind, upon the occurrence of any Event of Default with respect to the Borrower described in clause (i) or (j) of this Article.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, on the CAM Exchange Date, to the extent not otherwise prohibited by law, (a) the Lenders shall automatically and without further act be deemed to have exchanged interests in the Designated Obligations

such that, in lieu of the interests of each Lender in the Designated Obligations under each Loan in which it shall participate as of such date, such Lender shall own an interest equal to such Lender's CAM Percentage in the Designated Obligations under each of the Loans and (b) simultaneously with the deemed exchange of interests pursuant to clause (a) above, the interests in the Designated Obligations to be received in such deemed exchange shall, automatically and with no further action required, be converted into the Dollar Equivalent of such amount (as of the Business Day immediately prior to the CAM Exchange Date) and on and after such date all amounts accruing and owed to the Lenders in respect of such Designated Obligations shall accrue and be payable in Dollars at the rate otherwise applicable hereunder. Each Lender, each Person acquiring a participation from any Lender as contemplated by Section 9.04 and the Borrower hereby consents and agrees to the CAM Exchange. The Borrower and the Lenders agree from time to time to execute and deliver to the Administrative Agent all such promissory notes and other instruments and documents as the Administrative Agent shall reasonably request to evidence and confirm the respective interests and obligations of the Lenders after giving effect to the CAM Exchange, and each Lender agrees to surrender any promissory notes originally received by it in connection with its Loans hereunder to the Administrative Agent against delivery of any promissory notes so executed and delivered; provided that the failure of the Borrower to execute or deliver or of any Lender to accept any such promissory note, instrument or document shall not affect the validity or effectiveness of the CAM Exchange. As a result of the CAM Exchange, on and after the CAM Exchange Date, each payment received by the Administrative Agent pursuant to any Loan Document in respect of the Designated Obligations shall be distributed to the Lenders pro rata in accordance with their respective CAM Percentages (to be redetermined as of each such date of payment).

ARTICLE VIII

THE ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT

SECTION 8.01. Appointment of the Administrative Agent. Each of the Lenders and the Issuing Bank hereby irrevocably appoints the Administrative Agent as its agent hereunder and under the other Loan Documents and authorizes the Administrative Agent to take such actions on its behalf and to exercise such powers as are delegated to the Administrative Agent by the terms hereof or thereof, together with such actions and powers as are reasonably incidental thereto. Each of the Lenders and the Issuing Bank hereby irrevocably appoints the Collateral Agent as its agent hereunder and under the other Loan Documents and authorizes the Collateral Agent to take such actions on its behalf and to exercise such powers as are delegated to the Collateral Agent by the terms hereof or thereof, together with such actions and powers as are reasonably incidental thereto.

SECTION 8.02. Capacity as Lender. The Person serving as the Administrative Agent hereunder shall have the same rights and powers in its capacity as a Lender as any other Lender and may exercise the same as though it were not the Administrative Agent, and such Person and its Affiliates may accept deposits from, lend money to and generally engage in any kind of business with the Borrower or any Subsidiary or other Affiliate thereof as if it were not the Administrative Agent hereunder.

SECTION 8.03. Limitation of Duties; Exculpation. The Administrative Agent shall not have any duties or obligations except those expressly set forth herein and in the other Loan Documents. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, (a) the Administrative Agent shall not be subject to any fiduciary or other implied duties, regardless of whether a Default has occurred and is continuing, (b) the Administrative Agent shall not have any duty to take any discretionary action or exercise any discretionary powers, except discretionary rights and powers expressly contemplated hereby or by the other Loan Documents that the Administrative Agent is required to exercise in writing by the Required Lenders, and (c) except as expressly set forth herein and in the other Loan Documents, the Administrative Agent shall not have any duty to disclose, and shall not be liable for the failure to disclose, any information relating to the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries that is communicated to or obtained by the bank serving as Administrative Agent or any of its Affiliates in any capacity. The Administrative Agent shall not be liable for any action taken or not taken by it with the consent or at the request of the Required Lenders or in the absence of its own fraud, gross negligence or willful misconduct. The Administrative Agent shall be deemed not to have knowledge of any Default unless and until written notice thereof is given to the Administrative Agent by the Borrower or a Lender, and the Administrative Agent shall not be responsible for or have any duty to ascertain or inquire into (i) any statement, warranty or representation made in or in connection with this Agreement or any other Loan Document, (ii) the contents of any certificate, report or other document delivered hereunder or thereunder or in connection herewith or therewith, (iii) the performance or observance of any of the covenants, agreements or other terms or conditions set forth herein or therein, (iv) the validity, enforceability, effectiveness or genuineness of this Agreement, any other Loan Document or any other agreement, instrument or document, or (v) the satisfaction of any condition set forth in Article IV or elsewhere herein or therein, other than to confirm receipt of items expressly required to be delivered to the Administrative Agent.

SECTION 8.04. Reliance. The Administrative Agent shall be entitled to rely upon, and shall not incur any liability for relying upon, any notice, request, certificate, consent, statement, instrument, document or other writing (including any electronic message, Internet or intranet website posting or other distribution) believed by it to be genuine and to have been signed or sent by the proper Person. The Administrative Agent also may rely upon any statement made to it orally or by telephone and believed by it to be made by the proper Person, and shall not incur any liability for relying thereon. The Administrative Agent may consult with legal counsel (who may be counsel for the Borrower), independent accountants and other experts selected by it, and shall not be liable for any action taken or not taken by it in accordance with the advice of any such counsel, accountants or experts.

SECTION 8.05. Sub-Agents. The Administrative Agent may perform any and all its duties and exercise its rights and powers by or through any one or more sub-agents appointed by the Administrative Agent. The Administrative Agent and any such sub-agent may perform any and all its duties and exercise its rights and powers through their respective Related Parties. The exculpatory provisions of the preceding paragraphs shall apply to any such sub-agent and to the Related Parties of the Administrative Agent and any such sub-agent, and shall apply to their respective activities in connection with the syndication of the credit facilities provided for herein as well as activities as Administrative Agent. The Administrative Agent shall not be responsible for the negligence or misconduct of any sub-agents except to the extent that a court of competent jurisdiction determines in a final and non-appealable judgment that the

Administrative Agent acted with fraud, gross negligence or willful misconduct in the selection of such sub-agents.

SECTION 8.06. Resignation; Successor Administrative Agent. The Administrative Agent may resign at any time by notifying the Lenders, the Issuing Bank and the Borrower. Upon any such resignation, the Required Lenders shall have the right, with the consent of the Borrower not to be unreasonably withheld (or, if an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing in consultation with the Borrower), to appoint a successor. If no successor shall have been so appointed by the Required Lenders and shall have accepted such appointment within 30 days after the retiring Administrative Agent gives notice of its resignation, then the retiring Administrative Agent's resignation shall nonetheless become effective and (1) the retiring Administrative Agent shall be discharged from its duties and obligations hereunder and (2) the Required Lenders shall perform the duties of the Administrative Agent (and all payments and communications provided to be made by, to or through the Administrative Agent shall instead be made by or to each Lender directly) until such time as the Required Lenders appoint a successor agent as provided for above in this paragraph. Upon the acceptance of its appointment as Administrative Agent hereunder by a successor, such successor shall succeed to and become vested with all the rights, powers, privileges and duties of the retiring (or retired) Administrative Agent and the retiring Administrative Agent shall be discharged from its duties and obligations hereunder (if not already discharged therefrom as provided above in this paragraph). The fees payable by the Borrower to a successor Administrative Agent shall be the same as those payable to its predecessor unless otherwise agreed between the Borrower and such successor. After the Administrative Agent's resignation hereunder, the provisions of this Article and Section 9.03 shall continue in effect for its benefit in respect of any actions taken or omitted to be taken by it while it was acting as Administrative Agent.

Any resignation by SunTrust as Administrative Agent pursuant to this Section shall also constitute its resignation as Issuing Bank and Swingline Lender. Upon the acceptance of a successor's appointment as Administrative Agent hereunder, (a) such successor shall succeed to and become vested with all of the rights, powers, privileges and duties of the retiring Issuing Bank and Swingline Lender, (b) the retiring Issuing Bank and Swingline Lender shall be discharged from all of their respective duties and obligations hereunder or under the other Loan Documents, and (c) the successor Issuing Bank shall issue letters of credit in substitution for the Letters of Credit, if any, outstanding at the time of such succession or make other arrangements satisfactory to the retiring Issuing Bank to effectively assume the obligations of the retiring Issuing Bank with respect to such Letters of Credit.

SECTION 8.07. Reliance by Lenders. Each Lender acknowledges that it has, independently and without reliance upon the Administrative Agent or any other Lender and based on such documents and information as it has deemed appropriate, made its own credit analysis and decision to enter into this Agreement. Each Lender also acknowledges that it will, independently and without reliance upon the Administrative Agent or any other Lender and based on such documents and information as it shall from time to time deem appropriate, continue to make its own decisions in taking or not taking action under or based upon this Agreement, any other Loan Document or any related agreement or any document furnished hereunder or thereunder. The Administrative Agent shall have no duty or responsibility, either initially or on a continuing basis, to make any such investigation or any such appraisal on behalf

of Lenders or to provide any Lender with any credit or other information with respect thereto, whether coming into its possession before the making of the Loans or at any time or times thereafter, and the Administrative Agent shall have no responsibility with respect to the accuracy of or the completeness of any information provided to Lenders.

Each Lender, by delivering its signature page to this Agreement or any Assignment and Assumption and funding any Loan shall be deemed to have acknowledged receipt of, and consented to and approved, each Loan Document and each other document required to be approved by the Administrative Agent, Required Lenders or Lenders.

SECTION 8.08. Modifications to Loan Documents. Except as otherwise provided in Section 9.02(b) or (c) of this Agreement or the Security Documents with respect to this Agreement, the Administrative Agent may, with the prior consent of the Required Lenders (but not otherwise), consent to any modification, supplement or waiver under any of the Loan Documents; provided that, without the prior consent of each Lender, the Administrative Agent shall not (except as provided herein or in the Security Documents) release all or substantially all of the Collateral or otherwise terminate all or substantially all of the Liens under any Security Document providing for collateral security, agree to additional obligations being secured by all or substantially all of such collateral security, or alter the relative priorities of the obligations entitled to the benefits of the Liens created under the Security Documents with respect to all or substantially all of the Collateral, except that no such consent shall be required, and the Administrative Agent is hereby authorized, to release any Lien covering property that is the subject of either a disposition of property permitted hereunder or a disposition to which the Required Lenders have consented.

ARTICLE IX

MISCELLANEOUS

SECTION 9.01. Notices; Electronic Communications.

(a) Notices Generally. Except in the case of notices and other communications expressly permitted to be given by telephone, all notices and other communications provided for herein shall be in writing and shall be delivered by hand or overnight courier service, mailed by certified or registered mail or sent by telecopy, as follows:

(i) if to the Borrower, to it at:

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.
888 Seventh Avenue, 35th Floor
New York, New York 10019
Attention: Alan Kirshenbaum
Telecopy Number: (212) 430-7509
Telephone: (212) 430-4109

(ii) if to the Administrative Agent or Swingline Lender, to it at:

SunTrust Bank
3333 Peachtree Road, 7th Floor
Atlanta, Georgia 30326
Attention: Doug Kennedy
Telecopy Number: (404) 739-7390

with a copy to:

SunTrust Bank
Agency Services
303 Peachtree Street, N. E./ 25th Floor
Atlanta, Georgia 30308
Attention: Wanda Gregory
Telecopy Number: (404) 658-4906

(iii) if to the Issuing Bank, to it at:

SunTrust Bank
303 Peachtree Street, N. E./ 25th Floor
Atlanta, Georgia 30308
Attention: Wanda Gregory
Telecopy Number: (404) 658-4906

(iv) if to any other Lender, to it at its address (or telecopy number) set forth in its Administrative Questionnaire.

Any party hereto may change its address or telecopy number for notices and other communications hereunder by notice to the other parties hereto. All notices and other communications given to any party hereto in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement shall be deemed to have been given on the date of receipt. Notices delivered through electronic communications to the extent provided in paragraph (b) below, shall be effective as provided in said paragraph (b).

(b) Electronic Communications. Notices and other communications to the Lenders and the Issuing Bank hereunder may be delivered or furnished by electronic communication (including e-mail and Internet or intranet websites) pursuant to procedures approved by the Administrative Agent; provided that the foregoing shall not apply to notices to any Lender or the Issuing Bank pursuant to Section 2.06 if such Lender or the Issuing Bank, as applicable, has notified the Administrative Agent that it is incapable of receiving notices under such Article by electronic communication. The Administrative Agent or the Borrower may, in its discretion, agree to accept notices and other communications to it hereunder by electronic communications pursuant to procedures approved by it; provided that approval of such procedures may be limited to particular notices or communications.

(i) Notices and other communications sent to an e-mail address shall be deemed received upon the sender's receipt of an acknowledgement from the intended recipient (such as

by the “return receipt requested” function, as available, return e-mail or other written acknowledgement); provided that if such notice or other communication is not sent during the normal business hours of the recipient, such notice or communication shall be deemed to have been sent at the opening of business on the next Business Day for the recipient, and (ii) notices or communications posted to an Internet or intranet website shall be deemed received upon the deemed receipt by the intended recipient at its e-mail address as described in the foregoing clause (i) of notification that such notice or communication is available and identifying the website address therefor.

Each party hereto understands that the distribution of material through an electronic medium is not necessarily secure and that there are confidentiality and other risks associated with such distribution and agrees and assumes the risks associated with such electronic distribution, except to the extent caused by the fraud, willful misconduct or gross negligence of Administrative Agent, any Lender or their respective Related Parties, as determined by a final, non-appealable judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction. The Platform and any electronic communications media approved by the Administrative Agent as provided herein are provided “as is” and “as available”. None of the Administrative Agent or its Related Parties warrant the accuracy, adequacy, or completeness of the such media or the Platform and each expressly disclaims liability for errors or omissions in the Platform and such media. No warranty of any kind, express, implied or statutory, including any warranty of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, non-infringement of third party rights or freedom from viruses or other code defects is made by the Administrative Agent and any of its Related Parties in connection with the Platform or the electronic communications media approved by the Administrative Agent as provided for herein.

(c) Private Side Information Contacts. Each Public Lender agrees to cause at least one individual at or on behalf of such Public Lender to at all times have selected the “Private Side Information” or similar designation on the content declaration screen of the Platform in order to enable such Public Lender or its delegate, in accordance with such Public Lender’s compliance procedures and applicable law, including United States federal and state securities laws, to make reference to information that is not made available through the “Public Side Information” portion of the Platform and that may contain Non-Public Information with respect to the Borrower, its Subsidiaries or their Securities for purposes of United States federal or state securities laws. In the event that any Public Lender has determined for itself to not access any information disclosed through the Platform or otherwise, such Public Lender acknowledges that (i) other Lenders may have availed themselves of such information and (ii) neither Borrower nor Administrative Agent has any responsibility for such Public Lender’s decision to limit the scope of the information it has obtained in connection with this Agreement and the other Loan Documents.

(d) Documents to be Delivered under Sections 5.01 and 5.12(a). For so long as an Intralinks™ or equivalent website is available to each of the Lenders hereunder, the Borrower may satisfy its obligation to deliver documents to the Administrative Agent or the Lenders under Sections 5.01 and 5.12(a) by delivering one hard copy thereof to the Administrative Agent and either an electronic copy or a notice identifying the website where such information is located for posting by the Administrative Agent on Intralinks™ or such

equivalent website; provided that the Administrative Agent shall have no responsibility to maintain access to Intralinks™ or an equivalent website.

SECTION 9.02. Waivers; Amendments.

(a) No Deemed Waivers Remedies Cumulative. No failure or delay by the Administrative Agent the Issuing Bank, the Swingline Lender or any Lender in exercising any right or power hereunder shall operate as a waiver thereof nor shall any single or partial exercise of any such right or power, or any abandonment or discontinuance of steps to enforce such a right or power, preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right or power. The rights and remedies of the Administrative Agent, the Issuing Bank, the Swingline Lender and the Lenders hereunder are cumulative and are not exclusive of any rights or remedies that they would otherwise have. No waiver of any provision of this Agreement or consent to any departure by the Borrower therefrom shall in any event be effective unless the same shall be permitted by paragraph (b) of this Section, and then such waiver or consent shall be effective only in the specific instance and for the purpose for which given. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the making of a Loan, Swingline Loan or issuance of a Letter of Credit shall not be construed as a waiver of any Default, regardless of whether the Administrative Agent, the Swingline Lender, any Lender or the Issuing Bank may have had notice or knowledge of such Default at the time.

(b) Amendments to this Agreement. Neither this Agreement nor any provision hereof may be waived, amended or modified except pursuant to an agreement or agreements in writing entered into by the Borrower and the Required Lenders or by the Borrower and the Administrative Agent with the consent of the Required Lenders; provided that no such agreement shall:

(i) increase the Commitment of any Lender without the written consent of such Lender,

(ii) reduce the principal amount of any Loan or LC Disbursement or reduce the rate of interest thereon, or reduce any fees payable hereunder, without the written consent of each Lender affected thereby,

(iii) postpone the scheduled date of payment of the principal amount of any Loan or LC Disbursement, or any interest thereon, or any fees payable hereunder, or reduce the amount of waive or excuse any such payment, or postpone the scheduled date of expiration of any Commitment, without the written consent of each Lender affected thereby,

(iv) change Section 2.17(b), (c) or (d) in a manner that would alter the pro rata sharing of payments required thereby without the written consent of each Lender affected thereby, or

(v) change any of the provisions of this Section or the definition of the term "Required Lenders" or any other provision hereof specifying the number or percentage of Lenders required to waive, amend or modify any rights hereunder or make any

determination or grant any consent hereunder, without the written consent of each Lender affected thereby;

provided further that (x) no such agreement shall amend, modify or otherwise affect the rights or duties of the Administrative Agent, the Issuing Bank or the Swingline Lender hereunder without the prior written consent of the Administrative Agent, the Issuing Bank or the Swingline Lender, as the case may be and (y) the consent of Lenders holding not less than two-thirds of the Revolving Credit Exposure and unused Commitments will be required (A) for any adverse change affecting the provisions of this Agreement relating to the determination of the Borrowing Base (excluding changes to the provisions of Section 5.12(b)(ii), (E) and (E), but including changes to the provisions of Section 5.12(c)(ii) and the definitions set forth in Section 5.13), and (B) for any release of any material portion of the Collateral other than for fair value or as otherwise permitted hereunder or under the other Loan Documents.

Anything in this Agreement to the contrary notwithstanding, no waiver or modification of any provision of this Agreement or any other Loan Document that could reasonably be expected to adversely affect the Lenders of any Class in a manner that does not affect all Classes equally shall be effective against the Lenders of such Class unless the Required Lenders of such Class shall have concurred with such waiver or modification.

(c) Amendments to Security Documents. No Security Document nor any provision thereof may be waived, amended or modified, nor may the Liens thereof be spread to secure any additional obligations (including any increase in Loans hereunder, but excluding any such increase pursuant to a Commitment Increase under Section 2.08(e) to an amount not greater than \$956,250,000) except pursuant to an agreement or agreements in writing entered into by the Borrower, and by the Collateral Agent with the consent of the Required Lenders; provided that, (i) without the written consent of each Lender, no such agreement shall release all or substantially all of the Obligors from their respective obligations under the Security Documents and (ii) without the written consent of each Lender, no such agreement shall release all or substantially all of the collateral security or otherwise terminate all or substantially all of the Liens under the Security Documents, alter the relative priorities of the obligations entitled to the Liens created under the Security Documents (except in connection with securing additional obligations equally and ratably with the Loans and other obligations hereunder) with respect to all or substantially all of the collateral security provided thereby, or release all or substantially all of the guarantors under the Guarantee and Security Agreement from their guarantee obligations thereunder, except that no such consent shall be required, and the Administrative Agent is hereby authorized (and so agrees with the Borrower) to direct the Collateral Agent under the Guarantee and Security Agreement, to release any Lien covering property (and to release any such guarantor) that is the subject of either a disposition of property permitted hereunder or a disposition to which the Required Lenders have consented.

(d) Replacement of Non-Consenting Lender. If, in connection with any proposed change, waiver, discharge or termination to any of the provisions of this Agreement as contemplated by this Section 9.02, the consent of the Required Lenders shall have been obtained but the consent of one or more Lenders (each a "Non-Consenting Lender") whose consent is required for such proposed change, waiver, discharge or termination is not obtained, then (so long as no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing) the Borrower shall have the right, at

its sole cost and expense, to replace each such Non-Consenting Lender or Lenders with one or more replacement Lenders pursuant to Section 2.18(b), so long as at the time of such replacement, each such replacement Lender consents to the proposed change, waiver, discharge or termination.

SECTION 9.03. Expenses; Indemnity; Damage Waiver.

(a) Costs and Expenses. The Borrower shall pay (i) all reasonable and documented out-of-pocket costs and expenses incurred by the Administrative Agent, the Collateral Agent and their Affiliates, including the reasonable and documented fees, charges and disbursements of counsel for the Administrative Agent and the Collateral Agent, in connection with the syndication of the credit facilities provided for herein, the preparation and administration of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents and any amendments, modifications or waivers of the provisions hereof or thereof (whether or not the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby shall be consummated), (ii) all reasonable and documented out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the Issuing Bank in connection with the issuance, amendment, renewal or extension of any Letter of Credit or any demand for payment thereunder, (iii) all documented out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the Administrative Agent, the Issuing Bank, the Swingline Lender or any Lender, including the reasonable and documented fees, charges and disbursements of one outside counsel for the Administrative Agent, the Issuing Bank and the Swingline Lender as well as one outside counsel for the Lenders and additional counsel should any conflict of interest arise, in connection with the enforcement or protection of its rights in connection with this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, including its rights under this Section, or in connection with the Loans made or Letters of Credit issued hereunder, including all such documented out-of-pocket expenses incurred during any workout, restructuring or negotiations in respect thereof and (iv) and all documented costs, expenses, taxes, assessments and other charges incurred in connection with any filing, registration, recording or perfection of any security interest contemplated by any Security Document or any other document referred to therein.

(b) Indemnification by the Borrower. The Borrower shall indemnify the Administrative Agent, the Issuing Bank, the Swingline Lender and each Lender, and each Related Party of any of the foregoing Persons (each such Person being called an "Indemnitee") against, and hold each Indemnitee harmless from, any and all losses, claims, damages, liabilities, actions, judgments, suits, costs, expenses and disbursements of any kind or nature whatsoever (including the reasonable and documented out-of-pocket fees and disbursements of one outside counsel for all Indemnitees (and, if reasonably necessary, of one local counsel in any relevant jurisdiction for all Indemnitees) unless, in the reasonable opinion of an Indemnitee, representation of all Indemnitees by such counsel would be inappropriate due to the existence of an actual or potential conflict of interest) in connection with any investigative, administrative or judicial proceeding or hearing commenced or threatened by any Person, whether or not any such Indemnitee shall be designated as a party or a potential party thereto, and any fees or expenses incurred by Indemnitees in enforcing this indemnity), whether based on any federal, state or foreign laws, statutes, rules or regulations (including securities and commercial laws, statutes, rules or regulations and laws, statutes, rules or regulations relating to environmental, occupational safety and health or land use matters), on common law or equitable cause or on contract or otherwise and related expenses or disbursements of any kind (other than

Taxes or Other Taxes which shall only be indemnified by the Borrower to the extent provided in Section 2.16), including the fees, charges and disbursements of any counsel for any Indemnitee, incurred by or asserted against any Indemnitee arising out of; in connection with, or as a result of (i) the execution or delivery of this Agreement or any agreement or instrument contemplated hereby, the performance by the parties hereto of their respective obligations hereunder or the consummation of the Transactions or any other transactions contemplated hereby, (ii) any Loan, Swingline Loan or Letter of Credit or the use of the proceeds therefrom (including any refusal by the Issuing Bank to honor a demand for payment under a Letter of Credit if the documents presented in connection with such demand do not strictly comply with the terms of such Letter of Credit) or (iii) any actual or prospective claim, litigation, investigation or proceeding relating to any of the foregoing, whether based on contract, tort or any other theory and whether brought by the Borrower or a third party and regardless of whether any Indemnitee is a party thereto; provided that such indemnity shall not as to any Indemnitee, be available to the extent that such losses, claims, damages, liabilities or related expenses are determined by a court of competent jurisdiction by final and nonappealable judgment to have resulted from the fraud, willful misconduct or gross negligence of such Indemnitee. Notwithstanding the foregoing, it is understood and agreed that indemnification for Taxes is subject to the provisions of Section 2.16.

The Borrower shall not be liable to any Indemnitee for any special, indirect, consequential or punitive damages arising out of, in connection with, or as a result of the Transactions asserted by an Indemnitee against the Borrower or any other Obligor; provided that the foregoing limitation shall not be deemed to impair or affect the Obligations of the Borrower under the preceding provisions of this subsection.

(c) Reimbursement by Lenders. To the extent that the Borrower fails to pay any amount required to be paid by it to the Administrative Agent, the Issuing Bank or the Swingline Lender under paragraph (a) or (b) of this Section, each Lender severally agrees to pay to the Administrative Agent, the Issuing Bank or the Swingline Lender, as the case may be, such Lender's Applicable Percentage (determined as of the time that the applicable unreimbursed expense or indemnity payment is sought) of such unpaid amount; provided that the unreimbursed expense or indemnified loss, claim, damage, liability or related expense, as the case may be, was incurred by or asserted against the Administrative Agent, the Issuing Bank or the Swingline Lender in its capacity as such.

(d) Waiver of Consequential Damages, Etc. To the extent permitted by applicable law, the Borrower shall not assert, and hereby waives, any claim against any Indemnitee, on any theory of liability, for special, indirect, consequential or punitive damages (as opposed to direct or actual damages) arising out of, in connection with, or as a result of; this Agreement or any agreement or instrument contemplated hereby, the Transactions, any Loan or Letter of Credit or the use of the proceeds thereof. No Indemnitee shall be liable for any damages arising from the use by unintended recipients of any information or other materials distributed by it through telecommunications, electronic or other information transmission systems in connection with this Agreement or the other Loan Documents or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, except to the extent caused by the fraud, willful misconduct or gross negligence of such Indemnitee, as determined by a final, non-appealable judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction.

(e) Payments. All amounts due under this Section shall be payable promptly after written demand therefor.

SECTION 9.04. Successors and Assigns.

(a) Assignments Generally. The provisions of this Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns permitted hereby (including any Affiliate of the Issuing Bank that issues any Letter of Credit), except that (i) the Borrower may not assign or otherwise transfer any of its rights or obligations hereunder without the prior written consent of each Lender (and any attempted assignment or transfer by the Borrower without such consent shall be null and void) and (ii) no Lender may assign or otherwise transfer its rights or obligations hereunder except in accordance with this Section. Nothing in this Agreement, expressed or implied, shall be construed to confer upon any Person (other than the parties hereto, their respective successors and assigns permitted hereby (including any Affiliate of the Issuing Bank that issues any Letter of Credit) and, to the extent expressly contemplated hereby, the Related Parties of each of the Administrative Agent, the Issuing Bank and the Lenders) any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under or by reason of this Agreement.

(b) Assignments by Lenders.

(i) Assignments Generally. Subject to the conditions set forth in clause (ii) below, any Lender may assign to one or more assignees (other than natural persons or any Defaulting Lender) all or a portion of its rights and obligations under this Agreement (including all or a portion of its Commitments and the Loans and LC Exposure at the time owing to it) with the prior written consent (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed) of:

(A) the Borrower; provided that no consent of the Borrower shall be required for an assignment to a Lender, an Affiliate of a Lender, or, if an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, any other assignee; provided, further, that the Borrower shall be deemed to have consented to any such assignment unless it shall have objected thereto by written notice to the Administrative Agent within ten Business Days after having received notice thereof; and

(B) the Administrative Agent and the Issuing Bank: provided that no consent of the Administrative Agent or Issuing Bank shall be required for an assignment by a Lender to an Affiliate of such Lender.

(ii) Certain Conditions to Assignments. Assignments shall be subject to the following additional conditions:

(A) except in the case of an Assignment to a Lender or an Affiliate of a Lender or an assignment of the entire remaining amount of the assigning Lender's Commitment or Loans and LC Exposure of a Class, the amount of the Commitment or Loans and LC Exposure of such Class of the assigning Lender subject to each such assignment (determined as of the date the Assignment and Assumption with respect to such Assignment is delivered to the Administrative

Agent) shall not be less than U.S. \$5,000,000 unless each of the Borrower and the Administrative Agent otherwise consent; provided that no such consent of the Borrower shall be required if an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing;

(B) each partial assignment of any Class of Commitments or Loans and LC Exposure shall be made as an assignment of a proportionate part of all the assigning Lender's rights and obligations under this Agreement in respect of such Class of Commitments, Loans and LC Exposure;

(C) the parties to each assignment shall execute and deliver to the Administrative Agent an Assignment and Assumption in substantially the form of Exhibit A hereto, together with a processing and recordation fee of U.S. \$3,500 (which fee shall not be payable in connection with an assignment to a Lender or to an Affiliate of a Lender), for which the Borrower and the Guarantors shall not be obligated;

(D) the assignee, if it shall not already be a Lender of the applicable Class, shall deliver to the Administrative Agent an Administrative Questionnaire; and

(E) the assignee shall deliver to the Borrower and the Administrative Agent those documents specified in Section 2.16(f).

(iii) Effectiveness of Assignments. Subject to acceptance and recording thereof pursuant to paragraph (c) of this Section, from and after the effective date specified in each Assignment and Assumption the assignee thereunder shall be a party hereto and, to the extent of the interest assigned by such Assignment and Assumption, have the rights and obligations of a Lender under this Agreement, and the assigning Lender thereunder shall, to the extent of the interest assigned by such Assignment and Assumption, be released from its obligations under this Agreement (and, in the case of an Assignment and Assumption covering all of the assigning Lender's rights and obligations under this Agreement, such Lender shall cease to be a party hereto but shall continue to be entitled to the benefits of Sections 2.14, 2.15, 2.16 and 9.03 with respect to facts and circumstances occurring prior to the effective date of such assignment). Any assignment or transfer by a Lender of rights or obligations under this Agreement that does not comply with this Section 9.04 shall be treated for purposes of this Agreement as a sale by such Lender of a participation in such rights and obligations in accordance with paragraph (e) of this Section. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, in connection with any assignment of rights and obligations of any Defaulting Lender hereunder, no such assignment shall be effective unless and until, in addition to the other conditions set forth in Section 9.04(b)(ii) or otherwise, the parties to the assignment shall make such additional payments to Administrative Agent in an aggregate amount sufficient, upon distribution thereof as appropriate (which may be outright payment, purchases by the assignee of participations or subparticipations, or other compensating actions, including funding, with the consent of Borrower and Administrative Agent, the Applicable Percentage of Loans previously requested but not funded by the Defaulting Lender, to each of which the applicable assignee and assignor hereby irrevocably

consent), to (x) pay and satisfy in full all payment liabilities then owed by such Defaulting Lender to Administrative Agent, Issuing Bank, Swingline Lender and each Lender hereunder (and interest accrued thereon), and (y) acquire (and fund as appropriate) its full Applicable Percentage of all Loans and participations in Letters of Credit and Swingline Loans. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event that any assignment of rights and obligations of any Defaulting Lender hereunder shall become effective under applicable law without compliance with the provisions of this paragraph, then the assignee of such interest shall be deemed to be a Defaulting Lender for all purposes of this Agreement until such compliance occurs.

(c) Maintenance of Registers by Administrative Agent. The Administrative Agent, acting for this purpose as an agent of the Borrower, shall maintain at one of its offices in New York City a copy of each Assignment and Assumption delivered to it and a register for the recordation of the names and addresses of the Lenders, and the Commitments of, and principal amount (and stated interest) of the Loans and LC Disbursements owing to, each Lender pursuant to the terms hereof from time to time (the “Registers” and each individually, a “Register”). The entries in the Registers shall be conclusive absent manifest error, and the Borrower, the Administrative Agent, the Issuing Bank and the Lenders may treat each Person whose name is recorded in the Registers pursuant to the terms hereof as a Lender hereunder for all purposes of this Agreement, notwithstanding notice to the contrary. The Registers shall be available for inspection by the Borrower, the Issuing Bank and any Lender, at any reasonable time and from time to time upon reasonable prior notice.

(d) Acceptance of Assignments by Administrative Agent. Upon its receipt of a duly completed Assignment and Assumption executed by an assigning Lender and an assignee, the assignee’s completed Administrative Questionnaire (unless the assignee shall already be a Lender hereunder), the processing and recordation fee referred to in paragraph (b) of this Section and any written consent to such assignment required by paragraph (b) of this Section, the Administrative Agent shall accept such Assignment and Assumption and record the information contained therein in the Register. No assignment shall be effective for purposes of this Agreement unless it has been recorded in the Register as provided in this paragraph.

(e) Special Purposes Vehicles. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, any Lender (a “Granting Lender”) may grant to a special purpose funding vehicle (an “SPC”) owned or administered by such Granting Lender, identified as such in writing from time to time by the Granting Lender to the Administrative Agent and the Borrower, the option to provide all or any part of any Loan that such Granting Lender would otherwise be obligated to make; provided that (i) nothing herein shall constitute a commitment to make any Loan by any SPC, (ii) if an SPC elects not to exercise such option or otherwise fails to provide all or any part of such Loan, the Granting Lender shall, subject to the terms of this Agreement, make such Loan pursuant to the terms hereof, (iii) the rights of any such SPC shall be derivative of the rights of the Granting Lender, and such SPC shall be subject to all of the restrictions upon the Granting Lender herein contained, and (iv) no SPC shall be entitled to the benefits of Sections 2.14 (or any other increased costs protection provision), 2.15 or 2.16. Each SPC shall be conclusively presumed to have made arrangements with its Granting Lender for the exercise of voting and other rights hereunder in a manner which is acceptable to the SPC, the Administrative Agent, the Lenders and the Borrower, and each of the Administrative Agent, the

Lenders and the Obligors shall be entitled to rely upon and deal solely with the Granting Lender with respect to Loans made by or through its SPC. The making of a Loan by an SPC hereunder shall utilize the Commitment of the Granting Lender to the same extent, and as if, such Loan were made by the Granting Lender.

Each party hereto hereby agrees (which agreement shall survive the termination of this Agreement) that, prior to the date that is one year and one day after the payment in full of all outstanding senior indebtedness of any SPC, it will not institute against, or join any other person in instituting against, such SPC, any bankruptcy, reorganization, arrangement, insolvency or liquidation proceedings or similar proceedings under the laws of the United States or any State thereof, in respect of claims arising out of this Agreement; provided that the Granting Lender for each SPC hereby agrees to indemnify, save and hold harmless each other party hereto for any loss, cost, damage and expense arising out of their inability to institute any such proceeding against its SPC. In addition, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Section, any SPC may (i) without the prior written consent of the Borrower and the Administrative Agent and without paying any processing fee therefor, assign all or a portion of its interests in any Loans to its Granting Lender or to any financial institutions providing liquidity and/or credit facilities to or for the account of such SPC to fund the Loans made by such SPC or to support the securities (if any) issued by such SPC to fund such Loans (but nothing contained herein shall be construed in derogation of the obligation of the Granting Lender to make Loans hereunder); provided that neither the consent of the SPC or of any such assignee shall be required for amendments or waivers hereunder except for those amendments or waivers for which the consent of participants is required under paragraph (1) below, and (ii) disclose on a confidential basis (in the same manner described in Section 9.13(b)) any non-public information relating to its Loans to any rating agency, commercial paper dealer or provider of a surety, guarantee or credit or liquidity enhancement to such SPC.

(f) Participations. Any Lender may, with the consent of the Borrower (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed), sell participations to one or more banks or other entities (a "Participant") in all or a portion of such Lender's rights and obligations under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents (including all or a portion of its Commitments and the Loans and LC Disbursements owing to it); provided that (i) the consent of the Borrower shall not be required if such Participant does not have the right to receive any non-public information that may be provided pursuant to this Agreement (and the Lender selling such participation agrees with the Borrower at the time of the sale of such participation that it will not deliver such non-public information to the Participant), (ii) such Lender's obligations under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents shall remain unchanged, (iii) such Lender shall remain solely responsible to the other parties hereto for the performance of such obligations and (iv) the Borrower, the Administrative Agent, the Issuing Bank and the other Lenders shall continue to deal solely and directly with such Lender in connection with such Lender's rights and obligations under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents. Any agreement or instrument pursuant to which a Lender sells such a participation shall provide that such Lender shall retain the sole right to enforce this Agreement and the other Loan Documents and to approve any amendment, modification or waiver of any provision of this Agreement or any other Loan Document; provided that such agreement or instrument may provide that such Lender will not, without the consent of the Participant, agree to any amendment, modification or waiver described in the first proviso to Section 9.02(b) that affects such Participant. Subject to

paragraph (g) of this Section, the Borrower agrees that each Participant shall be entitled to the benefits of Sections 2.14, 2.15 and 2.16 to the same extent as if it were a Lender and had acquired its interest by assignment pursuant to paragraph (b) of this Section; provided that such Participant shall not be entitled to receive any greater payment under Sections 2.14, 2.15 or 2.16, with respect to any participation, than its participating Lenders would have been entitled to receive, except to the extent such entitlement to receive a greater payment results from a Change in Law that occurs after the Participant acquired the applicable participation; provided, further, that no Participant shall be entitled to the benefits of Section 2.16 unless the Borrower is notified of the participation granted to such Participant and such Participant shall have complied with the requirements of Section 2.16 as if such Participant is a Lender. To the extent permitted by law, each Participant also shall be entitled to the benefits of Section 9.08 as though it were a Lender; provided such Participant agrees to be subject to Section 2.17(d) as though it were a Lender hereunder. Each Lender that sells a participation shall, acting solely for this purpose as a non-fiduciary agent of the Borrower, maintain a register on which it enters the name and address of each participant and the principal amounts (and stated interest of each Participant's interest in the loans or other obligations under the Loan Documents (the "Participant Register"); provided that no Lender shall have any obligation to disclose all or any portion of the Participant Register (including the identity of any Participant or any other information relating to a Participant's interest in any commitments, loans, letters of credit or is other obligations under any Loan Document) to any person except to the extent that such disclosures are necessary to establish that such commitment, loan, letter of credit or other obligation is in registered form under Section 5f.103-1(c) of the United States Treasury Regulations. The entries in the Participant Register shall be conclusive absent manifest error, and such Lender shall treat each Person whose name is recorded in the Participant Register as the owner of such participation for all purposes of this Agreement notwithstanding any notice to the contrary. For the avoidance of doubt, the Administrative Agent (in its capacity as Administrative Agent) shall have no responsibility for maintaining a Participant Register.

(g) Limitations on Rights of Participants. A Participant shall not be entitled to receive any greater payment under Section 2.14, 2.15 or 2.16 than the applicable Lender would have been entitled to receive with respect to the participation sold to such Participant, unless the sale of the participation to such Participant is made with the Borrower's prior written consent. A Participant that would be a Foreign Lender if it were a Lender shall not be entitled to the benefits of Section 2.16 unless the Borrower is notified of the participation sold to such Participant and such Participant agrees, for the benefit of the Borrower, to comply with paragraphs (e) and (f) of Section 2.16 as though it were a Lender and in the case of a Participant claiming exemption for portfolio interest under Section 871(h) or 881(c) of the Code, the applicable Lender shall provide the Borrower with satisfactory evidence that the participation is in registered form and shall permit the Borrower to review such register as reasonably needed for the Borrower to comply with its obligations under applicable laws and regulations.

(h) Certain Pledges. Any Lender may at any time pledge or assign a security interest in all or any portion of its rights under this Agreement to secure obligations of such Lender, including any such pledge or assignment to a Federal Reserve Bank or any other central bank having jurisdiction over such Lender, and this Section shall not apply to any such pledge or assignment of a security interest; provided that no such pledge or assignment of a security

interest shall release a Lender from any of its obligations hereunder or substitute any such assignee for such Lender as a party hereto.

(i) No Assignments to the Borrower or Affiliates. Anything in this Section to the contrary notwithstanding, no Lender may assign or participate any interest in any Loan or LC Exposure held by it hereunder to the Borrower or any of its Affiliates or Subsidiaries without the prior consent of each Lender.

SECTION 9.05. Survival. All covenants, agreements, representations and warranties made by the Borrower herein and in the certificates or other instruments delivered in connection with or pursuant to this Agreement shall be considered to have been relied upon by the other parties hereto and shall survive the execution and delivery of this Agreement and the making of any Loans and issuance of any Letters of Credit, regardless of any investigation made by any such other party or on its behalf and notwithstanding that the Administrative Agent, the Issuing Bank or any Lender may have had notice or knowledge of any Default or incorrect representation or warranty at the time any credit is extended hereunder, and shall continue in full force and effect as long as the principal of or any accrued interest on any Loan or any fee or any other amount payable under this Agreement is outstanding and unpaid or any Letter of Credit is outstanding and so long as the Commitments have not expired or terminated. The provisions of Sections 2.14, 2.15, 2.16 and 9.03 and Article VIII shall survive and remain in full force and effect regardless of the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby, the repayment of the Loans, the expiration or termination, Cash Collateralization or backstop of the Letters of Credit and the Commitments or the termination of this Agreement or any provision hereof.

SECTION 9.06. Counterparts; Integration; Effectiveness; Electronic Execution.

(a) Counterparts; Integration; Effectiveness. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts (and by different parties hereto on different counterparts), each of which shall constitute an original, but all of which when taken together shall constitute a single contract. This Agreement and any separate letter agreements with respect to fees payable to the Administrative Agent constitute the entire contract between and among the parties relating to the subject matter hereof and supersede any and all previous agreements and understandings, oral or written, relating to the subject matter hereof. Except as provided in Section 4.01, this Agreement shall become effective when it shall have been executed by the Administrative Agent and when the Administrative Agent shall have received counterparts hereof which, when taken together, bear the signatures of each of the other parties hereto, and thereafter shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns. Delivery of an executed counterpart of a signature page to this Agreement by telecopy electronically (e.g. pdf) shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart of this Agreement.

(b) Electronic Execution of Assignments. The words "execution," "signed," "signature," and words of like import in any Assignment and Assumption shall be deemed to include electronic signatures or the keeping of records in electronic form, each of which shall be of the same legal effect validity or enforceability as a manually executed signature or the use of a paper-based recordkeeping system, as the case may be, to the extent and as provided for in any applicable law, including the Federal Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce

SECTION 9.07. Severability. Any provision of this Agreement held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable in any jurisdiction shall, as to such jurisdiction, be ineffective to the extent of such invalidity, illegality or unenforceability without affecting the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions hereof; and the invalidity of a particular provision in a particular jurisdiction shall not invalidate such provision in any other jurisdiction.

SECTION 9.08. Right of Setoff. If an Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing, each Lender and each of its Affiliates is hereby authorized at any time and from time to time, to the fullest extent permitted by law, to set off and apply any and all deposits (general or special, time or demand, provisional or final) at any time held and other obligations at any time owing by such Lender or Affiliate to or for the credit or the account of the Borrower against any of and all the obligations of the Borrower now or hereafter existing under this Agreement held by such Lender, irrespective of whether or not such Lender shall have made any demand under this Agreement and although such obligations may be unmaturred; provided that in the event that any Defaulting Lender shall exercise any such right of setoff, (x) all amounts so set off shall be paid over immediately to Administrative Agent for further application in accordance with the provisions of Sections 2.17(d) and, pending such payment, shall be segregated by such Defaulting Lender from its other funds and deemed held in trust for the benefit of Administrative Agent, the Issuing Bank, and the Lenders, and (y) the Defaulting Lender shall provide promptly to Administrative Agent a statement describing in reasonable detail the amounts owing to such Defaulting Lender hereunder as to which it exercised such right of setoff. The rights of each Lender under this Section are in addition to other rights and remedies (including other rights of setoff) which such Lender may have. Each Lender agrees to notify the Borrower and the Administrative Agent promptly after any such setoff and application; provided that the failure to give such notice shall not affect the validity of such setoff and application.

SECTION 9.09. Governing Law; Jurisdiction; Etc.

(a) Governing Law. This Agreement shall be construed in accordance with and governed by the law of the State of New York.

(b) Submission to Jurisdiction. The Borrower hereby irrevocably and unconditionally submits, for itself and its property, to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of the State of New York sitting in New York County and of the United States District Court of the Southern District of New York, and any appellate court from any thereof, in any action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement and any Loan Document, or for recognition or enforcement of any judgment, and each of the parties hereto hereby irrevocably and unconditionally agrees that all claims in respect of any such action or proceeding may be heard and determined in such New York State or, to the extent permitted by law, in such Federal court. Each of the parties hereto agrees that a final judgment in any such action or proceeding shall be conclusive and may be enforced in other jurisdictions by suit on the judgment or in any other manner provided by law. Nothing in this Agreement shall affect any right that the Administrative Agent, the Issuing Bank or any Lender may otherwise have to bring any action or

proceeding relating to this Agreement against the Borrower or its properties in the courts of any jurisdiction.

(c) Waiver of Venue. The Borrower hereby irrevocably and unconditionally waives, to the fullest extent it may legally and effectively do so, any objection which it may now or hereafter have to the laying of venue of any suit, action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement in any court referred to in paragraph (b) of this Section. Each of the parties hereto hereby irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by law, the defense of an inconvenient forum to the maintenance of such action or proceeding in any such court.

(d) Service of Process. Each party to this Agreement (i) irrevocably consents to service of process in the manner provided for notices in Section 9.01 and (ii) agrees that service as provided in the manner provided for notices in Section 9.01 is sufficient to confer personal jurisdiction over such party in any proceeding in any court and otherwise constitutes effective and binding service in every respect. Nothing in this Agreement will affect the right of any party to this Agreement to serve process in any other manner permitted by law.

SECTION 9.10. WAIVER OF JURY TRIAL. EACH PARTY HERETO HEREBY WAIVES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ANY RIGHT IT MAY HAVE TO A TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT, ANY LOAN DOCUMENT OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY (WHETHER BASED ON CONTRACT, TORT OR ANY OTHER THEORY). EACH PARTY HERETO (A) CERTIFIES THAT NO REPRESENTATIVE, AGENT OR ATTORNEY OF ANY OTHER PARTY HAS REPRESENTED, EXPRESSLY OR OTHERWISE, THAT SUCH OTHER PARTY WOULD NOT, IN THE EVENT OF LITIGATION, SEEK TO ENFORCE THE FOREGOING WAIVER AND (B) ACKNOWLEDGES THAT IT AND THE OTHER PARTIES HERETO HAVE BEEN INDUCED TO ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT BY, AMONG OTHER THINGS. THE MUTUAL WAIVERS AND CERTIFICATIONS IN THIS SECTION.

SECTION 9.11. Judgment Currency. This is an international loan transaction in which the specification of Dollars or any Foreign Currency, as the case may be (the "Specified Currency"), and payment in New York City or the country of the Specified Currency, as the case may be (the "Specified Place"), is of the essence, and the Specified Currency shall be the currency of account in all events relating to Loans denominated in the Specified Currency. The payment obligations of the Borrower under this Agreement shall not be discharged or satisfied by an amount paid in another currency or in another place, whether pursuant to a judgment or otherwise, to the extent that the amount so paid on conversion to the Specified Currency and transfer to the Specified Place under normal banking procedures does not yield the amount of the Specified Currency at the Specified Place due hereunder. If for the purpose of obtaining judgment in any court it is necessary to convert a sum due hereunder in the Specified Currency into another currency (the "Second Currency"), the rate of exchange that shall be applied shall be the rate at which in accordance with normal banking procedures the Administrative Agent could purchase the Specified Currency with the Second Currency on the Business Day next preceding the day on which such judgment is rendered. The obligation of the Borrower in respect of any such sum due from it to the Administrative Agent or any Lender hereunder or under any other

Loan Document (in this Section called an “Entitled Person”) shall, notwithstanding the rate of exchange actually applied in rendering such judgment be discharged only to the extent that on the Business Day following receipt by such Entitled Person of any sum adjudged to be due hereunder in the Second Currency such Entitled Person may in accordance with normal banking procedures purchase and transfer to the Specified Place the Specified Currency with the amount of the Second Currency so adjudged to be due; and the Borrower hereby, as a separate obligation and notwithstanding any such judgment, agrees to indemnify such Entitled Person against, and to pay such Entitled Person on demand, in the Specified Currency, the amount (if any) by which the sum originally due to such Entitled Person in the Specified Currency hereunder exceeds the amount of the Specified Currency so purchased and transferred.

SECTION 9.12. Headings. Article and Section headings and the Table of Contents used herein are for convenience of reference only, are not part of this Agreement and shall not affect the construction of, or be taken into consideration in interpreting, this Agreement.

SECTION 9.13. Treatment of Certain Information; No Fiduciary Duty; Confidentiality.

(a) Treatment of Certain Information. The Borrower acknowledges that from time to time financial advisory, investment banking and other services may be offered or provided to the Borrower or one or more of its Subsidiaries (in connection with this Agreement or otherwise) by any Lender or by one or more subsidiaries or affiliates of such Lender and the Borrower hereby authorizes each Lender to share any information delivered to such Lender by the Borrower and its Subsidiaries pursuant to this Agreement, or in connection with the decision of such Lender to enter into this Agreement, to any such subsidiary or affiliate, it being understood that any such subsidiary or affiliate receiving such information shall be bound by the provisions of paragraph (b) of this Section as if it were a Lender hereunder. Such authorization shall survive the repayment of the Loans, the expiration or termination of the Letters of Credit and the Commitments or the termination of this Agreement or any provision hereof. Each Lender shall use all information delivered to such Lender by the Borrower and its Subsidiaries pursuant to this Agreement, or in connection with the decision of such Lender to enter into this Agreement, in connection with providing services to the Borrower. The Administrative Agent, each Lender and their Affiliates (collectively, solely for purposes of this paragraph, the “Lenders”), may have economic interests that conflict with those of the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, their stockholders and/or their affiliates. The Borrower, on behalf of itself and each of its Subsidiaries, agrees that nothing in the Loan Documents or otherwise will be deemed to create an advisory, fiduciary or agency relationship or fiduciary or other implied duty between any Lender, on the one hand, and the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, its stockholders or its affiliates, on the other. The Borrower and each of its Subsidiaries each acknowledge and agree that (i) the transactions contemplated by the Loan Documents (including the exercise of rights and remedies hereunder and thereunder) are arm’s-length commercial transactions between the Lenders, on the one hand, and the Borrower and its Subsidiaries, on the other, and (ii) in connection therewith and with the process leading thereto, (x) no Lender has assumed an advisory or fiduciary responsibility in favor of the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, any of their stockholders or affiliates with respect to the transactions contemplated hereby (or the exercise of rights or remedies with respect thereto) or the process leading thereto (irrespective of whether any Lender has advised, is currently advising or will advise the Borrower or any of its

Subsidiaries, their stockholders or their affiliates on other matters) or any other obligation to the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries except the obligations expressly set forth in the Loan Documents and (y) each Lender is acting solely as principal and not as the agent or fiduciary of the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, their management, stockholders, creditors or any other Person. The Borrower and each of its Subsidiaries each acknowledge and agree that it has consulted its own legal and financial advisors to the extent it deemed appropriate and that it is responsible for making its own independent judgment with respect to such transactions and the process leading thereto. The Borrower and each of its Subsidiaries each agree that it will not claim that any Lender has rendered advisory services of any nature or respect, or owes a fiduciary or similar duty to the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, in connection with such transaction or the process leading thereto.

(b) Confidentiality. Each of the Administrative Agent, the Lenders, the Swingline Lender and the Issuing Bank agrees to maintain the confidentiality of the Information (as defined below), except that Information may be disclosed (i) to its Affiliates and to its and its Affiliates' respective partners, directors, officers, employees, agents, advisors and other representatives (it being understood that the Persons to whom such disclosure is made will be informed of the confidential nature of such Information and instructed to keep such Information confidential), (ii) to the extent requested by any regulatory authority purporting to have jurisdiction over it (including any self-regulatory authority), (iii) to the extent required by applicable laws or regulations or by any subpoena or similar legal process, (iv) to any other party hereto, (v) in connection with the exercise of any remedies hereunder or under any other Loan Document or any action or proceeding relating to this Agreement or any other Loan Document or the enforcement of rights hereunder or thereunder, (vi) subject to an agreement containing provisions substantially the same as those of this Section, to (x) any assignee of or Participant in, or any prospective assignee of or Participant in, any of its rights or obligations under this Agreement or (y) any actual or prospective counterparty (or its advisors) to any swap or derivative transaction relating to the Borrower and its obligations, (vii) with the consent of the Borrower, (viii) to the extent such Information (x) becomes publicly available other than as a result of a breach of this Section or (y) becomes available to the Administrative Agent, any Lender, the Issuing Bank or any of their respective Affiliates on a nonconfidential basis from a source other than the Borrower or (ix) on a confidential basis to (x) any rating agency in connection with rating the Borrower or its Subsidiaries or the credit facilities provided hereunder or (y) the CUSIP Service Bureau or any similar agency in connection with the issuance and monitoring of CUSIP numbers with respect to the credit facilities provided hereunder.

For purposes of this Section, "Information" means all information received from the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries relating to the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries or any of their respective businesses, other than any such information that is available to the Administrative Agent any Lender or the Issuing Bank on a nonconfidential basis prior to disclosure by the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries; provided that, in the case of Information received from the Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries after the date hereof; such Information is clearly identified at the time of delivery as confidential. Any Person required to maintain the confidentiality of Information as provided in this Section shall be considered to have complied with its obligation to do so if such Person has exercised the same degree of care to maintain the confidentiality of such Information as such Person would accord to its own confidential information.

SECTION 9.14. USA PATRIOT Act. Each Lender hereby notifies the Borrower that pursuant to the requirements of the USA PATRIOT Act (Title III of Pub. L. 107-56 (signed into law October 26, 2001)), it is required to obtain, verify and record information that identifies the Borrower and each other Obligor, which information includes the name and address of the Borrower and each other Obligor and other information that will allow such Lender to identify the Borrower and each other Obligor in accordance with said Act.

SECTION 9.15. Effect of Amendment and Restatement of the Existing Credit Agreement. On the Effective Date, the Existing Credit Agreement shall be amended and restated in its entirety. The parties hereto acknowledge and agree that (a) this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, whether executed and delivered in connection herewith or otherwise, do not constitute a novation or termination of the obligations for principal, interest or fees of the Borrower under the Existing Credit Agreement as in effect immediately prior to the Effective Date and which remain outstanding; and (b) except for any of the Borrower's obligations under the Existing Credit Agreement which are expressly contemplated to be repaid on the Effective Date and to the extent are in fact so repaid, the obligations of the Borrower under the Existing Credit Agreement (as amended and restated hereby and which are on and after the date hereof subject to the terms herein) are in all respects continuing, and shall continue to be secured as provided in the Security Documents.

SECTION 9.16. Reaffirmation of Guarantee and Security Agreement. TC Lending, LLC hereby consents to the terms of this Agreement, confirms that its Guarantee under the Guarantee and Security Agreement remains unaltered and in full force and effect and hereby reaffirms, ratifies and confirms the terms and conditions of the Guarantee and Security Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be duly executed by their respective authorized officers as of the day and year first above written.

TPG SPECIALTY LENDING, INC.

By: /s/ Joshua Easterly

Name: Joshua Easterly

Title: Co-Chief Executive Officer

Revolving Credit Agreement

SUNTRUST BANK, as Administrative Agent,
Swingline Lender, Issuing Bank and a Lender

By: /s/ David Bennett

Name: David Bennett

Title: Director

Revolving Credit Agreement

Bank of America, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Jacob Garcia

Name: Jacob Garcia

Title: Director

Revolving Credit Agreement

BARCLAYS BANK PLC, as a Lender

By: /s/ Noam Azachi

Name: Noam Azachi

Title: Vice President

Revolving Credit Agreement

CIT FINANCE LLC, as a Lender

By: /s/ Renee M. Singer

Name: Renee M. Singer

Title: Managing Director

Revolving Credit Agreement

Citibank, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Eros Marshall

Name: Eros Marshall

Title: Vice President

Revolving Credit Agreement

Goldman Sachs Bank USA, as a Lender

By: /s/ Mark Walton

Name: Mark Walton

Title: Authorized Signatory

Revolving Credit Agreement

JP Morgan Chase Bank N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Matthew Griffith

Name: Matthew Griffith

Title: Executive Director

Revolving Credit Agreement

Lloyds Bank plc, as a Lender

By: /s/ Stephen Giacolone

Name: Stephen Giacolone

Title: Assistant Vice President – G011

By: /s/ Dennis McClellan

Name: Dennis McClellan

Title: Assistant Vice President – M040

Revolving Credit Agreement

MORGAN STANLEY BANK, N.A., as a Lender

By: /s/ Kelly Chin

Name: Kelly Chin

Title: Authorized Signatory

Revolving Credit Agreement

State Street Bank and Trust Company, as a Lender

By: /s/ Janet B. Nolin

Name: Janet B. Nolin

Title: Vice President

Revolving Credit Agreement

Agreed and acknowledged solely with respect to section 9.16:

TC LENDING, LLC

By: /s/ Joshua Easterly

Name: Joshua Easterly

Title: Vice President

Revolving Credit Agreement

SUBSIDIARIES OF TPG SPECIALTY LENDING, INC.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Jurisdiction</u>
TC Lending, LLC	Delaware
TPG SL SPV, LLC	Delaware

**CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
UNDER SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Michael Fishman, certify that:

- (1) I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, of TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.;
- (2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- (3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- (4) The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- (5) The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 4, 2014

By: /s/ MICHAEL FISHMAN

Michael Fishman
Co-Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
UNDER SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Joshua Easterly, certify that:

- (1) I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, of TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.;
- (2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- (3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- (4) The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- (5) The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 4, 2014

By: /s/ JOSHUA EASTERLY
Joshua Easterly
Co-Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
UNDER SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Alan Kirshenbaum, certify that:

- (1) I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, of TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.;
- (2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- (3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- (4) The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- (5) The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 4, 2014

By: /s/ ALAN KIRSHENBAUM
Alan Kirshenbaum
Chief Financial Officer

**Certification Pursuant to
Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

In connection with the annual report on Form 10-K of TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. (the "Company") for the annual period ended December 31, 2013, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Michael Fishman, as Co-Chief Executive Officer of the Company, Joshua Easterly, as Co-Chief Executive Officer of the Company and Alan Kirshenbaum, as Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to such officer's knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), as applicable, of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ MICHAEL FISHMAN

Name: Michael Fishman
Title: Co-Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 4, 2014

/s/ JOSHUA EASTERLY

Name: Joshua Easterly
Title: Co-Chief Executive Officer

Date: March 4, 2014

/s/ ALAN KIRSHENBAUM

Name: Alan Kirshenbaum
Title: Chief Financial Officer

Date: March 4, 2014

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document.