

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, DC 20549**

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2017

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the transition period from _____ to _____
Commission file number 001-36364

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

301 Commerce Street, Suite 3300,
Fort Worth, TX
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

27-3380000
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

76102
(Zip Code)

Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code: (817) 871-4000

Not applicable

Former Name, Former Address and Former Fiscal Year, If Changed Since Last Report.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/> (Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934). Yes No

The number of shares of the Registrant's common stock, \$.01 par value per share, outstanding at November 6, 2017 was 60,224,874.

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CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REGARDING FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This report contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about us, our current and prospective portfolio investments, our industry, our beliefs, and our assumptions. Words such as “anticipates,” “expects,” “intends,” “plans,” “believes,” “seeks,” “estimates,” “would,” “should,” “targets,” “projects,” and variations of these words and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors, some of which are beyond our control and difficult to predict, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or forecasted in the forward-looking statements.

In addition to factors previously identified elsewhere in the reports and other documents TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. has filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, or SEC, the following factors, among others, could cause actual results to differ materially from forward-looking statements or historical performance:

- an economic downturn could impair our portfolio companies’ abilities to continue to operate, which could lead to the loss of some or all of our investments in those portfolio companies;
- such an economic downturn could disproportionately impact the companies in which we have invested and others that we intend to target for investment, potentially causing us to experience a decrease in investment opportunities and diminished demand for capital from these companies;
- such an economic downturn could also impact availability and pricing of our financing;
- an inability to access the capital markets could impair our ability to raise capital and our investment activities; and
- the risks, uncertainties and other factors we identify in the section entitled “Risk Factors” in this report and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, filed with the SEC on February 22, 2017, and elsewhere in our filings with the SEC.

Although we believe that the assumptions on which these forward-looking statements are based are reasonable, some of those assumptions are based on the work of third parties and any of those assumptions could prove to be inaccurate; as a result, forward-looking statements based on those assumptions also could prove to be inaccurate. In light of these and other uncertainties, the inclusion of a projection or forward-looking statement in this report should not be regarded as a representation by us that our plans and objectives will be achieved. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which apply only as of the date of this report. We do not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements or any other information contained herein, except as required by applicable law. The safe harbor provisions of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or the Exchange Act, which preclude civil liability for certain forward-looking statements, do not apply to the forward-looking statements in this report.

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.

Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Amounts in thousands, except share and per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Assets		
Investments at fair value		
Non-controlled, non-affiliated investments (amortized cost of \$1,386,657 and \$1,567,673, respectively)	\$ 1,417,358	\$ 1,591,544
Controlled, affiliated investments (amortized cost of \$158,460 and \$100,014, respectively)	132,922	65,859
Total investments at fair value (amortized cost of \$1,545,117 and \$1,667,687, respectively)	1,550,280	1,657,403
Cash and cash equivalents (restricted cash of \$2,647 and \$1,088, respectively)	8,118	5,954
Interest receivable	7,918	9,678
Receivable for interest rate swaps	674	69
Prepaid expenses and other assets	14,076	2,428
Total Assets	\$ 1,581,066	\$ 1,675,532
Liabilities		
Debt (net of deferred financing costs of \$12,587 and \$11,019, respectively)	\$ 564,558	\$ 680,709
Management fees payable to affiliate	5,995	6,269
Incentive fees payable to affiliate	6,561	5,889
Dividends payable	23,428	23,289
Other payables to affiliate	3,572	1,555
Other liabilities	10,209	5,609
Total Liabilities	614,323	723,320
Commitments and contingencies (Note 8)		
Net Assets		
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding	—	—
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 400,000,000 shares authorized, 60,188,435 and 59,805,285 shares issued, respectively; and 60,099,355 and 59,716,205 shares outstanding, respectively	602	598
Additional paid-in capital	905,725	898,868
Treasury stock at cost; 89,080 and 89,080 shares held, respectively	(1,359)	(1,359)
Undistributed net investment income	58,866	50,142
Net unrealized gains	7,116	1,422
Undistributed net realized gains (losses)	(4,207)	2,541
Total Net Assets	966,743	952,212
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 1,581,066	\$ 1,675,532
Net Asset Value Per Share	\$ 16.09	\$ 15.95

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Operations
(Amounts in thousands, except share and per share amounts)
(Unaudited)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016
Income				
Investment income from non-controlled, non-affiliated investments:				
Interest from investments	\$ 45,354	\$ 44,088	\$ 148,023	\$ 124,931
Dividend income	—	474	—	1,421
Other income	3,502	6,767	7,982	8,909
Total investment income from non-controlled, non-affiliated investments	48,856	51,329	156,005	135,261
Investment income from controlled, affiliated investments:				
Interest from investments	3,398	2,537	5,914	7,288
Other income	51	51	153	152
Total investment income from controlled, affiliated investments	3,449	2,588	6,067	7,440
Total Investment Income	52,305	53,917	162,072	142,701
Expenses				
Interest	5,498	6,102	20,017	17,029
Management fees	5,995	6,212	18,043	17,953
Incentive fees	6,561	6,467	19,808	16,761
Professional fees	1,211	3,029	4,268	6,923
Directors' fees	100	98	302	290
Other general and administrative	1,371	897	3,984	3,211
Total expenses	20,736	22,805	66,422	62,167
Management and incentive fees waived (Note 3)	—	(149)	—	(346)
Net Expenses	20,736	22,656	66,422	61,821
Net Investment Income Before Income Taxes	31,569	31,261	95,650	80,880
Income taxes, including excise taxes	640	690	2,270	1,615
Net Investment Income	30,929	30,571	93,380	79,265
Unrealized and Realized Gains (Losses)				
Net change in unrealized gains (losses):				
Non-controlled, non-affiliated investments	(564)	13,660	6,831	28,657
Controlled, affiliated investments	(4,680)	(6,898)	8,617	(7,048)
Translation of other assets and liabilities in foreign currencies	(1,701)	(1,367)	(10,359)	436
Interest rate swaps	(1,682)	(462)	605	1,103
Total net change in unrealized gains (losses)	(8,627)	4,933	5,694	23,148
Realized gains (losses):				
Non-controlled, non-affiliated investments	2,413	1,516	7,008	1,920
Controlled, affiliated investments	—	—	(21,776)	—
Foreign currency transactions	44	(145)	557	(49)
Total realized gains (losses)	2,457	1,371	(14,211)	1,871
Total Unrealized and Realized Gains (Losses)	(6,170)	6,304	(8,517)	25,019
Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	\$ 24,759	\$ 36,875	\$ 84,863	\$ 104,284
Earnings per common share—basic and diluted	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.62	\$ 1.42	\$ 1.79
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding—basic and diluted	60,057,567	59,523,695	59,923,323	58,229,549

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of September 30, 2017
(Amounts in thousands, except share amounts)
(Unaudited)

Company (1)	Investment	Initial Acquisition Date	Reference Rate and Spread	Interest Rate	Amortized Cost (2)(8)	Fair Value (10)	Percentage of Net Assets
Debt Investments							
Automotive							
Heartland Automotive Holdings, LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$26,720 par, due 11/2017)	8/28/2012	L + 8.25%	9.75%	\$ 26,697	\$ 26,720	2.8%
	First-lien revolving loan (\$2,722 par, due 11/2017)	8/28/2012	P + 7.00%	11.25%	2,718	2,722	0.3%
					<u>29,415</u>	<u>29,442</u>	<u>3.1%</u>
Beverage, food and tobacco							
AFS Technologies, Inc. (3)(7)	Second-lien loan (\$59,621 par, due 9/2021)	6/30/2017	L + 9.05%	10.38%	59,621	57,534	6.0%
Business services							
Jive Software, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$53,865 par, due 6/2022)	6/12/2017	L + 8.75%	10.17%	51,951	53,865	5.6%
Leaf US Holdings, Inc. (3)(4)	First-lien loan (\$33,221 par, due 6/2020)	6/30/2014	L + 8.00%	9.33%	32,848	33,133	3.4%
Motus, LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$20,619 par, due 7/2021)	7/29/2016	L + 10.00%	11.31% (incl. 3.00% PIK)	20,214	21,237	2.2%
Riskconnect, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$40,000 par, due 6/2022)	6/30/2017	L + 7.75%	9.13%	39,137	39,325	4.1%
SailPoint Technologies, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$38,261 par, due 8/2021)	8/16/2016	L + 7.00%	8.30%	37,587	38,161	3.9%
Sovos Compliance, LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$34,410 par, due 3/2022)	7/1/2016	L + 6.00%	7.24%	33,925	34,410	3.6%
Tangoe, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$49,996 par, due 6/2022)	6/16/2017	L + 8.50%	9.84% (incl. 0.50% PIK)	48,135	48,371	5.0%
					<u>263,797</u>	<u>268,502</u>	<u>27.8%</u>
Chemicals							
Vertellus Specialties, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$4,967 par, due 4/2018)	10/31/2016	L + 9.00%	10.24%	4,953	4,967	0.5%
	Second-lien loan (\$3,341 par, due 10/2021)	10/31/2016	L + 12.00%	13.24%	3,341	3,375	0.3%
					<u>8,294</u>	<u>8,342</u>	<u>0.8%</u>
Education							
Finalsite Holdings, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$45,000 par, due 8/2022)	8/31/2016	L + 7.00%	8.33%	43,978	45,225	4.7%
Frontline Technologies Group LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$47,823 par, due 9/2023)	9/18/2017	L + 6.50%	7.82%	47,133	47,108	4.9%
Illuminate Education, Inc.(3)	First-lien loan (\$40,000 par, due 8/2022)	8/25/2017	L + 8.00%	9.32%	39,066	39,038	4.0%
					<u>130,177</u>	<u>131,371</u>	<u>13.6%</u>
Financial services							

AppStar Financial, LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$21,150 par, due 8/2020)	8/18/2015	L + 8.00%	9.24%	20,822	21,439	2.2%
AvidXchange, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$54,449 par, due 8/2020)	8/7/2015	L + 9.50%	10.75%	53,832	55,266	5.7%
PayLease, LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$56,667 par, due 7/2022)	7/28/2017	L + 7.00%	8.24%	55,502	55,617	5.8%
PaySimple, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$50,378 par, due 3/2022)	3/7/2017	L + 8.25%	9.63% (incl. 1.75% PIK)	49,362	49,686	5.1%
Swift Gift Limited (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$29,167 par, due 1/2022)	7/31/2017	L + 6.50%	7.75%	28,436	28,510	2.9%
					<u>207,954</u>	<u>210,518</u>	<u>21.7%</u>
Healthcare							
Integrated Practice Solutions, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$32,419 par, due 6/2022)	6/30/2017	L + 8.00%	9.24%	31,527	31,689	3.3%
Helix Health, Ltd. (3)(4)	First-lien loan (EUR 38,549 par, due 9/2019)	9/30/2014	L + 10.50%	11.50%	45,698	48,079 (EUR 40,670)	5.0%
	First-lien revolving loan (EUR 300 par, due 9/2019)	9/30/2014	L + 10.50%	11.50%	282	615 (EUR 520)	0.1%
MatrixCare, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$57,450 par, due 12/2021)	12/17/2015	L + 5.25%	6.58%	56,554	58,599	6.1%
MedeAnalytics, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$48,051 par, due 9/2020)	9/30/2015	L + 8.50%	9.83% (incl. 2.50% PIK)	47,108	48,291	5.0%
Quantros, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$29,550 par, due 2/2021)	2/29/2016	L + 7.75%	9.08%	28,800	31,545	3.3%
					<u>209,969</u>	<u>218,818</u>	<u>22.8%</u>
Hotel, gaming, and leisure							
IRGSE Holding Corp. (3)(7)	First-lien loan (\$22,133 par, due 9/2019)	9/29/2015	L + 9.50%	10.83% (incl. 5.00% PIK)	22,133	17,042	1.8%
	First-lien revolving loan (\$18,956 par, due 9/2019)	9/29/2015	L + 9.50%	10.83% (incl. 5.00% PIK)	18,956	14,596	1.5%
					<u>41,089</u>	<u>31,638</u>	<u>3.3%</u>
Human resource support services							
Bullhorn, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$60,486 par, due 11/2020)	11/12/2015	L + 7.50%	8.73%	59,372	61,393	6.4%
Insurance							
Insurity, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$63,735 par, due 10/2020)	10/31/2014	L + 6.50%	7.75%	63,279	65,169	6.7%
Manufacturing							
ScentAir Technologies, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$19,986 par, due 12/2019)	12/30/2014	L + 7.00%	8.24%	19,797	20,336	2.1%
	First-lien revolving loan (\$1,393 par, due 12/2019)	12/30/2014	L + 7.00%	8.24%	1,375	1,430	0.1%
					<u>21,172</u>	<u>21,766</u>	<u>2.2%</u>
Marketing services							
Marketo, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$28,125 par, due 1/1900)	8/16/2016	L + 9.50%	10.83%	27,389	28,350	2.9%

Vivial Inc.(3)	First-lien loan (\$38,000 par, due 9/2022)	9/29/2017	L + 8.00%	9.33%	37,336	37,335	3.9%
					64,725	65,685	6.8%
Oil, gas and consumable fuels							
Mississippi Resources, LLC (3) (7)	First-lien loan (\$24,267 par, due 6/2018)	6/4/2014	L + 10.50%	11.74%	24,225	24,207	2.5%
Rex Energy Corporation (3)	First-lien loan (\$15,550 par, due 4/2021)	4/28/2017	L + 8.75%	10.08%	15,137	14,950	1.5%
					39,362	39,157	4.0%
Office products							
USR Parent Inc. (3)(5)	ABL FILO term loan (\$20,000 par, due 9/2022)	9/12/2017	L + 7.75%	8.98%	19,529	19,500	2.0%
Pharmaceuticals							
Ironwood Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (4)(5)(9)	Secured note (\$33,333 par, due 9/2026)	1/5/2017		8.38%	33,188	33,333	3.4%
Model N, Inc. (3)(4)	First-lien loan (\$30,000 par, due 1/2022)	1/5/2017	L + 8.25%	9.50%	29,472	29,775	3.1%
Nektar Therapeutics (4)(5)(9)	Secured note (\$74,950 par, due 10/2020)	10/5/2015		7.75%	74,317	75,700	7.8%
					136,977	138,808	14.3%
Retail and consumer products							
99 Cents Only Stores LLC (3)	ABL FILO term loan (\$25,000 par, due 4/2021)	9/6/2017	L + 7.75%	9.07%	24,631	24,688	2.6%
American Achievement Corporation (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$23,350 par, due 9/2020)	9/30/2015	L + 8.25%	9.49%	23,136	23,408	2.4%
Destination Maternity Corporation (3)(5)	ABL FILO term loan (\$16,457 par, due 3/2021)	3/25/2016	L + 7.50%	8.50%	16,167	16,827	1.7%
Eddie Bauer LLC (3)	ABL FILO term loan (\$30,000 par, due 6/2019)	3/31/2017	L + 9.25%	10.58%	29,522	30,075	3.1%
Sears (3)(4)(6)(11)	First-lien ABL loan (\$17,296 par, due 7/2020)	3/18/2016	L + 7.50%	8.73%	16,933	17,426	1.8%
Sears Canada Inc. (3)(4)	ABL FILO DIP (\$26,146 par, due 12/2017)	3/20/2017	L + 11.00%	12.24%	25,728	26,146	2.7%
					136,117	138,570	14.3%
Total Debt Investments					1,490,849	1,506,213	155.8%
Equity and Other Investments							
Beverage, food and tobacco							
AFS Technologies, Inc. (7)	Class A Preferred Units (125,000 units)	6/30/2017			12,500	13,250	1.4%
	Class B Common Units (90,000 units)	6/30/2017			2	3,089	0.3%
					12,502	16,339	1.7%
Business Services							
Riskconnect, Inc.	Preferred Class A Units (990 units)	6/30/2017			990	990	0.1%
	Common Class B Units (959,018 units)	6/30/2017			10	10	0.0%
					1,000	1,000	0.1%
Chemicals							

Vertellus Specialties, Inc.	Common Units (2,672,990 units)	10/31/2016			3,828	3,733	0.4%
Financial services							
AvidXchange, Inc.	Series E Preferred Equity (214,132 shares)	8/7/2015			3,846	7,481	0.8%
Swift Gift Limited	Common Shares (35,000 shares)	7/31/2017			3,500	3,500	0.4%
TICC Capital Corp. (4)(12)	Common Shares (1,059 shares)	8/5/2015			7	7	0.0%
					<u>7,353</u>	<u>10,988</u>	<u>1.2%</u>
Healthcare							
Helix Health, Ltd. (4)	Warrants	9/30/2014			877	1,534 (EUR 1,297)	0.2%
SRS Parent Corp.	Common Shares Class A (1,980 shares)	12/28/2012			1,980	1,094	0.1%
	Common Shares Class B (2,953,020 shares)	12/28/2012			20	11	0.0%
					<u>2,877</u>	<u>2,639</u>	<u>0.3%</u>
Hotel, gaming, and leisure							
IRGSE Holding Corp. (7)	Class A Units (5,000,000 units)	9/29/2015			3,896	98	0.0%
	Class C-1 Units (8,800,000 units)	9/29/2015			100	48	0.0%
					<u>3,996</u>	<u>146</u>	<u>0.0%</u>
Oil, gas and consumable fuels							
Mississippi Resources, LLC (7)	Class A-1 Member Units (1,000 units)	5/3/2017			8,155	3,058	0.3%
	Class A-2 Member Units (933 units)	6/4/2014			8,874	—	0.0%
					<u>17,029</u>	<u>3,058</u>	<u>0.3%</u>
Other							
Symphony CLO XV, Ltd. (4)(6) (11)	Structured Product (Class F Notes)	11/17/2014	L + 5.75%	7.05%	5,683	6,164	0.6%
Total Equity and Other Investments							
					<u>54,268</u>	<u>44,067</u>	<u>4.6%</u>
Total Investments					<u>\$ 1,545,117</u>	<u>\$ 1,550,280</u>	<u>160.4%</u>

Interest Rate Swaps as of September 30, 2017

	Company Receives (b)	Company Pays (b)	Maturity Date	Notional Amount	Fair Market Value	Upfront Payments / Receipts	Unrealized Appreciation / Depreciation
Interest rate swap	L	1.16%	10/5/2018	\$ 92,500	\$ 374	\$ —	\$ 374
Interest rate swap	4.50%	L + 2.86%	12/15/2019	115,000	(386)	—	(386)
Interest rate swap (a)	L	1.72%	1/10/2020	33,333	97	—	97
Interest rate swap	4.50%	L + 2.37%	8/1/2022	115,000	589	—	589
Total				<u>\$ 355,833</u>	<u>\$ 674</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 674</u>

(a) Contract terms are shown net of Company receiving 6.65% and paying 8.38%.

(b) Contains a variable rate structure. Bears interest at a rate determined by three-month LIBOR.

(1) Certain portfolio company investments are subject to contractual restrictions on sales.

(2) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts and premiums, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.

- (3) Investment contains a variable rate structure, subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR” or “L”) (which can include one-, two-, three- or six-month LIBOR) or an alternate base rate (which can include the Federal Funds Effective Rate or the Prime Rate or “P”), at the borrower’s option, which reset periodically based on the terms of the credit agreement. For investments with multiple interest rate contracts, the interest rate shown is the weighted average interest rate in effect at September 30, 2017.
- (4) This portfolio company is not a qualifying asset under Section 55(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”). Under the 1940 Act, the Company may not acquire any non-qualifying asset unless, at the time such acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of total assets. Non-qualifying assets represented 17.2% of total assets as of September 30, 2017.
- (5) In addition to the interest earned based on the stated interest rate of this investment, which is the amount reflected in this schedule, the Company may be entitled to receive additional interest as a result of an arrangement with other members in the syndicate to the extent an investment has been allocated to “first out” and “last out” tranches, whereby the “first out” tranche will have priority as to the “last out” tranche with respect to payments of principal, interest and any amounts due thereunder and the Company hold the “last out” tranche.
- (6) Contains a variable rate structure. Bears interest at a rate determined by three-month LIBOR.
- (7) Under the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to be both an “Affiliated Person” of and “Control,” as such terms are defined in the 1940 Act, this portfolio company, as the Company owns more than 25% of the portfolio company’s outstanding voting securities or has the power to exercise control over management or policies of such portfolio company (including through a management agreement). Transactions during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 in which the issuer was an Affiliated Person of and was deemed to Control a portfolio company are as follows:

Controlled, Affiliated Investments during the nine months ended September 30, 2017

Company	Fair Value at December 31, 2016	Gross Additions (a)	Gross Reductions (b)	Net Change In Unrealized Gain/(Loss)	Realized Gain/(Losses)	Fair Value at September 30, 2017	Other Income	Interest Income
AFS Technologies, Inc.	\$ —	\$ 72,122	\$ —	\$ 1,751	\$ —	\$ 73,873	\$ —	\$ 1,594
IRGSE Holding Corp.	31,974	5,023	—	(5,213)	—	31,784	3	3,115
Mississippi Resources, LLC	33,885	5,278	(2,201)	12,079	(21,776)	27,265	150	1,205
Total	\$ 65,859	\$ 82,423	\$ (2,201)	\$ 8,617	\$ (21,776)	\$ 132,922	\$ 153	\$ 5,914

- (a) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new investments, payment-in-kind interest or dividends, the amortization of any unearned income or discounts on debt investments, as applicable.
- (b) Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investment repayments or sales, and the amortization of any premiums on debt investments, as applicable. When an investment is placed on non-accrual status, any cash flows received by the Company are applied to the outstanding principal balance.
- (8) As of September 30, 2017, the tax cost of the Company’s investments approximates the amortized cost.
- (9) These investments contain a fixed rate structure. The Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement to swap to a floating rate. Refer to Note 5 for further information related to the Company’s interest rate swaps on investments.
- (10) In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification 820, *Fair Value Measurements* (“ASC 820”), unless otherwise indicated, the fair values of all investments were determined using significant unobservable inputs and are considered Level 3 investments. See Note 6 for further information related to investments at fair value.
- (11) This investment is valued using observable inputs and is considered a Level 2 investment. See Note 6 for further information related to investments at fair value.
- (12) This investment is valued using observable inputs and is considered a Level 1 investment. See Note 6 for further information related to investments at fair value.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.

Consolidated Schedule of Investments as of December 31, 2016
(Amounts in thousands, except share amounts)

Company (1)	Investment	Initial Acquisition Date	Reference Rate and Spread	Interest Rate	Amortized Cost (2)(8)	Fair Value (10)	Percentage of Net Assets
Debt Investments							
Automotive							
Heartland Automotive Holdings, LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$29,233 par, due 6/2017)	8/28/2012	L + 8.25%	9.75%	\$ 29,136	\$ 29,159	3.1%
	First-lien revolving loan (\$1,417 par, due 6/2017)	8/28/2012	P + 7.00%	10.75%	1,401	1,403	0.1%
					<u>30,537</u>	<u>30,562</u>	<u>3.2%</u>
Beverage, food and tobacco							
AFS Technologies, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$61,542 par, due 3/2020)	3/3/2014	L + 7.75%	8.75%	60,698	57,850	6.1%
Business services							
Action Corporation (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$54,982 par, due 4/2018)	4/11/2013	L + 6.50%	7.50%	54,366	56,219	5.9%
Clarabridge, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$19,719 par, due 4/2019)	5/20/2015	L + 8.00%	9.00%	19,446	19,774	2.1%
Idera, Inc. (3)(11)	First-lien loan (\$61,875 par, due 4/2021)	10/9/2015	L + 5.50%	6.50%	56,817	61,875	6.5%
Leaf US Holdings, Inc. (3)(4)	First-lien loan (\$27,090 par, due 6/2019)	6/30/2014	L + 6.50%	7.50%	26,752	27,163	2.9%
Motus, LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$20,157 par, due 7/2021)	7/29/2016	L + 10.00%	11.00% (incl. 3.00% PIK)	19,690	20,106	2.1%
Qlik Technologies, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$40,399 par, due 8/2022)	8/22/2016	L + 8.25%	9.25%	39,691	40,096	4.2%
SailPoint Technologies, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$27,500 par, due 8/2021)	8/16/2016	L + 8.00%	9.00%	26,973	27,285	2.9%
Sovos Compliance, LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$29,177 par, due 3/2022)	7/1/2016	L + 7.25%	8.25%	28,621	29,027	3.0%
Tibco Software (3)(11)	First-lien loan (\$247 par, due 12/2020)	1/26/2016	L + 5.50%	6.50%	218	248	0.0%
					<u>272,574</u>	<u>281,793</u>	<u>29.6%</u>
Chemicals							
Vertellus Specialties, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$4,967 par, due 4/2018)	10/31/2016	L + 9.00%	10.00%	4,937	4,942	0.5%
	Second-lien loan (\$3,341 par, due 10/2021)	10/31/2016	L + 12.00%	13.00%	3,341	3,350	0.4%
					<u>8,278</u>	<u>8,292</u>	<u>0.9%</u>
Education							
Finalsite Holdings, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$45,000 par, due 8/2022)	8/31/2016	L + 7.00%	8.00%	43,830	44,325	4.7%
Frontline Technologies Group LLC (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$54,725 par, due 4/2021)	4/1/2016	L + 6.75%	7.75%	53,447	54,862	5.8%
					<u>97,277</u>	<u>99,187</u>	<u>10.5%</u>
Electronics							

MyAlarm Center, LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$63,761 par, due 1/2019)	1/9/2014	L + 8.00%	9.00%	63,342	64,568	6.8%
APX Group Inc. (11)	Senior notes 8.75% (\$5,470 par, due 12/2020)	12/11/2014	8.75%	8.75%	4,717	5,511	0.6%
					<u>68,059</u>	<u>70,079</u>	<u>7.4%</u>
Financial services							
AppStar Financial, LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$22,200 par, due 8/2020)	8/18/2015	L + 8.00%	9.00%	21,781	22,261	2.3%
AvidXchange, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$53,528 par, due 8/2020)	8/7/2015	L + 9.50%	10.50% (incl. 2.38% PIK)	52,779	53,394	5.6%
Network Merchants, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$25,782 par, due 9/2018)	9/12/2013	L + 6.50%	7.75%	25,585	25,981	2.7%
PayLease, LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$34,502 par, due 3/2020)	3/6/2015	L + 9.00%	10.00% (incl. 2.50% PIK)	33,979	34,700	3.6%
Smarsh, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$30,000 par, due 1/2021)	1/7/2016	L + 7.50%	8.50%	29,343	30,300	3.2%
					<u>163,467</u>	<u>166,636</u>	<u>17.4%</u>
Healthcare							
Helix Health, Ltd. (3)(4)	First-lien loan (EUR 40,573 par, due 9/2019)	9/30/2014	L + 10.50%	11.50%	47,830	44,934 (EUR 43,158)	4.7%
	First-lien revolving loan (EUR 300 par, due 9/2019)	9/30/2014	L + 10.50%	11.50%	253	527 (EUR 500)	0.1%
MatrixCare, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$44,663 par, due 12/2021)	12/17/2015	L + 5.25%	6.25%	43,959	45,109	4.7%
MedeAnalytics, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$47,066 par, due 9/2020)	9/30/2015	L + 8.50%	9.50% (incl. 2.50% PIK)	45,920	47,184	5.0%
Quantros, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$29,775 par, due 2/2021)	2/29/2016	L + 7.75%	8.75%	28,894	29,849	3.1%
SRS Software, LLC (3)	First-lien loan (\$30,000 par, due 12/2017)	12/28/2012	L + 7.50%	8.75%	29,820	30,000	3.2%
	First-lien revolving loan (\$2,000 par, due 12/2017)	12/28/2012	L + 7.50%	8.75%	1,991	2,000	0.2%
					<u>198,667</u>	<u>199,603</u>	<u>21.0%</u>
Hotel, gaming, and leisure							
CrunchTime Information Systems, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$26,104 par, due 4/2020)	4/16/2015	L + 8.50%	9.27% (incl. 2.50% PIK)	25,643	26,104	2.7%
IRGSE Holding Corp. (3)(7)	First-lien loan (\$21,311 par, due 9/2019)	9/29/2015	L + 9.50%	10.50% (incl. 5.00% PIK)	21,311	18,807	2.0%
	First-lien revolver loan (\$14,755 par, due 9/2019)	9/29/2015	L + 9.50%	10.50% (incl. 5.00% PIK)	14,755	13,021	1.4%
Soho House (4)(11)	Second-lien bond (GBP 12,875 par, due 10/2018)	9/20/2013	9.13%	9.13%	20,618	16,227 (GBP 13,133)	1.7%
					<u>82,327</u>	<u>74,159</u>	<u>7.8%</u>

Human resource support services							
Bullhorn, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$45,000 par, due 11/2020)	11/12/2015	L + 7.50%	8.50%	44,095	45,225	4.7%
Saba Software, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$54,175 par, due 3/2021)	3/30/2015	L + 8.75%	9.75%	53,680	54,310	5.7%
Skillsoft (3)(11)	First-lien loan (\$9,571 par, due 4/2021)	11/5/2015	L + 4.75%	5.84%	7,629	8,709	0.9%
					<u>105,404</u>	<u>108,244</u>	<u>11.3%</u>
Insurance							
Insurity, Inc. (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$64,978 par, due 10/2020)	10/31/2014	L + 6.25%	7.25%	64,423	65,952	6.9%
Internet services							
Highwinds Capital, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$47,988 par, due 7/2018)	3/7/2014	L + 7.50%	9.00%	47,679	48,588	5.1%
	First-lien revolving loan (\$3,000 par, due 7/2018)	3/7/2014	L + 7.50%	9.00%	2,985	3,038	0.3%
					<u>50,664</u>	<u>51,626</u>	<u>5.4%</u>
Manufacturing							
Power Solutions International, Inc. (3)	ABL FILO term loan (\$53,550 par, due 6/2021)	6/28/2016	L + 9.75%	10.75%	47,285	52,613	5.5%
ScentAir Technologies, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$19,986 par, due 12/2019)	12/30/2014	L + 6.50%	7.50%	19,717	20,263	2.1%
					<u>67,002</u>	<u>72,876</u>	<u>7.6%</u>
Marketing Services							
Marketo, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$28,125 par, due 8/2021)	8/16/2016	L + 9.50%	10.50%	27,278	27,750	2.9%
Office products							
Ecommerce Industries, Inc. (3)	First-lien loan (\$36,529 par, due 3/2019)	3/11/2014	L + 6.25%	7.25%	36,366	36,627	3.8%
Oil, gas and consumable fuels							
Key Energy Services (3)(11)	First-lien loan (\$10,771 par, due 12/2021)	5/27/2015	L + 10.25%	11.25%	10,454	10,717	1.1%
Mississippi Resources, LLC (3)(7)	First-lien loan (\$51,537 par, due 6/2018)	6/4/2014	L + 12.00%	13.00% (incl. 1.50% PIK)	51,078	33,885	3.6%
					<u>61,532</u>	<u>44,602</u>	<u>4.7%</u>
Pharmaceuticals							
Nektar Therapeutics (4)(5)(9)	Secured note (\$74,950 par, due 10/2020)	10/5/2015	7.75%	7.75%	74,184	74,575	7.8%
Retail and consumer products							
American Achievement Corporation (3)(5)	First-lien loan (\$23,918 par, due 9/2020)	9/30/2015	L + 7.25%	8.25%	23,652	23,858	2.5%
Destination Maternity Corporation (3)(5)	ABL FILO term loan (\$17,371 par, due 3/2021)	3/25/2016	L + 7.50%	8.50%	17,013	17,328	1.8%
Payless Inc. (3)	ABL FILO term loan (\$50,000 par, due 3/2019)	10/3/2016	L + 7.00%	8.00%	48,736	49,125	5.2%
Quiksilver - Boardriders SA (11)	Bond (EUR 5,699 par, due 12/2020)	5/26/2015	L + 8.50%	9.50%	6,036	5,170 (EUR 4,901)	0.5%
Sears (3)(4)(6)(11)	First-lien loan (\$3,642 par, due 6/2018)	1/28/2016	L + 4.50%	5.50%	3,457	3,487	0.4%

	First-lien ABL loan (\$22,727 par, due 7/2020)	3/18/2016	L + 7.50%	8.50%	22,143	22,727	2.4%
Toys 'R' Us-Delaware, Inc. (3)(11)	ABL FILO term loan (\$25,500 par, due 10/2019)	10/9/2014	L + 7.25%	8.25%	25,349	25,118	2.6%
					<u>146,386</u>	<u>146,813</u>	<u>15.4%</u>
Transportation							
Carrix, Inc. (3)(11)	First-lien loan (\$12,878 par, due 1/2019)	3/17/2015	L + 3.50%	4.50%	12,342	12,610	1.3%
					<u>1,627,465</u>	<u>1,629,836</u>	<u>171.0%</u>
Total Debt Investments							
Equity and Other Investments							
Chemicals							
Vertellus Specialties, Inc.	Common Units (2,672,990 units)	10/31/2016			3,828	3,627	0.4%
Financial services							
AvidXchange, Inc.	Series E Preferred Equity (214,132 shares)	8/7/2015			3,846	4,548	0.5%
Network Merchants, Inc.	Non-Voting Preferred Units (774,099 units)	9/12/2013			780	1,550	0.2%
TICC Capital Corp. (4)(12)	Common Shares (995,419 shares)	8/5/2015			6,673	6,580	0.7%
					<u>11,299</u>	<u>12,678</u>	<u>1.4%</u>
Healthcare							
Global Healthcare Exchange, LLC	Common Shares Class A (358 shares)	3/11/2014			358	369	0.0%
	Common Shares Class B (196 shares)	3/11/2014			6	515	0.1%
Helix Health, Ltd. (4)	Warrants	9/30/2014			877	(EUR 648)	0.1%
SRS Parent Corp.	Common Shares Class A (1,980 shares)	12/28/2012			1,980	1,015	0.1%
	Common Shares Class B (2,953,020 shares)	12/28/2012			20	10	0.0%
					<u>3,241</u>	<u>2,594</u>	<u>0.3%</u>
Hotel, gaming, and leisure							
IRGSE Holding Corp. (7)	Class A Units (5,000,000 units)	9/29/2015			3,897	98	0.0%
	Class C-1 Units (8,800,000 units)	9/29/2015			100	48	0.0%
					<u>3,997</u>	<u>146</u>	<u>0.0%</u>
Oil, gas and consumable fuels							
Mississippi Resources, LLC (7)	Class A Member Units (933 units)	6/4/2014			8,874	—	0.0%
Other							
Oak Hill Credit Partners VIII, Ltd. (4)(6)(11)	Structured Product (Class F Notes)	8/21/2015	L + 5.50%	6.38%	3,345	3,162	0.3%
Symphony CLO XV, Ltd. (4)(6)(11)	Structured Product (Class F Notes)	11/17/2014	L + 5.75%	6.63%	5,638	5,360	0.6%
					<u>8,983</u>	<u>8,522</u>	<u>0.9%</u>
Total Equity and Other Investments							
					<u>40,222</u>	<u>27,567</u>	<u>2.8%</u>
Total Investments							
					<u>\$ 1,667,687</u>	<u>\$ 1,657,403</u>	<u>173.8%</u>

Interest Rate Swaps as of December 31, 2016

	Company Receives (a)	Company Pays (a)	Maturity Date	Notional Amount	Fair Market Value	Upfront Payments / Receipts	Unrealized Appreciation / Depreciation
Interest rate swap	L	1.16%	10/5/2018	92,500	276	—	276
Interest rate swap	4.50%	L + 2.86%	12/15/2019	115,000	(207)	—	(207)
Total				\$ 207,500	\$ 69	\$ —	\$ 69

(a) Contains a variable rate structure. Bears interest at a rate determined by three-month LIBOR.

- (1) Certain portfolio company investments are subject to contractual restrictions on sales.
- (2) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts and premiums, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.
- (3) Investment contains a variable rate structure, subject to an interest rate floor. Variable rate investments bear interest at a rate that may be determined by reference to either London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR” or “L”) (which can include one-, two-, three- or six-month LIBOR) or an alternate base rate (which can include the Federal Funds Effective Rate or the Prime Rate or “P”), at the borrower’s option, which reset periodically based on the terms of the credit agreement. For investments with multiple interest rate contracts, the interest rate shown is the weighted average interest rate in effect at December 31, 2016.
- (4) This portfolio company is not a qualifying asset under Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act. Under the 1940 Act, the Company may not acquire any non-qualifying asset unless, at the time such acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of total assets. Non-qualifying assets represented 12.3% of total assets as of December 31, 2016.
- (5) In addition to the interest earned based on the stated interest rate of this investment, which is the amount reflected in this schedule, the Company may be entitled to receive additional interest as a result of an arrangement with other members in the syndicate to the extent an investment has been allocated to “first out” and “last out” tranches, whereby the “first out” tranche will have priority as to the “last out” tranche with respect to payments of principal, interest and any amounts due thereunder and the Company hold the “last out” tranche.
- (6) Contains a variable rate structure. Bears interest at a rate determined by three-month LIBOR.
- (7) Under the 1940 Act, the Company is deemed to be both an “Affiliated Person” of and “Control,” as such terms are defined in the 1940 Act, this portfolio company, as the Company owns more than 25% of the portfolio company’s outstanding voting securities or has the power to exercise control over management or policies of such portfolio company (including through a management agreement). Transactions during the year ended December 31, 2016 in which the issuer was an Affiliated Person of and was deemed to Control a portfolio company are as follows:

Controlled, Affiliated Investments during the year ended December 31, 2016

Company	Fair Value at December 31, 2015	Gross Additions (a)	Gross Reductions (b)	Net Change In Unrealized Gain/(Loss)	Realized Gain/(Losses)	Fair Value at December 31, 2016	Other Income	Interest Income
Mississippi Resources, LLC	\$ 36,682	\$ 5,491	\$ (494)	\$ (7,794)	\$ —	\$ 33,885	\$ 200	\$ 6,746
IRGSE Holding Corp.	26,816	8,358	—	(3,200)	—	31,974	4	3,229
Total	\$ 63,498	\$ 13,849	\$ (494)	\$ (10,994)	\$ —	\$ 65,859	\$ 204	\$ 9,975

(a) Gross additions include increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new investments, payment-in-kind interest or dividends, the amortization of any unearned income or discounts on debt investments, as applicable.

(b) Gross reductions include decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal collections related to investment repayments or sales, and the amortization of any premiums on debt investments, as applicable.

- (8) As of December 31, 2016, the tax cost of the Company’s investments approximates the amortized cost.
- (9) Notes contain a fixed rate structure. The Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement to swap to a floating rate. Refer to Note 5 for further information related to the Company’s interest rate swaps on investments.
- (10) In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification 820, *Fair Value Measurements* (“ASC 820”), unless otherwise indicated, the fair values of all investments were determined using significant unobservable inputs and are considered Level 3 investments. See Note 6 for further information related to investments at fair value.
- (11) This investment is valued using observable inputs and is considered a Level 2 investment. See Note 6 for further information related to investments at fair value.
- (12) This investment is valued using observable inputs and is considered a Level 1 investment. See Note 6 for further information related to investments at fair value.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets
(Amounts in thousands)
(Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations		
Net investment income	\$ 93,380	\$ 79,265
Net change in unrealized gains	5,694	23,148
Net realized gains (losses)	(14,211)	1,871
Increase in Net Assets Resulting from Operations	<u>84,863</u>	<u>104,284</u>
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Capital Share Transactions		
Issuance of common shares, net of offering and underwriting costs	—	78,250
Reinvestment of dividends	7,262	8,028
Purchases of treasury stock	—	(1,329)
Dividends declared from net investment income	(77,950)	(69,505)
Issuance of Convertible Senior Notes	356	—
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Capital Share Transactions	<u>(70,332)</u>	<u>15,444</u>
Total Increase in Net Assets	<u>14,531</u>	<u>119,728</u>
Net assets, beginning of period	952,212	820,741
Net Assets, End of Period	<u>\$ 966,743</u>	<u>\$ 940,469</u>
Undistributed Net Investment Income Included in Net Assets at the End of the Period	<u>\$ 58,866</u>	<u>\$ 36,379</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Amounts in thousands)
(Unaudited)

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 84,863	\$ 104,284
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets resulting from operations to net cash provided by (used) in operating activities:		
Net change in unrealized gains on investments	(15,448)	(21,609)
Net change in unrealized (gains) losses on foreign currency transactions	10,359	(436)
Net change in unrealized gains on interest rate swaps	(605)	(1,103)
Net realized (gains) losses on investments	14,768	(1,920)
Net realized (gains) losses on foreign currency transactions	(339)	13
Net amortization of discount on investments	(25,568)	(12,342)
Amortization of deferred financing costs	2,354	1,732
Amortization of discount on Convertible Senior Notes	502	440
Purchases and originations of investments, net	(742,736)	(643,792)
Proceeds from investments, net	92,526	36,179
Repayments on investments	783,768	490,333
Paid-in-kind interest	(5,045)	(6,721)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Interest receivable	1,563	(401)
Interest receivable paid-in-kind	197	(147)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(11,648)	2,333
Management fees payable to affiliate	(274)	615
Incentive fees payable to affiliate	672	1,469
Payable to affiliate	2,017	(181)
Other liabilities	4,601	(2,783)
Net Cash Provided by (Used) in Operating Activities	<u>196,527</u>	<u>(54,037)</u>
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Borrowings on debt	849,000	476,363
Repayments on debt	(968,893)	(438,385)
Deferred financing costs	(3,922)	—
Proceeds from issuance of common stock, net of offering and underwriting costs	—	78,250
Purchases of treasury stock	—	(1,329)
Dividends paid to stockholders	(70,548)	(59,365)
Net Cash Provided by (Used) in Financing Activities	<u>(194,363)</u>	<u>55,534</u>
Net Increase in Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash	<u>2,164</u>	<u>1,497</u>
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash, beginning of period	5,954	2,431
Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Restricted Cash, End of Period	<u>\$ 8,118</u>	<u>\$ 3,928</u>
Supplemental Information:		
Interest paid during the period	\$ 15,030	\$ 15,279
Excise taxes paid during the period	\$ 2,100	\$ 1,500
Dividends declared during the period	\$ 77,950	\$ 69,505
Reinvestment of dividends during the period	\$ 7,262	\$ 8,028

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)
(Amounts in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

Organization

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. (“TSLX” or the “Company”) is a Delaware corporation formed on July 21, 2010. The Company was formed primarily to lend to, and selectively invest in, middle-market companies in the United States. The Company has elected to be regulated as a business development company (“BDC”) under the 1940 Act. In addition, for tax purposes, the Company has elected to be treated as a regulated investment company (“RIC”) under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”). TSLX is managed by TSL Advisers, LLC (the “Adviser”). On June 1, 2011, the Company formed a wholly-owned subsidiary, TC Lending, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company. On March 22, 2012, the Company formed a wholly-owned subsidiary, TPG SL SPV, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (“TPG SL SPV”). On May 19, 2014, the Company formed a wholly-owned subsidiary, TSL MR, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company.

On March 21, 2014, the Company completed its initial public offering (“IPO”) and the Company’s shares began trading on the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) under the symbol “TSLX.”

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”), and include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for the fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements for the periods presented, have been included. The results of operations for interim periods are not indicative of results to be expected for the full year. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Certain financial information that is normally included in annual financial statements, including certain financial statement footnotes, prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, is not required for interim reporting purposes and has been condensed or omitted herein. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s consolidated financial statements and notes related thereto included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), on February 22, 2017.

Certain prior period information has been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation. These reclassifications have no effect on the Company’s financial position or its results of operations as previously reported.

The Company is an investment company and, therefore, applies the specialized accounting and reporting guidance in Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) Topic 946, *Financial Services – Investment Companies*.

Fiscal Year End

The Company’s fiscal year ends on December 31.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates and such differences could be material.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents may consist of demand deposits, highly liquid investments (e.g., money market funds, U.S. Treasury notes, and similar type instruments) with original maturities of three months or less, and restricted cash pledged as collateral. Cash and cash equivalents denominated in U.S. dollars are carried at cost, which approximates fair value. The Company deposits its cash and cash equivalents with highly-rated banking corporations and, at times, cash deposits may exceed the insured limits under applicable law.

Investments at Fair Value

Loan originations are recorded on the date of the binding commitment, which is generally the funding date. Investment transactions purchased through the secondary markets are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains or losses are measured by the difference between the net proceeds received (excluding prepayment fees, if any) and the amortized cost basis of the investment without regard to unrealized gains or losses previously recognized, and include investments charged off during the period, net of recoveries. The net change in unrealized gains or losses reflects the change in investment values and also includes the reversal of previously recorded unrealized gains or losses with respect to investments realized during the period.

Investments for which market quotations are readily available are typically valued at those market quotations. To validate market quotations, the Company utilizes a number of factors to determine if the quotations are representative of fair value, including the source and number of the quotations. Debt and equity securities that are not publicly traded or whose market prices are not readily available, as is the case for substantially all of our investments, are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by the Company's Board of Directors (the "Board"), based on, among other things, the input of the Adviser, the Company's Audit Committee and independent third-party valuation firms engaged at the direction of the Board.

As part of the valuation process, the Board takes into account relevant factors in determining the fair value of its investments, including: the estimated enterprise value of a portfolio company (that is, the total value of the portfolio company's net debt and equity), the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company's ability to make payments based on its earnings and cash flow, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, a comparison of the portfolio company's securities to any similar publicly traded securities, and overall changes in the interest rate environment and the credit markets that may affect the price at which similar investments may be made in the future. When an external event such as a purchase transaction, public offering or subsequent equity sale occurs, the Board considers whether the pricing indicated by the external event corroborates its valuation.

The Board undertakes a multi-step valuation process, which includes, among other procedures, the following:

- The valuation process begins with each investment being initially valued by the investment professionals responsible for the portfolio investment in conjunction with the portfolio management team.
- The Adviser's management reviews the preliminary valuations with the investment professionals. Agreed upon valuation recommendations are presented to the Audit Committee.
- The Audit Committee reviews the valuations presented and recommends values for each investment to the Board.
- The Board reviews the recommended valuations and determines the fair value of each investment; valuations that are not based on readily available market quotations are valued in good faith based on, among other things, the input of the Adviser, Audit Committee and, where applicable, other third parties including independent third-party valuation firms engaged at the direction of the Board.

The Company conducts this valuation process on a quarterly basis.

The Board has engaged independent third-party valuation firms to perform certain limited procedures that the Board has identified and requested them to perform in connection with the valuation process. At September 30, 2017, the independent third-party valuation firms performed their procedures over substantially all of the Company's investments. Upon completion of such limited procedures, the third-party valuation firms determined that the fair value, as determined by the Board, of those investments subjected to their limited procedures, appeared reasonable.

The Company applies Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification 820, *Fair Value Measurement* "ASC 820", as amended, which establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accordance with U.S. GAAP and required disclosures of fair value measurements. ASC 820 determines fair value to be the price that would be received for an investment in a current sale, which assumes an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. Market participants are defined as buyers and sellers in the principal or most advantageous market that are independent, knowledgeable, and willing and able to transact. In accordance with ASC 820, the Company considers its principal market to be the market that has the greatest volume and level of activity. ASC 820 specifies a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes and ranks the level of observability of inputs used in determination of fair value. In accordance with ASC 820, these levels are summarized below:

- Level 1—Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2—Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3—Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

Transfers between levels, if any, are recognized at the beginning of the quarter in which the transfers occur. In addition to using the above inputs in investment valuations, the Company applies the valuation policy approved by its Board that is consistent with ASC 820. Consistent with the valuation policy, the Company evaluates the source of inputs, including any markets in which its investments are trading (or any markets in which securities with similar attributes are trading), in determining fair value. When a security is valued based on prices provided by reputable dealers or pricing services (that is, broker quotes), the Company subjects those prices to various additional criteria in making the determination as to whether a particular investment would qualify for treatment as a Level 2 or Level 3 investment. For example, the Company reviews pricing provided by dealers or pricing services in order to determine if observable market information is being used, versus unobservable inputs. Some additional factors considered include the number of prices obtained as well as an assessment as to their quality, such as the depth of the relevant market relative to the size of the Company's position.

Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of the Company's investments may fluctuate from period to period. Additionally, the fair value of such investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments and may differ materially from the values that may ultimately be realized. Further, such investments are generally less liquid than publicly traded securities and may be subject to contractual and other restrictions on resale. If the Company were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, it could realize amounts that are different from the amounts presented and such differences could be material.

In addition, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investments may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the unrealized gains or losses reflected herein.

Financial and Derivative Instruments

The Company recognizes all derivative instruments as assets or liabilities at fair value in its consolidated financial statements. Derivative contracts entered into by the Company are not designated as hedging instruments, and as a result the Company presents changes in fair value through current period earnings.

In the normal course of business, the Company has commitments and risks resulting from its investment transactions, which may include those involving derivative instruments. Derivative instruments are measured in terms of the notional contract amount and derive their value based upon one or more underlying instruments. While the notional amount gives some indication of the Company's derivative activity, it generally is not exchanged, but is only used as the basis on which interest and other payments are exchanged. Derivative instruments are subject to various risks similar to non-derivative instruments including market, credit, liquidity, and operational risks. The Company manages these risks on an aggregate basis as part of its risk management process.

Derivatives, including the Company's interest rate swaps, for which broker quotes are available are typically valued at those broker quotes.

Offsetting Assets and Liabilities

Foreign currency forward contract and interest rate swap receivables or payables pending settlement are offset, and the net amount is included with receivable or payable for foreign currency forward contracts or interest rate swaps in the consolidated balance sheets when, and only when, they are with the same counterparty, the Company has the legal right to offset the recognized amounts, and it intends to either settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Foreign Currency

Foreign currency amounts are translated into U.S. dollars on the following basis:

- cash and cash equivalents, market value of investments, outstanding debt on revolving credit facilities, other assets and liabilities: at the spot exchange rate on the last business day of the period; and
- purchases and sales of investments, borrowings and repayments of such borrowings, income and expenses: at the rates of exchange prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions.

Although net assets and fair values are presented based on the applicable foreign exchange rates described above, the Company does not isolate that portion of the results of operations resulting from changes in foreign exchange rates on investments from the fluctuations arising from changes in fair values of investments held. Such fluctuations are included with the net realized and unrealized gain or loss from investments. The Company's current approach to hedging the foreign currency exposure in its non-U.S.

dollar denominated investments is primarily to borrow the par amount in local currency under the Company's Revolving Credit Facility to fund these investments. Fluctuations arising from the translation of foreign currency borrowings are included with the net change in unrealized gains (losses) on translation of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies on the consolidated statements of operations.

Investments denominated in foreign currencies and foreign currency transactions may involve certain considerations and risks not typically associated with those of domestic origin, including unanticipated movements in the value of the foreign currency relative to the U.S. dollar.

Equity Offering Expenses

The Company records expenses related to initial registration statement filings and applicable offering costs as deferred financing costs in other assets and a portion of these expenses are charged as a reduction of capital upon completion of an offering of registered securities. The costs associated with subsequent renewals of the Company's shelf registration statement are expensed as incurred.

Debt Issuance Costs

The Company records origination and other expenses related to its debt obligations as deferred financing costs, which are presented as a direct deduction from the carrying value of the related debt liability. These expenses are deferred and amortized using the effective interest method, or straight-line method, over the stated maturity of the obligation.

Interest and Dividend Income Recognition

Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis and includes the amortization of discounts and premiums. Discounts and premiums to par value on securities purchased or originated are amortized into interest income over the contractual life of the respective security using the effective interest method. The amortized cost of investments represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts and premiums, if any.

Unless providing services in connection with an investment, such as syndication, structuring or diligence, all or a portion of any loan fees received by the Company will be deferred and amortized over the investment's life using the effective interest method.

Loans are generally placed on non-accrual status when principal or interest payments are past due 30 days or more or when management has reasonable doubt that the borrower will pay principal or interest in full. Accrued and unpaid interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to principal depending upon management's judgment regarding collectability. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest has been paid and, in management's judgment, the borrower is likely to make principal and interest payments in the future. Management may determine to not place a loan on non-accrual status if, notwithstanding any failure to pay, the loan has sufficient collateral value and is in the process of collection.

Dividend income on preferred equity securities is recorded on an accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are payable by the portfolio company and are expected to be collected. Dividend income on common equity securities is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly-traded portfolio companies.

Other Income

From time to time, the Company may receive fees for services provided to portfolio companies by the Adviser. The services that the Adviser provides vary by investment, but may include syndication, structuring, diligence, or other service-based fees, and fees for providing managerial assistance to our portfolio companies and are recognized as revenue when earned.

Reimbursement of Transaction-Related Expenses

The Company may receive reimbursement for certain transaction-related expenses in pursuing investments. Transaction-related expenses, which are expected to be reimbursed by third parties, are typically deferred until the transaction is consummated and are recorded in Prepaid expenses and other assets on the date incurred. The transaction-related costs of pursuing investments not otherwise reimbursed are borne by the Company and for successfully completed investments included as a component of the investment's cost basis. Subsequent to closing, investments are recorded at fair value at each reporting period.

Cash advances received in respect of transaction-related expenses are recorded as cash and cash equivalents with an offset to Other liabilities or Payables to affiliates. Other liabilities or Payables to affiliates are relieved as reimbursable expenses are incurred.

Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. The Company also has elected to be treated as a RIC under the Internal Revenue Code. So long as the Company maintains its status as a RIC, it will generally not pay corporate-level U.S. federal income or excise taxes on any ordinary income or capital gains that it distributes at least annually to its stockholders as dividends. As a result, any tax liability related to income earned and distributed by the Company represents obligations of the Company's stockholders and will not be reflected in the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

The Company evaluates tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing its financial statements to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" to be sustained by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the "more-likely-than-not" threshold are reserved and recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. All penalties and interest associated with income taxes are included in income tax expense. Conclusions regarding tax positions are subject to review and may be adjusted at a later date based on factors including, but not limited to, on-going analyses of tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof.

Dividends to Common Stockholders

The amount to be paid out as a dividend is determined by the Board and is generally based upon the earnings estimated by the Adviser. Net realized long-term capital gains, if any, would generally be distributed at least annually, although the Company may decide to retain such capital gains.

The Company has adopted a dividend reinvestment plan that provides for reinvestment of any dividends declared in cash on behalf of stockholders, unless a stockholder elects to receive cash. As a result, if the Board authorizes, and it declares, a cash dividend, then the stockholders who have not "opted out" of the dividend reinvestment plan will have their cash dividends automatically reinvested in additional shares of the Company's common stock, rather than receiving the cash dividend. The Company expects to use newly issued shares to satisfy the dividend reinvestment plan.

Accounting Standards Adopted in 2017

In November 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update 2016-18 ("ASU 2016-18"), "Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230) - Restricted Cash." The standard requires an entity's reconciliation of the beginning-of-period and end-of-period total amounts shown on the statement of cash flows to include in cash and cash equivalents amounts generally described as restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents. ASU 2016-18 is effective for public business entities for annual and interim periods in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. The Company adopted this guidance during the quarter ended March 31, 2017 and adjusted the prior period consolidated statement of cash flows to reflect the change.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Accounting Standards Update 2014-09 ("ASU 2014-09"), "Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)." The guidance in this ASU supersedes the revenue recognition requirements in Topic 605, Revenue Recognition. Under the new guidance, an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The amendments in ASU 2014-09 are effective for public companies for interim and annual periods in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2017, with early adoption permitted for interim and annual periods in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016. The Company expects that the adoption of this guidance will not have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

3. Agreements and Related Party Transactions

Administration Agreement

On March 15, 2011, the Company entered into the Administration Agreement with the Adviser. Under the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser provides administrative services to the Company. These services include providing office space, equipment and office services, maintaining financial records, preparing reports to stockholders and reports filed with the SEC, and managing the payment of expenses and the performance of administrative and professional services rendered by others. Certain of these services are reimbursable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administration Agreement. In addition, the Adviser is permitted to delegate its duties under the Administration Agreement to affiliates or third parties and the Company pays or reimburses the Adviser for certain expenses incurred by any such affiliates or third parties for work done on its behalf.

On November 7, 2017, the Board renewed the Administration Agreement. Unless earlier terminated as described below, the Administration Agreement will remain in effect until November 2018, and may be extended subject to required approvals. The Administration Agreement may be terminated by either party without penalty on 60 days' written notice to the other party.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company incurred expenses of \$1.0 million and \$3.0 million, respectively, for administrative services payable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administration Agreement. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company incurred expenses of \$0.7 million and \$2.4 million, respectively, for administrative services payable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administration Agreement.

No person who is an officer, director or employee of the Adviser or its affiliates and who serves as a director of the Company receives any compensation from the Company for his or her services as a director. However, the Company reimburses the Adviser (or its affiliates) for an allocable portion of the compensation paid by the Adviser or its affiliates to the Company's Chief Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and other professionals who spend time on such related activities (based on the percentage of time those individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to the business and affairs of the Company). Directors who are not affiliated with the Adviser receive compensation for their services and reimbursement of expenses incurred to attend meetings.

Investment Advisory Agreement

On April 15, 2011, the Company entered into the Investment Advisory Agreement with the Adviser. The Investment Advisory Agreement was subsequently amended on December 12, 2011. Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Adviser will provide investment advisory services to the Company. The Adviser's services under the Investment Advisory Agreement are not exclusive, and the Adviser is free to furnish similar or other services to others so long as its services to the Company are not impaired. Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, the Company will pay the Adviser the Management Fee and may also pay certain Incentive Fees.

The Management Fee is calculated at an annual rate of 1.5% based on the average value of the Company's gross assets calculated using the values at the end of the two most recently completed calendar quarters, adjusted for any share issuances or repurchases during the period. The Management Fee is payable quarterly in arrears.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, Management Fees were \$6.0 million and \$18.0 million, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, Management Fees were \$6.2 million and \$18.0 million, respectively.

For the periods ended December 31, 2016 and prior, the Adviser voluntarily waived the Management Fee on the Company's ownership of shares of common stock in TICC Capital Corp. (the "TICC Shares"). The Adviser did not waive any Management Fees for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, Management Fees of less than \$0.1 million were waived, consisting solely of Management Fees attributable to the Company's ownership of the TICC Shares.

The Incentive Fee consists of two parts, as follows:

- (i) The first component, payable at the end of each quarter in arrears, equals 100% of the pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of a 1.5% quarterly "hurdle rate," the calculation of which is further explained below, until the Adviser has received 17.5% of the total pre-Incentive Fee net investment income for that quarter and, for pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of 1.82% quarterly, 17.5% of all remaining pre-Incentive Fee net investment income for that quarter. The 100% "catch-up" provision for pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of the 1.5% "hurdle rate" is intended to provide the Adviser with an incentive fee of 17.5% on all pre-Incentive Fee net investment income when that amount equals 1.82% in a quarter (7.28% annualized), which is the rate at which catch-up is achieved. Once the "hurdle rate" is reached and catch-up is achieved, 17.5% of any pre-Incentive Fee net investment income in excess of 1.82% in any quarter is payable to the Adviser.

Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income means dividends, interest and fee income accrued by the Company during the calendar quarter, minus the Company's operating expenses for the quarter (including the Management Fee, expenses payable under the Administration Agreement to the Administrator, and any interest expense and dividends paid on any issued and outstanding preferred stock, but excluding the Incentive Fee). Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest feature (such as original issue discount, debt instruments with pay-in-kind interest and zero coupon securities), accrued income that the Company may not have received in cash. Pre-Incentive Fee net investment income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation.

- (ii) The second component, payable at the end of each fiscal year in arrears, equaled 15% through March 31, 2014 and, beginning April 1, 2014, equals a weighted percentage of cumulative realized capital gains from the Company's inception to the end of

that fiscal year, less cumulative realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation. This component of the Incentive Fee is referred to as the Capital Gains Fee. Each year, the fee paid for this component of the Incentive Fee is net of the aggregate amount of any previously paid Capital Gains Fee for prior periods. For capital gains that accrue following March 31, 2014, the Incentive Fee rate is 17.5%. The Company accrues, but does not pay, a capital gains Incentive Fee with respect to unrealized capital appreciation because a capital gains Incentive Fee would be owed to the Adviser if the Company were to sell the relevant investment and realize a capital gain. The weighted percentage is intended to ensure that for each fiscal year following the completion of the IPO, the portion of the Company's realized capital gains that accrued prior to March 31, 2014, is subject to an incentive fee rate of 15% and the portion of the Company's realized capital gains that accrued beginning April 1, 2014 is subject to an incentive fee rate of 17.5%.

For purposes of determining whether pre-Incentive Fee net investment income exceeds the hurdle rate, pre-Incentive Fee net investment income is expressed as a rate of return on the value of the Company's net assets at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter.

Section 205(b)(3) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended, prohibits the Adviser from receiving the payment of fees on unrealized gains until those gains are realized, if ever. There can be no assurance that such unrealized gains will be realized in the future.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, Incentive Fees were \$6.6 million and \$19.8 million, respectively, of which \$6.6 million and \$19.8 million, respectively, were realized and payable to the Adviser. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, Incentive Fees were \$6.5 million and \$16.8 million, respectively, of which \$6.5 million and \$16.8 million, respectively, were realized and payable to the Adviser.

For the periods ended December 31, 2016 and prior, the Adviser voluntarily waived the Incentive Fees attributable to pre-Incentive Fee net investment income accrued by the Company as a result of the Company's ownership of the TICC Shares. The Adviser did not waive any part of the Capital Gains Fee attributable to the Company's ownership of the TICC Shares and, accordingly, any realized capital gains or losses and unrealized capital depreciation with respect to the TICC Shares apply against the Company's cumulative realized capital gains on which the Capital Gains Fee is calculated.

The Adviser did not waive any Incentive Fees for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, Incentive Fees of less than \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million were waived, respectively, consisting solely of Incentive Fees attributable to the Company's ownership of the TICC Shares. Any waived Incentive Fees are not subject to recoupment by the Adviser.

Since the Company's IPO, with the exception of its waiver of Management Fees and certain Incentive Fees attributable to the Company's ownership of the TICC Shares, the Adviser has not waived its right to receive any Management Fees or Incentive Fees payable pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement.

In November 2017, the Board renewed the Investment Advisory Agreement. Unless earlier terminated as described below, the Investment Advisory Agreement will remain in effect until November 2018, and may be extended subject to required approvals. The Investment Advisory Agreement will automatically terminate in the event of an assignment and may be terminated by either party without penalty upon 60 days' written notice to the other party.

From time to time, the Adviser may pay amounts owed by the Company to third-party providers of goods or services, including the Board, and the Company will subsequently reimburse the Adviser for such amounts paid on its behalf. Amounts payable to the Adviser are settled in the normal course of business without formal payment terms.

4. Investments at Fair Value

Under the 1940 Act, the Company is required to separately identify non-controlled investments where it owns 5% or more of a portfolio company's outstanding voting securities as investments in "affiliated" companies and/or had the power to exercise control over the management or policies of such portfolio company. In addition, under the 1940 Act, the Company is required to separately identify investments where it owns more than 25% of a portfolio company's outstanding voting securities and/or had the power to exercise control over the management or policies of such portfolio company as investments in "controlled" companies. Detailed information with respect to the Company's non-controlled, non-affiliated; non-controlled, affiliated; and controlled affiliated investments is contained in the accompanying consolidated financial statements, including the consolidated schedules of investments. The information in the tables below is presented on an aggregate portfolio basis, without regard to whether they are non-controlled non-affiliated, non-controlled affiliated or controlled affiliated investments.

Investments at fair value consisted of the following at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

	September 30, 2017		
	Amortized Cost (1)	Fair Value	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss)
First-lien debt investments	\$ 1,427,887	\$ 1,445,304	\$ 17,417
Second-lien debt investments	62,962	60,909	(2,053)
Mezzanine and unsecured debt investments	—	—	—
Equity and other investments	54,268	44,067	(10,201)
Total Investments	\$ 1,545,117	\$ 1,550,280	\$ 5,163

	December 31, 2016		
	Amortized Cost (1)	Fair Value	Net Unrealized Gain (Loss)
First-lien debt investments	\$ 1,592,753	\$ 1,599,578	\$ 6,825
Second-lien debt investments	23,959	19,577	(4,382)
Mezzanine and unsecured debt investments	10,753	10,681	(72)
Equity and other investments	40,222	27,567	(12,655)
Total Investments	\$ 1,667,687	\$ 1,657,403	\$ (10,284)

- (1) The amortized cost represents the original cost adjusted for the amortization of discounts or premiums, as applicable, on debt investments using the effective interest method.

The industry composition of Investments at fair value at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 is as follows:

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Automotive	1.9%	1.8%
Beverage, food, and tobacco	4.8%	3.5%
Business services	17.2%	17.0%
Chemicals	0.8%	0.7%
Education	8.5%	6.0%
Electronics	—	4.2%
Financial services	14.3%	10.8%
Healthcare	14.3%	12.2%
Hotel, gaming, and leisure	2.1%	4.5%
Human resource support services	4.0%	6.5%
Insurance	4.2%	4.0%
Internet services	—	3.1%
Manufacturing	1.4%	4.4%
Marketing services	4.2%	1.7%
Office products	1.3%	2.2%
Oil, gas and consumable fuels	2.7%	2.7%
Other	0.4%	0.5%
Pharmaceuticals	9.0%	4.5%
Retail and consumer products	8.9%	8.9%
Transportation	—	0.8%
Total	100.0%	100.0%

The geographic composition of Investments at fair value at September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 is as follows:

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
United States		
Midwest	7.7%	12.8%
Northeast	26.4%	29.3%
South	17.7%	24.5%
West	41.2%	28.0%
Canada	3.8%	1.6%
Europe	3.2%	3.8%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

5. Derivatives

Interest Rate Swaps

In January 2015, in connection with its 2019 Convertible Senior Notes, the Company entered into two interest rate swap transactions, each with a \$57.5 million notional amount. The Company receives fixed rate interest at 4.50% and pays variable rate interest based on the three-month London Interbank Offered Rate (“LIBOR”) plus 286 basis points. The swap transactions mature on December 15, 2019.

In November 2015, in connection with a fixed rate investment, the Company entered into two interest rate swap transactions, each with a \$46.3 million notional amount. The Company receives three-month LIBOR and pays fixed rate interest at 1.16%. The swap transactions mature on October 5, 2018.

In January 2017, in connection with a fixed rate investment, the Company entered into an interest rate swap transaction with a \$33.3 million notional amount. On a net basis, the Company receives three-month LIBOR and pays fixed rate interest at 1.7225%. The swap transaction matures on January 10, 2020.

In February 2017, in connection with the issuance of the 2022 Convertible Senior Notes, the Company entered into an interest rate swap transaction with a \$115 million notional amount. The Company receives fixed rate interest at 4.50% and pays variable rate interest based on the three-month LIBOR plus 237.2 basis points. The swap transaction matures on August 1, 2022.

The following tables present the gross and net information on the Company’s interest rate swap transactions that are eligible for offset in the Company’s consolidated balance sheets as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016.

September 30, 2017						
	Maturity Date	Notional Amount	Gross Amount of Recognized Assets	Gross Amount Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheets	Net Amount of Assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheets	Account in the Consolidated Balance Sheets
Interest rate swap (1)	10/5/2018	\$ 92,500	\$ 374	\$ —	\$ 374	Receivable for interest rate swaps
Interest rate swap	12/15/2019	115,000	—	(386)	(386)	Receivable for interest rate swaps
Interest rate swap	1/10/2020	33,333	97	—	97	Receivable for interest rate swaps
Interest rate swap	8/1/2022	115,000	589	—	589	Receivable for interest rate swaps
Total		<u>\$ 355,833</u>	<u>\$ 1,060</u>	<u>\$ (386)</u>	<u>\$ 674</u>	

(1) The notional amount of certain interest rate swaps may exceed the Company’s investment in individual portfolio companies as a result of arrangements with other lenders in the syndicate.

December 31, 2016

	Maturity Date	Notional Amount	Gross Amount of Recognized Assets	Gross Amount Offset in the Consolidated Balance Sheets	Net Amount of Assets in the Consolidated Balance Sheets	Account in the Consolidated Balance Sheets
Interest rate swap (1)	10/5/2018	92,500	276	—	276	Receivable for interest rate swaps
Interest rate swap	12/15/2019	\$ 115,000	\$ —	\$ (207)	\$ (207)	Receivable for interest rate swaps
Total		\$ 207,500	\$ 276	\$ (207)	\$ 69	

(1) The notional amount of certain interest rate swaps may exceed the Company's investment in individual portfolio companies as a result of arrangements with other lenders in the syndicate.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company received \$1.3 million and \$3.9 million, respectively, and paid \$1.2 million and \$3.5 million, respectively, related to the settlements of its \$115 million notional amount interest rate swaps, which mature on December 15, 2019. The net amounts of these settlements are reductions to interest expense in the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company received \$1.3 million and \$3.9 million, respectively, and paid \$1.0 million and \$3.0 million, respectively, related to the settlements of its \$115 million notional amount interest rate swaps, which mature on December 15, 2019. These net amounts of these settlements are reductions to interest expense in the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company received \$2.6 million and \$2.6 million, respectively, and paid \$1.0 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, related to the settlement of its \$115 million notional amount interest rate swap, which matures on August 1, 2022. The net amounts of these settlements are reductions to interest expense in the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company received \$0.3 million and \$0.7 million, respectively, and paid \$0.3 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, related to the settlement of its \$92.5 million notional amount interest rate swaps, which mature on October 5, 2018. The net amounts of these settlements are reductions to interest income in the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company received \$0.1 million and \$0.4 million, respectively, and paid \$0.3 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, related to the settlements of its \$92.5 million notional amount interest rate swaps, which mature on October 5, 2018. The net amounts of these settlements are reductions to interest income in the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company received \$0.7 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, and paid \$0.7 million and \$1.9 million, respectively, related to the settlements of its \$33.3 million notional amount interest rate swap, which matures on January 10, 2020. The net amounts of these settlements are reductions to interest income in the Company's consolidated statements of operations.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 the Company recognized \$1.7 million of unrealized depreciation and \$0.6 million of unrealized appreciation, respectively, on interest rate swaps in the consolidated statement of operations related to the swap transactions. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company recognized \$0.5 million of unrealized depreciation and \$1.1 million of unrealized appreciation, respectively, on interest rate swaps in the consolidated statement of operations related to the swap transactions.

As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the swap transactions had a fair value of \$0.7 million and \$0.1 million, respectively, which is included in receivable for interest rate swaps on the Company's consolidated balance sheet.

The Company is required under the terms of its derivatives agreements to pledge assets as collateral to secure its obligations under the derivatives. The amount of collateral required varies over time based on the mark-to-market value, notional amount and remaining term of the derivatives, and may exceed the amount owed by the Company on a mark-to-market basis. Any failure by the Company to fulfill any collateral requirement (e.g., a so-called "margin call") may result in a default. In the event of a default by a counterparty, the Company would be an unsecured creditor to the extent of any such overcollateralization. As of September 30, 2017, \$2.6 million of cash is pledged as collateral under the Company's derivative instruments and is included in restricted cash as a component of cash

and cash equivalents on the Company's consolidated balance sheet. The Company had \$1.1 million of cash collateral posted as of December 31, 2016, which is also included in restricted cash as a component of cash and cash equivalents on the Company's consolidated balance sheet.

The Company may enter into other derivative instruments and incur other exposures with the same or other counterparties in the future.

6. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Investments

The following tables present fair value measurements of investments as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

	Fair Value Hierarchy at September 30, 2017			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
First-lien debt investments	\$ —	\$ 17,426	\$ 1,427,878	\$ 1,445,304
Second-lien debt investments	—	—	60,909	60,909
Mezzanine and unsecured debt investments	—	—	—	—
Equity and other investments	7	6,164	37,896	44,067
Total investments at fair value	\$ 7	\$ 23,590	\$ 1,526,683	\$ 1,550,280
Interest rate swaps	—	674	—	674
Total	\$ 7	\$ 24,264	\$ 1,526,683	\$ 1,550,954

	Fair Value Hierarchy at December 31, 2016			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
First-lien debt investments	\$ —	\$ 145,491	\$ 1,454,087	\$ 1,599,578
Second-lien debt investments	—	16,227	3,350	19,577
Mezzanine debt investments	5,511	5,170	—	10,681
Equity and other investments	6,580	8,522	12,465	27,567
Total investments at fair value	\$ 12,091	\$ 175,410	\$ 1,469,902	\$ 1,657,403
Interest rate swaps	—	69	—	69
Total	\$ 12,091	\$ 175,479	\$ 1,469,902	\$ 1,657,472

Transfers between levels, if any, are recognized at the beginning of the quarter in which the transfers occur.

The following tables present the changes in the fair value of investments for which Level 3 inputs were used to determine the fair value as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017:

	As of and for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2017				
	First-lien debt investments	Second-lien debt investments	Mezzanine and unsecured debt investments	Equity and other investments	Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 1,394,182	\$ 60,909	\$ —	\$ 38,856	\$ 1,493,947
Purchases or originations	325,568	—	—	3,500	329,068
Repayments / redemptions	(299,777)	—	—	(2,361)	(302,138)
Paid-in-kind interest	1,593	—	—	—	1,593
Net change in unrealized losses	(593)	—	—	(3,680)	(4,273)
Net realized gains	202	—	—	1,581	1,783
Net amortization of discount on securities	6,703	—	—	—	6,703
Transfers within Level 3	—	—	—	—	—
Transfers into (out of) Level 3	—	—	—	—	—
Balance, End of Period	\$ 1,427,878	\$ 60,909	\$ —	\$ 37,896	\$ 1,526,683

As of and for the Nine Months Ended
September 30, 2017

	First-lien debt investments	Second-lien debt investments	Mezzanine and unsecured debt investments	Equity and other investments	Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 1,454,087	\$ 3,350	\$ —	\$ 12,465	\$ 1,469,902
Purchases or originations	724,152	—	—	17,002	741,154
Repayments / redemptions	(703,096)	—	—	(4,833)	(707,929)
Paid-in-kind interest	5,045	—	—	—	5,045
Net change in unrealized gains (losses)	17,181	(2,062)	—	1,418	16,537
Net realized gains (losses)	(21,006)	—	—	3,690	(17,316)
Net amortization of discount on securities	19,290	—	—	—	19,290
Transfers within Level 3	(67,775)	59,621	—	8,154	—
Transfers into (out of) Level 3	—	—	—	—	—
Balance, End of Period	<u>\$ 1,427,878</u>	<u>\$ 60,909</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 37,896</u>	<u>\$ 1,526,683</u>

The following tables present the changes in the fair value of investments for which Level 3 inputs were used to determine the fair value as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016:

As of and for the Three Months Ended
September 30, 2016

	First-lien debt investments	Second-lien debt investments	Mezzanine and unsecured debt investments	Equity and other investments	Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 1,377,204	\$ 33,102	\$ —	\$ 8,081	\$ 1,418,387
Purchases or originations	315,590	—	—	—	315,590
Repayments / redemptions	(265,823)	—	—	(241)	(266,064)
Paid-in-kind interest	1,397	777	—	—	2,174
Net change in unrealized gains (losses)	(1,067)	417	—	215	(435)
Net realized losses	(141)	—	—	—	(141)
Net amortization of discount on securities	4,425	33	—	—	4,458
Transfers into (out of) Level 3	(58,456)	—	—	—	(58,456)
Balance, End of Period	<u>\$ 1,373,129</u>	<u>\$ 34,329</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 8,055</u>	<u>\$ 1,415,513</u>

As of and for the Nine Months Ended
September 30, 2016

	First-lien debt investments	Second-lien debt investments	Mezzanine and unsecured debt investments	Equity and other investments	Total
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 1,229,491	\$ 90,442	\$ 7,801	\$ 8,206	\$ 1,335,940
Purchases or originations	598,878	(5)	—	—	598,873
Repayments / redemptions	(423,973)	(62,500)	(2,165)	(241)	(488,879)
Paid-in-kind interest	4,164	2,557	—	—	6,721
Net change in unrealized gains	13,503	2,851	280	90	16,724
Net realized gains (losses)	(346)	—	79	—	(267)
Net amortization of discount on securities	9,868	984	28	—	10,880
Transfers into (out of) Level 3	(58,456)	—	(6,023)	—	(64,479)
Balance, End of Period	<u>\$ 1,373,129</u>	<u>\$ 34,329</u>	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ 8,055</u>	<u>\$ 1,415,513</u>

The following tables present information with respect to the net change in unrealized appreciation or depreciation on investments for which Level 3 inputs were used in determining fair value that are still held by the Company at September 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation or (Depreciation) for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2017 on Investments Held at September 30, 2017	Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation or (Depreciation) for the Three Months Ended September 30, 2016 on Investments Held at September 30, 2016
First-lien debt investments	\$ 6,284	\$ 1,713
Second-lien debt investments	—	417
Mezzanine and unsecured debt investments	—	—
Equity and other investments	(2,629)	215
Total	\$ 3,655	\$ 2,345

	Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation or (Depreciation) for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017 on Investments Held at September 30, 2017	Net Change in Unrealized Appreciation or (Depreciation) for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016 on Investments Held at September 30, 2016
First-lien debt investments	\$ 12,660	\$ 14,059
Second-lien debt investments	(2,062)	769
Mezzanine and unsecured debt investments	—	—
Equity and other investments	(6,164)	90
Total	\$ 4,434	\$ 14,918

The following tables present the fair value of Level 3 Investments at fair value and the significant unobservable inputs used in the valuations as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016. The tables are not intended to be all-inclusive, but instead capture the significant unobservable inputs relevant to the Company's determination of fair values.

	September 30, 2017				
	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted Average)	Impact to Valuation from an Increase to Input
First-lien debt investments	\$ 1,372,033	Income approach (1)	Market yield	7.1% — 13.5% (10.0%)	Decrease
	\$ 55,845	Asset Valuation approach	Comparable Multiple	8.5x — 11.9x (10.0x)	Increase
Second-lien debt investments	\$ 60,909	Income approach	Market yield	12.4% — 13.4% (12.5%)	Decrease
Equity and other investments	\$ 37,896	Market Multiple (2)	Comparable multiple	4.4x — 13.2x (10.8x)	Increase
Total	\$ 1,526,683				

- (1) Includes \$167.7 million of first-lien debt investments which, due to the proximity of the transactions relative to the measurement date, were valued using the cost of the investments.
- (2) Includes \$19.5 million of equity investments which were valued using a weighted valuation approach and \$3.5 million of equity investments which due to the proximity of the transactions relative to the measurement date were valued using the cost of the investments.

December 31, 2016

	Fair Value	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	Range (Weighted Average)	Impact to Valuation from an Increase to Input
First-lien debt investments	\$ 1,454,087	Income approach (1)	Market yield	6.6% — 12.9% (9.3%)	Decrease
Second-lien debt investments	\$ 3,350	Income approach	Market yield	13.6% — 13.6% (13.6%)	Decrease
Equity and other investments	\$ 12,465	Market Multiple (2)	Comparable multiple	8.4x — 13.5x (10.1x)	Increase
Total	\$ 1,469,902				

(1) Includes \$123.6 million of first-lien debt investments which were valued using an asset valuation waterfall.

(2) Includes \$4.7 million of equity investments which were valued using a weighted valuation approach.

The Company typically determines the fair value of its performing Level 3 debt investments utilizing a yield analysis. In a yield analysis, a price is ascribed for each investment based upon an assessment of current and expected market yields for similar investments and risk profiles. Additional consideration is given to the expected life, portfolio company performance since close, and other terms and risks associated with an investment. Among other factors, a determinant of risk is the amount of leverage used by the portfolio company relative to the total enterprise value of the company, and the rights and remedies of our investment within each portfolio company's capital structure.

Significant unobservable quantitative inputs typically considered in the fair value measurement of the Company's Level 3 debt investments primarily include current market yields, including relevant market indices, but may also include quotes from brokers, dealers, and pricing services as indicated by comparable investments. If debt investments are credit impaired, an enterprise value analysis may be used to value such debt investments; however, in addition to the methods outlined above, other methods such as a liquidation or wind-down analysis may be utilized to estimate enterprise value. For the Company's Level 3 equity investments, multiples of similar companies' revenues, earnings before income taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") or some combination thereof and comparable market transactions are typically used.

Financial Instruments Not Carried at Fair Value

Debt

The fair value of the Company's Revolving Credit Facility, which is categorized as Level 3 within the fair value hierarchy, as of September 30, 2017, approximates its carrying value as the outstanding balance is callable at carrying value. The fair value of the Company's Convertible Senior Notes, which are categorized as Level 2 within the fair value hierarchy, as of September 30, 2017, was \$239.8 million, based on broker quotes received by the Company.

Other Financial Assets and Liabilities

The carrying amounts of the Company's assets and liabilities, other than investments at fair value and the Convertible Senior Notes, approximate fair value due to their short maturities or their close proximity of the originations to the measurement date. Under the fair value hierarchy, cash and cash equivalents are classified as Level 1 while the Company's other assets and liabilities, other than investments at fair value and Revolving Credit Facility, are classified as Level 2.

7. Debt

In accordance with the 1940 Act, with certain limitations, the Company is allowed to borrow amounts such that its asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, is at least 200% after such borrowing. As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company's asset coverage was 267.5% and 237.7%, respectively.

Debt obligations consisted of the following as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

	September 30, 2017			
	Aggregate Principal Amount Committed	Outstanding Principal	Amount Available (1)	Carrying Value (2)
Revolving Credit Facility	\$ 975,000	\$ 348,927	\$ 626,073	\$ 341,395
2019 Convertible Senior Notes	115,000	115,000	—	111,831
2022 Convertible Senior Notes	115,000	115,000	—	111,332
Total Debt	\$ 1,205,000	\$ 578,927	\$ 626,073	\$ 564,558

- (1) The amount available reflects any limitations related to the respective debt facilities' borrowing bases.
(2) The carrying values of the Company's Revolving Credit Facility and 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs of \$7.5 million, \$1.7 million, and \$3.4 million, respectively.

	December 31, 2016			
	Aggregate Principal Amount Committed	Outstanding Principal	Amount Available (1)	Carrying Value (2)
Revolving Credit Facility	\$ 945,000	\$ 578,657	\$ 366,343	\$ 569,919
2019 Convertible Senior Notes	115,000	115,000	—	110,790
Total Debt	\$ 1,060,000	\$ 693,657	\$ 366,343	\$ 680,709

- (1) The amount available reflects any limitations related to the respective debt facilities' borrowing bases.
(2) The carrying values of the Company's Revolving Credit Facility and 2019 Convertible Senior Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs of \$8.7 million and \$2.3 million, respectively.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, the components of interest expense were as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016
Interest expense	\$ 5,576	\$ 5,463	\$ 16,599	\$ 15,048
Commitment fees	571	169	1,543	650
Amortization of deferred financing costs	813	582	2,354	1,732
Accretion of original issue discount	172	149	502	440
Swap settlement (1)	(1,634)	(261)	(981)	(841)
Total Interest Expense	\$ 5,498	\$ 6,102	\$ 20,017	\$ 17,029
Average debt outstanding (in millions)	\$ 594.7	\$ 769.9	\$ 628.8	\$ 715.3
Weighted average interest rate	2.65%	2.66%	3.31%	2.62%
Average 1-month LIBOR rate	1.23%	0.51%	1.04%	0.46%

- (1) Includes the settlement of the interest rate swaps related to the Company's 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes.

Revolving Credit Facility

On August 23, 2012, the Company entered into a senior secured revolving credit agreement with SunTrust Bank, as administrative agent, and J.P. Morgan Chase Bank, N.A., as syndication agent, and certain other lenders (as amended, the "Revolving Credit Facility").

As of September 30, 2017, aggregate commitments under the facility were \$975 million. The facility includes an uncommitted accordion feature that allows the Company, under certain circumstances, to increase the size of the facility to up to \$1.25 billion.

With respect to \$915 million in commitments, the revolving period, during which period the Company, subject to certain conditions, may make borrowings under the facility, ends December 22, 2020 and the stated maturity date is December 22, 2021. For the remaining \$60 million of commitments, the revolving period ends October 2, 2019 and the stated maturity date is October 2, 2020.

The Company may borrow amounts in U.S. dollars or certain other permitted currencies. As of September 30, 2017, the Company had outstanding debt denominated in Euro (EUR) of 38.8 million on its Revolving Credit Facility, included in the Outstanding Principal amount in the table above.

The Revolving Credit Facility also provides for the issuance of letters of credit up to an aggregate amount of \$75 million. As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had no outstanding letters of credit issued through the Revolving Credit Facility. The amount available for borrowing under the Revolving Credit Facility is reduced by any letters of credit issued through the Revolving Credit Facility.

Amounts drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility, including amounts drawn in respect of letters of credit, bear interest at either LIBOR plus a margin of either 1.75% or 2.00%, or the prime rate plus a margin of either 0.75% or 1.00%, in each case, based on the total amount of the borrowing base relative to the sum of the total commitments (or, if greater, the total exposure) under the Revolving Credit Facility plus certain other designated secured debt. The Company may elect either the LIBOR or prime rate at the time of drawdown, and loans may be converted from one rate to another at any time, subject to certain conditions. The Company also pays a fee of 0.375% on undrawn amounts and, in respect of each undrawn letter of credit, a fee and interest rate equal to the then applicable margin while the letter of credit is outstanding.

The Revolving Credit Facility is guaranteed by TPG SL SPV, LLC, TC Lending, LLC and TSL MR, LLC and may be guaranteed by certain domestic subsidiaries in the future. The Revolving Credit Facility is secured by a perfected first-priority security interest in substantially all the portfolio investments held by the Company and each guarantor. Proceeds from borrowings may be used for general corporate purposes, including the funding of portfolio investments.

The Revolving Credit Facility includes customary events of default, as well as customary covenants, including restrictions on certain distributions and financial covenants requiring:

- an asset coverage ratio of no less than 2 to 1 on the last day of any fiscal quarter;
- a liquidity test under which the Company must not maintain cash and liquid investments of less than 10% of the covered debt amount for more than 30 consecutive business days under circumstances where the Company's adjusted covered debt balance is greater than 90% of the Company's adjusted borrowing base under the facility; and
- stockholders' equity of at least \$500 million plus 25% of the net proceeds of the sale of equity interests after December 22, 2016.

Net proceeds received from the Company's common stock issuance in March 2016 and net proceeds received from the issuance of the 2022 Convertible Senior Notes were used to pay down borrowings on the Revolving Credit Facility.

2019 Convertible Senior Notes

In June 2014, the Company issued in a private offering \$115 million aggregate principal amount convertible senior notes due December 2019 (the "2019 Convertible Senior Notes"). The 2019 Convertible Senior Notes were issued in a private placement only to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act. The 2019 Convertible Senior Notes are unsecured, and bear interest at a rate of 4.50% per year, payable semiannually. The 2019 Convertible Senior Notes will mature on December 15, 2019. In certain circumstances, the 2019 Convertible Senior Notes will be convertible into cash, shares of the Company's common stock or a combination of cash and shares of the Company's common stock, at the Company's election, at an initial conversion rate of 38.7162 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of 2019 Convertible Senior Notes, which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$25.83 per share of the Company's common stock, subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments. As of September 30, 2017, the estimated adjusted conversion price was approximately \$25.50. The sale of the 2019 Convertible Senior Notes generated net proceeds of approximately \$110.8 million. The Company used the net proceeds of the offering to pay down debt under the Revolving Credit Facility. In connection with the offering of 2019 Convertible Senior Notes, the Company has entered into interest rate swaps to continue to align the interest rates of its liabilities with its investment portfolio, which consists of predominately floating rate loans. As a result of the swaps, the Company's effective interest rate on the 2019 Convertible Senior Notes is three-month LIBOR plus 286 basis points. See Note 5 for further information related to the Company's interest rate swaps.

Holders may convert their 2019 Convertible Senior Notes at their option at any time prior to June 15, 2019 only under the following circumstances: (1) during any calendar quarter commencing after the calendar quarter ending on September 30, 2014 (and only during such calendar quarter), if the last reported sale price of the common stock for at least 20 trading days (whether or not

consecutive) during a period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding calendar quarter is greater than or equal to 130% of the conversion price on each applicable trading day; (2) during the five business day period after any five consecutive trading day period (the “measurement period”) in which the trading price (as defined in the indenture governing the 2019 Convertible Senior Notes) per \$1,000 principal amount of notes for each trading day of the measurement period was less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of the Company’s common stock and the conversion rate on each such trading day; or (3) upon the occurrence of specified corporate events. On or after June 15, 2019 until the close of business on the scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date, holders may convert their notes at any time, regardless of the occurrence or nonoccurrence of any of the foregoing circumstances.

2022 Convertible Senior Notes

In February 2017, the Company issued in a private offering \$115 million aggregate principal amount convertible senior notes due August 2022 (the “2022 Convertible Senior Notes” and, together with the 2019 Convertible Senior Notes, the “Convertible Senior Notes”). The 2022 Convertible Senior Notes were issued in a private placement only to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act. The 2022 Convertible Senior Notes are unsecured, and bear interest at a rate of 4.50% per year, payable semiannually. The 2022 Convertible Senior Notes will mature on August 1, 2022. In certain circumstances, the 2022 Convertible Senior Notes will be convertible into cash, shares of the Company’s common stock or a combination of cash and shares of the Company’s common stock, at the Company’s election, at an initial conversion rate of 46.8516 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of 2022 Convertible Senior Notes, which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$21.34 per share of the Company’s common stock, subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments. As of September 30, 2017, the estimated adjusted conversion price was approximately \$21.21. The sale of the 2022 Convertible Senior Notes generated net proceeds of approximately \$111.2 million. The Company used the net proceeds of the offering to pay down debt under the Revolving Credit Facility. In connection with the offering of 2022 Convertible Senior Notes, the Company has entered into an interest rate swap to continue to align the interest rates of its liabilities with its investment portfolio, which consists of predominately floating rate loans. As a result of the swap, the Company’s effective interest rate on the 2022 Convertible Senior Notes is three-month LIBOR plus 237.2 basis points. See Note 5 for further information related to the Company’s interest rate swaps.

Holders may convert their 2022 Convertible Senior Notes at their option at any time prior to February 1, 2022 only under the following circumstances: (1) during any calendar quarter commencing after the calendar quarter ending on June 30, 2017 (and only during such calendar quarter), if the last reported sale price of the common stock for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during a period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding calendar quarter is greater than or equal to 130% of the conversion price on each applicable trading day; (2) during the five business day period after any five consecutive trading day period (the “measurement period”) in which the trading price (as defined in the indenture governing the 2022 Convertible Senior Notes) per \$1,000 principal amount of notes for each trading day of the measurement period was less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of the Company’s common stock and the conversion rate on each such trading day; or (3) upon the occurrence of specified corporate events. On or after February 1, 2022 until the close of business on the scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date, holders may convert their notes at any time, regardless of the occurrence or nonoccurrence of any of the foregoing circumstances.

The Convertible Senior Notes are the Company’s senior unsecured obligations and rank senior in right of payment to the Company’s future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Convertible Senior Notes; equal in right of payment to the Company’s existing and future indebtedness that is not so subordinated; effectively junior in right of payment to any of the Company’s secured indebtedness (including unsecured indebtedness that the Company later secures) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness; and structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by the Company’s subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, the components of interest expense related to the Convertible Senior Notes were as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016
Interest expense	\$ 2,587	\$ 1,294	\$ 7,331	\$ 3,881
Accretion of original issue discount	172	149	502	440
Amortization of deferred financing costs	370	195	1,039	579
Total Interest Expense	\$ 3,129	\$ 1,638	\$ 8,872	\$ 4,900

Total interest expense in the table above does not include the effect of the interest rate swaps related to the Convertible Senior Notes. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company received \$3.9 million and \$6.5 million, respectively, and paid \$2.2 million and \$5.5 million, respectively, related to the settlements of its interest rate swaps related to the Convertible Senior Notes. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company received \$1.3 million and \$3.9 million, respectively, and paid \$1.0 million and \$3.0 million, respectively, related to the settlements of its interest rate swaps. These net amounts are reductions to interest expense in the Company's consolidated statements of operations. Please see Note 5 for further information about the Company's interest rate swaps.

As of September 30, 2017, the principal amount of the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes exceeded the value of the underlying shares multiplied by the per share closing price of the Company's common stock.

As of September 30, 2017, the components of the carrying value of the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes and the stated interest rate were as follows:

	December 2019 Convertible Senior Notes	August 2022 Convertible Senior Notes
Principal amount of debt	\$ 115,000	\$ 115,000
Original issue discount, net of accretion	(1,464)	(318)
Deferred financing costs	(1,705)	(3,350)
Carrying value of debt	<u>\$ 111,831</u>	<u>\$ 111,332</u>
Stated interest rate	4.50%	4.50%

The stated interest rate in the table above does not include the effect of the interest rate swaps. The Company's swap-adjusted interest rate on the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes is three month LIBOR plus 286 basis points, and three month LIBOR plus 237.2 basis points, respectively. Please see Note 5 for further information about the Company's interest rate swaps.

The indentures governing the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes contain certain covenants, including covenants requiring the Company to comply with the requirement under the 1940 Act that the Company's asset coverage ratio, as defined in the 1940 Act, equal at least 200% and to provide financial information to the holders of the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes under certain circumstances. These covenants are subject to important limitations and exceptions that are described in the indentures governing the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes. As of September 30, 2017, the Company was in compliance with the terms of the indentures governing the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes.

The Convertible Senior Notes are accounted for in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 470-20. Upon conversion of any of the Convertible Senior Notes, the Company intends to pay the outstanding principal amount in cash and, to the extent that the conversion value exceeds the principal amount, the Company has the option to pay in cash or shares of the Company's common stock (or a combination of cash and shares) in respect of the excess amount, subject to the requirements of the indentures governing the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes. The Company has determined that the embedded conversion options in the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes are not required to be separately accounted for as a derivative under U.S. GAAP. In accounting for the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes, the Company estimated at the time of issuance separate debt and equity components of the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes. An original issue discount equal to the equity components of the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes was recorded in "additional paid-in capital" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. Additionally, the issuance costs associated with the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes were allocated to the debt and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the proceeds and accounted for as deferred financing costs and equity issuance costs, respectively.

As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company was in compliance with the terms of its debt obligations.

8. Commitments and Contingencies

Portfolio Company Commitments

From time to time, the Company may enter into commitments to fund investments; such commitments are incorporated into the Company's assessment of its liquidity position. The Company's senior secured revolving loan commitments are generally available on a borrower's demand and may remain outstanding until the maturity date of the applicable loan. The Company's senior secured term loan commitments are generally available on a borrower's demand and, once drawn, generally have the same remaining term as the associated loan agreement. Undrawn senior secured term loan commitments generally have a shorter availability period than the term of the associated loan agreement.

As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, the Company had the following commitments to fund investments in current portfolio companies:

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
AppStar Financial, LLC - Revolver	\$ 2,000	\$ 2,000
Clarabridge, Inc. - Revolver	—	2,500
CrunchTime Information Systems, Inc. - Delayed Draw	—	12,000
CrunchTime Information Systems, Inc. - Revolver	—	2,000
Ecommerce Industries, Inc. - Revolver	—	2,486
Frontline Technologies Group LLC - Delayed Draw	9,377	—
Heartland Automotive Holdings, LLC - Revolver	2,833	4,139
Helix Health Ltd. - Revolver	4,374	3,903
Illuminate Education, Inc. - Delayed Draw	10,000	—
Illuminate Education, Inc. - Revolver	5,000	—
IRGSE Holding Corp. - Revolver	544	245
Leaf US Holdings, Inc. - Revolver	2,000	2,000
Marketo, Inc. - Revolver	1,875	1,875
My Alarm Center, LLC - Delayed Draw	—	774
Network Merchants, Inc. - Revolver	—	780
PayLease, LLC - Revolver	3,334	5,000
PaySimple - Revolver	5,000	—
Rex Energy Corporation - Delayed Draw	14,450	—
Riskconnect, Inc. - Revolver	5,000	—
Sailpoint Technologies, Inc. - Revolver	1,800	1,200
ScentAir Technologies, Inc. - Revolver	750	2,143
Sovos Compliance, LLC - Delayed Draw	3,030	—
Sovos Compliance, LLC - Revolver	1,657	750
Total Portfolio Company Commitments	\$ 73,024	\$ 43,795

Other Commitments and Contingencies

As of September 30, 2017, the Company did not have any unfunded commitments to fund investments to new borrowers that were not current portfolio companies as of September 30, 2017. As of December 31, 2016, the Company had additional unfunded commitments of \$50.0 million to fund investments to new borrowers that were not current portfolio companies as of December 31, 2016.

From time to time, the Company may become a party to certain legal proceedings incidental to the normal course of its business. As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, management is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation.

9. Net Assets

In March 2016, the Company issued a total of 5,000,000 shares of common stock at \$16.42 per share. Net of underwriting fees and offering costs, the Company received total cash proceeds of \$78.3 million.

The Company has a dividend reinvestment plan, whereby the Company may buy shares of its common stock in the open market or issue new shares in order to satisfy dividend reinvestment requests. The number of shares to be issued to a stockholder is determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the cash dividend or distribution payable to a stockholder by the market price per share of the Company's common stock at the close of regular trading on the NYSE on the payment date of a distribution, or if no sale is reported for such day, the average of the reported bid and ask prices. However, if the market price per share on the payment date of a cash dividend or distribution exceeds the most recently computed net asset value per share, the Company will issue shares at the greater of (i) the most recently computed net asset value per share and (ii) 95% of the current market price per share (or such lesser discount to the current market price per share that still exceeded the most recently computed net asset value per share). Shares purchased in open market transactions by the plan administrator will be allocated to a stockholder based on the average purchase price, excluding any brokerage charges or other charges, of all shares of common stock purchased in the open market.

Pursuant to the Company's dividend reinvestment plan, the following tables summarize the shares issued to stockholders who have not opted out of the Company's dividend reinvestment plan during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. All shares issued to stockholders in the tables below are newly issued shares.

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017				
Date Declared	Dividend (1)	Record Date	Date Shares Issued	Shares Issued
November 7, 2016	Base	December 31, 2016	February 1, 2017	122,836
February 22, 2017	Base	April 7, 2017 (2)	May 1, 2017	109,847
May 3, 2017	Supplemental	May 31, 2017	June 30, 2017	11,786
May 3, 2017	Base	June 15, 2017	July 14, 2017	112,166
August 2, 2017	Supplemental	August 31, 2017	September 29, 2017	26,515
Total Shares Issued				383,150

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016				
Date Declared	Dividend (1)	Record Date	Date Shares Issued	Shares Issued
November 3, 2015	Base	December 31, 2015	February 1, 2016	147,809
February 24, 2016	Base	March 31, 2016	May 2, 2016	186,204
May 4, 2016	Base	June 30, 2016	August 1, 2016	168,621
Total Shares Issued				502,634

- (1) See Note 11 for further information on base and supplemental dividends.
- (2) Subsequent to the declaration date, the record date for the dividend declared on February 22, 2017 was moved from its original date of March 31, 2017 to a revised date of April 7, 2017 in order to ensure compliance with notification requirements promulgated by the NYSE. The dividend payable associated with this declaration was recognized in the Company's consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2017. There was no change to the dividend amount or payment date.

On November 3, 2014, the Company's Board approved a stock repurchase plan (the "Company 10b5-1 Plan") to acquire up to \$50 million in the aggregate of the Company's common stock at prices just below the Company's net asset value per share over a specified period, in accordance with the guidelines specified in Rule 10b-18 and Rule 10b5-1 of the Exchange Act.

The Company 10b5-1 Plan is designed to allow the Company to repurchase its common stock at times when it otherwise might be prevented from doing so under insider trading laws. The Company 10b5-1 Plan requires Goldman, Sachs & Co., as agent, to repurchase shares of common stock on the Company's behalf when the market price per share is below the most recently reported net asset value per share (including any updates, corrections or adjustments publicly announced by the Company to any previously announced net asset value per share). Under the Company 10b5-1 Plan, the agent will increase the volume of purchases made as the price of the Company's common stock declines, subject to volume restrictions. The timing and amount of any stock repurchases depend on the terms and conditions of the Company 10b5-1 Plan, the market price of the common stock and trading volumes, and no assurance can be given that any particular amount of common stock will be repurchased.

The purchase of shares pursuant to the Company 10b5-1 Plan is intended to satisfy the conditions of Rule 10b5-1 and Rule 10b-18 under the Exchange Act, and will otherwise be subject to applicable law, including Regulation M, which may prohibit purchases under certain circumstances.

On August 2, 2017, the Board authorized the extension of the termination date of the Company 10b5-1 Plan to February 28, 2018. Unless extended or terminated by the Board, the Company 10b5-1 Plan will be in effect through the earlier of February 28, 2018 or such time as the current approved repurchase amount of up to \$50 million has been fully utilized, subject to certain conditions.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, no shares were repurchased under the Company 10b5-1 Plan. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, the Company repurchased 86,081 shares under the Company 10b5-1 Plan at a weighted average price per share of \$15.44, inclusive of commissions, for a total cost of \$1.3 million. No shares were repurchased under the Company 10b5-1 Plan during the three months ended September 30, 2016.

10. Earnings per share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016
Increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 24,759	\$ 36,875	\$ 84,863	\$ 104,284
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding—basic and diluted	60,057,567	59,523,695	59,923,323	58,229,549
Earnings per common share—basic and diluted	\$ 0.41	\$ 0.62	\$ 1.42	\$ 1.79

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per common share, the average closing price of the Company's common stock for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 was less than the conversion price for the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes outstanding as of September 30, 2017. Therefore, for all periods presented in the consolidated financial statements, the underlying shares for the intrinsic value of the embedded options in the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes have no impact on the computation of diluted earnings per common share.

11. Dividends

The Company has historically paid a dividend to stockholders on a quarterly basis. Following the completion of the quarter ended March 31, 2017, the Company introduced a dividend framework that provides for a quarterly base dividend and a variable supplemental dividend, subject to satisfaction of certain measurement tests and the approval of the Board.

The following tables summarize dividends declared during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

Date Declared	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017			
	Dividend	Record Date	Payment Date	Dividend per Share
February 22, 2017	Base	April 7, 2017 (1)	April 28, 2017	\$ 0.39
May 3, 2017	Supplemental	May 31, 2017	June 30, 2017	0.04
May 3, 2017	Base	June 15, 2017	July 14, 2017	0.39
August 2, 2017	Supplemental	August 31, 2017	September 29, 2017	0.09
August 2, 2017	Base	September 15, 2017	October 13, 2017	0.39
Total Dividends Declared				\$ 1.30

Date Declared	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016			
	Dividend	Record Date	Payment Date	Dividend per Share
February 24, 2016	Base	March 31, 2016	April 29, 2016	\$ 0.39
May 4, 2016	Base	June 30, 2016	July 29, 2016	0.39
August 3, 2016	Base	September 30, 2016	October 31, 2016	0.39
Total Dividends Declared				\$ 1.17

- (1) Subsequent to the declaration date, the record date for the dividend declared on February 22, 2017 was moved from its original date of March 31, 2017 to a revised date of April 7, 2017 in order to ensure compliance with notification requirements

promulgated by the NYSE. The dividend payable associated with this declaration was recognized in the Company's consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2017. There was no change to the dividend amount or payment date.

The dividends declared during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 were derived from net investment income, determined on a tax basis.

12. Financial Highlights

The following per share data and ratios have been derived from information provided in the consolidated financial statements. The following are the financial highlights for one share of common stock outstanding during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016.

	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016
Per Share Data (7)		
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 15.95	\$ 15.15
Net investment income (1)	1.56	1.36
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) (1)	<u>(0.14)</u>	<u>0.43</u>
Total from operations	1.42	1.79
Issuance of common stock, net of offering costs (2)	0.02	0.03
Dividends declared from net investment income (2)	<u>(1.30)</u>	<u>(1.17)</u>
Total increase in net assets	0.14	0.65
Net Asset Value, End of Period	\$ 16.09	\$ 15.78
Per share market value at end of period	\$ 20.96	\$ 18.11
Total return based on market value (3)	19.16%	18.87%
Total return based on net asset value (4)	9.05%	11.83%
Shares Outstanding, End of Period	60,099,355	59,580,513
Ratios / Supplemental Data (5)		
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets (6)	8.89%	10.43%
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets	12.86%	13.66%
Portfolio turnover	61.07%	44.54%
Net assets, end of period	\$ 966,743	\$ 940,469

(1) The per share data was derived by using the weighted average shares outstanding during the period.

(2) The per share data was derived by using the actual shares outstanding at the date of the relevant transactions.

(3) Total return based on market value is calculated as the change in market value per share during the period plus declared dividends per share, divided by the beginning market value per share. On an annualized basis, the total return based on market value for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 is 25.55% and 25.15%, respectively.

(4) Total return based on net asset value is calculated as the change in net asset value per share during the period plus declared dividends per share, divided by the beginning net asset value per share. On an annualized basis, the total return based on net asset value for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 is 12.06% and 15.77%, respectively.

(5) The ratios reflect an annualized amount.

(6) The ratio of net expenses to average net assets in the table above reflects the Adviser's waivers of its right to receive a portion of the Management Fee and Incentive Fees with respect to the Company's ownership of shares of common stock of TICC Capital Corp. Excluding the effects of waivers, the ratio of net expenses to average net assets would have been 10.50% for the nine months ended September 30, 2016. The Adviser did not waive any Management Fees or Incentive Fees for the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

(7) Table may not sum due to rounding.

13. Subsequent Events

The Company's management has evaluated subsequent events through the date of issuance of the consolidated financial statements included herein. There have been no subsequent events that occurred during such period that would require disclosure in this Form 10-Q or would be required to be recognized in the consolidated financial statements as of and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this report. This discussion also should be read in conjunction with the "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward Looking Statements" set forth on page 3 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Overview

TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. is a Delaware corporation formed on July 21, 2010. The Adviser is our external manager. We have three wholly owned subsidiaries, TC Lending, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, which holds a California finance lender and broker license, TPG SL SPV, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, in which we hold assets that were previously used to support our asset-backed credit facility, and TSL MR, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, in which we hold certain investments.

We have elected to be regulated as a BDC under the 1940 Act and as a RIC under the Code. We made our BDC election on April 15, 2011. As a result, we are required to comply with various statutory and regulatory requirements, such as:

- the requirement to invest at least 70% of our assets in "qualifying assets";
- source of income limitations;
- asset diversification requirements; and
- the requirement to distribute (or be treated as distributing) in each taxable year at least 90% of our investment company taxable income and tax-exempt interest for that taxable year.

Our shares are currently listed on the NYSE under the symbol "TSLX."

We have in place a stock repurchase plan, the Company 10b5-1 Plan, to acquire up to \$50 million in the aggregate of our common stock at prices below our net asset value per share over a specified period, in accordance with the guidelines specified in Rule 10b-18 and Rule 10b5-1 of the Exchange Act. We put the Company 10b5-1 Plan in place because we believe that if our common stock is trading below our then-current net asset value, it is in the best interest of our stockholders for us to reinvest in our portfolio and increase our leverage ratio through share repurchases.

The Company 10b5-1 Plan is designed to allow us to repurchase our common stock at times when we otherwise might be prevented from doing so under insider trading laws. The Company 10b5-1 Plan requires Goldman, Sachs & Co., as our agent, to repurchase shares of common stock on our behalf when the market price per share is below the most recently reported net asset value per share (including any updates, corrections or adjustments publicly announced by us to any previously announced net asset value per share). Under the Company 10b5-1 Plan, the agent will increase the volume of purchases made as the price of our common stock declines, subject to volume restrictions. The timing and amount of any stock repurchases will depend on the terms and conditions of the Company 10b5-1 Plan, the market price of our common stock and trading volumes, and no assurance can be given that any particular amount of common stock will be repurchased.

On August 4, 2015, our Board authorized us to enter into a new stock repurchase plan, the Company 10b5-1 Plan, to acquire up to \$50 million in the aggregate of our common stock at prices just below our net asset value over an initial six month period, in accordance with the guidelines specified in Rule 10b-18 and Rule 10b5-1 of the Exchange Act, and has continued to authorize extensions of the plan termination date prior to its expiration since that time. On August 2, 2017, the Board authorized the extension of the termination date of the Company 10b5-1 Plan to February 28, 2018. Unless extended or terminated by the Board, the Company 10b5-1 Plan will be in effect through the earlier of February 28, 2018 or such time as the current approved repurchase amount of up to \$50 million has been fully utilized, subject to certain conditions.

Our Investment Framework

We are a specialty finance company focused on lending to middle-market companies. Since we began our investment activities in July 2011, through September 30, 2017, we have originated more than \$6.2 billion aggregate principal amount of investments and retained approximately \$4.2 billion aggregate principal amount of these investments on our balance sheet prior to any subsequent exits and repayments. We seek to generate current income primarily in U.S.-domiciled middle-market companies through direct originations of senior secured loans and, to a lesser extent, originations of mezzanine and unsecured loans and investments in corporate bonds and equity securities.

By “middle-market companies,” we mean companies that have annual EBITDA, which we believe is a useful proxy for cash flow, of \$10 million to \$250 million, although we may invest in larger or smaller companies on occasion. As of September 30, 2017, our core portfolio companies, which excludes certain investments that fall outside of our typical borrower profile and represent 86.9% of our total investments based on fair value, had weighted average annual revenue of \$130.2 million and weighted average annual EBITDA of \$22.0 million.

We invest in first-lien debt, second-lien debt, mezzanine and unsecured debt and equity and other investments. Our first-lien debt may include stand-alone first-lien loans; “last out” first-lien loans, which are loans that have a secondary priority behind super-senior “first out” first-lien loans; “unitranche” loans, which are loans that combine features of first-lien, second-lien and mezzanine debt, generally in a first-lien position; and secured corporate bonds with similar features to these categories of first-lien loans. Our second-lien debt may include secured loans, and, to a lesser extent, secured corporate bonds, with a secondary priority behind first-lien debt.

The debt in which we invest typically is not rated by any rating agency, but if these instruments were rated, they would likely receive a rating of below investment grade (that is, below BBB- or Baa3), which is often referred to as “junk.”

The companies in which we invest use our capital to support organic growth, acquisitions, market or product expansion and recapitalizations (including restructurings). As of September 30, 2017, the largest single investment based on fair value represented 4.9% of our total investment portfolio.

As of September 30, 2017, the average investment size in each of our portfolio companies was approximately \$35.2 million based on fair value.

Through our Adviser, we consider potential investments utilizing a four-tiered investment framework and against our existing portfolio as a whole:

Business and sector selection. We focus on companies with enterprise value between \$50 million and \$1 billion. When reviewing potential investments, we seek to invest in businesses with high marginal cash flow, recurring revenue streams and where we believe credit quality will improve over time. We look for portfolio companies that we think have a sustainable competitive advantage in growing industries or distressed situations. We also seek companies where our investment will have a low loan-to-value ratio.

We currently do not limit our focus to any specific industry and we may invest in larger or smaller companies on occasion. We classify the industries of our portfolio companies by end-market (such as healthcare, and business services) and not by the products or services (such as software) directed to those end-markets.

As of September 30, 2017, the largest industry represented 17.2% of our total investment portfolio based on fair value.

Investment Structuring. We focus on investing at the top of the capital structure and protecting that position. As of September 30, 2017, approximately 97.2% of our portfolio was invested in secured debt, including 93.2% in first-lien debt investments. We carefully perform diligence and structure investments to include strong investor covenants. As a result, we structure investments with a view to creating opportunities for early intervention in the event of non-performance or stress. In addition, we seek to retain effective voting control in investments over the loans or particular class of securities in which we invest through maintaining affirmative voting positions or negotiating consent rights that allow us to retain a blocking position. We also aim for our loans to mature on a medium term, between two to six years after origination. For the three months ended September 30, 2017, the weighted average term on new investment commitments in new portfolio companies was 5.0 years.

Deal Dynamics. We focus on, among other deal dynamics, direct origination of investments, where we identify and lead the investment transaction. A substantial majority of our portfolio investments are sourced through our direct or proprietary relationships.

Risk Mitigation. We seek to mitigate non-credit-related risk on our returns in several ways, including call protection provisions to protect future interest income. As of September 30, 2017, we had call protection on 84.4% of our debt investments based on fair value,

with weighted average call prices of 106.2% for the first year, 103.3% for the second year and 101.4% for the third year, in each case from the date of the initial investment. As of September 30, 2017, 100.0% of our debt investments based on fair value bore interest at floating rates (when including investment specific hedges), with 92.4% of these subject to interest rate floors, which we believe helps act as a portfolio-wide hedge against inflation.

Relationship with our Adviser, TSSP and TPG

Our Adviser is a Delaware limited liability company. Our Adviser acts as our investment adviser and administrator and is a registered investment adviser with the SEC under the Advisers Act. Our Adviser sources and manages our portfolio through a dedicated team of investment professionals predominately focused on us. Our Investment Team is led by our Chairman and Co-Chief Executive Officer and our Adviser's Co-Chief Investment Officer Joshua Easterly, our Co-Chief Executive Officer Michael Fishman and our Adviser's Co-Chief Investment Officer Alan Waxman, all of whom have substantial experience in credit origination, underwriting and asset management. Our investment decisions are made by our Investment Review Committee, which includes senior personnel of our Adviser and TPG Sixth Street Partners, or TSSP.

TSSP, with over \$19 billion of assets under management as of June 30, 2017, is TPG's special situations and credit platform and encompasses TPG Specialty Lending, TPG Opportunities Partners and TSSP Adjacent Opportunities Partners, which invest in special situations and distressed investments across the credit cycle, TSL Europe, which is aimed at European middle-market loan originations, and TPG Institutional Credit Partners, which is a "public-side" credit investment platform focused on investment opportunities in broadly syndicated leveraged loan markets. TSSP has extensive experience with highly complex, global public and private investments executed through primary originations, secondary market purchases and restructurings, and has a team of over 160 investment and operating professionals. As of September 30, 2017, thirty (30) of these personnel are dedicated to our business, including twenty three (23) investment professionals.

Our Adviser consults with TSSP and TPG in connection with a substantial number of our investments. The TSSP and TPG platforms provide us with a breadth of large and scalable investment resources. We believe we benefit from their market expertise, insights into sector and macroeconomic trends and intensive due diligence capabilities, which help us discern market conditions that vary across industries and credit cycles, identify favorable investment opportunities and manage our portfolio of investments. TSSP and TPG will refer all middle-market loan origination activities for companies domiciled in the United States to us and conduct those activities through us. The Adviser will determine whether it would be permissible, advisable or otherwise appropriate for us to pursue a particular investment opportunity allocated to us by TSSP and TPG.

On December 16, 2014, we were granted an exemptive order from the SEC that allows us to co-invest, subject to certain conditions and to the extent the size of an investment opportunity exceeds the amount our Adviser has independently determined is appropriate to invest, with affiliates of TSSP and TPG in middle-market loan origination activities for companies domiciled in the United States and certain "follow-on" investments in companies in which we have already co-invested pursuant to the order and remain invested.

We believe our ability to co-invest with TSSP and TPG affiliates is particularly useful where we identify larger capital commitments than otherwise would be appropriate for us. We expect that with the ability to co-invest with TSSP and TPG affiliates we will continue to be able to provide "one-stop" financing to a potential portfolio company in these circumstances, which may allow us to capture opportunities where we alone could not commit the full amount of required capital or would have to spend additional time to locate unaffiliated co-investors.

Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement and Administration Agreement, the Adviser's services are not exclusive, and the Adviser is free to furnish similar or other services to others, so long as its services to us are not impaired. Under the terms of the Investment Advisory Agreement, we will pay the Adviser the base management fee, or the Management Fee, and may also pay certain incentive fees, or the Incentive Fees.

Under the terms of the Administration Agreement, the Adviser also provides administrative services to us. These services include providing office space, equipment and office services, maintaining financial records, preparing reports to stockholders and reports filed with the SEC, and managing the payment of expenses and the oversight of the performance of administrative and professional services rendered by others. Certain of these services are reimbursable to the Adviser under the terms of the Administration Agreement.

Key Components of Our Results of Operations

Investments

We focus primarily on the direct origination of loans to middle-market companies domiciled in the United States.

Our level of investment activity (both the number of investments and the size of each investment) can and does vary substantially from period to period depending on many factors, including the amount of debt and equity capital generally available to middle-market companies, the level of merger and acquisition activity for such companies, the general economic environment and the competitive environment for the types of investments we make.

In addition, as part of our risk strategy on investments, we may reduce certain levels of investments through partial sales or syndication to additional investors.

Revenues

We generate revenues primarily in the form of interest income from the investments we hold. In addition, we may generate income from dividends on direct equity investments, capital gains on the sales of loans and debt and equity securities and various loan origination and other fees. Our debt investments typically have a term of two to six years, and, as of September 30, 2017, 100.0% of these investments based on fair value bore interest at a floating rate (when including investment specific hedges), with 92.4% of these subject to interest rate floors. Interest on debt investments is generally payable quarterly or semiannually. Some of our investments provide for deferred interest payments or PIK interest. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, 3.0% of our total investment income was comprised of PIK interest.

Changes in our net investment income are primarily driven by the spread between the payments we receive from our investments in our portfolio companies against our cost of funding, rather than by changes in interest rates. Our investment portfolio primarily consists of floating rate loans, and our credit facilities and Convertible Senior Notes, after taking into account the effect of the interest rate swaps we have entered into in connection with the Convertible Senior Notes, all bear interest at floating rates. Macro trends in base interest rates like LIBOR may affect our net investment income over the long term. However, because we generally originate loans to a small number of portfolio companies each quarter, and those investments also vary in size, our results in any given period—including the interest rate on investments that were sold or repaid in a period compared to the interest rate of new investments made during that period—often are idiosyncratic, and reflect the characteristics of the particular portfolio companies that we invested in or exited during the period and not necessarily any trends in our business.

In addition to interest income, our net investment income is also driven by prepayment and other fees, which also can vary significantly from quarter to quarter. The level of prepayment fees is generally correlated to the movement in credit spreads and risk premiums, but also will vary based on corporate events that may take place at an individual portfolio company in a given period—e.g., merger and acquisition activity, initial public offerings and restructurings. As noted above, generally a small but varied number of portfolio companies may make prepayments in any quarter, meaning that changes in the amount of prepayment fees received can vary significantly between periods and can vary without regard to underlying credit trends.

Loan origination fees, original issue discount and market discount or premium are capitalized, and we accrete or amortize such amounts as interest income using the effective interest method for term instruments and the straight-line method for revolving or delayed draw instruments. Repayments of our debt investments can reduce interest income from period to period. We record prepayment premiums on loans as interest income when earned. We also may generate revenue in the form of commitment, amendment, structuring, syndication or due diligence fees, fees for providing managerial assistance and consulting fees. The frequency or volume of these repayments may fluctuate significantly.

Dividend income on common equity investments is recorded on the record date for private portfolio companies or on the ex-dividend date for publicly traded portfolio companies.

Our portfolio activity also reflects the proceeds of sales of investments. We recognize realized gains or losses on investments based on the difference between the net proceeds from the disposition and the amortized cost basis of the investment without regard to unrealized gains or losses previously recognized. We record current period changes in fair value of investments that are measured at fair value as a component of the net change in unrealized gains (losses) on investments in the consolidated statements of operations.

Expenses

Our primary operating expenses include the payment of fees to our Adviser under the Investment Advisory Agreement, expenses reimbursable under the Administration Agreement and other operating costs described below. Additionally, we pay interest expense on our outstanding debt. We bear all other costs and expenses of our operations, administration and transactions, including those relating to:

- calculating individual asset values and our net asset value (including the cost and expenses of any independent valuation firms);
- expenses, including travel expenses, incurred by the Adviser, or members of our Investment Team, or payable to third parties, in respect of due diligence on prospective portfolio companies and, if necessary, in respect of enforcing our rights with respect to investments in existing portfolio companies;
- the costs of any public offerings of our common stock and other securities, including registration and listing fees;
- the Management Fee and any Incentive Fee;
- certain costs and expenses relating to distributions paid on our shares;
- administration fees payable under our Administration Agreement;
- costs of preparing financial statements and maintaining books and records and filing reports or other documents with the SEC (or other regulatory bodies) and other reporting and compliance costs, and the compensation of professionals responsible for the preparation of the foregoing, including the allocable portion of the compensation of our Chief Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer and other professionals who spend time on those related activities (based on the percentage of time those individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to our business and affairs);
- debt service and other costs of borrowings or other financing arrangements;
- the Adviser's allocable share of costs incurred in providing significant managerial assistance to those portfolio companies that request it;
- amounts payable to third parties relating to, or associated with, making or holding investments;
- transfer agent and custodial fees;
- costs of hedging;
- commissions and other compensation payable to brokers or dealers;
- taxes;
- Independent Director fees and expenses;
- the costs of any reports, proxy statements or other notices to our stockholders (including printing and mailing costs), the costs of any stockholders' meetings and the compensation of investor relations personnel responsible for the preparation of the foregoing and related matters;
- our fidelity bond;
- directors and officers/errors and omissions liability insurance, and any other insurance premiums;
- indemnification payments;
- direct costs and expenses of administration, including audit, accounting, consulting and legal costs; and
- all other expenses reasonably incurred by us in connection with making investments and administering our business.

We expect that during periods of asset growth, our general and administrative expenses will be relatively stable or will decline as a percentage of total assets, and will increase as a percentage of total assets during periods of asset declines.

Leverage

While as a BDC the amount of leverage that we are permitted to use is limited in significant respects, we use leverage to increase our ability to make investments. The amount of leverage we use in any period depends on a variety of factors, including cash available for investing, the cost of financing and general economic and market conditions, however, our total borrowings are limited so that our asset coverage ratio cannot fall below 200% immediately after any borrowing, as defined in the 1940 Act. In any period, our interest

expense will depend largely on the extent of our borrowing and we expect interest expense will increase as we increase leverage over time within the limits of the 1940 Act. In addition, we may dedicate assets as collateral to financing facilities from time to time.

Market Trends

We believe trends in the middle-market lending environment, including the limited availability of capital, strong demand for debt capital and specialized lending requirements, are likely to continue to create favorable opportunities for us to invest at attractive risk-adjusted rates.

The limited number of dedicated providers of capital to middle-market companies, combined with increases in required capital levels for regulated financial institutions, reduces the capacity of traditional lenders to serve middle-market companies. We believe that the limited availability of capital creates a significant opportunity for us to directly originate investments. We also believe that the large amount of uninvested capital held by private equity firms will continue to drive deal activity, which may in turn create additional demand for debt capital.

The limited number of providers is further exacerbated by the specialized due diligence and underwriting capabilities, as well as extensive ongoing monitoring, required for middle-market lending. We believe middle-market lending is generally more labor-intensive than lending to larger companies due to smaller investment sizes and the lack of publicly available information on these companies.

An imbalance between the supply of, and demand for, middle-market debt capital creates attractive pricing dynamics for investors such as BDCs. The negotiated nature of middle-market financings also generally provides for more favorable terms to the lenders, including stronger covenant and reporting packages, better call protection and lender-protective change of control provisions. We believe that BDCs have flexibility to develop loans that reflect each borrower's distinct situation, provide long-term relationships and a potential source for future capital, which renders BDCs, including us, attractive lenders.

Portfolio and Investment Activity

As of September 30, 2017, our portfolio based on fair value consisted of 93.2% first-lien debt investments, 4.0% second-lien debt investments, and 2.8% equity and other investments. As of December 31, 2016, our portfolio based on fair value consisted of 96.5% first-lien debt investments, 1.2% second-lien debt investments, 0.6% mezzanine and unsecured debt investments, and 1.7% equity and other investments.

As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, our weighted average total yield of debt and income-producing securities at fair value (which includes interest income and amortization of fees and discounts) was 10.7% and 10.4%, respectively, and our weighted average total yield of debt and income-producing securities at amortized cost (which includes interest income and amortization of fees and discounts) was 10.8% and 10.4%, respectively.

As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, we had investments in 44 and 52 portfolio companies, respectively, with an aggregate fair value of \$1,550.3 million and \$1,657.4 million, respectively.

For the three months ended September 30, 2017, we made new investment commitments of \$359.0 million in seven new portfolio companies and five existing portfolio companies. For this period, we had \$330.9 million aggregate principal amount in exits and repayments.

For the three months ended September 30, 2016, we made new investment commitments of \$194.2 million in six new portfolio companies. For this period, we had \$199.2 million aggregate principal amount in exits and repayments.

Our investment activity for the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 is presented below (information presented herein is at par value unless otherwise indicated).

(\$ in millions)	Three Months Ended	
	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016
New investment commitments:		
Gross originations	\$ 501.2	\$ 318.1
Less: Syndications/sell downs	142.2	123.9
Total new investment commitments	\$ 359.0	\$ 194.2
Principal amount of investments funded:		
First-lien	\$ 325.4	\$ 190.4
Second-lien	—	—
Mezzanine and unsecured	—	—
Equity and other	3.5	—
Total	\$ 328.9	\$ 190.4
Principal amount of investments sold or repaid:		
First-lien	\$ 330.1	\$ 174.9
Second-lien	—	7.8
Mezzanine and unsecured	—	16.3
Equity and other	0.8	0.2
Total	\$ 330.9	\$ 199.2
Number of new investment commitments in new portfolio companies		
	7	6
Average new investment commitment amount in new portfolio companies		
	\$ 40.9	\$ 32.4
Weighted average term for new investment commitments in new portfolio companies (in years)		
	5.0	5.3
Percentage of new debt investment commitments at floating rates		
	100.0%	100.0%
Percentage of new debt investment commitments at fixed rates		
	—	—
Weighted average interest rate of new investment commitments		
	9.2%	9.7%
Weighted average spread over LIBOR of new floating rate investment commitments		
	7.9%	8.7%
Weighted average interest rate on investments sold or paid down		
	9.2%	8.0%

As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, our investments consisted of the following:

(\$ in millions)	September 30, 2017		December 31, 2016	
	Fair Value	Amortized Cost	Fair Value	Amortized Cost
First-lien debt investments	\$ 1,445.3	\$ 1,427.9	\$ 1,599.6	\$ 1,592.8
Second-lien debt investments	60.9	63.0	19.6	24.0
Mezzanine and unsecured debt investments	—	—	10.7	10.7
Equity and other investments	44.1	54.2	27.5	40.2
Total	\$ 1,550.3	\$ 1,545.1	\$ 1,657.4	\$ 1,667.7

The following tables show the fair value and amortized cost of our performing and non-accrual investments as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

(\$ in millions)	September 30, 2017		December 31, 2016	
	Fair Value	Percentage	Fair Value	Percentage
Performing	\$ 1,550.3	100.0%	\$ 1,657.4	100.0%
Non-accrual (1)	—	—	—	—
Total	\$ 1,550.3	100.0%	\$ 1,657.4	100.0%

(\$ in millions)	September 30, 2017		December 31, 2016	
	Amortized Cost	Percentage	Amortized Cost	Percentage
Performing	\$ 1,545.1	100.0%	\$ 1,667.7	100.0%
Non-accrual (1)	—	—	—	—
Total	\$ 1,545.1	100.0%	\$ 1,667.7	100.0%

- (1) Loans are generally placed on non-accrual status when principal or interest payments are past due 30 days or more or when management has reasonable doubt that the borrower will pay principal or interest in full. Accrued and unpaid interest is generally reversed when a loan is placed on non-accrual status. Non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest has been paid and, in management's judgment, the borrower is likely to make principal and interest payments in the future. Management may determine to not place a loan on non-accrual status if, notwithstanding any failure to pay, the loan has sufficient collateral value and is in the process of collection.

The weighted average yields and interest rates of our performing debt investments at fair value as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016 were as follows:

	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
Weighted average total yield of debt and income producing securities	10.7%	10.4%
Weighted average interest rate of debt and income producing securities	10.2%	9.8%
Weighted average spread over LIBOR of all floating rate investments (1)	9.0%	8.9%

- (1) Includes fixed rate investments for which we entered into interest rate swap agreements to swap to floating rates.

The Adviser monitors our portfolio companies on an ongoing basis. The Adviser monitors the financial trends of each portfolio company to determine if it is meeting its business plans and to assess the appropriate course of action for each company. The Adviser has a number of methods of evaluating and monitoring the performance and fair value of our investments, which may include the following:

- assessment of success of the portfolio company in adhering to its business plan and compliance with covenants;
- periodic and regular contact with portfolio company management and, if appropriate, the financial or strategic sponsor, to discuss financial position, requirements and accomplishments;
- comparisons to other companies in the industry;
- attendance at, and participation in, board meetings; and
- review of monthly and quarterly financial statements and financial projections for portfolio companies.

As part of the monitoring process, the Adviser regularly assesses the risk profile of each of our investments and, on a quarterly basis, grades each investment on a risk scale of 1 to 5. Risk assessment is not standardized in our industry and our risk assessment may not be comparable to ones used by our competitors. Our assessment is based on the following categories:

- An investment is rated 1 if, in the opinion of the Adviser, it is performing as agreed and there are no concerns about the portfolio company's performance or ability to meet covenant requirements. For these investments, the Adviser generally prepares monthly reports on investment performance and intensive quarterly asset reviews.

- An investment is rated 2 if it is performing as agreed, but, in the opinion of the Adviser, there may be concerns about the company's operating performance or trends in the industry. For these investments, in addition to monthly reports and quarterly asset reviews, the Adviser also researches any areas of concern with the objective of early intervention with the portfolio company.
- An investment will be assigned a rating of 3 if it is paying as agreed but a material covenant violation is expected. For these investments, in addition to monthly reports and quarterly asset reviews, the Adviser also adds the investment to its "watch list" and researches any areas of concern with the objective of early intervention with the portfolio company.
- An investment will be assigned a rating of 4 if a material covenant has been violated, but the company is making its scheduled payments. For these investments, the Adviser prepares a bi-monthly asset review email and generally has monthly meetings with senior management. For investments where there have been material defaults, including bankruptcy filings, failures to achieve financial performance requirements or failure to maintain liquidity or loan-to-value requirements, the Adviser often will take immediate action to protect its position. These remedies may include negotiating for additional collateral, modifying investment terms or structure, or payment of amendment and waiver fees.
- A rating of 5 indicates an investment is in default on its interest or principal payments. For these investments, our Adviser reviews the investments on a bi-monthly basis and, where possible, pursues workouts that achieve an early resolution to avoid further deterioration. The Adviser retains legal counsel and takes actions to preserve our rights, which may include working with the portfolio company to have the default cured, to have the investment restructured or to have the investment repaid through a consensual workout.

The following table shows the distribution of our investments on the 1 to 5 investment performance rating scale at fair value as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016. Investment performance ratings are accurate only as of those dates and may change due to subsequent developments relating to a portfolio company's business or financial condition, market conditions or developments, and other factors.

Investment Performance Rating	September 30, 2017		December 31, 2016	
	Investments at Fair Value (\$ in millions)	Percentage of Total Portfolio	Investments at Fair Value (\$ in millions)	Percentage of Total Portfolio
1	\$ 1,288.7	83.1%	\$ 1,099.1	66.4%
2	202.6	13.1	382.0	23.0
3	59.0	3.8	176.3	10.6
4	—	—	—	—
5	—	—	—	—
Total	\$ 1,550.3	100.0%	\$ 1,657.4	100.0%

Results of Operations

Operating results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Total investment income	\$ 52.3	\$ 53.9	\$ 162.1	\$ 142.7
Less: Net expenses	20.7	22.6	66.4	61.8
Net investment income before income taxes	31.6	31.3	95.7	80.9
Less: Income taxes, including excise taxes	0.7	0.7	2.3	1.6
Net investment income	30.9	30.6	93.4	79.3
Net realized gains (losses) (1)	2.5	1.4	(14.2)	1.9
Net change in unrealized gains (losses) (1)	(8.6)	4.9	5.7	23.1
Net increase in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 24.8	\$ 36.9	\$ 84.9	\$ 104.3

(1) Includes foreign exchange hedging activity.

Investment Income

(\$ in millions)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Interest from investments	\$ 48.7	\$ 46.6	\$ 153.9	\$ 132.2
Dividend income	0.0	0.5	0.0	1.4
Other income	3.6	6.8	8.2	9.1
Total investment income	\$ 52.3	\$ 53.9	\$ 162.1	\$ 142.7

Interest from investments, which includes amortization of upfront fees and prepayment fees, increased from \$46.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 to \$48.7 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017. The average size of our investment portfolio was \$1.6 billion during each of the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. Accelerated amortization of upfront fees primarily from unscheduled paydowns increased from \$2.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 to \$5.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017. Prepayment fees increased to \$1.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017. There were no prepayment fees for the three months ended September 30, 2016. The accelerated amortization primarily resulted from full paydowns on three portfolio investments and a partial paydown on one existing portfolio investment during the three months ended September 30, 2016. The accelerated amortization and prepayment fees primarily resulted from full paydowns on nine portfolio investments and earning prepayment fees on two portfolio investments during the three months ended September 30, 2017. The increase in paydowns during the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2016 was due to a combination of merger and acquisition activity and the ability of certain portfolio companies to refinance outstanding debt. Dividend income decreased from \$0.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 to less than \$0.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 following the partial sale of our holdings in TICC. Other income decreased from \$6.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 to \$3.6 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017, primarily due to higher syndication and amendment fees earned during the third quarter of 2016 compared to the same period in 2017.

Interest from investments, which includes amortization of upfront fees and prepayment fees, increased from \$132.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$153.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, primarily due to the increase in LIBOR. The average size of our investment portfolio was \$1.6 billion during each of the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. Accelerated amortization of upfront fees primarily from unscheduled paydowns increased from \$4.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$19.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. Prepayment fees increased from \$2.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$11.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The accelerated amortization and prepayment fees primarily resulted from full paydowns on five portfolio investments and partial paydowns on two portfolio investments during the nine months ended September 30, 2016 and from full paydowns on nineteen portfolio investments; partial paydowns on six portfolio investments and earning prepayment fees on ten portfolio investments during the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The increase in paydowns during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2016 was due to a combination of merger and acquisition activity and the ability of certain portfolio companies to refinance outstanding debt. Other income decreased from \$9.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$8.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017, primarily due to higher amendment fees earned during the first three quarters of 2016 compared to the same period in 2017.

Expenses

Operating expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

(\$ in millions)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Interest	\$ 5.5	\$ 6.1	\$ 20.0	\$ 17.0
Management fees (net of waivers)	6.0	6.2	18.0	17.9
Incentive fees related to pre-incentive fee net investment income (net of waivers)	6.5	6.4	19.8	16.5
Incentive fees related to realized/unrealized capital gains	—	—	—	—
Professional fees	1.2	3.0	4.3	6.9
Directors fees	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3
Other general and administrative	1.4	0.8	4.0	3.2
Net Expenses	\$ 20.7	\$ 22.6	\$ 66.4	\$ 61.8

Interest

Interest expense, including other debt financing expenses, decreased from \$6.1 million for three months ended September 30, 2016 to \$5.5 million for three months ended September 30, 2017. This decrease was primarily due to the timing of the settlement of an interest rate swap related to issuance of the 2022 Convertible Senior Notes. The average interest rate on our debt outstanding remained at 2.7% for each of the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016.

Interest expense, including other debt financing expenses, increased from \$17.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$20.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. This increase was primarily due to an increase in the average interest rate on our debt outstanding from 2.6% for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to 3.3% for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 following issuance of the 2022 Convertible Senior Notes and an increase in LIBOR.

Management Fees

Management Fees (net of waivers) decreased from \$6.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 to \$6.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 due to a decrease in assets for the three months ended September 30, 2017 compared to the same period in 2016. Management Fees waived were less than \$0.1 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016, consisting solely of Management Fees attributable to our ownership of shares of common stock in TICC Capital Corp., or the TICC Shares. The Adviser did not waive any Management Fees for the three months ended September 30, 2017.

Management Fees (net of waivers) increased from \$17.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$18.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 due to the Management Fees waived during nine months ended September 30, 2016. Management Fees were \$18.0 million for both the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 due to average assets remaining relatively flat at an average of \$1.6 billion for each of the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016. Management Fees waived were less than \$0.1 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016, consisting solely of Management Fees attributable to our ownership of shares of common stock in the TICC Shares. The Adviser did not waive any Management Fees for the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

For the periods ended December 31, 2016 and prior, the Adviser voluntarily waived the Management Fee on our ownership of the TICC Shares. Any waived Management Fees are not subject to recoupment by the Adviser. Following our IPO, with the exception of its waiver of Management Fees attributable to our ownership of the TICC Shares, the Adviser has not waived its right to receive the full Management Fee payable pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement.

Incentive Fees

Incentive Fees (net of waivers) related to pre-Incentive Fee net investment income increased from \$6.4 million for three months ended September 30, 2016 to \$6.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017. This increase resulted from the increase in prepayment fees and accelerated amortization of upfront fees primarily from unscheduled paydowns. For the three months ended September 30, 2016, Incentive Fees related to pre-Incentive Fee net investment income of less than \$0.1 million were waived, consisting solely of Incentive Fees attributable to our ownership of the TICC Shares. The Adviser did not waive any Incentive Fees related to pre-Incentive Fee net investment income for the three months ended September 30, 2017. There were no Incentive Fees related to capital gains and losses for each of the three months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 due to unrealized losses on our investments.

Incentive Fees (net of waivers) related to pre-Incentive Fee net investment income increased from \$16.5 million for nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$19.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. This increase resulted from the increase in prepayment fees and accelerated amortization of upfront fees primarily from unscheduled paydowns. For the nine months ended September 30, 2016, Incentive Fees related to pre-Incentive Fee net investment income of \$0.2 million were waived, consisting solely of Incentive Fees attributable to our ownership of the TICC Shares. There were no Incentive Fees related to pre-Incentive Fee net investment income waived for the nine months ended September 30, 2017. There were no Incentive Fees related to capital gains and losses for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016 due to unrealized losses on our investments.

For the periods ended December 31, 2016 and prior, the Adviser voluntarily waived the Incentive Fees attributable to pre-Incentive Fee net investment income accrued by us as a result of our ownership of the TICC Shares. The Adviser has not waived any part of the Incentive Fee related to capital gains and losses attributable to our ownership of the TICC Shares and, accordingly, any realized capital gains or losses and unrealized capital appreciation and depreciation with respect to the TICC Shares applies towards our cumulative realized capital gains on which the Incentive Fee related to capital gains and losses is calculated.

Any waived Incentive Fees are not subject to recoupment by the Adviser.

Professional Fees and Other General and Administrative Expenses

Professional fees decreased from \$3.0 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 to \$1.2 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017 primarily due to a decrease in costs associated with our investment in TICC. Other general and administrative fees increased from \$0.8 million for the three months ended September 30, 2016 to \$1.4 million for the three months ended September 30, 2017.

Professional fees decreased from \$6.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$4.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 primarily due to a decrease in costs associated with our investment in TICC. Other general and administrative fees increased from \$3.2 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2016 to \$4.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2017.

Income Taxes, Including Excise Taxes

We have elected to be treated as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code, and we intend to operate in a manner so as to continue to qualify for the tax treatment applicable to RICs. To qualify as a RIC, we must, among other things, distribute to our stockholders in each taxable year generally at least 90% of our investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code, and net tax-exempt income for that taxable year. To maintain our RIC status, we, among other things, have made and intend to continue to make the requisite distributions to our stockholders, which generally relieve us from corporate-level U.S. federal income taxes.

Depending on the level of taxable income earned in a tax year, we can be expected to carry forward taxable income (including net capital gains, if any) in excess of current year dividend distributions from the current tax year into the next tax year and pay a nondeductible 4% U.S. federal excise tax on such taxable income, as required. To the extent that we determine that our estimated current year annual taxable income will be in excess of estimated current year dividend distributions from such income, we accrue excise tax on estimated excess taxable income.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, we recorded a net expense of \$0.7 million and \$2.3 million, respectively, for U.S. federal excise tax. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, we recorded a net expense of \$0.7 million and \$1.6 million, respectively, for U.S. federal excise tax.

Net Realized and Unrealized Gains and Losses

The following table summarizes our net realized and unrealized gains (losses) for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016:

(\$ in millions)	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Net realized gains (losses) on investments	\$ 2.4	\$ 1.5	\$ (14.8)	\$ 1.9
Net realized gains (losses) on foreign currency transactions	(0.0)	0.1	0.2	(0.0)
Net realized losses on foreign currency investments	(0.0)	(1.8)	(4.8)	(2.0)
Net realized gains on foreign currency borrowings	0.1	1.6	5.2	2.0
Net realized gains (losses)	<u>\$ 2.5</u>	<u>\$ 1.4</u>	<u>\$ (14.2)</u>	<u>\$ 1.9</u>
Change in unrealized gains on investments	\$ 11.0	\$ 18.2	\$ 59.4	\$ 36.7
Change in unrealized losses on investments	(16.2)	(11.4)	(44.0)	(15.2)
Net Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Investments	<u>\$ (5.2)</u>	<u>\$ 6.8</u>	<u>\$ 15.4</u>	<u>\$ 21.5</u>
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on foreign currency borrowings	\$ (1.7)	\$ (1.4)	\$ (10.3)	\$ 0.5
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on foreign currency cash and forward contracts	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	(0.0)
Unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on interest rate swaps	(1.7)	(0.5)	0.6	1.1
Net Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Foreign Currency Transactions and Interest Rate Swaps	<u>\$ (3.4)</u>	<u>\$ (1.9)</u>	<u>\$ (9.7)</u>	<u>\$ 1.6</u>
Net Change in Unrealized Gains (Losses)	<u>\$ (8.6)</u>	<u>\$ 4.9</u>	<u>\$ 5.7</u>	<u>\$ 23.1</u>

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017 we had net realized gains on investments of \$2.4 million and net realized losses of \$14.8 million, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, we had net realized losses of less than \$0.1 million and net realized gains of \$0.2 million, respectively, on foreign currency transactions, primarily as a result of translating foreign currency related to our non-USD denominated investments. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, we had net realized losses of less than \$0.1 million and \$4.8 million, respectively, on foreign currency investments. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, we had net realized gains of \$0.1 million and \$5.2 million, respectively, on foreign currency borrowings. The net realized gains on foreign currency borrowings and net realized losses on foreign currency investments for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 were a result of exiting two investments and a partial realization on one investment.

For the three months ended September 30, 2017 we had \$11.0 million in unrealized appreciation on 27 portfolio company investments, which was offset by \$16.2 million in unrealized depreciation on 26 portfolio company investments. For the nine months ended September 30, 2017 we had \$59.4 million in unrealized appreciation on 39 portfolio company investments, which was offset by \$44.0 million in unrealized depreciation on 32 portfolio company investments. Unrealized appreciation resulted from an increase in fair value, primarily due to a tightening spread environment and positive credit-related adjustments. Unrealized depreciation primarily resulted from the reversal of prior period unrealized appreciation and in some instances negative credit-related adjustments.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, we had unrealized depreciation on foreign currency borrowings of \$1.7 million and \$10.3 million, respectively, as a result of fluctuations in the GBP and EUR exchange rates. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, we had unrealized depreciation on foreign currency cash and forward contracts of less than \$0.1 million and unrealized appreciation of less than \$0.1 million, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, we had unrealized depreciation on interest rate swaps of \$1.7 million and unrealized appreciation of \$0.6 million, respectively, on interest rate swaps due to fluctuations in interest rates and the periodic settlement of interest rate swaps.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, we had net realized gains on investments of \$1.5 million and \$1.9 million, respectively. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, we had net realized gains of \$0.1 million and net realized losses of less than \$0.1 million, respectively, on foreign currency transactions, primarily as a result of translating currency related to our investments denominated in foreign currencies. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, we had net realized losses of \$1.8 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, on foreign currency investments. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, we had net realized gains of \$1.6 million and \$2.0 million, respectively, on foreign currency borrowings.

For the three months ended September 30, 2016 we had \$18.2 million in unrealized appreciation on 42 portfolio company investments, which was offset by \$11.4 million in unrealized depreciation on 14 portfolio company investments. For the nine months ended September 30, 2016 we had \$36.7 million in unrealized appreciation on 43 portfolio company investments, which was offset by \$15.2 million in unrealized depreciation on 14 portfolio company investments. Unrealized appreciation resulted from an increase in fair market value, primarily due to a tightening spread environment and positive credit-related adjustments. Unrealized depreciation primarily resulted from the reversal of prior period unrealized appreciation and in some instances negative credit-related adjustments.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, we had unrealized depreciation of \$1.4 million and unrealized appreciation of \$0.5 million, respectively, on foreign currency borrowings as a result of fluctuations in the GBP, SEK and EUR exchange rates. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, we had unrealized appreciation of less than \$0.1 million and unrealized depreciation of less than \$0.1 million, respectively, on foreign currency cash and forward contracts. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2016, we had unrealized depreciation of \$0.5 million and unrealized appreciation of \$1.1 million, respectively, on interest rate swaps due to fluctuations in interest rates and the periodic settlement of interest rate swaps.

Realized Gross Internal Rate of Return

Since we began investing in 2011 through September 30, 2017, weighted by capital invested, our exited investments have generated an average realized gross internal rate of return to us of 18.9% (based on total capital invested of \$2.5 billion and total proceeds from these exited investments of \$3.1 billion). Eighty seven percent of these exited investments resulted in a realized gross internal rate of return to us of 10% or greater.

Gross IRR, with respect to an investment, is calculated based on the dates that we invested capital and dates we received distributions, regardless of when we made distributions to our stockholders. Initial investments are assumed to occur at time zero, and all cash flows are deemed to occur on the fifteenth of each month in which they occur.

Gross IRR reflects historical results relating to our past performance and is not necessarily indicative of our future results. In addition, gross IRR does not reflect the effect of Management Fees, expenses, Incentive Fees or taxes borne, or to be borne, by us or our stockholders, and would be lower if it did.

Average gross IRR is the average of the gross IRR for each of our exited investments (each calculated as described above), weighted by the total capital invested for each of those investments.

Average gross IRR on our exited investments reflects only invested and realized cash amounts as described above, and does not reflect any unrealized gains or losses in our portfolio.

Internal rate of return, or IRR, is a measure of our discounted cash flows (inflows and outflows). Specifically, IRR is the discount rate at which the net present value of all cash flows is equal to zero. That is, IRR is the discount rate at which the present value of total capital invested in each of our investments is equal to the present value of all realized returns from that investment. Our IRR calculations are unaudited.

Capital invested, with respect to an investment, represents the aggregate cost basis allocable to the realized or unrealized portion of the investment, net of any upfront fees paid at closing for the term loan portion of the investment. Capital invested also includes realized losses on hedging activity, with respect to an investment, which represents any inception-to-date realized losses on foreign currency forward contracts allocable to the investment, if any.

Realized returns, with respect to an investment, represents the total cash received with respect to each investment, including all amortization payments, interest, dividends, prepayment fees, upfront fees (except upfront fees paid at closing for the term loan portion of an investment), administrative fees, agent fees, amendment fees, accrued interest, and other fees and proceeds. Realized returns also include realized gains on hedging activity, with respect to an investment, which represents any inception-to-date realized gains on foreign currency forward contracts allocable to the investment, if any.

Hedging

Our current approach to hedging the foreign currency exposure in our non-U.S. dollar denominated investments is primarily to borrow the par amount in local currency under our Revolving Credit Facility to fund these investments. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017, we had \$1.7 million and \$10.3 million, respectively, of unrealized losses on the translation of our non-U.S. dollar denominated debt into U.S. dollars; such amounts approximate the corresponding unrealized gains and losses on the translation of our non-U.S. dollar denominated investments into U.S. dollars for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017. See Note 2 for additional disclosure regarding our accounting for foreign currency. See Note 7 for additional disclosure regarding the amounts of outstanding debt denominated in each foreign currency at September 30, 2017. See our consolidated schedule of investments for additional disclosure regarding the foreign currency amounts (in both par and fair value) of our non-U.S. dollar denominated investments.

Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our liquidity and capital resources are derived primarily from proceeds from equity issuances, advances from our credit facilities, and cash flows from operations. The primary uses of our cash and cash equivalents are:

- investments in portfolio companies and other investments and to comply with certain portfolio diversification requirements;
- the cost of operations (including paying our Adviser);
- debt service, repayment, and other financing costs; and
- cash dividends to the holders of our shares.

We intend to continue to generate cash primarily from cash flows from operations, future borrowings and future offerings of securities. We may from time to time enter into additional debt facilities, increase the size of existing facilities or issue debt securities. Any such incurrence or issuance would be subject to prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual and regulatory restrictions and other factors. In accordance with the 1940 Act, with certain limited exceptions, we are only allowed to incur borrowings, issue debt securities or issue preferred stock if immediately after the borrowing or issuance the ratio of total assets (less total liabilities other than indebtedness) to total indebtedness plus preferred stock, is at least 200%. As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, our asset coverage ratio was 267.5% and 237.7%, respectively. We carefully consider our unfunded commitments for the purpose of planning our capital resources and ongoing liquidity, including our financial leverage. Further, we maintain sufficient borrowing capacity within the 200% asset coverage limitation to cover any outstanding unfunded commitments we are required to fund.

Cash and cash equivalents as of September 30, 2017, taken together with cash available under our credit facilities, is expected to be sufficient for our investing activities and to conduct our operations in the near term. As of September 30, 2017, we had approximately \$626.1 million of availability on our Revolving Credit Facility, subject to asset coverage limitations.

As of September 30, 2017, we had \$8.1 million in cash and cash equivalents, an increase of \$2.1 million from December 31, 2016. During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, we provided \$196.5 million in cash from operating activities, primarily as a result of repayments and proceeds from investments of \$876.3 million and an increase in net assets resulting from operations of \$84.8 million, which was offset by funding portfolio investments of \$742.7 million and other operating activity of \$21.9 million. Lastly, cash used by financing activities was \$194.4 million during the period, primarily due to paydowns on our Revolving Credit Facility of \$968.9 million, dividends paid of \$70.6 million and deferred financing costs of \$3.9 million, which was partially offset by borrowings of \$849.0 million (including the issuance of \$115.0 million principal amount of our 2022 Convertible Senior Notes).

As of September 30, 2017, we had \$2.6 million of restricted cash pledged as collateral under our interest rate swap agreements, an increase of \$1.5 million from December 31, 2016.

Equity

On March 3, 2016, we issued 5,000,000 shares of common stock at \$16.42 per share. Net of underwriting fees and offering costs, we received total cash proceeds of \$78.3 million.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2017 and 2016, we issued 383,150 and 502,634 shares of our common stock, respectively, to investors who have not opted out of our dividend reinvestment plan for proceeds of \$7.3 million and \$8.0 million, respectively. On October 13, 2017, we issued 125,519 shares of our common stock through our dividend reinvestment plan for proceeds of \$2.5 million, which is not reflected in the number of shares issued for the nine months ended September 30, 2017 in this section or the consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2017.

On November 3, 2014, the Board approved the Company 10b5-1 Plan to acquire up to \$50 million in the aggregate of our common stock at prices just below our net asset value over a specified period, in accordance with the guidelines specified in Rule 10b-18 and Rule 10b5-1 of the Exchange Act. We put the Company 10b5-1 Plan in place because we believe that, in current market conditions, if our common stock is trading below our then-current net asset value, it is in the best interest of our stockholders for us to reinvest in our portfolio and increase our leverage ratio through share repurchases.

The Company 10b5-1 Plan is designed to allow us to repurchase our common stock at times when we otherwise might be prevented from doing so under insider trading laws. The Company 10b5-1 Plan requires Goldman, Sachs & Co., as our agent, to repurchase shares of common stock on our behalf when the market price per share is below the most recently reported net asset value per share (including any updates, corrections or adjustments publicly announced by us to any previously announced net asset value per share). Under the Company 10b5-1 Plan, the agent will increase the volume of purchases made as the price of our common stock declines, subject to volume restrictions. The timing and amount of any stock repurchases will depend on the terms and conditions of the Company 10b5-1 Plan, the market price of our common stock and trading volumes, and no assurance can be given that any particular amount of common stock will be repurchased.

The purchase of shares pursuant to the Company 10b5-1 Plan is intended to satisfy the conditions of Rule 10b5-1 and Rule 10b-18 under the Exchange Act, and will otherwise be subject to applicable law, including Regulation M, which may prohibit purchases under certain circumstances.

The Company 10b5-1 Plan expired in accordance with its terms on June 30, 2015. On August 4, 2015, the Board authorized us to enter into a new stock repurchase plan, on substantially the same terms as the prior stock repurchase plan, over an initial six month period, and has continued to authorize extensions of the plan termination date prior to its expiration since that time. On August 2, 2017, the Board authorized the extension of the termination date of the Company 10b5-1 Plan to February 28, 2018. Unless extended or terminated by the Board, the Company 10b5-1 Plan will be in effect through the earlier of February 28, 2018 or such time as the current approved repurchase amount of up to \$50 million has been fully utilized, subject to certain conditions.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2017, no shares were repurchased under the Company 10b5-1 Plan. During the nine months ended September 30, 2016, 86,081 shares were repurchased under the Company 10b5-1 Plan at a weighted average price per share of \$15.44, inclusive of commissions, for a total cost of \$1.3 million.

Debt

Debt obligations consisted of the following as of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016:

(\$ in millions)	September 30, 2017			
	Aggregate Principal	Outstanding	Amount	Carrying
	Amount Committed	Principal	Available (1)	Value (2)
Revolving Credit Facility	\$ 975.0	\$ 348.9	\$ 626.1	\$ 341.4
2019 Convertible Senior Notes	115.0	115.0	—	111.8
2022 Convertible Senior Notes	115.0	115.0	—	111.3
Total Debt	\$ 1,205.0	\$ 578.9	\$ 626.1	\$ 564.5

- (1) The amount available reflects any limitations related to the respective debt facilities' borrowing bases.
- (2) The carrying values of the Revolving Credit Facility and 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs of \$7.5 million, \$1.7 million and \$3.4 million, respectively.

(\$ in millions)	December 31, 2016			
	Aggregate Principal	Outstanding	Amount	Carrying
	Amount Committed	Principal	Available (1)	Value (2)
Revolving Credit Facility	\$ 945.0	\$ 578.7	\$ 366.3	\$ 569.9
2019 Convertible Senior Notes	115.0	115.0	—	110.8
Total Debt	\$ 1,060.0	\$ 693.7	\$ 366.3	\$ 680.7

- (1) The amount available reflects any limitations related to the respective debt facilities' borrowing bases.
- (2) The carrying values of the Revolving Credit Facility and 2019 Convertible Senior Notes are presented net of deferred financing costs of \$8.7 million and \$2.3 million, respectively.

As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, we were in compliance with the terms of our debt arrangements. We intend to continue to utilize our credit facilities to fund investments and for other general corporate purposes.

Revolving Credit Facility

On August 23, 2012, we entered into a senior secured revolving credit agreement with SunTrust Bank, as administrative agent, and J.P. Morgan Chase Bank, N.A., as syndication agent, and certain other lenders (as amended, the "Revolving Credit Facility").

As of September 30, 2017, aggregate commitments under the facility were \$975 million. The facility includes an uncommitted accordion feature that allows us, under certain circumstances, to increase the size of the facility to up to \$1.25 billion.

With respect to \$915 million in commitments, the revolving period, during which period we, subject to certain conditions, may make borrowings under the facility, ends December 22, 2020 and the stated maturity date is December 22, 2021. For the remaining \$60 million of commitments, the revolving period ends October 2, 2019 and the stated maturity date is October 2, 2020.

We may borrow amounts in U.S. dollars or certain other permitted currencies. As of September 30, 2017, we had outstanding debt denominated in Euro (EUR) of 38.8 million on our Revolving Credit Facility, included in the Outstanding Principal amount in the table above.

The Revolving Credit Facility also provides for the issuance of letters of credit up to an aggregate amount of \$75 million. As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, we had no outstanding letters of credit issued through the Revolving Credit Facility. The amount available for borrowing under the Revolving Credit Facility is reduced by any letters of credit issued through the Revolving Credit Facility.

Amounts drawn under the Revolving Credit Facility, including amounts drawn in respect of letters of credit, bear interest at either LIBOR plus a margin of either 1.75% or 2.00%, or the prime rate plus a margin of either 0.75% or 1.00%, in each case, based on the total amount of the borrowing base relative to the sum of the total commitments (or, if greater, the total exposure) under the Revolving Credit Facility plus certain other designated secured debt. We may elect either the LIBOR or prime rate at the time of drawdown, and loans may be converted from one rate to another at any time, subject to certain conditions. We also pay a fee of 0.375% on undrawn amounts and, in respect of each undrawn letter of credit, a fee and interest rate equal to the then-applicable margin while the letter of credit is outstanding.

The Revolving Credit Facility is guaranteed by TPG SL SPV, LLC, TC Lending, LLC and TSL MR, LLC and may be guaranteed by certain domestic subsidiaries in the future. The Revolving Credit Facility is secured by a perfected first-priority security interest in substantially all the portfolio investments held by us and each guarantor. Proceeds from borrowings may be used for general corporate purposes, including the funding of portfolio investments.

The Revolving Credit Facility includes customary events of default, as well as customary covenants, including restrictions on certain distributions and financial covenants requiring:

- an asset coverage ratio of no less than 2 to 1 on the last day of any fiscal quarter;
- a liquidity test under which we must not maintain cash and liquid investments of less than 10% of the covered debt amount for more than 30 consecutive business days under circumstances where our adjusted covered debt balance is greater than 90% of our adjusted borrowing base under the facility; and
- stockholders' equity of at least \$500 million plus 25% of the net proceeds of the sale of equity interests after December 22, 2016.

Net proceeds received from our common stock issuance in March 2016, and net proceeds received from the issuance of the 2022 Convertible Senior Notes were used to pay down borrowings on the Revolving Credit Facility.

2019 Convertible Senior Notes

In June 2014, we issued in a private offering \$115 million aggregate principal amount convertible senior notes due December 2019, or the 2019 Convertible Senior Notes. The 2019 Convertible Senior Notes were issued in a private placement only to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act. The 2019 Convertible Senior Notes are unsecured and bear interest at a rate of 4.50% per year, payable semiannually. The 2019 Convertible Senior Notes will mature on December 15, 2019. In certain circumstances, the 2019 Convertible Senior Notes will be convertible into cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock, at our election, at an initial conversion rate of 38.7162 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of 2019 Convertible Senior Notes, which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$25.83 per share of our common stock, subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments. As of September 30, 2017, the estimated adjusted conversion price was approximately \$25.50. The sale of the 2019 Convertible Senior Notes generated net proceeds of approximately \$110.8 million. We used the net proceeds of the offering to pay down debt under the Revolving Credit Facility. In connection with the offering of 2019 Convertible Senior Notes, we have entered into interest rate swaps to continue to align the interest rates of our liabilities with our investment portfolio, which consists of predominately floating rate loans. As a result of the swaps, our effective interest rate on the 2019 Convertible Senior Notes is three-month LIBOR plus 286 basis points.

Holders may convert their 2019 Convertible Senior Notes at their option at any time prior to June 15, 2019 only under the following circumstances: (1) during any calendar quarter commencing after the calendar quarter ending on September 30, 2014 (and only during such calendar quarter), if the last reported sale price of the common stock for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during a period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding calendar quarter is greater than or equal to 130% of the conversion price on each applicable trading day; (2) during the five business day period after any five consecutive trading day period, or the measurement period, in which the trading price (as defined in the indenture governing the 2019 Convertible Senior Notes) per \$1,000 principal amount of notes for each trading day of the measurement period was less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of our common stock and the conversion rate on each such trading day; or (3) upon the occurrence of specified corporate events. On or after June 15, 2019 until the close of business on the scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date, holders may convert their notes at any time, regardless of the occurrence or nonoccurrence of any of the foregoing circumstances.

In February 2017, we issued in a private offering \$115 million aggregate principal amount convertible senior notes due August 2022, or the 2022 Convertible Senior Notes. We refer to the 2019 Convertible Senior Notes and the 2022 Convertible Senior Notes collectively as the Convertible Senior Notes. The 2022 Convertible Senior Notes were issued in a private placement only to qualified institutional buyers pursuant to Rule 144A under the Securities Act. The 2022 Convertible Senior Notes are unsecured, and bear interest at a rate of 4.50% per year, payable semiannually. The 2022 Convertible Senior Notes will mature on August 1, 2022. In certain circumstances, the 2022 Convertible Senior Notes will be convertible into cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock, at our election, at an initial conversion rate of 46.8516 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of 2022 Convertible Senior Notes, which is equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$21.34 per share of our common stock, subject to customary anti-dilution adjustments. As of September 30, 2017, the estimated adjusted conversion price was approximately \$21.21. The sale of the 2022 Convertible Senior Notes generated net proceeds of approximately \$111.2 million. We used the net proceeds of the offering to pay down debt under the Revolving Credit Facility. In connection with the offering of 2022 Convertible Senior Notes, we have entered into an interest rate swap to continue to align the interest rates of our liabilities with our investment portfolio, which consists of predominately floating rate loans. As a result of the swaps, our effective interest rate on the 2022 Convertible Senior Notes is three-month LIBOR plus 237.2 basis points.

Holders may convert their 2022 Convertible Senior Notes at their option at any time prior to February 1, 2022 only under the following circumstances: (1) during any calendar quarter commencing after the calendar quarter ending on June 30, 2017 (and only during such calendar quarter), if the last reported sale price of the common stock for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during a period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the immediately preceding calendar quarter is greater than or equal to 130% of the conversion price on each applicable trading day; (2) during the five business day period after any five consecutive trading day period, or the measurement period, in which the trading price (as defined in the indenture governing the 2022 Convertible Senior Notes) per \$1,000 principal amount of notes for each trading day of the measurement period was less than 98% of the product of the last reported sale price of our common stock and the conversion rate on each such trading day; or (3) upon the occurrence of specified corporate events. On or after February 1, 2022 until the close of business on the scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date, holders may convert their notes at any time, regardless of the occurrence or nonoccurrence of any of the foregoing circumstances.

The Convertible Senior Notes are our senior unsecured obligations and rank senior in right of payment to our future indebtedness that is expressly subordinated in right of payment to the Convertible Senior Notes; equal in right of payment to our existing and future indebtedness that is not so subordinated; effectively junior in right of payment to any of our secured indebtedness (including unsecured indebtedness that we later secure) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness; and structurally junior to all existing and future indebtedness (including trade payables) incurred by our subsidiaries, financing vehicles or similar facilities.

As of September 30, 2017, the principal amount of the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes exceeded the value of the underlying shares multiplied by the per share closing price of our common stock.

The indentures governing the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes contain certain covenants, including covenants requiring us to comply with the requirement under the 1940 Act that our asset coverage ratio, as defined in the 1940 Act, equal at least 200% and to provide financial information to the holders of the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes under certain circumstances. These covenants are subject to important limitations and exceptions that are described in the indentures governing the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes. As of September 30, 2017, we were in compliance with the terms of the indentures governing the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes.

The Convertible Senior Notes are accounted for in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 470-20. Upon conversion of any of the Convertible Senior Notes, we intend to pay the outstanding principal amount in cash and, to the extent that the conversion value exceeds the principal amount, we have the option to pay in cash or shares of our common stock (or a combination of cash and shares) in respect of the excess amount, subject to the requirements of the indentures governing the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes. We have determined that the embedded conversion options in the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes are not required to be separately accounted for as a derivative under U.S. GAAP. In accounting for the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes, we estimated at the time of issuance separate debt and equity components of the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes. An original issue discount equal to the equity components of the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes was recorded in “additional paid-in capital” in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. Additionally, the issuance costs associated with the 2019 and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes were allocated to the debt and equity components in proportion to the allocation of the proceeds and accounted for as deferred financing costs and equity issuance costs, respectively.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Portfolio Company Commitments

From time to time, we may enter into commitments to fund investments. We incorporated these commitments into our assessment of our liquidity position. Our senior secured revolving loan commitments are generally available on a borrower's demand and may remain outstanding until the maturity date of the applicable loan. Our senior secured term loan commitments are generally available on a borrower's demand and, once drawn, generally have the same remaining term as the associated loan agreement. Undrawn senior secured term loan commitments generally have a shorter availability period than the term of the associated loan agreement. As of September 30, 2017 and December 31, 2016, we had the following commitments to fund investments in current portfolio companies:

(\$ in millions)	September 30, 2017	December 31, 2016
AppStar Financial, LLC - Revolver	\$ 2.0	\$ 2.0
Clarabridge, Inc. - Revolver	—	2.5
CrunchTime Information Systems, Inc. - Delayed Draw	—	12.0
CrunchTime Information Systems, Inc. - Revolver	—	2.0
Ecommerce Industries, Inc. - Revolver	—	2.5
Frontline Technologies Group LLC - Delayed Draw	9.4	—
Heartland Automotive Holdings, LLC - Revolver	2.8	4.1
Helix Health Ltd. - Revolver	4.4	3.9
Illuminate Education, Inc. - Delayed Draw	10.0	—
Illuminate Education, Inc. - Revolver	5.0	—
IRGSE Holding Corp. - Revolver	0.5	0.2
Leaf US Holdings, Inc. - Revolver	2.0	2.0
Marketo, Inc. - Revolver	1.9	1.9
My Alarm Center, LLC - Delayed Draw	—	0.8
Network Merchants, Inc. - Revolver	—	0.8
PayLease, LLC - Revolver	3.3	5.0
PaySimple - Revolver	5.0	—
Rex Energy Corporation - Delayed Draw	14.4	—
Riskconnect, Inc. - Revolver	5.0	—
Sailpoint Technologies, Inc. - Revolver	1.8	1.2
ScentAir Technologies, Inc. - Revolver	0.8	2.1
Sovos Compliance, LLC - Delayed Draw	3.0	—
Sovos Compliance, LLC - Revolver	1.7	0.8
Total Portfolio Company Commitments	\$ 73.0	\$ 43.8

Other Commitments and Contingencies

As of September 30, 2017, we did not have any unfunded commitments to fund new investments to new borrowers that were not current portfolio companies as of September 30, 2017. As of December 31, 2016, we had additional unfunded commitments of \$50.0 million to fund investments to new borrowers that were not current portfolio companies as of December 31, 2016.

We have certain contracts under which we have material future commitments. Under the Investment Advisory Agreement, our Adviser provides us with investment advisory and management services. For these services, we pay the Management Fee and the Incentive Fee.

Under the Administration Agreement, our Adviser furnishes us with office facilities and equipment, provides us clerical, bookkeeping and record keeping services at such facilities and provides us with other administrative services necessary to conduct our day-to-day operations. We reimburse our Adviser for the allocable portion (subject to the review and approval of our Board) of expenses incurred by it in performing its obligations under the Administration Agreement, the fees and expenses associated with performing compliance functions and our allocable portion of the compensation of our Chief Compliance Officer, Chief Financial Officer and other professionals who spend time on those related activities (based on a percentage of time those individuals devote, on an estimated basis, to our business and affairs). Our Adviser also offers on our behalf significant managerial assistance to those portfolio companies to which we are required to offer to provide such assistance.

Contractual Obligations

A summary of our contractual payment obligations as of September 30, 2017 is as follows:

(\$ in millions)	Payments Due by Period				
	Total	Less than 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	After 5 years
Revolving Credit Facility	\$ 348.9	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 348.9	\$ —
2019 Convertible Senior Notes	115.0	—	115.0	—	—
2022 Convertible Senior Notes	115.0	—	—	115.0	—
Total Contractual Obligations	\$ 578.9	\$ —	\$ 115.0	\$ 463.9	\$ —

In addition to the contractual payment obligations in the tables above, we also have commitments to fund investments and to pledge assets as collateral under the terms of our derivatives agreements.

Distributions

We have elected and qualified to be treated for U.S. federal income tax purposes as a RIC under subchapter M of the Code. To maintain our RIC status, we must distribute (or be treated as distributing) in each taxable year dividends for tax purposes equal to at least 90 percent of the sum of our:

- investment company taxable income (which is generally our ordinary income plus the excess of realized net short-term capital gains over realized net long-term capital losses), determined without regard to the deduction for dividends paid, for such taxable year; and
- net tax-exempt interest income (which is the excess of our gross tax-exempt interest income over certain disallowed deductions) for such taxable year.

As a RIC, we (but not our stockholders) generally will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on investment company taxable income and net capital gains that we distribute to our stockholders.

We intend to distribute annually all or substantially all of such income. To the extent that we retain our net capital gains or any investment company taxable income, we generally will be subject to corporate-level U.S. federal income tax. We may choose to retain our net capital gains or any investment company taxable income, and pay the U.S. federal excise tax described below.

Amounts not distributed on a timely basis in accordance with a calendar year distribution requirement are subject to a nondeductible 4% U.S. federal excise tax payable by us. To avoid this tax, we must distribute (or be treated as distributing) during each calendar year an amount at least equal to the sum of:

- 98% of our net ordinary income excluding certain ordinary gains or losses for that calendar year;
- 98.2% of our capital gain net income, adjusted for certain ordinary gains and losses, recognized for the twelve-month period ending on October 31 of that calendar year; and
- 100% of any income or gains recognized, but not distributed, in preceding years.

While we intend to distribute any income and capital gains in the manner necessary to minimize imposition of the 4% U.S. federal excise tax, sufficient amounts of our taxable income and capital gains may not be distributed to avoid entirely the imposition of this tax. In that event, we will be liable for this tax only on the amount by which we do not meet the foregoing distribution requirement.

We intend to pay quarterly dividends to our stockholders out of assets legally available for distribution. All dividends will be paid at the discretion of our Board and will depend on our earnings, financial condition, maintenance of our RIC status, compliance with applicable BDC regulations and such other factors as our Board may deem relevant from time to time.

To the extent our current taxable earnings for a year fall below the total amount of our distributions for that year, a portion of those distributions may be deemed a return of capital to our stockholders for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Thus, the source of a distribution to our stockholders may be the original capital invested by the stockholder rather than our income or gains. Stockholders should read any written disclosure carefully and should not assume that the source of any distribution is our ordinary income or gains.

We have adopted an “opt out” dividend reinvestment plan for our common stockholders. As a result, if we declare a cash dividend or other distribution, each stockholder that has not “opted out” of our dividend reinvestment plan will have their dividends or distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock rather than receiving cash dividends. Stockholders who receive distributions in the form of shares of common stock will be subject to the same U.S. federal, state and local tax consequences as if they received cash distributions.

Related-Party Transactions

We have entered into a number of business relationships with affiliated or related parties, including the following:

- the Investment Advisory Agreement;
- the Administration Agreement; and
- a license agreement with an affiliate of TPG under which the affiliate granted us a non-exclusive license to use the TPG name and logo, for a nominal fee, for so long as the Adviser or one of its affiliates remains our investment adviser. Other than with respect to this limited license, we have no legal right to the “TPG” name or logo.

Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of our consolidated financial statements requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Changes in the economic environment, financial markets, and any other parameters used in determining such estimates could cause actual results to differ. Our critical accounting policies, including those relating to the valuation of our investment portfolio, are described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, filed with the SEC on February 22, 2017, and elsewhere in our filings with the SEC.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are subject to financial market risks, including valuation risk, interest rate risk and currency risk.

Valuation Risk

We have invested, and plan to continue to invest, primarily in illiquid debt and equity securities of private companies. Most of our investments will not have a readily available market price, and we value these investments at fair value as determined in good faith by our Board in accordance with our valuation policy. There is no single standard for determining fair value. As a result, determining fair value requires that judgment be applied to the specific facts and circumstances of each portfolio investment while employing a consistently applied valuation process for the types of investments we make. If we were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, we may realize amounts that are different from the amounts presented and such differences could be material.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate sensitivity refers to the change in earnings that may result from changes in the level of interest rates. We also fund portions of our investments with borrowings. Our net investment income is affected by the difference between the rate at which we invest and the rate at which we borrow. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income.

We regularly measure our exposure to interest rate risk. We assess interest rate risk and manage our interest rate exposure on an ongoing basis by comparing our interest rate-sensitive assets to our interest rate-sensitive liabilities. Based on that review, we determine whether or not any hedging transactions are necessary to mitigate exposure to changes in interest rates.

As of September 30, 2017, 100.0% of our debt investments based on fair value in our portfolio bore interest at floating rates (when including investment specific hedges), with 92.4% of these subject to interest rate floors. Our credit facilities also bear interest at floating rates and in connection with our 2019 Convertible Senior Notes and 2022 Convertible Senior Notes, which bear interest at a fixed rate; we entered into fixed-to-floating interest rate swaps in order to continue to align the interest rates of our liabilities with our investment portfolio.

Assuming that our consolidated balance sheet as of September 30, 2017 were to remain constant and that we took no actions to alter our existing interest rate sensitivity, the following table shows the annualized impact of hypothetical base rate changes in interest rates (considering interest rate floors for floating rate instruments):

(\$ in millions)				
Basis Point Change	Interest Income	Interest Expense	Net Income	
Up 300 basis points	\$ 45.4	\$ 17.4	\$	28.0
Up 200 basis points	\$ 30.2	\$ 11.6	\$	18.6
Up 100 basis points	\$ 15.1	\$ 5.8	\$	9.3
Down 25 basis points	\$ (3.5)	\$ (1.3)	\$	(2.2)

Although we believe that this analysis is indicative of our existing sensitivity to interest rate changes, it does not adjust for changes in the credit market, credit quality, the size and composition of the assets in our portfolio and other business developments that could affect our net income. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that actual results would not differ materially from the analysis above.

We may in the future hedge against interest rate fluctuations by using hedging instruments such as additional interest rate swaps, futures, options and forward contracts. While hedging activities may mitigate our exposure to adverse fluctuations in interest rates, certain hedging transactions that we may enter into in the future, such as interest rate swap agreements, may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of lower interest rates with respect to our portfolio investments.

Currency Risk

From time to time, we may make investments that are denominated in a foreign currency. These investments are translated into U.S. dollars at each balance sheet date, exposing us to movements in foreign exchange rates. We may employ hedging techniques to minimize these risks, but we cannot assure you that such strategies will be effective or without risk to us. We may seek to utilize instruments such as, but not limited to, forward contracts to seek to hedge against fluctuations in the relative values of our portfolio positions from changes in currency exchange rates. We also have the ability to borrow in certain foreign currencies under our Revolving Credit Facility. Instead of entering into a foreign exchange forward contract in connection with loans or other investments we have made that are denominated in a foreign currency, we may borrow in that currency to establish a natural hedge against our loan or investment. To the extent the loan or investment is based on a floating rate other than a rate under which we can borrow under our Revolving Credit Facility, we may seek to utilize interest rate derivatives to hedge our exposure to changes in the associated rate.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures. As of the end of the period covered by this report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a-15 under the Exchange Act). Based on that evaluation, our Co-Chief Executive Officers and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our current disclosure controls and procedures are effective in timely alerting them to material information relating to us that is required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act.

Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting. There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our most recently completed fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II – OTHER INFORMATION

None.

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we may be a party to certain legal proceedings in the ordinary course of business, including proceedings relating to the enforcement of our rights under loans to or other contracts with our portfolio companies. We are not currently subject to any material legal proceedings, nor, to our knowledge, is any material legal proceeding threatened against us.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the risk factors discussed in Part I, “Item 1A. Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, which could materially affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results. These risks are not the only risks facing our Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

Not applicable.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information.

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits.

(a) Exhibits.

- 31.1 [Certification of Co-Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002](#)
- 31.2 [Certification of Co-Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002](#)
- 31.3 [Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002](#)
- 32 [Certification of Co-CEOs and CFO Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002](#)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

TPG SPECIALTY LENDING, INC.

Date: November 7, 2017

By: /s/ Joshua Easterly

Joshua Easterly
Co-Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 7, 2017

By: /s/ Michael Fishman

Michael Fishman
Co-Chief Executive Officer

Date: November 7, 2017

By: /s/ Ian Simmonds

Ian Simmonds
Chief Financial Officer

CEO CERTIFICATION

I, Joshua Easterly, certify that:

- (1) I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.;
- (2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- (3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- (4) The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- (5) The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 7, 2017

By: /s/ Joshua Easterly
Joshua Easterly
Co-Chief Executive Officer

CEO CERTIFICATION

I, Michael Fishman, certify that:

- (1) I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.;
- (2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- (3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- (4) The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- (5) The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 7, 2017

By: /s/ Michael Fishman
Michael Fishman
Co-Chief Executive Officer

CFO CERTIFICATION

I, Ian Simmonds, certify that:

- (1) I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of TPG Specialty Lending, Inc.;
- (2) Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- (3) Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- (4) The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- (5) The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 7, 2017

By: /s/ Ian Simmonds
Ian Simmonds
Chief Financial Officer

**Certification of CEO and CFO Pursuant to
18 U.S.C. Section 1350,
as Adopted Pursuant to
Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002**

In connection with the quarterly report on Form 10-Q of TPG Specialty Lending, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended September 30, 2017, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Joshua Easterly and Michael Fishman, as Co-Chief Executive Officers of the Company, and Ian Simmonds, as Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to such officer's knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Joshua Easterly

Name: Joshua Easterly
Title: Co-Chief Executive Officer
Date: November 7, 2017

/s/ Michael Fishman

Name: Michael Fishman
Title: Co-Chief Executive Officer
Date: November 7, 2017

/s/ Ian Simmonds

Name: Ian Simmonds
Title: Chief Financial Officer
Date: November 7, 2017

The foregoing certification is being furnished solely pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350 and is not being filed as part of the Report or as a separate disclosure document.